THE RATHBUN COMPANY,

Having transferred me to their Brockville branch, I beg to thank my friends and customers for the liberal patronage and kindness extended to me during my residence in Belleville, and also to bespeak the same treatment to Mr. R. C. Calhoun, my successor.

P. J. SHANNON.

The Daily Intelligencer.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL. 22. BELLEVILLE ONTARIO, FRIDAY MARCH 1, 1889. NO. 257

THE RATHBUN CO.

Having appointed me Agent for their Belleville branch, I take this opportunity of soliciting a continuance of the patronage which they have hitherto enjoyed through the popular management of Mr. Shannon. It will be my desire and aim to maintain and add to this patronage, which fair dealing and a thorough knowledge of the requirements of the trade leads me to hope for.—R. C. CALHOUN.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

G. DENMARK.

BARRISTER, Solicitor, etc. Office, Front Street.

W. B. NORTHRUP, M. A.,

BARRISTER, Solicitor, &c. Offices: North Bridge St., between Front St. and Lower Bridge. Money to loan—private and company funds.

J. C. CONNELL, M.A., M.D., C.M.

DISEASES of the Eye, Ear, Throat and Nose. Surgeon to Kingston General Hospital. Office—No. 279, King Street, Kingston. Dr. Connell will be at the Queen's Hotel, Belleville, on the first Tuesday of each month Sept. 5 d&wly

E. GUSS PORTER,

BARRISTER, Solicitor, Notary Public, &c., office in the Robertson Block, east side of Front Street. Private Money to Loan. 271d&wl.

DR. ELIZABETH EMBURY,

GRADUATE of Queen's University, Licentiate of the College of Physicians and Surgeons, Ontario. Office and residence—Harrison's Block, Front Street., across the hall from rooms formerly occupied by Dr. Farley, over Holland's jewellery store. Diseases of women and children a specialty. d&wtf

HENRY CARRE, C. E., M. C. Soc. C. E.,

DOM, and Prov'l Land Surveyor, late of the firm of Macleod & Carre, P. L. S. References: John Bell, Esq., Solicitor G. T. R., W. H. Ponton, Esq., Registrar of the County. Office—McAnnany Block, opposite Skinner & Redick's. Belleville, Ont., P. O. Box 203. 20d&w

J. F. WILLS,

BARRISTER, Solicitor, Notary Public, &c. Office, corner Front and Campbell Streets, Belleville, Ont. Money to loan, Company and private funds. 24d&w

J WALTER ROSS, M. D., C. M.

GRADUATE of the University of Trinity College, Toronto. Physician, surgeon, accoucheur. Office and residence West Front Street, one door north of entrance to Foot Bridge. d&wly

JOHN J. FARLEY, M. D., C. M., M. R. C. S., England.

OFFICE and Residence—corner of Bridge and George Streets—three streets east of the Post Office.

ROBERT BOGLE,

LOAN and real estate agent. MONEY TO LOAN at lowest rates. Office, opposite Roy's Brewry, Front St., Belleville.

GEO. CLINTON, M. D., C. M

OFFICE and residence Bridge St., between William and George Sts, third block east of Bridge Street Methodist Church. Telephone No. 44. d&w

GEO. J. SHERRY,

BARRISTER, &c. Office. Metropolitan Block, next door north of Dominion Bank, Front St. Branch Office, Stirling. 116

EDGAR M. COOK, M. D.,

HOMOEOPATHIC Physician and Surgeon. Office and residence, West Front Street, in the late Dr. Abbott's premises, over Brignall & Thompson's store. TELEPHONE. 175dtf

GEO. D. DICKSON, Q. C.,

BARRISTER, &c., Post Office .ock Bridge Street Belleville.

WILLIAM N. PONTON,

BARRISTER, Solicitor Notary Public, Conveyancer. Office, over Express and Telegraph Office, Thompson Block, Bridge St., Belleville. Money to loan—private funds. Agent or the Trust and Loan Company of Canada.

DR. BURDETT

IS pleased to inform his friends that he is again able to render his professional services as before. 176 6m

DRUNKENNESS

Or the Liquor Habit, Positively Cured by Administering Dr. Haines' Golden Specific.

It can be given in a cup of coffee or tea without the knowledge of the person taking it; is absolutely harmless, and will effect a permanent and speedy cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. It has been given in thousands of cases, and in every instance a perfect cure has followed. *It never fails.* The system once impregnated with the Specific, it becomes an utter impossibility for the liquor appetite to exist. For circular and full particulars address GOLDEN SPECIFIC CO., 185 Race St., Cincinnati, O.

BANKING OFFICE

—OF—

U. E THOMPSON

BRIDGE STREET, BELLEVILLE, ON

American Currency and Drafts Bought and Sold.

Deposits received, subject to withdrawn without notice and interest allowed

EYE, EAR & THROAT

DR. RYERSON.

L. R. C. P., L. R. C S. E., Lecturer on the Eye, Ear and Throat, Trinity Medical College, Toronto, and Surgeon to the Mercer Eye and Ear Infirmary.

60 College Avenue, Toronto.

The Great English Prescription.

A successful Medicine used over 30 years in thousands of cases. Cures *Spermatorrhea, Nervous Weakness, Emissions, Impotency* and all diseases caused by abuse. [BEFORE] indiscretion, or over-exertion. [AFTER] Six packages *Guaranteed to Cure when all others Fail.* Ask your Druggist for The Great English Prescription, take no substitute. One package $1. Six $5, by mail. Write for Pamphlet. Address Eureka Chemical Co., Detroit, Mich.

FOR SALE BY D. M. WATERS.

Try FROSTILLA.

It softens the roughest skin and keeps it in good condition.

It contains nothing greasy or sticky, is nicely perfumed, a lady's toilet not complete without it.

An elegant face dressing for gentlemen after shaving.

For sale at the PHARMACY.

D. M. WATERS,

M. C. ROBLIN

ISSUER OF

MARRIAGE LICENCES

and agent of the Lancashire Insurance Company. Office over Hooey & Sons, Front Street Belleville. 186d 1y

A. G. NORTHRUP,

Issuer of Marriage Licences,

OFFICE—SHIRE HALL, BELLEVILLE

November 10

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

GREAT REDUCTION

—IN—

Sleighs & Baskets

—AT THE—

City Book Store.

Having decided to take Baskets from stock, will, for a week, offer them at cost.

Sleighs also for balance of season at bottom prices. Including a few Children's Cutters which should be seen by any who could use them.

C. B. SCANTLEBURY,

Headquarters for School Publications, New Music and Fine Stationery.

NEWCOMBE PIANOFORTES

AWARDED FIRST SILVER MEDAL

WORLD'S EXPOSITION, NEW ORLEANS, U.S.A., 1884-5, in competition with the pianofortes of Europe and America. The only U.S. International Medal ever awarded to a Canadian pianoforte; also Medal and Diploma at the Colonial and Indian Exhibition, London, Eng., 1886, with the supreme honor of supplying Her Majesty the Queen with a Newcombe Grand, selected by Sir Arthur Sullivan. For Illustrated Catalogue, prices and terms,

Address Octavius Newcombe & Co.,

MANUFACTURERS

WAREROOMS, 107-109 CHURCH ST., TORONTO

FACTORY, 89 TO 97 BELLWOODS AVENUE

CLARKE'S

Glycerine : Jelly

For ROUGH SKIN, CHAPPED HANDS, SORE LIPS, etc.

It penetrates the skin, leaving it soft and white.

It is not sticky, and a glove can be put on immediately after using.

Price 20 cents. For sale by

-F. CHARLES CLARKE,-

CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST.

Telephone 138. Front Street.

DUNN'S BAKING POWDER

THE COOK'S BEST FRIEND

Gents' : Furnishings!

A FULL LINE of Gentlemen's Goods for the Fall and Winter.

Shirts made to order and a good fit guaranteed.

C. J. PANTER.

D. LOW'S WORM SYRUP

DESTROYS AND REMOVES WORMS OF ALL KINDS IN CHILDREN OR ADULTS SWEET AS SYRUP AND CANNOT HARM THE MOST DELICATE CHILD

PILES! PILES! PILES!

Dr. William's Indian Pile Ointment is a sure cure for Blind, Bleeding or Itching Piles. No one need suffer. Prepared for Piles only. It never fails to cure. Sold by druggists for $1.00, or mailed on receipt of price. WILLIAMS M'f'g Co., Cleveland, Ohio.

Daily Intelligencer.

THE SECOND IN HISTORY.

A TIE ON A DIVISION IN THE DOMINION HOUSE.

Mr. Brown's Anti-Cruelty to Animals Act Escapes the Six Months' Hoist by the Speaker's Casting Vote.

OTTAWA, Feb. 28.—There was a tie vote in the House this afternoon, the second in the history of the Dominion Parliament. Mr. Adam Brown's anti-cruelty to animals bill was the subject matter on which the division took place. There had been two previous votes on the bill, one in its favor and one against, and each time the majority was but one.

Yesterday the Committee of the Whole rose without reporting anything about the bill. This afternoon Mr. Brown moved to "re-committee" the bill, naming next Monday as the day. Col. Tisdale, who champions the opponents of the measure, at once moved that the bill be considered in committee of the whole six months from now. No one seemed to want to talk any more on the bill and the division bells were at once rung.

The vote was taken first on Col. Tisdale's amendment for a six months' hoist and after the Clerk counted and recounted the vote he declared it a tie, 91 to 91. This is a very heavy vote in a House of 215. There were no "pairs," this is another unusual occurrence. The vote was entirely devoid of politics, the parties being split up in all shapes. Nearly all the French members but Mr. Boisvert (Con.) and Mr. Laurier voted against Col. Tisdale. Sir Hector and Sir Adolphe voted for the amendment. The vote at best is merely a complimentary one and when the bill gets into committee again it is altogether likely that it will be slaughtered.

There was great clapping of hands and stamping when the vote was announced. The Speaker voted against the amendment, as he explained, "for the purpose of keeping the bill before the House."

Then the yeas and nays were called on the main motion to refer it to the Committee of the Whole on Monday next, and this was carried by 96 to 92.

The only other tie vote in the House of Commons since Confederation was on May 6, 1870, on the third reading of an interest bill. An amendment had been moved for a three months' hoist and the House divided, 56 to 56. Hon. James Cockburn was Speaker, and he voted for the amendment. At that time the House had 181 members. There are now 215.

The Postmaster-General to-day introduced his amendments to the Postal Act, and the bill was read a first time. The bill makes several important changes and amendments in the postal law, the principal ones being:

All steamboats plying on the inland waters of Canada will be compelled to carry Her Majesty's mails, on terms to be stipulated by the Postmaster-General, at so much per pound or ton. Subsidies will be abolished to inland steamboats, and they will be dealt with similarly to railways which carry mails. The stealing of decoy letters will be treated as a felony, just the same as stealing an ordinary letter.

Stringent regulations are to be adopted concerning the transmission of obscene and immoral literature and photographs through the mails.

The rate for carrying registered letters is to be increased, but the amount of the increase is not stated. The Postmaster-General said it was intended to make the registration fee equal to the American and English rate, which is 10 cents besides the usual stamp. He also said that greater security was to be given to the transmission of valuable letters, and the desire was to induce the public to take the fullest advantage of this additional security. Incidentally this clause was severely criticised by the Opposition.

The weight of letters to be carried for 3 cents is increased from ½ ounce to 1 ounce.

The most radical change made is the increase of drop letters from 1 cent to 2 cents. Mr. Haggart said this also applied to post offices where there was no free delivery. Letters posted in Toronto for delivery in that city will pay 2c. instead of 1c. This clause will meet with a lively opposition on both sides it is expected.

No other papers or journals but dailies or weeklies will be transmitted free to subscribers. All other periodicals, semi-monthlies, monthlies, etc., will pay 1c. per pound.

The Postmaster-General is empowered to make arrangements with foreign countries as to a parcel post. A better definition is to be given as to dead letters. Insufficiently stamped letters will be forwarded to their destination and a double penalty will be imposed on their delivery. For instance, a letter which only has a 2 cent stamp will pay 6 cents at the office of delivery. Better regulations are made of offices where a customs branch is attached.

No mention is made of a reduced postage on ordinary letters to 2 cents, but it is believed that will be the next reform.

The amendments proposed above were finally adopted at a meeting of Council to-day. The bill will no doubt encounter a heavy opposition on its second reading.

The Pacific Defences.

OTTAWA, Feb. 28.—In the Senate this afternoon Mr. Macdonald of British Columbia asked the Government for information concerning the defences of the province, and whether the Imperial or Dominion Governments intended to commence the erection of batteries at Esquimalt. Senator Macdonald said he hoped he would not be considered an alarmist in asking the question, but in view of current events in Europe it was well to consider these matters. The necessities for some means of defence on our Pacific coasts had been fully acknowledged by both the Imperial and Dominion Governments.

Mr. Abbott, the Government Leader, said that a large number of Imperial dispatches and orders-in-council in relation to these defences had been received by the Militia Department and the correspondence was stil proceeding. These despatches were in the main of a confidential nature. It had not yet been decided definitely whether the erection of batteries near Esquimalt will be proceeded with this year. Negotiations between the Imperial and Dominion Governments respecting the preparation of armaments were also of a confidential nature, but they were proceeding satisfactorily.

Mr. McInnes of British Columbia drew attention to other points on the Pacific Coast that should not be overlooked if fortifications were to be established. He mentioned the terminus of the Canadian Pacific Railway in particular, which, of all places in the Province, ought to be protected. Nanaimo, the great coaling station, should not be overlooked either.

A Peculiar Collision.

BRAMPTON, Feb. 28.—Last night as a G.T.R. freight train was crossing the C.P.R. track a freight train of the latter road crashed into it, cutting its way through, never stopping, not a wheel of the C.P.R. train leaving the track. The engineer and fireman jumped and saved their lives. A brakeman ran forward, setting the brakes and reaching the engine brought the train to a stand after running 2½ miles past the scene of the accident. No one was hurt, but a great deal of damage to property of the G.T.R. was done. A car of coffins and one of sugar were literally smashed into matchwood.

Premier Crispi Resigns.

ROME, Feb. 28.—Prime Minister Crispi has resigned.

POETRY OF THE PERIOD.

Rest.

O! for a plunge into Lethe's stream,
And a long, long sleep with never a dream,
Nor even one passing thought,
Of life with its cares and sadness,
Of love with its fevered madness
Or its pleasures dearly bought.

O, for a sleep which knows no waking
To life's routine, with heart half breaking,
This indeed were perfect rest;
Where the heart would never throb again,
An end of passion, an end of pain,
A return to Nature's breast.
—The Wasp.

Man and His Shoes.

How much a man is like his shoes!
For instance, both a soul may lose;
Both have been tanned; both are made tight
By cobblers; both get left and right;
Both need a mate to be complete,
And both are made to go on feet.
They both need healing, oft are sold,
And both in time will turn to mold,
With shoes the last is first; with men
The first shall be the last, and when
The shoes wear out they're mended new.
When men wear out they're men dead, too!
They both are tread upon, and both
Will tread on others, nothing loath;
Both have their ties, and both incline,
When polished, in the world to shine;
And both peg out. Now would you choose
To be a man or be his shoes?
—Columbus Dispatch.

The Bravest of Battles.

The bravest battle that ever was fought,
Shall I tell you where and when?
On the maps of the world you'll find it not;
'Twas fought by the mothers of men.

Nay, not with cannon or battle shot,
With sword or noble pen;
Nay, not with eloquent word or thought
From mouth of wonderful men.

But deep in the walled up woman's heart—
Of woman that would not yield,
But bravely, silently bore her part—
Lo! there is the battlefield.

No marshaling troop, no bivouac song,
No banner to gleam and wave?
But O, these battles! they last so long—
From babyhood to the grave.
—Joaquin Miller.

A Paraphrase of Heine.

There fell a star from realms above—
A glittering, glorious star to see!
Methought it was the star of love,
So sweetly it illumined me.

And from the apple branches fell
Blossoms and leaves that time in June
The wanton breezes wooed them well
With soft caress and amorous tune.

The white swan proudly sailed along
And vied her beauty with her note—
The river, jealous of her song,
Threw up its arms to clasp her throat.

But now—oh, now the dream is past—
The blossoms and the leaves are dead,
The swan's sweet song is hushed at last,
And not a star burns overhead.
—Eugene Field in Chicago News.

"TO MAKE A PERFECT WOMAN."
—Winter's Tale.

ALLEGED HUMOR.

Not without its drawbacks—the toboggan slide.—Duluth Tribune.

Men lose less sleep from troubled consciences than from poor cooking.

The only gems that are a drug in the market—gems of thought.

When a crook advises a pal to skip does he put a flee in his ear?—Binghamton Republican.

The grocer's right of weigh is one of the most important adjuncts of his business.—Merchant Traveler.

It has been observed that White Caps flourish best in those communities where white shirts perish of solitude.—Burdette.

A Washington paper, noting the departure of several statesmen on a short excursion, says: "They will return to-day—if they are able."

Shakespeare says there's good in everything; but the man who has taken a five-dollar counterfeit bill cannot rise to the level of the poet's insight.

It is hard to tell at this time of year whether a man has care on his mind or a piece of mince pie in his stomach.—Merchant Traveler.

The man who hums softly to himself while he is at work may show that he has a cheerful disposition, but he not is a comfort to his neighbors.

An old fellow who had a perfect horror of doctors was in the habit when told that some one he knew was dead, of asking: "Of whom did he die?"

The corset, though railed against by a few dress reformers, will not go. It has a good grip on its wearers, and, as it were, has come to stay.—New Orleans Picayune.

The people in a western town are complaining because a local undertaker displays his coffins on the sidewalk outside of his office, with prices attached, just like the furniture dealers.

The man who always tells the exact truth in this world on every possible occassion, may have a clear conscience, but he will never be popular amongst his neighbors.—Somerville Journal.

It is not interesting to have a man tell how rich he might have been if he had had good luck. It is better to know what he has been able to do against bad luck.—New Orleans Picayune.

Hortense—"What an awful squeeze there was at the Von Twiller reception last night!" Grace—"Yes, George and I had to sit outside on the stairs." Hortense—"Did the squeeze continue out there?"—Life.

Foreign visitor—"Ah, yes; this is a great country, but everything is so monotonously new. Have you no picturesque old ruins at all?" American—"Lots of 'em. Go look at our forts."—Philadelphia Record.

Laura (to her best man)—"There now, Henry dear, don't saw on that violin any more; it sets my teeth on edge." Bub (from behind the door)—"She means on the edge of the washstand; I saw 'em there last night."—Yonkers Gazette.

A newspaper man has been turning over the files of the Peking Gazette. He finds that it has been published continously for 800 years. There is doubtless an impression gaining ground in the Chinese Empire to the effect that the Gazette has come to stay.

Almost all of us are wont to have an idea sometimes that we could have made this world better than it is, but how it would have staggered us a few thousand centuries ago if somebody had given us no material to work with and told us to go ahead and try. Somerville Journal.

China Painting.

The art of china painting cannot be taught within the limits of a short newspaper article. But perhaps a few useful hints may be given. There are several "must haves" required by the artist on china. The most essential, an artist's eye and a steady hand, some knowledge of the colors and effects of mineral paints before and after they have been fired; first class china with no specks or flaws, and the ability to do freehand drawing. These are all necessary for good work: then one must be careful, neat and painstaking; patient, but not necessarily slow.

New beginners may sketch in the design with India ink, which will all burn off when fired, but it is better to wash in the design with the lightest color to be used. If mistakes are made they can be erased with a penknife. The paints must be well ground and mixed on a porcelain palette and applied thinly and evenly. Getting it too thick makes very bad work, as it is then apt to blister when burned.

This must be remembered when shading: One color cannot be piled upon another as in oil painting.

For a beginner fine brushes are advisable, and they must be kept perfectly clean. Especial care is needed when changing from one color to another.

Some very good artists in oil, accustomed to painting on canvas, have found themselves entirely "at sea" when making a trial on china, even their trained eyes not being of much use in using the raw colors of the mineral paints, which are so differently burned that one is sometimes in doubt as to their own work, such astonishing combinations will appear. Good artists in water colors may do better as their work in some respects is similar to the china painters.

Simple designs are, as a rule, the most effective, a graceful little spray of berries or flowers being much prettier than something more elaborate, as birds' nests, landscapes, etc., which should never be attempted by amateur workers. The work is very fascinating, and one, after trying it, will have a higher appreciation of hand-painted china than ever before.

Pointers for Young Lovers.

No pure love, however idle and purposeless, ever yet unfolded its white petals in a human heart, but that heart, for the time being, was the sweeter and the nearer Heaven for its brief unfolding. Then love on; rhapsodize your cobweb vows; look into each other's untroubled eyes, "where the untried smile of youth lights outward its own sighs," and swear eternal fealty to one whose name you cannot recall to-morrow, although your memory be aided by the assurance that "she" was "rather tall" and you and she were "perfect lovers." Your evanescent loves are the prodigal blossoms of affluent life. They make the air sweeter, even though they die and fulfill no destiny. While love is in the heart there is no room for sordidness, and guile, and treachery. It is only later on, when the blossom has dropped, that we become traitors and disloyal to both God and man.

Canada's Trade.

The trade returns show that Canada trades more freely with the United States than with Great Britain, and that the disproportion is increasing to the disadvantage of the mother country. The following are the figures as given in the trade aad navigation returns for 1888:

Imports from the United States	$48,481,848
Customs duty paid thereon	7,131,006
Imports from Great Britain	39,298,721
Customs duty paid theron	8,912,739
Average rate of duty on British goods	22·8
Average rate on United States goods	14·7

In exports also our trade is greater with the States than the mother country. We sent $37,323,161 worth of produce to the United States, against $33,648,284 worth sent to Great Britain. The classification of the exports indicates to what a large extent we depend upon the American markets. We sent $478,260 worth of minerals to Great Britain and $3,341,308 worth to the United States. Of fish and fish oil we sent $1,544,901 worth to Great Britain; but $3,123,853 worth to the United States. Of the products of the forest $8,932,177 worth went to Great Britain and $10,622,388 worth to the United States. Of miscellaneous articles we sent $66,340 worth to Great Britain and $701,616 worth to the United States. Of agricultural products we sent $4,292,640 worth to Great Britain and $10,386,278 worth to the United States. It is only in animals and their products and in manufactures that the British market draws more largely than the American market from us. England took $7,595,000 worth of animals, whereas the United States took $688,392 worth; and $1,762,894 worth of manufactured articles, while the United States took $1,623,025 worth.—Ex.

Business Booming.

A ring at the 'phone at Lawyer Sharp's:

"Hello! What is it?"

"Is this Sharp's office?"

"Yes."

"I'm Jackson. How's my divorce case?"

"All right. I'll finish it up this morning."

"Good enough. So long."

Two hours later (hitch in the divorce proceedings). A loud ring at Jackson's 'phone.

"Hello! Who is it?"

"Sharp. Is Jackson in?"

"No. Married and off for New York."

Sharp—Great heavens! Jack is a bigamist. However, it makes more business for me.—Chicago Herald.

A Familiar Look.

An 8-year-old boy whose superabundant animal spirits required an occasional check was looking at some proofs of photographs of his mother which had just been sent home. There were two views, and the youngster was very decided in his preference for one over the other. "Why do you prefer that?" asked his mother. "Because," said he, "in the other one you look as if you meant it."

An Unprecedented Occurrence.

"How's your cold this morning, Catchley?"

"Oh, my head's all filled up."

"How queerly you must feel."—Time

ONE OF THE OLD MAN'S BOX.

Old Lady—Little boy, what would your father do if he should find you smoking?

Little Boy—He'd (puff) probably lick me; this is (puff) one of his cigars.—Boston Herald.

Otter Skins are Scarce.

D. C. Richmond, of Woodstock, bought from Wm. Burgess of Princeton, two fine otter skins, paying $20 for them. The animals are very rare in Ontario now, these being captured on the Bruce peninsula above Wiarton.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall-st., N. Y.

The Field of Chateauguay.

From this historic ground Mr. Frank Curotte writes he was greatly afflicted with constipation, together with pain and swelling of his body. "I tried Burdock Blood Bitters and it gave immediate relief. I can now sleep well, and can eat heartily without any ill effects."

Dangerous Counterfeits.

Counterfeits are always dangerous, more so that they always closely IMITATE THE ORIGINAL IN APPEARANCE AND NAME. The remarkable success achieved by Nasal Balm as a positive cure for Catarrh and Cold in the Head has induced unprincipled parties to imitate it. The public are cautioned not to be deceived by nostrums imitating Nasal Balm in name and appearance, bearing such names as Nasal Cream, Nasal Balsam, etc. Ask for Nasal Balm and do not take any imitation dealers may urge upon you. For sale by all druggists or sent post-paid on receipt of price (50c. and $1,) by addressing Fulford & Co., Brockville, Ont.

Poison Ivy Eruption.

For poison ivy eruption and all burns, sore throat, rheumatism,' etc., Mr. C. W. Wood, of Hall's Bridge, Ont., advises the use of Hagyard's Yellow Oil, which has been in use in his family for years. He regards it as a perfect cure.

There are a number of varieties of corns. Holloway's Corn Cure will remove any of them Call on your druggist and get a bottle at once.

Orin Catlin, 49 Pearl Street Buffalo, N. Y., says: I tried various remedies for the piles but found no relief until I used Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, which entirely cured me after a few applications.

Do not delay in getting relief for the little folks. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is a pleasant and sure cure. If you love your child why do you let it suffer when a remedy is so near at hand?

The cheapest medicine in use is Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, because so very little of it is required to effect a cure. For croup, diphtheria, and diseases of the lungs and throat, whether used for bathing the chest or throat, for taking internally or inhaling, it is a matchless compound.

Mr. Thomas Ballard, Syracuse, N. Y., writes: 'I have been afflicted for nearly a year with that most-to-be dreaded disease Dyspepsia, and at times worn out with pain and want of sleep, and after trying almost everything recommended I tried one box of Parmelee's Valuable Pills. I am now nearly well, and believe they will cure me. I would not be without them for any money."

PARMELEE'S PILLS possess the power of acting specifically upon the diseased organs, stimulating to action the dormant energies of the system, thereby removing disease. In fact, so great is the power of this medicine to cleanse and purify, that diseases of almost every name and nature are driven from the body.' Mr. D. Carswell, Carswell P. O., Ont., writes: "I have tried Parmelee's Pills and find them an excellent medicine, and one that will sell well."

EXHAUSTED VITALITY.

THE SCIENCE OF LIFE, the great Medical Work of the age on Manhood, Nervous and Physical Debility, Premature Decline, Errors of Youth, and the untold miseries consequent thereon, 360 pages 8 vo., 125 prescriptions for all diseases. Cloth, full gilt, only $1, by mail, sealed. Illustrative sample free to all young and middle aged men. Send now. The Gold and Jewelled Medal awarded to the author by the National Medical Association. Address P. O. Box 1895, Boston, Mass., or Dr. W. H. PARKER, graduate of Harvard Medical College, 25 years' practice in Boston, who may be consulted confidentially. Specialty, Diseases of Men. Office, No. 4, Bulfinch Street,

NERVOUS DEBILITY.

NERVOUS DEBILITY, EXHAUSTING, Vital Drains (caused by early indiscretions), effectually cured. Syphilitic affections and all bad blood and skin diseases arising there from thoroughly eradicated. Varicocele cured without operation Impotence, or premature decline of the manly powers, and all diseases of the genito-urinary organs a specialty. It makes no difference who has failed to cure you. Skill and experience important. A friendly letter or call may save you a great deal of misery and add years to your life. Consultation FREE. Medicines sent to any address. DR. REEVE, 337 Jarvis St., Toronto. 59d&wly

BITTER----

----ORANGES

—FOR—

MARMALADE

JUST RECEIVED.

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE

Grocers and wine merchants, 35 & 37 Bridge Street.

Also Front Street, Opp. Ritchie's.

NOTICE

—TO—

Contractors, Bridge-builders, etc.

CALL FOR TENDERS.

The Bay of Quinte Bridge Co'y.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Tenders for the construction of a highway bridge across the Bay of Quinte at the City of Belleville, will be received by the undersigned up to 12 o'clock, noon, on the 11th day of February, 1889. Plans may be seen at the office of the undersigned, and copies of the specifications and forms of tender will be furnished on application. The Company does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

U. E. THOMPSON,
Sec'y and Treasurer,
Bay of Quinte Bridge Co'y.

Dated at Belleville, this 29th day of December, 1888. sat&wed

TIME EXTENDED

THE time for receiving the above tenders is hereby extended to

THE 9TH DAY OF MARCH NEXT, AT 12 NOON.

By order of the board.

U. E. THOMPSON,
Secty.-Treas.

Belleville, Ont., Feb. 7th, 1889.

NATIONAL COLONIZATION

LOTTERY

Under the patronage of the Rev. Father Labelle

Established in 1884, under the Act of Quebec 32 Vict, Chapt. 36, for the benefit of the Diocesan Societies of Colonization of the Province of Quebec.

Class D.—The 21st Monthly Drawing will take place Wednesday, March the 20th, at 2 p. m.

Prizes value		$50,000 00
Capital Prize: One real estate worth		$5,000 00
1 Real Estate worth	$5,000	5,000
1 do	2 000	2,000
1 do	1,000	1,000
4 do	500	2,000
10 Real Estates	300	3.000
30 Furniture Sets	200	6,000
60 do	100	6,000
200 Gold Watches	50	10,000
1,000 Silver Watches	10	10,000
1,000 Toilet Sets	5	5,000
2,307 Prizes worth		$50,000 00

TICKETS - - $1.00

Offers are made to all winners to pay their prizes cash, less a commission of 10 p. c.

Winners' names not published unless specially authorized

Drawings on the Third Wednesday of every Month.

S. E. LEFEBVRE, Secretary,
Offices, 19 St. James street, Montreal, Can.
192d1y

Two Years' Profits!

THOSE INSURING IN THE

—"CANADA LIFE"—

before the 30th of April next will be entitled to two full years' profits in the division of April the 30th, 1890.

T. DONNELLY,
General Agent, Belleville.

AGENTS WANTED.

Feb'y 2, 1889. d&wly

CLOSING SALE

—OF—

GROCERIES!

THE stock of W. R. McRae, consisting of about $5,000 worth of staple groceries,

AT COST.

The entire stock must be closed out before the 1st of March next, and will be sold *en bloc* or in lots to suit purchasers.

Terms cash.

R. E. CLARKE,
Assignee.

Jan. 29, 1889. 1md&w

S. W. BRADSHAW

Wishes to inform the citizens of Belleville that he has BOUGHT OUT THE

GROCERY

(lately occupied by Mr. Arch. Wallace,)

CORNER OF HOTEL AND ANN STREETS!

where he intends to keep a full supply of the best of Groceries always fresh, and his stock of Provisions, such as Meats and Vegetables, will be especially fresh and in great variety and delivered with despatch. All orders by telephone No. 53) will be promptly delivered to any part of the city.

N. B.—Please remember Telephone No. 53.

NEUFCHATEL
CREAM
CHEESE!

JUST RECEIVED.

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE,
Grocers & Wine Merchants,
33 & 37, Bridge Street

Also Front St., opp. Ritchie's.

-----NEW-----

Sugar Cured Hams, Breakfast Bacon, Finnan Haddies, Boneless Codfish, New Walnuts, New Filberts, S. S. Almonds, Loose Muscatel Raisins, Black Basket Raisins, London Layer Raisins, Buckwheat Flour. Selfraising Buckwheat Flour, Roll Butter, Fresh Eggs

AT A. WALLACE'S.

RAYMOND C. ROLPH

SIGN PAINTER.

LETTERING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

Corner of Front and Campbell Streets.

80d1y

A Wrong Opinion.

Many a dollar is paid for prescriptions for some disease that never trouble the patient, and when the sole difficulty was worms, which a few of Freeman's Worm Powders would remove. These Powders are pleasant, safe, and sure, contain their own cathartic, and are adapted for children or adults.

Daily Intelligencer.

THE DAILY INTELLIGENCER is published every evening except Sunday, and delivered by careful carriers in all parts of the city for Five Dollars a year, or Fifty Cents a month.

THE WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER is published every Thursday morning, and sent, postpaid, to any address in Canada, the United States or Great Britain for One Dollar a year.

ADVERTISEMENTS, first insertion, 10 cents per nonpareil line; each subsequent consecutive insertion, 5 cents per line; when not inserted every day, 10 cents per line each insertion.

READING MATTER NOTICES, 15 cents per line each insertion.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS, 50 cents each insertion. With notice of funeral added the charge for death notices is $1.

CONTRACTS made for business advertisements for one month or longer at reduced rates.

Remittances, Drafts, Cheques, and Post-Office Orders should be made payable to the order of
INTELLIGENCER PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO'Y (LIMITED),
Belleville, Ont.

Largest Daily Circulation in Belleville.

BELLEVILLE, FRIDAY, MAR 1

"PARNELLISM AND CRIME."

It is now evident that the alleged Parnell letters furnished by the scoundrel Piggott, were all forged by him and that a deep wrong has been done to the Irish leader by those who founded upon such letters the belief that he secretly sympathized with the crimes to which reference was made in them. As to the connection between the League and the Fenians, Invincibles, Moonlighters, and other organizations which have perpetrated the murders, maimings, boycotting and other outrages, there has been a great deal of evidence. The commission will, we presume, pronounce upon those matters.

THE INTERIOR DEPARTMENT

The Minister of the Interior has issued his annual report, which is of an encouraging character, as showing steady, substantial progress during the past year. The area of homesteads taken up last year exceeds the area for the previous year by over 100,000 acres, the 1888 figures being 420,233 acres. Pre-emptions show a decrease and sales an increase. The conviction grows, it is said, that 160 acres is as large an area as the average farmer can profitably work. The year's gross revenue was $629,450. The revenue from timber, mineral and grazing lands was $121,000. The crop figures for Manitoba are said to be about the same as in 1887. The North-West never had better crops and there was practically no damage from frost. There is a favorable reference to Crofter immigration to the North-West. Mr. Ogilvie's report on the Yukon district is promised. It would seem that for gold the best paying streams are in Canadian territory. In the North-West 167 district schools have now been established, an increase of 34 during the year. The return of a number of Canadians from Dakota is noted with satisfaction.

RAILWAY CROSSING ACCIDENTS.

The extent of the danger to which the public are exposed by level railway crossings has of late been shown by an American paper published in connection with railroading. It appears that in the state of Massachusetts alone there are upwards of two thousand points where the public highways are crossed by railroads. Taking the States and provinces of the Dominion together, and considering the enormous number of crossings and trains passing at high rates of speed, it is surprising that more fatalities do not result. The number reported is considerable. In Massachusetts last year the level crossing was responsible for 28 deaths and 34 individuals severely injured. The previous year the number of deaths was 32 and persons injured 57. During three years 133 persons were killed in Philadelphia at crossings, and in 1887 alone 142 people were killed in Chicago in this way. The cost of altering all the existing crossings would be something enormous, but it should not add much to the cost of construction to oblige companies building railways in future to provide for crossing public highways, when it is necessary to do so, in such a way as not to endanger the lives of people who are obliged to use them.

THE OAT GAMBLERS.

The exposures which have been made by the press of the methods of the oat and wheat gamblers are having such an effect that the speculative business in grain at fancy prices will soon be a thing of the past. In this connection, as a parting shot for the present at the gamblers and all connected with them in any capacity other than that of victims, we present the following from *Farm and Fireside* of Toronto:

"GENTLEMEN,—I see a piece in your valuable paper about the hay fork gang, warning the farmers against purchasing seed wheat at $15 per bushel, and hulless oats or Coleman oats $10 per bushel. Now I was induced a few years ago to become an agent in the County of Brant. There were great inducements held out to me, the farmers would make lots of money by raising these oats for making oatmeal. There was a sample of oats and also some of the meal said to be made out of the oats. Now in the first place the millers say that they cannot make meal out of of them; as there is no hull they cannot scorch them. They were represented to me to turn out sixty bushels to the acre, the best yield that I could find was twenty bushels. Both wheat and oats are nothing but a fraud on the public. I sold $1,000 in four days before I found out, I then stopped. There has been a good many farmers nearly ruined by purchasing those grains."

As to which our contemporary remarks, in the same sense as we have previously done:—"The frauds know well enough that they cannot fleece the farmers by a direct sale, so they induce some respectable farmer, by the promise of great profits, to act as their go-between. Always fight shy of the men who show you a chance of making unfair profits out of your neighbor. If he wants you to cheat some one else he is safe to feel no compunction about robbing you, and if he does succeed in robbing you after thus showing his character, the verdict will be—'*Served you right.*'"

FOR DYSPEPSIA and Liver Complaint you have a printed guarantee on every bottle of Shiloh's Vitalizer. It never fails to cure. Sold by D. M. Waters.

—The Count of Paris has instructed Count Dillon to sit with the Central Conservative Committee, thus openly espousing Boulangism.

THE REV. GEO. H. THAYER, of Bourbon, Ind., says: "Both myself and wife owe our lives to SHILOH'S CONSUMPTION CURE." For sale by D. M. Waters.

—Great excitement has been occasioned at Potsdam by the suicide of Lieutenant Von Berckenheim, an aristocratic young officer of the Prussian army.

MINISTERS, LAWYERS, TEACHERS, and others whose occupation give but little exercise, should use Carter's Little Liver Pills for torpid liver and biliousness. One is a dose. Try them.

—It is predicted in Berlin that the opening of spring will witness the most gigantic combination of workingmen's strikes that Germany has seen in many years.

The Course of Trade.

Senator Drummond, vice-President of the leading banking institution on this continent and retiring president of the Montreal Board of Trade, made a speech recently in which he referred to the marvellous growth of our industrial interests under the National Policy. He showed that the imports of raw materials increased very slowly from $5,365,000 in 1868 to $6,665,000 in 1878. But in 1888 the figures had risen to $28,361,000 an increase of more than four fold. In cotton alone the advance has been from 1½ million pounds in 1868 to 33½ million pounds in 1888. Concluding, Mr. Drummond said:

Finally may I be permitted to refer to the nostrums which are being persistently urged upon us by our kind neighbors to the south, and a few impractical men among ourselves. We believe ourselves to be doing well—to be in good health—to be satisfied with our own condition and to need no physician; but we have patent panaceas for ailments from which we do not suffer, forced upon us—commercial union, unrestricted reciprocity, etc. Now all these prescriptions are, to my mind, founded on an erroneous diagnosis. Let me state my views in the light of facts: In 1868, of our total exports, principally farming products, 61 per cent. went to the United States, and 34 per cent. to England. In 1887 the position was reversed; 35 per cent. only went to the United States, and 60 per cent. went direct to Great Britain. The process was a gradual one during the intervening years, but slowly and surely it has reached its present proportions as stated above. Now, it is notorious that of the exportable products of this Dominion, almost without exception, the United States is a producer and exporter herself. She acted towards this Dominion as a middleman, intervening between the producer and the consumer. The true consumer is Great Britain, and the consequences of the abolition of the reciprocity treaty with the United States, and of all the little measures of hostility which have cropped up of late years, has only been to divert the trade so that the services of the middleman have been dispensed with, and with them the cost of his intervention. Honorable gentlemen, I think that the only result of the blasts which have occasionally assailed us has been to impel us to draw more closely around us the sheltering cloak of our present benign constitution. I express my conviction, if true to ourselves, the future of this great country is not in any sense doubtful.

The Raw, Cutting Winds

Bring to the surface every latent pain. A change of even a few degrees marks the difference between comfort and pain to many persons. Happily disease now holds less sway. Science is continually bringing forward new remedies which succesfully combat disease. Polson's Nerviline—nerve pain cure—has proved the most successful pain relieving remedy known. Its application is wide, for it is equally efficient in all forms of pain, whether internal or external. Ten and 25 cents a bottle, at druggists.

Waifs and Strays.

There are 3,000,000 women in the United States earning their own living.

A woman can keep a secret, but she generally thinks it isn't worth while.

There are nine cables connecting Europe and America, which utilize 113,000 miles of cable.

A bust of Mme. de Stael, by Canova, has just been discovered is a second hand shop in Paris.

A screech owl was recently found on the farm of a Susquehanna county man with the figures "1876" cut on its beak.

Brockton, Mass., last year turned out on an average about forty five pairs of shoes per minute for 300 days of ten hours each.

A woman can drive a pair of dashing ponies, a bargain, an argument or a hen; but when it comes to a little flat-headed tack—oh, my!

The number of muscles in an elephant's trunk, according to London medical authorities, is 33,122, and he has use for each and every one of them.

It is a solemn fact in civilization that the consideration paid to woman in various countries increases in direct proportion to the length of her draperies.

The Empress Frederick will get 5,000,000 francs under the will of the Duchess of Galicia. She receives an annuity of £40,000 as Queen Dowager of Prussia, and is richly provided for by her late husband.

Language most shows a man. Speak that I may hear thee. It springs out of the most retired and inmost parts of us, and is the image of the parent of it, the mind. No glass renders a man's form or likeness so true as his speech.

Miss Marietta Hoiley ("Josiah Allen's Wife") is fitting up a new house for herself in Adams, N. Y., in which provision is made for the accommodation of ten or twelve guests, to be selected from the sewing girls of New York city during the summer months. She expects to entertain four or five sets of them in succession.

"Let a girl bleach her hair," says a Boston doctor, "and within three months she will have trouble with her eyes, pains in the head and be well on the way towards some nervous disorder requiring a doctor's service half the time." And yet they bleach.

One of the most brilliant women in England is Lady Lindsay, daughter of the late Henry Fitzroy. Her receptions are magnificent affairs and are always attended by some of the most distinguished people of the day. She is a prolific writer, a cultivated artist and an excellent musician, combining with her many talents a charming manner and a great deal of womanly tact.

The French minister of agriculture has recommended the butchers of France to use sugar instead of salt in preserving meat. He has made a series of experiments, the results of which indicate that sugar is the better preservative of the two. It is more expensive, but the powdered sugar forms a coating retaining the juices of the meat without loss, while the nutritive qualities of the meat are considerably lessened by the salt.

The abolition of slavery in Brazil is said to have had a deplorable effect upon the industries of the empire, and a financial crash is anticipated. The wants of the freed men being few they will not work steadily. Habits of industry and thrift are yet to be acquired. The financial outlook is so unfavorable that band shares and similar securities have suffered a decline of 30 to 50 per cent.

DYSPEPSIA IN ITS WORST FORMS will yield to the use of Carter's Little Nerve Pills, aided by Carter's Little Liver Pills. They not only relieve present distress but strengthen the stomach and digestive apparatus.

WHY WILL YOU cough when Shiloh's Cure will give immediate relief? Price 10 cts., 50 cts., and $1. Sold by D. M. Waters.

—Father Clarke has been arrested in County Wicklow for making speeches tending to excite the people to commit unlawful acts.

ARE YOU MADE miserable by Indigestion, Constipation, Dizziness, Loss of Appetite, Yellow Skin Shiloh's Vitalizer is a positive cure. Sold by D. M. Waters.

—A clergyman who married a couple of deaf mutes the other day, made a bad slip of the tongue when he wished them "unspeakable bliss."

THE ST. GEORGE CALAMITY

MRS. HIGGINS' NAME ADDED TO THE DEATH ROLL.

Brakeman Angels Still Alive but Very Low—The Other Wounded Doing Well—Scenes of Sorrow and Suffering.

ST. GEORGE, Feb. 28.—The little town of St. George, on its hill-slope facing the south, has been in a fever of excitement last night and to-day. From 7 o'clock till midnight the whole town almost worked hard and unceasingly in extricating the dead and wounded from the wrecked railway train. The scenes were something to wring sympathetic anguish from the heart. The shrieks of women and the groans and shouts of men in agony went up from the wreckage with which they were covered. One by one, bleeding and mangled, the unfortunate people who still lived were rescued and the dead were carried away and laid in the station house. The Cummings House, the largest hotel in town, was given over for the service of the wounded people. Private residences took those that could not get a place at the hotel. All night long till daybreak this morning the excitement was intense, and to-day it was unabated.

Looking southward down the slope the seven tall columns of stone on which the bridge rests can be seen a quarter of a mile distant. The unspanned space in the bridge, through which the ill-fated coach dropped, can also be seen, and there are the wrecking trains at both ends of the bridge with the engines puffing and blowing and crowds of people sixty feet below gazing upward at the wreck. People came from all over the district to see it. The road for a quarter of a mile on each side of the bridge is lined with vehicles, and busses run constantly from Harrisburg and St. George.

There is no doubt as to the cause of the disaster. The train was whirling along eastward and was within less than a hundred yards from the bridge when the tire of the back driving wheel on the right side threw out a segment about eleven inches long. The tire ran off, leaped over the coupling rods and sped away down the embankment, through a fence and out into an open field, where it now lies.

The wheel, stripped of its tire, fell about two inches, and the great strain pulled the pins from the coupling rods. On the bridge flew the train, the back part of the engine, tender and smoker jumping from side to side cutting great gashes in the wooden ties. The ties were stripped from the girders, the iron needle beams brushed away like a cob-web and the dining car, having no support, fell through between the girders. The engine, tender and smoker crossed the bridge in safety owing to the grip of the engine truck, which never left the rails. The first passenger coach jumped the track and fell somersaulting through the air, and the Pullman, next to it, remained standing on the verge of the gap, obeying equally the retrograde force of the dining car and the onward force of the rest of the train. Its couplings at each end were sundered and it remained standing on the track.

The latest death was that of Mrs. Higgins, which occurred at 6.30 o'clock this morning. The following is the list of the dead:

A. W. Francis, Mayor of Woodstock and editor of The Woodstock Times.
Thos. McLean, [illegible]o and tinware dealer, Detroit.
Captain (Miss) Moore, Salvation Army, Brantford.
Dr. Swan, Brantford, a well-known physician through Ontario.
E. R. Baines, store department Grand Trunk Railway, London.
W. M. Wemp, immigration agent, London.
Geo. Leggat, Mitchell.
John Peers, councillor Woodstock.
Chas. Crump, colored waiter in dining car, Windsor.
Mrs. C. W. Higgins, Toronto.

The following is a list of the wounded and the nature of their injuries:

D. W. Karn, organ manufacturer, Woodstock—scalded on the right hip, flesh wounds on the head and face and slight body bruises.
Daniel Peacock, Reeve of Woodstock—right ankle injured and large scalp wound.
Hamilton Johnston, cook in dining car—shoulder blade broken and body scalds.
Mrs. Jennings, Paris—leg broken.
May Jennings, a 6-year old daughter of the preceding—skull fractured.
Dr. H. Le Quesne, Cleveland, traveler for Scott & Bone, 132 Fifth-avenue, New York—thigh dislocated and ribs broken.
Jas. Dwyer, Detroit—head and body bruises.
R. W. Knight, Woodstock—flesh wounds on head and injured internally.
Thos. N. Doutney, temperance lecturer, Detroit—left leg broken and head and body bruises.
David Cooper, waiter in dining car, Suspension Bridge—badly scalded on head and body.
Jonathan Martin, Woodstock—shoulder dislocated and head badly bruised.
Conductor Reville, London—serious cut on the head.
Andrew McLaughlin, Windsor—hurt about head and back.
Wm. Benedict, Saranac, Mich.—wrist hurt and arm scalded, and serious internal hurts.
Miss Issie McLeod, Ingersoll—bad scalp wound, ear split, collar bone broken and spine injured.
Stephen Budden, Dorchester, Ont.—badly cut about the face and skull fractured.
Mrs. Budden, Dorchester, Ont.—shoulder dislocated and skull fractured.
Miss Mary J. Chaffee, Pontiac, Mich.—scalp wound and side bruise.
Geo. Forbes, New York—scalp wound and scalded.
Miss Andrews, Belleville—ear nearly torn off and ankle fractured.
J. R. Marshall, Regina, N.W.T.—back and legs bruised.
Mrs. Marshall, Regina, N.W.T.—severe scalp wound.
John McKinley, Detroit—scalp wounds and body bruises.
Fred Hancock, news agent, London—back hurt and head cut.
John H. Wilson, waiter, Chatham—legs bruised and head cut slightly.
Geo. Margetts, dining car conductor, Niagara Falls—scalded badly about head and arms.
Mrs. Evans, matron of the Children's Home, Hamilton—cheek and arms cut, badly scalded.
Mrs. A. L. Sendell, Detroit—scalp wounds and bruises.

Eight occupants of the ill-starred train escaped unscathed. They were:

T. S. L. Lewis, Chatham, traveler for the Crompton Corset Co.
J. C. Gilroy, traveler for Wyld, Grasett & Darling, Toronto.
Mr. De Lisle, traveler for the Ontario Barbed Wire Works, Toronto.
Councillor Potts, Woodstock.
David Price, commercial traveler, Belleville.
G. C. Eden, town clerk of Woodstock.
Baggageman Plummer.
Engineer William Blackwell.

At 9 o'clock this morning Dr. Ridley and Dr. MacKelcan left Hamilton on behalf of the Grand Trunk Railway for the wreck and were joined at Harrisburg by Dr. Digby of Brantford. They made re-examinations of the patients and during the day Messrs. Karn and Peacock of Woodstock were removed home, and in the evening Mrs. Evans of Hamilton was taken home. All of the dead bodies were sent home by this evening, except those of Charles Crump and Geo. Leggat.

These railway officials were at the scene of the accident all day: Messrs. Joseph Hobson, chief engineer of the Great Western Division; Samuel Barker, general manager of the Northern and Northwestern Railway; Wm. Pope, of Solicitor Bell's office, Belleville, and Chas. Stiff, superintendent of the Southern Division of the Grand Trunk. Relays of men were put to work and the wreckage was rapidly cleared away and the track put in order. Loads of timber came from Hamilton and Komoka with bridge carpenters to repair the break. Three wooden trestles will be erected to support the broken span. The work has progressed well so far and by to-morrow the line will be open again. Until the repairs are made the trains will run by Paris and Brantford.

HEARD ABOVE THE CRASH.

Some Sad Features of the Accident—Two Wedding Journeys Interrupted.

ST. GEORGE, Ont., Feb. 28.—Mr. Karn sat opposite Dr. Swan of Woodstock, who was killed. They were both in the first-class coach. Mr. Karn says that the coach turned over three times in making the descent.

Dr. Swan only lingered a short time after being taken from the wreck. His lungs were crushed.

Mrs. Higgins, wife of Mr. C. W. Higgins, of the Rossin House billiard room, had been away from home for some months. For some weeks past she was visiting in Detroit and would have come home several days ago had she not been detained by the kindness of her friends. Mr. Higgins came up to St. George, reaching here about 3 o'clock this morning. He saw his wife and spoke to her and she was not too far sunk to recognize him. Mr. Higgins is completely broken in spirit.

Little May Jennings received a bad fracture of the skull. Dr. Ridley says, however, that she will get over it all right.

Mr. Joe Richardson, the well known railway man, came down from Detroit on Wednesday. He intended coming through but stopped off at London on business. He does not regret it.

Dr. McLurg of Woodstock took charge of moving Messrs. Karn and Peacock.

Geo. Forbes, the well known sport of Woodstock, is among the wounded. He is doing very well and will soon be about.

Mrs. Sendell of Detroit fell out of the end of the Pullman car, which was left standing on the bridge. She fell to the ground sixty feet below, and strange to say was not badly injured.

George Margetts, dining car conductor, has been several times a member of the Wimbledon team. Once while at practice a man stopped in front of the target just as he fired. The bullet passed through the man's left lung and made a bull's-eye on the target. The wound inflicted was not fatal.

Two newly married couples, Mr. and Mrs. Marshall and Mr. and Mrs. Budden, were in the wreck. The former were married in Dorchester on Wednesday and were on their way to St. Catharines, and the latter were married in Chesterfield and were going east on their wedding trip. All four are doing well.

Mrs. Marshall, whose maiden name was Nancy Henderson, had been married but a few hours before the occurrence. Her husband, Mr. J. R. Marshall, had just come down from Regina to marry the young lady. She wrote to a friend in Toronto the early part of this week detailing her wedding tour and the places she intended to visit. She had not got very many miles from her home when all her calculations were rudely upset.

The Grand Trunk officials acted with great promptitude in summoning medical aid. In two hours after the accident these doctors were in attendance: Drs. E. C. Kitchen, E. E. Kitchen, Addison, Patton, St. George; Vurt, Sinclair and Dutton, Paris; Digby and Howard, Brantford; McKay and McLurg, Woodstock; and Ridley, Wilverton, Wallace, White, Shaw, Leslie and Ormstead, Hamilton, 19 in all.

Mr. James Sutherland, M. P., of Woodstock leaves the Capital to-day to attend the funeral of his townsmen.

The body of Miss Moore, the Salvation Army captain, which was sent to Brantford, was viewed there by the Salvationists and no one identified her. The body was sent to Ingersoll, where it is said she belongs.

Among those who came up to the scene of the accident from Toronto were Hon. Chas. Drury and Messrs. Rayside, M. L. A. for Glengarry and Caldwell, M. L. A. for North Lanark.

THE DETROIT VICTIMS.

Mr. McLean a Former Resident of Port Hope—Mrs. McKinley's Plight.

DETROIT, Feb. 28.—Among the killed at the St. George railway accident is Thomas G. McLean of Detroit, of the firm of McLean & Beecher, Peninsular Furnace agents. He came to Detroit seven years ago from Port Hope, Ont., and was employed as foreman for James F. Guina. Two years ago he commenced business for himself in connection with Mr. Beecher. Some little while after this Mr. McLean's wife died, leaving three children, who were sent to live with relatives at Port Hope. Mr. McLean was 36 years of age.

John McKinley, whose name appears in the list of injured, lives at 147 Seventh-street, Detroit. He is a piano polisher by trade, but has been out of employment for some time. Work was offered him in Boston, and he left yesterday for that place. Last night his wife received a telegram from St. George, simply stating her husband was hurt. She would go to him if she had means to do so, but her husband took all the money they had except 30 cents, to pay his fare to Boston.

Brakeman Angels Very Low.

LONDON, Feb. 28.—Brakeman Angels is still alive but very low.

THE INQUEST.

A Broken Tire on the Drive Wheel of the Locomotive—Dangerous Switches.

ST. GEORGE, Feb. 28.—Coroner Webster empanelled a jury last night with William Snowball as foreman, but owing to Mrs. Higgins' death this morning a second panel was summoned with D. Cope as foreman. There was a large attendance in Mechanics' Hall, where the inquest was held, and intense interest was manifested in the proceedings.

James Stewart, general inspector of the Traffic Department, stated: The train is called No. 54 express, is made up at Windsor and runs to Suspension Bridge. Wm. Blackwell of London had charge of the engine and Henry Angels was fireman. Dan Revell was the conductor. There are two brakemen, one baggeman, parlor car conductor, dining car conductor, three waiters and three cooks on this train. Examination is made at London and Harrisburg by car inspectors of the car wheels and trucks and also the engine wheels. No interim examination is made except by the engineer himself. The trains' passing at Princeton were exactly on time. It is the duty of the conductor and his men to inspect the train at every station and also to keep a lookout when in motion.

Thomas Paquette stated he was employed as brakeman on the train. It leaves Windsor at 1.10 p.m. The driver is not the same that left Windsor. The engine was changed at London, nothing being wrong there. The first notice I had of the accident was the jumping of the cars when we reached the bridge. I was in the smoking car at the time. It did not leave the bed of the track. No one was injured in this car. I knew the brakes were on by the motion of the cars. I cannot tell our speed. It is my duty to see that the brakes are all right. I got off the car at the north side and went down to the passenger coach and helped get the passengers out. The train was all right at Paris, do not think the train was off the track before it reached the bridge. Steam was shut off before reaching the bridge. The brakes were put on after the engine was reversed.

John Plummer, baggageman of Windsor, testified: The first impression I had of the accident was I recollect striking the west end switch. We struck it very hard. I noticed it swayed the car I was in. My impression was that something was wrong. Something struck the car where I stood before we reached the bridge. The air pipe broke beneath the car I was in. When I found we were off the track I applied the air brake from the inside of the car before reaching the bridge. In trying the brake I found it did not work, but hung on to it until we got over the bridge. It was no defect in the bridge. Under my own car, just previous to that, there was something wrong. The distance between the west end switch and the station is 200 yards at least. The car dropped down about the station and was dragged along on the ties. The station is about 200 feet from the bridge. We can stop the train inside of 100 feet. It is down grade to St. George. I regard this switch as a very dangerous switch, because coming down grade we strike it heavy. There is a curve there. We did not leave the track there. Have no idea how fast we were going. I suppose our usual time, about 35 or 40 miles an hour.

John B. Rousseaux of Hamilton, G.T.R. detective, stated he was on the train, was sitting in the smoking car. After we passed St. George station, just by the little shanty, I noticed the tire of the "drive" wheel was thrown over the fence at the bottom of the embankment. At the same time I heard a report. I thought it was the uncoupling of the air brake. It must have been 50 or 100 feet from the bridge. I found I could not get out. The smoker and engine went over all right, the smoker drew the ties up. Noticed nothing until I saw the tire go off.

Chas. Stiff, superintendent of the Southern Division, said: I believe the accident was caused by a tire of the driving wheel breaking on the south side, that caused the connecting rods to break, the track to spread, the cars to get off the track, the needle beams of the bridge to be all crowded together, allowing the cars to fall between the girders, and this breaking took place before the train reached the bridge. I have traced the tire from the field in which it now lies to the point where it left the track about 50 yards west of the bridge. I think the tire became loose about 100 yards west of that. There are marks on the tires from the distance I mentioned, about 150 yards west of the bridge. The engine driver would notice the difference of the running at once of the train; that, I think, would be about 150 yards west of the bridge. At the speed he was running it would have taken the driver about 500 yards to stop the train. The time cards show that they would run about 44 or 45 miles an hour. The train has to run about 45 miles all the way through. I don't know how long the engine has been in use. The tires occasionally get broken. I do not know how long the tire was in use. I should say it had not been out of the shop long. We found the missing piece of tire which is now at the station and I cannot see any defect in it. It is apparently a new fracture. The switch I examined to-day, it is close to the station. There is one further up about 400 yards. There is no curve at the station switch. I have no theory of the cause of the break. An engine running over a very rough road might do it. The tire is steel; as far as my knowledge goes it seems to be perfect. I cannot say how far from the bridge the tire was found. I cannot see any possible connection the switches had with the accident.

Joseph Hobson, Chief Engineer of G.W.R. division, stated: My duty is to see that the track, bridges, fence, etc., are kept in good condition. The track is broken at both ends of the switch. Do not consider that a break in the track. I passed over that part of the road last Tuesday. I looked at the switches; they were all right. I never notice any concussion at these switches. I have examined the one nearest the bridge. The train makes a little more noise going over the switch. Am positive the switch near the bridge had nothing to do with the accident.

William Blackwell of London, engineer, said: I was in charge of the train; left London at 4.30, took charge at London; stopped at Ingersoll, Woodstock, Princetown, Paris and Diamond Crossing. I examined engine at London. My duty is to examine engine before leaving London, not the duty of anyone but myself. I did this yesterday afternoon. Was satisfied that she was fit for the journey. This is not my regular train, the regular engineer was off. At Woodstock we took water and oiled there. With the hammer we tried the crank pins and keys to see whether they were sound at London, did not use the hammer after that.

I first noticed that something was wrong about midway between the two switches of the siding. I noticed something give way under where I was standing. I was in the cab. I do not know what it was, I noticed splinters thrown up and the tire was thrown off, I think between the two sidings. I did not do anything, did not reverse the engine, did not put on the air brakes, could not do so; did not blow whistle, it was impossible to stay in the cab. I shut the engine off as soon as I heard the crash. I saw I could not do anything. I ran to the rear of the engine, the fireman jumped off. I could not stop the train, if I did reverse, in that distance; would have no power to stop the train in a short distance. The trailing wheel, the tire and the left driving wheel were off at the other side of the accident on the bridge. I would apply the air-brakes, reverse the engine and give all the power I could to stop a train if necessary, but could not in this case do anything. Could stop the train in about 400 or 500 yards. I often run over this road. Did not notice any jar or concussion at the curve.

I don't know how long the engine was in service. I started on the road in 1872 on freight and passenger trains, was never permanent passenger engineer. I picked up a piece of the tire midway between the two switches, the large rim and the piece produced makes the tire complete. I did not use the hammer on the wheels at any time on this trip. I examined the repair register and all was clear.

Arthur A. Smith of Toronto, Assistant Mechanical Superintendent, stated he had charge of the engine and men in the locomotive department under Mr. Wallis. Mr. Walton of London would have charge of this engine. It would be the duty of the engineer to see that it was all right. I saw the piece of tire produced at midnight on Feb. 27. It was not rusted. I consider that the tire is a fair average steel tire. Can detect a longitudinal mark down the tire which I can't account for, unless it has been caused by the beating of the tire when it broke on the rail and ties. I can't say whether it was a former defect or not, not in its present state I could not swear that that was a perfect tire at the time of the accident, the crack might have been there for two weeks. The defect is on the inside of the tire. I did not examine the other part of the tire to see if the tire was cracked, it could not be seen by any possibility at all and percussion would not reveal that defect under any circumstances, if defect there were. It could not be detected by any means while on the wheel. I should say that the tire would be from six to nine months turned since last turning. I should call that of the first quality of steel. The tires are about from 2¼ to 2¾ inches thick, the one produced is 1⅝ inches thick at the thinnest point. The crack running the length of the tire would not produce the breaking crosswise. It would be safe to run a tire of 1½ inches thick of soft steel and an eighth inch thicker of hard steel. The reason the tires are put on so thick is that they can be turned down. Could not say whether the steel produced is hard or soft. The inquest was adjourned till 10.30 Friday morning.

SHILOH'S CATARRH REMEDY—a positive cure for Catarrh, Diphtheria, and Canker Mouth. For sale by D. M. Waters.

PALE, WEAK WOMEN need a tonic, strength giving, flesh building medicine like Milburn's Beef, Iron and Wine.

Only One Cent!
Only One Cent!

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

BOARD AND ROOMS.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

HOUSES TO LET.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

TO LET—Rough-cast house on North Moira Street, in good state of repair, lately occupied by John Cole, baker,—next property north of Patrick Taugher's; horse stable, and other conveniences. Rent very moderate. Apply to FRANCIS S. WALLBRIDGE, Barrister, &c., Office McAnnany Building, cor. Front and Bridge St. 26th Feb'y, 1889. 54dtf

LOST AND FOUND.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

LIVE STOCK.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

HOUSE FOR SALE on William St., two doors south of Bridge St., next the residence of Mrs. T. C. Wallbridge, best locality in the city, house new, comfortable, and commodious, hard and soft water, closets in all the rooms. Enquire of R. PURDY, Bridge St. 242d1m.

HOUSE FOR SALE.—No. 221 William Street, north of Hotel Street. A comfortable, well built, brick residence, in thorough repair. Eleven rooms, drive house, hard and soft water. Apply to FRANCIS S. WALLBRIDGE, Barrister, office corner of Front and Bridge Streets. 246d2weod

TO LET.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

WANTED.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

DOMESTICS WANTED.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

WANTED.—A good Laundry Girl. Apply at the QUEEN'S HOTEL.
March 1, '89 d3t

WANTED.—A good dining room girl. Apply at once to the ONTARIO HOUSE.
Feb. 26th, 1889. d6t

WANTED—A good general servant. Apply to MRS. THOS RITCHIE, George St. 250dtf.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

MECHANICS WANTED.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

CARD OF THANKS.

To R. Croft Hulme, Chief Ranger, Court Bay City, No. 5, Canadian Order of Foresters

DEAR SIR,—I beg herewith to express my gratitude to yourself and the officers and members of Court Bay City, for the sum of one thousand dollars, this day paid me, being the amount of the Beneficiary certificate on the life of my late husband Dr. Douglas, insured in your order.

(Signed) MARGARET DOUGLAS.
257d3t.

RUBBER STAMPS! Send your name and address, with 30 cents, to the ONTARIO CARD CO., Belleville, Ont., and get a Pearl Pen and Pencil Stamp, complete.

--50 MORE--
NEW HANGING LAMPS put in. Prices very much below anything we ever had.
W. J. REID & CO.

NEW SPRING GOODS
—ARRIVING DAILY.—
New Prints,
New Shirtings,
New Dress Goods,
New Ginghams,
New Table Linens,
New Towel Linens,
Etc., etc, CHEAPER THAN EVER.
A. N. REID & CO

NEW SPRING GOODS
—AT—
BRIGNALL & THOMPSON'S.
New Prints and Dress Goods,
New Embroideries,
New Cottons and Steam Looms,
New Table Linens and Sheetings,
New Goods in all departments arriving daily. Prices very low.
BRIGNALL & THOMPSON.

---NEW---
SPRING GOODS!
New Embroideries,
New Prints,
New Tweeds,
New Carpets,
New Curtain Materials,
New Cornice Poles,
New Window Shades.
GEORGE RITCHIE & CO'S.

CLEARING--SALE
—OF ALL—
BOOTS AND SHOES
Damaged by Fire and Water. Over $5,000 worth at less than half regular price.
A. W. VERMILYEA & SON.

FANS
Suitable for WEDDINGS and BALLS. A splendid assortment at
J. C. OVERELL'S
FANCY EMPORIUM, BELLEVILLE.

NEW SEASON'S TEAS,
FRESH GROUND COFFEES,
Handsome Presents Given Away
—AT—
STROUD ∴ BROS.,
Front Street, Belleville,
and at Montreal, Ottawa, Kingston and Toronto.

NEW
SPRING
GOODS.

Bought very early and bought very cheap.

NEW PRINTS,
NEW TABLINGS,
NEW COTTONS,
NEW STEAMLOOMS,
NEW DRESSGOODS,
NEW EMBROIDERIES,
NEW SHIRTINGS,
NEW CRETONNES,
NEW SCRIMS,
NEW UNDERWEAR,
NEW TWEEDS,

See the new. They are better and cheaper than the old.

JAS. W. DUNNET.
GLASGOW WAREHOUSE
Belleville, Feb. 12, 1889

Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE FRIDAY, MAR. 1

SECURE A COPY.

To-morrow's INTELLIGENCER will contain, in addition to all the latest local and foreign news, a very interesting article from the pen of Mrs. Alexander, the famous English novelist, on "Hints to Young Girls"; Rev. Dr. Talmage's sermon; the popular puzzle column; select poetry and miscellany, etc.; and, in fact, everything that goes to make up a first-class newspaper. Be sure and secure a copy.

MERE MENTION.

No police court this morning.

Mock Parliament will meet to-night.

The Executive Committee will meet this evening.

Two tramps were the only occupants of the cells last night.

The vital statistics for the month are as follows: Births 22, deaths 24, marriages none.

A market basket which was left in a farmer's sleigh on the market yesterday is at the police station awaiting an owner.

A vicious fight occurred between two large Newfoundland dogs on Front street this morning. They were parted after considerable difficulty.

All disorders caused by a bilious state of the system can be can be cured by using Carter's Little Liver Pills. No pain, griping or discomfort attending their use. Try them.

Indigestion can be effectually cured by the use of Dyer's Quinine and Iron Wine. This admirable tonic is valuable in cases of appetite and general debility, W. A. Dyer & Co., Montreal.

Amongst those who were mentioned in yesterday's issue as taking part in the curling tour was Mr. G. H. Pope, who at the last moment was unable to go. His place was supplied by Mr. Frank Dolan.

A matter of interest to Organists, Organ Students and Teachers is a new patent organ pedal attachment for pianos manufactured by Messrs. Newcombe & Co., 107 Church at Toronto. Particulars on application.

The Imperial Oil Refining Company, of Petrolia, is the principal oil refining company in Canada. They send out about 60 per cent. of all Canadian oil used. One of their favorite brands is "Silver Star," for which A. L. Geen is their Belleville agent.

Mothers who have delicate children can see them daily improve and gain in flesh and strength by giving them that perfect food and medicine, *Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil, with Hypophosphites.* Dr. W. A. Hulbert, of Salisbury, Ills., says: "I have used Scott's Emulsion in cases of Scrotula and Debility. Results more gratifying. My little patients take it with pleasure." Sold by all druggists, 50c. and $1.00.

PROBABILITIES.

Toronto, March 1.—Easterly winds; partly cloudy or cloudy, mild weather, followed by rain.

Latest Fiction.

"Mr. and Mrs. Morton" has recently been published by J. Theo Robinson, Montreal, and is on sale at the bookstores; price 30c.

Mysterious Disappearance

of Mr. Dyspepsia. It is said he was driven and is kept away by the use of Imperial Cream Tartar Baking Powder. Sold by all Grocers.

Postponed.

The sale of the Henderson House and the knitting works, announced for yesterday, has been postponed until Thursday next—at 2 p. m. at the hotel and at 3 p. m. at the factory.

TEMPERATURE.

As Registered by Dr. Bell's Self-Registering Thermometer.

FRIDAY, March 1.

Maximum 40; minimum 20.
Barometer 30.42.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Dog Poisoned.

Mr. William Shultz reports that he has had a fine bull dog poisoned. A number of these animals have met their death in this manner lately.

Wanted for Larceny of Money.

The Chief has received a circular asking for the arrest of one James Clarke, aged 19 years, of the town of Lindsay, who is wanted for the larceny of a sum of money. The theft occurred last week.

A Correction.

In yesterday's issue an item in the Madoc correspondence read "the late Mrs. Thompson was mother of the Rev. W. Thompson." It should have read that she was the mother of W. Thompson, Reeve of Madoc township.

False Rumor.

A rumor was circulated in the city to-day that Mr. F. Davis, who had his leg amputated at Lindsay, was dead. A telegram from that town this morning said the injured man had passed a very good night, but his condition was critical.

Lecture and Concert.

A first class concert will take place at the City Hall on Tuesday evening next, the 5th inst. Mrs. Eva York, the founder of the Philharmonic Society in this city, will deliver a lecture entitled "The Healthful in Music." A good programme is in store for those who attend.

The Bakers' Grievances.

At the meeting of the City Council on Monday next, the bakers of the city will be represented by a deputation for the purpose of asking the council to so amend the by-law as to fix a time limit (after baking) when bread shall be required to be of standard weight.

Miss Andrews' Injuries.

The injuries which this young lady sustained consisted of the left leg being broken at the ankle, face badly cut, ear almost torn off, besides being internally injured. Her death was reported to have taken place yesterday afternoon, but this, we are happily informed, was not the case, but she is in a critical condition.

A telegram from St. George this afternoon informs us that Miss Andrews is progressing nicely and is receiving all possible care.

Literary Entertainment.

The Young People's Society of the Belleville Congregational Church held their usual fortnightly literary entertainment at the house of Mrs. Hale last evening, when a good programme was carefully gone through and much appreciated by an attentive audience. There was a good attendance. The collection amounted to $3.10.

Personal.

Bros. J. P. Thompson and Ald. J. H. Ross attended the Masonic banquet to Grand Master Walkem at Kingston on Wednesday night and spoke in reply to the toast "Our Visiting Brethren."

Mr. Alex. Sutherland, of Canifton, returned home from Ottawa yesterday evening.

Mr. J. W. Narraway left for his new sphere of labor this morning.

Mr. Alfred D. Learoyd, of Strathroy, is in the city.

The Governor-General and Lady Stanley visited Montreal yesterday to attend a conversazione.

A letter received from Mr. J. H. Chapleau announces that in consequence of an attack of bronchitis his return is postponed. He will go to Mentone or San Remo.

Faulty Book-Keeping

At the Institute—But no Dishonesty, Mr. Hardy Says.

In the Legislature on Thursday, on the vote for the Belleville Institution for the Deaf and Dumb, Mr. Wood (Hastings) said he would be glad to know if there was any truth in the rumor of irregularities in the management of the bursar in that institution.

Mr. Ostrom also thought it was in the public interest, and the interest of the official concerned, that a full statement should be made.

Hon. Mr. Hardy said the auditor had found a faulty system of book-keeping there, an irregularity perhaps, but no dishonesty on the part of the official. A new system of book keeping had been put in force.

"War on a White Sheet."

Mr. Frederic Villiers' lecture last night was a plain, practical talk, with a little fun thrown in judiciously, concerning a few of his experiences of war and its horrors in the Russo-Turkish and Soudan wars, with an excursion to the Abyssinian capital. Mr. Villers appeared in campaigning costume, has a fine presence and is a good representative of his race. His narration of the many stirring and awful scenes that he had witnessed or taken part in was concise, simple, matter-of-fact, and the illustrations were the graphic delineations which have made Mr. Villiers' name famous as a war artist. Mayor Diamond introduced the lecturer. Amongst the audience were the following parties from Napanee: Rev. A. B. Chambers, LL. B., and daughter; Miss Ballantyne; and Messrs. W. F. Hall, Dr. Ruttan, Geo. M. Elliott, J. Bowerman and W. C. Scott, editor of the *Beaver*.

O. B. C. Literary Society.

The regular weekly meeting of the Ontario Business College Literary Society was held last evening and was largely attended. The programme presented was good. Two instrumental selections on the piano, violin and cornet by Miss Lalonde and Messrs. Lalonde were among the chief features of the programme. Two solos were also rendered by Miss Butler in an excellent manner. Recitations were given by Misses McCaughy and Robertson and also by little Blanche Sibbitt, the latter being much appreciated for the manner in which it was executed. Messrs. Marshall and Grannum each gave a reading. The playing of the banjo and guitar by Messrs. Foltz and West was also well executed. A song was rendered by Mr. G. Ashley. The singing of the National Anthem brought the evening's enjoyment to a close.

VICTORY AT CAMPBELLFORD.

A Well-Contested Game Won by the Belleville Curlers.

(Special to the Intelligencer.)

Campbellford, March 1.—The Belleville curlers played the first of the series of friendly games which they are to play on their present trip in this village last night, and won a most stubbornly contested match, although they were in a minority on rink No. 2 by 1 shot. The score was as follows:

Belleville.	*Campbellford*
RINK NO. 1.	
W. L. Fellowes,	R. Dinwoodie,
W. H. Campbell,	Jas. Whyte,
Jas. Jenkins,	C. Smith,
W. H. Biggar, skip—17.	G. G. Eakins, skip—13.
RINK NO. 2.	
Jno. Bonar,	Dr. Macoun,
F. Dolan,	R. Cumming,
Geo. Easton,	D. Kerr,
D. B. Robertson, sk—20.	E. W. Gaudrie, sk—21.
37	34

Majority for Belleville, 3 shots.

Dr. Low's Sulphur Soap is a delightful shampoo. It cleanses the scalp and darkens grey hair.

The Golden State.

AN ANGLO-CANADIAN'S EXPERIENCE.

"Things not Always What They Seem."

Belleville has the Preference—What "Our Boys" are Doing—Many Matters of Interest—How Ducks are Shot in California.

From a private letter received from Mr. Jas. Taylor, painter, formerly of this city, who removed to Los Angeles, California, a year ago, we make the following extract:

I hope this will find you all well, as it leaves myself, wife and son, just now. I see by the papers that Belleville is about the same old place. Well, good luck to it, say I. I must say I spent 15 years of the happiest time of my life in it, and if I never spend another year, month or day in it, I wish it all the prosperity it can possibly obtain—thinking at the same time, if the citizens would only "boom" the city, county, and country one half what this State has been boomed, it would be the finest thing that ever happened to it. As for me, I'm here now nearly a year, and I must say, with all the mild climate I prefer Belleville. There is no doubt this is a very mild climate; for the last two months I think it has been the finest we have had since we came. I see, in looking over my notes, it ranges in heat from about 40 degrees at 6 o'clock a.m. to, at noon, about 90° in the sun. Towards evening it gets much cooler, to about 50°. Several nights it went down below freezing three or four degrees. In the sun and also out of it (in the day time,) there is a difference of about 20 degrees, so you see it is very fine weather for winter. The natives tell me also that so far it has been a very dry one. We have had but three or four days good heavy rain so far this winter, and yet the crops that I have seen look very well. The orange crop around here appears to be very good; peaches and apricots, also walnuts, were very plentiful last summer. There is no such thing as two crops of any fruit, so far as I can see, not certainly of those I mentioned, as some people think. Of course the Chinamen get all they can out of their vegetable gardens, for you see they grow all the vegetables here that are eaten, also the strawberries. Fresh vegetables are on the market all the time, such as cabbage, cauliflowers, turnips, parsnips, and so on, also celery and potatoes. I am told the farmers here don't grow any vegetables, but buy from Chinamen. I mean by market that the Chinamen peddle it around from house to house, and I must say they sell very cheap. You can get a head of cabbage and a stick of celery for a nickel, that is five cents—fine ones at that. (A good country for a vegetarian.) The city is a very pretty place, with lots of fine streets, also some very fine buildings—some built since we came. There are one or two going up yet, but just now building and business are very dull; in fact every other store is empty, and more than that on the outlying streets. Well, the boom is busted now for sure. Such a cry of "hard times" you never heard. They say there are from 5,000 to 6,000 men out of employment here now. The Belleville boys are rather lucky as to work. Of course some cannot obtain it and go away. Since I came Will Weese, Charlie Wallace, Jim and some of the others I cannot think of just now are gone. A. Thomas, his brother, also Walter Simmonds, the bricklayers are here and working. T. Burke, plasterer, is still here, but don't seem to get much to do. Your humble servant has nothing to do and no signs just now, but so far I have been very lucky, according to times. My own opinion is that rents are killing everything here. The landlords are crazy to keep rents so high. Fancy a store next to us, a fruit stand about 8 feet square, $40 a month, not worth five. How can a man pay that rent? Some large stores pay as much as $400 a month. A store like your office is about $200 a month, and house rent! look at our house $34 a month—worth in Belleville about $4. It must come down if they expect the city to prosper and go ahead. It is something tremendous how this place must have grown in the last four or five years. By what the natives say it has grown from a mere nothing to a large city, and some men say it will still go on—Mr. Jas. Burdett, (formerly of Belleville) for one, he's about the most enthusiastic Californian I've met here. He thinks it is 'God's own country," as he calls it. Well, let him think so. I don't yet. The summer, oh Great Scott! so dry. Anywhere that the land is not watered or irrigated, it is knee deep in dust. I see by my notes that the hottest month was October. The hottest day was the 10th, 123 in the sun; and yet at nights it is very cool—fine nights for sleeping. The dry weather seemed to have a very depressing effect on me. It made me so bilious and gave me the head ache more than half my time. It agreed with Mrs. Taylor and James better than with me.

I would like to tell you of the first duck hunt I had here before I close. It was on the 2nd of November. Another man and myself started from my house at 3 o'clock in the morning, he knowing and I not knowing, where we were going. Well, we drove about 12 miles, to a place called "Nigger Slough." As we were approaching, after a very fine ride behind a nice mare, I saw we were a little late, as the ducks were flying about in hundreds; still better late than never. I had been told before I came that a man could wade all over the slough with thigh boots, so of course I came well prepared—not knowing the lay out, I did as the young friend told me to. As we came near the water, ducks and mud-hens (don't mention it) and canvas-backs at that! there were thousands; the place was alive with them. Fancy in your mind, the fun which I thought was in store for me. It was here I wished I knew the lay out, but any way, says I, "do the best you can, Jim." The point the young man put me down at had no shelter whatever. He said "I will drive up the slough," and I was to work it up, as he had no thigh boots. I had also heard that if there were about 6 or 8 shooters on the slough, it would be much better. That I soon found out, but any way in I waded, and of course up went the ducks and I could hear, as I thought, the young man shooting away. As I came up the slough, oh, how I wished I had been up farther! for, as I came on, up went the ducks away over my friend, and behold you, one other man, each opposite the other in a narrow channel, the ducks in thousands flying over them. Of course they killed some, but missed a great many. Well, now came my turn, as I neared my friends the ducks (some of them) returned, and as I stood in water about 6 inches above my knees, openly exposed to view, I naturally squatted down—where do you think?—in the water; but never mind the laugh, my turn had come. Here comes the first, a canvasback drake. Now, Jim, keep cool; let him come well up; now, let him have it! and down he comes stone dead. Here comes a flock straggling behind each other. Now again, Jim! Stopped, by Jove! right barrel; now the left. Down again. That's grand! Throw out the shells, hurry up, Jim! Here they come again! a good miss now. Again, good boy! two this time. A little quiet: go on a little farther. Here they come again! two barrels. Three this time. Whew! they look grand laying on the water and me standing in the open water all the time, only a little too deep to turn around quickly. Oh! how I wished some of my old friends were with me. Higher up the slough. Well, I got fifteen all told; and well satisfied I was, considering I did not know the ground. And such eating the ducks were—as fat as butter. My friend also killed fifteen and a cottontail, which made 30 ducks—a very decent bag. I've been after quail and Jack rabbits, but have not had such good luck, as they are very scarce around the city, and without a dog it is very hard to get quail out of the sage brush, so it is hard work hunting them. The Jacks are very fine fellows—very much like the Old Country hare.

To the Editor of the Intelligencer.

Dear Sir,—Will you permit me to ask through your columns for some information. Can you or your readers kindly tell me if Frederic William Faber, the author of many hymns and devotional works, is still living? and if so, where residing; and oblige

AN ENQUIRER.

27th Feb'y, 1889.

Answer.—Rev. F. W. Faber died Sept. 26th, 1863, in the 50th year of his age.

SHILOH'S CATARRH REMEDY—a positive cure for Catarrh, Diptheria and Canker Mouth. For sale by D. M. Waters.

District Intelligence.

A new school is to be erected in Marmora village.

The Orange Grand Lodge of Ontario East meets at Campbellford on Tuesday next, the 5th inst.

The vote on the repeal of the Scott Act in Peterborough county is to take place on April 4th.

Tavern licenses in Colborne have been fixed at $100 and shop licenses at $75.

The Dominion Express Company have opened offices in Hastings and Warkworth.

A young man named McClure, while getting down over a rock in Burleigh, was shot in the leg by the accidental discharge of a revolver which fell out of his pocket. It is feared his leg will require amputation.

On Sunday last a young son of Mr. J. Purdy, of Norwood village, met with a serious accident while endeavoring to explode a No. 10 cartridge by setting fire to it. After several unsuccessful attempts young Purdy picked the shell up to examine it, when it suddenly exploded, burning the unfortunate fellow's face horribly. He is progressing as favorably as could be expected under the circumstances.

Big Island farmers are hauling barley to Belleville, and selling it for 52c.

The County Council of Prince Edward has adopted a resolution to "petiton the Ontario Legislature to borrow from home or foreign capitalists, on the credit of the province, a sum of money out of which farmers so desiring can pay their mortgages, under proper regulations, at a rate not to exceed four per cent. per annum; and that this council formulate a petition to meet the spirit of this resolution—and the clerk is ordered to forward a copy of the same (together with this resolution) to every county clerk in the province asking the cooperation of every county council in bringing the matter to bear on the Government."

Prince Edward county exhibition will be held on 10th and 11th September next.

Mrs. Wm. Wilson, of Hungerford, while in Tweed on Tuesday of this week, fell on the icy sidewalk and broke the wrist of her right arm. Dr. Mather set the fracture.

The Loss of the Hair

Is a great misfortune and the sight of a bald head should be a warning to you to take the best possible care of your hair. A little of Dr Dorenwend's "Hair Magic" used occasionally will prevent all chances of its falling out or turning gray, and will remove all traces of dandruff. Every druggist has it in stock. Ask for it.

Small Sugar-Coated Burdock Pills do not gripe or sicken. They are mild and effectual.

—The first colonist train for the season is expected at Winnipeg to-day.

—Eighteen thousand Russian troops are being massed on the Afghan frontier.

—It is understood that Judge Dugas will be promoted to the colonelcy of the 65th Regiment.

—The Woman Suffrage Bill was defeated yesterday in the Maine Legislature by a vote of 90 to 40.

—Fifty-five persons have thus far died from the mysterious disease which is raging at Dixon, Ky. Almost every case results fatally.

—A deserter from Wady Halfa reports that Emin Pasha has again vanquished the Dervishes, with heavy loss, in the Bahr-el-Gazel provinces.

SHILOH'S CURE will immediately relieve Croup, Whooping Cough and Bronchitis. Sold by D. M. Waters.

—The five-year old daughter of Mrs. Domick, of Watertown, N. Y., was killed yesterday by a lump of ice from the eaves falling upon her.

—Friend: "I'd recommend that you drink a cup of water every morning." Invalid: "I always do that where I board; they call it coffee."

—A project is on foot to buy a house in Unter-Den-Linden, Berlin, for a Bismarck museum for the reception of objects associated with the chancellor.

—The breaking up of winter in the Kamloops district of British Columbia has resulted in floods, causing delay of trains for a day. The snow slides are about all down.

—A London bootblack has this sign on the pavement: "Pedal teguments artistically illuminated and lubricated for the infinitesimal remuneration of one penny per operation."

—The Canadian Pacific Railway Company's financial return for January shows a net profit of $150,963, as compared with a net profit of $22,286 for the corresponding month of 1888.

—Doctor: "What you need is change of climate." Patient: "Change of climate! Why, doctor, we've had all kinds of changes—rain, sunshine, heat, cold, fog and storms—within a week."

—The divorced wife of Count Von Wimpffen, of Austria, has died suddenly of apoplexy. She was a beautiful woman and numbered among her admirers the late Crown Prince Rudolf.

—A French gentleman, after a grouse drive in Scotland, being asked by his host what he had killed, replied: "Of ze grouse none—zey are too difficult; but of ze vild sheep I have seven over ze hill."

—Herman Umberger, an aged farmer of Ligonier, Pa., was shot dead in the presence of his wife, and robbed of $13,000 by masked burglars who got into the house on an alleged warrant to search for stolen jewellery.

—Mr. Gladstone and Mr. Chamberlain had an animated conversation in the House of Commons last evening. In view of their recent strained relations the fact of their engaging in a friendly talk elicted much comment.

—President Cleveland expresses a feeling of personal relief in being freed from the cares of office. He still maintains the belief that the Democratic policy is the best for the country, and gives a parting shot to trusts and combines.

—It is asserted that Sir Richard E. Webster has offered his resignation of the office of attorney-general in consequence of the collapse of the *Times'* charges against Mr. Parnell, but that the Government has as yet declined to accept it.

Worms cause Serious Sickness. Dr. Low's Worm Syrup destroys and expels all kinds of worms quickly and surely.

NEWS FROM THE OLD WORLD.

English Impressions as to the Fisheries—A New Wimbledon Secured.

London, March 1.—An impression seems to be abroad that the British and Canadian authorities are comparing notes with a view to a probable desire on the part of President Harrison's Cabinet to resume negotiations on the fisheries dispute. Mr. Chamberlain on Wednesday had a long interview in the Colonial Office with Lord Knutsford. The Standard states that Sir Charles Tupper was hurriedly recalled to Canada in order to be present to personally negotiate a new treaty promptly after Mr. Harrison assumes the Presidency. Sir Charles declared, however, before leaving that his visit to Canada had no political importance.

Much satisfaction is expressed at the National Rifle Association's choice of Brookwood, Surrey, for the new Wimbledon. Brookwood is 28 miles from London, and combines the many advantages which the Canadians found at Wimbledon. This summer's meeting will be held at Wimbledon.

The cables respecting the Canadian Pacific Bill before the Dominion Parliament aroused many wild assertions, and caused shares to fall sharply.

The Standard doubts whether the company can raise more money here without an enquiry into its affairs. The Times rather discredits the rumors that the company intends to borow money in order to build fresh extensions. The Financial news says the bill is decidedly disquieting. The Chronicle, however, asserts that the fall in shares is due to a misunderstanding of the company's intended operation, which is purely an economical one to replace the existing 5 per cent. securities as they expire by 4 per cent. debenture stock.

CONFIDENCE IN WEBSTER.

Mr. Healy Will Move in the Imperial House that it Has Been Forfeited.

London, Feb. 28.—In the House of Commons to-day Mr. Healy asked whether attention had been called to the fact that as far back as November Attorney-General Webster had received a statement from Pigott to the effect that he could not bear a cross-examination before the commission. [Parnellite cheers.] Having regard for this, he asked, did the Government retain confidence in Attorney-General Webster?

Mr. Smith asked that due notice of the question be given if Mr. Healy's reference was to Sir Richard Webster's discharge of his duties as Attorney-General.

Mr. Healy gave notice of a motion that in the opinion of the House the Attorney-General had forfeited confidence. [Laughter and cheers.]

Mr. Shaw-Lefevre, resuming the debate on the address in reply to the speech from the throne, charged the Irish Executive with increasing the rigors of repression in Ireland during the recess.

Mr. Chamberlain appealed to the Opposition to place the discussion on a broad and sound basis by informing the House fully what was its scheme to content Ireland and bring about a union of hearts and interests. [Cheers.]

PARNELL CONGRATULATED.

Cablegrams Sent by Irish and French-Canadian Senators and M.P.'s.

Ottawa, Feb. 28.—When the charges of The Times collapsed Hon. John Costigan took steps to communicate to Mr. Charles Stewart Parnell, the Irish leader, the congratulations of Irish and French-Canadian senators and members of Parliament. As a result two cablegrams from Irish and French-Canadian legislators were to day sent. That from the Irish members read:

> The undersigned members of the Canadian Parliament of Irish nationality send you hearty congratulations on the exposure of the plot by which The Times sought to connect you and the Irish cause of which you are the representative with the crimes to which the forged letters had reference.
>
> John Costigan, M.P., Minister of Inland Revenue.
> Sir John S. D. Thompson, M.P., Minister of Justice.
> Frank Smith, senator.
> M. Sullivan, senator.
> J. O'Donohoe, Senator.
> R. W. Scott, Senator.
> T. E. Kenny, M.P.
> Tim'hy Coughlin, M.P.
> Geo. Landerkin, M.P.
> J. McMullen, M.P.
> Thos. McGreevy, M.P.
> K. F. Burns, M.P.
> Geo. W. Howlan, senator.
> Wm. Miller, Senator
> L. G. Perry, Senator.
> J. J. Curran, M.P.
> Geo. E. Casey, M.P.
> Darby Bergin, M.P.
> C. W. Colter, M.P.
> E. P. Flynn, M.P.
> J. O. Patterson, M.P.

The French-Canadian members sent the following to Mr. Parnell:

> French-Canadian members of Parliament join Irish-Canadians in congratulating you in your great victory.
>
> T. Lepine.
> Dr. Coulombe.
> Captain Labelle.
> H. McMullen,
> S. Labrosse.
> T. Bain,
> F. Vanasse.
> A. Desjardin.
> O. Therien.
> H. Montplaisir,
> Dr. Grandbois and others.

TORONTO TOPICS.

Legislators Busy With the Estimates—Mr. Jeffery Exonerated.

Toronto, March 1.—The estimates for public institutions were up in the Local House yesterday afternoon and quite a breeze was raised by a comparison which the Provincial Treasurer instituted between the expenditure on public institutions of the United States and those of Ontario, when Opposition members were subjecting the figures to criticism. The House in committee passed Mr. Fraser's bill to amend the Ontario Shops' Regulations Act.

Rev. Dr. Stone, chairman of the Toronto West District Methodist Church, has received the report and findings of the Committee of Investigation in the case of Rev. T. W. Jeffery. Most of the charges are reported not to have been sustained, but the committee consider that some remarks made by Mr. Jeffery from the pulpit were highly improper. The charges of taking liquor were not sustained. The committee recommend that the chairman of the district seriously admonish Mr. Jeffery for the remarks referred to. In accordance with the resolution of the official meeting of the Queen-street Methodist Church adopted on Friday night, Mr. Jeffery will be engaged as a supply for that church for the balance of this conference year.

Supposed to Be in Canada.

New York, Feb. 28.—Artie B. Cleveland, president and organizer of the A. B. Cleveland Company (limited), wholesale dealers in seeds at No. 47 Cortlandt-street, with branches at Cape Vincent, N. Y., Picton, Ont., and London, Eng., has been missing three weeks. The matter has been kept quiet. He went away ostensibly on business, it is said, and is believed to be either in Canada or England. It is reported that Cleveland appropriated to his own use money and notes of the company, having obtained on notes discounted at various banks about $26,000. It is also reported that he discounted some of the company's receivables. As near as can be ascertained he collected about $40,000 of the company's money. Officers of the company deny, however, that the amount is anywhere near so large. Cleveland is also said to have obtained loans from friends of sums varying from $5000 to $50,000. The total that he secured is placed as high as $150,000. Speculations in stocks which were attended with heavy losses are said to have caused Cleveland's trouble. He is said to have hypothecated his shares in the company. The company is said to be but slightly affected by Cleveland's acts.

A BIG BILL FOR THE TRUNK.

The Damage and Damages Will Run Many Thousands.

St. George, Feb. 28.—Some of the leading local officials of the Grand Trunk were here during the day. Of course they would not give any opinion as to the amount of the damages, but it is the general belief that they will be heavy. The damage to rolling stock consists of the destruction of a dining car, a Pullman, a first-class coach, some injury to a smoker and a bad shaking up to the engine. The damage to the bridge is not very great. The whole structure is all right with the exception of one span and this can be easily repaired.

The damage to rolling stock is heavy, but it will probably not equal the amount to be paid in damages. There are ten people killed, one at London, Angels, the brakeman, likely to die, and there are twenty eight wounded.

It is not likely that less than $100,000 will cover the whole bill.

SPRING STOCK
OF
BOOTS - AND - SHOES
AT
HAINES & LOCKETT'S.

We are determined to maintain our reputation for selling the best quality of Boots and Shoes in the city for the money.
HAINES & LOCKETT.

NEW GOODS,
NEW CORSETS, NEW HOSIERY, NEW EMBROIDERIES, NEW JERSEYS, and the finest stock of Men's Neckwear in the city.
J. HENNESSY
☞ Our terms are strictly cash, and the lowest price in the city.

Attempted Suicide in Perth.

Stratford, Feb. 28.—Mr. Groul of Wartbury, while laboring under a temporary fit of insanity, cut his throat from ear to ear last night. Slight hopes are entertained of his recovery.

The Ives and Stayner Indictments.

New York, Feb. 28.—Six new indictments have been ordered against Ives and Stayner. There are now ten. Partner Doremus is said to be implicated.

Increase in the U. S. Debt.

Washington, Feb. 28.—It is estimated at the Treasury that the public debt, less cash in the Treasury, has increased $7,000,000 since Feb. 1.

But It's Not Sir Charles.

London, Feb. 28.—The report of Sir Julian Pauncefote's appointment as British Minister to the United States is semi-officially confirmed.

CONSUMPTION CURED.

An old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrah, Asthma and all Throat and Lung Affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Complaints, after havidg tested its wonderfu curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive and a desire to relieve human suffering, I will send free of charge, to all who desire it, this receipt, in German, French or English, with full directions for preparing and using. Sent by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper. W. A. Noyes, *149 Power Block, Rochester, N. Y.*

Decreasing the Death Rate.

The mortality among Consumptives has been materially decreased of late years by the use of *Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil* with Hypophosphites of Lime and Soda. Phthisis, Bronchitis, Abscess of the Lungs, Puneumonia and Throat Affections are completely subjugated by a timely use of this excellent pulmonic. Palatable as milk. Sold by all Duggists at 50c. and $1.00.

IMPERIAL
CREAM TRADE MARK TARTAR
BAKING
POWDER
PUREST, STRONGEST, BEST,
CONTAINS NO
Alum, Ammonia, Lime, Phosphates,
OR ANY INJURIOUS SUBSTANCE.
E. W. GILLETT, TORONTO, ONT. CHICAGO, ILL.
MANUFACTURER OF
THE CELEBRATED ROYAL YEAST CAKES.

Luxuriant Growths of Hair
are seen on the heads of all who use
DR. DORENWEND'S

Great German Hair Magic.

The equal of this great preparation is yet to be found. It is an unfailing restorer for Gray Hair. It stops and prevents all falling out of the hair. It removes all Dandruff and keeps the scalp clean. On Bald Heads (if there are but the faintest traces of roots) the "Magic" will produce a fine growth. Will you try it? or will you let your hair go and become prematurely old? What do you say?

All druggists, everywhere, have it for sale. Ask for it. Do not let the druggist tell you he has "something just as good." Many have dead stock of other hair tonics on hand and try to shove them off in this way.

See that each bottle bears seal and signature of

A. DORENWEND,
Sole Manufacturer,
Paris Hair Works, 103 & 105 Yonge St.,
Toronto, Ontario.

☞ Bangs, Frontpieces, Waves, Wigs, Switches, Gents' Wigs, Toupees and Hair Goods of all kinds are supplied by A. Dorenwend. Send to above address for circulars and prices.

Never allow the bowels to remain constipated lest serious evil ensue. National Pills are unsurpassed as a remedy for constipation.

-NEW . : GOODS-
AT
FISH'S.

NEW NECKWEAR,
NEW COLLARS AND CUFFS,
NEW WHITE DRESS SHIRTS,
NEW KID GLOVES,
NEW WHITE TIES,
New goods coming to hand daily.

A. E. FISH & CO.,
The noted Shirt Makers and Gents' Furnishers, 260 Front St.
☞ All winter goods at great reductions.

FARMS FOR SALE.

THE undersigned is instructed to sell on Easy Terms the following Farms, situated in the County of Hastings:

TOWNSHIP OF TUDOR.
Lots Nos. 27 and 28, South-west side of Hastings Road, 100 acres.

LIMERICK.
Lots Nos. 53 and 54, 2nd con, east Hastings Road, 100 acres.

MONTEAGLE.
Lot No. 30, 16th con., 101 acres.

WICKLOW.
Lot No. 29, 1st con., 101 acres.

CARLOW.
Lots Nos. 24 and 25, 7th con., 200 acres. Lots Nos. 24 and 25, 8th con., 200 acres. Lot No 28, 8th con., 100 acres. Lots Nos. 24 and 25, 15th con., 199 acres.

Titles are perfect. Apply to

JAMES BOOTH,
Real Estate Agent, Belleville.
Office corner Pinnacle and Bridge Sts., up stairs.
Feb. 28, '89. d30tw3m

Duckworth & Hollington
MANUFACTURERS OF FINE
Carriages and Sleighs,
BUSINESS WAGGONS, &C.
North End of Upper Bridge, Belleville, Ontario.

☞ Repairing promptly and neatly done. Prices very low. Please give us a trial.
Feb'y 18, '89. d&w2w

AUCTION SALE.

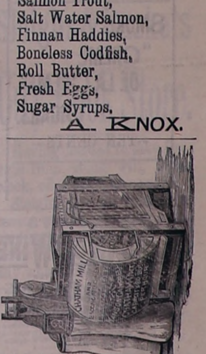
I HAVE received instructions from MRS. WM. HUDGINS, to sell at her residence, Forin Street, on

Monday, March 4th,

all the household effects, without reserve—handsome Parlor and Bedroom Suites, Velvet and Brussells Carpets, Parlor Cooking Stove, Singer Sewing Machine, Curtains, Pictures, Dishes, Fancy Tables and Chairs and General Household Sundries.

R. PURDY,
Auctioneer.
253d1w

Lake Winnipeg White Fish,
Salmon Trout,
Salt Water Salmon,
Finnan Haddies,
Boneless Codfish,
Roll Butter,
Fresh Eggs,
Sugar Syrups,
A. KNOX.



A GREAT MILL.
17,500 IN USE. 2,300 sold in the last year. See them, at VANTASSEL'S Footbridge Warerooms, Belleville.

FOR SALE, CHEAP,

THE BRIDGEWATER HOTEL, in Bridgewater, comprising a large frame building, and adjoining stables and outhouses and 4 lots. Title perfect and without any restriction as to the right to sell liquors.

For terms apply to
GEO. J. SHERRY, Barrister,
Belleville, Ont.
Feb'y 2, 1889. w&d sat 6w

WINTER SERVICE.

---ALLAN LINE----

Steamships	*Fr. Portland*	*Fr. Halifax*
Polynesian	21 Feb	23 Feb.
Sardinian	7 Mar	9 Mar.
Circassian	21 "	23 "
Parisian	4 April	6 April
Polynesian	18 "	20 "
Sardinian	2 May	4 May

Circassian from Quebec May 10th.

The steamers from Portland via Halifax call at Londonderry on their passage to and from Liverpool, to embark and land mails and passengers.

The steamers from Halifax via St Johns, Nfd., call at Queenstown on their passages to and from Britain.

Steamers leave Portland on arrival of train leaving Belleville Wednesday noon, and Halifax on arrival of train leaving Belleville Thursday noon.

Passengers proceeding by steamers calling at St. Johns, Nfd., will leave Belleville on Friday noon train.

RATES OF OCEAN PASSAGE:

Cabin, $50.00, $65.00 and $75.00 according to accommodation. Intermediate, $30.00. Steerage, $20.00. Return Tickets, Cabin, $100, $125.00, $150.00. Intermediate, $60.00. Steerage $40.00.

Steerage passengers are booked to and from Queenstown, Derry, Belfast, London and Glasgow at same rates as Liverpool.

Intermediate passengers are forwarded to and from Glasgow and Liverpool by rail without extra charge.

CABIN PASSENGERS

are supplied with a very liberal table, and everything necessary except wines and liquors, which can be had on board at moderate prices.

Each passenger is allowed twenty cubic feet of baggage free.

THE INTERMEDIATE.

Superior accommodation is offered in the INTERMEDIATE, which in every respect is equal to what is called Second Cabin in some lines sailing from New York.

The Intermediate Cabins on all our ships are well situated, perfectly ventilated and are entirely distinct from the Steerage. Steward and Stewardesses to each vessel. Passengers in the Intermediate are found with everything.

THE STEERAGES

are large and exceedingly well lighted and ventilated, are fitted up in rooms, each passenger having a separate sleeping berth. A Stewardess is appointed to each steamer.

For tickets and all information apply to

U. E. THOMPSON,
General Ticket Agent,
Bridge St, Belleville.

KEY TO HEALTH.

BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS

Unlocks all the clogged avenues of the Bowels, Kidneys and Liver, carrying off gradually without weakening the system, all the impurities and foul humors of the secretions; at the same time Correcting Acidity of the Stomach, curing Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Headaches, Dizziness, Heartburn, Constipation, Dryness of the Skin, Dropsy, Dimness of Vision, Jaundice, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Scrofula, Fluttering of the Heart, Nervousness and General Debility; all these and many other similar Complaints yield to the happy influence of BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS.

Sample Bottles 10c; Regular size $1.

For sale by all dealers.

T. MILBURN & CO., Proprietors, Toronto.

Pond - Lily - Cream.

A delightful Toilet article. Not a face paint or powder; does not cover over but cures. Used in connection with Pond Lily Liver Pellets and Pond Lily Soap most effectually and positively removes Pimples, Freckles, Tan, Black Specks, Blotches, allays all irritation after shaving, or any itchiness of the skin from whatever cause and all roughness from the face, hands, neck and arms, leaving them beautifully white and velvety. Sold by wholesale dealers and druggists everywhere. Pond Lily Cream, 25 cents; Pond Lily Liver Pellets, 25 cents; Pond Lily Skin Soap, 15 cents S. PERRIN, Chemist, Manufacturer and Proprietor for Canada.

SMOKE
"BILL NYE"
CIGARS.
--FIVE CENTS.--

SMOKE
"CREME
DE LA CREME"
CIGARS.
--TEN CENTS.--

ARMBRECHT'S
TONIC COCA WINE

FOR
FATIGUE
OF MIND AND BODY
AND SLEEPLESSNESS.

"Experience and scientific analysis reveal to us in Coca the most tonic plant in the Vegetable Kingdom."—*Manuel Fuentes.*

"It (Coca) is, in a word, the most powerful restorer of the vital forces."—*Dr Schwalk.*

ARMBRECHT'S COCA WINE, though more tonic in its properties than Iron or Quinine,

NEVER CONSTIPATES.

See Medical Reviews. For sale by leading druggists throughout the world.

ARMBRECHT, NELSON & CO.
2 Duke St., Grosvenor Sq.,
LONDON.

Wood! Wood!

I AM now selling at the West Belleville Central Wood Yard all kinds of Hard and mixed wood, cut and uncut, which I will deliver to any part of the city. Remember the place, the West Belleville Central Wood Yard, just a few steps from the Foot Bridge.

EDWARD NEWMAN.

A Forcible Fact.

Constipation is the most frequent cause of headaches, bad blood, humors, dizziness, vertigo, etc., and because of this should never be allowed to exist. It may be readily cured by using Burdock Blood Bitters, which never fails to cure even the most obstinate and chronic cases.

Give Them a Chance ?

That is to say, your lungs. Also all your breathing machinery. Very wonderful machinery it is. Not only the larger airpassages, but the thousands of little tubes and cavities leading from them.

When these are clogged and choked with matter which ought not to be there, your lungs cannot half do their work. And what they do they cannot do well.

Call it cold, cough, croup, pneumonia, catarrah, consumption or any of the family of throat and nose and lung obstructions, all are bad. All ought to be got rid of. There is just one sure way to get rid of them. That is to take Boschee's German Syrup, which any druggist will sell you at 75 cents a bottle. Even if everything else has failed you, you may depend upon this for certain.

A Useful Article.

"I can certify to the great usefulness of Hagyard's Yellow Oil. We use it for burns, bruises, cuts, sores, rheumatism, sore throat, croup, etc., and recommend it to all as an excellent remedy." T. W. Appleby, Wingham, Ont. All medicine dealers sell Yellow Oil.

FEVER AND AGUE AND BILIOUS DERANGEMENTS are positively cured by the use of Parmelee's Pills. They not only cleanse the stomach and bowels from all bilious matter, but they open the excretory vessels, causing them to pour copious effusions from the blood into the bowels, after which the corrupted mass is thrown out by the natural passage of the body. They are used as a general family medicine with the best results.

To lessen mortality and stop the inroads of disease, use Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and Dyspeptic Cure. For all diseases arising from Impure Blood, such as Pimples, Blotches, Biliousness, Indigestion, etc., etc., it has no equal. Mrs. Thomas Smith, Elm, writes: "I am using this medicine for Dyspepsia; I have tried many remedies, but this is the only one that has done me any good."

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP should always be used when children are cutting teeth. It relieves the little sufferer at once; it produces natural, quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakens as "bright as a button." It is very pleasant to taste. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for diarrhœa, whether arising from teeth ing or other causes. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP," and take no other kind. 3d&w1y

Nothing so suddenly obstructs the perspiration as sudden transitions from heat to cold. Heat rarifies the blood, quickens the circulation and increases the perspiration, but when these are suddenly checked the consequences must be bad. The most common cause of disease is obstructed perspiration, or what commonly goes by the name of catching cold. Coughs, colds, sore throat, etc, if attended to in time are easily subdued, but allowed to run their own course, generally prove the fore-runner of more dangerous diseases. Nine-tenths of the consumptives date their affliction from a neglected cold, and the diseases that are caused by wet feet, damp clothes, or exposure are more numerous than are generally supposed. One of the most efficacious medicines for all diseases of the throat and lungs is Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup. It promotes a free and easy expectoration, which frees the lungs from viscid phlegm by changing the secretions from a diseased to a healthy stat

Rest and Comfort to the Suffering.

"Brown's Household Panacea" has no equal for relieving pain, both internal and external. It cures Pain in the Side, Back or Bowels, Sore Throat, Rheumatism, Toothache, Lumbago and any kind of a Pain or Ache. "It will most surely quicken the Blood and Heal, as its acting power is wonderful." "Brown's Household Panacea," being acknowledged as the great Pain Reliever, and of double the strength of any other Elixir or Liniment in the world, should be in every family handy for use when wanted, "as it really is the best remedy in the world for Cramps in the Stomach, and Pains and Aches of all kinds," and is for sale by all Druggists at 25 cts a bottle.

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, *Station New York City.*

COMING!
COMING!

RUPTURE

The last 25 years I have adjusted more Trusses than any man in America. Valuable Patents, my own invention, in Trusses, Spinal and Club Feet Instruments.

Rupture—I will guarantee to hold largest Rupture without touching your hip, no straps whatsoever, waterproof. Largest stock of general Trusses, also the great Cluthe Spiral Trusses in stock. Reliable system for ORDERING BY MAIL.

Spinal Instruments half the weight of other makes and more effective.

CLUB FEET I claim the only mechanical system to straighten born Club Feet (Patented.) I will prove to anybody that operation never did nor can straighten Club Feet. Send 6 cent stamps for Book.

CHAS. CLUTHE, 118 King St. W., Toronto

CHAS. CLUTHE,

of 118 King St. West, Toronto, Ontario, will be at the QUEEN'S HOTEL, BELLEVILLE, Friday and Saturday, MARCH 15TH and 16TH. Call early and avoid disappointment. No FAILURE. Will hold the most OBSTINATE cases of RUPTURE WITH EASE AND COMFORT.

Manufacturers Life & Accident
INSURANCE COMPANIES.

Combined authorized capital	$3,000,000
Combined subscribed capital	739,700
Combined cash capital	150,760
Combined insurance received (1888)	9,575,525

President Sir John A. Macdonald.
Vice Presidents { Geo. Gooderham, Esq., William Bell, Esq.
Secretary and Treasurer—J. L. Kerr, Esq.
Managers for Eastern Ontario, Peterboro—Wilson & Morrison.

R. CROFT HULME
Agent, Belleville.

☞ Agents wanted.

This Company wrote the largest amount of new business of any company in Canada in 1888. It has the largest capital and the strongest Board of Directors of any company in the Dominion.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by B. Temp on.

Railway Time Tables.

Grand Trunk Railway.

Trains arrive at and depart from Belleville Station as follows:

GOING EAST.

		Arrive.	Leave.
No. 1	Mail	12.25 p. m.	12.30 p. m.
No. 3	Mail Fast	12.45 a. m.	12.50 a. m.
No. 11	Mixed	8.05 p. m.	8.15 p. m.
No. 13	do		7.00 a. m.

GOING WEST.

		Arrive.	Leave.
No. 2	Mail	5.50 p. m.	5.55 p. m
No. 4	do	4.00 a. m.	4.05 a. m.
No. 6	do Fast	6.55 a. m.	7.00 a. m.
No. 14	Mixed	11.00 a. m.	11.55 a. m.
No. 16	do	11.10 p. m.	

MIDLAND RAILWAY.

GRAND JUNCTION DIVISION.

Going West. (Leave.)

Mail	5:45 a. m
Mixed	4:30 p. m

Going East. (Arrive.)

Mail	4 30 p. m
Mixed	11 50 a. m

MADOC DIVISION.

Going North. (Leave.)

Mixed	12 25 p. m
Mixed	4:30 p. m

Going South. (Arrive.)

Mixed	9:00 a. m.
Mixed	4 30 p. m.

CENTRAL ONTARIO RAILWAY.

PICTON DIVISION.

Leave G.T.R. Jct.	7:20 a.m.	12:50 p.m.
Arrive Picton	8:44 "	2:50 "
Leave Picton	9:05 "	3:45 "
Arrive G.T.R. Jct.	10:30 "	5:25 "

COE HILL DIVISION.

Train for Coe Hill 9:35 a m, 12:30 p m; Trenton Junction 15m later; Mid. Ry. J'ct. 10:28 a m, 3:23 p m; C. P. R J'ct. 11 a m, 4:30 p m; ElDorado 11:45 a m, 5:15 p m. Arr Coe Hill 1:30 p m, 6:50 p m. Coe Hill for Trenton: 6 a m, 2:20 p m; ElDorado 7:45 a m, 3:47 p m; C. P. R. Jc't. 8:40 a m, 4:30 p m; Mid, Ry. J'ct. 9:15 a m, 4:57 p m; G. T. J'ct. 9:50 a m, 5:30 p m; arr. Trenton 10:05 a m, 5:42 p m.

Daily Intelligencer.

RIGHTED AT LAST.

A STORY OF NEW ENGLAND LIFE.

> A child of our grandmother Eve, a female;
> Or, for thy more sweet understanding, a woman.
> *Love's Labor Lost.*

'No; personally, you are but passable, though your face, under different influences, would not be without a peculiar beauty of its own. But you have that which to me is more essential than beauty—intelligence, firmness, self-reliance, and self-control—remarkable for a woman; acute perception and keen insight, with indomitable perseverance in carrying out your plans; else, believe me, you would never have won your present footing with the Principal at Oaklawn. I have studied you somewhat, you see, and I say frankly that, to one like me, these qualities are of more value than wealth or beauty. I have my way to make in the world, and you yours. Become my wife, and trust me for wealth, position, and all they include.'

'If I understand you aright, you want a wife for use, and you think I possess just the qualities most needed to hoist you up the hill of ambition, or scotch your wheel when weary!'

'You put it plainly, but I answer, yes; with this difference: we will rather breast the hill side by side.'

'Mr. Sancroft, you are aware that I am a pauper by birth?'

'Yes; but why refer to that?'

'Because, I wish to assure you that God did not make me, as your words seem to imply, a pauper in soul, that I should sell myself for such husks as these! Let me pass, sir!'

He looked a little surprised as I confronted him, but made room for me saying:

'Most men would take that as a refusal, I suppose, but I, too, am very persevering; and a woman of no intermediate ground between friends and enemies should not make her decisions hastily.'

All at once a light broke in upon me. I was no longer perplexed over this proposal, and, vexed at my previous stupidity, I exclaimed:

'You have seen Alice Ross, Mr. Sancroft? You know who I am!'

'I have seen Alice Ross. I left Mr. Spencer to come on alone, and walked round by the Pines. I do know who you pretend to be.'

'You doubt it, then?'

'Members of my profession have a way of doubting things until they are proved. I need hardly tell a person of your discrimination that there is a difference between the assertions of old, doting servants, and a young, ambitious, and, what some of my brethren of the bar, knowing her antecedents, would term, *needy* women, and a well-established fact.'

'Your own discrimination does you credit, sir,' I curtsied gravely, glad that he could not see the hot blood flushing my cheek. 'But the case is not yet in court. I asked you if you doubted it.'

'Excuse me, as you observe, the case is not yet in court. When it is, I shall be there to give my opinion.'

'You found the name of my father in the will?'

'The name of Philip Cavendish is in the will, but it is a mere matter of form. Mr. Spencer says he never married, and has been dead many years.'

'Mr. Spencer is mistaken. He did marry, and I hold the certificate—' I paused, for the recollection that the only proof I had of my parent's marriage had been in Mr. Cavendish's possession when he died, and was probably lost to me for ever, filled me with dismay.

'You were about to speak of a marriage certificate, I infer; but the possession of such a certificate is no proof that the holder is the child, or legal hair, of the parties therein named. As the adviser of Michal and Edward, I shall subject all such evidence to the severest scrutiny.

'You speak plainly, sir, and I thank you. But the disinterestedness that would wed a woman with one hand, while with the other it branded her as a needy impostor is quite beyond my apprehension. We will drop the subject, sir.'

'As you please, but remember, that henceforth you and I recognize but two classes in the world, *friends* and *enemies.*'

I left the room with that feeling of relief which we often feel when we expectedly stumble on the solution of some question that has perplexed us. I was no longer at a loss to understand James Sancroft's motives or character. He was ambitious of power and position, rather than of wealth; by marrying me he might achieve both; by opposing and disgracing me, as I knew he would do remorselessly, he would attain nearly the same end, but with much more trouble and expense, for no one, who knew the family, would doubt that he would have the whole management of the business affairs.

'Friends and enemies!' The words rung in my ears above the heavy breathing of my room-mate that night, as I sat in judgment on myself. Had I done well in rejecting his offer? He was handsome and talented; he could establish my birth as no one else could; and Michal and Edward would not refuse to share in the wealth proffered by a sister's hand. With him, were ease, affluence, respectability, honour—more; for, when I recalled the tone in which he had spoken of the certainty of his future success, I was conscious of a real sympathy and admiration which justified his assertion of a likeness between us. Besides, there was a kind of a charm in the tribute he had paid to my abilities. I was but a woman, young, and not overwise, and the voice of worldly wisdom whispered in my ears, as in those of my old hero, Christian: 'Hear me; I am older than thou. Thou art like to meet with in the way thou goest, wearisomeness, painfulness, hunger, perils, nakedness, swords, lions, dragons, darkness—in a word, death!'

But the very words, as I recognized them, defeated their aim. I knew the voice of the tempter, and I said: 'Get thee behind me! And I will consent to a lie! I do not love this man. I do not respect him. I will not face God or man with a lie in my mouth! Neither will I conseal my birth or parentage! I will speak what I believe to be true, let the consequences be what they may.'

I slept well that night. James Sancroft and I met as usual, at the table next morning, where I met also Mr. Spencer, a nice looking gentleman, of about Mr. Cavendish's age. When we rose from the table, Mr. Sancroft said:

'Stay, Miss Lathrop.—Mr. Spencer, this is the person to whom your envelope is addressed.'

'Ay, indeed!' returned the lawyer, who took from his pocket an envelope, and, looking at the address, and then at me, observed:

'This sealed envelope was found in Mr. Cavendish's pocket-book after his death. It bears the somewhat singular address adddres—*For 'La Zingarella, Oaklawn.'* Mr. Sancroft and his brother say that he was wont to designate you by that name. I am happy, therefore, to transfer it to you.'

I took the paper and opened it on the spot. It enclosed a heavy ring of plain gold, and the marriage certificate. I glanced at them, then looked at James Sancroft. He smiled a quiet, cool, self-possessed smile, while Edward, who caught a glimpse of the ring, begged to know what it meant.

(To be continued).

An Apt Quotation

From a letter by Mrs. Sullivan, 124 West Ave., Hamilton, Ont.: "After trying a number of medicines for liver compliant, from which I suffered for years, I bought two bottles of Burdock Blood Bitters and found it a complete cure. My house is never without it.'

Hesitation means Loss.

If your hair is coming out or turning grey, or if you find dandruff in your hair do not hesitate about looking after it. Get some of Dr. Dorenwend's "Hair Magic," use it as directed and you will find that it will give you the best of satisfaction. Take warning, do not wait till it is too late but try it at once. All druggists sell it.

Tickling Torture.

Mrs. Henry M. Kitchen, St. George, Ont., says: "I had a bad cold which settled in my throat, causing a continual tickling, and I just coughed all the time. I got Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam and in 3 days was getting better, and in 10 days I went to church. Our neighbors know this to be true."

NEVER ALLOW the bowels to remain constipated lest serious evil ensue. National Pills are unsurpassed as a remedy for constipation.

CANADIAN--
---PACIFIC
RAILWAY.

Tuesday, Feb'y 26th,

AND EVERY TUESDAY THEREAFTER

—DURING—

MARCH AND APRIL

—WILL RUN—

SETTLERS' --- TRAINS

Through without change to

MANITOBA,
North-West Territories,
and British Columbia,

Leaving Toronto Union Depot at 9:00 p. m.
No Customs. No Transfers. No Delays.
Full particulars from any agent of the company,

S. BURROWS,
Agent C. P. R., Belleville.

GERMAN SHEET MIRROR.

We can supply any of the regular stock sizes in German Sheet Mirror and cut these to replace breakages.

L. W. YEOMANS & CO.

SPECULATION!

Geo. A. Romer,
BANKER AND BROKER,
40 & 42 BROADWAY AND 51 NEW STREET,
New York City.

Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Provisions and Petroleum

BOUGHT, SOLD AND CARRIED ON MARGIN

P. S.—Send for explanatory pamphlet,

Aug 30, '88, d1y

Montreal, Nov. 21, 1888.

MESSRS. WILLIS & Co., 1,824 NOTRE DAME ST., CITY.

DEAR SIRS.—After having played on the Piano of Messrs. Bell & Co., of Guelph, Ont., it is impossible not to bear testimony to the qualities which have acquired for them the good reputation which they already enjoy. The Pianos of their manufacture are exceedingly remarkable for their qualities of tone. The bass is powerful without harshness, and the upper notes sweet, clear and mellow. The Bell Pianos are unquestionably the best made in Canada, and I set up on my principle and give you to-day an order to furnish one for my own use. Canada is to be congratulated on having produced the Bell Piano.

J. B. LABELLE, Professor of Music
Organist Notre Dame Cathedral.

H. BULL, AGENT.
BELLEVILLE.

BELLEVILLE POST OFFICE.

MAILS	Close	Due for Delivery.
East per G. T. R., including Maritime Provinces, and Picton	11:45 a. m. 10:00 p. m.	6:00 p. m 7:30 a. m.
West per G. T. R., including Western States, Manitoba and the North-West Territories	5.05 p.m. 10.00 p.m.	1:00 p. m. 7:30 a. m.
East and West, per G. T. R., closes on Sunday at 10 p. m.		
Marysville, Shannonville, per G. T. R.	11:45 a. m.	6:00 p. m
Belleville Station, postage one cent	7.30 a. m. 5.05 p. m.	8.30 a. m. 6.00 p. m.
G'd Junction Ry., main line, including Peterboro', Stirling,	10:00 p. m	5:00 p. m.
Madoc, per Grand Junction Ry, including Queensboro, Cooper, Rimington, Bridgewater, and the Flats	11:45 a. m.	5:00 p. m.
Madoc Route, per stage	1:00 p. m.	12:00 noon.
Bancroft, Coe Hill, Marmora and all offices in North Hastings per Trenton and Coe Hill Railway	5 05 p. m. 10:00 p. m.	:30 a. m.
Bridgewater Route per stage, including Stoco daily	1:00 p. m.	12:00 noon.
Moira, Phillipston, Bogart, on Monday, Wednesday and Friday	1:00 p. m.	12:00 noon.
Fuller, on Tuesday and Friday	1:00 p. m.	12:00 noon.
Wallbridge, on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
Ameliasburg Route, per stage, including Mountain View and Crofton	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
Albury on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
Sidney Crossing, Wednesday and Saturday	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
Bay Side, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
British Mails, via New York, Monday and Thursday	11:45 a. m	
" " via Halifax, Canadian line Thursday	11:45 a. m.	

Postage, 5c. per ½ oz. by each route. Registration fee, 5c.

Money Orders granted on all Money Order offices in Canada, the United Kingdom, France and Algeria, the United States, Newfoundland, Jamaica, Victoria (Australia), New South South Wales, Queensland, New Zealand Tasmania, Constantinople (Turkey), Gibraltar, Smyrna, Panama (British agency), Austria, Hungary, Belgium, China (See Hong-Kong), Denmark, including Iceland and the Faroe Islands, Danish West Indies, Dutch, East Indies, Egypt, German empire (which includes 26 States), Holland, (Netherlands), Italy, Japan, Norway, Portugal, including Madiera and the Azores, Romania, Sweden, Switzerland, British India, including Aden, Bagdad, Bandor, Abas, Bushire, Busrah, Guadur, Jask, Linga, Muscat and Zanzibar, Ceylon, Hong Kong, including Amoy, Canton, Foo Chow, Han Kow, Hoi-how, Ningpo Shanghai and Swatow, North Borneo, Strait Settlements, Bermuda, Falkland Islands, South and West Africa, including Cape Colony, Gambia, Gold Coast, Lagos, Mauritius Natal, St. Helena, Seychelles Islands, Sierra, Leone, West Indies including Antigua, Bahams, Barbadoes, British Guiana, Dominica, Grenada, Honduras, (British), Montserrat, Nevis, St. Kitts, St. Lucia, St. Vincent, Tobago, Trinidad, Turk's Islands, South Australia, Western Australia, Azores Islands, Madera Islands.

Deposits received, under the regulations of the Post Office Savings' Bank, between the hours of 9 a. m. and 4 p. m.

Registered Letters must be posted 15 minutes before the close of each mail.

Street letter boxes emptied at 10 a. m. and 8 p. m.

Office hours, 7:30 a. m. to 6:30 p. m., Sundays excepted.

FOREIGN POSTAGE.

Canada having been admitted into the Postal Union, there is a re-arrangement of Postage rates, as follows:—

For Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Iceland, Egypt, France, Algeria, Germany, Gibraltar, Great Britain and Ireland, Greece, Italy, Luxembourg, Malta, Montenegro, Netherlands, Norway, Persia, Portugal, Azores, Roumania, Russia, St. Pierre, Servia, Spain, the Canary Islands, Sweden, Switzerland and Turkey. And via United States:—Bermuda, Bahamas, Cuba, Danish Colonies of St. Thomas, St. John, St. Croix, Jamaica, Japan and Porto Rico (Newfoundland is now in the Postal Union, but rates remain as before.) Letters, 5 cents per ½ oz. Postal cards, 2 cents each. Newspapers, 2 cents for 4 oz. Registration fee, 5 cents.

For Aden, Argentine Confederation, Brazil, British Guinea, Ceylon, Greenland, French Colonies in Asia, Africa, Oceanica and America, except St. Pierre and Miquelon, Persia, Persian Gulf, Portuguese Colonies in Asia, Africa and Oceanica, Trinidad, Spanish Colonies Africa, Oceanica and America, except Cuba and Porto Rico, Straits settlements in Singapor Penany and Malacca:—Letters, 10 cents per ½ oz. Post cards, 4 cents each. Newspapers, cents for 4 oz. Books, &c., 4 cents for 4 oz. Other Registration fees, 10 cents.'

West India Islands, via Halifax, same rate as formerly. Prepayment by stamp in all cases.

J. H. MEACHAM
Postmaste

California Evaporated Fruits!

NECTARINES.	PEACHES,
APRICOTS,	CHERRIES,
PRUNELLES, PLUMS,	CRYSTALIZED FIGS.

CONGER BROS.

Do you suffer from disease of the Liver, Stomach, Kidneys or Bowels? Try them and be cured. Do you suffer from Rheumatism or Gout? Try them. Do you suffer from Skin Disease, Boils, Sores, Bad Legs, Wounds or Ulcers? Try them and be healed.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS & OINTMENT

This is the result of their use in every part of the world. They are genuine remedies, used by rich and poor with never-failing success.

MANUFACTURED ONLY AT
THOMAS HOLLOWAY'S Establishment,
78, NEW OXFORD ST.,
LONDON.

☞ Purchasers should look to the Label on the Boxes and Pots.
If the address is not 533, OXFORD STREET, LONDON, they are spurious.

Sun Life Assurance Company
—OF CANADA.—

I have great pleasure in announcing to the Policy-holders and friends of the Company that the Applications for New Life Assurances received during the year 1887 were again larger than in any previous year in the Company's history, being more than $3,500,000, on which policies were issued for over $3,000,000. The year's operations have also resulted in a large and very satisfactory addition to the assets, which now amount to over $1,750,000.

AGENTS WANTED ON SALARY.

W. T. MCINTYRE,
General Agent, elleville.

BURDOCK PILLS
SUGAR COATED

A SURE CURE

FOR BILIOUSNESS, CONSTIPATION, INDIGESTION, DIZZINESS, SICK HEADACHE, AND DISEASES OF THE STOMACH, LIVER AND BOWELS. THEY ARE MILD, THOROUGH AND PROMPT IN ACTION, AND FORM A VALUABLE AID TO BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS IN THE TREATMENT AND CURE OF CHRONIC AND OBSTINATE DISEASES.

To the POLICY-HOLDERS and FRIENDS of the
Ontario Mutual Life Assurance Co.

I have much pleasure in stating that our business for the past year just closed has been one of the most satisfactory in the history of our Company, and desire to express my thankfulness for the many favors received.

We have just entered on our TWENTIETH YEAR, and, by strict attention to business, hope to merit a continuance of your patronage.

I have the honor to remain,

Your obedient servant,

S. BURROWS,
General Agent Ontario Mutual Life Co'y.

S. ROUGHTON, }
W. E. HOLTON, } Special Agents.

$72 a week. $12 a day at home easily made. Costly outfit free. Address True & Co., Augusta, Maine.

Self-Raising Buckwheat Flour!

A FRESH SUPPLY JUST RECEIVED.

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE,
Grocers and Wine Merchants.
33 & 37 Bridge Street.
Also Front Street, Opp. Ritchie's.

NEW
Wall Paper!
—AT—
--S. A. LAZIER'S--
ROBERTSON'S BLOCK
October 16th

NEW LINES
—IN—
CAKES and PASTRY.

Angel Cake, Coffee Cake, Queen Victoria, Adelaide, and a great many other varieties.

Florida Oranges, Almeria Grapes and New Figs, just received at

DICKENS.

P. S.—We would respectfully ask all retailers to drop in and see us and the large line of Candies we are offering at wholesale.

DICKENS & SON.

CALIFORNIA
EVAPORATED
FRUITS!

NECTARINES,
APRICOTS,
PEACHES,
PLUMS.

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE
Grocers & Wine Merchants,
33 & 37 Bridge Street.
Also Front St., opp. Ritchie's.

FOR MEN ONLY!

A POSITIVE CURE For LOST or FAILING MANHOOD; General and NERVOUS DEBILITY; Weakness of Body and Mind: Effects of Errors or Excesses in Old or Young. Robust, Noble MANHOOD fully Restored. How to Enlarge and Strengthen WEAK, UNDEVELOPED ORGANS & PARTS of BODY. Absolutely unfailing HOME TREATMENT—Benefits in a day. Men testify from 47 States, Territories, and Foreign Countries. You can write them. Book, full explanation, and proofs mailed (sealed) free. Address ERIE MEDICAL CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

BEFORE BUYING STOVES

Be sure to see our stock. We have in Coal Stoves the

Imperial Jewel,
Fancy Countess,
Art Favorite,
Fire King and others.

Also a great variety of RANGES and COOK STOVES, which we are selling at right prices.

C. F. SMITH & CO.
388, FRONT STREET.

HASTINGS
LOAN AND INVESTMENT SOCIETY
BELLEVILLE, ONT.

CAPITAL $250,000

MONEY TO LOAN on Farm or City property, at lowest current rates.

Payments can be made to fall due at any season of the year to suit borrowers. No delay in obtaining the money beyond the time necessarily employed in the investigation of titles.

MORTGAGES PURCHASED.

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT.

FOUR PER CENT interest allowed on Deposits No notice required of withdrawal

OFFICE—Robertson's Block, east side of Front Street.

Straight loans at 7 per cent. No fines. No commissions.

J. P. C. PHILLIPS,
3d&w1y Manager

To WATER Consumers

PLEASE call at the office and pay your Water Rate, which was due on the 1st of January.

Those in arrears for Plumbing will also please pay without further notice.

THE BELLEVILLE WATER WORKS CO.

J. H. MILLS,
--Merchant: Tailor,--
OPPOSITE GEO. RITCHIE & CO'S

THE MAGOG TEXTILE & PRINT CO.

Will offer for Spring Trade the LARGEST, CHEAPEST and MOST VARIED range of Prints ever shown, including

SPRING NOVELTIES
—OF—
LATEST PARIS DESIGNS!

Merchants will do well to see their samples before buying elsewhere. Early advice will be given when Travellers will call.

St Peter Street, - Montreal.

PARMELEE'S Asphaltic ROOF PAINT.

It will entirely stop the rusting of tin and iron roofs.

It will entirely stop the wearing away and decay of the exposed wood of shingle roofs.

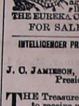
It has been accepted by the City, the County, and the chief Real Estate Owners of the City.

I will be glad to give estimates of cost at any time and anywhere.

H. S. PARMELEE,
Belleville.

432,000
FIRE CRACKERS
—AT THE—
—CITY BAKERY—
Wholesale and Retail.
JAS. WALLACE.

PENNYROYAL WAFERS.



Prescription of a physician who has had a life long experience in treating female diseases. Is used monthly with perfect success by over 10,000 ladies. Pleasant, safe, effectual. Ladies ask your druggist for Pennyroyal Wafers and take no substitute, or inclose postage for sealed particulars. Sold by all druggists, $1 per box. Address THE EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., DETROIT, MICH.

FOR SALE BY D. M. WATERS.

INTELLIGENCER PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY
LIMITED.

J. C. JAMIESON, President. | J. W. LONDON, Secretary

THE Treasurer is the only person authorised to receive moneys for the Company, or to grant receipts for the same.

All Bills, Notes, Cheques, and other documents binding on the Company, will require the signature of the President, in addition to that of the Treasurer.

THE INTELLIGENCER is printed and published for the INTELLIGENCER Printing and Publishing Company (Limited) by JAMES C. JAMIESON, resident in Belleville, at their Office, Front St., south of Hotel St.

THE RATHBUN COMPANY,

Having transferred me to their Brockville branch, I beg to thank my friends and customers for the liberal patronage and kindness extended to me during my residence in Belleville, and also to bespeak the same treatment to Mr. R. C. Calhoun, my successor.

P. J. SHANNON.

The Daily Intelligencer.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL. 22. BELLEVILLE ONTARIO, SATURDAY MARCH 2, 1889. NO. 258

THE RATHBUN CO.

Having appointed me Agent for their Belleville branch, I take this opportunity of soliciting a continuance of the patronage which they have hitherto enjoyed through the popular management of Mr. Shannon. It will be my desire and aim to maintain and add to this patronage, which fair dealing and a thorough knowledge of the requirements of the trade leads me to hope for.—R. C. CALHOUN.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

CLARKE'S

Glycerine .·. Jelly

For ROUGH SKIN, CHAPPED HANDS, SORE LIPS, etc.

It penetrates the skin, leaving it soft and white.

It is not sticky, and a glove can be put on immediately after using.

Price 20 cents. For sale by

-F. CHARLES CLARKE,-

CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST.

Telephone 138. Front Street.

DR. LOW'S WORM SYRUP

DESTROYS AND REMOVES WORMS OF ALL KINDS IN CHILDREN OR ADULTS SWEET AS SYRUP AND CANNOT HARM THE MOST DELICATE CHILD

Gents' .·. Furnishings!

A FULL LINE of Gentlemen's Goods for the Fall and Winter.

Shirts made to order and a good fit guaranteed.

C. J. PANTER.

NEWCOMBE PIANOFORTES

AWARDED FIRST SILVER MEDAL

WORLD'S EXPOSITION, NEW ORLEANS, U.S.A., 1884-5, in competition with the pianofortes of Europe and America. The only U.S. International Medal ever awarded to a Canadian pianoforte; also Medal and Diploma at the Colonial and Indian Exhibition, London, Eng., 1886, with the supreme honor of supplying Her Majesty the Queen with a Newcombe Grand, selected by Sir Arthur Sullivan. For Illustrated Catalogue, prices and terms,

Address Octavius Newcombe & Co.,

MANUFACTURERS

WAREROOMS, 107-109 CHURCH ST., TORONTO

FACTORY, 89 TO 97 BELLWOODS AVENUE

Try FROSTILLA.

It softens the roughest skin and keeps it in good condition.

It contains nothing greasy or sticky, is nicely perfumed, a lady's toilet not complete without it.

An elegant face dressing for gentlemen after shaving.

For sale at the PHARMACY.

D. M. WATERS,

DRUNKENNESS

Or the Liquor Habit, Positively Cured by Administering Dr. Haines' Golden Specific.

It can be given in a cup of coffee or tea without the knowledge of the person taking it; is absolutely harmless, and will effect a permanent and speedy cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. It has been given in thousands of cases, and in every instance a perfect cure has followed. *It never fails.* The system once impregnated with the Specific, it becomes an utter impossibility for the liquor appetite to exist. For circular and full particulars address GOLDEN SPECIFIC CO., 185 Race St., Cincinnati, O.

The Great English Prescription.

A successful Medicine used over 30 years in thousands of cases. Cures *Spermatorrhea, Nervous Weakness, Emissions, Impotency* and all diseases caused by abuse. [BEFORE] indiscretion, or over-exertion. [AFTER] Six packages *Guaranteed to Cure when all others Fail.* Ask your Druggist for The Great English Prescription, take no substitute. One package $1. Six $5, by mail. Write for Pamphlet. Address Eureka Chemical Co., Detroit, Mich.

FOR SALE BY D. M. WATERS.

FOR SALE, CHEAP,

THE BRIDGEWATER HOTEL, in Bridgewater, comprising a large frame building, and adjoining stables and outhouses and 4 lots. Title perfect and without any restriction as to the right to sell liquors.

For terms apply to

GEO. J. SHERRY, Barrister,
Belleville, Ont.

Feb'y 2, 1889. w&d sat 6w

Daily Intelligencer.

DARK SAYINGS ON A HARP

DR. TALMAGE ELOQUENTLY EXPOUNDS SOME OF THEM.

The Pastor of Brooklyn Tabernacle Tells Why the Useful are Taken, the Useless Left—Reasons and Blessings of Tribulation—Discipline of Men and Nations.

BROOKLYN, Feb. 24.—The audience that crowded the immense auditorium of the Brooklyn Tabernacle and the adjoining lecture room and parlors to-day united in singing:

> Sun of my soul, Thou Saviour dear,
> It is not night if Thou be near.

Dr. Talmage preached on the subject: "Dark Sayings on a Harp." Text, xlix Psalm of David, verse 4; "I will open my dark sayings on a harp."

The world is full of the inexplicable, the impassable, the unfathomable, the unsurmountable. We cannot go three steps in any direction without coming up against a hard wall of mystery, riddles, paradoxes, profundities, labyrinths, problems that we cannot solve, hieroglyphics that we cannot decipher, anagrams we cannot spell out, sphinxes that will not speak. For that reason, David in my text proposed to take up some of these somber and dark things and try to set them to sweet music: "I will open my dark sayings on a harp."

So I look off upon society and find people in unhappy conjunction of circumstances and they do not know what it means and they have a right to ask, why is this? and why is that? and I think I will be doing a good work by trying to explain some of these strange things and make you more content with your lot, and I shall only be answering questions that have often been asked me, or that we have all asked ourselves, while I try to set these mysteries to music and open my dark sayings on a harp.

THE USEFUL TAKEN, NUISANCES LEFT.

Interrogation the first: Why does God take out of this world those who are useful and whom we cannot spare and leave alive and in good health so many who are only a nuisance or a positive injury to the world? I thought I would begin with the very toughest of all seeming inscrutables. Many of the most useful men and women die at thirty or forty years of age, while you often find useless people alive at sixty and seventy and eighty. John Careless wrote to Bradford, who was soon to be put to death, saying: "Why doth God suffer me and such other caterpillars to live that can do nothing but consume the alms of the church, and take away so many worthy workmen in the Lord's vineyard?" Similar questions are often asked. Here are two men. The one is a noble character and a Christian man; he chooses for lifetime companion one who has been tenderly reared and she is worthy of him and he is worthy of her; as merchant, or farmer, or professional man, or mechanic, or artist, he toils to educate and rear his children; he is succeeding, but he has not yet established for his family a full competency: he seems absolutely indispensable to that household, but one day before he has paid off the mortgage on his house he is coming home through a strong northeast wind and a chill strikes through him and four days of pneumonia end his earthly career and the wife and children go into a struggle for shelter and food. His next door neighbor is a man, who though strong and well, lets his wife support him; he is round at the grocery store or some general loafing place in the evenings while his wife sews; his boys are imitating his example and lounge and swagger and swear; all the use that man is in that house is to rave because the coffee is cold when he comes to a late breakfast, or to say cutting things about his wife's looks when he furnishes nothing for her wardrobe. The best thing that could happen to that family would be that man's funeral; but he declines to die; he lives on and on and on. So we have all noticed that many of the useful are early cut off while the parasites of society have great vital tenacity.

I take up this dark saying on my harp and give three or four thrums on the string in the way of surmising and hopeful guess. Perhaps the useful man was taken out of the world, because he and his family were so constructed that they could not have endured some great prosperity that might have been just ahead and they altogether might have gone down in the vortex of worldliness which every year swallows up ten thousand households. And so he went while he was humble and consecrated, and they were by the severities of life kept close to Christ and fitted for usefulness here and high seats in heaven; and when they meet at last before the Throne, they will acknowledge that though the furnace was hot it purified them, and prepared them for an eternal career of glory and reward for which no other kind of life could have fitted them. On the other hand, the useless man lived on to fifty or sixty, or seventy years, because all the case he ever can have he must have in this world, and you ought not, therefore, begrudge him his earthly longevity. In all the ages there has not a single loafer ever entered heaven. There is no place for him there to hang around. Not in the temples, for they are full of the most vigorous, alert and rapturous worship. Not on the river bank, for that is the place where the conquerors recline. Not in the gates, because there are multitudes entering, and we are told that at each of the twelve gates, there is an angel, and that celestial guard would not allow the place to be blocked up with sd ers. If the good and useful go early, rejoice for them that they have so soon got through with human life, which at best is a struggle. And if the useless and the bad stay, rejoice that they may be out in the world's fresh air a good many years before their final incarceration.

WHY DO THE GOOD HAVE TROUBLE?

Interrogation the second: Why do so many good people have so much trouble: sickness, bankruptcy, persecution, the three black vultures sometimes putting their fierce beaks into one set of jangled nerves? I think now of a good friend I once had. He was a consecrated Christian man, an elder in the church and as polished a Christian gentleman as ever walked Broadway. First his general health gave out and he hobbled around on a cane, an old man at forty. After a while paralysis struck him. Having by poor health been compelled suddenly to quit business, he lost what property he had. Then his beautiful daughter died. Then his son became hopelessly demented. Another son, splendid of mind and commanding of presence, resolved that he would take care of his father's household, but under the swoop of yellow fever at Fernandina, Fla., he suddenly expired. So you know good men and women who have had enough troubles, you think, to crush fifty people. No worldly philosophy could take such a trouble and set it to music, or play it on violin or flute or dulcimer or sackbut, but I dare to open that dark saying on a gospel harp.

You wonder that very consecrated people have trouble? Did you ever know any very consecrated man or woman who had not had great trouble? Never. It was through their troubles sanctified that they were made very good. If you find anywhere in this city a man who has now and always has had perfect health, and never lost a child, and has always been popular, and never had business struggle or misfortune, who is distinguished for goodness, pull your wire for a telegraph messenger boy and send me word and I will drop everything and go right away to look at him. There never has been a man like that, and never will be. Who are those arrogant, self-conceited creatures who move about without sympathy for others, and who think more of a St. Bernard dog, or an Alderney cow, or a Southdown sheep, or a Berkshire pig than of a man? They never had any trouble, or the trouble was never sanctified. Who are those men who listen with moist eye as you tell them of suffering, and who have a pathos in their voice and a kindness in their manner and an excuse or an alleviation for those gone astray? They are the men who have graduated at the Royal Academy of Trouble and they have the diploma written in wrinkles on their own countenances. My! my! What heartaches they had! What tears they have wept! What injustice they have suffered! The mightiest influence for purification and salvation is trouble. No diamond fit for a crown until it is cut. No wheat fit for bread till it is ground. There are only three things that can break off a chain—a hammer, a file or a fire; and trouble is all three of them. The greatest writers, orators and reformers get much of their force from trouble. What gave to Washington Irving that exquisite tenderness and pathos which will make his books favorites while the English language continues to be written and spoken? An early heartbreak that he never once mentioned; and when, thirty years after the death of Matilda Hoffman, who was to be his bride, her father picked up a piece of embroidery and said: "That is a piece of poor Matilda's workmanship," Washington Irving sank from hilarity into silence and walked away. Out of that lifetime grief the great author dipped his pen's mightiest re-inforcement. "Calvin's Institutes of Religion," than which a more wonderful book was never written by human hand, was begun by the author at twenty-five years of age, because of the persecution by Francis, King of France. Faraday toiled for all time on a salary of £80 a year and candles. As every brick of the wall of Babylon was stamped with the letter N, standing for Nebuchadnezzar, so every part of the temple of Christian achievement is stamped with the letter T, standing for trouble.

DISCIPLINE OF MEN AND NATIONS.

When in olden time a man was to be honored with knighthood, he was struck with the flat of the sword. But those who have come to the honor of knighthood in the kingdom of God were first struck not with the flat of the sword but with the keen edge of the cimeter. To build his magnificence of character, Paul could not have spared one lash, one prison, one stoning, one anathema, one poisonous viper from the hand, one shipwreck. What is true of individuals is true of nations. The horrors of the American revolution gave this country this side of the Mississippi river to independence, and the conflict between England and France gave the most of this country west of the Mississippi to the United States. France owned it, but Napoleon, fearing that England would take it, practically made a present to the United States—for he received only $15,000,000—of Louisiana, Missouri, Arkansas, Kansas, Nebraska, Iowa, Minnesota, Colorado, Dakota, Montana, Wyoming and the Indian Territory. Out of the fire of the American revolution came this country east of the Mississippi, out of the European war came that west of the Mississippi river. The British empire rose to its present overtowering grandeur through gunpowder plot, and Guy Fawkes' conspiracy, and Northampton insurrection, and Walter Raleigh's beheading, and Bacon's bribery, and Cromwell's dissolution of parliament, and the battles of Edge Hill, and Grantham, and Newberry, and Marston Moor, and Naseby, and Dunbar, and Sedgemoor, and execution of Charles the First, and London plague, and London fire, and London insurrection, and Ryehouse plot, and the vicissitudes of centuries. So the earth itself, before it could become appropriate and beautiful residence for the human family had, according to geology, to be washed by universal deluge, and scorched and made incandescent by universal fires, and pounded by sledgehammer of icebergs, and wrenched by earthquakes that split continents, and shaken by volcanoes that tossed mountains, and passed through the catastrophes of thousands of years before paradise became possible and the groves could shake out their green banners and the first garden pour its carnage of color between the Gihon and the Hiddekel. Trouble is a good thing for the rocks, a good thing for nations, as well as a good thing for individuals. So when you push against me with a sharp interrogation point, Why do the good suffer? I open the dark saying on a harp, and, though I can neither play an organ, or cornet, or hautboy, or bugle, or clarionet, I have taken some lessons on the gospel harp, and if you would like to hear me I will play you these: "All things work together for good to those who love God." Now no chastening for the present seemeth to be joyous, but grievous; nevertheless afterward it "yieldeth all possible fruits of righteousness unto them which are exercised thereby." "Weeping may endure for a night, but joy cometh in the morning." What a sweet thing is a harp, and I wonder not that in Wales, the country of my ancestors, the harp has become the national instrument, and that they have festivals where great prizes are offered in the competition between harp and harp; or that weird Sebastian Erard was much of his time bent over this corded and vibrating triangle, and was not satisfied until he had given it a compass of six octaves from E to E with all the semi-tones. or that when King Saul was demented the son of Jesse came before him and putting his fingers among the charmed strings of the harp played the devil out of the crazed monarch, or that in heaven there shall be harpers harping with their harps. So you will not blame me for opening the dark saying on the gospel harp:

> Your harps, ye trembling saints,
> Down from the willows take;
> Loud to the praise of love divine
> Bid every string awake!

THE MYSTERY OF SIN.

Interrogation third: Why did a good God let sin and trouble come into the world when he might have kept them out? My reply is, he had a good reason. He had reasons that he has never given us. He had reasons which he could no more make us understand in our finite state than the father starting out on some great and elaborate enterprise could make the 2-year-old child in its armed chair comprehend it. One was to demonstrate what grandeur of character may be achieved on earth by conquering evil. Had there been no evil to conquer and no trouble to console, then this universe would never have known an Abraham or a Moses or a Joshua or an Ezekiel or a Paul or a Christ or a Washington or a John Milton or a John Howard, and a million victories which have been gained by the consecrated spirits of all ages would never have been gained. Had there been no battle there would have been no victory. Nine-tenths of the anthems of heaven would never have been sung. Heaven could never have been a thousandth part of the heaven that it is. I will not say that I am glad that sin and sorrow did enter, but I do say that I am glad that after God has given all his reasons to an assembled universe he will be more honored than if sin and sorrow had never entered, and that the unfallen celestials will be outdone and will put down their trumpets to listen and it will be in heaven when those who have conquered sin and sorrow shall enter, as it would be in a small singing school on earth if Thalberg and Gottschalk and Wagner and Beethoven and Rheinberger and Schumann should all at once enter. The immortals that have been chanting ten thousand years before the throne will say, as they close their librettos: "Oh, if we could only sing like that!" But God will say to those who have never fallen and consequently have not been redeemed: "You must be silent now; you have not the qualification for this anthem," so they sit with closed lips and folded hands and sinners saved by grace take up the harmony, for the Bible says, "no man could learn that song but the hundred and forty and four thousand which were redeemed from the earth."

A great prima donna who can now do anything with her voice, told me that when she first started in music her teacher in Berlin told her she could be a good singer, but a certain note she could never reach. "And then," she said, "I went to work and studied and practised for years until I did reach it." But the song of the sinner redeemed, the Bible says, the exalted harmonists who have never sinned could not reach and never will reach. Would you like to hear me in a very poor way play a snatch of that tune? I can give you only one bar of the music on this gospel harp: "Unto him that hath loved us and washed us from our sins in His own blood and hath made us kings and priests unto God and the Lamb, to him be glory and dominion forever and ever, amen." But before leaving this interrogatory, Why God let sin come into the world? let me say that great battles seem to be nothing but suffering and outrage at the time of their occurrence, yet after they have been a long while past we can see that it was better for them to have been fought, namely, Salamis, Inkerman, Toulouse, Arbella, Agincourt, Trafalgar, Blenheim, Lexington, Sedan. So now that great battles against sin and suffering are going on we can see mostly that which is deplorable. But twenty thousand years from now, standing in glory, we shall appreciate that heaven is better off than if the battle of this world's sin and suffering had never been projected.

TEMPORAL INEQUALITIES.

But now I come nearer home and put a dark saying on the gospel harp, a style of question that is asked a million times every year. Interrogation the fourth: Why do I have it so hard while others have it so easy? or, why do I have so much difficulty in getting a livelihood while others go around with a full portmonnaie? or, why must I wear these plain clothes while others have to push hard to get their wardrobes closed, so crowded are they with brilliant attire? or, why should I have to work so hard while others have three hundred and sixty-five holidays every year? They are all practically one question. I answer them by saying, it is because the Lord has his favorites and he puts extra discipline upon you, and extra trial, because he has for you extra glory, extra enthronement and extra felicities. That is no guess of mine, but a divine say-so: "Whom the Lord loveth he chasteneth." "Well," says some one, "I would rather have a little less in heaven and a little more here. Discount my heavenly robe 10 per cent. and let me now put it on, a fur lined overcoat; put me in a less gorgeous room of the house of many mansions and let me have a house here in a better neighborhood." No, no; God is not going to rob heaven, which is to be your residence for nine hundred quadrillion of years, to fix up your earthly abode, which you will occupy at most for less than a century, and where you may perhaps stay only ten years longer, or only one year, or perhaps a month more. Now you had better cheerfully let God have his way, for, you see, he has been taking care of folks for near seven thousand years, and knows how to do it, and can see what is best for you better than you can yourself. Don't think you are too insignificant to be divinely cared for. It was said that Diana, the goddess, could not be present to keep her temple at Ephesus from burning because she was attending upon the birth of him who was to be Alexander the Great. But I tell you that your God and my God is so great in small things as well as large things that he could attend the cradle of a babe and at the same time the burning of a world.

IT WILL BE ALL RIGHT AT LAST.

And God will make it all right with you, and there is one song that you will sing every hour your first ten years in heaven, and the refrain of that song will be: "I am so glad God did not let me have it my own way." Your case will be all fixed up in heaven and there will be such a reversal of conditions that we can hardly find each other for some time. Some of us who have lived in first rate houses here and in first rate neighborhoods will be found, because of our lukewarmness of earthly service, living on one of the back streets of the celestial city, and clear down at the end of it at No 808, or 909, or 1505, while some who had unattractive earthly abodes, and a cramped one at that, will, in the heavenly city, be in a house fronting the Royal plaza, right by the imperial fountain, or on the heights overlooking the River of Life, the chariots of salvation halting at your door while those visit you who are more than conquerors, and those who are kings and queens unto God forever. You, my brother, and you, my sister, who have it so hard here will have it so fine and grand there that you will hardly know yourself and will feel disposed to dispute your own identity, and the first time I see you there I will cry out: "Didn't I tell you so when you sat down there in the Brooklyn Tabernacle and looked incredulous because you thought it too good to be true?" And you will answer: "You were right, the half was not told me!" So this morning I open your dark saying of despondency and complaint on my gospel harp and give you just one bar of music, for I do not pretend to be much of a player. "The Lamb which is in the midst of the throne shall lead them to living fountains of water and God shall wipe away all tears from their eyes." But I must confess I am a little perplexed how some of you good Christians are going to get through the gate, because there will be so many there to greet you and they will all want to shake hands at once and will all want the first kiss. They will have heard that you are coming, and they will all press around to welcome you and will want you to say whether you know them after being so long parted.

Amid the tussle and romp of re-union I tell you whose hand of welcome you had better first clasp and whose cheek is entitled to the first kiss. It is the hand and the cheek of him without whom you would have never got there at all, the Lord Jesus, the darling of the skies, as he cries out, "I have loved thee with an everlasting love and the fires could not burn it and the floods could not drown it." Then you, my dear people, having no more use for my poor harp on which I used to open your dark sayings and whose chords sometimes snapped, despoiling the symphony, you will take down your own harps from the willows that grow by the eternal water courses and play together those celestial airs, some of the names of which are entitled, "The King in His Beauty," "The Land That Was Far Off," "Jerusalem, the Golden," "Home Again," "The Grand March of God," "The Life Everlasting." And as the last dark curtain of mystery is forever lifted it will be as though all the oratorios that were ever heard had been rolled into one and "Israel in Egypt" and "Jephtha's Daughter" and Beethoven's "Overture in C" and Ritter's first sonata in D minor and the "Creation" and the "Messiah" had been blown from the lips of one trumpet or been invoked by the sweep of one bow or had dropped from the vibrating chords of one harp.

ONE FOR THE PREACHERS.

But here I must slow up lest in trying to solve mysteries I add to the mystery that we have already wondered at; namely, Why preachers should keep on after all the hearers are tired? So I gather up into one great armful all the whys, and hows, and wherefores of your life and mine, which we have not had time or the ability to answer, and write on them the words "adjourned to eternity." I rejoice that we do not understand all things now, for if we did, what would we learn in heaven? If we knew it all down here in the freshman and sophmore class what would be the use of our going up to stand amid the juniors and the seniors? If we could put down one leg of the compass and with the other sweep a circle clear around all the inscrutables, if we could lift our little steelyards and weigh the throne of the Omnipotent, if we could with our seven day clock measure eternity, what would be left for heavenly revelation? So I move that we cheerfully adjourn what is now beyond our comprehension, and as according to Rollin, the historian, Alexander the Great, having obtained the gold casket in which Darius had kept his rare perfume, used that aromatic casket thereafter to keep his favorite copy of Homer in, and called the book, therefore, "the edition of the casket," and at night he put the casket and his sword under his pillow, so I put this day into the perfumed casket of your richest affections and hopes this promise, worth more than anything Homer ever wrote or sword ever conquered: "What I do thou knowest not now, but thou shalt know hereafter," and that I call the "edition celestial."

MR. HITT'S RESOLUTIONS.

The United States House of Representatives Favor Commercial Union.

WASHINGTON, March 1.—Mr. Hitt's Commercial Union resolutions passed the House this morning unanimously. The resolutions are as follows:

"Be it resolved, That whenever it shall be duly certified to the President of the United States that the Government of the Dominion of Canada has declared a desire to establish Commercial Union with the United States, having a uniform revenue system, like internal taxes to be collected, and like import duties to be imposed, on articles brought into either country from other nations, and no duties upon trade between the United States and Canada, he shall appoint three commissioners to meet those who may be likewise designated to represent the Government of Canada, to prepare a plan for the assimilation of the import duties and internal revenue taxes of the two countries, and an equitable division of receipts, in a Commercial Union, and said commissioners shall report to the President, who shall lay the report before Congress."

FIRES OF A DAY.

The Prince Edward Island Hospital at Charlottetown Scorched.

CHARLOTTETOWN, P.E.I., March 1.—Fire was discovered in the Prince Edward Island Hospital about 9.45 this morning. The larger portion of the building was badly damaged by fire and water. There were a large number of patients in the hospital at the time but they were all removed without any apparent injury to private dwellings in the vicinity. The fire started in an attic, it is supposed from a defective flue. There was $2500 insurance on the building and $500 on the furniture, but this will hardly cover the loss.

A Farm House Burnt.

OSHAWA, March 1.—Last evening the farm house of Edward Conlin, 5th concession of East Whitby, was destroyed by fire. Mr. Conlin was away at the time and his wife having no assistance the furniture was also burnt. It is not known whether there was any insurance or not.

The Ottawa Tragedy.

OTTAWA, March 1.—The jury in the case of Mrs. Catherine Kelly, supposed to have been murdered here last Saturday, brought in the following verdict: "The deceased, Catherine Kelly, came to her death on the night of Feb. 22, at Mrs. Cooper's house, 268 Clarence-street, in this city, from the effects of a wound on her head, but whether this wound on the head of the said Catherine Kelly was caused accidently or otherwise does not clearly appear to the jurors from the evidence." The three prisoners, Mr. and Mrs. Hendrick and Mrs. Cooper, appeared at the police court this morning to answer to the charge of murder preferred against them in a warrant issued yesterday by Magistrate O'Gara. The case was adjourned until to-morrow.

The Week's Failures.

NEW YORK, March 1.—The business failures occurring throughout the country during the last seven days as reported by telegraph to Dun, Wiman & Co. to-day number for the United States 188 and for Canada 44, or a total of 232, as compared with 270 last week and 289 the week previous to the last. For the corresponding week of last year the figures were 244, made up of 202 in the United States and 42 in the Dominion of Canada.

Montreal Malefactors.

MONTREAL, March 1.—Judge Dugas to-day committed Wm. Dieterle to the Court of Queen's Bench on the charge of obtaining $28,000 under false pretences.

Among the indictments found by the grand jury to-day were sixteen for forgery against Alexander Allan and C. F. McIntosh.

INTERESTING ITEMS BY WIRE.

Another death from smallpox has occurred at Fingal.

The bill making train robbery a capital crime has become a law in Arizon.

The son of Gen Siegel has been arrested in New York on the charge of pension frauds.

Right Hon. W. E. Gladstone's oldest son, W. H. Gladstone, is seriously ill at Hawarden.

George Morley, wholesale lumber dealer, Detroit has assigned. Liabilities not over $100,000.

Jay Gould and Russell Sage have resigned from the directory of the International and Great Northern Railroad.

Dr. Mockridge, who lately resigned from Christ Church Cathedral in Hamilton, has a all from Christ Church at Windsor, N.S.

James Rau, a young married man of Picton, has been sentenced to 40 lashes and 60 days in jail for attempting to outrage a 12-year-old girl.

Two thousand employes at the furnaces of the Tennessee Coal and Iron Company of South Pittsburg, Tenn., have struck because of a reduction of 10 per cent. in their wages.

In the British House of Commons yesterday Mr. W. H. Smith, the Government leader, denied that the Government had placed Irish constables at the disposal of The Times.

THE STILL HOUR.

IN SICKNESS.

All the long day I seem to float away
  Through the gray mists that hide both sea and sun
I hear the plash of waves: I feel their spray,
  And still my boat is drifting farther on.

Love cannot reach me: death and night alone
  Are with me, and with ever-deepening shade
Curtain me round, till darkness thick has grown
  And helpless hands are stretched in vain for aid.

God has forgotten; only pain has life,
  And weakness stealing soul and sense away.
God has forgotten, and amid the strife
  I hear the unknown sea and feel its spray.

Faint through the darkness shines a tender light;
  Soft falls a voice I cannot help but hear—
"Through waters deep thou passest, yet thy sight
  Full soon shall know thy Lord was always near."

Drift as thou wilt my boat, if, as the tide
  More swiftly ebbs and bears thee out to sea,
That love unchanging may with me abide,
  That voice still sound, that light still lead to Thee.

HELEN CAMPBELL.

Our children will be better, do more, love more, and be in every way in advance of ourselves.—Wm. M. Baker.

Tears on the cheek of a repentant soul are more precious in the eyes of God than the pearls in the diadems that angels wear.—W. P. Breed.

To rejoice in another's prosperity is to give content to your own lot; to mitigate another's grief is to alleviate or dispel your own.—Tryon Edwards.

Heathenism was the seeking religion; Judaism the hoping religion; Christianity is the reality of what Heathenism sought and Judaism hoped for.—Luthardt.

A child is a veritable Athenian, always desiring to hear something new. As he matures he carries this need on and up with him, and he who would be a teacher must know this fact and feed this desire.—H. C. McCook.

In Sparta it was a law that men should worship the gods with as little expense as possible. There are already enrolled on the church books of the United States enough such Spartans to make three thousand new Thermopylæs.

Humility is an element of success. Pride makes a man overrate himself and leads him to undertake what he cannot perform. But humility, a true modesty before God and man, teaches him to wait patiently until success comes in legitimate ways.—J. P. Newman.

The best thing to give to your enemy is forgiveness; to an opponent tolerance; to a friend your love; to your child a good example; to your father deference; to your mother conduct that will make her proud of you; to yourself respect; to all men charity.—Mrs. Balfour.

Many Christians cannot fix the precise date of their conversion. The new life came to them as the dawn comes—darkness slowly giving place to steel gray, and the steel gray to silver, and the silver reddening into ruddy gold, and all so quietly and steadily that we could not fix the precise birth-moment of the day.—T. L. Cuyler.

How many of us would be willing to turn our characters wrong side out and wear them thus for a single day before the astonised and disappointed gaze of our fellow-beings! Yet we are willing that our omniscient God should see them as they are, with their rents, their patches, their soiled lining and unsightly seams.—Julia H. Thayer.

For Mothers to Remember.

We all know how beautiful the pearl is, and yet some learned writers tell us that it is a small particle of dirt which has got into the oyster and has irritated it very much. So the oyster has ejected a mucous substance and covered the grain of sand, and this substance hardening forms a pearl. I think that is such a nice idea. If you and I could only shed around all our petty trifles some such substance and make them into things of lasting beauty, not only to ourselves but to others. Yes, a woman has power, and when she uses it for good she is a benefactor to mankind. We have one great and noble work to do. To do it well we need a many-sided multi-form culture. The heights and depths, and also the failings of human life must not be beyond our vision. We must have much knowledge and the strength that springs from knowledge.

Every thought that we put into our children's minds we are accountable for—and, therefore, let us put always noble thoughts in the virgin soil and with judicious waterings, surely we may expect good fruit. There was never a great man yet who had not a great mother. It is the first few years of our life that makes us. The rest is polish and veneer, which adds to the appearance but not to the sterling worth, and not only is it to our children that we must give help, but to all who need it.—Ex.

A Story of Paganini.

Here is a new story of Paganini. One time in Paris he jumped into a cab and ordered the driver to make quick time to the theater where an impatient audience was waiting to hear him perform the famous prayer of Moise on one string of his voilin.

"What's the fare?" he inquired.

"For you, sir," said the driver, "ten francs."

"You jest," laughed the great violinist.

"Not so—you charge as much for a place at your concert."

Paganini was silent for a minute, and then, with a complacent glance at the over-reaching cabman, said, handing him a decent fare: "I'll pay you ten francs when you drive me upon one wheel."

The Same Old Place.

"Hello, Aleck! Going to Monterey next Summer?"

"No, I reckon not."

"The Yosemite?"

"Hardly."

"Well, what will be your summer resort?"

"Same as usual, I suppose—pawning my winter overcoat."—The Shroud.

Take frequent recreation, but not so much as to rob it of its zest.

A Night of It With the Boys.

"Why, Marks, you look dreadfully peaked!"

"I feel so."

"Up all night?"

"Yes."

"With the boys, eh? You sly rascal!"

"Exactly—with two of them; had twins yesterday, both boys."

Robert Louis Stevenson writes from one of the South Sea Islands that he now goes barefoot. This is not surprising. When Minister Steinburger returned from Samoa somebody asked him what kind of a dress shirt he wore out there. "Same old thing all the time," he replied, "a dish cloth and a coat of paint."

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall-st., N.Y.

FARMS FOR SALE.

THE undersigned is instructed to sell on EASY TERMS the following FARMS, situated in the County of Hastings:

TOWNSHIP OF TUDOR.

Lots Nos. 27 and 28, South-west side of Hastings Road, 100 acres.

LIMERICK.

Lots Nos. 53 and 54, 2nd con, east Hastings Road, 100 acres.

MONTEAGLE.

Lot No. 30, 16th con., 101 acres.

WICKLOW.

Lot No. 29, 1st con., 101 acres.

CARLOW.

Lots Nos. 24 and 25, 7th con., 200 acres. Lots Nos. 24 and 25, 8th con., 200 acres. Lot No 28, 8th con., 100 acres. Lots Nos. 24 and 25, 15th con, 199 acres.

Titles are perfect. Apply to

JAMES BOOTH,
Real Estate Agent, Belleville.
Office corner Pinnacle and Bridge Sts., up stairs.

Feb. 28, '89. d30tw3m

Duckworth & Hollington

MANUFACTURERS OF FINE

Carriages and Sleighs,

BUSINESS WAGGONS, &C.

North End of Upper Bridge, Belleville, Ontario.

☞Repairing promptly and neatly done. Prices very low. Please give us a trial.

Feb'y 18, '89. d&w2w

To WATER Consumers

PLEASE call at the office and pay your Water Rate, which was due on the 1st of January.

Those in arrears for Plumbing will also please pay without further notice.

THE BELLEVILLE WATER WORKS CO.

J. H. MILLS,

--Merchant .·. Tailor,--

OPPOSITE GEO. RITCHIE & CO'S

GREAT REDUCTION

—IN—

Sleighs & Baskets

—AT THE—

City Book Store.

Having decided to take Baskets from stock, will, for a week, offer them at cost.

Sleighs also for balance of season at bottom prices. Including a few Children's Cutters which should be seen by any who could use them.

C. B. SCANTLEBURY,
Headquarters for School Publications,
New Music and Fine Stationery.

----NEW----

Sugar Cured Hams, Breakfast Bacon, Finnan Haddies, Boneless Codfish, New Walnuts, New Filberts, S. S. Almonds, Loose Muscatel Raisins, Black Basket Raisins, London Layer Raisins, Buckwheat Flour, Selfraising Buckwheat Flour, Roll Butter, Fresh Eggs

AT A. WALLACE'S.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R. Temp on.

Daily Intelligencer

THE DAILY INTELLIGENCER is published every evening except Sunday, and delivered by careful carriers in all parts of the city for Five Dollars a year, or Fifty Cents a month.

THE WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER is published every Thursday morning, and sent, postpaid, to any address in Canada, the United States or Great Britain for One Dollar a year.

ADVERTISEMENTS, first insertion, 10 cents per nonpareil line; each subsequent consecutive insertion, 5 cents per line; when not inserted every day, 10 cents per line each insertion.

READING MATTER NOTICES, 15 cents per line each insertion.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS, 50 cents each insertion. With notice of funeral added the charge for death notices is $1.

CONTRACTS made for business advertisements for one month or longer at reduced rates.

Remittances, Drafts, Cheques, and Post-Office Orders should be made payable to the order of

INTELLIGENCER PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO'Y (LIMITED),
Belleville, Ont.

Largest Daily Circulation in Belleville.

BELLEVILLE, SATURDAY, MAR 2

BELLEVILLE'S PROSPERITY.

The able letters of "Traveller" in reference to the taking of means for advancing the prosperity of Belleville have been received with general favor, and we learn that at the meeting of the civic committees on Thursday night it was resolved by the members present to move at Monday night's meeting of the Council for the appointment of a special committee on the subject. It is to be hoped that after the first step has been taken it will be followed up vigorously; and that such will be the case we feel assured, for men of the right stamp are behind the movement and they are in earnest.

PARLIAMENTARY ETIQUETTE.

There are few, if any, readers of the daily journals who have not been nauseated by the whining of the Grits at alleged tyranny of the majority in the Dominion Parliament and delay in filling their demands for voluminous documents.

Let us see how the Grits, where they have the majority, put their precepts into practice.

In the Ontario Legislature they have not only systematically refused fair play, by acts too numerous to mention, to Conservative members who have made charges against the Government or their officials; they have defeated desirable measures simply because they were introduced by Conservatives and subsequently adopted, introduced and passed them; they have refused important returns and so delayed others that could not be refused for so long a time that they had almost ceased to be of value—in a word, they have been as insolent as jacks-in-office usually are and have done all that was possible to annoy their opponents.

The height of their impudence was reached on Thursday last, when, in reply to Mr. H. E. Clark, the Provincial Treasurer—Mr. A. M. Ross—said "if the hon. gentleman had brains enough he would take into account other matters of receipts."

Such an insult was too gross to be allowed to pass unpunished and Mr. A. F. Wood administered the necessary castigation. The *Empire* reports Mr. Wood as saying that he "protested in the strongest manner against members of the House being grossly and wantonly insulted by having such observations directed to them. They were there as the representatives of the people, and the member of the assembly, be he on the Government benches or otherwise, far exceeded his rights when he indulged in such expressions as the Provincial Treasurer had uttered. They had heard enough of such unparliamentary and improper retort to warrant defending their rights as members of the House, and speaking for himself he declared that he would not tolerate it any longer."

Coming from a gentleman who has pursued so moderate a course as Mr. Wood has done, his indignant and stinging rebuke, which was cheered by the Opposition, must have made Mr. Ross regret his insolence. If it has a similar effect upon Messrs. Fraser and Hardy the result will be most salutary.

CANADA AND THE UNITED STATES.

A valuable contribution has been made to the discussion which has been going on in the United States on the speculative subject of the annexation of the Dominion of Canada to that country, by Professor J. G. Schurman, Professor of Philosophy at Cornell University. Prof. Schurman is a native of Nova Scotia and was formerly a member of the faculty of Dalhousie College, Halifax. He took a leading part in the first meeting (in 1885) of the Imperial Federation League at Montreal, and he has been a thorough student of Canadian politics. He is the latest contributor to the discussion in the *Forum* of the possible annexation of Canada to the United States. Prof. Schurman, a synopsis of his article issued by the publishers informs us, sees so great a career for Canada that he opposes annexation. He reviews the history of the Provinces, describes their vast territory and resources, and concludes that in their development a rapidly increasing population will find labor and riches; and that the future holds too large a promise for Canadians to be willing to make such a breach of their traditions as to become a part of the United States. "Look at a map," he writes, "and you will see that within the latitude of Canada are included in the Old World, Norway and Sweden, European and Asiatic Russia (excepting only the most southerly projection), Denmark, Prussia, Holland, Belgium, the northern section of France, and the whole of Great Britain and Ireland. From these countries came the races that succeeded Rome in bearing, as they still largely bear, the civilization of the world. And analogy suggests that under the bracing climate of Canada, in centuries yet to be, civilization may in the New World find its sturdiest supporters. The new provinces will in a very few years be the regal home of prosperous millions. Nature has said it. Canadians need not be anxious about the money spent in opening up their northwest. Nature is their bondsman. They have only to stand still and see the salvation of the Lord.

EDITORIAL BREVITIES.

The trade question is here to stay, and if the House of Commons will not pronounce upon it the country will.—*London Advertiser.*

The House of Commons has many times pronounced upon the trade question and the people have three times, namely, in 1878, 1882, and 1887, recorded their verdict in favor of the N. P. What more can this insensate free trade restrictionist want? Another drubbing? Well, he and his party will get it in 1892.

The Government of Newfoundland have purchased a swift steamer to enforce their bait act. The Newfoundlanders are with us in maintaining our rights against Yankee encroachment.

It will be in order hereafter to speak of Mr. Adam Brown's majority of one, instead of Mr. Blake's majority of one, as the *Globe* had it for several days after the last general election to the Dominion Parliament; for Mr. Brown's anti-cruelty to animals bill has twice escaped defeat by a majority of 1.

Khartoum still figures in newspaper despatches, says an exchange, though there really is no Khartoum at the present day. The town was practically wiped out of existence in the days of horror following Gordon's death. The forts are still maintained but the rest of the town was razed to the ground, and the material used in the most important public buildings was taken across the river, to build a big mausoleum and mosque over the remains of the late Mahdi. Omdurman, across the river from Khartoum, is now the seat of the Mahdist power, and when we read that Khartoum is alarmed over White Pasha rumors, it simply means that Omdurman is in a panicky state. By destroying Khartoum the Mahdi meant to show the Soudan what would become of any other wicked city which, accepting an infidel's aid, attempted to keep the hosts of the Prophet outside its walls.

The Raw, Cutting Winds

Bring to the surface every latent pain. A change of even a few degrees marks the difference between comfort and pain to many persons. Happily disease now holds less sway. Science is continually bringing forward new remedies which succesfully combat disease. Polson's Nerviline—nerve pain cure—has proved the most successful pain relieving remedy known. Its application is wide, for it is equally efficient in all forms of pain, whether internal or external. Ten and 25 cents a bottle, at druggists.

Curious Squaws.

The smuggling of Chinese men and women from British America into United States territory is a very lucrative business at various points along the border from Vancouver to Winnipeg. If the venture fails in one place it is renewed at another, and sooner or later the pilgrim gets in. A new trick just discovered at Whatcom, Washington Territory, has almost taken away the breath from Federal officials, for they know it must have been very successful for a time. A large number of squaws coming into the country from British Columbia finally attracted the attention of an official, and he took a party of them to gaol. On close inspection it was found that the creatures were not squaws at all, but able-bodied Chinamen who had painted and otherwise disguised themselves so as to resemble the typical Indian squaw of the frontier. In one instance two young and rather comely Chinese women came across in the garb of American women, but closely veiled. An ungallant official lifted their veils and found them out. These girls were billed through to San Francisco, and were worth to their owner about $20,000 apiece.—*Christian at Work.*

Opening His Heart.

Mr. Skinnphlint (to little relative whom he is showing about the city)—Well, Johnny, this is about the right kind of a store. What do you think you would like for a New Year's present?

Johnny—(timidly, but expectantly)—I—I ain't particular. Anything you pease, uncle.

Mr. Skinnphlint (with great heartiness to clerk)—Young fellow, a cent's worth of your best chewing gum.

Decreasing the Death Rate.

The mortality among Consumptives has been materially decreased of late years by the use of *Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil* with Hypophosphites of Lime and Soda. Phthisis, Bronchitis, Abscess of the Lungs, Puneumonia and Throat Affections are completely subjugated by a timely use of this excellent pulmonic. Palatable as milk. Sold by all Duggists at 50c. and $1.00.

WHY WILL YOU cough when Shiloh's Cure will give immediate relief? Price 10 cts., 50 cts., and $1. Sold by D. M. Waters.

—Compiler of prison statistics—"Well, my man, why are you here?" Convict—"Fotch home de wrong cow, boss!"

—The earnings of the Grand Trunk for the week ending February 23rd were $327,288, an increase of $25,631 over the same period last year.

ARE YOU MADE miserable by Indigestion, Constipation, Dizziness, Loss of Appetite, Yellow Skin Shiloh's Vitalizer is a positive cure. Sold by D. M. Waters.

—It is reported that the Czar is scandalized by the irregular life of his brothers, and has ordered Grand Duke Vladimir to resign the commandership of the Guards.

—A peasant near Irkust, Siberia, recently found gold bearing quartz while digging a trap-pit. The peasants all through that region are now digging for gold and much excitement prevails.

FOR DYSPEPSIA and Liver Complaint you have a printed guarantee on every bottle of Shiloh's Vitalizer. It never fails to cure. Sold by D. M. Waters.

—It is estimated that there is fully $5,000 worth of hides stored in Kingston and for sale. There were more hides brought to that city during the present winter that during any similar season for many years. The prices are low.

—The noted medical expert, Dr. Frankel, will shortly publish in Leipsig a paper giving a diagnosis of the treatment of several different phases of cancer, and claiming that cases similar to that of the late Emperor Frederick are curable.

THE REV. GEO. H. THAYER, of Bourbon, Ind., says: 'Both myself and wife owe our lives to SHILOH'S CONSUMPTION CURE." For sale by D. M. Waters.

—Two persons named Hanlon and McCaffery who are undergoing life sentences in the Downpatrick prison for connection with the Phœnix Park murder, have started for London under police escort to testify before the Parnell commission.

—Dr. Foster, of Toronto, has now authorized Big John to select two lacrosse twelves from the Caughnawaga Indians—or to get some from St. Regis if necessary—to do the Australian tour. The men on the best team will be paid $35 a month, the rest $30.

MINISTERS, LAWYERS, TEACHERS, and others whose occupation give but little exercise, should use Carter's Little Liver Pills for torpid liver and biliousness. One is a dose. Try them.

—A letter of a young pupil to his uncle was encouraging for the latter. It ran as follows: "Dear Uncle,—You have often said you could die happy if I passed my final examination for the bar successfully. You can die happy.—Your dutiful nephew."

—Walter Yuill, an old resident of Calabogie and quite a mineralogist, who purchased, with other capitalists, a number of lots in Darling which contained extensive beds of iron ore, has now a large firm of iron mining specialists from New York experimenting there. The firm has already made an offer of $40,000. and they will in all probability accept. Mr. Yuill's share will be about $15,000.

DYSPEPSIA IN ITS WORST FORMS will yield to the use of Carter's Little Nerve Pills, aided by Carter's Little Liver Pills. They not only relieve present distress but strengthen the stomach and digestive apparatus.

SOME SYMPTOMS OF WORMS are:—Fever, colic, variable appetite, restlessness, weakness and convulsions. The unfailing remedy is Dr. Low's Worm Syrup.

AT CANADA'S CAPITAL.

THE VOTE TAKEN ON MR. LAURIER'S RESOLUTION.

More Deputations—Revenue and Expenditure—Postoffice Savings Bank Statement—The Dominion Debt.

OTTAWA, March 2.—In the House yesterday the discussion was resumed upon Mr. Laurier's resolution in favor of direct negotiations by Canada with the United States, looking to the settlement of the fisheries question on the basis of extended trade relations.

Dr. Macdonald, of Huron, as the mover of the adjournment of the debate on Tuesday last, was the first speaker. He pointed out the three questions involved—the fisheries question, the Reciprocity question and the question of the right of Canada to have a voice in the making her own commercial treaties. While he was endeavoring to show how essential it was to the maintenance of Canada's rights in relation to other countries that Canadians should direct the negotiation of all international arrangements affecting Canada, the Speaker called him to order, the reason given being that he was discussing the question of Canada making her own commercial treaties, which had been decided upon this session by vote of the House. Dr. Macdonald closed with an appeal to the House to act in this matter in a spirit of independence, looking to greater freedom of trade between Canada and the United States.

Mr. Jones of Halifax followed. He asserted that the Government knew no middle course between defiance and servility, and whether their demeanor was characterized by one or the other it was weak always and always led to loss on the part of Canada.

Mr. Kenny followed and asserted that Mr. Jones had dragged into the discussion the dismissal of Collector Ross after that gentleman had requested that his dismissal should not be discussed in the House.

After recess the discussion was continued by Hon. Peter Mitchell. He had no doubt whatever, he said, that Sir Charles Tupper had come out to America bearing the personally-expressed opinions of the British Cabinet on the relations of Canada and the United States in the present case, and that he would reopen negotiations for a new treaty with the United States. In fact, from what the Premier had said, it would seem that negotiations or preliminary official arrangements have already been begun.

Sir John Macdonald denied that he had suggested in any way that negotiations had been begun. All he had said was that he had unofficial information as to the opinions of the incoming Administration.

Mr. Casey and Mr. Davis followed in favor of the resolution, the latter making some remarks which called out Sir John Thompson.

He said the record showed that Canada had followed a conciliatory course upon the termination of these clauses and had gone so far as to give free to the United States the fishery privileges about which it was proposed to negotiate. The Opposition said we had put an unwarrantable interpretation on the treaty of 1818, narrow and inhuman. But it was no new interpretation, being precisely the interpretation put upon it by the Provincial Government, backed up by British guns and fleets for seventy years, and Canada's action was in 1885 so far endorsed in Great Britain that United States Minister Phelps was informed by Lord Rosebery that there were no two opinions in England upon the matter.

Concerning the modus vivendi Mr. Davies has charged the Government with wilfully irritating the Government of the United States by suspending or threatening to suspend it, and urged that it should be put into full force again at once, but in considering the termation of the modus vivendi the Government simply acted upon the principle that we should not open the privileges of our coast to them while it was open to us to refuse all privileges to us. The modus vivendi was adopted simply to prevent hostilities arising and imperilling the treaty on its consideration by the United States Senate. If unfortunately any retaliatory measure should be put into force by the United States and non-intercourse should be declared, our Government would be able fearlessly to leave the record to the judgment of the people.

Sir Richard Cartwright followed, rising at 12.15. He declared the policy of the present Government to be characterized by utter carelessness, recklessness, imbecility and folly. The United States had to-day extended an olive branch to us, had shown that they were not actuated by hostility and he called upon the Government to meet them in a generous spirit.

The House divided at 1 o'clock and Mr. Laurier's resolution was lost on the following division:

YEAS.

Armstrong.	Bain (Went.)	Barron.
Beausoleil.	Bechard.	Borden.
Bourassa.	Bowman.	Brien.
Burdett.	Campbell.	Cartwright.
Casgrain.	Charlton.	Choquette.
Chouinard.	Colter.	Couture.
Davies.	De St.Georges.	Dessaint.
Doyon.	Edgar.	Eisenhauer.
Fisher.	Flynn.	Gauthier.
Geoffrion.	Gillmor.	Godbout.
Guay.	Innes.	Jones (Hal.)
Landerkin.	Kirk.	Lang.
Langelier(Mont.)	Langelier (Que.)	Laurier.
Lovitt.	Macd'ld(Hur.)	McIntyre.
McMil'n(Hur.)	Mills (Both)	Mitchell.
Neveu.	Paterson (Brn't)	Perry.
Platt.	Prefontaine.	Rinfret.
Rowand.	Ste. Marie.	Semple.
Somerville.	Trow.	Turcot.
Waldie.	Watson.	W'ld'n(St. J'n.)
Walsh.	Wilson (Elgin)	Yeo.—65.

NAYS.

Audet.	Bain (Soul).	Baird.
Barnard.	Bell.	Bergeron.
Boisvert.	Bowell.	Brown.
Burns.	Cargill.	Carling.
Caron (Sir A).	Chisholm.	Cimon.
Cochrane.	Cockburn.	Colby.
Costigan.	Coughlin.	Coulombe.
Curran	Daly.	Daoust.
Davin.	Davis.	Dawson.
Denison.	Desjardins.	Dewdney.
Dickey.	Dickinson.	Dupont.
Ferguson(L&G)	Ferguson (Ren).	Ferguson(Wel
Foster.	Freeman.	Gigault.
Girouard.	Gordon.	Grandbois.
Guillet.	Haggart.	Hall.
Hesson.	Hickey.	Ives.
Jamieson.	Joncas.	Jones (Digby).
Kenny.	Kirkpatrick.	Labelle.
Landry.	Langevin (SirH)	Lariviere.
Laurie.	Lepine.	M'cdon'ld(SirJ
Macdowall.	McCarthy.	McCulla.
McDonald (Vic)	McDougald(Pic)	M'Dougall(CB)
McGreevy.	McKay.	M'Millan(V'l).
McNeill.	Madill.	Mara.
Marshall.	Masson.	Mills (Ann).
Montplaisir.	O'Brien.	Patterson (Es).
Perley.	Porter.	Prior.
Riopel.	Robillard.	Roome.
Ross.	Rykert.	Shanly.
Skinner.	Small.	Smith (Sir D).
Smith (Ont).	Sproule.	Taylor.
Temple.	Therien.	Th'mps'n(SirJ)
Tupper.	Tyrwhitt.	Vanasse.
Wallace.	Watson (Alb).	White (Card).
Wilmot.	Wilson (Arg).	Wilson (Len).
Wood (Brock)	Wood (West).	Wright.—108

CANAL TOLLS.

A Deputation From Various Boards of Trade Ask a Reduction This Season.

OTTAWA, March 1.—A large deputation representing the Boards of Trade of Montreal, Toronto, Kingston, Hamilton, St. Catharines, Port Arthur and Winnipeg had an hour's interview with Sir John Macdonald, Acting Minister of Railways and Canals, this afternoon, with reference to the reduction of canal tolls for the coming season. About forty gentlemen were on the deputation and there were fifteen speeches made. They pointed out that it was highly desirable and necessary that these tolls should be reduced this year, the same as had been done for the past two seasons. This was necessary to keep the traffic of the St. Lawrence route from being diverted to the Erie route. The speeches were emphatic on this point. The deputation also asked for information concerning the completion of the enlargement of the entire canal system of the Dominion. This information would be invaluable to the vessel owners who contemplated the construction of larger craft in keeping with the extended canals.

The Premier said he could give the deputation a reply with reference to the canal tolls in a very few days. As to the completion of these great artificial waterways he pointed out that the cost would be enormous and that there was a great deal of talk about the public debt expanding at a rapid rate. Besides there was a good deal of difference of opinion of engineers as to the depth of running water along the St. Lawrence route. He would be pleased to receive any information which the deputation had in their possession. The Premier also asked that their exact requests be put in writing.

Mr. Geo. A. Chapman and Capt. S. Sylvester were the Toronto men present. J. B. Fairgriev, president of the Hamilton Board of Trade, and C. T. Kyles were present from Hamilton; Captain S. Neelon and James Morris from St. Catharines.

The deputation, among whom were several well-known vessel men, asked that Mr. Kirkpatrick's reciprocal wrecking bill be passed. The Premier said that as far as the House of Commons were concerned he believed it would become law, but as for the Senate he was not so sanguine. The sub-committee appointed to consider the measure, after approving several amendments, decided to report it. The amendments so remodel the bill that it is now almost similar to the American Act.

The bustling town of Peterboro was in the Capital in full force to-day. Several of its prominent citizens had interviews with the Ministers of Militia and Public Works. The deputation consisted of Mayor Stevenson, M.P., Col. Rogers, Major Bell, Captains Denison and Langford, Councillors Cahill, Davidson, Rutherford and Hall. The Peterborians were modest in their requests and want government assistance in repairing the drill hall and the building of an armory, dredging Little Lake, which is badly contaminated and injurious to health, and the erection of a new Custom House. The proposed cost of the drill hall repairs and armory is $5000, of which the town will pay one-half. Peterboro is the headquarters of the gallant 57th Battalion. The ministers made a careful note of the deputation's requirements.

FACTS AND FIGURES.

Revenue and Expenditure—Decrease in the Dominion Debt Last Month.

OTTAWA, March 1.—The revenue and expenditure on account of the consolidated fund of Canada on Feb. 28 was:

Customs	$ 1,826,678
Excise	467,416
Postoffice	240,000
Public Works and Railways	167,400
Miscellaneous	85,017
Total Revenue	2,786,512
Revenue to Jan. 31, 1889	21,830,254
Total	$24,616,767
Expenditure	$ 1,941,233
Expenditure to Jan. 31, 1889	20,031,593
Total expenditure	$21,972,826

The expenditure on capital account to Jan. 31, 1889, was:

Public Works and Railways	$ 2,636,840
Dominion lands	61,342
Railway subsidies	644,443
Northwest rebellion losses	1,256
Total	$ 3,340,876

Add expenditure in February:

Public Works and Railways	$ 189,734
Dominion lands	9,501
Railway subsidies	65,007
Northwest rebellion losses	278
Total	$ 3,605,405

The total net debt of [illegible] on Feb. 28 was $236,095,114. [illegible] during February was $575,44[illegible]. The balance in the [illegible] Minister on account of [illegible] Savings Banks on Dec. 31, 1888, [illegible] The deposits during January [illegible],599 and the interest paid $5966. The withdrawals during January were $623,145. The balance at the credit of depositors is $22,284,314.

Militia General Orders.

OTTAWA, March 1.—In the militia general orders to be published to-morrow, the following occurs in connection with the permanent corps officers who obtain or have obtained long course certificates subsequent to Feb. 4, 1887, but previous to their appointment to a permanent corps. They will only be allowed to count in their four years' service for additional pay of 50 cents per diem the period of six months for their arm of the service, as now fixed for the long course, instead of twelve months previously allowed.

Notes and Incidents.

OTTAWA, March 1.—The Frauds on Farmers Committee will take no more evidence. The last witness gave evidence to-day.

The Railway Committee met to-day and decided to report the Victoria, Saanich and Westminster Railway Company's act of incorporation.

The Liberals held a caucus this morning and decided to support Mr. Cook's Home Rule resolution.

In the Senate this afternoon Hon. John Macdonald's resolution for better trade relations with South American countries, etc., was postponed till Tuesday.

TORONTO TOPICS.

Funeral of Prof. Young—Serious Accident to a G.T.R. Section Boss.

TORONTO, March 2.—The funeral of the late Prof. George Paxton Young yesterday afternoon from the University to Mount Pleasant Cemetery, was one of the most imposing ever seen in Toronto. Private services were held at the Bloor-street residence at 11.30 o'clock, after which the body was conveyed to Convocation Hall, where those who desired could gaze upon his features for the last time from 1 till 2.30 o'clock. The funeral services were conducted by Rev. Principal Caven, Rev. Messrs. G. M. Milligan, Dr. Reid and D. J. Macdonnell. Immediately after the service the casket was closed. The University Glee Club voluteered the musical portion of the service.

Lieut.-Col. Herchmer, Superintendent of the Northwest Mounted Police, is in the city. He says the Indians are quiet and contented.

The Private Bills Committee of the Legislature spent yesterday morning considering the bill respecting the water, gas and light of Sault Ste. Marie. A special committee reported the bill providing for the protection of insectivorous birds.

James Howdysides, a section boss on the G.T.R., when stepping from a train at the foot of Trinity yesterday morning, fell and his left leg was crushed under the wheels. He underwent amputation at the hospital.

John Green, arraigned on a charge of beating W. H. Stoneham, of 150 Lisgar-street, out of a horse, harness and buggy, was yesterday committed for trial.

In the Ontario Legislature yesterday motions for returns, by Mr. Morin, for certain information regarding Niagara Falls Park, by Mr. Clancy, for correspondence between the Government and the town council of Raleigh, and by Mr. McLaughlin, for the water assessment rates on public institutions in Toronto were discussed and carried. Mr. Creighton moved for a return of correspondence between the Attorney-General and his subordinates regarding the incarceration of Hannah Boyd, who was arrested in connection with the Galt poisoning case, but after some explanations by the Attorney-General the motion was withdrawn.

These Ontario appointments have been made: Archibald L. Macdonald to be coroner for the County of Glengarry; James R. Brown, solicitor, Picton, to be a notary public; John Shaw Skinner, Kingston, to be a notary public; James Johnston, of the Township of Carrick, to be a notary public; Archibald McGill, of Kingston, to be deputy clerk of the Crown and Pleas, clerk of the County Court and registrar of the Surrogate Court, in the room and stead of John Fraser, deceased. George Manning, of the Township of Fenelon, to be bailiff of the Second Division Court of the County of Victoria. John M. Burke, of Blenheim, to be bailiff of the Fourth Division Court of the County of Kent, in the room of John Little, deceased.

NOVA SCOTIA NEWS.

Killed by Falling Down Stairs—Bursaries and Fellowships.

HALIFAX, March 1.—The customs receipts at Halifax for February were $128,000; increase $30,000.

George Fraser, ex-mayor of Halifax, fell down stairs in his own house at Truro a few nights ago and died from the effects.

It is rumored that the Provincial Government intend introducing a bill by which they will spend $8200 a year in bursaries and fellowships to students in the County Academy. Eight bursaries of $200 each are to be offered each year for four years, and one fellowship of $1,600 each year for three years. The limit is to be 32 bursaries and three fellowships. The bursary winners are to enter any Nova Scotia college or Mount Allison in New Brunswick, and holders of fellowships may study abroad for three years. Last year the Provincial Government reduced the grants to school teachers by about $5000, so that this aid to higher education, if adopted, will be practically at the expense of the poor teachers.

Over 2000 persons, mostly ladies, attended President Cleveland's final reception in Washington yesterday.

He Chose this Path for Thee.

He chose this path for thee,
No feeble chance, no hard, relentless fate,
But love, His love, hath placed my footsteps here.
He knew the way was rough and desolate;
Knew how thy heart would often sink with fear;
Yet tenderly He whispered, "Child, I see
This path is best for thee."

He chose this path for thee,
Though well He knew sharp thorns would tear thy feet;
Knew how brambles would obstruct the way;
Knew all the hidden dangers thou wouldst meet.
Knew how thy faith would falter day by day,
And still the whisper echoed, "Yes, I see
This path is best for thee."

He chose this path for thee,
And well He knew that thou must tread alone
Its gloomy vales and ford each flowing stream;
Knew how thy bleeding heart would sobbing moan,
"Dear Lord, to wake and find it all a dream,"
Love scanned it all, yet still could say, "I see
This path is best for thee."

He chose this path for thee,
What need'st thou more? This sweeter truth to know
That all along these strange, bewildering ways,
O'er rocky steeps, and where dark rivers flow,
His loving arms will bear thee "all the days."
A few steps more and thou thyself shall see
This path is best for thee.

—*Union Signal.*

"Pure Buncombe."

NEW YORK, February 28.—An Albany despatch to the *Post* says that when the Senate resolutions of sympathy and congratulation to Mr. Parnell were announced in the Assembly this morning Mr. Crossby said: "Mr. Speaker—That is pure buncombe. I rise to debate it." Therefore the resolution went over under the rule.

SHILOH'S CATARRH REMEDY—a positive cure for Catarrh, Diphtheria, and Canker Mouth. For sale by D. M. Waters.

Only One Cent!
Only One Cent!

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

BOARD AND ROOMS.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

HOUSES TO LET.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

TO LET—Rough-cast house on North Moira Street, in good state of repair, lately occupied by John Cole, baker,—next property north of Patrick Taugher's; horse stable, and other conveniences. Rent very moderate. Apply to FRANCIS S. WALLBRIDGE, Barrister, &c., Office McAnnany Building, cor. Front and Bridge St. 26th Feb'y, 1889. 54dtf

LOST AND FOUND.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

LIVE STOCK.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

PROPERTY FOR SA[illegible].

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

HOUSE FOR SALE on William St., two doors south of Bridge St., next the residence of Mrs. T. C. Wallbridge, best locality in the city, house new, comfortable, and commodious, hard and soft water. closets in all the rooms. Enquire of R. PURDY, Bridge St. 242d1m.

TO LET.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

WANTED.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

HOUSEKEEPER WANTED, middle aged woman preferred, to take charge of a family of six. Apply at HUGH WALKER'S grocery. 258dtf.

WANTED—A gentleman desirous of settling in Belleville wishes to purchase a brick dwelling, with modern conveniences, containing at least nine rooms, including kitchen, and having garden and fruit trees connected therewith Apply to GEO. DENMARK, Barrister, etc. 258d2t.

THE MASSEY MANUFACTURING CO. require a number of live agents to sell their Toronto Binder, Mower, Harvester and Rake in the following territories: Ameliasburg, Murray, Brighton, Seymour, Rawdon and Norwood. Apply at once. H. FOWELL, Belleville, Ont. feb. 27 dtaw&wtf

SALESMEN—We wish a few men to sell our goods by sample to the wholesale and retail trade. Large manufacturers in our line. Enclose 2 cent stamp. Wages $3 per day. Permanent position. No postals answered. Money advanced for wages, advertising, etc. CENTENNIAL MAN'F'G CO., CINCINNATI, OHIO 245d30teod

DOMESTICS WANTED.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

WANTED.—A good Laundry Girl. Apply at the QUEEN'S HOTEL. March 1, '89 d3t

WANTED.—A good dining room girl. Apply at once to the ONTARIO HOUSE. Feb. 26th, 1889. d6t

WANTED—A good general servant. Apply to MRS. THOS RITCHIE, George St. 250dtf.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

MECHANICS WANTED.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion,

CARD OF THANKS.

To R. Croft Hulme, Chief Ranger, Court Bay City, No. 5, Canadian Order of Foresters.

DEAR SIR,—I beg herewith to express my gratitude to yourself and the officers and members of Court Bay City, for the sum of one thousand dollars, this day paid me, being the amount of the Beneficiary certificate on the life of my late husband Dr. Douglas, insured in your order.

(Signed) MARGARET DOUGLAS.

257d3t.

BOOKBINDING!
---GO TO---
—TAMMADGE,—
300, FRONT STREET.

RUBBER STAMPS! Send your name and address, with 30 cents, to the ONTARIO CARD CO.,' Belleville, Ont., and get a Pearl Pen and Pencil Stamp, complete.

--50 MORE--
NEW HANGING LAMPS put in. Prices very much below anything we ever had.
W. J. REID & CO.

NEW SPRING GOODS
—ARRIVING DAILY.—

New Prints,
New Shirtings,
New Dress Goods,
New Ginghams,
New Table Linens,
New Towel Linens,
Etc., etc., CHEAPER THAN EVER.

A. N. REID & CO.

NEW SPRING GOODS
—AT—
BRIGNALL & THOMPSON'S.

New Prints and Dress Goods,
New Embroideries,
New Cottons and Steam Looms,
New Table Linens and Sheetings,
New Goods in all departments arriving daily. Prices very low.

BRIGNALL & THOMPSON.

---NEW---
SPRING GOODS!

New Embroideries,
New Prints,
New Tweeds,
New Carpets,
New Curtain Materials,
New Cornice Poles,
New Window Shades.

GEORGE RITCHIE & CO'S.

CLEARING--SALE
OF ALL
BOOTS AND SHOES

Damaged by Fire and Water. Over $5,000 worth at less than half regular price.

A. W. VERMILYEA & SON.

FANS

Suitable for WEDDINGS and BALLS. A splendid assortment at

J. C. OVERELL'S

FANCY EMPORIUM, BELLEVILLE.

NEW SEASON'S TEAS,
FRESH GROUND COFFEES,
Handsome Presents Given Away
—AT—
STROUD BROS.,
Front Street, Belleville,
and at Montreal, Ottawa, Kingston and Toronto.

NEW
SPRING
GOODS.

Bought very early and bought very cheap.

NEW PRINTS,
NEW TABLINGS,
NEW COTTONS,
NEW STEAMLOOMS,
NEW DRESSGOODS,
NEW EMBROIDERIES,
NEW SHIRTINGS,
NEW CRETONNES,
NEW SCRIMS,
NEW UNDERWEAR,
NEW TWEEDS,

See the new. They are better and cheaper than the old.

JAS. W. DUNNET
GLASGOW WAREHOUSE
Belleville, Feb. 12, 1889

Daily Intelligencer.
BELLEVILLE, SATURDAY, MAR. 2

REFORMED CHURCH OF ENGLAND.
METROPOLITAN BLOCK, - - - CAMPBELL STREET
GROUND FLOOR.
Sunday services at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m.
Services by Rev. Arthur H. Walley.
Strangers welcome. All seats free.

CHRIST CHURCH.
REV. S. DAW, - - - - - RECTOR.
Sunday services at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m.
Strangers are welcome.

CHURCH ANNOUNCEMENTS.

THE CITY PULPITS AND THE PREACHERS WHO WILL FILL THEM.

Bridge Street Methodist—Rev. John Learoyd Pastor. Services at 11 a. m and 7 p. m.
Sunday School at 2:30 p. m. ; Wm. Johnson, Supt.

Holloway Street Methodist Church—Rev. R. M. Pope, Pastor. Services at 11 a.m.and 7 p.m.
Sunday School at 2:30 p. m. ; H. C. Osborne, Supt.

Tabernacle—Rev. Geo. H. Copeland Pastor. Services at 11 a. m. and 7 p m.
Sunday School at 2:30 p. m. ; Rev. Mr. Copeland Supt.

University Church —Service at 7 p. m, by student of Albert College.
University Church Sunday School ; W. H. Gordon, Supt.

Bleecker Street Methodist Church—Rev. A. Browning, Pastor. Services 11 a. m. and 7 p. m.
Sunday School 2:30 p. m.; Rev. A. Browning, Supt.

St. Andrew's Church—Rev. M. W. McLean, M.A., Pastor. Services 11 a. m. and 7 p. m.
Sunday School at 3 p.m.; Rev. M.W.McLean, Supt. St. Andrew's West Belleville Mission School, Neil D. McArthur, Supt.

John St. Presbyterian Church—Rev. J. H. George, M.A., Ph. D., Pastor. Services at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m.
Sunday School at 3 p. m.; A. G. Northrup, Supt.

St. Thomas' Church—Rev'd J. W. Burke, M. A., Rector. Services at 11 a. m., and 7 p. m.

St. John's Church—Rev'd D. F. Bogart, Rector; services 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Sunday School 3 p. m.; Rev. D. F. Bogart, Supt.

Baptist Church—Rev'd D. M. Mihell Pastor; services 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.
Sunday School 3. p. m.; C. A. Hart, Supt.

Congregational Church — Rev'd W. Bowen, Pastor. Services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Sunday School 2 p. m.; F. Noyse Supt.

St. Michael's—Early Mass, 8 o'clock ; second Mass, 10:30 a.m. Vespers, 7:30.

MERE MENTION.

RECEIPTS of grain to-day were considerable.

THREE prisoners were in the cells last night.

THERE was a very large market this morning.

THE Madoc train this morning was crowded with passengers.

THE county court will meet for the transaction of business on Tuesday, the 12th inst.

A SLEIGH laden with grain came to grief on Front street last evening, by the breaking of a runner.

THE members of No. 4 company of the 15th Battalion will commence drilling on Tuesday evening next.

THE Dominion Express company have opened a branch office in this city, Mr. S. Burrows being the agent.

A POCKET book containing a sum of money was found on the market this morning and was shortly after claimed.

A CAR on the Bay of Quinte railway ran off the track at the trestle near the chemical works at Deseronto, on Thursday, and did considerable damage, but no person was hurt.

AT the police court this morning John Williams, drunk, was discharged, and Chas. Smith and Robert McCullough, for trespassing on the Grand Trunk, were also discharged.

ALL DISORDERS CAUSED by a bilious state of the system can be can be cured by using Carter's Little Liver Pills. No pain, griping or discomfort attending their use. Try them.

INDIGESTION can be effectually cured by the use of Dyer's Quinine and Iron Wine. This admirable tonic is valuable in cases of appetite and general debility, W. A. Dyer & Co., Montreal.

A MATTER of interest to Organists, Organ Students and Teachers is a new patent organ pedal attachment for pianos manufactured by Messrs. Newcombe & Co., 107 Church at Toronto. Particulars on application.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria,

PROBABILITIES.

TORONTO, March 2.—Partly cloudy to cloudy, continued mild weather, with local falls of sleet or rain.

Foot Bridge Closed.

The foot bridge approach is closed for repairs. People requiring to attend services across the river must take the upper or lower bridge.

None Equal to It.

In renewing his subscription to the WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER Mr. W. H. Bowers, of Thomasburg writes : "Enclosed you will find $1 for your valuable paper. As a family paper there is none equal to it."

A Noisy Drunk.

The quietness which has reigned in police circles for some time past, was broken last night by the arrest of a noisy and drunken man early in the evening. On being locked up he commenced to sing, and continued it until an early hour this morning.

Railway Trespassers.

Charles Smith and Robert McCullough were arrested by officer Morton last night, on the arrival of the midnight train. They had concealed themselves in the baggage car, and were handed over to the officer on

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

GREAT REDUCTI
—IN—

M.
rost and
General
t, Kings-
en's Ho
of each
d&wly
ublic, &c.
st side of
71d&wt.
, Licen-
ans and
k, Front
erly oc-
ewellery
ldren a
d&wtf
- El.,
a of the
S. Re-
T. R.,
County,
nner &
03.
0d&w
lic, &c.
Streets,
any and
24d&w
Trinity
urgeon.
t Front
o Foot

York, writes us that a woman named Sarah Hale, who was possessed of considerable money and land, died suddenly at that place without a will. There are no heirs to claim the property, which is in the hands of strangers. Mrs. Hale, who was of Irish extraction, had a sister—Mrs. John Charlton—who went to Canada thirty years ago and was, when last heard from, in Toronto. Mr. Quinlan states that necessary information will be furnished by him. Toronto papers will confer a favor by making known the above facts.

Church Chimes.

Mr. A. Mills will occupy the pulpit of the Holloway street church to-morrow morning and Mr. W. F. Jones in the evening. Mr. A. Wensley will assist in the service of song.

Rev. Mr. Pope preaches anniversary sermons at Ivanhoe to-morrow.

Rev. D. Mihel will preach at the Congregational church at Canifton to morrow afternoon.

Rev. John Learoyd's subject for the morning is "Hold fast your confidence," and in the evening "Light weight." Sacrament at the close of the evening service.

A Pleasing Social Event.

The Brighton *Ensign* says: Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Silcox gave their first "At Home" to quite a large number of friends on Friday evening last. Their beautiful residence was brilliantly lighted up and the warm welcome which greeted the guests on their arrival was at once an assurance that *they* were to be made to feel "at home" as well. This was one of the most delightful social events held in Brighton for some time. The music furnished by Professor Brown (leader of the Gilmour band of Trenton) and his assistants, was simply superb and those who "tripped the light fantastic," in the two rooms set apart for that purpose, were delighted with it.

Mock Parliament.

Perhaps the most interesting session of this Parliament was held last night at Shiro Hall, when the motion for the political union of Canada with the United States, introduced by W. H. Campbell, came on for discussion. The debate throughout was spirited and interesting, evidencing that the members one and all have our Canada's welfare at heart, and should the motion pass it may be that Congress will soon sit at Belleville, and that the President of America may be one of the present members of Belleville's mock parliament.

The new ministry, under Mr. McCamon, provides much food for discussion and digestion, Imperial Federation being the bill of fare for the next session.

Personal.

Mr. Sanford Johnson (formerly of this city) proprietor of the Campbell House, Napanee, will sell out on April 4th owing to illness in his family.

On Thursday morning probably the oldest resident of the Township of Richmond, in the person of Mrs. Margaret Grooms, relict of the late Zephaniah Grooms, passed away in her ninetieth year. Deceased was born in Napanee in the year 1800, being the first white girl born in that place. Her father's name was William Sager, one of the pioneers of that section. She was married to Mr. Grooms at the age of fourteen, and was the mother of nine children.

Mrs. W. D. Mace, of Tamworth, who has been in exceedingly poor health for some months, and has made frequent trips for the benefit of her health, has returned home, and her many friends are pleased to see that she is much better.

Mr. H. Corby, M. P., is in the city.

Ald. E. G. Porter leaves this evening on a business trip to Dakota.

Mr. Harry Fenn has been finally given up by his medical attendant, who says that death may occur at any moment.

Mr. W. J. Singleton, Assistant Superintendent C. P. R'y, who has been visiting Mr. W. H. Brady in this city, left for Chapleau this morning.

Mr. Lowry, of Nebraska, who is on his way to Scotland, is spending a few days in town with his uncle, Mr. James Lowry.

Sir Charles and Lady Tupper arrived at New York on the steamer Trave yesterday.

Mr. M. Robinson, Warden of the county, was in town to-day.

Official confirmation has been given to the statement that Sir Julian Pauncefote has been appointed Minister at Washington.

Mr. W. L. Hamilton, Inspector of Inland revenue for the Kingston district, was in the city yesterday.

AN INACTIVE or Torpid Liver must be aroused and all bad bile removed. Burdock Pills are best for old or young.

TEMPERATURE.

As Registered by Dr. Bell's Self-Registering Thermometer.

SATURDAY, March 2.
Maximum 37 ; minimum 28.
Barometer 30.10.

Pitch Holes.

A cutter in which two men were seated this morning, had just turned on to Front street, when a large pitch hole was encountered near the corner of Dundas street. The cutter dived deeply into the hole, and the result was that both traces were broken.

Mrs. York's Lecture.

Mrs. York's lecture was well received and highly commended in Toronto. Her voice, we are assured, has very much improved since leaving here, and we may expect a rare treat in her singing. She will expect a right royal welcome from her Belleville friends. Let every friend of the late Philharmonic society do their utmost to fill the City Hall on Tuesday evening next.

Badly Beaten.

The two local rinks of curlers played two matches yesterday—one in Keene and one in Peterborough. They were defeated so badly at both places that they refuse to give the scores. They returned to the city at noon to-day.

The score of the match at Keene was as follows : Rink No. 1 Belleville, W. H. Biggar skip—24, Keene 10 ; rink No. 2 Belleville, D. B. Robertson skip, 9, Keene 31. Majority for Keene 8 shots.

Obituary.

Mr. Henry R. Cole, formerly of Ameliasburg, died on Sunday night, Feb. 24th, at the residence of his son-in-law, Mr. C. F. Chase, Murray township. Mr. Cole, who was a man of unblemished character, had attained the advanced age of 78 years. He was the son of a U. E. Loyalist and was born in Ameliasburg, where he carried on farming for many years. His wife and two daughters survive him, namely Mrs. James Wilson (harness maker) of this city and Mrs. Chase.

Executive Committee.

A meeting of the Executive Committee was held last night.

It was recommended that the signs at the upper and lower bridges in reference to driving over the same be repainted.

The recommendation of the Market Committee in reference to the reconstruction of the stands in the butter market was passed.

That the sum of $100 be advanced to the contractor of the footbridge.

District Intelligence.

Messrs. Crossley and Hunter open a two weeks' engagement at Peterborough to-morrow.

The Deseronto council have passed a by-law to limit the number of taverns to five and shop licenses to two, the duties for each to be $200.

Last Sunday morning a three year old child of Mr. Miller, a section man at Birdsall station, picked up a cent and placed it in its mouth. The coin slipped down and lodged below the palate. Every effort was made by the affrighted parents to relieve the child, and Dr. Couglin was sent for, but before he arrived it had passed down into the stomach.

Twelve Trenton boys have been suspended from school by the board for locking their teacher in an empty room for an hour.

Woman's Missionary Society.

An interesting meeting of the Bridge St. and Tabernacle Auxiliaries to the Women's Missionary Society, presided over by Mrs. Wm. Johnson and Mrs. Copeland, was held in the parlor of Bridge St. church on Friday afternoon. The members of these Societies and of the Mission bands showed their warm sympathy in the great Missionary enterprise by attending in large numbers. Responsive Scripture reading, led by Miss Higginbotham, appropriate hymns accompanied on the piano by Miss Drury, and prayer by Mrs. Copeland, opened the meeting, after which a fine programme, consisting of readings by Mrs. Elliott, Mrs. McCurdy, Miss Gould, and Mrs. Lewis ; a recitation by Miss Hudgins ; a piano solo, "Nearer, my God, to Thee," by Miss Louie Holden ; and a vocal solo by Miss Lake, was well carried out, and listened to with rapt attention by all present. During the course of the meeting, a telegram respecting Miss Andrews' condition, received by Mr. W. H. Gordon, was read, and on a motion made by Mrs. Flint, a resolution expressing the heartfelt sympathy of the Societies with her in her present severe affliction, was telegraphed to Miss Andrews. A collection, amounting to $4, was taken up, and devotional exercises closed a very profitable and well spent hour.

MADOC.

Two Runaways—A Horse Killed.

(From our own Correspondent.)

MADOC, March 1st, 1889.

This morning Mr. McEwen, of Rawdon, was driving his team out of the Windsor Hotel yards. As he reached the street Mr. Yarker, an employe of the hotel, was shaking a carpet on the sidewalk. The team took fright and plunged down the street at a terrific speed ; turning the corner at A. B. Ross' store ; striking an old plough that was lying on the street, the handle of which went into the horse's neck, opening the jugular vein. The horse died five minutes after being struck.

Shortly after the McEwen runaway Mr. Robert Rollins was in front of the post office with a team of colts. In turning the cutter was upset, throwing Mr. Rollins to the ground. The horses ran away, dragging Mr. Rollins for some distance. He was obliged to let go the lines, but the horses were soon after stopped without doing much damage.

THE Imperial Oil Refining Company, of Petrolia, is the principal oil refining company in Canada. They send out about 60 per cent. of all Canadian oil used. One of their favorite brands is "Silver Star," for which A. L. Geen is their Belleville agent.

MOTHERS who have delicate children can see them daily improve and gain in flesh and strength by giving them that perfect food and medicine, *Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil, with Hypophosphites.* Dr. W. A. Hulbert, of Salisbury, Ills., says : "I have used Scott's Emulsion in cases of Scrofula and Debility. Results more gratifying. My little patients take it with pleasure." Sold by all druggists, 50c. and $1.00.

—The Afghan forces are advancing from Herat, and the Emir of Bokhara is preparing to attack them.

—President Cleveland yesterday held his last public reception, which was attended by over 2,000 persons, most of them ladies.

—The United States Congress has declined to vote the money for the proposed tour of Canadian public men through the States.

—The election of aldermen in Montreal took place yesterday. Important changes were made in the *personnel* of the City Council.

—Yesterday representatives of the Ontario Fruitgrowers' Association had a satisfactory interview with Hon. Chas. Drury in reference to Government aid to enable the association to send representatives to the Farmers' Institutes.

SHILOH'S CATARRH REMEDY—a positive cure for Catarrh, Diptheria and Canker Mouth. For sale by D. M. Waters.

Pigott's Suicide.

THE BODY FULLY IDENTIFIED.

LONDON Eng., March 2.—A despatch from Madrid says the man who committed suicide yesterday has been identified as Pigott by the officials of the British Embassy.

Presentation to President Harrison.

Before the departure of President-elect Harrison from Indianapolis on Tuesday last, for the White House at Washington, he was made the recipient of a handsome toilet valise, on behalf of the Commercial Travellers' Club. Mr. Thomas S. Quincey, a former Belleville boy, and president of the Club, made the presentation. The following is his address to the President :

General, the contents of the satchel being of pure silver is emblematical of your purity of life ; the clasp being triple gold-plated indicates that you were tried by fire at Peach Tree Creek, second by the hot fire of Democratic opposition in the Senate of your country, and third through a political campaign as the standard-bearer of the Republican party, and like gold thrice tried by fire came out of the public crucible more pure than when you entered the arena of public life. This satchel is not presented from any consideration of your forefathers, but as a compliment to your individual worth. Take it with you wherever you go. It will ever lead you to the best in the land, and we venture to assure you to the best accommodations the country affords. While the present trip is but for four years, we have no doubt that, should it become necessary to duplicate the order, the gripsack will be in such condition that it will be fit to accompany you.

Your nomination was achieved in Chicago, and we congratulate ourselves that it is our privilege to now, the last day of your residence at your old home, be permitted to bestow this memento of our regard, assuring you of our good will and our hearty support to you and your Administration throughout your term of office ; believing that not only ourselves but the country will join with us at the expiration of the same in saying, "Well and faithfully done."

THE PARNELL COMMISSION.

Pigott's Falsehoods Again Shown Up

LONDON, March 1.—The Parnell Commission re-assembled this morning. The Court refused to allow Mr. Houston, Secretary of the Irish Loyal and Patriotic Union, to make a personal statement or to hand to the Court a written document, on the ground that the time was inconvenient. Messrs. O'Kelly, Davitt and Campbell, Mr. Parnell's secretary, swore that they did not write the letters ascribed to them by Pigott. Mr. Justin McCarthy also testified. He denied that he had had an interview with Pigott. Mr. Lewis, solicitor for Mr. Parnell, testified that he told Pigott that the letters not being negotiable he could not be prosecuted for forgery, but was liable to prosecution for obtaining money under false pretences. Witness declared he had not promised Pigott a farthing.

Mr. Labouchere testified that he had never offered Pigott £1,000 if he would swear that the letters were forged, as sworn to by Pigott. He said that before the Commission opened somebody named O'Brien had offered him a packet of letters which were said to have been written by Messrs. Egan and Parnell. He did not know O'Brien.

Mr. Soames, solicitor for the *Times*, produced the documents on which Pigott's evidence was based.

A NASAL INJECTOR free with each bottle of Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. Price 50 cents. Sold by D. M. Waters.

A Millionaire Cabinet.

General Harrison will be surrounded by a much richer set of advisers than President Cleveland has around him. This is a rough estimate of the wealth represented in the Executive Department of the Government under this administration at its beginning, and the wealth that will probably be represented under Harrison :

Cleveland's Cabinet		*Harrison's Cabinet*	
Cleveland ..	$ 200,000	Harrison....	$ 200 000
Hendricks..	100,000	Morton	10,000,000
Bayard	50,000	Blaine	,000 000
Manning ...	200 000	Windom	5,000 000
Endicott ...	200,000	Alger	15,000,000
Whitney ...	2,000 000	Thomas	1,000,000
Lamar	25 000	Wannamaker	10,000,000
Vilas	560,000		
Garland ...	50,000	Total	$42,200,000
Total....	$3,325,000		

This table omits the Secretary of the Interior and the Attorney General, who are pretty sure to foot up another million, making the total $43,200,000. Or, omitting Alger, who is an uncertainty, and supposing that a poor one-millionaire like Jerry Rusk should become Secretary of War, $29,000,000 would still be represented by the Executive Department of the next administration.—*Philadelphia Record.*

A Fair Tiger Killer.

Lady Eva Quinn, who has killed in the last year five tigers with her own rifle, is an Irishwoman, the daughter of the late Earl of Mayo, and is pretty in the typical Irish way, with rosy cheeks, gray eyes, and curling black hair. Her uncle is Lord Connemara, who is Governor of the Madras Presidency, and Captain Quinn, her husband, has until recently been employed as the Governor's private secretary. Lady Eva is a perfect Amazon, and fears nothing on the earth or the waters under the earth. She has the British passion for killing things, and shot at everything lawful to shoot at on the continent of Europe, before sailing to India with the ambition and purpose of killing man eaters. Her uncle, being Governor of Madras, facilitated her purpose, and she persuaded him to take Captain Quinn as secretary, while she went on the war-path, and with her aim so keen, she reaped the man-eaters at a breath and the tigresses in between, and she became the heroine of the Presidency. She was more looked up to by the natives and more courted by the residents than the Governor himself, for the killer of tigers is a person of importance in India.

SHILOH'S CURE will immediately relieve Croup, Whooping Cough and Bronchitis. Sold by D. M. Waters.

Bishop Lewis' Marriage.

A Ceremony Marked by Unique Features.

A correspondent writes to the *Whig* : "The wedding of Mrs. Ada Leigh to the Bishop of Ontario was marked by unique features. I have never heard before of a bishop's bride with a family of forty children. I hasten to add that the two score little ones were all adopted. Those of them who were of age to behave themselves in church were present at the ceremony which transformed their benefactress into a 'bishopess.' I never saw more charming dots in my life. All of them were little girls. Blue was the color of their frocks, their cloaks and hoods. The bride did not wear a veil. She is not graceful, but is a singularly gracious person, comely and pleasant to behold. The Bishop of Ontario is to be congratulated upon having such a wife. The little girls in blue fell in a sort of procession behind the bride. She was very composed. The bridegroom seemed to make a point of uttering his part of the marriage words very distinctly, and was audible at some distance off."

AS A PICK ME UP after excessive exertion or exposure, Milburn's Beef, Iron and Wine is grateful and comforting.

THEY COME NOT SINGLY.

ANOTHER RAILWAY TRAGEDY ON THE GRAND TRUNK.

A Freight Train Crashes into a Passenger Car at Paris—Two Persons Instantly Killed—The St. George Disaster.

PARIS, Ont., March 1.—Paris had not yet recovered from the excitement and horror attendant on the fearful catastrophe at St. George on Wednesday, when the town was again startled by the news of another fatal accident. The mixed train running from Brantford to Stratford was standing at the Paris station when the passenger car at the rear was run into by a freight. Two flat cars attached to the mixed train were driven quite through the passenger coach, which was completely wrecked, one flat car being piled on top of the other.

There were at the time three passengers in the coach—Mrs. Law, a widow lady, and her 10-year-old grand-daughter of Drumbo, and Mr. Inglis of Brantford. Mr Yaws, a friend who accompanied Mr. Ingles, got off at the station and was walking up and down the platform, when he saw the freight coming at a high speed. He cried out to those in the coach:

"Jump for your lives!"

Mr. Inglis rushed to the door and got off just in time, but the other two were unable to do so and were crushed in the wreck, death probably being instantaneous.

Mrs. Law was a sister of Mrs. Bell, a Paris baker. She came to town yesterday to attend the induction services of Rev. Mr. Cockburn, pastor-elect of Dumfries-street Presbyterian Church here, whom she had known when a boy. She was on her way home and had been on the car but a few minutes when she met her awful death.

The driver of the freight had never been on this road before. His run is on the main line, but since the St. George accident the main line trains go round by Brantford. There is a heavy grade just east of Paris station and at Brantford the driver was told to put on all power in order to clear the grade with his heavy train. The mixed should have left Paris an hour-and-a-half previous, and the freight driver, supposing the road clear, had on a full head of steam.

When he saw the semaphore up he shut off steam and put on the brakes and as soon as he saw the mixed he reversed his engine, but the speed was so great he could not stop.

Coroner Webster was summoned by telephone from St. George, where he had just closed the inquest on the St. George accident. A coroner's jury was soon empanelled and appointed Mr. John Allan as foreman. The jury viewed the bodies, Dr. Sinclair made the examination and the jury adjourned to meet at 9 a.m. to-morrow.

THE ST. GEORGE DISASTER.

Death of Fireman Angles, the Eleventh Victim—The Latest Particulars.

LONDON, Ont., March 1.—Fireman Henry Angles, who was injured in the late accident to the St. Louis express at St. George, died at his home here at 1.30 this morning. Angles had been in two serious accidents before and escaped. He was firing for Engineer Cox when their engine struck an open bridge at Merritton. He jumped and was saved while Cox was killed. When the Port Stanley excursion train dashed into an oil train at St. Thomas in July, 1887, and many were burnt and killed, Angles was firing for Engineer Donnelly. Angles escaped by jumping but his mate was killed. In Wednesday's disaster the engineer stuck to his post and escaped injury while Angles again jumped, his head striking an abutment of the bridge in his descent.

The death of Angles swells the death roll to eleven.

The Unknown Victim.

ST. GEORGE, March 1.—The interest and excitement was but little abated to-day. Visitors from the surrounding country and towns have been pouring in all day to witness the scene of the wreck. The railway company have 200 men employed repairing the bridge and it is expected by working all night that trains can pass safely over to-morrow.

No one has yet succeeded in identifying the lady taken from the dining car. Her remains had been sent to Brantford as Miss Moore, then sent to Ingersoll as Miss McLeod, where they now remain. There was nothing in her pockets to identify her, and the conductor has no recollection of her. She was about 30 years of age and had dark hair and rather thin features. Her cloak is at the station.

The Injured Doing Well.

ST. GEORGE, March 1.—The medical staff's report on the victims of the bridge accident is on the whole encouraging in every case, although at this early date it is impossible to forecast results with any degree of certainty. Mr. W. Benedict passed a good night. Dr. Lequesne is somewhat easier. Mr. and Mrs. Marshall are doing well. Miss Andrews has slightly improved during the night ; her case is very serious. Miss McLeod and Miss Chaffee and Mr. and Mrs. Badden are doing nicely. Mr. McLaughlin is somewhat better. Mrs. Jennings and daughter are favorable. Conductor Revell and Mr. Doutney are doing well. George Forbes is doing better; in Mr. Hilton improvement is hardly noticeable. W. J. Hyslop is still in a very bad condition. He is a member of the Bricklayers' Union. Mrs. Sendall is doing favorably. The others are all improving as well as can be expected.

The lady reported as Captain Moore in the list of killed is an error. Captain Moore was here yesterday. The deceased lady had a refined appearance, and was apparently married. She had a wedding ring on her hand. No enquiries have been received, and there is nothing so far to identify her. She was taken from the dining car a few minutes after expiring.

The G. T. R. Company are working unceasingly, and will have the bridge repaired in a short time. All postal, express and passenger traffic are done through the regular bus accommodation to Harrisburg.

He Leaves Three Orphan Children.

PORT HOPE, March 1.—The body of the late Mr. Thos. McLean of Detroit, who was killed at St. George on Wednesday night, was brought here to-day. The funeral takes place to-morrow at 4 p.m. from the residence of Mr. James McLean. The deceased, who lost his wife some time ago, leaves three small children, whom he was on his way to Port Hope to see when he was killed.

THE COMPANY EXONERATED.

The Inquest Finished—A Lot of Expert Evidence—The Broken Tire.

ST. GEORGE, March 1.—The inquest was resumed in the Mechanics' Institute at 10.30 this forenoon before Coroner Webster of Paris. Mr. Nelson was the first witness. He a road-master, has supervision of the work and was over that portion of the road the day prior to the accident. He said:

My beat is from Suspension Bridge to Paris on this line; there is a curve between the west switch and the bridge where the accident occurred; there are several other curves more abrupt than this one; there are two switches; the curve continues to opposite the depot; never heard of this part of the road being particularly dangerous; the road-bed and track is in first-class repair; I don't regard it as more dangerous than any other part of the system ; I examined the switches yesterday morning after the mishap ; both were in first-class repair ; the east switch had been damaged by the locomotive ; had repairs attended to towards the bridge ; the track had spread ; the west switch and track are all right ; about two weeks ago I made a personal examination of the place ; the rails were spread by the accident about 300 yards east of the bridge ; I think two wheels would be off the track when entering upon the bridge ; there is no contrivance to keep the wheels on the track ; have seen additional rails on bridges, but don't think it is any additional protection.

To a juryman—Cannot account for the tire breaking ; am not an expert ; there are guard tenders on either side of the track.

Mr. Hobson (recalled)—Made examinations last night and this morning from the west switch down to the bridge ; there is a correction I want to make in my testimony of yesterday ; had the switches measured ; the distance from bridge to first switch is 352 feet ; from first switch to the west switch is 871 feet ; the total distance is 1223 feet from the bridge to west switch ; as to curves, the east end of the curve is 120 feet east of the east switch ; the other end of the curve is 250 feet west of the west switch ; the radius of the curves is 11,460, that is to say, 900 feet more than two miles ; it is an easy curve. Witness put in a plan of the bridge, switches, etc. Don't know of another curve that is so exceptionally easy as the one at this bridge ; don't consider guard rails of use to prevent danger ; we don't use them on the bridges ; there is only one bridge where we have guard rails; the best precaution that can be used is to keep the track in perfect order and we do so. Witness gave the reasons why guard rails had been abolished. It was not a question of cost; it was safer without them; we have two bridges east of us larger than this; am not a mechanic and cannot express any opinion about the tire breaking.

John Plummer, baggageman, was re-called: He had said that it was a dangerous place; in approaching the west switch have noticed a lurch in the baggage car; I am always on my feet sorting letters and papers at this point, and probably feel it more than the passengers; there is one place trainmen consider more dangerous than this, namely, the Dundas grade, where the speed is reduced by order of the company; the speed is not reduced at St. George; the driver of the train was going on his time card rate, 45 miles per hour, when the accident happened ; I consider the bridge one of the safest on the road; there are other switches which we strike as hard as this.

Dr. Patten testified with reference to the injuries of a number of those who were killed.

A. H. Smith (recalled): I examined the remainder of the tire this morning; found the other portion of the tire which with this makes a complete tire. It was perfect so far as could be seen beyond the continuance of this mark or slight seam for the distance of ¼ inch longitudinally along the interior face of the tire; the seam extends all the way across the face of the piece produced ; this seam went about ¼ inch into the remainder of tire; I cannot say that that mark was caused by the breaking of the tire or whether it was the occasion of the break ; if it were established that that were an old flaw it might have been the cause of the break ; the breaking of the tire was the cause of the accident; the tire has been turned down two or three times, I think twice; about ¼ of an inch is generally taken off when turned down; could not say that the seam was in when turned down last; from existing circumstances I would say that the flaw existed before the accident; a tire will break sometimes before it has had any wear.

Panel No. 1, Wm. Snowball, foreman, returned this verdict :

They became dislodged from the rails of the said railway, caused by the breaking of the tire of one of the wheels of the said engine, by reason of which Wm. Wemp et el. received divers mortal wounds, of which the said deceased persons died. We also exonerate the railway company and their employes from any blame in the matter, but would respectfully recommend that the company cause all fast trains to slacken their speed when approaching the St. George station, especially east bound trains.

Parcel No. 2, Davin Cope, foreman, after reciting the death of Mrs. Higgins from the accident, continued their verdict as follows:

We would recommend that passenger trains should be slowed in approaching the bridge and go over the same at the rate of about 12 miles an hour.

THE LAST OF DICK PIGOTT

HE COMMITS SUICIDE IN A HOTEL AT MADRID.

Debate on Mr. Morley's Amendment to the Address—The Amendment Lost by 79 Majority.

LONDON, March 1.—In the House of Commons to-night Mr. Gladstone resumed the debate on the address in reply to the Queen's speech. He said that there were three main issses raised in the amendment under discussion. The House was called upon entirely to disclaim the present administration of the Irish Government. It was asserted that to the system was due the aversion of the people of Great Britain, and finally the House was asked to adopt measures of conciliation. In conclusion Mr. Gladstone said:

"To continue the state of things under which so many representatives of this House are placed under a ban of proscription is impossible. You may deprive of its grace and freedom the act you are asked to do, but avert it you cannot. [Prolonged cheers.] To prevent the consummation of it is utterly beyond your power. It seems to approach at an accelerated rate but, come slower or quicker, it is surely coming; and many of you who have opposed it must already see in the handwriting on the wall signs of the coming doom." [Cheers.]

Mr. Goschen replied and was followed by Mr. Parnell, who was greeted with enthusiastic cheers, all the members of the Opposition rising and waving their hats.

Mr. Morley's amendment was rejected 339 to 260.

Suicide of Pigott.

MADRID, March 1.—An Englishman, supposed to be Richard Pigott, was arrested at the Hotel des Ambassadeurs to-day under the name of Ronald Ponsonby.

The man afterwards committed suicide with a revolver.

NEW BRUNSWICK NEWS.

The Harbor Question—Finances of St. John—The Terminus Delegation.

ST. JOHN, N.B., March 1.—The question of placing the harbor in commission was before the city council to-day. As a result of the deliberations a bill will be submitted to the Legislature asking for an act enabling the question to be submitted to a yea and nay vote of the electors. The election will be held on the 21st of May.

The chamberlain's report of St. John finances shows the debt of the city to be $1,142,786, being a decrease of over $3000 from last year. The cash investments of the city, ready to meet debentures when due, are $262,000, being an increase of $12,000 over last year.

The common council appointed Mayor Thorene, Aldermen Peters, Robertson and Smith as their delegation to proceed to Ottawa to present the claims of St. John as a mail steamship terminus.

MURDER AT CALGARY.

A Dissolute Woman Killed and Horribly Mutilated—An Inquest Begun.

WINNIPEG, March 1.—A horrible murder was perpetrated at Calgary yesterday. The body of a woman known as Rosalie was discovered in a room over the Turf Club saloon last night, where she had been with Wm. Fisk during the afternoon.

Fisk gave himself up to the police declaring that he knew nothing of the affair but that as suspicion might attach to him he wished to clear himself.

On entering the room the walls were found spattered with blood and the bed smeared.

The body was fearfully mutilated and cut with a blunt instrument.

An inquest was begun to-night.

The town of Simcoe yesterday voted to purchase a steam fire engine.

That C. U. Resolution.

The Premier and Prominent Grits Speak of it.

(Correspondence of the Empire.)

OTTAWA, March 1.—Mr. Charlton lost no time this afternoon in informing the House that he had received a telegram from his friend Congressman Hitt, announcing the adoption of a commercial union resolution in the American House of Representatives. He did so with an unmistakable air of elation. Later on he talked freely about the matter, and seemed to be in a very happy frame of mind.

How does this resolution comport with the views of the Liberal party ? he was asked.

It must be considered as favorable, he replied.

It is limited, however, to commercial union. Would the Liberol party accept that ?

No, we prefer to have unrestricted reciprocity in natural products.

But you declared at one time as a party in favor of commercial union.

No, not as a party. Some of the leaders did, but we have altered that and declared in favor of unrestricted reciprocity and against commercial union.

Then how will this resolution, passed at Washington, give you comfort ?

Because it shows a disposition on the part of Congress to come to terms and to negotiate for wider commercial relations.

Sir Richard Cartwright was hardly less joyful, but did not seem to attach so much of hope to the new turn of affairs as his colleague.

Would this resolution be acceptable to you, taking the broad view of the words commercial union ? The *Empire* representative asked.

That is a question it would not be easy to answer. Commercial union is a term that has been wrongly used. I attach only the meaning to it which I gave last session.

Then, how would you regard the resolution of Mr. Hitt ?

As an olive branch held out to us. This is, of course, an expiring Congress, but the resolution must be regarded as important when coming from a Republican. I should say that it gives cause for the hope that they will trade with us on desirable terms.

Sir John Macdonald was not overcome by the news. He said, when spoken to about the matter : I was not in the House when the character of the resolution was referred to, but if Congress has passed a resolution in favor of commercial union we are very glad of it.

Would you attach much importance to it ?

No ; it cannot be regarded as anything more than evidence of a friendly feeling which we are of course gratified to see.

FOR NETTLE RASH, Summer Heat and general toilet purposes, use Low's Sulphur Soap.

SPRING STOCK
—OF—
BOOTS-AND-SHOES
—AT—
HAINES & LOCKETT'S.

We are determined to maintain our reputation for selling the best quality of Boots and Shoes in the city for the money.
HAINES & LOCKETT.

NEW GOODS,

NEW CORSETS, NEW HOSIERY, NEW EMBROIDERIES, NEW JERSEYS, and the finest stock of MEN'S NECKWEAR in the city.

J. HENNESSY

☞Our terms are strictly cash, and the lowest price in the city.

-NEW .·. GOODS-
—AT—
FISH'S.

NEW NECKWEAR,
NEW COLLARS AND CUFFS,
NEW WHITE DRESS SHIRTS,
NEW KID GLOVES,
NEW WHITE TIES,
New goods coming to hand daily.

A. E. FISH & CO.,
The noted Shirt Makers and Gents' Furnishers, 260 Front St.
☞All winter goods at great reductions.

AUCTION SALE.

I HAVE received instructions from MRS. WM. HUDGINS, to sell at her residence, Forin Street, on

Monday, March 4th,

all the household effects, without reserve—handsome Parlor and Bedroom Suites, Velvet and Brussells Carpets, Parlor Cooking Stove, Singer Sewing Machine, Curtains, Pictures, Dishes, Fancy Tables and Chairs and General Household Sundries.

R. PURDY,
Auctioneer.

253d1w

Lake Winnipeg White Fish,
Salmon Trout,
Salt Water Salmon,
Finnan Haddies,
Boneless Codfish,
Roll Butter,
Fresh Eggs,
Sugar Syrups,
A. KNOX.

DISEASED ∴ BLOOD

SCROFULOUS, INHERITED AND CONTAGIOUS HUMORS CURED BY CUTICURA.

Through the medium of one of your books received through Mr. Frank T. Wray, Druggist, Apollo, Pa., I became acquainted with your CUTICURA REMEDIES, and take this opportunity to testify to you that their use has permanently cured me of one of the worst cases of blood poisoning, in connection with erysipelas, that I have ever seen, and this after having been pronounced incurable by some of the best physicians in our country. I take great pleasure in forwarding to you this testimonial, unsolicited as it is by you, in order that others suffering from similar maladies may be encouraged to give your CUTICURA REMEDIES a trial.

P. S. WHITLINGER, Leechburg, Pa.

Reference: F. T. WRAY, Druggist, Apollo, Pa.

SCROFULOUS ULCERS

James E. Richardson, Custom House, New Orleans, on oath says: "In 1870 Scrofulous Ulcers broke out on my body until I was a mass of corruption. Everything known to the medical faculty was tried in vain. I became a mere wreck. At times could not lift my hands to my head, could not turn in bed; was in constant pain, and looked upon life as a curse. No relief or cure in ten years. In 1880 I heard of the CUTICURA REMEDIES, used them, and was perfectly cured."

Sworn to before U. S. Com. J.D. CRAWFORD.

ONE OF THE WORST CASES

We have been selling your CUTICURA REMEDIES for years, and have the first complaint yet to receive from a purchaser. One of the worst cases of Scrofula I ever saw was cured by the use of five bottles of CUTICURA RESOLVENT, CUTICURA, and CUTICURA SOAP. The Soap takes the "cake" here as a medicinal soap.

TAYLOR & TAYLOR, Druggists, Frankfort, Kan.

SCROFULOUS, INHERITED,

And Contagious Humors, with Loss of Hair, and Eruptions of the Skin, are positively cured by CUTICURA and CUTICURA SOAP externally, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT internally, when all other medicines fail.

Sold everywhere. Price, CUTICURA 75c; SOAP 35c.; RESOLVENT, $1.50. Prepared by the POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO., Boston, Mass.

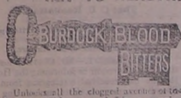
☞Send for "How to Cure Skin Diseases," 64 pages, 50 illustrations, and 100 testimonials.

PIMPLES, black-heads, chapped and oily skin prevented by CUTICURA MEDICATED SOAP.

UTERINE PAINS

And Weakness instantly relieved by the CUTICURA ANTI-PAIN PLASTER a Perfect Antidote to Pain, Inflammation and Weakness. A new, instantaneous and infallible pain-killing plaster. 30 cents.

KEY TO HEALTH.



Unlocks all the clogged avenues of the Bowels, Kidneys and Liver, carrying off gradually without weakening the system, all the impurities and foul humors of the secretions; at the same time Correcting Acidity of the Stomach, curing Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Headaches, Dizziness, Heartburn, Constipation, Dryness of the Skin, Dropsy, Dimness of Vision, Jaundice, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Scrofula, Fluttering of the Heart, Nervousness and General Debility; all these and many other similar Complaints yield to the happy influence of BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS.

Sample Bottles 10c; Regular size $1.

For sale by all dealers.

T. MILBURN & CO., Proprietors, Toronto

Pond - Lily - Cream.

A delightful Toilet article. Not a face paint or powder; does not cover over but cures. Used in connection with Pond Lily Liver Pellets and Pond Lily Soap most effectually and positively removes Pimples, Freckles, Tan, Black Specks, Blotches, allays all irritation after shaving, or any itchiness of the skin from whatever cause and all roughness from the face, hands, neck and arms, leaving them beautifully white and velvety. Sold by wholesale dealers and druggists everywhere. Pond Lily Cream, 25 cents; Pond Lily Liver Pellets, 25 cents; Pond Lily Skin Soap, 15 cents. S. PERRIN, Chemist, Manufacturer and Proprietor for Canada.

SMOKE
"BILL NYE"
CIGARS.
--FIVE CENTS.--

SMOKE
"CREME
DE LA CREME"
CIGARS.
--TEN CENTS.--

ARMBRECHT'S
TONIC COCA WINE

FOR FATIGUE OF MIND AND BODY AND SLEEPLESSNESS.

"Experience and scientific analysis reveal to us in Coca the most tonic plant in the Vegetable Kingdom."—*Manuel Fuentes.*

"It (Coca) is, in a word, the most powerful restorer of the vital forces."—*Dr. Schmeik.*

ARMBRECHT'S COCA WINE, though more tonic in its properties than Iron or Quinine,

NEVER CONSTIPATES.

See Medical Reviews. For sale by leading druggists throughout the world.

ARMBRECHT, NELSON & CO.
2 Duke St., Grosvenor Sq.,
LONDON.

Wood! Wood!

I AM now selling at the West Belleville Central Wood Yard all kinds of Hard and mixed wood, cut and uncut, which I will deliver to any part of the city. Remember the place, the West Belleville Central Wood Yard, just a few steps from the Foot Bridge.

EDWARD NEWMAN.

THE PUZZLER

No. 334.—A Hidden Proverb.

Select rightly one word from each of the following quotations and the whole will form a very common proverb:

"Prove all things; hold fast that which is good."

"Oh, a dainty plant is the ivy green!"

"Be wisely worldly; be not worldly wise."

"For me the gold of France did not seduce."

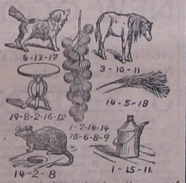
"I will know your business—that I will."

"The field yet glitters with the pomp of war."

No. 335.—A Cross Word Enigma.

My first is in hamper, but not in basket;
My second is in battle, but not in fight;
My third is in piano, but not in music;
My fourth is in muffin, but not in crumpet;
My fifth is in tarragon, but not in chervil;
My whole is a thing you will find in every greenhouse.

No. 336.—Pictorial Enigma for Little Folk.



Arrange the letters that form the names of the small pictures in the order shown by the figures and you will find three things that every boy and girl likes.

No. 337.—A Curious Menagerie.

Take this menagerie for what it is worth;
I am sure you will find it "the greatest on earth:"

(a) When cold springs are over and seasons are fine,
This of real summer is always a sign.

(b) And this is as certain the winter to show,
When cutters with merry bells glide o'er the snow.

(c) Here's a kind nurse, our hospital queen!

(d) And here are some gloves, for a dude it would seem.

(e) A wife, it is said, put this in a peck
Whenever her husband she wanted to check.

(f) These on his cloak a soldier should wear;

(g) This carries a vessel right over the bar.

(h) Here are four castles, each ready to fight
To preserve for their king his legitimate right.

(i) With this the Black Prince [used] to cover his face;
Beau Brummel touched his with most exquisite grace.

No. 338.—Behead and Curtail.

(a) I am a fireplace—curtail me, and I am the fireplace of the body; curtail me again, and I am to distinguish sounds; behead me, and I am that which distinguishes sound.

(b) I am to detest—curtail me, and I am unwilling; behead me, and I am a vow; curtail me, and I am a grain; behead, and I am a preposition.

No. 339.—Original Arithmetic.

Example.—What number becomes even by subtracting one? Answer.—S-even.

(a) What number, by adding one, becomes sound? (b) What number, by adding one, becomes isolated? (c) What number, by inserting one, becomes finely ground meal? (d) What number, by subtracting one, becomes a vegetable growth? (e) What number, by subtracting one, becomes a preposition? (f) What number, by subtracting one, becomes an exclamation?

No. 340.—A Charade.

'Tis as a name for a thief that our first will occur,
Or a pickpocket sly, if you should prefer;
Next's congenial, of the same nature or kind,
While the whole's a small cup for you to find.

No. 341.—Conundrums.

(a) What is that condition of life from which if you take all trouble there will yet remain some?

(b) What was it that Livingston had once, Lincoln twice and Longfellow three times, and yet each had about him all his lifetime?

(c) When does the rain become too familiar to a lady?

(d) Why may carpenters reasonably believe there is no such thing as stone?

The man who said he was down on geese must have a very small opinion of himself.

Key to the Puzzler.

No. 328.—The Graces and the Muses:

The least number that will answer this question is twelve; for if we suppose that each Grace gave one to each Muse, the latter would each have three, and there would remain three for each Grace. (Any multiple of twelve will answer the conditions of the question.)

No. 329.—A Square and a Diamond:

H O R S E — A
O C E A N — A P E
R E B U T — A P P L E
S A U C E — E L M
E N T E R — E

No. 330.—A Love Affair:

I saw Esau kissing Kate,
The fact is all three saw;
I saw Esau, he saw me,
And she saw I saw Esau.

No. 331.—Transposition: Now-won-snow-bank—Snowbank.

No. 332.—Acrostic:

J ulius Cæsar. — L istz.
E laine. — I sabella.
N apoleon. — N athan Hale.
N ewton. — D emeter.
Y oung.

No. 333.—An Easy Anagram: Train.

Scares That Cause Illness.

There can be little doubt that people are made sick by reading so much of the dangers of one sort or another. Now it is a leprosy scare, again a smallpox or yellow fever or cholera scare, and all the time sensational pathologists magnifying or creating diseases innumerable. Sensible people will not dwell upon such subjects, or make them a terror to others. Banish all such thought. Think of wholesome things and keep busy in good works.—Galveston News.

The corset, though railed against by a few dress reformers, will not go. It has a good grip on its wearers, and, as it were, has come to stay.—New Orleans Picayune.

The people in a western town are complaining because a local undertaker displays his coffins on the sidewalk outside of his office, with prices attached, just like the furniture dealers.

Daily Intelligencer.

A Would-be Lover's Query.

"Would this dainty white hand of yours
Be mine, or—the manicure's?"
He thought, as he pressed to his lips
The fragrant, rosy finger tips.

"In our little battle of life,
Would it be of aid in the strife?
Nor is this tinted, shell-like nail
For such rough usage much too frail?

"Do you—if I may be so bold
Shape your mind in such careful mold?
Or could you all your knowledge grasp
In your delicate finger clasp?

"Should poverty come, by and by,
Would love, sadly frightened, fly,
If I should, in great stress, ask
You to do some commonplace task?

"Should ask you, for instance, to make
A shirt, to mend, or brew, or bake?
By Jove! I would not dare do it,
Lest I should forever rue it.

"So while its beauty entrances,
I think I'll not take the chances
That your pink palm was made to hold,
Not my love, but somebody's gold."

James Harold Reid.

HINTS FOR YOUNG GIRLS.

A Famous Novelist's Advice to Young Women of To-Day.

What Should be the Basis of the Modern Girl's Manner?—Praise for the American Woman—The Gentler Sex Outnumbering the "Lords of Creation"—Independence Makes Better Wives and Mothers—Comfort for Mistaken Marriages—Wherein lies the Power of Woman—The pathway of a Young Girl's Life—Mrs. Alexander's Sensible Words to Young Women.

LONDON, Feb. 12.—There are few changes so marked and complete as the manner of a girl in the "eighties" and that of a young lady thirty or forty years ago.

The timid air, downcast looks, the blushes, the absence of self assertion which were considered the correct style, not only for debutantes, but even for girls of many seasons, have been replaced by fearless if not bold glances, extreme composure, readiness to express opinions, which are generally decided, in proportion to the speaker's youth, and a very clear notion as to personal rights. This sounds like an ugly contrast, yet it is possible that society is no loser by the change, if blushes and timidity be exchanged for earnestness and love of truth.

Truth in thought and expression ought to be the basis of the modern girl's manner. She is bound by the increasing breadth of her knowledge and training to be sincere, to cast aside all petty affectations, all false seeming, and to endeavor with what power of heart and brain she possesses to think out honestly all that offers for consideration.

This reality need not wear the frightful mask of abruptness and egotism. A sound-hearted girl will never be unmindful of others. Nor is strength less strong because its quartz is flecked with the gold of tenderness. Neither need truth be too outspoken. Silence respecting the inner holies of conviction is always permissible. The restfulness of simplicity and sincerity gives a charm to manner, which must be felt to be appreciated, and, beyond this, the repose of mind and heart from which it springs is a blessing beyond price. Think of being always just your own self, while the increasing graces of tolerance, judgment and consideration become no mere lacquered ornaments, but the steady growth of conviction and self control, deeply rooted in the subsoil of the heart. A girl so enriched is doubly endowed with the strength of self-respect within and the infinite attraction of naturalness without.

Perhaps it is not necessary to insist so much on the charm of naturalness to American girls; they are said to possess it in an eminent degree. We have not had the pleasure of knowing many, but the American women we have met are certainly delightful from their frank fearlessness.

Another remarkable change brought about by the new necessities of modern life, is the independence and freedom of women.

In most countries we are gradually outnumbering the men. The result is we must work for ourselves if we can find no one to work for us, and the dearest wish of each girl's heart ought to be independence—the power of maintaining herself.

No women will make the worse wife or mother because she has acquired accuracy, punctuality and adaptibility in learning a trade or profession; rather will she be the more capable of managing the details of her own house.

In this condition of things I see the prospect of great moral improvement. What woman, save the scum and dregs of her own sex, would contract marriage with any man, not already dear to her, could she maintain herself by honest work? The terrible necessity of bartering herself for food and clothes and shelter, which has influenced many a timid, untrained, helpless woman, will gradually be banished from civilized life.

Also will the stigma attached to the term "old maid" pass away when more unmarried women deserve the description once given by a shrewd old Scotchman, "They just gather together the odds and ends and draw many a castaway to shore." What a boon the "auntie" is to many an overtasked mother and struggling family when the tenderness and endurance unneeded by her own immediate surroundings are freely distributed among her kinsfolk and acquaintance.

Nor do I see why a girl should be ashamed of having given her heart to a man whose attentions she has misunderstood, or who has misled her. If his heart is evil, hers may be good, and the wisest make mistakes. There is no shame in loving heartily and faithfully, provided self is respected, and bleeding wounds be not displayed to the half compassionate, half contemptuous passers by.

In the relations of marriage, too, though men have a flattering ideal of clinging ivy round a sturdy oak, there are none of them who will not be thankful if the realities of married life prove to him that he has a partner whose courage and common sense make her a real helpmate, always provided that the steel gauntlet is duly hidden by a velvet glove. Weakness is always objectionable; it is more apt to be awkward than graceful, more ready to lapse from the curves of beauty into wavering unsightliness of outline than the strength which can be delicate as well as firm. Nor need strength create that most painful and reprehensible sense of rivalry with, or unsympathetic resistance to, man which is one of the curious—let us hope, mushroom—growths of the present day.

The negative and positive poles of the human race ought to dwell together in unity, without any hateful notions of superiority or inferiority. Nature has struck the true balance between us, whatever the temporary variations of the scale may be. To our fathers, brothers, lovers, we owe warm affection, loyal services, ready sympathy, and niggardliness in the free gifts will not improve them nor benefit ourselves. What if their ranks, like our own, are largely sprinkled with the dishonest, the selfish, cruel, cowardly, or mean—it is not by twitting each other with our respective faults and creating resentful soreness, but by provoking each other to love and to good works, that we can struggle upward to a higher mental and moral platform. Nor ought we accuse men of ungenerously withholding rights and privileges which we only now dream of claiming. They will grant what they must and no more. Nor would it do us any good if they did. On our own heads be it, if we do not rise above our former standing. In proportion to self-improvement and quiet strength will be the power of woman.

As in greater things, the fundamental principle rules all, and the girl who masters her own tendency to trifling and self indulgence, who lives in the lives of others, will never run into extravagance or eccentricities in dress. She will be possessed of a sense of the fitness of things, if not of that sense of beauty we call "good taste," which is given to few, and it is not necessary to offer any "hints" to those who have a guide in their own consciousness.

"Hints to girls" generally include observations on "courtship and marriage," which rank with the inanities of advice on etiquette. The woman who needs instruction how to behave to her lover must be poor indeed in spirit and in heart.

Be strong, then, and of good courage, you young creatures who are just coming to the front of life's battle; fear not at all either to express or to enjoy yourselves; pleasure is good so long as it does not make you selfish and regardless of others. As the men who best bore the cruel cold and privations of Napoleon's terrible Russian campaign were the Italians, who had ripened into rich maturity in the glowing southern sunshine, so those who have a bright, happy youth store up a reserve fund of warmth against the chill winter days, when "it rains, and the wind is never weary."

But youth is not always bright. The immutable laws under which we exist press on all alike, and one of the saddest experiences in life is to see care and sorrow pressing heavily on the immature. Yet even to those whose young days have been thus shaded there remains a reasonable hope which age has not. Their years are nearly all before them. The wild March morning may be deluged with storm driven rain, or chilled by bitter blasts, but not far ahead May, with its soft sunshine, its fresh verdure, its opening buds—the May poets have taught us to believe in—awaits them, than the richness and warmth of full blown summer and the splendor of autumn.

Hope and courage, sincerity and tenderness must always win. Make sure of the citadel of your own souls and leave the rest to the Providence which shapes our ends.

MRS. ALEXANDER.

Nothing Like it.

"I was troubled with liver complaint for a good many years, but was cured by one bottle of Burdock Blood Bitters. I have never found any medicine to help me like B. B. B., in fact one bottle made a complete cure." W. J. West, Parkhill, Ont.

Dangerous Counterfeits.

Counterfeits are always dangerous, more so that they always closely IMITATE THE ORIGINAL IN APPEARANCE AND NAME. The remarkable success achieved by Nasal Balm as a positive cure for Catarrh and Cold in the Head has induced unprincipled parties to imitate it. The public are cautioned not to be deceived by nostrums imitating Nasal Balm in name and appearance, bearing such names as Nasal Cream, Nasal Balsam, etc. Ask for Nasal Balm and do not take any imitation dealers may urge upon you. For sale by all druggists or sent post-paid on receipt of price (50c. and $1,) by addressing Fulford & Co., Brockville, Ont.

Health Failing Fast.

I was swollen from head to foot from dropsy of six months' standing, and my health was failing fast, but after taking one bottle of Burdock Blood Bitters, I am quite well, and think there is no medicine equal to B. B. B., and to it I remain a true friend." Joseph H[illegible], Linwood, Ont.

Au Naturel.

Young Lady (in hair store)—Dark brown switches, please.

Saleswoman—Human hair, of course?

Young Lady—Certainly.

Saleswoman—With or without?

Young Lady—With or without what?

Saleswoman—Dandruff.

Common Croup

Is often fatal when not remedied in time. Leslie B. Nicholson, Wellesley Ave., Toronto, says: "As a quick cure for croup, colds, sore throat, chilblains, etc., I can recommend Hagyard's Yellow Oil." It is a sure cure. Directions accompany each bottle

A Thoughtful Servant.

Elderly Maiden—Aline, somebody rang the bell.

Aline—Yes, madame. I did.

Why?

To give madame the satisfaction to think that somebody had called.

Partly Gave up.

"In the year 1885 I coughed for six months, and having unsuccessfully tried many remedies, I partly gave up, thinking I had consumption. At last I tried Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam, less than one bottle of which cured me, leaving me as well as ever I was." Henry W. Carns, Wabash, Ont.

A Dreadful Doom.

To be unable to satisfy hunger without being distressed by heartburn, indigestion, sick stomach, dizziness or faintness, seems a dreadful doom. All who suffer thus will find prompt relief and permanent cure in Burdock Blood Bitters. B.B.B. *positively cures* dyspepsia in any form.

Orin Catlin, 49 Pearl Street Buffalo, N. Y., says: I tried various remedies for the piles but found no relief until I used Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, which entirely cured me after a few applications.

Do not delay in getting relief for the little folks. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is a pleasant and sure cure. If you love your child why do you let it suffer when a remedy is so near at hand?

The cheapest medicine in use is Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, because so very little of it is required to effect a cure. For croup, diphtheria, and diseases of the lungs and throat, whether used for bathing the chest or throat, for taking internally or inhaling, it is a matchless compound.

Mr. Thomas Ballard, Syracuse, N. Y., writes: 'I have been afflicted for nearly a year with that most-to-be dreaded disease Dyspepsia, and at times worn out with pain and want of sleep, and after trying almost everything recommended I tried one box of Parmelee's Valuable Pills. I am now nearly well, and believe they will cure me. I would not be without them for any money."

PARMELEE'S PILLS possess the power of acting specifically upon the diseased organs, stimulating to action the dormant energies of the system, thereby removing disease. In fact, so great is the power of this medicine to cleanse and purify, that diseases of almost every name and nature are driven from the body.' Mr. D. Carswell, Carswell P. O., Ont., writes: "I have tried Parmelee's Pills and find them an excellent medicine, and one that will sell well."

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP should always be used when children are cutting teeth. It relieves the little sufferer at once; it produces natural, quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakens as "bright as a button." It is very pleasant to taste. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for diarrhœa, whether arising from teeth ing or other causes. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP," and take no other kind. 3d&wly

A High Valuation.

"If there was only one bottle of Hagyard's Yellow Oil in Manitoba, I would give one hundred dollars for it," writes Philip H. Brant, of Monteith, Manitoba, after having used it for severe wound and for frozen fingers, with, as he says, "astonishing results."

The Loss of the Hair

Is a great misfortune and the sight of a bald head should be a warning to you to take the best possible care of your hair. A little of Dr. Dorenwend's "Hair Magic" used occasionally will prevent all chances of its falling out or turning gray, and will remove all traces of dandruff. Every druggist has it in stock. Ask for it.

There are a number of varieties of corns. Holloway's Corn Cure will remove any of them Call on your druggist and get a bottle at once.

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, *Station New York City.*

TORONTO COLLEGE OF MUSIC

Orchestral and Organ School

THOROUGH instruction in every branch music, vocal, instrumental and theoretica by the most competent teachers. Large thr manual pipe organ in college hall for lesso and practice. Instrumental and vocal studen take part in an orchestra of 60 and a chorus 250 performers, Diplomas and certificates f "course" pupils. Lectures, concerts and orga recitals, etc., free. Students' scholarships successful competitors in the various branche Terms, from $5 to $30.

F. H. TORRINGTON, Director,
12 and 14 Pembroke Street.

Feb'y 2, 1889. d sat 1

NOTICE
—TO—
Contractors, Bridge-builders, etc

CALL FOR TENDERS.

The Bay of Quinte Bridge Co'y.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Tenders for the construction of a highway bridge across the Bay of Quinte at the City of Belleville, will be received by the undersigned up to 12 o'clock, noon, on the 11th day of February, 1889. Plans may be seen at the office of the undersigned, and copies of the specifications and forms of tender will be furnished on application. The Company does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

U. E. THOMPSON,
Sec'y and Treasurer,
Bay of Quinte Bridge Co'y.

Dated at Belleville, this 29th day of December, 1888. sat&wed

TIME EXTENDED

THE time for receiving the above tenders is hereby extended to

THE 9TH DAY OF MARCH NEXT, AT 12 NOON.

By order of the board.

U. E. THOMPSON,
Secty.-Treas.

Belleville, Ont., Feb. 7th, 1889.

BURDOCK ·PILLS·
SUGAR COATED

A SURE CURE FOR BILIOUSNESS, CONSTIPATION, INDIGESTION, DIZZINESS, SICK HEADACHE, AND DISEASES OF THE STOMACH, LIVER AND BOWELS. THEY ARE MILD, THOROUGH AND PROMPT IN ACTION, AND FORM A VALUABLE AID TO BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS IN THE TREATMENT AND CURE OF CHRONIC AND OBSTINATE DISEASES.

NATIONAL COLONIZATION
LOTTERY

Under the patronage of the Rev. Father Labelle

Established in 1884, under the Act of Quebec 32 Vict., Chapt. 36, for the benefit of the Diocesan Societies of Colonization of the Province of Quebec.

Class D.—The 21st Monthly Drawing will take place Wednesday, March the 20th, at 2 p. m.

Prizes value		$50,000 00
Capital Prize: One real estate worth		$5,000 00
1 Real Estate worth	$5,000	5,000
1 do	2,000	2,000
1 do	1,000	1,000
4 do	500	2,000
10 Real Estates	300	3,000
30 Furniture Sets	200	6,000
60 do	100	6,000
200 Gold Watches	50	10,000
1,000 Silver Watches	10	10,000
1,000 Toilet Sets	5	5,000
2,307 Prizes worth		$50,000 00

TICKETS - - $1.00

Offers are made to all winners to pay their prizes cash, less a commission of 10 p. c.

Winners' names not published unless specially authorized

Drawings on the Third Wednesday of every Month.

S. E. LEFEBVRE, Secretary,
Offices, 19 St. James street, Montreal, Can.
192d1y

EXHAUSTED VITALITY.

THE SCIENCE OF LIFE, the great Medical Work of the age on Manhood, Nervous and Physical Debility, Premature Decline, Errors of Youth, and the untold miseries consequent thereon, 360 pages 8 vo., 125 prescriptions for all diseases. Cloth, full gilt, only $1, by mail, sealed. Illustrative sample free to all young and middle aged men. Send now. The Gold and Jewelled Medal awarded to the author by the National Medical Association. Address P. O. Box 1895, Boston, Mass., or Dr. W. H. PARKER, graduate of Harvard Medical College, 25 years' practice in Boston, who may be consulted confidentially. Specialty, Diseases of Men. Office, No. 4, Bulfinch Street,

NERVOUS DEBILITY.

NERVOUS DEBILITY, EXHAUSTING, Vital Drains (caused by early indiscretions), effectually cured. Syphilitic affections and all bad blood and skin diseases arising there from thoroughly eradicated. Varicocele cured without operation. Impotence, or premature decline of the manly powers, and all diseases of the genito-urinary organs a specialty. It makes no difference who has failed to cure you. Skill and experience important. A friendly letter or call may save you a great deal of misery and add years to your life. Consultation FREE. Medicines sent to any address. DR. REEVE, 337 Jarvis St., Toronto. 59d&wly

$72 a week. $12 a day at home easily made. Costly outfit free Address True & Co., Augusta, Maine!

COMING! COMING!
RUPTURE

The last 25 years I have adjusted more Trusses than any man in America. Valuable Patents, my own invention, in Trusses, Spinal and Club Feet Instruments.

Rupture—I will guarantee to hold largest Rupture without touching your hip, no straps whatsoever, waterproof. Largest stock of general Trusses, also the great Cluthe Spiral Trusses in stock. Reliable system for ORDERING BY MAIL.

Spinal Instruments half the weight of other makes and more effective.

CLUB FEET I claim the only mechanical system to straighten born Club Feet (Patented.) I will prove to anybody that operation never did nor can straighten Club Feet. Send 6 cent stamps for Book.

CHAS. CLUTHE, 118 King St. W., Toronto

CHAS. CLUTHE,

of 118 King St. West, Toronto, Ontario, will be at the QUEEN'S HOTEL, BELLEVILLE, Friday and Saturday, MARCH 15TH and 16TH. Call early and avoid disappointment. No FAILURE. Will hold the most OBSTINATE cases of RUPTURE WITH EASE AND COMFORT

—ARRIVING

New Prints,
New Shirtings,
New Dress
New Gi
Nev

Etc., etc, CHEAP

A. N

NEW SPR

GERMAN
SHEET
MIRROR.

We can supply any of the regular stock sizes in German Sheet Mirror and cut these to replace breakages.

L. W. YEOMANS & CO.

Montreal Nov. 21, 1888.

MESSRS. WILLIS & CO, 1,824 NOTRE DAME ST., CITY.

DEAR SIRS.—After having played on the Piano of Messrs. Bell & Co., of Guelph, Ont, it is impossible not to bear testimony to the qualities which have acquired for them the good reputation which they already enjoy. The Pianos of their manufacture are exceedingly remarkable for their qualities of tone. The bass is powerful without harshness, and the upper notes sweet, clear and mellow. The Bell Pianos are unquestionably the best made in Canada, and I act up on my principle and give you to-day an order to furnish one for my own use. Canada is to be congratulated on having produced the Bell Piano.

J. B LABELLE, Professor of Music Organist Notre Dame Cathedral.

H. BULL AGENT.
BELLEVILLE.

Two Years' Profits!

THOSE INSURING IN THE
—"CANADA LIFE"—

before the 30th of April next will be entitled to two full years' profits in the division of April the 30th, 1890.

T. DONNELLY,
General Agent, Belleville.

AGENTS WANTED.

Feb'y 2, 1889. d&wly

CHATHAM MILL
AND BAGGING ATTACHMENT
MANSON CAMPBELL
CHATHAM ONT.
CAPACITY 60 BUSH PER HOUR

A GREAT MILL.

17,500 IN USE. 2,300 sold in the last year. See them, at VANTASSEL'S Footbridge Warerooms, Belleville, or THOS. DUNN'S, Madoc.

BITTER----
----ORANGES
—FOR—
MARMALADE

JUST RECEIVED.

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE
Groocers and wine merchants,
35 & 37 Bridge Street.

Also Front Street, Opp. Ritchie's.

Manufacturers Life & Accident
INSURANCE COMPANIES.

Combined authorized capital	$3,000,000
Combined subscribed capital	739,700
Combined cash capital	150,760
Combined insurance received (1888)	9,575,525

President Sir John A. Macdonald.

Vice Presidents { Geo. Gooderham, Esq., William Bell, Esq.

Secretary and Treasurer—J. L. Kerr, Esq.

Managers for Eastern Ontario, Peterboro—Wilson & Morrison.

R. CROFT HULME
Agent, Belleville.

Agents wanted.

This Company wrote the largest amount of new business of any company in Canada in 1888. It has the largest capital and the strongest Board of Directors of any company in the Dominion.

CALIFORNIA
EVAPORATED
FRUITS!

NECTARINES,
APRICOTS,
PEACHES,
PLUMS.

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE
Grocers & Wine Merchants,
33 & 37 Bridge Street.

Also Front St., opp. Ritchie's

FOR MEN ONLY!

A POSITIVE CURE For LOST or FAILING MANHOOD; General and NERVOUS DEBILITY; Weakness of Body and Mind; Effects of Errors or Excesses in Old or Young. Robust, Noble MANHOOD fully Restored. How to Enlarge and Strengthen WEAK, UNDEVELOPED ORGANS & PARTS of BODY. Absolutely unfailing HOME TREATMENT—Benefits in a day. Men testify from 47 States, Territories, and Foreign Countries. You can write them. Book, full explanation, and proofs mailed (sealed) free. Address ERIE MEDICAL CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

BEFORE BUYING STOVES

Be sure to see our stock. We have in Coal Stoves the

Imperial Jewel,
Fancy Countess,
Art Favorite,
Fire King and others.

Also a great variety of RANGES and COOK STOVES, which we are selling at right prices.

C. F. SMITH & CO.
388, FRONT STREET.

Self-Raising
Buckwheat
Flour!

A FRESH SUPPLY JUST RECEIVED.

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE,
Grocers and Wine Merchants.
33 & 37 Bridge Street.

Also Front Street, Opp. Ritchie's.

S. W. BRADSHAW

Wishes to inform the citizens of Belleville that he has BOUGHT OUT THE

GROCERY

(lately occupied by Mr. Arch. Wallace,)

CORNER OF HOTEL AND ANN STREETS!

where he intends to keep a full supply of the best of Groceries always fresh, and his stock of Provisions, such as Meats and Vegetables, will be especially fresh and in great variety and delivered with despatch. All orders by telephone (No. 53) will be promptly delivered to any part of the city.

N. B.—Please remember Telephone No. 53.

NEW
Wall Paper!
—AT—
--S. A. LAZIER'S--
ROBERTSON'S BLOCK

October 16th

THE MAGOG TEXTILE & PRINT CO.

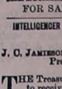
Will offer for Spring Trade the LARGEST, CHEAPEST and MOST VARIED range of Prints ever shown, including

SPRING NOVELTIES
—OF—
LATEST PARIS DESIGNS!

Merchants will do well to see their samples before buying elsewhere. Early advice will be given when Travellers will call.

St Peter Street, - Montreal.

PENNYROYAL WAFERS.



Prescription of a physician who has had a life long experience in treating female diseases. Is used monthly with perfect success by over 10,000 ladies. Pleasant, safe, effectual. Ladies ask your druggist for Pennyroyal Wafers and take no substitute, or inclose postage for sealed particulars. Sold by all druggists, $1 per box. Address THE EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., DETROIT, MICH.

FOR SALE BY D. M. WATERS.

INTELLIGENCER PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY LIMITED.

J. O. JAMIESON, President. | J. W. LONDON, Secretary

THE Treasurer is the only person authorised to receive moneys for the Company, or to grant receipts for the same.

All Bills, Notes, Cheques, and other documents binding on the Company, will require the signature of the President, in addition to that of the Treasurer.

THE INTELLIGENCER is printed and published for the INTELLIGENCER Printing and Publishing Company (Limited) by JAMES O. JAMIESON, resident in Belleville, at their Office, Front St., south of Hotel St

THE RATHBUN COMPANY,

Having transferred me to their Brockville branch, I beg to thank my friends and customers for the liberal patronage and kindness extended to me during my residence in Belleville, and also to bespeak the same treatment to Mr. R. C. Calhoun, my successor.

P. J. SHANNON.

The Daily Intelligencer.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL. 22. BELLEVILLE ONTARIO, MONDAY MARCH 4, 1889. NO. 259

THE RATHBUN CO.

Having appointed me Agent for their Belleville branch, I take this opportunity of soliciting a continuance of the patronage which they have hitherto enjoyed through the popular management of Mr. Shannon. It will be my desire and aim to maintain and add to this patronage, which fair dealing and a thorough knowledge of the requirements of the trade leads me to hope for.—R. C. CALHOUN.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

G. DENMARK.

BARRISTER, Solicitor, etc. Office, Front Street.

W. B. NORTHRUP, M. A.,

BARRISTER, Solicitor, &c. Offices: North Bridge St., between Front St. and Lower Bridge.

Money to loan—private and company funds.

J. C. CONNELL, M.A., M.D., C.M.

DISEASES of the Eye, Ear, Throat and Nose. Surgeon to Kingston General Hospital. Office—No. 279, King Street, Kingston. Dr. Connell will be at the Queen's Hotel, Belleville, on the first Tuesday of each month. Sept. 5 d&wly

E. GUSS PORTER,

BARRISTER, Solicitor, Notary Public, &c. office in the Robertson Block, east side of Front Street.

Private Money to Loan. 271d&wl

DR. ELIZABETH EMBURY,

GRADUATE of Queen's University, Licentiate of the College of Physicians and Surgeons, Ontario.

Office and residence—Harrison's Block, Front Street., across the hall from rooms formerly occupied by Dr. Farley, over Holland's jewellery store. Diseases of women and children a specialty. d&wtf

HENRY CARRE, C. E.,
M. C. Soc. C. E.,

DOM, and Prov'l Land Surveyor, late of the firm of Macleod & Carre, P. L. S. References: John Bell, Esq., Solicitor G. T. R., W. H. Ponton, Esq., Registrar of the County. Office—McAnnany Block, opposite Skinner & Redick's. Belleville, Ont., P. O. Box 203. 20d&w

J. F. WILLS,

BARRISTER, Solicitor, Notary Public, &c. Office, corner Front and Campbell Streets, Belleville, Ont. Money to loan, Company and private funds. 24d&w

J WALTER ROSS, M. D., C. M.

GRADUATE of the University of Trinity College, Toronto. Physician, surgeon, accoucheur. Office and residence West Front Street, one door north of entrance to Foot Bridge. d&wly

JOHN J. FARLEY, M. D., C. M., M. R. C. S., England.

OFFICE and Residence—corner of Bridge and George Streets—three streets east of the Post Office.

ROBERT BOGLE,

LOAN and real estate agent. MONEY TO LOAN at lowest rates. Office, opposite Roy's Brewry, Front St., Belleville.

GEO. CLINTON, M. D., C. M

OFFICE and residence Bridge St., between William and George Sts, third block east of Bridge Street Methodist Church. Telephone No. 44. d&w

GEO. J. SHERRY,

BARRISTER, &c. Office. Metropolitan Block, next door north of Dominion Bank, Front St. Branch Office, Stirling. 116

EDGAR M. COOK, M. D.,

HOMOEOPATHIC Physician and Surgeon. Office and residence, West Front Street, in the late Dr. Abbott's premises, over Brignall & Thompson's store. TELEPHONE. 175dtf

GEO. D. DICKSON, Q. C.,

BARRISTER, &c., Post Office .ock Bridge Street Belleville.

WILLIAM N. PONTON,

BARRISTER, Solicitor Notary Public, Conveyancer. Office, over Express and Telegraph Office, Thompson Block, Bridge St., Belleville. Money to loan—private funds. Agent or the Trust and Loan Company of Canada.

DR. BURDETT

IS pleased to inform his friends that he is again able to render his professional services as before. 176 6m

DRUNKENNESS

Or the Liquor Habit, Positively Cured by Administering Dr. Haines' Golden Specific.

It can be given in a cup of coffee or tea without the knowledge of the person taking it; is absolutely harmless, and will effect a permanent and speedy cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. It has been given in thousands of cases, and in every instance a perfect cure has followed. *It never fails.* The system once impregnated with the Specific, it becomes an utter impossibility for the liquor appetite to exist. For circular and full particulars address GOLDEN SPECIFIC CO., 185 Race St., Cincinnati, O.

BANKING OFFICE
—OF—
U. E. THOMPSON
BRIDGE STREET, BELLEVILLE, ON

American Currency and Drafts Bought and Sold.

Deposits received, subject to withdrawal without notice and interest allowed

EYE, EAR & THROAT
DR. RYERSON.

L. R. C. P., L. R. C. S. E., Lecturer on the Eye, Ear and Throat, Trinity Medical College, Toronto, and Surgeon to the Mercer Eye and Ear Infirmary.
60 College Avenue, Toronto.

M. C. ROBLIN
ISSUER OF
MARRIAGE LICENCES

and agent of the Lancashire Insurance Company. Office over Hooey & Sons, Front Street Belleville. 1384 1y

A. G. NORTHRUP,
Issuer of Marriage Licences,
OFFICE—SHIRE HALL, BELLEVILLE
November 10

PENNYROYAL WAFERS.

Prescription of a physician who has had a life long experience in treating female diseases. Is used monthly with perfect success by over 10,000 ladies. Pleasant, safe, effectual. Ladies ask your druggist for Pennyroyal Wafers and take no substitute, or inclose postage for sealed particulars. Sold by all druggists, $1 per box. Address THE EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., DETROIT, MICH.

FOR SALE BY D. M. WATERS.

Try FROSTILLA.

It softens the roughest skin and keeps it in good condition.

It contains nothing greasy or sticky, is nicely perfumed, a lady's toilet not complete without it.

An elegant face dressing for gentlemen after shaving.

For sale at the PHARMACY.

D. M. WATERS,

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

GREAT REDUCTION
—IN—
Sleighs & Baskets
—AT THE—
City Book Store.

Having decided to take Baskets from stock, will, for a week, offer them at cost.

Sleighs also for balance of season at bottom prices Including a few Children's Cutters which should be seen by any who could use them.

C. B. SCANTLEBURY,
Headquarters for School Publications,
New Music and Fine Stationery.

NEWCOMBE PIANOFORTES

AWARDED FIRST SILVER MEDAL

WORLD'S EXPOSITION, NEW ORLEANS, U.S.A., 1884-5, in competition with the pianofortes of Europe and America. The only U.S. International Medal ever awarded to a Canadian pianoforte; also Medal and Diploma at the Colonial and Indian Exhibition, London, Eng., 1886, with the supreme honor of supplying Her Majesty the Queen with a Newcombe Grand, selected by Sir Arthur Sullivan. For Illustrated Catalogue, prices and terms,

Address **Octavius Newcombe & Co.,**
MANUFACTURERS
WAREROOMS, 107-109 CHURCH ST., TORONTO
FACTORY, 89 TO 97 BELLWOODS AVENUE

CLARKE'S
Glycerine .·. Jelly

For ROUGH SKIN, CHAPPED HANDS, SORE LIPS, etc.

It penetrates the skin, leaving it soft and white.

It is not sticky, and a glove can be put on immediately after using.

Price 20 cents, For sale by

-F. CHARLES CLARKE,-
CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST.
Telephone 138. Front Street.

DUNN'S BAKING POWDER
THE COOK'S BEST FRIEND

Gents' .·. Furnishings!

A FULL LINE of Gentlemen's Goods for the Fall and Winter.

Shirts made to order and a good fit guaranteed.

C. J. PANTER.

HAGYARD'S PECTORAL BALSAM
CURES COUGHS COLDS, HOARSENESS, ETC.

NEVER ALLOW the bowels to remain constipated lest serious evil ensue. National Pills are unsurpassed as a remedy for constipation.

Daily Intelligencer.

DOWN AMONG THE FISHES.

HOW OUR NAVY LOOKED AFTER THE TOOTHSOME MACKEREL.

The Protecting Fleet and the Modus Vivendi—The Cost of the Service Was $77,102 for the Season of 1888.

OTTAWA, March 4.—The report of the Fisheries Protection Service of the Dominion for 1888 has just been issued. The cost of the service for the year was $77,102 out of an appropriation of $125,000 voted by Parliament. Each vessel cost for wages, provisions, etc., as follows:

Acadia	$23,861	C. J. Brydges	$3903
La Canadienne	17,233	Critic	3035
Cruiser	5,000	Crusoe	412
Dream	7,031	C. H. Tupper	4231
Advance	4,372	Vigilant	6513
General account			$1498
Total			$77,102

The following are the important portions of the instructions which were issued to the commanders of the different vessels at the beginning of the fishing season:

Under the modus vivendi and until further instructions fishing vessels of the United States are to be allowed to purchase bait, ice, seines, lines and all other supplies and outfits to tranship their catch, and to ship crews in ports of Canada and Newfoundland, upon procuring an annual license therefor, upon the payment of the fee of $1.50 per ton of the vessel's registered tonnage.

You will in no way hinder the access to Canadian ports of any United States fishing vessel whose master or owner declares his intention of procuring such license, nor interfere with any United States fishing vessel whose master or owner produces such license, in so far as the carrying out of the purposes of the license is concerned.

The possession of this license gives no right to the holder thereof to fish or prepare to fish in Canadian waters, or to violate any of the laws of Canada, and to do aught but carry out the objects for which the license is given.

United States fishing vessels which enter Canadian bays and harbors for any of the four purposes mentioned in article 1 of the Convention of Oct. 20, 1818, are not to be required to enter or clear at customs, provided they do not remain therein longer than 24 hours, and do not hold any communication with the shore.

The season has been an uneventful one, the better understanding on the part of the masters of United States fishing vessels as to just what rights they had in Canadian ports; the familiarity of the captains of cruisers with their duties, together with the issue of licenses under the modus vivendi of the Treaty of Washington, all tended to harmonize the work of the protection vessels.

Thirty-six licenses were issued during the year, which realized a total revenue of $3831.

It was agreed with the Government of Newfoundland, the Legislature having adopted the Treaty of Washington, thus giving effect to the modus vivendi, that licenses issued to United States fishing vessels by that colony should be recognised in Canada, and those issued by Canada should be recognised in Newfoundland. The department is not yet advised of the number of licenses issued by the Government of Newfoundland, but it must be considerably in excess of that issued under the authority of the Dominion Government since the privilege of purchasing bait was freely taken advantage of by a large proportion of the fleet of the United States fishing vessels engaged in deep sea fishing on the banks.

The total number of United States fishing vessels in the Gulf was 83, which is less than was ever known to be there in any previous season; the catch of these vessels is reported at 10,428 barrels, as against 17,568 barrels in 1887.

The number of Canadian vessels engaged in the mackerel fishery during the past season is estimated at 120.

The hook and line fishing inshore was carried on to a much larger extent than in former years, and to many of the fishermen engaged therein proved remunerative the high price which they obtained for their fish compensating many of them for the paucity of their catch.

The only seizure during the season was that of a small sloop rigged boat found fishing in the Bay of Fundy near Campobello; the boat was subsequently given up to the owners upon the payment of expenses incurred in the safekeeping of the same.

Lieut. A. R. Gordon, R.N., in command of the fisheries protection service, makes this interesting allusion to the movements of the mackerel, which fish the fleet was principally engaged in protecting in the Gulf of St. Lawrence.

The mackerel appeared on the Nova Scotia coast early in June. They were accompanied by a large fleet of United States seiners harrassing them and thus preventing them lingering on the coast. Some large catches were made off Chedabucto Bay and the fish were followed round Scatterie to Cape North, where they were lost sight of. The Bradelle and Orphan Banks were then searched and some vessels went to the Labrador, but the fish did not show up again in any quantity till late in July, when for a short time they "schooled" freely between Escuminac and North Point, some fair catches being then made. During the rest of the season the fish showed fitfully, but in small schools and very wild. In September most of the fish taken were raised by trolling bait, and when the fish rose, the seine was shot round both fish and vessel, making a small catch. Canadian seiners practised this method to some extent, and also reverted successfully at the close of the season to the old method of hook and line.

The change in the habits of the mackerel and their almost complete extinction in places they used to frequent is undeniable; and the investigation of the causes of the change is most desirable, as it affects one of our most valuable inshore fisheries.

The following figures present in startling intensity the decreased productiveness of the west Atlantic mackerel fishery:

	1885.	1886.	1887.	1888.
Catch, U.S. seiners	330,000	80,000	78,000	40,000
Canadian catch	148,450	152,292	131,653	*60,000
Total product, brls	478,450	232,292	209,653	100,000

*Estimated.

I believe this decreased productiveness to be largely due to the increased destructiveness of the means of capture and the use of these means at improper times. The whole treatment of our deep sea fisheries has been hitherto conducted on the idea that the supply of fish of every kind there is inexhaustible.

We find the inshore fisheries of the United States depleted and the government of the country undertaking, at great expense, the doubtful experiment of restoring these fisheries by the artificial propagation of cod and mackerel.

In all cases of the destruction of a species there must come a critical point after which the diminution will proceed with great rapidity. In regard to Canadian mackerel we are approaching this point, and if the fishery is to be maintained protective measures of some kind must shortly be taken.

And the Earth Quaked.

HELENA, Ecuador, March 3.—A sharp shock of earthquake was felt here at 11.15 o'clock last night, lasting about 15 seconds. It was followed a few moments later by four others less violent. Several other shocks were felt during the night and the trouble still continues.

GUAYAQUIL, March 3.—A violent shock of earthquake occurred here at 11.03 o'clock last night. During the night and this morning 13 others less severe were felt. Clocks stopped, the telephones are down and panic prevails.

"COMMENTS ON CANADA."

CHARLES DUDLEY WARNER ON THE DOMINION.

The Eminent Writer Describes Its Geographical and Topographical Features—Quebec, Montreal and Toronto—An English Sentiment Pervades Us—Canada's Future Judged by an Independent American Observer.

In the fall of 1888 Mr. Charles Dudley Warner, an eminent American writer, one-time novelist and humorist and at present one of the associate editors and contributary attaches of Harper's Magazine, made a tour through Canada. His visit to this country lasted several weeks. In that time Mr. Warner traveled from Montreal to Vancouver on the Canadian Pacific Railway, visited the principal cities of the Dominion and prepared voluminous material for an article in the March number of Harper's. Mr. Warner is a shrewd, sympathetic observer of men and measures, a student, a thinker, a political economist and a graceful, easy writer.

Mr. Warner begins his paper by setting forth Canada's area, its geographical position, its topography. He recounts briefly its history since confederation, touching only upon its more salient points, describes its politics, its provincial and federal system of government, which he says is "an evolution on British lines, modified by the example of the republic of the United States. In form the resemblances are striking to the United States, but underneath the differences are radical."

"OLD TO-MORROW."

Comments such as these are scattered liberally through this introductory text. We present below some excerpts from Mr. Warner's paper.

THE PROVINCE OF MANITOBA.

The province of Manitoba, says Mr. Warner, is an interesting political and social study. It is very unlike Ontario or British Columbia. Its development has been in freedom and self-help. * * * * * It is Western in its spirit and its sympathies. Before the building of the Canadian Pacific its communication was with Minnesota. Its interests now largely lie with its southern neighbors. It has a feeling of irritation with too much federal dictation, and frets under the still somewhat undefined relations of power between the federal and the provincial governments, as was seen in the railway conflict. Besides, the natural exchange of products between south and north—between the lower Mississippi and the Red River of the north and the north-west prairies—is going to increase; the north and south railway lines will have, with the development of industries and exchange of various sorts, a growing importance compared with the great east and west lines. Nothing can stop this exchange and the need of it along our whole border west of Lake Superior. It is already active and growing, even on the Pacific, between Washington Territory and British Columbia.

For these geographical reasons, and especially on account of similarity of social and political development, I was strongly impressed with the notion that if the Canadian Pacific Railway had not been built when it was, Manitoba would by this time have gravitated to the United States, and it would only have been a question of time when the remaining Northwest should have fallen in. The line of the road is very well settled, and yellow with wheat westward to Regina, but the farms are often off from the line, as the railway sections are for the most part still occupied; and there are many thriving villages.

A BIG HERD OF BUFFALO.

Naturally on the rail we saw little game, except ducks and geese on the frequent fresh-water ponds, and an occasional coyote and prairie-dogs. But plenty of large game still can be found further north. At Stony Mountain, fifteen miles north of Winnipeg, the site of the Manitoba penitentiary, we saw a team of moose which Colonel Bedson, the superintendent, drives—fleet animals, going easily fifteen miles an hour. They were captured only thirty-five miles north of the prison, where moose are abundant. Colonel Bedson has the only large herd of the practically extinct buffalo. There are about a hundred of these uncouth and picturesque animals, which have a range of twenty or thirty miles over the plains, and are watched by mounted keepers. They were driven in, bulls, cows, and calves, the day before our arrival—it seemed odd that we could order up a herd of buffalo by telephone, but we did—and we saw the whole troop lumbering over the prairie, exactly as we were familiar with them in pictures. The colonel is trying the experiment of crossing them with common cattle. The result is a half-breed of large size, with heavier hind-quarters and less hump than the buffalo, and said to be good beef. The penitentiary has taken in all the convicts of the northwest territory, and there were only sixty-five of them. The institution is a model one in its management. We were shown two separate chapels—one for Catholics and another for Protestants.

IN BRITISH COLUMBIA.

The city of Vancouver, only two years old since the beginnings of a town were devoured by fire, is already an interesting place of seven or eight thousand inhabitants, fast building up, and with many substantial granite and brick buildings and spreading over a large area. * * * The round headland south of the entrance is set apart for a public park, called now Stanley Park, and is being improved with excellent driving roads, which give charming views. It is a tangled wilderness of nearly one thousand acres. So dense is the undergrowth, in this moist air, of vines, ferns, and small shrubs, that it looks like a tropical thicket. But in the midst of it are gigantic Douglas firs and a few noble cedars. One veteran cedar, partly decayed at the top, measured fifty-six feet in circumference, and another, in full vigor and of gigantic height, over thirty-nine feet.

Victoria so long isolated, is the most English port of Canada. The town itself does not want solidity and wealth, but it is stationary, and the Canadians elsewhere think slow. It was the dry and dusty time of the year. The environs are broken with inlets, hilly and picturesque; there are many pretty cottages and country places in the suburbs, and one visits with interest the Eskimalt naval station, and the elevated Park, which has a noble coast view. The very mild climate is favorable for grapes and apples. The summer is delightful; the winter damp and constantly rainy. And this may be said of all this coast. Of the thirteen thousand population six thousand are Chinese, and they form in the city a dense, insoluable, unassimilating mass. * * * There is a decorous British air about everything. Throughout British Columbia the judges and the lawyers wear the gown and band and horse-hair wig. In an evening trial for murder which I attended in a dingy upper chamber of the Kamloops court-house, lighted only by kerosene lamps, the wigs and gowns of judge and attorneys lent, I confess, a dignity to the administration of justice which the kerosene lamps could not have given. In one of the government buildings is a capital museum of natural history and geology. The educational department is vigorous and effective, and I find in the bulky report evidence of most intelligent management of the schools.

THE CANADIAN RACIAL TYPES.

I had been told that the Canadians are second-hand Englishmen. No estimate could convey a more erroneous impression. A portion of the people have strong English traditions and loyalties to institutions, but in manner and expectations the Canadians are scarcely more English than the people of the United States; they have their own colonial development, and one can mark already with tolerable distinctness a Canadian type which is neither English nor American. This is noticeable especially in the women. The Canadian girl resembles the American in escape from a purely conventional restraint and in self-reliance, and she has like the English, a well modulated voice and distinct articulation. In the cities, also, she has taste in dress and a certain style which we think belongs to the New World. In features and action a certain modification has gone on, due partly to climate and partly to greater social independence. It is unnecessary to make comparisons, and I only note that there is a Canadian type of woman.

But there is great variety in Canada, and in fact a remarkable racial diversity. The man of Nova Scotia is not at all the man of British Columbia or Manitoba. The Scotch in old Canada have made a distinct impression in features and speech. And it may be said generally in eastern Canada that the Scotch element is a leading and conspicuous one in the vigor and push of enterprise and the accumulation of fortune. The Canadian men, as one sees them in official life, at the clubs, in business, are markedly a vigorous stalwart race, well made, of good stature, and not seldom handsome. This physical prosperity needs to be remembered when we consider the rigorous climate and the long winters; these seem to have at least one advantage—that of breeding virile men. The Canadians generally are fond of out-door sports and athletic games, of fishing and hunting, and they give more time to such recreations than we do. They are a little less driven by the business goad. Abundant animal spirits tend to make men good-natured and little quarrelsome. The Canadians would make good soldiers. There was a time when the drinking habit prevailed very much in Canada, and there are still places where they do not put water enough in their grog, but temperance reform has taken as strong a hold there as it has in the United States.

NATIONAL FEELING INCREASING.

The feeling about the English is illustrated by the statement that there is not more aping of English ways in Montreal and Toronto clubs and social life than in New York, and that the English superciliousness, or condescension as to colonists, the ultra-English manner, is ridiculed in Canada, and resented with even more warmth than in the United States. The amusing stories of English presumption upon hospitality are current in Canada as well as on this side. All this is not inconsistent with pride in the empire, loyalty to its traditions and institutions, and even a considerable willingness (for human nature is pretty much alike everywhere) to accept decorative titles. But the underlying fact is that there is a distinct feeling of nationality, and it is increasing.

QUEBEC, MONTREAL AND TORONTO.

There is not anywhere so great a contrast between neighboring cities as between Quebec, Montreal and Toronto. Quebec is mediæval, Toronto is modern, Montreal is in a conflict between the two conditions. As the traveling world knows, they are all interesting cities, and have peculiar attractions. Quebec is French more decidedly so than Toronto is English, and in Montreal the French have a large numerical majority and complete political control. In the Canadian cities generally municipal affairs are pretty much divorced from general party politics, greatly to the advantage of good city government.

Montreal has most wealth, and from its splendid geographical position it is the railway centre, and has the business and commercial primary. It has grown rapidly from a population of 140,000 in 1881 to a population of over 200,000—estimated, with its suburbs, at 250,000. Were it part of my plan to describe these cities, I should need much space to devote to the finest public buildings and public institutions of Montreal, the handsome streets in the Protestant quarter, with their solid, tasteful, and often elegant residences, the many churches, and the almost unequalled possession of the Mountain as a park and resort, where one has one of the most striking and varied prospects in the world. Montreal, being a part of the province of Quebec, is not only under provincial control of the government at Quebec, but it is ruled by the same French party in the city, and there is the complaint always found where the poorer majority taxes the richer and more enterprising minority out of proportion to the benefits the latter receives. Various occasions have produced something like race conflicts in the city, and there are prophecies of more serious ones in the strife for ascendancy. The seriousness of this to the minority lies in the fact that the French race is more prolific than any other in the province.

THE FRENCH TYPE IN CANADA.

Perhaps nothing will surprise the visitor more than the persistence of the French type in Canada, and naturally its aggressiveness. Guaranteed their religion, laws, and language, the French have not only failed to assimilate, but have had hopes—maybe still have—of making Canada French. The French "national" party means simply a French consolidation, and has no relation to the "nationalism" of Sir John Macdonald. So far as the Church and the French politicians are concerned, the effort is to keep the French solid as a political force, and whether the French are liberal or conservative, this is the underlying thought. The province of Quebec is liberal, but the liberalism is of a different hue from that of Ontario. The French recognize the truth that language is so integral a part of a people's growth that the individuality of a people depends upon maintaining it. The French have escaped absorption in Canada mainly by loyalty to their native tongue, aided by the concession to them of their civil laws and their religious privileges. They owe this to William Pitt. I quote from a contributed essay in the Toronto Week about three years ago: "Up to 1791 the small French population of Canada was in a position to be converted into an English colony with traces of French sentiment and language, which would have slowly disappeared. But at that date William Pitt the younger brought into the House of Commons two Quebec acts, which constituted two provinces—Lower Canada, with a full provision of French laws, language, and institutions; Upper Canada, with a production of English laws and social system. During the debate Pitt declared on the floor of the House that his purpose was to create two colonies distinct from and jealous of each other, so as to guard against a repetition of the late unhappy rebellion which had separated the thirteen colonies from the empire."

The French have always been loyal to the English connection under all temptations, for these guarantees have been continued, which could scarcely be expected from any other power, and certainly not in a legislative union of the Canadian provinces. In literature and sentiment the connection is with France; in religion, with Rome; in politics England has been the guarantee of both. There will be no prevailing sentiment in favor of annexation to the United States so long as the Church retains its authority, nor would it be favored by the accomplished politicions so long as they can use the solid French mass as a political force.

ITS ROMANCE AND TRADITION.

The French element in Canada may be considered from other points of view. The contribution of romance and tradition is not an unimportant one in any nation. The French in Canada have never broken with their past, as the French in France have. There is a great charm about Quebec—its language, its social life, the military remains of the last century. It is a Protestant writer who speaks of the volume and wealth of the French Canadian literature as too little known to English-speaking Canada. And it is true that literary men have not realised the richness of the French material, nor the work accomplished by French writers in history, poetry, essays, and romances. Quebec itself is at a commercial stand-still, but its uniquely beautiful situation, its history, and the projection of mediævalism into existing institutions make it one of the most interesting places to the tourist on the continent. The conspicuous, noble, and commodious Parliament building is almost the only one of consequence that speaks of the modern spirit. It was the remark of a high Church dignitary that the object of the French in Canada was the promotion of religion, and of the English commerce. We cannot overlook this attitude against materialism. In the French schools and universities religion is not divorced from education. And even in the highest education, where modern science has a large place, what we may call the literary side is very much emphasized. Indeed the Franch students are rather inclined to rhetoric, and in public life the French are distinguished for the graces and charm of oratory. It may be true, as charged, that the public schools of Quebec province, especially in the country, giving special attention to the interest the Church regards as the highest, do little to remove the ignorance of the French peasant. It is our belief that the best Christianity is the most intelligent. Yet there is matter for consideration with all thoughtful men what sort of society we shall ultimately have in states where the common schools have neither religious nor ethical teaching.

(Continued to-morrow.)

A High Valuation.

"If there was only one bottle of Hagyard's Yellow Oil in Manitoba, I would give one hundred dollars for it," writes Philip H. Brant, of Monteith, Manitoba, after having used it for severe wound and for frozen fingers, with, as he says, "astonishing results."

Health Failing Fast.

I was swollen from head to foot from dropsy of six months' standing, and my health was failing fast, but after taking one bottle of Burdock Blood Bitters, I am quite well, and think there is no medicine equal to B. B.B., and to it I remain a true friend." Joseph Heric, Linwood, Ont.

There are a number of varieties of corns. Holloway's Corn Cure will remove any of them Call on your druggist and get a bottle at once.

Orin Catlin, 49 Pearl Street Buffalo, N. Y., says: I tried various remedies for the piles but found no relief until I used Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, which entirely cured me after a few applications.

Do not delay in getting relief for the little folks. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is a pleasant and sure cure. If you love your child why do you let it suffer when a remedy is so near at hand?

The cheapest medicine in use is Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, because so very little of it is required to effect a cure. For croup, diphtheria, and diseases of the lungs and throat, whether used for bathing the chest or throat, for taking internally or inhaling, it is a matchless compound.

Mr. Thomas Ballard, Syracuse, N. Y., writes: 'I have been afflicted for nearly a year with that most-to-be dreaded disease Dyspepsia, and at times worn out with pain and want of sleep, and after trying almost everything recommended I tried one box of Parmelee's Valuable Pills. I am now nearly well, and believe they will cure me. I would not be without them for any money."

PARMELEE'S PILLS possess the power of acting specifically upon the diseased organs, stimulating to action the dormant energies of the system, thereby removing disease. In fact, so great is the power of this medicine to cleanse and purify, that diseases of almost every name and nature are driven from the body.' Mr. D. Carswell, Carswell P. O., Ont., writes: "I have tried Parmelee's Pills and find them an excellent medicine, and one that will sell well."

EXHAUSTED VITALITY.

THE SCIENCE OF LIFE, the great Medical Work of the age on Manhood, Nervous and Physical Debility, Premature Decline, Errors of Youth, and the untold miseries consequent thereon, 360 pages 8 vo., 125 prescriptions for all diseases. Cloth, full gilt, only $1, by mail, sealed. Illustrative sample free to all young and middle aged men. Send now. The Gold and Jewelled Medal awarded to the author by the National Medical Association. Address P. O. Box 1895, Boston, Mass., or Dr. W. H. PARKER, graduate of Harvard Medical College, 25 years' practice in Boston, who may be consulted confidentially. Specialty, Diseases of Men. Office, No. 4, Bulfinch Street,

NERVOUS DEBILITY.

NERVOUS DEBILITY, EXHAUSTING, Vital Drains (caused by early indiscretions), effectually cured. Syphilitic affections and all bad blood and skin diseases arising therefrom thoroughly eradicated. Varicocele cured without operation Impotence, or premature decline of the manly powers, and all diseases of the genito-urinary organs a specialty. It makes no difference who has failed to cure you. Skill and experience important. A friendly letter or call may save you a great deal of misery and add years to your life. Consultation FREE. Medicines sent to any addres. DR. REEVE, 337 Jarvis St., Toronto. 59d&wly

A Wrong Opinion.

Many a dollar is paid for prescriptions for some disease that never trouble the patient, and when the sole difficulty was worms, which a few of Freeman's Worm Powders would remove. These Powders are pleasant, safe, and sure, contain their own cathartic, and are adapted for children or adults.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall-st., N. Y.

NOTICE
—TO—
Contractors, Bridge-builders, etc.

CALL FOR TENDERS.

The Bay of Quinte Bridge Co'y.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Tenders for the construction of a highway bridge across the Bay of Quinte at the City of Belleville, will be received by the undersigned up to 12 o'clock, noon, on the 11th day of February, 1889. Plans may be seen at the office of the undersigned, and copies of the specifications and forms of tender will be furnished on application. The Company does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

U. E. THOMPSON,
Sec'y and Treasurer,
Bay of Quinte Bridge Co'y.

Dated at Belleville, this 29th day of December, 1888. sat&wed

TIME EXTENDED

THE time for receiving the above tenders is hereby extended to

THE 9TH DAY OF MARCH NEXT, AT 12 NOON.

By order of the board.

U. E. THOMPSON,
Secty.-Treas.

Belleville, Ont., Feb. 7th, 1889.

NATIONAL COLONIZATION LOTTERY

Under the patronage of the Rev. Father Labelle

Established in 1884, under the Act of Quebec 32 Vict, Chapt. 36, for the benefit of the Diocesan Societies of Colonization of the Province of Quebec.

Class D.—The 21st Monthly Drawing will take place Wednesday, March the 20th, at 2 p. m.

Prizes value		$50,000 00
Capital Prize: One real estate worth		$5,000 00
1 Real Estate worth	$5,000	5,000
1 do	2 000	2,000
1 do	1,000	1,000
4 do	500	2,000
10 Real Estates	300	3.000
30 Furniture Sets	200	6,000
60 do	100	6,000
200 Gold Watches	50	10,000
1,000 Silver Watches	10	10,000
1,000 Toilet Sets	5	5,000
2,307 Prizes worth		$50,000 00

TICKETS - - $1.00

Offers are made to all winners to pay their prizes cash, less a commission of 10 p. c.

Winners' names not published unless specially authorized

Drawings on the Third Wednesday of every Month.

S. E. LEFEBVRE, Secretary,
Offices, 19 St. James street, Montreal, Can.
192dly

S. W. BRADSHAW

Wishes to inform the citizens of Belleville that he has BOUGHT OUT THE

GROCERY
(lately occupied by Mr. Arch. Wallace,)
CORNER OF HOTEL AND ANN STREETS

where he intends to keep a full supply of the best of Groceries always fresh, and his stock of Provisions, such as Meats and Vegetables, will be especially fresh and in great variety and delivered with despatch. All orders by telephone No. 53) will be promptly delivered to any part f the city.

N. B.—Please remember Telephone No. 53.

BITTER----
----ORANGES
—FOR—
MARMALADE
JUST RECEIVED.

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE
Grocers and wine merchants,
35 & 37 Bridge Street.
Also Front Street, Opp. Ritchie's.

----NEW-----

Sugar Cured Hams, Breakfast Bacon, Finnan Haddies, Boneless Codfish, New Walnuts, New Filberts, S. S. Almonds, Loose Muscatel Raisins, Black Basket Raisins, London Layer Raisins, Buckwheat Flour, Selfraising Buckwheat Flour, Roll Butter, Fresh Eggs

AT A. WALLACE'S.

RAYMOND C. ROLPH
SIGN PAINTER.

LETTERING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES;
Corner of Front and Campbell Streets.
80dly

Daily Intelligencer.

THE DAILY INTELLIGENCER is published every evening except Sunday, and delivered by careful carriers in all parts of the city for Five Dollars a year, or Fifty Cents a month.

THE WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER is published every Thursday morning, and sent, postpaid, to any address in Canada, the United States or Great Britain for One Dollar a year.

ADVERTISEMENTS, first insertion, 10 cents per nonpareil line; each subsequent consecutive insertion, 5 cents per line; when not inserted every day, 10 cents per line each insertion.

READING MATTER NOTICES, 15 cents per line each insertion.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS, 50 cents each insertion. With notice of funeral added the charge for death notices is $1.

CONTRACTS made for business advertisements for one month or longer at reduced rates.

Remittances, Drafts, Cheques, and Post-Office Orders should be made payable to the order of

INTELLIGENCER PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO'Y (LIMITED),
Belleville, Ont.

Largest Daily Circulation in Belleville.

BELLEVILLE, MONDAY, MAR 4

COMMERCIAL UNION.

Mr. Hitt, a Republican Congressman from Illinois, proposed in the U. S. House of Representatives on Friday, and that body unanimously adopted, a resolution proposing that upon the Canadian Parliament declaring a desire for commercial union with the United States, with a uniform tariff and revenue system, the President should appoint three commissioners who may be designated to represent the Government of Canada, to negotiate on the subject.

This resolution looks to us like a piece of by-play, to "boom" Mr. Laurier's motion, which was, it was generally understood, to be decided on that day. We cannot conceive any other object for it, and the fact that a telegram from Mr. Hitt, announcing the passage of his resolution, was read in the House of Commons on Friday afternoon by Mr. Charlton, who had a few weeks ago been in consultation with the commercial annexationists at Washington, tends strongly to confirm our suspicion.

The event has been deemed of such moment by Mr. Wiman, who may be regarded as the father of the movement, and who no doubt engineered the passage of the resolution, that he has proclaimed it in the following grandiloquent way:

> To the friends of commercial union throughout Canada—You will be greatly gratified to learn that a telegram has just been received from Washington, from the Hon. R. R Hitt, that the House of Representatives has passed unanimously the resolution in favor of commercial union with Canada. The event is so important that I venture to communicate it directly to you in this manner The precise form which the resolution took was a unanimous report from the Committee of Foreign affairs by Mr. Hitt, who will be the chairman of this committee in the next Congress, and whose action in this matter is most significant and encouraging, as indicating the policy of the new Congress and its influence on the new Administration.

Mr. Wiman and the few supporters of his fad will soon find that there is very much more cry than wool in connection with this resolution, which really amounts to nothing. It is only, at the very most, the expression of an expiring Congress As the Conservative party are hostile to commercial union and as the Grit party have repudiated it, it goes without saying that Canada will not accept the invitation to sell her commercial independence to the United States and to cut the connection with the mother country, which the proposed discrimination would involve.

That there will be negotiation with the United States, within a short time after the incoming of the new administration seems probable; but those negotiations must originate with our neighbors. That they will embrace commercial union or anything akin to it, it would be absurd to suppose.

THE JESUIT BILL.

The Liberal Montreal *Witness* sarcastically suggests that

> The Jesuits should have conferred upon Mr. Mercier the degree of D. D. instead of LL. D., as some colleges in Germany did upon Prince Bismarck. Mr. Mercier has shown aptitudes which the teachers of a casuistic theology should recognize

Now let the Grit press turn their guns upon the Grit Premier of Quebec, who framed and passed the bill, instead of firing ineffectual shots at the Dominion Government who did not frame or pass the measure and who had no power to deal with it. By so doing they will save a large amount of ammunition and do something in the defence of what they are pleased to call their principles—principles which, to judge from their conduct, any one who is a partizan of the Grit stripe they will permit to violate with impunity.

DEAD AND BURIED.

Mr. Laurier's three-barrelled resolution, proposing to confess to the United States that we had been very haughty and oppressive neighbors, and to go down on our knees and beg from them an extension of trade relations, was buried beneath an adverse majority of 43 in the House of Commons on Friday night. If the same issue is ever presented to the people of the country the verdict will astonish those who would sacrifice our country and her rights.

EDITORIAL BREVITIES.

A Grit paper which has been attacking Dominion Ministers on account of the amounts charged by them for cab hire, after having been shown that similar charges are made by its friends of the Ontario Government, says that it cannot defend them in the practice. So far, so good. But why does not the hypocrite, thus cornered, attack its friends for doing that which it admits to be wrong?

ARE YOU MADE miserable by Indigestion, Constipation, Dizziness, Loss of Appetite, Yellow Skin Shiloh's Vitalizer is a positive cure Sold by D. M. Waters.

SOME SYMPTOMS OF WORMS are:—Fever, colic, variable appetite, restlessness, weakness and convulsions. The unfailing remedy is Dr. Low's Worm Syrup.

DYSPEPSIA IN ITS WORST FORMS will yield to the use of Carter's Little Nerve Pills, aided by Carter's Little Liver Pills. They not only relieve present distress but strengthen the stomach and digestive apparatus.

Notes from the Gallery.

February 27th.

"This is Woman's Suffrage day," said a reporter, as I made my first entry this session into the gallery, and as I looked around it needed no confirmation to assure me that the reporter was right. Every seat on each side of the Speaker was filled with ladies, and the galleries of the House were filled with ladies, large numbers having to stand. Before the motion that Mr. Waters was to move, was reached on the order paper, I took a careful survey of the ladies who were so anxiously waiting. They were of all ages from 18 to ——well, say very mature years. There were "the gay, the sober, the severe." There were the ordinary-dressed, the well dressed, the over-dressed, and all seemed "dead in earnest" as to "woman's rights." The members' seats were full, and when Mr. Waters rose to move his resolution there was a general settling down for an interesting and possibly lengthy debate. The Attorney-General was looking quite self-satisfied, and why not? Had he not told the deputation of ladies who waited on him some days previous that their arguments "were unanswerable to him," and were not the smiling faces of over 200 ladies looking down upon him in great admiration

Meredith was looking a little defiant as though he might be called upon to defend his position in opposition to Waters' Bill. Fraser had a free-and-easy look. Session after session, when this same question came up, he had unhesitatingly given his voice against it. His position was well-defined. Hardy looked beligerent, and his subsequent speeches explained the reason. Creighton looked "a little restless." He had voted for previous stages of the Woman Suffrage Bill in former sessions, and evidently his mind was not fully settled. Ross, Treasurer, had a similar look. He was in a similar position. The rest of the members of the Government seemed contented, except Drury, who voted *for*, at previous sessions, but evaded the vote this session. Clarke (H. E., Toronto,) looked a little savage. He had received letters from every Methodist minister in the city, it is said, asking him to vote for it, but it was well known he was opposed to the Bill. Wood (Hastings) had appatently an easy conscience in the matter and was noting the appearance of his brother members. Whatever way he would vote he had evidently quite made up his mind and was prepared to accept the situation. As the debate went on he took notes, apparently ready to speak if necessary, but evidently decided not necessary, as he did not speak. Mr. Waters was received with loud cheers from all sides. It was a question of *general* interest. His speech lasted for about an hour and a half; he produced statistics, reports, opinions, extracts, etc., and, judging from appearances, made himself highly popular with the female part of his audience. His speech may fairly be called able. During the course of his speech a beautiful bouquet was brought in by a page and placed before him, amid the cheers of the House; on it was written, "from the ladies." He was evidently pleased, but suggested that it be given to the Attorney General as the true champion. If Mr. Waters had known that the flowers were not the gift of ladies, but purchased by some of the waggish members, he would not have been so comfortable; I hope he will never learn it; it was not kind. Mr. Dryden, of South Ontario, replied in one of the ablest speeches I have ever heard on the question—argumentative, calm and logical; with enough sentiment to make it interesting, it captured the earnest attention of the House and galleries, and deserved it. He was followed by Metcalfe, of Kingston, in an amusing speech, but certainly containing little of argument or logic. Speeches were then made by Clark, H. E, Toronto, Hardy, Com. C. Lands, Lees (Lanark) Meredith, Mowat, and others. The speeches that had weight were Walters', Dryden's, Hardy's, and Meredith's. It was interesting to note the various phases of feeling, as indicated in their faces, among the women. To my mind argument had but little effect to their favor when made *against* the Bill; they came to support *their* friends, and they took no stock in any one else. As one lady was said to express her feelings to another alongside when Dryden was speaking: "I wish I had that fellow by the ear, he would sing another tune"; and I guess he would. The vote would indicate that Mr. Waters' opinions on this subject are not making progress; last session he lost it by 16 votes, this time by 34. I cannot help thinking, as so pertinently quoted by Mr. Hardy from the late Mr. Holland, that "when your true woman seeks a mission in the turbid stream of political life, she does not rise but sinks from the nobler position ordained to her by God, and founded in every true home on this continent." When the vote was taken, there was an unmistakeable expression of disgust from the female portion of the audience; I must not include all, for a few did linger and called Mr. Dryden to them, and complimented him as the true champion of their rights; and another lady said, "I can say amen to every word Mr. Meredith uttered, particularly when he said: "the Divine ruler had placed woman in her present relations to man, and her great mission was to keep sacred the homes of our land—such homes that made men willing to toil and labor, and if necessary to die for."

The Raw, Cutting Winds

Bring to the surface every latent pain. A change of even a few degrees marks the difference between comfort and pain to many persons. Happily disease now holds less sway. Science is continually bringing forward new remedies which successfully combat disease. Polson's Nerviline—nerve pain cure—has proved the most successful pain relieving remedy known. Its application is wide, for it is equally efficient in all forms of pain, whether internal or external. Ten and 25 cents a bottle, at druggists.

—The fact is noticed by the *Merchant Traveller* that there is a "b" in every bonnet.

—Sweet are the uses of matrimony. Miss Candy has just become Duchess of Newcastle.

WHY WILL YOU cough when Shiloh's Cure will give immediate relief? Price 10 cts., 50 cts., and $1. Sold by D. M. Waters.

—Some sixty-five cars of pork, averaging 33,000 pounds each, were shipped from Leamington and vicinity this season; the average price paid being $6.75.

FOR DYSPEPSIA and Liver Complaint you have a printed guarantee on every bottle of Shiloh's Vitalizer. It never fails to cure. Sold by D M Waters.

—Some 20,000 tons of shipping is now under construction in Nova Scotia; and had not the present winter been so unfavorable for getting out the ship timber, the tonnage of new ships would have been larger.

THE REV. GEO H. THAYER, of Bourbon, Ind., says: "Both myself and wife owe our lives to SHILOH'S CONSUMPTION CURE." For sale by D. M. Waters.

—Mr. A. E. Whitehead, of Montreal, son of the late manager of the Hochelaga Cotton Co., is about to start a new cotton mill at Beauharnois. The mill will cost about $100,000, and have a capacity of 250 looms. The building operations will be begun as soon as weather will permit. The new mill is to be engaged entirely on grey goods for the China trade.

MINISTERS, LAWYERS, TEACHERS, and others whose occupation give but little exercise, should use Carter's Little Liver Pills for torpid liver and biliousness. One is a dose. Try them.

FOUND ON PIGOTT'S BODY.

NOTE BOOK AND A LETTER FROM MR. LABOUCHERE.

The Significant Telegram Sent by the Forger to The Times' Dublin Solicitor—General Cable News.

LONDON, March 3.—Besides Pigott's check-book a letter addressed to Mr. Labouchere and a license to carry arms in Ireland were found on his body. The letter addressed to Mr. Labouchere says the first batch of letters sold by him to The Times were genuine but that in the second batch there were several forged letters, including two ascribed to Parnell and one each to Davitt, O'Kelly and Egan. Pigott further says: "I am deeply sorry for all those I have injured and am ready to place at their disposal all means in my power to remedy all that I have said that was false. Everything written under oath was true."

The license to carry a revolver was dated at Dublin. A check book of the Ulster Bank was also found on the body. Pigott tried to negotiate a check at a Madrid bank, but in the absence of proof of his identity the bank refused to cash it. A note book full of interesting notes was also found.

The body lies with four others in the morgue. The dead man's beard is stiff with blood. The bullet entered the mouth and came out at the back of the head near the neck on the right side. The body will be photographed to-morrow and will be buried Tuesday, after it has been identified by a British detective. The British embassy at Madrid has given orders for a decent burial.

What Had "S" Promised?

LONDON, March 3.—This telegram Pigott sent from Madrid on Thursday to Mr. Soames' office in this city was addressed to Mr. Shannon, The Times' Dublin solicitor. It read as follows:

> Please ask Mr. "S." to send me what you promised. Write. ROLAND PONSONBY.
> Hotel des Ambassadeurs, Madrid.

Mr. Balfour Was Warned.

LONDON, March 3.—Archbishop Walsh of Dublin has sent a telegram to Cardinal Rampolla, Papal Secretary of State, instancing the case of Pigott as proving that the Parnellites have been misrepresented to the Vatican.

It is stated that a Fenian in Paris is prepared to divulge the source of the first batch of the Parnell letters.

Mr. MacLean, a Conservative member of Parliament, says that Mr. Balfour warned The Times a year ago that Pigott was unreliable.

Parnell Grasps a Great Opportunity.

NEW YORK, March 3.—Mr. Smalley in his cable from London to The Sunday Tribune says, with reference to the speech of Mr. Parnell on Friday night: The House of Commons received him last night with such a demonstration as perhaps never before was offered to a member who had never held a great office of State. Mr. Gladstone himself led the cheering, which lasted for many minutes—a scene of tumultuous enthusiasm. Mr. Parnell alone stood unmoved, pale, impassive; all ice amid the general flame. He spoke for twenty minutes in his usual tone, without one word of allusion to himself or to his victory.

So much for his personal demeanor. But his speech may mark a new departure in Home Rule. He is a politician who sees that moments like this are to be used, not to enhance but to modify his demands. He has at last the ear of the people of England, and his first word to them is one of conciliation and concession. "We ask," said Mr. Parnell, "that Ireland shall have the power of dealing with all those matters which concern herself and herself alone,"—he has said that before, but he now adds, with singular emphasis—"without the slightest shadow of danger or risk to the interests of the Empire." Then he goes on:

> All I ask is that you on your side should be willing to consider and deal with this question as if it were an open question: that you should consider how far you can give to Ireland the right to legislate for herself with safety to your own greater and undoubtedly more overpowering influences. It is legitimate and right that we, being the smaller country, should endeavor to conciliate you in every possible manner, to yield to you, and to agree to such safeguards as you may think necessary or desirable for the security of your own interests.

Such words as those open, or may open, a new future for Ireland and England. They are doubly significant, coming at such a crisis as this. They will be taken to mean that Mr. Parnell is now willing to approach Home Rule from the English point of view, if they on their side will give a fair hearing to the Irish view. He says expressly that it is an open question. He even appeals to the English to regard it as an open question. It is as if Mr. Parnell had said: "Let us begin over again. Let us try together to find a solution acceptable to both."

I shall perhaps be acquitted of over-readiness to praise Mr. Parnell, but if I understand rightly what he now proposes, I should say that no leader ever seized a great opportunity in a more statesmanlike spirit. If the English will meet him half-way, if on both sides a spirit of reason, of prudence, and of compromise, which Burke called the essence of politics, shall prevail, this eternal Irish question may cease to be eternal.

The Police at Clonmel Stoned.

DUBLIN, March 3.—Dr. Tanner, member of Parliament for Cork, arrested in London Friday, arrived at Clonmel early this morning. Tanner refused to enter the prison wagon whereupon three constables forced him in and held him on the seat. A crowd followed the wagon groaning and throwing stones at the police, both before and after the prison was reached. Six persons were arrested but were liberated.

A Veto of Confidence.

PARIS, March 3.—In the Chamber of Deputies yesterday M. Laguerre asked the Government to explain its prosecution of the Patriotic League and why he had not been included with those who were prosecuted. M. Tirard justified the measure. The Government, he said, would not falter before the intrigues and threats of the enemies of the republic. M. Tirard's remarks were greeted with applause. M. Theveret, Minister of Justice, contended that the arrest of the leaders of the league was legal. He stigmatized the league as a hypocritical association whose real object was to raise one man to power. When justice required the prosecution of M. Laguerre he would be prosecuted.

M. Laguerre amid an uproar moved an order of the day condemning the prosecution of the league. The motion was rejected and the Chamber by a vote of 348 to 220 approved an order expressing confidence in the energy of the government.

The Pope's 79th Birthday.

ROME, March 3.—Yesterday was the 79th anniversary of the birth of the Pope. He received a number of cardinals, who tendered their congratulations. The Pope replying to the cardinals said it was impossible for him in the present position of the papacy to perform his duties as the head of the church in an independent manner. He complained of the delay in the granting of the royal exequatura to the Italian bishops and said his appointments were subject to scrutiny. He referred to the oppressions of the new penal code and the suppression of the funds of the fraternities. His Holiness was in splendid health and spoke vigorously.

Crispi to Form a New Cabinet.

ROME, March 3.—Signor Crispi has been charged with the formation of a new cabinet. He consulted with several political leaders today.

Hydrophobic Brains.

LONDON, March 3.—It is reported from St. Petersburg that the physiologist, M. V. Anrep, has succeeded in extracting from the brains and marrow of rabid rabbits ptomaine of an extremely poisonous character. The contradictory behavior of this ptomaine in great and small doses is singular. When given in small doses only does it give rise to symptoms of hydrophobia.

FIRES OF A DAY.

A Chatham Grocery Consumed—Building and Stock Heavily Insured.

CHATHAM, March 3.—The store owned and occupied by Thos. Snook & Son, grocers, in King-street, was completely gutted by fire about 11 o'clock Saturday night. The loss on building and stock will be total. It is impossible to give the amount at present. The building was insured for $2000 in the Citizens' and the stock in these companies: Phœnix of Brooklyn, $1500; Western, $2000; Caledonian, $2000; Scottish Union and National $2000; Liverpool and London and Globe, $2000; National, $2000; Quebec, $1500. The front of George Stephens' hardware store adjoining was damaged about $250, covered by insurance in the Liverpool and London and Globe. The cause of the fire is unknown.

It Was Fire Proof.

ORILLIA, March 2.—Shortly after 2 o'clock Saturday morning an alarm was sounded for a fire in J. J. Hatley's pork packing house. The fire started in the engine room, but as the building is built fire proof only the interior is damaged. The loss is about $250, covered by insurance.

Lyman Sons & Co. Again Scorched.

MONTREAL, March 3.—A fire in the building belonging to Lyman Sons & Co., wholesale druggists, under reconstruction in St. Paul-street, took fire to-day and $5000 damage was done. Benny, MacPherson Company's hardware store adjoining was damaged to the extent of $400, covered by insurance.

A Steamer Destroyed.

ELIZABETHPORT, N.J., March 3.—This evening the steamboat Kill von Kull of the New Jersey Central Railroad took fire at her wharf here and was destroyed. Loss $75,000.

British Army Stores Burnt.

LONDON, March 3.—The Government's small arms stores at Weedon have been burned; loss, $500,000.

WINNIPEG WIRE WHISPERS.

Change in the Hudson Bay Grant—Killed by the Cars—Newspaper Notes.

WINNIPEG, March 3.—In the Legislature last night, the act guaranteeing $1,500,000 to the Hudson Bay Railway was repealed and a grant of a cash bonus of $2000 per mile up to 300 miles passed. The new grant is practically useless to the company, and was opposed by four Reformers.

The Real Property Act passed its third reading, but only three registration divisions will be established at present, with offices at Brandon Portage and Winnipeg.

The Legislature prorogues Tuesday.

The Manitoba and Northwestern Railway have been notified by the Local Government that the act passed in 1886, by which the Government bound itself not to sell lands of the company which might fall into its hands under the guarantee act for less than $2½ per acre for a period of 25 years, will be repealed. The Government claims that the company is $100,000 in arrears for interest, and the province is losing $5000 annually interest on interest. The company is making a vigorous protest.

Andrew McNally, secretary of the Pioneer Knights of Labor, was killed at the Canadian Pacific Railway depot last night by a train, which started just as he was crawling under it. The remains were horribly mangled.

The Free Press has been repudiated by the Liberals of Morden. Government supporters are subscribing stock to start a newspaper.

Soft weather has made the ice almost unfit for the bonspiel which commences to-morrow.

Col. Irvine has returned from the far north and is in the hospital.

The Emerson International has suspended publication.

Flour has taken another rise of 26 cents per sack.

Edison's Narrow Escape.

NEW YORK, March 3.—Thomas A. Edison met with an accident last Saturday evening which for a time caused the gravest anxiety to his family. The details were carefully suppressed for a time, but a reporter visited Mr. Edison at his palatial home in Llewellyn Park last evening and obtained the facts.

The great inventor was busied in an intricate chemical analysis on Saturday afternoon and was treating the substances he was experimenting with in a mortar by adding a strong solution of nitric acid. The acid was slowly added, as Mr. Edison realized the danger of a too rapid union of the elements. During the process the mixture was kept constantly stirred. Without the slightest warning the mass suddenly exploded, shattering the mortar and scattering the contents about the room. The explosion was attended by a burst of flame from the ignition of the ingredients. The flames singed Mr. Edison's hair and eyebrows, and his face was pelted with the acid and other contents of the mortar, while a quantity of the acid struck his eyes. Despite the intense pain Mr. Edison ran across the room and plunged his face into a basin of water. This prompt action probably saved his eyesight. His face and burns were dressed and he went home. On Sunday the burns were painful, and it was feared that serious consequences would ensue. He has since improved steadily. Last evening he was in his accustomed state of health, a slight soreness of the eyes remaining.

Berlin Briefs.

BERLIN, March 3.—The recall from Samoa of the German consul has been promptly followed by the despatch of Stuebel, formerly Consul-General at Copenhagen, to replace him.

The Boisen Courier, adversely criticizing the increase in the German squadron in Samoan waters, asserts that the order for the despatch of the warships was not given through Bismarck but by superior authority.

The report that Count von Waldersee was about to retire arose from the overtures of Bismarck towards his acceptance of a high diplomatic post, stated to be Vienna in succession to Prince Henry of Reuss, upon whose discretion the Chancellor cannot reply. Von Waldersee declined placing himself within the grip of Bismarck and losing whatever hold his daily contact with the Emperor gives him.

Advices from St. Petersburg represent the Czar as incensed against Aitchinoff and as ordering his trial immediately on his arrival at Odessa. The Czar's anger extends to General Ignatieff, through whom the Slavonic societies supplied funds to Aitchinoff. General Balanoff, Governor of Novgorod and another noted Slav, is involved and is threatened with suspension from office.

The crisis in the relations between workmen and employers threatens to produce a general strike here. The severe weather, slack work and want of cohesion among the workmen have assisted employers in reducing wages.

The Irish Bishops' Lenten Pastorals.

LONDON, March 3.—Lenten pastoral letters from the bishops read to-day in Catholic churches in Ireland express sympathy with the Pope's position. They denounce both the action of the Italian Government regarding the Vatican and tyrannous government in Ireland. The letters also contain counsels from the bishops to their flocks against committing illegal acts.

CHAMPION O'CONNOR.

The Toronto Sculler Defeats Gaudaur at San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 4.—The 3-mile boat race between Wm. O'Connor of Toronto and Jake Gaudaur of St. Louis for $1000 a side and the championship of America was rowed yesterday afternoon over the Alameda course, an arm of San Francisco bay, about 5 miles from this city. A stiff breeze was blowing and the water was rough. O'Connor won the choice for places and was given the inside course, where the water was much smoother than Gaudaur's course.

The men were sent away at 4 o'clock. O'Connor caught the water first. At the start both rowed 36 strokes per minute. About 300 yards from the starting point Gaudaur lost his stroke owing to rough water, but regained it and made a spurt till tee quarter was reached when he again lost the water and gave up the race. O'Connor steered somewhat wildly about the half-mile point but regained a straight course and made the turn, a mile and a half in 9 mins. and 20 secs. On the home stretch he quickened his stroke and made the starting point in 19 mins. and 45 secs., and was declared the winner.

Only a small crowd witnessed the race because of a report that the race was already "fixed." Outside money was offered on O'Connor with odds of 2 to 1 but there were few takers.

Eight "Good" Indians.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., March 3.—News has just reached here from Okeechobee of a bloody affray among the Seminole Indians in the Everglades. "Jim," a young buck, went crazy and with a Winchester rifle started on the warpath through the camp and settlement. He first sent a bullet through the brain of "Waukee Micco," chief of the Miamis, killing him instantly. He next killed "Old Tiger." "Young Tiger," a son of "Old Tiger" and probably the finest Seminole living, physically, stepped out of his wigwam just in time to see his father drop to the ground a corpse, and with a blood-curdling war whoop he sprang on the maniac and a hand-to-hand fight for the possession of the rifle followed. Tiger was the superior in strength but was at the wrong end of the gun and before he could wrest it from his antagonist he was shot dead. The maniac then killed two papooses of his sister and attacked bucks, squaws and children indiscriminately. He was finally cornered and shot dead by "Billy," another Seminole brave. In less than half an hour eight Indians were killed.

Copeland Breaks the Record.

NEW YORK, March 3.—At the meeting of the National Association of Amateur Athletes last night Alfred Copeland won the 250 yards hurdle race in 32½ seconds, breaking the indoor record by one-fifth and the outdoor by 3 4-5 seconds.

INTERESTING ITEMS BY WIRE.

Richard Peacock, M.P. for the Gorton division of Lancashire, is dead, aged 69. He was an advanced Liberal.

Mr. Gladstone's eldest son William is suffering from partial paralysis. Mr. Gladstone's eldest brother Sir Thomas is also seriously ill.

The report of a conflict on the Russo-Afghan frontier and other alarmist rumors have been officially denied at St. Petersburg.

The Merchants' National Bank of Des Moines, Ia., was closed Saturday. The bank examiner found that the bank lacks $15,000 of the sum required to meet all obligations.

John Reutschler, a Rochester (N.Y.) laborer arrested for assault Saturday night, committed suicide by hanging himself in his cell at the police station at 6.45 yesterday morning.

Advices from Samoa state that a truce has been declared between the German consul and Mataafa until after the Berlin conference. Mataafa agrees to prevent destruction of German estates.

At New York yesterday Saloonkeeper John Sauter had his skull fractured by Officer Laune while resisting an excise arrest. He is dying. The officer tried to unter the saloon and was knocked down and belabored by Sauter and his wife.

The old-fashioned armchair in which George Washington was inaugurated in 1789 will be used by Gen. Harrison during the ceremonies to-day. It belongs to E. B. Southwick of New York. The chair was used at the second inaugural of Grant and at the inaugural of Garfield.

General Boulanger at a reception which he gave to members of the Revisionist Committee and league of patriots yesterday denounced M. Tirard for striking down the latter organization, which he said was a valiant phalanx that had rendered such service to the country as had awakened a sense of national dignity.

SHILOH'S CATARRH REMEDY—a positive cure for Catarrh, Diphtheria, and Canker Mouth. For sale by D. M. Waters.

—The first lacrosse club formed in France gave an exhibition of lacrosse in the Bois de Boulogne in Paris recently. The members are scholars of different educational institutions.

—The Territorial Statistican says there are now only about eight million bushels of wheat in Dakota, in farmers' hands and in elevators, and it will require at least thirteen million bushels to seed and bread the territory.

AS A PICK ME UP after excessive exertion or exposure, Milburn's Beef, Iron and Wine is grateful and comforting.

Only One Cent!
Only One Cent!

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

BOARD AND ROOMS.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

HOUSES TO LET.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

TO LET—Rough-cast house on North Moira Street, in good state of repair, lately occupied by John Cole, baker,—next property north of Patrick Taugher's; horse stable, and other conveniences. Rent very moderate. Apply to FRANCIS S. WALLBRIDGE, Barrister, &c., Office McAnnany Building, cor. Front and Bridge St. 26th Feb'y, 1889. 54dtf

LOST AND FOUND.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

LIVE STOCK.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

HOUSE FOR SALE on William St., two doors south of Bridge St., next the residence of Mrs. T. C. Wallbridge, best locality in the city, house new, comfortable, and commodious, hard and soft water, closets in all the rooms. Enquire of R. PURDY, Bridge St. 242d1m.

TO LET.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

WANTED.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

HOUSEKEEPER WANTED, middle aged woman preferred, to take charge of a family of six. Apply at HUGH WALKER'S grocery. 258dtf.

WANTED—A gentleman desirous of settling in Belleville wishes to purchase a brick dwelling, with modern conveniences, containing at least nine rooms, including kitchen, and having garden and fruit trees connected therewith Apply to GEO. DENMARK, Barrister, etc. 258d2t.

SALESMEN—We wish a few men to sell our goods by sample to the wholesale and retail trade. Large manufacturers in our line. Enclose 2-cent stamp. Wages $3 per day. Permanent position. No postals answered. Money advanced for wages, advertising, etc. CENTENNIAL MAN'F'G CO, CINCINNATI, OHIO 245d30teod

DOMESTICS WANTED.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

WANTED.—A good Laundry Girl. Apply at the QUEEN'S HOTEL. March 1, '89 d3t

WANTED.—A good dining room girl. Apply at once to the ONTARIO HOUSE. Feb. 26th, 1889. d6t

WANTED—A good general servant. Apply to MRS. THOS RITCHIE, George St. 259dtf.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

MECHANICS WANTED.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

IMPERIAL FEDERATION.

A MEETING of the members (and those wishing to become members) of the Belleville branch of the Imperial Federation League is called for TUESDAY EVENING, at eight o'clock, at Harrison's Hall, for the purpose of organization, election of officers and general business.

THOS. WILLS, Chairman.
R. PURDY, Secretary.
d2t

CARD OF THANKS.

To R. Croft Hulme, Chief Ranger, Court Bay City, No. 5, Canadian Order of Foresters

DEAR SIR,—I beg herewith to express my gratitude to yourself and the officers and members of Court Bay City, for the sum of one thousand dollars, this day paid me, being the amount of the Beneficiary certificate on the life of my late husband Dr. Douglas, insured in your order.

(Signed) MARGARET DOUGLAS.

257d3t.

PAINLESS BEECHAM'S EFFECTUAL
THE GREAT ENGLISH MEDICINE PILLS WORTH A GUINEA A BOX

For Bilious and Nervous Disorders, such as Wind and Pain in the Stomach, Sick Headache, Giddiness, Fulness, and Swelling after Meals, Dizziness and Drowsiness, Cold Chills, Flushings of Heat, Loss of Appetite, Shortness of Breath, Costiveness, Scurvy, Blotches on the Skin, Disturbed Sleep, Frightful Dreams, and all Nervous and Trembling Sensations, &c. THE FIRST DOSE WILL GIVE RELIEF IN TWENTY MINUTES. This is no fiction. Every sufferer is earnestly invited to try one Box of these Pills, and *they will be acknowledged to be a Wonderful Medicine.*—"Worth a guinea a box."—

BEECHAM'S PILLS, taken as directed, will quickly *restore females* to complete health. For a

WEAK STOMACH; IMPAIRED DIGESTION; DISORDERED LIVER;

they ACT LIKE MAGIC:—*a few doses* will work wonders upon the Vital Organs; Strengthening the muscular System; restoring long-lost Complexion; bringing back the keen edge of appetite, and arousing with the ROSEBUD OF HEALTH the *whole physical energy* of the human frame. These are "facts" admitted by thousands, in all classes of society, and one of the best guarantees to the Nervous and Debilitated is that BEECHAM'S PILLS HAVE THE LARGEST SALE OF ANY PATENT MEDICINE IN THE WORLD. Full directions with each Box.

Prepared only by THOS. BEECHAM, St. Helens, Lancashire, England.

Sold by Druggists generally.

EVANS & SONS, [LIMITED], Montreal,
Sole Agents for the Dominion of Canada.

NEW SPRING GOODS
—AT—
BRIGNALL & THOMPSON'S.

New Prints and Dress Goods,
New Embroideries,
New Cottons and Steam Looms,
New Table Linens and Sheetings,
New Goods in all departments arriving daily. Prices very low.

BRIGNALL & THOMPSON.

NEW SPRING GOODS
—ARRIVING DAILY.—

New Prints,
New Shirtings,
New Dress Goods,
New Ginghams,
New Table Linens,
New Towel Linens,

Etc., etc., CHEAPER THAN EVER.

A. N. REID & CO.

--50 MORE--
NEW HANGING LAMPS put in. Prices very much below anything we ever had.
W. J. REID & CO.

FANS
Suitable for WEDDINGS and BALLS. A splendid assortment at
J. C. OVERELL'S
FANCY EMPORIUM, BELLEVILLE.

NEW SEASON'S TEAS,
FRESH GROUND COFFEES,
Handsome Presents Given Away
—AT—
STROUD ∴ BROS.,
Front Street, Belleville,
and at Montreal, Ottawa, Kingston and Toronto.

CLEARING--SALE
—OF ALL—
BOOTS AND SHOES
Damaged by Fire and Water. Over $5,000 worth at less than half regular price.
A. W. VERMILYEA & SON.

RUBBER STAMPS! Send your name and address, with 30 cents, to the "ONTARIO CARD CO," Belleville, Ont., and get a Pearl Pen and Pencil Stamp, complete.

NEW SPRING GOODS.

Bought very early and bought very cheap.

NEW PRINTS,
NEW TABLINGS,
NEW COTTONS,
NEW STEAMLOOMS,
NEW DRESSGOODS,
NEW EMBROIDERIES,
NEW SHIRTINGS,
NEW CRETONNES,
NEW SCRIMS,
NEW UNDERWEAR,
NEW TWEEDS,

See the new. They are better and cheaper than the old.

JAS. W. DUNNET.
GLASGOW WAREHOUSE
Belleville, Feb. 12, 1889

Daily Intelligencer.
BELLEVILLE, MONDAY, MAR. 4

HERE MENTION.

CITY Council to-night.

SIGNS of spring are visible everywhere.

A YOUNG man fell in a fit on Front street on Saturday night.

Two prisoners were the occupants of the cells on Saturday night.

THE attendance at the Bridge St. Sunday school yesterday was 567.

MR. W. H. Carter's scow "Monitor" is being rebuilt by Charles Lapoint.

THE Grand Trunk people are making preparations for repairing the railway pier.

THE annual meeting of the Rambler's Wheel Club will be held to-morrow evening.

SPECIAL services will be continued every evening this week in the West Belleville church.

MR. Allan has done a considerable amount of work on craft in the harbor and is still busy.

THREE boys were summoned before the magistrate this morning for snow-balling, and were remanded until to-morrow.

EXTENSIVE repairs have been made on the yacht "Argo," by Mr. Allan, and James Malyea is furnishing a new suit of sails for her.

A FIRE occurred in the Township of Sidney last night, but the locality and particulars pertaining thereto could not be ascertained.

THE repairs to the foot bridge are being pushed forward rapidly. The structure will be raised about one foot higher than formerly.

A CAR on the Bay of Quinte railway ran off the track at the trestle near the chemical works at Deseronto, on Thursday, and did considerable damage, but no person was hurt.

A CUTTER containing a lady and gentleman was upset on Front street this afternoon and both the occupants were thrown out. They escaped injury, but were covered with dirt.

ALL DISORDERS CAUSED by a bilious state of the system can be can be cured by using Carter's Little Liver Pills. No pain, griping or discomfort attending their use. Try them.

THE pulpit of the Holloway St. church was filled yesterday morning by Mr. A. Mills and in the evening by Mr. W. F. Jones. The discourses by these gentlemen were excellent.

INDIGESTION can be effectually cured by the use of Dyer's Quinine and Iron Wine. This admirable tonic is valuable in cases of appetite and general debility, W. A. Dyer & Co., Montreal.

A MATTER of interest to Organists, Organ Students and Teachers is a new patent organ pedal attachment for pianos manufactured by Messrs. Newcombe & Co., 107 Church at Toronto. Particulars on application.

THE Imperial Oil Refining Company, of Petrolia, is the principal oil refining company in Canada. They send out about 60 per cent. of all Canadian oil used. One of their favorite brands is "Silver Star," for which A. L. Geen is their Belleville agent.

LEARNING that the Philharmonic Society was still in debt, Mrs. York generously volunteered to assist in cancelling it by delivering a lecture and singing to-morrow evening. It behooves the music loving public of Belleville, and especially all who have been members of the society, to show their appreciation of her past and present services by their presence at the concert to-morrow night.

MOTHERS who have delicate children can see them daily improve and gain in flesh and strength by giving them that perfect food and medicine, *Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil, with Hypophosphites*. Dr. W. A. Hulbert, of Salisbury, Ills., says: "I have used Scott's Emulsion in cases of Scrofula and Debility. Results more gratifying. My little patients take it with pleasure." Sold by all druggists, 50c. and $1.00.

PROBABILITIES.

TORONTO, March 4.—Westerly winds, fair weather, not much change in temperature.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria,

The Timber Trade.

Preparations are already being made for the rafting of timber, which will be carried on upon a large scale here this year by the Collinsby Rafting Company. A quantity of material for traverses, withes and pins has arrived. A shanty has been built for the raftsmen.

Narrow Escape.

Mr. F. E. O'Flynn, barrister, had a narrow escape on Saturday evening from what might have been a fatal accident. He was proceeding along by the Merchant's Bank when a large quantity of ice and snow fell from off the roof. He managed to escape without being injured, although it was a close call.

Again in the Toils.

Charles Smith and Robert McCullough, the two men who were arrested on Friday night for trespassing on the Grand Trunk railway, and discharged on Saturday morning, are again in the toils. They were arrested on Saturday night on the charge of vagrancy and soliciting alms on Front street. They were sent up for 2 months.

TEMPERATURE.

As Registered by Dr. Bell's Self-Registering Thermometer.

SUNDAY, March 3.
Maximum 42; minimum 24.
Barometer 30 20.

MONDAY, March 4.
Maximum 44; minimum 17.
Barometer 30.10.

Miss Andrews' Condition.

The condition of Miss Andrews, with whom our citizens so largely sympathize, can be understood more fully by the following extract from a private letter: "She is improving nicely. The physicians say she will recover. There are no internal injuries; collar bone and ankle fractured, and right cheek and ear bruised. The fractures will be reduced as soon as she is strong enough. She wishes to be remembered by the Rev'd Messrs. Learoyd, Copeland, and other endearing friends in prayer."

Charge of Perjury.

The adjourned case of Jones Phillips, of Thurlow, charged with perjury, was brought before the Police Magistrate this morning. Mr. Phillips was the defendant in a suit brought by Latta *et al* last fall for the purpose of trying the right to certain property left in their possession by a deceased farmer. The accused won all the suits and in his affidavits of disbursements to witnesses for fees and mileage swore that he gave P. Ross $6.10, P. S. York $6.10, W. C. Farley $4 58, Mrs. Garrison $2.85, and W. B. Graham $18.80. It appears that these parties state that he did not pay these sums, hence the charge brought against him.

Mr. G. E. Henderson, Q. C., for the crown. W. B. Northrup for the private prosecutor, and Mr. J. H. Simpson for Mr. Phillips.

The magistrate will give judgment on Monday next.

Oyster Supper and Soiree.

An oyster supper and Orange soiree, under the auspices of L.O.L. No. 3, Foxboro, was held in the north church in that village on Thursday evening, Feb. 28th. The attendance was very large, and the supply of good things appeared to be inexhaustible. The "feast of reason" which followed the more substantial part of the evening's entertainment was also highly enjoyed. Matthew Hill, Esq., County Master, presided, and addresses were delivered by the Rev'd Messrs. Taylor and Robeson, and Messrs. P. R. Daly and H. Fenn, whose patriotic remarks, in advising that Canadians should draw closer to the mother country, excited the enthusiasm of their auditors. Recitations were given by Mr. Staples, Miss Hutchinson, and Mr. C. W. Thompson. Mr. Jno. Vermilyea contributed a number of pleasing solos, and excellent music was furnished by the church choir. The proceeds, which amounted to $111.50, will be applied to the building fund of an Orange Hall to be erected in Foxboro.

Personal.

Sir Julian Pauncefote, who has been appointed British minister to the United States, has sailed for New York. It is stated that Lord Salisbury selected Sir Julian Pauncefote for the post on account of the latter's knowlege of the fishery question.

The Czar of Russia is growing so fat that he has become alarmed at his condition. He smokes a great deal and is always under a heavy nervous strain, but in spite of these flesh-reducing influences he continues to increase in weight. He has been advised by his physicans to try the Banting system.

Mr. W. P. Hudson, M. P. P., was in town to-day and will leave for Toronto this evening.

Wm. C. Boyd, agent for "Held by the Enemy" company, is registered at the Kyle House.

Mr. John White was in town to day.

Prof. J. S. Duer left this afternoon for Peterborough.

Mr. C. P. Hunter, of Toronto, who has been on a flying visit to his family, will go west this evening.

Mrs. Geo. J. Sherry, who has been for some time at Montreal for medical treatment, is, we regret to learn, beyond hope of recovery. Mr. Sherry, who is with his wife, writes that, if she can stand the journey, he will bring her home on Wednesday evening.

Curliana.

Games at Home and Abroad—Others in Prospect.

The ice was very heavy on Saturday night, when the Lazier and Gordon rinks played their game in the second draw for the President's prize. Neither rink had their full complement of players, but efficient substitutes were found. Lazier's rink won a well-contested game by two shots, and the prize now lies between them and Mr. Clarke's rink. The score was as follows:

Lazier's Rink.	*Gordon's Rink.*
Geo Twining,	F. Roote,
H. K Smith,	Thos. Ritchie,
W. Webster,	Geo. Easton,
S. S. Lazier, skip—15	Jas. Gordon, skip—13.

THE PETERBOROUGH GAME.

Three games following closely after each other, with a long drive over a bad road from Keene to Peterborough, proved more than the Belleville curlers were able to stand, and the result was a very bad defeat at Peterborough, as the following score shows:

NO 1 RINK.

Belleville.	*Peterborough.*
Jno Bonar,	J. H. Barnham,
F. Dolan,	T. P. Attrill,
Geo. Easton,	W. H. Budden,
D.B Robertson, skip..3	Dr. Boucher.........30

NO. 2 RINK.

W. L. Fellowes,	J. McClelland,
W. H. Campbell,	E. B. Edwards,
J. Jenkins,	G. W. Hatton,
W. H. Biggar, skip..9	Judge Weller, skip...18
Total..............12	Total..............48

Majority for Peterborough 36 shots.

As the Peterborough men promise a visit to Belleville this week, provided ice can be had, the result will furnish a better test of the playing strength of the clubs than was afforded by the game at Peterborough.

AN INACTIVE or Torpid Liver must be aroused and all bad bile removed. Burdock Pills are best for old or young.

OBITUARY.

JOHN MULLETT.

Mr. John Mullett died at his residence, Coleman street, on Saturday night, after a brief illness. The deceased was born at Frampfort, England, in 1802, and was in his 87th year. He emigrated to this country in 1821 and located in Picton, in which place he resided for about 40 years. He then moved to the village of Canifton and, after after residing there for some time, finally came to this city, some twelve years ago, where he has since lived. He has been in poor health for some time, but was not taken to his bed until Thursday last and died after two days' illness. He has been a widower for the past 34 years. He leaves eight children to mourn his loss. His remains will be taken to Bloomfield, Prince Edward county to-morrow for burial.

LILLIE DIAMOND.

A sixteen-year-old daughter of Mr. John Diamond died at the family residence, Moira street, yesterday. The young girl had been ill for some time, but her illness was not considered serious. Her physician had attended her a short time before her death and gave his opinion that she would recover after a short time. She shortly after complained of a pain in the region of the heart, and in a short time expired. Her funeral will take place to-morrow afternoon.

HARRY FENN.

The subject of this sketch was born at Faversham, Kent County, England, in 1847, and was at the time of his death, which occurred on Saturday night, in his 42nd year. He came to this country in 1872, and after residing in Chicago for two years came to this city, where he has since resided. He was in partnership with his brother for some time as tobacconist, and after the latter retired continued the business, in which he was engaged at the time of his death. The deceased was one of the charter members of the Oddfellow's Band, and was also connected with Belleville Lodge No. 81, I. O. O. F., and was a mason. He was a bachelor, and his brother is the only relative that he has in this country. The funeral took place this afternooon under the auspices of the Oddfellows, and was largely attended. The funeral services were conducted at Christ Church, by the Rector, Rev. S. Daw.

THE VICTIM IDENTIFIED.

The Body of the Salvation Army Girl Killed at St. George

Identified as That of Maggie English, a Marchmont Girl.

The Grand Trunk authorities have made every effort to discover the identity of the Salvation Army girl killed at St. George, supposed to have been Capt. Moore. To that end Mr. W. W. Pope left word at Toronto to look out for baggage unreclaimed coming through on the unfortunate train. Two trunks, thus unreclaimed, were opened and found to contain letters addressed to Maggie English, Park Hill, and as well a business card of H. K. Smith, photographer, Belleville. Upon enquiring of Mr. Smith he says he took a photograph for a Marchmont girl, named Maggie English, about a year ago. By telegraph, Mr. Noble, post-master of Park Hill, says that a girl of that name left there about two months ago, saying she was going to Port Huron. Mrs. Wallace, of the Marchmont Home here, says there is a girl of that name who has an aunt named Mrs. Adair at Grand Bow, near Park Hill, and furnished Mr. Pope with a photograph of the girl, which has been sent forward for identification.

Public Library.

The Bridge Street Methodist Church Library Association have grown to such an extent that they have been able to place on the free list of the circulating library all the teachers, officers and senior members of the large Sabbath School, as well as the members of the Y. P. C. A. Not satisfied with what they call home missions, they have decided to strike out in the foreign field. To that end they have just had manufactured for them a very complete secretary and book case, to be set up in the parlor of the christian home and free reading room. In this they propose to keep a number of books, to be used as a public library. These books will be changed from time to time, from the circulating library and will always include many valuable works of reference, such as the following: Holy Bible, authorized and revised versions, Webster's Unabridged Dictionary, Smith's Bible Dictionary, Cowden's Concordance, Commentary on the Old and New Testament, Appleton's New Cyclopedia (17 vol., a library in itself) Macaualy's History of England, Withrow's History of Canada, Notes and Suggestions for Bible Reading, The Land and The Book, Stones Crying Out, The Leisure Hour, Bible Animals, and the following poetical works: Milton's, Mrs. Hemans', Whittier's, Wordsworth's, Longfellow's, Moore's, American; also the Ontario Gazetteer and Directory and the new Hastings Directory.

Customs Returns.

Goods entered for consumption at the port of Belleville during the month of February, 1888 and 1889:

IMPORTS.

	Value.	Duty.
1888............	$13,615	$3,095.14
1889............	13,682	2,994.84
Increase........	$ 67	$ 100.30

EXPORTS.

	Value.
1888..................	$26,806
1889..................	47,886
Increase...........	$21.080

Extensive Barley Shipments,

Last week at the Downey elevator the Downey Company shipped 20,000 bushels to New York, 15,000 bushels to St. Louis, 5,000 bushels to Buffalo and 7,000 bushels to Albany, a total of 47,000, which was bonded into 67 cars. During the week they received from farmers 2,000 per day and unbonded 24 cars.

Imperial Federation.

A meeting of the members of this League and those who wish to become members will be held to morrow evening in Harrison's Hall. The election of officers will take place, and other important business will be transacted.

—President Harrison was installed at Washington to-day.

—Some wheat has been sown in the neighborhood of Brandon.

—Rev. T. W. Jeffery preached to a crowded congregation in Queen street Methodist church last night.

—Andrew McNally, formerly of Montreal, was cut to pieces by a freight train at Winnipeg on Saturday night.

—Saturday was the seventy-ninth anniversary of the birth of the Pope, and yesterday the eleventh anniversary of his coronation.

—The Hitt resolution was favorably reported to the Senate on Saturday, but Senators Blair and Hoar prevented its immediate consideration.

—There was considerable excitement in Chicago wheat on Saturday, owing to the big decline in prices. The May option closed at a decline of 4½c. as compared with Friday. The receipts are increasing, and the bulls seem despondent.

Management of Ensilage.

LETTER NO. 2.

As soon as the corn arrives at the proper stage of maturity, that is when the corn has the greatest amount of sugar or saccharine secretion, which will be found when the ear is in full milk.

A great effort should be made to cut the corn at this stage, as a too early cutting gives an inferior quality of food.

Always bear in mind that the nearer the corn arrives at maturity the more nutritious the food.

At this juncture a departure will be necessarily made from the heading of this letter in order to describe the building of the *silo*. We do not advise our readers to follow in their work of ensilage, farming the course this letter might lead them to pursue. What I mean is this, don't leave the building of your silo until your corn is fit for cutting, but have everything ready so that there will be no delay.

In the first place convenience of location must be studied, as labor means money. A wooden silo is preferable, it being a perfect non-conductor of frost and free from moisture, both of which would materially effect the ensilage by coming in contact with the walls of a silo built of stone.

The cost of a wooden silo cannot be exactly estimated, as the place where constructed and other circumstances, would very practically affect the estimate. But for example, we undertake to construct one in connection with the barn or stable already built, taking the hay-mow with the following dimensions: 28x17 ft. and 19 feet high, with two partitions, making three compartments of equal size. This would cost for material about $85 or $90; this provides for two thicknesses of boards for sheeting, being careful to break joints, and also two thicknesses of tarred felt; the floor being constructed in the same way; the partitions single boards and 2x4 scantling. The great secret of the whole matter is in making the silo perfectly air-tight; the air being excluded, precludes all possibility of fermentation or decomposition.

We will now proceed to the cutting, hauling, and filling of the silo. One acre per day can easily be cut by one man. The corn should be laid in bundles of convenient size to handle. The hauling should commence immediately, using trucks for convenience of loading, with a rack similar to one used for cordwood, laying the corn crosswise. A cutter with carriers attached will cut from 30 to 40 tons per day. Put one day's cutting in each section, which will require three days, if built as described. On the fourth day you will find that the first section has reached a temperature of about 125°, which is necessary for the proper curing of the ensilage; then repeat the same course from day to day until the silo is filled, being careful to keep the outer edges the fullest and tramped well, so as to relieve the pressure from the outside to the centre. There is no necessity of weighting, as was practiced in the primitive days of silos; all that is necessary is to cover with straw, hay or dry cornstalks, to a depth of 4 or 5 feet. The ensilage will be ready for feeding in one month after filling. Our next letter will be on the results of feeding ensilage.

W. J. MASSEY.

Latest Scotch News.

Rev'd Dr. Donald Fraser, London, is being urged to go to Australia.

Provost Patterson, of Hamilton, Lanarkshire, died suddenly on Feb. 10th, of heart disease.

Coatbridge is to have municipal buildings and a town hall erected, at a cost of about £20,000.

A movement is in progress for the erection of a monument at Pitlochry, Perthshire, to the memory of the late Dr. Duff.

It has been resolved to proceed with the erection of new public library buildings in Aberdeen, at an estimated cost of £8,600.

Mr. William Holl and Mr. Robert McGregor were on Feb. 11th elected Academicians of the Royal Scottish Academy.

The late Mr. John Taylor, merchant, Woodside (Aberdeen), has bequeathed £500 to buy or rent a field as a playground for the children of the burgh.

The St. Andrew's University has apprised the Rev. John Laird, Cupar, the Moderator-Elect of the Free Church General Assembly, of its intention to confer on him the degree of D. D.

J. Nicol, milk-dealer, Wishaw, has been fined £2 for watering his milk. He said his "customers" insisted on good measure, and he had to eke it out with water so as to please them.

The Senatus of St. Andrew's University have agreed to confer the degree of LL.D. upon Dr. Cameron Lees, Dean of the Chapel Royal and minister of St. Giles' Cathedral, Edinburgh.

Miss Agnes Gregan, of Dumfries, who died the other day in her 88th year, was the last member of a family long connected with Loreburn Street Church. Her father was an intimate friend of Allan Cunningham.

John Cummings was the only heir to the property of Sir Charles Graham in Scotland, and he is now the possessor of the fortune left by that gentleman. He was a blacksmith; now he is a millionaire, and lives at Lambton, near Melbourne.

The fine estate of Applegirth, in Dumfriesshire, which has belonged to the family of Sir Alexander Jardine for more than six hundred years, was sold at Edinburgh recently for £146,000 to Mr. Jas. Jardine, of Dryfeholm, the elder brother of Sir Robert Jardine, M. P. This property was valued about ten years ago at £200,000. The residence on the Applegirth estate, which is known as Jardine Hall, is a very pretty place on the banks of the Annan.

A NASAL INJECTOR free with each bottle of Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. Price 50 cents. Sold by D. M. Waters.

Latest From Ireland.

Miss Nelly Farrell, the well-known music hall artiste, died in Belfast from typhoid fever recently.

A girl aged 4 years died on the 12th Feb. in Belfast Hospital from hydrophobia caused by the bite of a cat.

The Queen has approved the appointment of Colonel Guinness to command the 83rd Regimental District at Belfast.

There died at Tullybrook House, County Donegal, two weeks ago, Charles J. Johnston, of Tullybrook, aged 34.

The personal estate of the late G. B. Hone, Dublin, has been declared at £48,375 17s. 2d., of which £18,277 5s. is in England.

Clonmel, which is the scene of O'Brien's imprisonment, is one of the prettiest towns in Ireland. It is famous for its Cromwellian associations. Oliver, it may be remembered, intended to reserve Tipperary as his own estate, and Clonmel abounds with traditions of the siege which it underwent when the Commonwealth undertook the subjugation of Ireland.

—The Piccadilly Spool Factory at Penobsquis is under the management of Mr. R. D. Robinson. It employs about 90 men and 22 teams; has 17 spool machines turning out 80 gross of spools per day. The spools are shipped to Liverpool, Toronto and Glasgow.

—It is stated by the Calgary *Herald* that the Cochrane Mine Company in Alberta has got into operation machinery for utilizing the slack at their mines by compressing it into coal bricks. These bricks of compressed coal dust are said to burn in a base burner for twelve hours.

SHILOH'S CURE will immediately relieve Croup, Whooping Cough and Bronchitis. Sold by D. M. Waters.

THE RAILWAY DISASTERS.

VERDICT OF THE CORONER'S JURY AT PARIS.

Engineer, Conductor and Company Censured—Nearly all the Injured at St. George Reported Out of Danger.

PARIS, March 3.—The inquest on the bodies of Isabella Law and Mary Law, the two victims of Friday night's collision at the station here, was terminated late last night. The main facts elicited were that the driver had never been over this branch of the road, that he had been advised his train might stop coming up this curve unless he gave her full steam, that he was running at a rate of twelve miles an hour and was unable to see the semaphore, which gave the track ahead to the other train, in time to slow up, so swift was his speed and so sharp the curve, and that he might have had a pilot if he had asked for one.

The jury brought in a verdict stating the circumstances and fatal result of the collision and adding their belief that:

The driver, Wm. Mapplebeck, not being acquainted with the grades and peculiarities of the said railway track, being a stranger thereto, should have applied for a pilot at Brantford to instruct him concerning said road, and the conductor, Joseph Reed, in charge of the train should have insisted upon a pilot being supplied when his engine driver was uncertain as to his knowledge of the track: and we also consider the Grand Trunk Railway Company should adopt more positive regulations for securing this object other than those appearing in the instructions filed in evidence. And the jurors aforesaid upon their oaths say from the evidence and examination of that portion of the road from the bridge over the Grand River on the Buffalo and Lake Huron division that the position and location of said semaphore and the arrangements for giving warning to the drivers of trains approaching from the direction of Brantford, both in the deep cut and the curves near Paris station, are not sufficient to protect the traveling public from the danger of collision, and the jurors aforesaid also condemn the practise of placing flat cars in immediate connection with passenger coaches.

THE INJURED AT ST. GEORGE.

Nearly All Out of Danger—The Bridge Repairs Completed.

ST. GEORGE, March 3.—The report of the medical staff to-night on the victims of the late accident is: W. Benedict, doing well; Mr. and Mrs. Marshall, Miss Chaffee, Mr. and Mrs. Badden, Mr. McLaughlin, out of danger; Mrs. Jennings and May Jennings, doing favorably; Conductor Revell, very much better; Geo. Margetts, improving slowly; T. L. Doutney, doing favorably; J. McKinley, doing well; George Forbes, out of danger; Robert Hilton, improving; James Hyslop, not much improvement; Mr. Martin, doing favorably; Mrs. Sendall, doing well; Dr. Lequesne, a little more favorable; Miss Andrews, Miss McLeod, resting nicely.

The bridge repairs were completed Saturday in time to allow the Atlantic express to pass over at 2 p.m. This was quickly followed by a special from Detroit with a full complement of passengers bound for Washington to take part in the inauguration festivities.

No identification of the remains of the lady taken from the dining car has yet been made. The railway officials think from her appearance and dress that she is a foreigner.

The Funerals at Woodstock.

WOODSTOCK, March 2.—To-day the incidents in connection with the sad death of Reeve Francis and Councillors Dr. Swan and Jos. L. Peers, culminated in the consignment of their remains to the "narrow house appointed for all living." The deep sorrow of the whole community, which has flowed out so spontaneously and universally to the families of the deceased found vent to-day in what was without a doubt the most imposing spectacle ever witnessed in this town. Though the walking was about the worst that could be imagined, yet it is estimated that fully 1500 persons were in the cortege. The procession began at Old St. Paul's Church, at the extreme east of the town, where a short service had been held over the remains of Mr. Peers. Proceeding westward it was swelled at New St Paul's by a large concourse who had attended the service for Mr. Francis. It was next joined at the Methodist Church by those who were at the funeral of Dr. Swan, and slowly proceeded to the cemetery.

A large body of the 22nd Battalion turned out in honor of their deceased surgeon-major and fired a volley over his remains. In the cortege there were representatives of nearly every secret and benevolent society in the town, as well as the town and county councils and officials, and representatives of other municipal bodies. The whole town is heavily draped in mourning and all business operations were suspended for two hours.

Mayor Karn's Condition Critical.

WOODSTOCK, March 3.—Mayor Karn's condition is critical. Messrs. Knight and Peacock are both doing well and no serious results are anticipated. Mr. Martin's condition is still hopeful but not altogether satisfactory.

TOPICS FROM THE CAPITAL.

Sir Charles Tupper Talks on the Fisheries and Other Questions.

OTTAWA, March 2.—Sir Charles and Lady Tupper arrived at the Capital this afternoon and went directly to the residence of Hon. C. H. Tupper, where they will stay during their visit in Ottawa. Sir Charles is looking well. He said that he was here solely to give evidence in the Onderdonk arbitration and expects to return to England within two months to resume his official duties. "The American papers," added Sir Charles, "see much significance of various sorts in my visit, but I assure you they are mistaken."

Sir Charles saw Hon. Mr. Chapleau in Paris. The Secretary of State is much improved in health, but will not return before undergoing further treatment.

Regarding the negotiation of a commercial treaty with Spain in relation to trade between Canada and the Antilles, Cuba and Costa Rica, Sir Charles said the matter had been deferred for the present owing to the increase of the protectionist element in the Spanish Cabinet.

Sir Charles is hopeful of an early amicable settlement of the fisheries question but expects negotiations to be re-opened from Washington. There are no new developments in the Behring Sea fishery question. The appointment of Sir Julian Pauncefote as British Ambassador at Washington Sir Charles considers an excellent one.

"As to annexation," said Sir Charles, "the last question which I or those who come after me will ever see submitted to the consideration of the people of Canada will be the question of annexation to the United States."

Premier Mowat of Ontario, Hon. P. Garneau, representing the Province of Quebec, and Sir John Macdonald had a conference here to-day and came to an amiable basis for the settlement of the boundary question in the vast territory beyond the height of land and adjacent to Hudson Bay. This settlement does away with the necessity for litigation.

The following are the Customs decisions for the month of February:

Creolin, an antiseptic and disinfectant, 20 per cent.

Cotton wool, raw, dyed, not to include wadding, batting, batts or jewelers' wool, 20 per cent.

Iron, round rods, galvanized, 30 per cent.

Iron bars, galvanized, 30 per cent.

Ivory soap, 10 cents per pound and 10 per cent.

Preserved ginger, 1½ cents per pound and 35 per cent.

Shells, marine, ground and broken, 20 per cent.

Syrup of phosphates of iron, lime, potassa and soda, 50 per cent.

The New U. S. Cabinet.

NEW YORK, March 3.—The new cabinet will almost certainly consist of the following gentlemen:

Secretary of State—Mr. Blaine.
Secretary of Treasury—Mr. Windom.
Secretary of War—Mr. Proctor.
Secretary of Navy—Mr. Tracy.
Secretary of Interior—Mr. Noble.
Postmaster-General—Mr. Wanamaker.
Attorney General—Mr. Miller.
Secretary of Agriculture—Messrs. Rusk or Furness.

Drowned in Conessus Lake.

ROCHESTER, N.Y., March 3.—A son and daughter of P. T. Adams of Livonia while crossing Conessus Lake in a sleigh Friday night drove into a hole where the ice had been removed. The young man jumped and was saved but the young lady and the horses were drowned. The body of the young lady has been recovered.

Railway Bonds Floated.

QUEBEC, March 3.—Mr. Be mer has successfully floated the Lake St. John Railway bonds in the English market. Ninety-six is said to be the figure obtained.

The Woodstock Mayoralty.

WOODSTOCK, March 3.—The quo warranto proceedings against the election of Mayor Karn have been dropped.

The Great Vetoer's Last Veto.

WASHINGTON, March 3.—The President yesterday afternoon vetoed the Direct Tax Bill.

SPRING STOCK
—OF—
BOOTS-AND-SHOES
—AT—
HAINES & LOCKETT'S.

We are determined to maintain our reputation for selling the best quality of Boots and Shoes in the city for the money.

HAINES & LOCKETT.

NEW GOODS,
NEW CORSETS, NEW HOSIERY, NEW EMBROIDERIES, NEW JERSEYS, and the finest stock of MEN'S NECKWEAR in the city.

J. HENNESSY

☞Our terms are strictly cash, and the lowest price in the city.

TORONTO TOPICS.

A Big Timber Suit Settled—Bill Easby's $100 Bill Stolen While He Slept

TORONTO, March 4.—After ten days' hard fighting a settlement has been arrived at in the big timber suit of Scott v. Benedict. The limits in question are valued at half a million, and the terms of the agreement are practically that the plaintiff and, through Nelson & Co., have the right to redeem the property upon payment to the defendants and the Rathbun Company of $270,000. Each party is to pay their own costs. This settles probably one of the heaviest law suits that has occurred in Ontario for a decade, and which has been before the courts in one form or another during that time,

The World this morning says: "A claim will be set up that the Jesuit grant which has caused so much discussion should be portioned out among the Jesuits of the various provinces of the Dominion for the education of Roman Catholic youth. Ontario is likely to be the first to move in the matter. The position of Roman Catholic Ontario in the matter is simply this: When the Pope dissolved the Order of the Society of Jesus he in his bull declared expressly that the property held by the order in Quebec should be handed over to the ordinaries, that is the bishops, to be held in trust for the educational interests of Canada—not merely of Quebec. It is on this clause that the Ontario claim is based. Of course as soon as the Ontario hierarchy is heard from it will be but a question of time when Manitoba, British Columbia and the Maritime Provinces will have something to say."

W. L. Palmer, a young man of 23 and Emma Wilson, an inmate of a house at 89 Richmond-street west, are in custody charged with having stolen a $100 bill from William Easby who lives in Vanauley-street. It appears that on Saturday Easby drew $200 from a bank and getting too much to drink was drawn into a game of matching in a poolroom, losing $60 at the rate of $2 a clip. Palmer, who had met him before, had induced him to go to 89 Richmond-street west where he "flashed" the big bill and went to sleep. It is alleged that Palmer and the girl took the money from him while he was asleep and drove to Palmer's house, where the money was secreted, and then returned. When Easby discovered his loss he reported the matter to the police, with the result that last night Detective Burrows and Davis arrested Palmer in McGee's dive in York-street and the woman at the Richmond-street house. They found the bill at Palmer's home in Arthur-street.

Decreasing the Death Rate.

The mortality among Consumptives has been materially decreased of late years by the use of *Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil* with Hypophosphites of Lime and Soda. Phthisis, Bronchitis, Abscess of the Lungs, Pneumonia and Throat Affections are completely subjugated by a timely use of this excellent pulmonic. Palatable as milk. Sold by all Druggists at 50c. and $1.00.

Dangerous Counterfeit

Counterfeits are always dan [illegible] more so that they always closely IM[illegible] THE ORIGINAL IN APPEARANCE AND NAME. The remarkable success achieved by Nasal Balm as a positive cure for Catarrh and Cold in the Head has induced unprincipled parties to imitate it. The public are cautioned not to be deceived by nostrums imitating Nasal Balm in name and appearance, bearing such names as Nasal Cream, Nasal Balsam, etc. Ask for Nasal Balm and do not take any imitation dealers may urge upon you. For sale by all druggists or sent post-paid on receipt of price (50c. and $1,) by addressing Fulford & Co., Brockville, Ont.

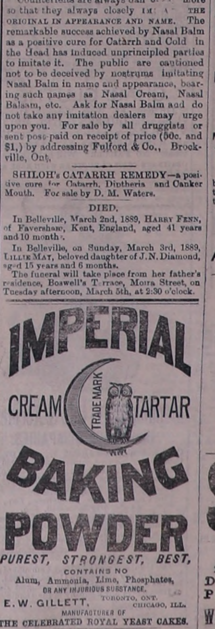
SHILOH'S CATARRH REMEDY—a positive cure for Catarrh, Diptheria and Canker Mouth. For sale by D. M. Waters.

DIED.

In Belleville, March 2nd, 1889, HARRY FENN, of Faversham, Kent, England, aged 41 years and 10 months.

In Belleville, on Sunday, March 3rd, 1889, LILLIE MAY, beloved daughter of J. N. Diamond, aged 15 years and 6 months.

The funeral will take place from her father's residence, Boswell's Terrace, Moira Street, on Tuesday afternoon, March 5th, at 2:30 o'clock.



IMPERIAL CREAM TARTAR BAKING POWDER
PUREST, STRONGEST, BEST,
CONTAINS NO
Alum, Ammonia, Lime, Phosphates,
OR ANY INJURIOUS SUBSTANCE.
E. W. GILLETT, TORONTO, ONT. CHICAGO, ILL.
MANUFACTURER OF
THE CELEBRATED ROYAL YEAST CAKES.

FOR NETTLE RASH, Summer Heat and general toilet purposes, use Low's Sulphur Soap

-NEW .·. GOODS-
—AT—
FISH'S.

NEW NECKWEAR,
NEW COLLARS AND CUFFS,
NEW WHITE DRESS SHIRTS,
NEW KID GLOVES,
NEW WHITE TIES,

New goods coming to hand daily.

A. E. FISH & CO.,
The noted Shirt Makers and Gents' Furnishers, 260 Front St.

☞All winter goods at great reductions.

FARMS FOR SALE.

THE undersigned is instructed to sell on EASY TERMS the following FARMS, situated in the County of Hastings:

TOWNSHIP OF TUDOR.
Lots Nos. 27 and 28, South-west side of Hastings Road, 100 acres.

LIMERICK.
Lots Nos. 53 and 54, 2nd con, east Hastings Road, 100 acres.

MONTEAGLE.
Lot No. 30, 16th con., 101 acres.

WICKLOW.
Lot No. 29, 1st con., 101 acres.

CARLOW.
Lots Nos. 24 and 25, 7th con., 200 acres. Lots Nos. 24 and 25, 8th con., 200 acres. Lot No 28, 8th con., 100 acres. Lots Nos. 24 and 25, 15th con., 199 acres.

Titles are perfect. Apply to
JAMES BOOTH,
Real Estate Agent, Belleville.
Office corner Pinnacle and Bridge Sts., up stairs.
Feb. 28, '89 d30tw3m

Duckworth & Hollington
MANUFACTURERS OF FINE
Carriages and Sleighs,
BUSINESS WAGGONS, &C.
North End of Upper Bridge, Belleville, Ontario.

☞Repairing promptly and neatly done. Prices very low. Please give us a trial.
Feb'y 18, '89. d&w2w

Montreal, Nov. 21, 1888.
MESSRS. WILLIS & Co, 1,824 NOTRE DAME ST., CITY.

DEAR SIRS.—After having played on the Piano of Messrs. Bell & Co., of Guelph, Ont., it is impossible not to bear testimony to the qualities which have acquired for them the good reputation which they already enjoy. The Pianos of their manufacture are exceedingly remarkable for their qualities of tone. The bass is powerful without harshness, and the upper notes sweet, clear and mellow. The Bell Pianos are unquestionably the best made in Canada, and I act upon my principle and give you to-day an order to furnish one for my own use. Canada is to be congratulated on having produced the Bell Piano.

J. B. LABELLE, Professor of Music
Organist Notre Dame Cathedral.

H. BULL AGENT,
BELLEVILLE.

Two Years' Profits!

THOSE INSURING IN THE
—"CANADA LIFE"—
before the 30th of April next will be entitled to two full years' profits in the division of April the 30th, 1890.

T. DONNELLY,
General Agent, Belleville.

AGENTS WANTED.
Feb'y 2, 1889. d&wly

Lake Winnipeg White Fish
Salmon Trout,
Salt Water Salmon,
Finnan Haddies,
Boneless Codfish,
Roll Butter,
Fresh Eggs,
Sugar Syrups,
A. KNOX.

SPENCERIAN STEEL PENS
Are the Best,
IN THE ESSENTIAL QUALITIES OF
Durability, Evenness of Point, and Workmanship.
Works: Birmingham, England.
Sold by the leading Stationers.

WINTER SERVICE.
---ALLAN LINE----

Steamships	Fr. Portland	Fr. Halifax
Polynesian	21 Feb	23 Feb.
Sardinian	7 Mar	9 Mar.
Circassian	21 "	23 "
Parisian	4 April	6 April
Polynesian	18 "	20 "
Sardinian	2 May	4 May

Circassian from Quebec May 10th.

The steamers from Portland via Halifax call at Londonderry on their passage to and from Liverpool, to embark and land mails and passengers.

The steamers from Halifax via St. Johns, Nfd., call at Queenstown on their passages to and from Britain.

Steamers leave Portland on arrival of train leaving Belleville Wednesday noon, and Halifax on arrival of train leaving Belleville Thursday noon.

Passengers proceeding by steamers calling at St. Johns, Nfd., will leave Belleville on Friday noon train.

RATES OF OCEAN PASSAGE:

Cabin, $50.00, $65.00 and $75.00 according to accommodation. Intermediate, $30.00. Steerage, $20.00. Return Tickets, Cabin, $100, $125.00, $150.00. Intermediate, $60.00. Steerage $40.00.

Steerage passangers are booked to and from Queenstown, Derry, Belfast, London and Glasgow at same rates as Liverpool.

Intermediate passangers are forwarded to and from Glasgow and Liverpool by rail without extra charge.

CABIN PASSENGERS

are supplied with a very liberal table, and everything necessary except wines and liquors, which can be had on board at moderate prices.

Each passanger is allowed twenty cubic feet of baggage free.

THE INTERMEDIATE.

Superior accommodation is offered in the INTERMEDIATE, which in every respect is equal to what is called Second Cabin in some lines sailing from New York.

The Intermediate Cabins on all our ships are well situated, perfectly ventilated and are entirely distinct from the Steerage. Steward and Stewardesses to each vessel. Passangers in the Intermediate are found with everything.

THE STEERAGES

are large and exceedingly well lighted and ventilated, are fitted up in rooms, each passanger having a seperate sleeping berth. A Stewardess s appointed to each steamer.

For tickets and all information apply to

U. E. THOMPSON,
General Ticket Agent.
Bridge St. Belleville.

Burdock
Blood
Bitters

WILL CURE OR RELIEVE

BILIOUSNESS,	DIZZINESS,
DYSPEPSIA,	DROPSY,
INDIGESTION,	FLUTTERING OF THE HEART
JAUNDICE,	
ERYSIPELAS,	ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH
SALT RHEUM,	
HEARTBURN,	DRYNESS OF THE SKIN.
HEADACHE,	

And every species of disease arising from disordered LIVER, KIDNEYS, STOMACH, BOWELS OR BLOOD.

T. MILBURN & CO., Proprietors, Toronto

Pond-Lily-Cream.

A delightful Toilet article. Not a face paint or powder; does not cover over but cures. Used in connection with Pond Lily Liver Pellets and Pond Lily Soap most effectually and positively removes Pimples, Freckles, Tan, Black Specks, Blotches, allays all irritation after shaving, or any itchiness of the skin from whatever cause and all roughness from the face, hands, neck and arms, leaving them beautifully white and velvety. Sold by wholesale dealers and druggists everywhere. Pond Lily Cream, 25 cents; Pond Lily Liver Pellets, 25 cents; Pond Lily Skin Soap, 15 cents. S. PERRIN, Chemist, Manufacturer and Proprietor for Canada.

SMOKE
"BILL NYE"
CIGARS.
--FIVE CENTS.--

SMOKE
"CREME
DE LA CREME"
CIGARS.
--TEN CENTS.--

ARMBRECHT'S
TONIC COCA WINE
FOR
FATIGUE
OF MIND AND BODY
AND SLEEPLESSNESS.

"Experience and scientific analysis reveal to us in Coca the most tonic plant in the Vegetable Kingdom."—*Manuel Fuentes.*

"It (Coca) is, in a word, the most powerful restorer of the vital forces."—*Dr. Schwalk.*

ARMBRECHT'S COCA WINE, though more tonic in its properties than Iron or Quinine,

NEVER CONSTIPATES.

See Medical Reviews. For sale by leading druggists throughout the world.

ARMBRECHT, NELSON & CO,
2 Duke St., Grosvenor Sq.,
LONDON.

Wood! Wood!

I AM now selling at the West Belleville Central Wood Yard all kinds of Hard and mixed wood, cut and uncut, which I will deliver to any part of the city. Remember the place, the West Belleville Central Wood Yard, just a few steps from the Foot Bridge.

EDWARD NEWMAN,

Nothing Like it.

"I was troubled with liver complaint for a good many years, but was cured by one bottle of Burdock Blood Bitters. I have never found any medicine to help me like B. B. B., in fact one bottle made a complete cure." W. J. West, Parkhill, Ont.

Give Them a Chance?

That is to say, your lungs. Also all your breathing machinery. Very wonderful machinery it is. Not only the larger air-passages, but the thousands of little tubes and cavities leading from them.

When these are clogged and choked with matter which ought not to be there, your lungs cannot half do their work. And what they do they cannot do well.

Call it cold, cough, croup, pneumonia, catarrah, consumption or any of the family of throat and nose and lung obstrucions, all are bad. All ought to be got rid of. There is just one sure way to get rid of them. That is to take Boschee's German Syrup, which any druggist will sell you at 75 cents a bottle. Even if everything else has failed you, you may depend upon this for certain.

Partly Gave up.

"In the year 1885 I coughed for six months, and having unsuccessfully tried many remedies, I partly gave up, thinking I had consumption. At last I tried Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam, less than one bottle of which cured me, leaving me as well as ever I was." Henry W. Carns, Wabash, Ont.

FEVER AND AGUE AND BILIOUS DERANGEMENTS are positively cured by the use of Parmelee's Pills. They not only cleanse the stomach and bowels from all bilious matter, but they open the excretory vessels, causing them to pour copious effusions from the blood into the bowels, after which the corrupted mass is thrown out by the natural passage of the body. They are used as a general family medicine with the best results.

To lessen mortality and stop the inroads of disease, use Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and Dyspeptic Cure. For all diseases arising from Impure Blood, such as Pimples, Blotches, Biliousness, Indigestion, etc., etc., it has no equal. Mrs. Thomas Smith, Elm, writes: "I am using this medicine for Dyspepsia; I have tried many remedies, but this is the only one that has done me any good."

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP should always be used when children are cutting teeth. It relieves the little sufferer at once; it produces natural, quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakens as "bright as a button." It is very pleasant to taste. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for diarrhoea, whether arising from teething or other causes. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP," and take no other kind. Sd&wly

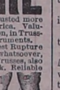
Nothing so suddenly obstructs the perspiration as suddent transitions from heat to cold. Heat rarifies the blood, quickens the circulation and increases the perspiration, but when these are suddenly checked the consequences must be bad. The most common cause of disease is obstructed perspiration, or what commonly goes by the name of catching cold. Coughs, colds, sore throat, etc, if attended to in time are easily subdued, but allowed to run their own course, generally prove the fore-runner of more dangerous diseases. Nine-tenths of the consumptives date their affliction from a neglected cold, and the diseases that are caused by wet feet, damp clothes, or exposure are more numerous than are generally supposed. One of the most efficacious medicines for all diseases of the throat and lungs is Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup. It promotes a free and easy expectoration, which frees the lungs from viscid phlegm by changing the secretions from a diseased to a healthy stat

Rest and Comfort to the Suffering.

"Brown's Household Panacea" has no equal for relieving pain, both internal and external. It cures Pain in the Side, Back or Bowels, Sore Throat, Rheumatism, Toothache, Lumbago and any kind of a Pain or Ache. "It will most surely quicken the Blood and Heal, as its acting power is wonderful." "Brown's Household Panacea," being acknowledged as the great Pain Reliever, and of double the strength of any other Elixir or Liniment in the world, should be in every family handy for use when wanted, "as it really is the best remedy in the world for Cramps in the Stomach, and Pains and Aches of all kinds," and is for sale by all Druggists at 25 cts a bottle.

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, *Station D, New York City.*



COMING!
COMING!
RUPTURE

The last 25 years I have adjusted more Trusses than any man in America. Valuable Patents, my own invention, in Trusses, Spinal and Club Feet Instruments.

Rupture—I will guarantee to hold largest Rupture without touching your hip, no straps whatsoever, waterproof. Largest stock of general Trusses, also the great Cluthe Spiral Trusses in stock. Reliable system for ORDERING BY MAIL.

Spinal Instruments half the weight of other makes and more effective.

CLUB FEET I claim the only mechanical system to straighten born Club Feet (Patented.) I will prove to anybody that operation never did nor can straighten Club Feet. Send 6 cent stamps for Book.

CHAS. CLUTHE, 118 King St. W., Toronto.

CHAS. CLUTHE,

of 118 King St. West, Toronto, Ontario, will be at the QUEEN'S HOTEL, BELLEVILLE, Friday and Saturday, MARCH 15TH and 16TH. Call early and avoid disappointment. No FAILURE. Will hold the most OBSTINATE cases of RUPTURE WITH EASE AND COMFORT.

Manufacturers Life & Accident
INSURANCE COMPANIES.

Combined authorized capital	$3,000,000
Combined subscribed capital	739,700
Combined cash capital	150,760
Combined insurance received (1888)	9,675,525

President—Sir John A. Macdonald.
Vice Presidents { Geo. Gooderham, Esq., William Bell, Esq.
Secretary and Treasurer—J. L. Kerr, Esq.
Managers for Eastern Ontario, Peterboro—Wilson & Morrison.

R. CROFT HULME
Agent, Belleville.

Agents wanted.

This Company wrote the largest amount of new business of any company in Canada in 1888. It has the largest capital and the strongest Board of Directors of any company in the Dominion.

PILES! PILES! PILES!

Dr. William's Indian Pile Ointment is a sure cure for Blind, Bleeding or Itching Piles. No one need suffer. Prepared for Piles only. It never fails to cure. Sold by druggists for $1.00, or mailed on receipt of price. WILLIAMS M'F'G Co., Cleveland, Ohio.

Railway Time Tables.

Grand Trunk Railway.

Trains arrive at and depart from Belleville Station as follows:

GOING EAST.

	Arrive.	Leave.
No. 1 Mail	12.25 p. m.	12.30 p. m.
No. 3 Mail Fast	12.45 a. m.	12.50 a. m.
No. 11 Mixed	8.05 p. m.	8.15 p. m.
No. 13 do		7.00 a. m.

GOING WEST.

	Arrive.	Leave.
No. 2 Mail	5.50 p. m.	5.55 p. m
No. 4 do	4.00 a. m.	4.05 a. m.
No. 6 do Fast	6.55 a. m.	7.00 a. m.
No. 14 Mixed	11.00 a. m.	11.55 a. m.
No. 16 do	11.10 p. m.	

MIDLAND RAILWAY.

GRAND JUNCTION DIVISION.

Going West. (Leave.)

Mail	5:45 a. m.
Mixed	4:30 p. m

Going East. (Arrive.)

Mail	4:30 p. m
Mixed	11 50 a. m

MADOC DIVISION.

Going North. (Leave.)

Mixed	12 25 p. m
Mixed	4:30 p. m.

Going South. (Arrive.)

Mixed	9:00 a. m.
Mixed	4 30 p. m.

CENTRAL ONTARIO RAILWAY.

PICTON DIVISION.

Leave G.T.R. Jct.	7:20 a.m.	12:50 p.m.
Arrive Picton	8:44 "	2:50 "
Leave Picton	9:05 "	3:45 "
Arrive G.T.R. Jct.	10:30 "	5:25 "

COE HILL DIVISION.

Train for Coe Hill 9:35 a m, 12:30 p m; Trenton Junction 15m. later; Mid. Ry. J'ct. 10:28 a m, 3:23 p m; C P R J'ct. 11 a m, 4:30 p m; ElDorado 11:45 a m, 5:15 p m. Arr. Coe Hill 1:30 p m, 6:50 p m. Coe Hill for Trenton: 6 a m, 2:20 p m; ElDorado 7:45 a m, 3:47 p m; C. P. R. J'ct 8:40 a m, 4:30 p m; Mid. Ry. J'ct. 9:15 a m, 4:57 p m; G. T. J'ct. 9:50 a m, 5:30 p m; arr. Trenton 10:05 a m, 5:42 p m.

Daily Intelligencer.

RIGHTED AT LAST.

A STORY OF NEW ENGLAND LIFE.

> A child of our grandmother Eve, a female;
> Or, for thy more sweet understanding, a woman.
> *Love's Labor Lost.*

'Please interpret, Miss Lathrop,' he said, gaily. 'Some information is due Mr. Spencer. Who knows but it is an engagement ring, enclosing all sorts of hopes and joys in its narrow circle?'

'Edward never sees but the bright side; but the Sybil,' said James Sancroft, fixing his eyes on me with a significance I well understood, 'is wiser. She can see that it may enclose trouble, disappointment, and possibly disgrace.'

'She will not shrink from speaking the truth, nevertheless, at the proper time,' I said, quietly.

Mr. Spencer laughed, and Mrs. Ellis, who had appeared at the table in compliment to him, said, reprovingly: 'Come, boys, you trifle while business waits.'

I had heard the class in history, when a message came from Mrs. Ellis, requesting my presence in the parlor for a few minutes. I fancied the crisis had come, and, summoning all my courage, I walked into the room. Her first words undeceived me.

'Miss Lathrop,' she said, 'will you do me the favor to witness some business papers between Mr. Spencer and James? I prefer some one besides my own family.'

I walked up to the table, about which they were grouped, glanced over the paper which Mr. Spencer placed before me, and, taking the pen offered by James Sancroft, wrote deliberately—'*Zerlina Cavendish*.'

'Cavendish! you must be dreaming, miss!' Mr. Spencer's exclamation drew the attention of the others; James Sancroft said nothing, but Edward laughed merrily, saying:

'What a blunder for you to make, Miss Lina!'

'It is no dream or blunder,' began James Sancroft; 'I have recently learned that Miss Lathrop *claims* this name as her own.'

'Her own! Miss Lathrop! James, are you mad!' exclaimed his mother, while they stared in astonishment, and the lawyer quietly surveyed me from head to foot.

'By what right, miss?' inquired the latter, without waiting James Sancroft's reply. 'As a relative of the late Rothsay Cavendish?'

'As his niece—the daughter of his brother Philip, sir.'

There was an almost breathless silence in the room as he went on:

'What proofs have you of the truth of this assertation?'

'None save these, whose authenticity Mr. Cavendish acknowledged, and his own words,' I said, as I laid the ring and certificate before him.

He read the certificate over aloud amid that silence; he examined the initials upon the ring, pronouncing them very slowly, 'P. C.—H. D.;' then laid them down, and looked around the silent, waiting faces until his eyes again rested upon me.

'You claim to be the child born of that marriage?'

'I do.'

'The late Mr. Cavendish believed you to be so—acknowledged you as such?'

'He did.'

'Before whom?'

'His housekeeper, Alice Ross, and myself.'

'How long is it since the discovery of this relationship?'

'Since the 12th of April; the night before he left home on his last journey; and that journey was undertaken to obtain proofs of what I have stated.'

'Then he doubted the claim?'

'Not in the least. But I told him of this ring, which I had reason to believe belonged to my mother, and he wished to obtain it.'

'Why did he not make known this relationship—at least, to his and your friends here?'

'Because I begged him not to do so, until his return. He told me that he should be absent but a few days, and I was so confused—I wanted time to collect my thoughts.'

'So you knew this all the while, Lina!' cried Edward. 'You knew it when I insisted on your congratulating me for taking away your inheritance? You let me urge upon you the privilege of gaining your bread by a life of toil under my patronage! O Lina! was it right to treat me thus?'

I would have replied, but Mrs. Ellis said quickly and decidely: 'Edward, you are interrupting business. I wish, for the sake of all concerned, to have this singular claim made clear, if possible.—Mr. Spencer, I beg you to assist us. What is your opinion?'

The gentleman again examined the certificate.

'It is, indeed, a singular affair,' he began slowly; 'but I see no reason to question the validity of this certificate, especially as the date corresponds with the time when there were reasons for believing, as he himself asserted, that Philip Cavendish had married a young person of the same name, I think, as the one herein mentioned—Day. Of the credibility of this young person's claim, I cannot judge at present. If she can *prove* that she is the child born of that marriage, she will, of course, succeed to the property, to the exclusion of all others, for the terms of the will are: 'To Philip Cavendish or his heirs, provided they appear and prove their claim within the space of two years from the death of the testator.' This paper, of course, is but the first link in the chain of evidence necessary in order to establish her claim; yet it may be done.'

Here James Sancroft arose. 'I wish to say,' he remarked, 'that, as one of the executors of the will, I shall subject every proof advanced to the strictest scrutiny of the law, it being well known that the late Mr. Cavendish was a somewhat eccentric person, and liable to be *deceived*.'

'Of course,' replied the lawyer, blandly; but, stung by the insinuation, I said, with all the firmness I could command:

'Mr. Sancroft speaks of deception. Whether I am one likely to attempt such a part, I leave his mother and brother to decide. My life, for more than four years, has been passed in their family, and will answer for me, I think. For the rest, in speaking of my claim, you understand one thing, and I another; you think only of the property; I, of my right to bear my father's name, and be recognized as his child. You cannot understand this feeling, you, whose lives have been set around with sweet household affections. Had you been friendless and homeless from your birth, kept by your poverty and loneliness outside of the happy family circles which you might look in upon, but not enter; had you been made to feel that you were born for *use*, and nothing else, you might have grown a hungered like me! We do not cheat and juggle about things we hold sacred, sir! That certificate of my parent's marriage was accidentally discovered in the town where she was born, and where her father died, and sent me by a friend. Mr. Cavendish saw it by mere chance, and acknowledged and blessed me as his brother's child. Such I honestly believe myself to be, and, of all that he left, I claim nothing as mine, but that blessing and the right to bear his name.'

Before James Sancroft could speak, Edward was by my side. 'I believe it too!' he cried—'not only your right to the name, but the inheritance; and here, in the presence of these witnesses, I relinquish my claim!'

'But your sister?' said Mr. Spencer.

'I speak for Michal as well as myself, sir!' he said, proudly.

(*To be continued*).

Common Croup

Is often fatal when not remedied in time. Leslie B. Nicholson, Wellesley Ave., Toronto, says: "As a quick cure for croup, colds, sore throat, chilblains, etc., I can recommend Hagyard's Yellow Oil." It is a sure cure. Directions accompany each bottle

The Loss of the Hair

Is a great misfortune and the sight of a bald head should be a warning to you to take the best possible care of your hair. A little of Dr. Dorenwend's "Hair Magic" used occasionally will prevent all chances of its falling out or turning gray, and will remove all traces of dandruff. Every druggist has it in stock. Ask for it.

A Dreadful Doom.

To be unable to satisfy hunger without being distressed by heartburn, indigestion, sick stomach, dizziness or faintnesss, seems a dreadful doom. All who suffer thus will find prompt relief and permanent cure in Burdock Blood Bitters. B.B.B. *positively cures* dyspepsia in any form.

CANADIAN--
---PACIFIC
RAILWAY.

Tuesday, Feb'y 26th,
AND EVERY TUESDAY THEREAFTER
—DURING—
MARCH AND APRIL
—WILL RUN—
SETTLERS'---TRAINS
Through without change to
MANITOBA,
North-West Territories,
and British Columbia,

Leaving Toronto Union Depot at 9:00 p. m.
No Customs. No Transfers. No Delays.
Full particulars from any agent of the company,

S. BURROWS,
Agent C. P. R., Belleville.

GERMAN
SHEET
MIRROR.

We can supply any of the regular stock sizes in German Sheet Mirror and cut these to replace breakages.

L. W. YEOMANS & CO.

SPECULATION!
Geo. A. Romer,
BANKER AND BROKER,
40 & 42 BROADWAY AND 61 NEW STREET,
New York City.

Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Provisions and Petroleum

BOUGHT, SOLD AND CARRIED ON MARGIN

P. S.—Send for explanatory pamphlet.
Aug 30, '88, d1y

NEUFCHATEL
CREAM
CHEESE!
JUST RECEIVED.
WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE,
Grocers & Wine Merchants,
33 & 37, Bridge Street
Also Front St., opp. Ritchie's.

BELLEVILLE POST OFFICE.

MAILS	Close	Due for Delivery.
East per G. T. R., including Maritime Provinces, and Picton	11:45 a. m. 10:00 p. m.	6:00 p. m 7:30 a. m.
West per G. T. R., including Western States, Manitoba and the North-West Territories	5.05 p.m. 10.00 p.m.	1:00 p. m. 7:30 a. m.
East and West, per G. T. R., closes on Sunday at 10 p. m.		
Marysville, Shannonville, per G. T. R	11:45 a. m.	6:00 p. m
Belleville Station, postage one cent	7.30 a. m. 5.05 p. m.	8.30 a. m. 6.00 p. m.
G'd Junction Ry., main line, including Peterboro', Stirling,	10:00 p. m	5:00 p. m.
Madoc, per Grand Junction Ry, including Queensboro, Cooper, Rimington, Bridgewater, and the Flats	11:45 a. m.	5:00 p. m.
Madoc Route, per stage	1:00 p. m.	12:00 noon.
Bancroft, Coe Hill, Marmora and all offices in North Hastings per Trenton and Coe Hill Railway	5 05 p. m. 10:00 p. m.	:30 a. m.
Bridgewater Route per stage, including Stoco daily	1:00 p. m.	12:00 noon.
Moira, Phillipston, Bogart, on Monday, Wednesday and Friday	1:00 p. m.	12:00 noon.
Fuller, on Tuesday and Friday	1:00 p. m.	12:00 noon.
Wallbridge, on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
Ameliasburg Route, per stage, including Mountain View and Crofton	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
Albury on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
Sidney Crossing, Wednesday and Saturday	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
Bay Side, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
British Mails, via New York, Monday and Thursday	11:45 a. m	
" " via Halifax, Canadian line Thursday	11:45 a. m.	

Postage, 5c. per ½ oz. by each route. Registration fee, 5c.

Money Orders granted on all Money Order offices in Canada, the United Kidgdom, France and Algeria, the United States, Newfoundland, Jamaica, Victoria (Australia), New South South Wales, Queensland, New Zealand Tasinania, Constantinople (Turkey), Gibraltar, Smyrna, Panama (British agency), Austria, Hungary, Belgium, China (See Hong-Kong), Denmark, including Iceland and the Faroe Islands, Danish West Indies, Dutch, East Indies, Egypt, German empire (which includes 26 States), Holland, (Netherlands), Italy, Japan, Norway, Portugal, including Madiera and the Azores, Romania, Sweden, Switzerland, British India, including Aden, Bagdad, Bandor, Abas, Bushire, Busrah, Guadur, Jask, Linga, Muscat and Zanzibar, Ceylon, Hong Kong, including Amoy, Canton, Foo Chow, Han Kow Hoi-how, Ningpo Shanghai and Swatow, North Borneo, Strait Settlements, Bermuda, Falkland Islands, South and West Africa, including Cape Colony, Gambia, Gold Coast, Lagos, Mauritius Natal, St. Helena, Seychelles Islands, Sierra, Leone, West Indies including Antignu, Bahams, Barbadoes, British Guiana, Dominica, Grenada, Honduras, (British), Montserrat, Nevis, St. Kitts, St. Lucia, St. Vincent, Tobago, Trinidad, Turk's Islands, South Australia, Western Australia, Azores Islands, Madera Islands.

Deposits received, under the regulations of the Post Office Savings' Bank, between the hours of 9 a. m. and 4 p. m.

Registered Letters must be posted 15 minutes before the close of each mail.

Street letter boxes emptied at 10 a. m. and 8 p. m.

Office hours, 7:30 a. m. to 6:30 p. m., Sundays excepted.

FOREIGN POSTAGE.

Canada having been admitted into the Postal Union, there is a re-arrangement of Postage rates, as follows:—

For Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Iceland, Egypt, France, Algeria, Germany, Gibraltar, Great Britain and Ireland, Greece, Italy, Luxembourg, Malta, Montenegro, Netherlands, Norway, Persia, Portugal, Azores, Roumania, Russia, St. Pierre, Servia, Spain, the Canary Islands, Sweden, Switzerland and Turkey. And via United States:—Bermuda, Bahamas, Cuba, Danish Colonies of St. Thomas, St. John, St. Croix, Jamaica, Japan and Porto Rico (Newfoundland is now in the Postal Union, but rates remain as before.) Letters, 5 cents per ½ oz. Postal cards, 2 cents each. Newspapers, 2 cents for 4 oz. Registration fee, 5 cents.

For Aden, Argentine Confederation, Brazil, British Guinea, Ceylon, Greenland, French Colonies in Asia, Africa, Oceanica and America, except St. Pierre and Miquelon, Persia, Persian Gulf, Portuguese Colonies in Asia, Africa and Oceanica, Trinidad, Spanish Colonies Africa, Oceanica and America, except Cuba and Porto Rico, Straits settlements in Singapor Penany and Malacca:—Letters, 10 cents per ½ oz. Post cards, 4 cents each. Newspapers, cents for 4 oz. Books, &c., 4 cents for 4 oz. Other Registration fees, 10 cents.

West India Islands, via Halifax, same rate as formerly. Prepayment by stamp in all cases.

J. H. MEACHAM
Postmaste

---NEW---
SPRING GOODS!

New Embroideries,
New Prints,
New Tweeds,
New Carpets,
New Curtain Materials,
New Cornice Poles,
New Window Shades.

GEORGE RITCHIE & CO'S.

California Evaporated Fruits!

NECTARINES.	PEACHES,
APRICOTS,	CHERRIES,
PRUNELLES, PLUMS,	CRYSTALIZED FIGS.

CONGER BROS.

Sun Life Assurance Company
—OF CANADA.—

I have great pleasure in announcing to the Policy-holders and friends of the Company that the Applications for New Life Assurances received during the year 1887 were again larger than in any previous year in the Company's history, being more than $3,500,000, on which policies were issued for over $3,000,000. The year's operations have also resulted in a large and very satisfactory addition to the assets, which now amount to over $1,750,000.

AGENTS WANTED ON SALARY.

W. T. MCINTYRE,
General Agent, Belleville.

HAGYARD'S
YELLOW OIL
CURES RHEUMATISM

FREEMAN'S
WORM POWDERS
Are pleasant to take. Contain their own Purgative. Is a safe, sure and effectual destroyer of worms in Children or Adults.

To the POLICY-HOLDERS and FRIENDS of the
Ontario Mutual
Life Assurance Co.

I have much pleasure in stating that our business for the past year just closed has been one of the most satisfactory in the history of our Company, and desire to express my thankfulness for the many favors received.

We have just entered on our TWENTIETH YEAR, and, by strict attention to business, hope to merit a continuance of your patronage.

I have the honor to remain,

Your obedient servant,

S. BURROWS,
General Agent Ontario Mutual Life Co'y.

S. ROUGHTON, }
W. E. HOLTON, } Special Agents.

$72 a week. $12 a day at home easy made. Costly outfit free. Address [illegible] & Co., Augusta, Maine.

Self-Raising
Buckwheat
Flour!

A FRESH SUPPLY JUST RECEIVED.

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE,
Grocers and Wine Merchants.
33 & 37 Bridge Street.
Also Front Street, }
Opp. Ritchie's. }

NEW
Wall Paper!
—AT—
--S. A. LAZIER'S--
ROBERTSON'S BLOCK
October 16th

NEW LINES
—IN—
CAKES and PASTRY.

Angel Cake, Coffee Cake, Queen Victoria, Adelaide, and a great many other varieties.

Florida Oranges, Almeria Grapes and New Figs, just received at

DICKENS.

P. S.—We would respectfully ask all retailers to drop in and see us and the large line of Candies we are offering at wholesale.

DICKENS & SON.

CALIFORNIA
EVAPORATED
FRUITS!

NECTARINES,
APRICOTS,
PEACHES,
PLUMS.

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKF
Grocers & Wine Merchants,
33 & 37 Bridge Street.
Also Front St., opp. Ritchie's.

FOR MEN ONLY!

A POSITIVE CURE For LOST or FAILING MANHOOD; General and NERVOUS DEBILITY; Weakness of Body and Mind: Effects of Errors or Excesses in Old or Young. Robust, Noble MANHOOD fully Restored. How to Enlarge and Strengthen WEAK, UNDEVELOPED ORGANS & PARTS of BODY. Absolutely unfailing HOME TREATMENT—Benefits in a day. Men testify from 47 States, Territories, and Foreign Countries. You can write them. Book, full explanation, and proofs mailed (sealed) free. Address ERIE MEDICAL CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

BEFORE BUYING STOVES

Be sure to see our stock. We have in Coal Stoves the

Imperial Jewel,
Fancy Countess,
Art Favorite,
Fire King and others.

Also a great variety of RANGES and COOK STOVES, which we are selling at right prices.

C. F. SMITH & CO.
388, FRONT STREET.

To WATER Consumers

PLEASE call at the office and pay your Water Rate, which was due on the 1st of January.

Those in arrears for Plumbing will also please pay without further notice.

THE BELLEVILLE WATER WORKS CO.

J. H. MILLS,
--Merchant : Tailor,--
OPPOSITE GEO. RITCHIE & CO'S

THE MAGOG TEXTILE & PRINT CO.

Will offer for Spring Trade the LARGEST, CHEAPEST and MOST VARIED range of Prints ever shown, including

SPRING NOVELTIES
—OF—
LATEST PARIS DESIGNS!

Merchants will do well to see their samples before buying elsewhere. Early advice will be given when Travellers will call.

St Peter Street, - Montreal.

HASTINGS
LOAN AND INVESTMENT SOCIETY
BELLEVILLE, ONT.

CAPITAL $250,000

MONEY TO LOAN on Farm or City property, at lowest current rates.

Payments can be made to fall due at any season of the year to suit borrowers. No delay in taining the money beyond the time necessary employed in the investigation of titles.

MORTGAGES PURCHASED.

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT.

FOUR PER CENT interest allowed on Deposit No notice required of withdrawal

OFFICE—Robertson's Block, east side of Front Street.

Straight loans at 7 per cent. No fines. No commissions.

J. P. C. PHILLIPS,
Manager
1d&wly

PARMELEE'S
Asphaltic ROOF PAINT.

It will entirely stop the rusting of tin and iron roofs.

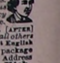
It will entirely stop the wearing away and decay of the exposed wood of shingle roofs.

It has been accepted by the City, the County, and the chief Real Estate Owners of the City.

I will be glad to give estimates of cost at any time and anywhere.

H. S. PARMELEE,
Belleville.

432,000
FIRE CRACKERS
—AT THE—
—CITY BAKERY—
Wholesale and Retail.
JAS. WALLACE.



The Great English Prescription.

A successful Medicine used over 30 years in thousands of cases. Cures *Spermatorrhea, Nervous Weakness, Emissions, Impotency* and all diseases caused by abuse. [BEFORE] indiscretion, or over-exertion. [AFTER] Six packages *Guaranteed to Cure when all others Fail.* Ask your Druggist for The Great English Prescription, take no substitute. One package $1. Six $5, by mail. Write for Pamphlet. Address Eureka Chemical Co., Detroit, Mich.

FOR SALE BY D. M. WATERS.

INTELLIGENCER PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY LIMITED.

J. O. JAMIESON, President. | J. W. LONDON, Secretary

THE Treasurer is the only person authorised to receive moneys for the Company, or to grant receipts for the same.

All Bills, Notes, Cheques, and other documents binding on the Company, will require the signature of the President, in addition to that of the Treasurer.

THE INTELLIGENCER is printed and published for the INTELLIGENCER Printing and Publishing Company (Limited) by JAMES O. JAMIESON, resident in Belleville, at their Office, Front St., south of Hotel St.

THE RATHBUN COMPANY,

Having transferred me to their Brockville branch, I beg to thank my friends and customers for the liberal patronage and kindness extended to me during my residence in Belleville, and also to bespeak the same treatment to Mr. R. C. Calhoun, my successor.

P. J. SHANNON.

The Daily Intelligencer.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL. 22. BELLEVILLE ONTARIO, TUESDAY MARCH 5, 1889. NO. 260

THE RATHBUN CO.

Having appointed me Agent for their Belleville branch, I take this opportunity of soliciting a continuance of the patronage which they have hitherto enjoyed through the popular management of Mr. Shannon. It will be my desire and aim to maintain and add to this patronage, which fair dealing and a thorough knowledge of the requirements of the trade leads me to hope for.—R. C. CALHOUN.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

G. DENMARK,

BARRISTER, Solicitor, etc. Office, Front Street.

W. B. NORTHRUP, M. A.,

BARRISTER, Solicitor, &c. Offices: North Bridge St., between Front St. and Lower Bridge.

Money to loan—private and company funds.

J. C. CONNELL, M. A., M. D., C. M.

DISEASES of the Eye, Ear, Throat and Nose. Surgeon to Kingston General Hospital. Office—No. 279, King Street, Kingston. Dr. Connell will be at the Queen's Hotel, Belleville, on the first Tuesday of each month. Sept. 5 d&wly

E. GUSS PORTER,

BARRISTER, Solicitor, Notary Public, &c. office in the Robertson Block, east side of Front Street.

Private Money to Loan. 371d&w1

DR. ELIZABETH EMBURY,

GRADUATE of Queen's University, Licentiate of the College of Physicians and Surgeons, Ontario.

Office and residence—Harrison's Block, Front Street, across the hall from rooms formerly occupied by Dr. Farley, over Holland's jewellery store. Diseases of women and children a specialty. d&wtf

HENRY CARRE, C. E.,

M. C. Soc. C. E.,

DOM, and Prov'l Land Surveyor, late of the firm of Macleod & Carre, P. L. S. References: John Bell, Esq., Solicitor G. T. R., W. H. Ponton, Esq., Registrar of the County. Office—McAnnany Block, opposite Skinner & Redick's. Belleville, Ont., P. O. Box 203 20d&w

J. F. WILLS,

BARRISTER, Solicitor, Notary Public, &c. Office, corner Front and Campbell Streets, Belleville, Ont. Money to loan, Company and private funds. 24d&w

J WALTER ROSS, M. D, C. M.

GRADUATE of the University of Trinity College, Toronto. Physician, surgeon, accoucheur. Office and residence West Front Street, one door north of entrance to Foot Bridge. d&wly

JOHN J. FARLEY, M. D., C. M., M. R. C. S., England.

OFFICE and Residence—corner of Bridge and George Streets—three streets east of the Post Office.

ROBERT BOGLE,

LOAN and real estate agent. MONEY TO LOAN at lowest rates. Office, opposite Roy's Brewery, Front St., Belleville.

GEO. CLINTON, M. D., C. M

OFFICE and residence Bridge St., between William and George Sts, third block east of Bridge Street Methodist Church. Telephone No. 44. d&w

GEO. J. SHERRY,

BARRISTER, &c. Office. Metropolitan Block, next door north of Dominion Bank, Front St. Branch Office, Stirling. 116

EDGAR M. COOK, M. D.,

HOMOEOPATHIC Physician and Surgeon. Office and residence, West Front Street, in the late Dr. Abbott's premises, over Brignall & Thompson's store. TELEPHONE. 175dtf

GEO. D. DICKSON, Q. C.,

BARRISTER, &c., Post Office Block Bridge Street Belleville.

WILLIAM N. PONTON,

BARRISTER, Solicitor Notary Public, Conveyancer. Office, over Express and Telegraph Office, Thompson Block, Bridge St., Belleville. Money to loan—private funds. Agent or the Trust and Loan Company of Canada.

DR. BURDETT

IS pleased to inform his friends that he is again able to render his professional services as before. 176 6m

DRUNKENNESS

Or the Liquor Habit, Positively Cured by Administering Dr. Haines' Golden Specific.

It can be given in a cup of coffee or tea without the knowledge of the person taking it; is absolutely harmless, and will effect a permanent and speedy cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. It has been given in thousands of cases, and in every instance a perfect cure has followed. *It never fails.* The system once impregnated with the Specific, it becomes an utter impossibility for the liquor appetite to exist. For circular and full particulars address GOLDEN SPECIFIC CO., 185 Race St., Cincinnati, O.

BANKING OFFICE

—OF—

U. E. THOMPSON

BRIDGE STREET, BELLEVILLE, ON

American Currency and Drafts Bought and Sold.

Deposits received, subject to withdrawal without notice and interest allowed

EYE, EAR & THROAT

DR. RYERSON.

L. R. C. P., L. R. C. S. E., Lecturer on the Eye, Ear and Throat, Trinity Medical College, Toronto, and Surgeon to the Mercer Eye and Ear Infirmary.

60 College Avenue, Toronto.

M. G. ROBLIN

ISSUER OF

MARRIAGE LICENCES

and agent of the Lancashire Insurance Company. Office over Hooey & Sons, Front Street Belleville 1364 1y

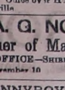
A. G. NORTHRUP,

Issuer of Marriage Licences,

OFFICE—SHIRE HALL, BELLEVILLE

November 10

PENNYROYAL WAFERS.



Prescription of a physician who has had a life long experience in treating female diseases. Is used monthly with perfect success by over 10,000 ladies. Pleasant, safe, effectual. Ladies ask your druggist for Pennyroyal Wafers and take no substitute, or inclose postage for sealed particulars. Sold by all druggists, $1 per box. Address THE EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., DETROIT, MICH.

FOR SALE BY D. M. WATERS.

Try FROSTILLA.

It softens the roughest skin and keeps it in good condition.

It contains nothing greasy or sticky, is nicely perfumed, a lady's toilet not complete without it.

An elegant face dressing for gentlemen after shaving.

For sale at the PHARMACY.

D. M. WATERS,

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

GREAT REDUCTION

—IN—

Sleighs & Baskets

—AT THE—

City Book Store.

Having decided to take Baskets from stock, will, for a week, offer them at cost.

Sleighs also for balance of season at bottom prices Including a few Children's Cutters which should be seen by any who could use them.

C. B. SCANTLEBURY,

Headquarters for School Publications, New Music and Fine Stationery.

NEWCOMBE
PIANOFORTES

AWARDED FIRST SILVER MEDAL

WORLD'S EXPOSITION, NEW ORLEANS, U.S.A., 1884-5, in competition with the pianofortes of Europe and America. The only U.S. International Medal ever awarded to a Canadian pianoforte; also Medal and Diploma at the Colonial and Indian Exhibition, London, Eng., 1886, with the supreme honor of supplying Her Majesty the Queen with a Newcombe Grand, selected by Sir Arthur Sullivan. For Illustrated Catalogue, prices and terms,

Address Octavius Newcombe & Co.,

MANUFACTURERS

WAREROOMS, 107-109 CHURCH ST., TORONTO

FACTORY, 89 TO 97 BELLWOODS AVENUE

CLARKE'S

Glycerine .·. Jelly

For ROUGH SKIN, CHAPPED HANDS, SORE LIPS, etc.

It penetrates the skin, leaving it soft and white.

It is not sticky, and a glove can be put on immediately after using.

Price 20 cents. For sale by

-F. CHARLES CLARKE,-

CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST.

Telephone 138. Front Street.

DUNN'S BAKING POWDER

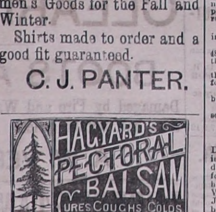
THE COOK'S BEST FRIEND

Gents' .·. Furnishings!

A FULL LINE of Gentlemen's Goods for the Fall and Winter.

Shirts made to order and a good fit guaranteed.

C. J. PANTER.


HAGYARD'S
PECTORAL
BALSAM
CURES COUGHS, COLDS, HOARSENESS, ETC.

NEVER ALLOW the bowels to remain constipated lest serious evil ensue. National Pills are unsurpassed as a remedy for constipation.

Daily Intelligencer.

HARRISON'S INAUGURAL.

THE NEW UNITED STATES' PRESIDENT SWORN IN.

He Makes a Long Address, Principally Concerning Domestic Affairs—The Monroe Doctrine Reaffirmed.

WASHINGTON, March 4.—There was a stir and a bustle about the city from an early hour this morning. Probably 100,000 visitors and as many more of the resident population of Washington were along the line of march. The inauguration ceremonies were delayed for some time by heavy rain which, threatened to drive the Presidential party from the east portico to the Senate chamber. After consultation with the Vice-President, President Harrison announced that he would not disappoint the large crowd in front of the Capitol and that rain or shine the inaugural address would be delivered on the east portico.

At 11.15 the Senate was called to order by Senator Ingalls and the senators rose as the diplomats entered. The venerable Hannibal Hamlin, the only living ex-VicePresident, occupied a seat at the right of the presiding officer. Shortly before 12 o'clock the members of the House of Representatives and members-elect led by Speaker Carlisle entered the Senate Chamber. A few minutes before 12 o'clock the President of the United States was announced. He entered the main door opposite the presiding officer, followed by his Cabinet. A moment later the President-elect was announced. He entered with Senator Hoar of Massachusetts. As the hands of the Senate clock reached the hour of noon the Vice-President-elect was announced. He was escorted to the platform of the presiding officer by Senator Cullom of Illinois. Everyone in the chamber arose and remained standing while Senator Ingalls administered to Mr. Morton the oath of office. At the conclusion of his remarks Senator Ingalls turned and handed the gavel to Mr. Morton, who assumed the position of presiding officer and called the Senate to order in extra session. Vice-President Morton then addressed the Senate briefly. At the conclusion of this speech the new Senators were sworn in. The message of the President convening the Senate in extra session was then read and the Senate having completed its organization, the ceremonies of inaugurating the President were begun.

As the President and President-elect appeared they were greeted with cheers from the dense throng.

When all had been settled the President-elect rose and the Chief Justice administered to him the oath of office. The great crowd rose and remained standing with uncovered heads during the ceremony. As the President bowed his head and kissed the open book the crowd cheered again and again. Turning from the Chief Justice, President Harrison began the delivery of his inaugural address.

After referring to the inaugural oath, and expressing the opinion that the obligations imposed by it on the President are no less binding on the people, the address notes that the occasion is the hundredth anniversary of the inauguration of Washington as first President, a statement which serves to introduce the pæan of congratulation and triumph in which he refers to the nation's progress in wealth, population, territory and all that makes a nation great, during the century.

Much space is given to an explanation of the reasons which led the young Republic to adopt a protective policy, so that commercially and financially it should be as free from foreign control as it had become politically. Only the existence of slavery in a section of the country prevented a more general adherence to the principle of protection for home industries, and the emancipation proclamation carried with it reasons why the South should seek to share in the benefits which had come to the North because of the manufactures nursed and reared under the shield of a fostering tariff. He looked hopefully to the continuance of the protective system, and to the consequent development of manufacturing and mining enterprises in the States hitherto wholly given to agriculture, as a potent influence in the perfect unification of the people. "Is it not quite possible," he asks, "that the farmers and the promoters of the great mining and manufacturing enterprises which have recently been established in the south, may yet find that the free ballot of the workingman, without distinction of race, is needed for their defence as well as his own?"

The naturalization laws, said Mr. Harrison, should be so amended as to make the inquiry into the good disposition and character of persons applying for citizenship more careful and searching. The address continued:

We have happily maintained a policy of avoiding all interference with European affairs. We have been only interested spectators of their contentions in diplomacy, and in war ready to use our friendly offices to promote peace—but never obtruding our advice, and never attempting unfairly to coin the distress of other powers into commercial advantages to ourselves. We have a just right to expect that our European policy will be the American policy of European courts. It is so manifestly incompatible with those precautions for our peace and safety which all the great powers habitually observe and enforce in matters affecting them that a shorter waterway between our eastern and western seaboards should be dominated by an European Government that we may confidently expect that such a purpose will not be entertained by any Power. We shall in the future, as in the past, use every endeavor to maintain and enlarge our friendly relations with all the great Powers, but they will not expect us to look kindly upon any project that would leave us subject to the dangers of a hostile observation or environment. We have not sought to dominate or absorb any of our weaker neighbors, but rather to aid and encourage them to establish free and stable governments, resting upon the consent of their own people. We have a clear right to expect therefore that no European government will seek to establish colonial dependencies upon the territory of these independent American States. That which a sense of justice restrains us from seeking they may be reasonably expected willingly to forego.

It must not be assumed however, that our interests are so exclusively American that our entire inattention to any events that may transpire elsewhere can be taken for granted. Our citizens domicile for purposes of trade in all countries, and in many islands of the sea demand and will have our adequate care in their personal and commercial rights. The necessities of our navy require convenient coaling stations, and dock and harbor privileges. These and other trading privileges we will be free to obtain only by means that do not in any degree partake of coercion, however feeble the Government from which we ask such concessions, but having fairly obtained them by methods and for purposes entirely consistent with the most friendly disposition towards all other powers our consent will be necessary to any modification or impairment of the concession. We shall neither fail to respect the flag of any friendly nation or of the just rights of its citizens, nor to exact the like treatment for our own. Calmness, justice and consideration should characterize our diplomacy. The offices of an intelligent diplomacy or of friendly arbitration in proper cases should be adequate to the peaceful adjustment of all international difficulties. By such methods we will make our contribution to the world's peace, which no nation values more highly, and avoid the opprobrium which must fall upon the nation that ruthlessly breaks it.

The remainder of the message has no special interest for Canadians.

William Henry Harrison, on his white horse 48 years ago to-day, headed 4000 patriots over the same route taken by his grandson.

Much comment was caused by the absence of the Cleveland ladies from the gallery reserved for them.

The President took liberal draughts of hot beef tea at odd intervals.

The area of the ballroom floor was 37,000 square feet, nearly an acre.

Fire at Alton.

ALTON, March 4.—Fire broke out in the Dixie House block about 2 o'clock this morning, and the whole block was completely destroyed. The losses and insurance are as follows: Jackson Dean, proprietor of block and hotel, $6000, insurance $4000, partly in Wellington Mutual and partly in Western; J. A. McClelland, general store, $1000, covered by insurance; G. F. Bull, grocer, $300, no insurance; P. V. Lemon, butcher, $100, no insurance; S. Cummings, shoe shop, $150, insured. The property of W. White, harness-maker, and N. C. Dodds' dwelling were also damaged.

(Continued from yesterday.)

"OLD TO-MORROW'S" POSITION.

The cabinet has many able men, men who would take a leading rank as parliamentarians in the English Commons, and the Opposition benches in the House furnish a good quota of the same material. The power of the premier is a fact as recognizable as in England. For many years Sir John A. Macdonald has been virtually the ruler of Canada. He has had the ability and skill to keep his party in power, while all the provinces have remained or become liberal. I believe his continuance is due to his devotion to the national idea, to the development of the country, to bold measures—like the urgency of the Canadian Pacific Railway construction—for binding the provinces together and promoting commercial activity. Canada is proud of this, even while it counts its debt. Sir John is worshipped by his party, especially by the younger men, to whom he furnishes an ideal, as a statesman of bold conception and courage. He is disliked as a politician as cordially by the opposition, who attribute to him the same policy of adventure that was attributed to Beaconsfield. Personally he resembles that remarkable man. Undoubtedly Sir John adds prudence to his knowledge of men, and his habit of never crossing a stream till he gets to it has gained him the sobriquet of "Old To-morrow." He is a man of the world as well as a man of affairs, with a wide and liberal literary taste.

ONTARIO AN EMPIRE IN ITSELF.

The province of Ontario is an empire in itself. It is nearly as large as France; it is larger by twenty-five thousand square miles than the combined six New England States, with New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, and Maryland. In its varied capacities it is the richest province in Canada and leaving out the forests and minerals and stony wilderness between the Canadian Pacific and James Bay, it has an area large enough for an empire, which compares favorably in climate and fertility with the most prosperous States of our Union. The climate of the lake region is milder than that of southern New York, and a considerable part of it is easily productive of superior grapes, apples, and other sorts of fruit. The average yield of wheat, both fall and spring, for five years ending with 1886, per acre, was considerably above that of our best grain-producing States, from Pennsylvania to the farthest West. The same is true of oats. The comparison of barley is still more favorable for Ontario, and the barley is of a superior quality. On a carefully cultivated farm in York County, for this period, the average was higher than the general in the province, being, of wheat, 25 bushels to the acre; barley, 47 bushels; oats, 66 bushels; pease, 32 bushels. It has no superior as a wool-producing and cattle-raising country. Its water-power is unexcelled; in minerals it is as rich as it is in timber; every part of it has been made accessible to market by railways and good highways, which have had liberal government aid; and its manufacturers have been stimulated by a protective tariff. Better than all this, it is the home of a superior people. There are no better anywhere. The original stock was good, the climate has been favorable, the athletic habits have given them vigor and tone and courage, and there prevails a robust, healthful moral condition. In any company, in the clubs, in business houses, in professional circles, the traveler is impressed with the physical development of the men, and even on the streets of the chief towns with the uncommon number of women who have beauty and that attractiveness which generally goes with good taste in dress.

THE OLD U. E. STOCK.

The original settlers of Ontario were 10,000 loyalists, who left New England during and after our Revolutionary war. They went to Canada impoverished, but they carried there moral and intellectual qualities of a high order, the product of the best civilization of their day, the best materials for making a state. I confess that I never could rid myself of the school-boy idea that the terms "British redcoat" and "enemy" were synonymous, and that a "Tory" was the worst character Providence had ever permitted to live. But these people, who were deported, or went voluntarily away for an idea, were among the best material we had in stanch moral traits, intellectual leadership, social position, and wealth; their crime was superior attachment to England, and utter want of sympathy with the colonial cause, the cause of "liberty" of the hour. It is to them, at any rate, that Ontario owes its solid basis of character, vigor, and prosperity. I do not quarrel with the pride of their descendents in the fact that their ancestors of U. E. (United Empire) loyalists—a designation that still has a vital meaning to them. No doubt they inherit the idea that the revolt was a mistake, that the English connection is better as a form of government than the republic, and some of them may still regard the "Yankees" as their Tory ancestors did. It does not matter. In the development of a century in a new world they are more like us than they are like the English, except in a certain sentiment and in tradition, and in adherence to English governmental ideas.

ONTARIO'S GREATEST CITY.

Toronto represents Ontario. It is its monetary, intellectual, educational centre, and I may add that here, more than anywhere else in Canada, the visitor is conscious of the complicated energy of a very vigorous civilization. The city itself has grown rapidly—an increase from 86,415 in 1881 to probably 170,000 in 1888—and it is growing as rapidly as any city on the continent, according to the indications of building, manufacturing, railway building, and the visible stir of enterprise. It is a very handsome and agreeable city, pleasant, for one reason, because it covers a large area, but gives space for the display of its fine buildings. I noticed especially the effect of noble churches occupying a square—ample grounds that give dignity to the house of God. It extends along the lake about six miles, and run back about as far, laid out with regularity, and with the general effect of being level, but the outskirts have a good deal of irregularity and picturesqueness. The Island Park, the irregular strip of an island lying in front of the city, suggests the Lido of Venice. I cannot pause upon details, but the town has an air of elegance, of solidity, of prosperity. The well-filled streets present an aspect of great business animation, which is seen also in the shops, the newspapers, the clubs. It is a place of social activity as well, of animation, of hospitality. There are a few delightful old houses, which date back to the New England loyalists, and give a certain flavor to the town.

If I were to make an accurate picture of Toronto, it would appear as one of the most orderly, well-governed, moral, highly civilized towns on the continent—in fact, almost unique in the active elements of a high Christian civilization. The notable fact is that the concentration here of business enterprise is equalled by the concentration of religious and educational activity. * * * The city, though spread over such a large area, permits no horse-cars to run on Sunday. There are no saloons open on Sunday; there are no beer-gardens or places of entertainment in the suburbs, and no Sunday newspapers. It is believed that the effect of not running the cars on Sunday has been to scatter excellent churches all over the city, so that every small section has good churches. Certainly they are well distributed. They are large, and fine architecturally; they are well filled on Sunday; the clergymen are able, and the salaries are considered liberal. If I may believe the reports and my limited observation, the city is as active religiously as it is in matters of education. And I do not see that this interferes with an agreeable social life, with a marked tendency of the women to beauty and to taste in dress. The tone of public and private life impresses a stranger as exceptionally good. The police is free from political influence, being under a commission of three, two of whom are life magistrates, and the mayor.

CANADA'S FUTURE.

The frequency of the question, "What do you think of the future of Canada?" shows that it is an open question. Undeniably the confederation, which seems to me rather a creation than a growth, works very well, and under it Canada has steadily risen in the consideration of the world and in the development of the sentiment of nationality. But there are many points unadjusted in the federal and provincial relations; more power is desired on one side, more local autonomy on the other. The federal right of disallowance of local legislation is resisted. The stated distribution of federal money to the provinces is an anomaly which we could not reconcile with the public spirit and dignity of the States, nor recognize as a proper function of the government. The habit of the provinces of asking aid from the central government in emergencies, and getting it, does not cultivate self-reliance, and the grant of aid by the federal government, in order to allay dissatisfaction, must be a growing embarrassment. The French privileges in regard to laws, language, and religion make an insoluble core in the heart of the confederacy, and form a compact mass which can be wielded for political purposes. This element, dominant in the province of Quebec, is aggressive. I have read many alarmist articles, both in Canadian and English periodicals, as to the danger of this to the rights of Protestant communities. I lay no present stress upon the expression of the belief by intelligent men that Protestant communities might some time be driven to the shelter of the wider toleration of the United States. No doubt much feeling is involved. I am only reporting a state of mind which is of public notoriety; and I will add that men equally intelligent say that all this fear is idle; that, for instance, the French increase in Ontario means nothing, only that the habitant can live on the semi-sterile Laurentian lands that others cannot profitably cultivate.

NO SURFACE INDICATIONS.

In estimating the idea the Canadians have of their future it will not do to take surface indications. One can go to Canada and get almost any opinion and tendency he is in search of. Party spirit—though the newspapers are in every way, as a rule, less sensational than ours—runs as high and is as deeply bitter as it is with us. Motives are unwarrantably attributed. It is always to be remembered that the opposition criticises the party in power for a policy it might not essentially change if it came in, and the party in power attributes designs to the opposition which it does not entertain; as, for instance, the opposition party is not hostile to confederation because it objects to the "development" policy or to the increase of the federal debt, nor is it for annexation because it may favor unrestricted trade or even commercial union. As a general statement it may be said that the liberal-conservative party is a protection party, a "development" party, and leans to a stronger federal government; that the liberal party favors freer trade, would cry halt to debt for the forcing of development, and is jealous of provincial rights. Even the two parties are not exactly homogeneous. There are conservatives who would like legislative union; the liberals of the province of Quebec are of one sort, the liberals of the province of Ontario are of another, and there are conservative-liberals as well as radicals.

AN IMPRACTICABLE SCHEME.

As to the future, I believe the choice of a strict conservatism would be, first, the government as it is; second, independence; third, imperial federation; annexation never. But imperial federation is generally regarded as a wholly impracticable scheme. The liberal would choose, first, the framework as it is, with modifications; second, independence, with freer trade; third, trust in Providence, without fear. It will be noted in all these varieties of prelection that separation from England is calmly contemplated as a definite possibility, and I have no doubt that it would be preferred rather than submission to the least loss of the present autonomy. And I must express the belief that, underlying all other thought, unexpressed, or, if expressed, vehemently repudiated, is the idea, widely prevalent, that some time, not now, in the dim future, the destiny of Canada and the United States will be one.

A WIDER VIEW.

But if one would forcast the future of Canada, he needs to take a wider view than personal preferences or the agitations of local parties. The railway development, the Canadain Pacific alone, has changed within five years the prospects of the political situation. It has brought together the widely separated provinces, and has given a new impulse to the sentiment of nationality. It has produced a sort of unity which no act of Parliament could ever create. But it has done more than this: it has changed the relation of England to Canada. The Dominion is felt to be a much more important part of the British Empire than it was ten years ago, and in England within less than ten years there has been a revolution in colonial policy. With a line of fast steamers from the British Islands to Halifax, with lines of fast steamers from Vancouver to Yokohama, Hong-Kong, and Australia, with an all-rail transit, within British limits, through an empire of magnificent capacities, offering homes for any possible British overflow, will England regard Canada as a weakness? It is true that on this continent the day of dynasties is over, and that the people will determine their own place. But there are great commercial forces at work that cannot be ignored, which seem strong enough to keep Canada for a long time on her present line of development in a British connection.

SOME BEAUTIFUL SCENERY.

Mr. Warner is very appreciative of the grandeur and beauty of our Nortuwest. In describing his trip there he says:

For two days, traveling only by day, passing the Rockies, the Selkirks, and the Gold range, we were kept in a state of intense excitement, in a constant exclamation of wonder and delight. I would advise no one to attempt to take it in the time we did. Nobody could sit through Beethoven's nine symphonies played continuously. I have no doubt that when carriage roads and foot-paths are made into the mountain recesses, as they will be, and little hotels are established in the valleys and in the passes and advantageous sites, as in Switzerland, this region will rival the Alpine resorts.

The highest point on the line is the station at Mount Stephen, 5296 feet about the sea. The mountain, a bald mass of rock in a rounded cone, rises about 8000 feet above this. As we moved away from it the mountain was hidden by a huge wooded intervening mountain. The train was speeding rapidly on the down grade, carrying us away from the base, and we stood upon the rear platform watching the apparent recession of the great mass, when suddenly, and yet deliberately, the vast white bulk of Mount Stephen began to rise over the intervening summit in the blue sky, lifting itself up by a steady motion while one could count twenty, until its magnificence stood revealed. It was like a transformation in a theater, only the curtain here was lowered instead of raised. The surprise was almost too much for the nerves; the whole company was awe-stricken. It is too much to say that the mountain "shot up"; it rose with conscious grandeur and power. The effect, of course, depends much upon the speed of the train. I have never seen anything to compare with it for awakening the emotion of surprise and wonder.

The station of Field, just beyond Mount Stephen, when there is a charming hotel, is in the midst of wonderful mountain and glacier scenery, and would be a delightful place for rest. From there the descent down the canon of Kickinghorse River, along the edge of precipices, among the snow monarchs, is very exciting. At Golden we come to the valley of the Columbia River and in view of the Selkirks. The river is navigable about a hundred miles above Golden, and this is the way to the mining district of the Kootenay Valley. The region abounds in gold and silver. The broad Columbia runs north here until it breaks through the Selkirks, and then turns southward on the west side of that range.

The railway follows down the river, between the splendid ranges of the Selkirks and the Rockies, to the mouth of the Beaver, and then ascends its narrow gorge. I am not sure but that the scenery of the Selkirks is finer than that of the Rockies. One is bewildered by the illimitable noble snow peaks and great glaciers. At Glacier House is another excellent hotel. In savage grandeur, nobility of mountain-peaks, snow ranges, and extent of glacier it rivals anything in Switzerland. The glacier, only one arm of which is seen from the road, is, I believe, larger than any in Switzerland. There are some thirteen miles of flowing ice; but the monster lies up in the mountains, like a great octopus, with many giant arms. The branch which we saw, overlooked by the sriking snow cone of Sir Donald, some two and a half miles from the hotel, is immense in thickness and breadth, and seems to pour out of the sky. Recent measurements show that it is moving at the rate of twenty inches in twenty-four hours—about the rate of progress of the Mer de Glace. In the midst of the main body, higher up, is an isolated mountain of pure ice three hundred feet high and nearly a quarter of a mile in length. These mountains are the home of the mountain sheep.

Humor of the Legislature.

In the course of the debate on the estimates in the Ontario Legislature.

Mr. H. E. Clarke (Toronto) maintained that private members had no right to make the estimates clear; that was the duty of the Treasurer.

Hon. A. M. Ross—I can't furnish the hon. gentleman with material for criticism and the brains to criticise. (Laughter.)

Shortly afterwards Hon. Mr. Ross, putting his hand to his ear, said to Mr. Wood (Hastings): "I can't hear the hon. gentleman."

Mr. Clancy—Perhaps we can furnish ears for the hon. gentleman. (Laughter.)

Hon. Mr. Fraser—You can furnish ears for the whole of us. (Great laughter.)

Mr. Freeman (sotto voce)—They are long enough. (Laughter around the Attorney-General.)

A High Valuation.

"If there was only one bottle of Hagyard's Yellow Oil in Manitoba, I would give one hundred dollars for it," writes Philip H. Brant, of Monteith, Manitoba, after having used it for severe wound and for frozen fingers, with, as he says, "astonishing results."

Health Failing Fast.

I was swollen from head to foot from dropsy of six months' standing, and my health was failing fast, but after taking one bottle of Burdock Blood Bitters, I am quite well, and think there is no medicine equal to B. B. B., and to it I remain a true friend." Joseph Heric, Linwood, Ont.

There are a number of varieties of corns. Holloway's Corn Cure will remove any of them Call on your druggist and get a bottle at once.

Orin Catlin, 49 Pearl Street Buffalo, N. Y., says: I tried various remedies for the piles but found no relief until I used Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, which entirely cured me after a few applications.

Do not delay in getting relief for the little folks. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is a pleasant and sure cure. If you love your child why do you let it suffer when a remedy is so near at hand?

The cheapest medicine in use is Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, because so very little of it is required to effect a cure. For croup, diphtheria, and diseases of the lungs and throat, whether used for bathing the chest or throat, for taking internally or inhaling, it is a matchless compound.

Mr. Thomas Ballard, Syracuse, N. Y., writes: 'I have been afflicted for nearly a year with that most-to be dreaded disease Dyspepsia, and at times worn out with pain and want of sleep, and after trying almost everything recommended I tried one box of Parmelee's Valuable Pills. I am now nearly well, and believe they will cure me. I would not be without them for any money."

PARMELEE'S PILLS possess the power of acting specifically upon the diseased organs, stimulating to action the dormant energies of the system, thereby removing disease. In fact, so great is the power of this medicine to cleanse and purify, that diseases of almost every name and nature are driven from the body.' Mr. D. Carswell, Carswell P. O., Ont, writes: "I have tried Parmelee's Pills and find them an excellent medicine, and one that will sell well."

EXHAUSTED VITALITY.

THE SCIENCE OF LIFE, the great Medical Work of the age on Manhood, Nervous and Physical Debility, Premature Decline, Errors of Youth, and the untold miseries consequent thereon, 300 pages 8 vo., 125 prescriptions for all diseases. Cloth, full gilt, only $1, by mail, sealed. Illustrative sample free to all young and middle aged men. Send now. The Gold and Jewelled Medal awarded to the author by the National Medical Association. Address P O Box 1895, Boston, Mass., or Dr. W H. PARKER, graduate of Harvard Medical College, 25 years' practice in Boston, who may be consulted confidentially. Specialty, Diseases of Men. Office, No. 4, Bulfinch Street,

NERVOUS DEBILITY.

NERVOUS DEBILITY, EXHAUSTING, Vital Drains (caused by early indiscretions), effectually cured. Syphilitic affections and all bad blood and skin diseases arising therefrom thoroughly eradicated. Varicocele cured without operation. Impotence, or premature decline of the manly powers and all diseases of the genito-urinary organs a specialty. It makes no difference who has failed to cure you. Skill and experience important. A friendly letter or call may save you a great deal of misery and add years to your life. Consultation FREE. Medicines sent to any address. DR. REEVE, 337 Jarvis St., Toronto. 59d&wly

ROYAL

FULL WEIGHT
ROYAL BAKING POWDER
ABSOLUTELY PURE
ROYAL
BAKING POWDER

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall-st., N. Y.

NOTICE

—TO—

Contractors, Bridge-builders, etc.

CALL FOR TENDERS.

The Bay of Quinte Bridge Co'y.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Tenders for the construction of a highway bridge across the Bay of Quinte at the City of Belleville, will be received by the undersigned up to 12 o'clock, noon, on the 11th day of February, 1889. Plans may be seen at the office of the undersigned, and copies of the specifications and forms of tender will be furnished on application. The Company does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

U. E THOMPSON,
Sec'y and Treasurer,
Bay of Quinte Bridge Co'y.

Dated at Belleville, this 29th day of December, 1888. sat&wed

TIME EXTENDED

THE time for receiving the above tenders is hereby extended to

THE 9TH DAY OF MARCH NEXT, AT 12 NOON.

By order of the board,
U E THOMPSON,
Sec'y.-Treas.

Belleville, Ont., Feb. 7th, 1889.

NATIONAL COLONIZATION

LOTTERY

Under the patronage of the Rev. Father Labelle

Established in 1884, under the Act of Quebec 32 Vict, Chapt. 36, for the benefit of the Diocesan Societies of Colonization of the Province of Quebec.

Class D.—The 21st Monthly Drawing will take place Wednesday, March the 20th, at 2 p. m.

Prizes value		$50,000 00
Capital Prize: One real estate worth		$5,000 00
1 Real Estate worth	$5 000	5,000
1 do	2 000	2,000
1 do	1,000	1,000
4 do	500	2,000
10 Real Estates	300	3 000
30 Furniture Sets	200	6,000
60 do	10	6,000
200 Gold Watches	50	10,000
1,000 Silver Watches	10	10,000
1,000 Toilet Sets	5	5,000
2,307 Prizes worth		$50,000 00

TICKETS - - $1.00

Offers are made to all winners to pay their prizes cash, less a commission of 10 p. c.

Winners' names not published unless specially authorized

Drawings on the Third Wednesday of every Month.

S. E LEFEBVRE, Secretary,
Offices, 19 St. James street, Montreal, Can.
192dly

S. W. BRADSHAW

Wishes to inform the citizens of Belleville that he has BOUGHT OUT THE

GROCERY

(lately occupied by Mr. Arch. Wallace,)

CORNER OF HOTEL AND ANN STREETS!

where he intends to keep a full supply of the best of Groceries always fresh, and his stock of Provisions, such as Meats and Vegetables, will be especially fresh and in great variety and delivered with despatch. All orders by telephone No. 53) will be promptly delivered to any part of the city.

N. B.—Please remember Telephone No. 53.

BITTER----

----ORANGES

—FOR—

MARMALADE

JUST RECEIVED.

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE

Grocers and wine merchants,
35 & 37 Bridge Street.

Also Front Street, Opp. Ritchie's.

-----NEW-----

Sugar Cured Hams, Breakfast Bacon, Finnan Haddies, Boneless Codfish, New Walnuts, New Filberts, S. S. Almonds, Loose Muscatel Raisins, Black Basket Raisins, London Layer Raisins, Buckwheat Flour, Selfrising Buckwheat Flour, Roll Butter, Fresh Eggs

AT A. WALLACE'S.

RAYMOND C. ROLPH

SIGN PAINTER.

LETTERING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES

Corner of Front and Campbell Streets.
80dly

Daily Intelligencer.

THE DAILY INTELLIGENCER is published every evening except Sunday, and delivered by careful carriers in all parts of the city for Five Dollars a year, or Fifty Cents a month.

THE WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER is published every Thursday morning, and sent, postpaid, to any address in Canada, the United States or Great Britain for One Dollar a year.

ADVERTISEMENTS, first insertion, 10 cents per nonpareil line; each subsequent consecutive insertion, 5 cents per line; when not inserted every day, 10 cents per line each insertion.

READING MATTER NOTICES, 15 cents per line each insertion.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS, 50 cents each insertion. With notice of funeral added the charge for death notices is $1.

CONTRACTS made for business advertisements for one month or longer at reduced rates.

Remittances, Drafts, Cheques, and Post-Office Orders should be made payable to the order of

INTELLIGENCER PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO'Y (LIMITED),
Belleville, Ont.

Largest Daily Circulation in Belleville.

BELLEVILLE, TUESDAY, MAR. 5

LAURIER'S MISREPRESENTATION.

The Morrisburg *Courier* remarks: "The resolution introduced by Mr. Laurier on Tuesday evening must be a surprise even to those who were prepared for almost anything from that quarter. We have been getting on our knees to the Americans for the last 20 years or more, but it appears the cup of our humiliation is not yet full. It was not enough that we last year made what Mr. Laurier himself said was a surrender, and were spurned because it was not sufficiently abject. But we must get down still lower and beg them to come and take what is ours and take us under their protection. Are we children who want to be nursed and spoon-fed? Or have we reached the decrepitude of age when we are content to sit in a corner and let others do the world's work and reap its honors? We believe we are neither and that Mr. Laurier and his friends have made the mistake of placing altogether too low an estimate on the patriotism and intelligence of the people of Canada. He is altogether astray, too, when he says the golden epoch in the history of Canada was the twelve years of reciprocity. Those who lived and worked through that "golden period" know that the darkest time the farmers have seen for forty years was very near the centre of that happy time and that the commercial activity and prosperity that characterized the earlier and later portions were due largely to the Crimean and American wars."

The *Courier* is right. Never, in the history of the country, were the farming interests more depressed than during the reciprocity period, in spite of the abnormally high prices caused by the Crimean war, the Indian mutiny and the American rebellion. The sufferings of the "seed wheat year" are not forgotten by our farmers, no matter how Mr. Laurier may ignore them, nor the prostration of business, which sent into the United States and into the ranks of their army a greater number of Canadians and immigrants who had made their homes under the British flag, than had ever before left the provinces, during that imaginary "golden epoch" of which Mr. Laurier romanced so eloquently.

BECAUSE IT LOVES IT.

> Now the ministerial press inform their readers that the Government all along had been in favor of Unrestricted Reciprocity, and that Sir Charles offered it to the Americans, only they would not have it then because they preferred dealing with the Fisheries question alone.—*Montreal Herald.*

The allegation is false, and the allegator knows it. The Conservative party and the Government are, and always have been, opposed to unrestricted reciprocity. They are, and always have been, in favor of reciprocity in natural products. What the *Herald* expects to gain by so gross a falsehood, and who it expects to believe that statement, in face of the defeat of the fad in Parliament by Conservative votes—in face of the *Herald's* denunciation of the Premier and his followers for voting down the Cartwright resolution of last session and the Laurier motion of the present session, is something that, as Lord Dundreary said, "no fellah can find out."

The *Herald* must indulge in falsehood for very love of untruth.

EDITORIAL BREVITIES.

The Toronto *World* has the following pithy remarks concerning the right about face executed recently by the *Globe* on the Jesuit bill and the fishery question: "In the old days when the *Globe* was a power in the land as great as or greater than the Government, it was often wrong— but it was always honest.

"Now it writes jesuitically of the Fisheries and fishily of the Jesuits."

The Grit party are at loggerheads concerning the Jesuit Bill. On Friday last they considered the question in caucus and, after a good deal of quarrelling, the meeting broke up without coming to a decision. 'Twas ever thus. The Grits never have principle as a bond of union. The desire for office is the only motive of action that they have had for many years.

WHY WILL YOU cough when Shiloh's Cure will give immediate relief? Price 10 cts., 50 cts., and $1. Sold by D. M. Waters.

—Meetings to oppose the repeal of the Scott Act are being held in Lennox and Addington.

ARE YOU MADE miserable by Indigestion, Constipation, Dizziness, Loss of Appetite, Yellow Skin Shiloh's Vitalizer is a positive cure Sold by D. M. Waters.

—"Kid" Somers and Paddy Lyons have secured engagements with the Springfield, Ohio, baseball club. This club is in the tri-state league.

SOME SYMPTOMS OF WORMS are:—Fever, colic, variable appetite, restlessness, weakness and convulsions. The unfailing remedy is Dr. Low's Worm Syrup.

—During the cold spell Mrs. Wm. Burgess removed some flowers from the cellar for fear that they would be frozen. On examining them in the light she was surprised to discover a large and beautiful butterfly on one of them.—*Guelph Mercury.*

DYSPEPSIA IN ITS WORST FORMS will yield to the use of Carter's Little Nerve Pills, aided by Carter's Little Liver Pills. They not only relieve present distress but strengthen the stomach and digestive apparatus.

Correspondence.

Whilst correspondents will be accorded space for the expression of their ideas on topics of public interest, it must be in all cases understood that the views so expressed are simply those of the correspondents themselves.

To the Editor of the Intelligencer.

DEAR SIR,—An article in last evening's *Ontario*, which, I think, does the choir of Bridge St. church a great injustice. Since I have been here, a period of nineteen months, the choir have failed to give an anthem at each service only four times, and then only for reasons unavoidable. As regards the class of music performed, I am proud to say that the chorus choir of Bridge St. church stands second to none in the Dominion, and so far complaints have only come from those the least able to appreciate good music when they hear it. Seldom does it fall to the lot of a conductor to lead a choir capable of performing the high class of music given them for the last year and a half.

Yours truly,
W. H. DONLEY,
March 5, '89. Organist and Chorister.

Notes from the Gallery.

FEBRUARY 28, 1889.

The interest created yesterday made me take another look into the House, and I happened to be present at a little scene that was evidently enjoyed by most present. It was about 5 p.m. The House was in Committee of Supply; Harcourt, of Monck, was in the chair; Creighton, Clancey, Clarke, (H. E.) Toronto, and Wood, Hastings, were evidently dissecting the supplies to the asylums. The question of tenders was under discussion particularly. Ross, Treasurer, was comparing cost per head of our institutions with similar ones in the United States. Clarke took exception to his figures in rather a curt way. Ross replied angrily, and made some statement that Wood showed was fallacious. Ross rose excitedly and questioned Clarke's calculations, which drew out a sharp rejoinder, and Ross, losing his head, made some unparliamentary remarks, winding up with: "he could supply arguments but he could not give brains." He was hardly in his seat before Wood was on his feet. He said the Opposition had submitted to as much of the Minister's impertinence as they proposed to—that repeatedly had such language been used by the Treasurer, who evidently needed schooling not only in the management of his Department but in the courtesies among gentlemen—that for his part he would not quietly allow a repetition of it. What right, he asked, had the hon. member or any member of this House to insinuate that any other member was a fool? The Treasurer, as was well known, had more conceit than the average, and it was this, no doubt, made him so oblivious of what was generally known, that of all the members of the House, he (the Treasurer) was the last one who should question the brain power of any one. These remarks were made amid loud cheers from the Opposition side, and cries of "give it to him," "he deserves it," etc. Hardy and Meredith joined in, and for a time there was considerable confusion, but it finally ended in an appeal to the chair by Meredith. The Chairman threw oil on the troubled waters, and admonished both sides to be more careful in their language. It being 6 o'clock the Speaker left the chair, and on resumption at half past 7, there were conciliatory speeches made all round, but no one blamed the member for N. Hastings for his criticisms. Like all such scenes, the result was to make business go smoothly for the remainder of the session.

The Raw, Cutting Winds

Bring to the surface every latent pain. A change of even a few degrees marks the difference between comfort and pain to many persons. Happily disease now holds less sway. Science is continually bringing forward new remedies which succesfully combat disease. Polson's Nerviline—nerve pain cure—has proved the most successful pain relieving remedy known. Its application is wide, for it is equally efficient in all forms of pain, whether internal or external. Ten and 25 cents a bottle, at druggists.

Deseronto.

Fall of a Roof—Lacerated by a Saw.

(From our own Correspondent.)

Early Sunday morning the rear portion of the "Glasgow Warehouse," Smith's block, collapsed, the roof and two walls caving in. The building had always been a very weak structure, therefore the law of gravitation, assisted by a small amount of snow on the roof of the building, proved sufficient to demolish it.

On Saturday afternoon, Mr. E. Davey, foreman of the sash factory, had his arm severely lacerated by a circular saw.

Seeds.

The market is quiet but steady. Farmers are not bringing in their timothy seed, as they are holding for higher prices. They can get $2 per bushel from dealers here, but they want more money. Sales by dealers have been made at $2.25 and we quote $2 to $2.25. Red clover seed has been sold at points of shipment west of Toronto at $5.25 per bushel, and sales have transpired here at $5.40 to $5.75 as to quality. Alsike is very scarce and dear, being quoted at 14c. to 17c. per lb. in lots of 100 lbs. as a quality. There is no Rodden clover coming in yet. Flax seed is firm at $1.40 to $1.50 per bushel.—*Montreal Trade Bulletin.*

Hops.

The best Canadian hops on the market are offered at 22½c., but brewers are not very eager buyers, and we quote 18c. to 22½. for fair to choice, and old 6c. to 10c. In foreign hops, the auction sale of damaged Bavarian brought 6c. to 12½c. per lb.—*Montreal Trade Bulletin.*

FOR DYSPEPSIA and Liver Complaint you have a printed guarantee on every bottle of Shiloh's Vitalizer. It never fails to cure. Sold by D. M. Waters.

—A lad of 16, arrested at Mecosta, Mich., on a charge of theft, attempted to commit suicide by shooting himself in the heart.

THE REV. GEO. H. THAYER, of Bourbon, Ind., says: 'Both myself and wife owe our lives to SHILOH'S CONSUMPTION CURE." For sale by D. M. Waters.

—Smallpox is reported to be on the increase in the neighborhood of St. Thomas, there being fresh cases at Southwold and Fingal.

AS A PICK ME UP after excessive exertion or exposure, Milburn's Beef, Iron and Wine is grateful and comforting.

—A juror in Montreal was excused from attendance, pleading that he was too easily swayed by the eloquence of the counsel and the judge.

SHILOH'S CATARRH REMEDY—a positive cure for Catarrh, Diphtheria, and Canker Mouth. For sale by D. M. Waters.

—All the ex-Presidents of the United States are dead except Hayes and Cleveland. The widows of Presidents Polk, Grant and Garfield still live. Mr. and Mrs. Hayes are living in their Ohio home, and after to-day Mr. and Mrs. Cleveland will take up their residence in New York.

MINISTERS, LAWYERS, TEACHERS, and others whose occupation give but little exercise, should use Carter's Little Liver Pills for torpid liver and biliousness. One is a dose. Try them.

TOPICS FROM THE CAPITAL

A CRUSH AT THEIR EXCELLENCIES FIRST STATE BALL.

Brief Session of the House—The Member for Annapolis' Scheme for the Annexation of Maine.

OTTAWA, March 4.—The features of the Capital to-day were a very brief session of the House, the appearance of Sir Charles Tupper in public and the state ball at Government House this evening. The House adjourned at 6 o'clock to give the members time to get ready for the spectacle at Rideau Hall.

There has been no small amount of dissatisfaction over the list of invitations to the ball. The press gallery does not of course feel sore because they are overlooked. That is a yearly occurrence in connection with festivities at the gubernatorial residence in Ottawa. But there is any amount of soreness among some forty members of Parliament who were overlooked this time. Others did not receive their invitation cards until late this evening and they had almost given up the hope of receiving them. Just how the oversight occurred is not at present known, but it is said His Excellency's aide, who had charge of the invitations, made a sad bungle of his task, overlooking those who were entitled to go and sending more than one card to others who were barely eligible.

There was a terrible crush at the ball. Toronto, Hamilton, London and other western towns were represented by a sprinkling of society people.

The House sat for about 2½ hours this afternoon and disposed of routine business. Mr. Girouard withdrew his bill to incorporate the Ottawa and Montreal Boom Company, as he saw the measure was objectionable to not only the Government but almost the entire House.

Sir John Macdonald told Mr. Mulock that the Government had decided at last to allow the allowance to the York and Simcoe battalion. The Premier also informed Mr. Mulock that 3½ years' interest would be added to the allowance, as the battalion ought to have been paid the money in December, 1885, at the same time the 10th Royals of Toronto received theirs. Col. O'Brien, Col. Denison of Toronto, and Col. Tyrwhitt have been energetic in inducing the Government to make this allowance.

In the Banking and Commerce Committee this morning, Mr. Edgar's bill incorporating the Canadian Assets and Debentures Company came up for consideration in its amended condition and, after discussion, passed. The most prominent amendments to the original bill are the striking out of the founders' share clause and the clause authorizing the company to receive money on deposit.

Mr. Kirkpatrick's act to incorporate the Canadian General Trusts Company was also considered. The incorporators are Geo. W. Stephen, C. A. Goffrow, T. Drummond, J. L. Morris, J. Crothern, E. K. Greene, C. M. Holt, F. H. Chrysler, D. B. Maclennan and G. M. MacDonnell. The rights asked for in the bill were refused by the Quebec Legislature. It was explained that discussion upon the principle of the bill would have to take place in the House and it was decided to report it.

In the Railway Committee to-day Sir Hector Langevin asked that the bill incorporating the St. Helen's Island Bridge Company should be postponed. Mr. Curran said he had been asked by the City Council and Board of Trade of Montreal to oppose the bill.

The bill extending the time for the commencement of the railway within three years of the Hamilton Central Railway Company was passed. An act changing the name of the Lake Nipissing and James' Bay Railway Company to the Nipissing and James' Bay Railway Company and in various other ways amending the act of incorporation was passed. Dr. Hickey's bill incorporating the Ottawa, Morrisburg and New York Railway and Bridge Company was reported with a number of amendments.

The act to amend the act incorporating the Kingston, Smith's Falls and Ottawa Railway Company was considered. Hon. George Kirkpatrick explained that the contemplated line would run from Kingston to Smith's Falls and from thence to Ottawa. Kingston and Smith's Falls would grant bonuses and efforts were being made to induce the adjacent townships to do this also. It was intended to commence work next year. It was decided by the committee that the railway should be commenced within two years from June next and completed within five years from the same date.

Mr. Daly's bill to incorporate the Lac Seul Railway was reported.

Mr. John A. Grose, who lately resigned his position in the Customs Department, has commenced an action against Messrs. Walters and McMichael, Toronto, of that service for the recovery of a portion of the proceeds of certain seizures and confiscations in which he claims he should have shared. Mr. Curran, M.P., is acting for Mr. Grose.

The Minister of Public Works informed Sir Richard Cartwright to-day that from July 1, 1888, to Feb. 1, 1889, there had been expended for plant and organization of the printing bureau $82,984 and on the building to Feb. 1 last, $129,946. It is hoped this bureau will improve the public printing of the country. Typographically the blue books and other public documents that have been turned out under the contract system have been a standing disgrace to the art preservative in the Dominion. One of these contractors grew immensely wealthy by getting top prices for slop work that would disgrace any back township printing office in the country.

Mr. Mills of the salt water County of Annapolis, N.S., put an extraordinary notice in the paper this evening. He believes he sees in the near future the dissolution of the federation known as the United States and the setting up of foreign powers in the New England States which might imperil British interests on this continent. He therefore asks the House to pass resolutions empowering the Governor-General to co-operate with Her Majesty's Government in securing such an amendment to the Act of British North America as may be necessary to extend the boundaries of the Dominion of Canada so as to include portions of the New England States, such boundaries, however, not to be extended in a westerly direction beyond the Connecticut River, the Green Mountains and Lake Champlain. Mr. Mills also graciously proposes that Canada assume the debt of the states which he proposes to absorb.

Sir John Macdonald gave notice this evening of a resolution providing that any member of the Northwest Mounted Police Force, other than a commissioned officer, may receive a pension for life provided he joined the force subsequent to May 23, 1873, and completed 25 years' service, or if having completed 15 years he retires in consequence of bodily or mental infirmity.

The following order-in-council was passed Saturday:

> His Excellency-in-Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the special rate of toll of two cents per ton, adopted last year for the passage through the Welland and St. Lawrence canals, of certain cereals, wheat, Indian corn, peas, barley and rye, when shipped for Montreal or for any other port east of Montreal, be continued during the forthcoming season of navigation and no longer, such toll covering the Welland and the St. Lawrence canals.

Winnipeg Wire Whispers.

WINNIPEG, March 4.—The local papers report the elopement of a grocer's wife with her music teacher, but no names are given.

The prospects for the bonspiel to-morrow are discouraging, owing to soft weather; 62 rinks are entered.

Seeding will probably be general next week in the west.

The Clarke-Burrows libel suit was again adjourned to-day till Thursday.

Found Dead in Bed.

ST. CATHARINES, March 4.—Miss Eleanor Jane Tenbroeck was found dead in her bed this morning. The deceased was 58 years old.

TORONTO TOPICS.

"Settling Day"—An U. C. C. Boy Presented With a Humane Society Medal.

TORONTO, March 5.—Yesterday was settling day. Enquiries at the wholesale houses revealed a more encouraging state of affairs than last year. The dry goods trade have met their payments very promptly, and there are reports of but few applications for renewals. In the hardware trade a similarly encouraging state of things is reported. Boot and shoe payments are quite up to expectations. Grocery men are not much behind, but there seems to be more complaints about payments in this line than any other. The drug trade have paid up well, but there does not appear to have been very much heavy paper maturing. Of course Feb. 4 and Aug. 4 are the big settling days, but the 4th of each month is looked forward to with some anxiety. The prompt payments of yesterday will do something to stimulate trade and restore the confidence that should exist, but which has unfortunately not been felt for some time past.

Yesterday was a "red-letter day" in the history of Upper Canada College. Charles Brand, one of the pupils, was publicly presented with the bronze medal of the Royal Humane Society for an act of bravery in saving two lives in August last. His Lordship the Bishop of Toronto made the presentation.

At the Police Court this morning Emma Wilson flippantly acknowledged that she had taken a $100 bill from Wm. Eastby in a house at 89 Richmond-street. Wm. Palmer, also charged with the same offence, pleaded not guilty. According to his story he had rescued Eastby, who was in a helpless condition, from a gang of pool sharks on Bathurst-street. The evidence, however, showed that Palmer had done this for his own financial benefit and with the intention of robbing Eastby. The girl was committed to the Mercer Reformatory for six months, and was then utilized as a Crown witness. She had taken the money and handed it to Palmer. The latter took it home and hid it under a paint pot. "Yes, and I was sorry and would have given it back had I known where Eastby lived," said Palmer. He was committed to the Central Prison for three months.

Quite a heap of larcenies were reported to the police yesterday. They were: A lady's ulster, stolen from De La Salle Institute; a book and 75c. from R. G. Walker, 147 Victoria-street; an overcoat from the house of S. Johnson, 189 Argyle-street; a watch from Charles Glover, who lives in Salem-avenue, and another watch from D. Davis, 289 King-street west. Mrs. Stafford of 73 Victoria-street, reports the loss of $30, taken from her pocket while entering Bond-street Congregational Church Sunday night.

The Rowe-White Case.

BUFFALO, March 4.—Jack Rowe and Deacon Jim White are nursing a surprise for the baseball world. They have received legal advice to the effect that they have got the Detroit League corporation on the hip. Their lawyer says that if Detroit refuses to release them they will offer their services to Detroit at the beginning of the season, and then start in to collect salary at last year's rate, suing after the first month in case the Detroits fail to pay. The lawyer believes that they will have a legal claim that the contracts were between these two players and the Detroit management. He says the men cannot be sold like galley slaves to other clubs. Baseball people here think that Detroit would rather release the players than go to the trouble and expense of such litigation. The buying clubs would not now have any interest in backing up the Detroiters, for Boston does not want White now, and Rowe positively will not play in Pittsburgh.

The Interstate Commerce Act.

WASHINGTON, March 4.—President Cleveland, before the expiration of his term of office, approved the bill amending the Interstate Commerce Act. One change requires three days' public notice of any proposed reduction in the published rates of a railroad. Special provision is made to prevent and punish "underbilling" under severe penalties. The penalty section of the present Act is strengthened by adding the penalty of imprisonment to the fine now provided when the offence is an unlawful discrimination in rates or charges. The provisions of the present Act in regard to the publication of rates are made to apply to joint through rates. A change is made in the court provisions which is intended to facilitate the recovery of damages for overcharges, and the powers of the commissioners are increased in several respects.

PRICES AND PROSPECTS.

Leading Features of the Grain and Produce Markets at Home and Abroad.

TORONTO, March 5.—St. Lawrence Market was rather quiet yesterday. Quotations: Wheat, white, $1.06; wheat, red winter, $1.06; wheat, spring, $1.10; wheat, goose, 86c; oats, 37c; peas, 65c; barley, 52c; rye, 64c; dressed hogs, per 100 lbs., $7.25; beef, forequarters, $4; do., hindquarters, $6.50; geese, per pound, 9c; turkeys, per pound, 10c; ducks, pair, 70c; chickens, pair, 85c; butter, rolls, 22c; butter, tubs, 18c; lard, 13c; eggs, 20c; squash, 10c; pumpkins, 10c; cabbage, dozen, 30c; onions, bag, 75c; cauliflower, each, 10c; beets, per bag, 75c; potatoes, bag, 50c; turnips, bag, 25c; parsley, dozen, 20c; celery, 5c; apples, barrel, $1.25; carrots, bag, 75c; marrows, 8c.

Receipts of hay were small, the demand good and prices higher. No straw was offered, there was a good demand, and the nominal price went up to $12. Hay sold at $20 and $21.

The sales of grain on the street yesterday were 500 bushels of barley at 52 to 57 cents, and 200 bushels of oats at 36½ and 37 cents. No wheat was offered.

On 'Change No. 1 Manitoba hard wheat was offered at $1.40, and one car was offered at $1.35 to arrive at Carlton Junction, with $1.33 bid; frosted wheat was offered by sample at 90 cents with 85 cents bid; one car of No. 2 frosted was offered to arrive on track at $1 with 90 cents bid; two cars of No. 2 were offered at Montreal at 95 cents.

BEERBOHM'S REPORT.

Beerbohm reports: Floating cargoes—Wheat steady; corn, quiet. Cargoes on passage—Wheat and corn, quiet and steady. Mark Lane—Wheat, steady; American corn, quiet; Danube corn, steady; flour, steady. Spot good No. 2 Club Cal. wheat, 34s, was 34s; present and following month, 32s for new crop; old was 32s 9d. Good cargoes No. 1 Cal. wheat off coast, 38s 4d and 38s 6d, was 38s 9d. London—Good shipping No. 1 Cal. wheat, prompt sail, 37s 6d, was 37s 6d; do., nearly due, 37s 6d, was 37s 9d. French country markets, tone generally firm. English farmers' deliveries of wheat during past week, 54,504 qrs.; average price, 29s 7d, was 29s 5d. Liverpool—Spot wheat and corn very dull. No. 1 Cal., 7s 9½d; No. 2 Cal., 7s 6½d; American red winter, 7s 6d; Western mixed, 7s 8d; spring 7s 9 1-2d; all 1-2d cheaper. Flour, 28s; peas, 5s 7d; unchanged. Corn 4s 1d, 1-2d cheaper.

LIVERPOOL MARKETS.

Liverpool reports: Wheat, quiet; demand poor; holders offer moderately. Corn, steady; fair demand. Spring wheat, 8s; red winter, 7s 8d; No. 1 Cal., 7s 7d; and 7s 9½d. Corn, 4s 1½d. Peas, 5s 7½. Pork, 63s 9d. Lard, 34s 9d. Bacon, short cleared, 31s and 33s; long cleared, 31s and 33s. Tallow, 29s. Cheese, white and colored, 55s 6d.

AMBITIOUS CITY NEWS

Attempted Suicide—The Railway Deputation Off For the Capital.

HAMILTON, March 4.—On Saturday night Annie Russell, who became distracted at the death of her husband, Thomas Russell, which occurred at the hospital last week, tried to committ suicide by taking a dose of Rough on Rats. Russell, who was about 45 years old, was the black sheep of a respectable Scotch family, and went through a fortune of $50,000. He lived for many years in Ottawa, where his brother, who is a respectable business man resides. He was a big, handsome fellow, being quite an athlete, and took a great interest in all kinds of sport. He formerly worked for his brother, but neglected his business and squandered his money in drink. He was married, and his dissolute ways caused his wife so much grief that they separated about 15 years ago. Russell left Ottawa and wandred around the country, spending his money freely and foolishly. The woman who tried to poison herself claims that she met him in Buffalo about three years ago, and that they were married and lived together as man and wife until his death. At that time she did not know that he had been married before and that his wife was still alive. Mrs. Russell's condition is unchanged to-night, but recovery is not probable.

The railway deputation, consisting of Mayor Doran, Ald. Moore, Ald. Stinson, Capt. Fairgrieve and others, left this evening via Toronto, for Ottawa and will appear before the Railway Committee of the Privy Council to-morrow.

William T. Allison's hotel, corner of Bay and Stuart-streets, was broken into between 11 o'clock last night and 5 o'clock this morning and $10 in cash, three boxes of cigars and a bottle of wine were stolen. The thief got in by a cellar window.

Four boys, aged about 15 years, being tired of living in a metropolis like Toronto, set out last Friday night to visit the wild west. They came to Hamilton and were on the point of starting for Buffalo, when Mr. Wilson, of Toronto, put in an appearance and collared his son Frederick. The lad was taken home, and the others proceeded on their pilgrimage.

Daniel Sullivan, against whom a charge of committing aggravated assault upon Michael Flynn was dismissed a few days ago, was charged by Flynn this morning with selling liquor during prohibited hours. The case was dismissed.

FOR NETTLE RASH, Summer Heat and general toilet purposes, use Low's Sulphur Soap

SHILOH'S CATARRH REMEDY—a positive cure for Catarrh, Diptheria and Canker Mouth. For sale by D. M. Waters.

A NASAL INJECTOR free with each bottle of Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. Price 50 cents. Sold by D. M. Waters.

Only One Cent!
Only One Cent!

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

BOARD AND ROOMS.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

HOUSES TO LET.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

TO LET—Rough-cast house on North Moira Street, in good state of repair, lately occupied by John Cole, baker,— next property north of Patrick Taugher's; horse stable, and other conveniences. Rent very moderate. Apply to FRANCIS S. WALLBRIDGE, Barrister, &c., Office McAnnany Building, cor. Front and Bridge St. 26th Feb'y, 1889. 54dtf

LOST AND FOUND.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

LIVE STOCK.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

HOUSE FOR SALE on William St., two doors south of Bridge St., next the residence of Mrs. T. C. Wallbridge, best locality in the city, house new, comfortable, and commodious, hard and soft water, closets in all the rooms. Enquire of R. PURDY, Bridge St. 242d1m.

TO LET.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

WANTED.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

HOUSEKEEPER WANTED, middle aged woman preferred, to take charge of a family of six. Apply at HUGH WALKER'S grocery. 258dtf.

SALESMEN—We wish a few men to sell our goods by sample to the wholesale and retail trade. Large manufacturers in our line. Enclose 2 cent stamp. Wages $3 per day. Permanent position. No postals answered. Money advanced for wages, advertising, etc. CENTENNIAL MAN'F'G CO., CINCINNATI, OHIO 245d30teod

DOMESTICS WANTED.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

WANTED.—A good Laundry Girl. Apply at the QUEEN'S HOTEL. March 1, '89 d3t

WANTED—A good general servant. Apply to MRS. THOS RITCHIE, George St. 250dtf.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

MECHANICS WANTED.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion,

The Dominion Express Co'y

—OPEN AN—

AGENCY IN OUR CITY

WHICH SUPPLIES A LONG FELT WANT OF COMPETITION TO OUR EXPRESS PATRONS.

THE Dominion Express Company, operating the Canadian Pacific Railway and all its connections, covering over seven thousand miles of Railway, and having nearly seven hundred offices throughout Canada, reaching all principal cities, towns, and villages. The Dominion Express Comp'y have long felt the necessity of an agency in our city, but owing to the way in which our city has been hemmed in by the G. Trunk Railway, the city has been made the sufferer of monopoly not alone in railroad facilities, but Express accommodation; our tradesmen have been shut out of territory tributary to our city which naturally, owing to competition in rates and despatch, has gone into the hands of other cities and towns much younger. The efforts made by the Dominion Express Company to throw open their territory to which we now have direct intercourse, receiving and forwarding all express matter to any place in Canada at one rate, is only characteristic of this enterprising Company. We are all pleased to have the Dominion Express Co'y with us, by which we are placed on an equal footing with other cities and towns where competition has proved beneficial; and we can predict from the way in which the Dominion Express Company do business, that the service heretofore extended to us by our late monopolists will be revolutionized. We are pleased to know that the interests of our Dominion will be looked after by our pushing citizen, Mr. S. Burrows.

TENDERS.

TENDERS will be received by the undersigned up to

12 o'clock noon, March 14th,

INST., for the

ERECTION OF TABLES IN THE BUTTER MARKET.

City of Belleville. Plans and specifications can be seen at the City Clerk's office.

Tenders are to be addressed to Mr. D. B. Robertson and marked "TENDERS FOR BUTTER MARKET."

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

J. M. ROSS,
Chairman Market Committee.
Belleville, March 5, 1889 260d4t, 5,7,9,12

IMPERIAL FEDERATION.

A MEETING of the members (and those wishing to become members) of the Belleville branch of the Imperial Federation League is called for TUESDAY EVENING, at eight o'clock, at Harrison's Hall, for the purpose of organization, election of officers and general business.

THOS. WILLS,
Chairman.
R. PURDY,
Secretary. d2t

---NEW---
SPRING GOODS!
New Embroideries,
New Prints,
New Tweeds,
New Carpets,
New Curtain Materials,
New Cornice Poles,
New Window Shades.
GEORGE RITCHIE & CO'S.

NEW SPRING GOODS
—AT—
BRIGNALL & THOMPSON'S.
New Prints and Dress Goods,
New Embroideries,
New Cottons and Steam Looms,
New Table Linens and Sheetings,
New Goods in all departments arriving daily. Prices very low.
BRIGNALL & THOMPSON.

NEW SPRING GOODS
—ARRIVING DAILY.—
New Prints,
New Shirtings,
New Dress Goods,
New Ginghams,
New Table Linens,
New Towel Linens,
Etc., etc, CHEAPER THAN EVER.
A. N. REID & CO.

--50 MORE--
NEW HANGING LAMPS put in. Prices very much below anything we ever had.
W. J. REID & CO.

FANS
Suitable for WEDDINGS and BALLS. A splendid assortment at
J. C. OVERELL'S
FANCY EMPORIUM, BELLEVILLE.

NEW SEASON'S TEAS,
FRESH GROUND COFFEES,
Handsome Presents Given Away
—AT—
STROUD :. BROS.,
Front Street, Belleville,
and at Montreal, Ottawa, Kingston and Toronto.

CLEARING-SALE
—OF ALL—
BOOTS AND SHOES
Damaged by Fire and Water. Over $5,000 worth at less than half regular price.
A. W. VERMILYEA & SON.

RUBBER STAMPS! Send your name and address, with 30 cents, to the 'ONTARIO CARD CO.,' Belleville, Ont., and get a Pearl Pen and Pencil Stamp, complete.

NEW
SPRING
GOODS.

Bought very early and bought very cheap.

NEW PRINTS,
NEW TABLINGS,
NEW COTTONS,
NEW STEAMLOOMS,
NEW DRESSGOODS,
NEW EMBROIDERIES,
NEW SHIRTINGS,
NEW CRETONNES,
NEW SCRIMS,
NEW UNDERWEAR,
NEW TWEEDS,

See the new. They are better and cheaper than the old.

JAS. W. DUNNET.
GLASGOW WAREHOUSE
Belleville, Feb 12, 1889

Daily Intelligencer.
BELLEVILLE, TUESDAY, MAR. 5

MERE MENTION.

SEPARATE School Board to-morrow night.

BEECHAM'S PILLS act like magic on a weak stomach.

ONE tramp was the only occupant of the cells last night.

THE annual meeting of the Ramblers' Wheel Club to-night.

THE Deseronto band did not leave for home until a late hour last night.

THE bread question was again before the council last night, and the end is not yet.

REMEMBER the meeting in Harrison's Hall to-night in the interest of Imperial Federation.

A HANDSOME screen painted by Miss Wims adorns the window of Mr. A. L. Geen's drug store.

BY the alterations proposed to be made to the butter market, about 200 more sellers will be accommodated.

THE juvenile branch of the A. O. F. will meet at their hall to-morrow night. The by-laws will be ready for distribution.

A BUFFALO robe was stolen from a cutter on Saturday afternoon whilst the vehicle was left standing under a shed on Front street.

THE road leading to the station in many places is devoid of snow and much trouble is experienced in drawing heavy loads from the depot.

THE Collins Bay Rafting Company are about to build a shanty for the use of their men, near the wharf, the size of which will be 16 x 24 feet.

THE vote in the council last night for the removal of the guard pier at the lower bridge, was a tie. The chairman, however, voted against its removal.

ALL DISORDERS CAUSED by a bilious state of the system can be can be cured by using Carter's Little Liver Pills. No pain, griping or discomfort attending their use. Try them.

MR. Bone, a gentleman engaged in evangelistic work among the sailors on the canals during the summer months, will address a meeting to-morrow evening in the John St. Presbyterian church.

A REMEDY that is of such benefit in cases of indigestion, neuralgia, loss of appetite, dyspepsia as Dyer's Quinine and Iron Wine is worth gold. It is easily taken by the weakest invalid.—W. A. Dyer & Co., Montreal.

A MATTER of interest to Organists, Organ Students and Teachers is a new patent organ pedal attachment for pianos manufactured by Messrs. Newcombe & Co., 107 Church st Toronto. Particulars on application.

THE Imperial Oil Refining Company, of Petrolia, is the principal oil refining company in Canada. They send out about 60 per cent. of all Canadian oil used. One of their favorite brands is "Silver Star," for which A. L. Geen is their Belleville agent.

THE True Blues' fife and drum band are making satisfactory progress under the tuition of Prof. Brooker. They have a nice room for practice at the Metropolitan Hall and expect to appear in public about a month hence. A concert in aid of their funds will probably be given at an early date.

MOTHERS who have delicate children can see them daily improve and gain in flesh and strength by giving them that perfect food and medicine, *Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil, with Hypophosphites.* Dr. W. A. Hulbert, of Salisbury, Ills., says: "I have used Scott's Emulsion in cases of Scrofula and Debility. Results more gratifying. My little patients take it with pleasure." Sold by all druggists, 50c. and $1.00.

PROBABILITIES.

TORONTO, March 5.—West and northwest winds, fair weather, stationary or a little higher temperatures.

TEMPERATURE.

As Registered by Dr. Bell's Self-Registering Thermometer.

TUESDAY, March 5.

Maximum 42; minimum 27.
Barometer 29 90.

—The waiter who was injured in the accident at St. George and was taken to Brantford, died on the 4th.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

County Accounts.

Messrs. Edwin Road and J. O. Huffman, County Auditors, began the audit of the County accounts to day.

"A Barrel Full of Money"

is a good thing to have, but what's it good for if your health is poor? Preserve your health by using Imperial Cream Tartar Baking Powder.

The Bay Bridge.

The Directors of the Bay of Quinte Bridge Company met last night and decided to make no further extension of time for the reception of tenders. The tenders will therefore be received up to Saturday next, the 9th inst.

Evangelical Alliance.

A meeting of the Evangelical Alliance of the city was held in the place of the Ministerial Association yesterday morning. The subject of discussion was whether the proposition to unite with the Dominion Alliance should be accepted. Some of those present were favorably impressed with the idea, while others held the contrary view. After some time had been spent in discussing the matter, it was finally agreed that no action be taken at present. The meeting then adjourned.

District Intelligence.

Rev. Messrs. Crossley and Hunter opened their engagement in Peterborough on Sunday. The congregation at the various services was large and especially in the evening, when a large number were unable to gain admittance to the place of worship.

Dr. R. Kincaid, of Peterborough, and an ex-M. P. P. for the riding, left that town suddenly on Saturday night. The reason for his departure is that he is in financial difficulties. Much sympathy is expressed for him by the residents of the place, as he was a man who was much respected.

Ivanhoe Circuit.

Special services have been in progress at the Bethesda church, Ivanhoe, since the 20th of January, conducted by the pastor, Rev. S. B. Phillips. The meetings appear to be still increasing in interest and will prove to be a great blessing to the church there. Upwards of fifty persons have begun a new life. Many of the conversions were of the clearest type, the converts beginning immediately to seek the conversion of their friends and companions. It is several years since we enjoyed such a blessed meeting in this locality. May its influence continue to spread until many more be brought to a knowledge of the truth as it is in Jesus.—COM.

The Healthful in Music.

The *Empire* in speaking of the lecture to be delivered by Mrs. York to-night says: "Mrs. York, the organist of the church, read a carefully-prepared paper on "The Healthful in Music," a subject of considerable breadth, covering analyses of four classes of music, with a brief outline of the characteristics of the classical composers. The fair essayist pleads for a higher and more intellectual appreciation of the simpler works of the great masters, and of those who take them as their models in composition, contending that music need neither be old nor difficult to be classical. The paper was well written, charmingly read and listened to most attentively."

Let us have the City Hall filled to night. Tickets 25c.

Sudden Death.

An Old Friend's Unexpected Demise.

Our Shannonville correspondent writes under date of the 4th inst.: "Mr. Thomas Curry, of the 2nd con. of Tyendinaga, was visiting friends in the 8th concession, on Sunday, March 3rd. In starting for home, and about to get into the cutter, the horse started, and he fell. He immediately got up. His friends asked him if he was hurt, and he replied 'No.' Next minute, he fell to the ground dead."

The deep regret with which we have received the above announcement of the unexpected death of a highly esteemed friend of many years' acquaintance will be shared by all who knew the deceased. Mr. Curry, who was about 55 years of age, was an Irishman, a Roman Catholic and a Conservative. He had long been a resident of Tyendinaga, and, besides being a successful and prosperous farmer, took an active and intelligent interest in public affairs, having been a member of the Township Council and one of the Deputy Reeves of the Township. It is but a few days since he visited this office—as was his custom on coming to Belleville—and he was then, as usual, the very ideal of health. His awfully sudden death will be a severe blow to his family, consisting of his widow and five children, to whom we tender our sympathy in their affliction.

Address and Presentation.

Last evening the pupils of the senior division of Grier Street School, over 40 in number, accompanied by the principal, Miss Crepar, and the assistants, Miss Linn and Miss Swayze, proceeded to the residence of Mr. S. A. Gardner, Head Master of the Central School, and presented him with a beautiful easy-chair, accompanied with the following address;

To Mr. S. A. Gardner, late Principal of the Grier Street School, Head Master of the Central School, Belleville:

DEAR MR. GARDNER,—We, your friends and former pupils at Grier Street School, though very sorry to part with you, congratulate you on being placed at the head of the leading school in the city. We hope that you may win the distinction and approbation you so much deserve. We found it very easy to love and honor you as our Head Master, and we know that you will have the love and esteem of your pupils wherever you may be placed. We beg you to accept the accompanying mark of our affection and good wishes, and hope you will regard this as an evidence that we shall never forget your earnest, loving interest in our improvement and progress while under your charge. In parting from you, we wish you all prosperity and happiness that your kindness and painstaking industry and sympathy so richly merit.

MAUD ELVINS,
W. H. WENSLEY,

Belleville, Mar. 4th, 1889.

The address was read by Miss Maud Elvins, and the presentation made by Mr. W. H. Wensley. Mr. Gardner in replying alluded to the many happy memories he should carry through life of the pleasant hours spent with the pupils of Grier St. school, thanked them for their beautiful present and the kindly sentiments expressed in their address. He congratulated them on having such an excellent principal in the person of Miss Crepar, and such careful, painstaking, and conscientious teachers as Miss Linn and Miss Swayze. Mr. Johnston, Public School Inspector, who happened to be present, being called upon, addressed the pupils, alluding to Mr. Gardner's faithful discharge of his duties, and spoke in the highest terms of the new principal of Grier St. school, Miss Crepar. The children then gave a number of recitations, and sang several pieces, Miss Swayze gave a fine rendering of "Jennie McNiel's Ride." Mrs. Gardner served them with coffee and cake, and after a happy, joyous evening they sang "God Save The Queen" and wended their way homeward.

AN INACTIVE or Torpid Liver must be aroused and all bad bile removed. Burdock Pills are best for old or young.

City Council.

A regular meeting of the City Council was held last evening. Present:—His Worship Mayor Diamond, Ald. J. W. Johnson, Graham, Vandusen, Forin, Anderson, Collins, Reeves, Ross, Pringle, L. Johnson, Hanley, Macoun, LaRoche, Wallbridge, Bogart, Petrie, Lott, Hay and Manley.

The minutes of the last regular meeting and the minutes of the special meeting were read and confirmed.

COMMUNICATIONS.

From Wm. Watson, an old man, asking assistance.

From the chairman of the Board of Health, drawing the attention of the Council to the advisability of procuring some place as a dumping ground for refuse.

Mr. J. Gordiner presented a small account.

From Hon. M. Bowell, H. Corby, Esq., M. P., and S. B. Burdett, Esq., M. P., acknowledging the receipt of the resolution passed at the special meeting in reference to the Bridge by law.

REPORTS.

The Executive Committee presented their report, which has already been published.

The Market Committee recommended the remodelling of the interior of the butter market.

The special committee, in reference to the bakers' grievance, reported.

The Public Works Committee recommended that a quantity of stone, belonging to Mr. A. McCoy, be procured for the streets, and also that the guard pier at the lower bridge be removed.

The Council went into committee of the whole on reports, Ald. Vandusen in the chair.

The various items in the report of the Executive Committee were passed without discussion, until the item in reference to the alteration of the tables in the butter market.

His Worship thought that the width of 6 feet between each table was not enough; he was not opposed to the alteration, but he thought the aisles should be wider. The buyers as well as the sellers should be accommodated.

Ald. Ross, Hanley, and Hay thought the alteration recommended should be carried out, as it would give increased accommodation. The clause was adopted.

The report of the special committee in reference to the bread question was taken up.

On motion, Mr. R. C. Clute was heard in reference to the matter, as he was present on behalf of the bakers. He did not wish to discuss the subject, but he would like to have the report of the special committee referred back, and the bakers have the privilege of presenting their views to that Committee. They desired this, and he thought the privilege should be allowed them.

Ald. J. W. Johnson said it was the wish of the Council to do justice both to the bakers and the public. It was the duty of the Council to see that the public were justly dealt with by the bakers. He had no objection to the report being referred back.

Ald. Wallbridge was in favor of the report being referred back and moved a resolution to that effect.

Ald. Collins was opposed to the report being referred back and was in favor of the report of the committee being adopted.

Ald. Macoun was willing to have the matter refered back to allow the bakers an opportunity of being heard.

Ald. Anderson thought it would be unfair for the Council to deprive the bakers of any right to be heard before the committee, and he was in favor of the report being referred back.

His Worship the Mayor said he, as a member of the special committee, was in favor of the report being referred back and to allow the bakers and their solicitor to be heard in reference to their petition.

The report was referred back.

The item in the report of the Public Works committee, recommending the purchasing of a quantity of stone from Mr. McCoy was referred back for further consideration.

The recommendation of the Public Works Committee that the guard pier at the lower bridge be removed, was the subject of considerable discussion.

The Mayor thought that the pier should not be removed. He could not see the wisdom in the recommending of its removal. It had done duty in the past to the lower bridge and he was in favor of having it remain.

Ald. Collins thought that it interfered with the water course of the river and was only a blockade, and he was in favor of having it removed.

Ald. Ross was also in favor of having it removed.

Ald. Manley was in favor of allowing it to remain. It had in the past done its duty and should not now be removed. Ald. Hay and Bogart spoke in the same strain and said it helped to protect the lower bridge.

Ald. Hanley said it obstructed the course of the river and was of no great use, and he was in favor of having it removed.

On a vote being taken the clause was, however, rejected.

The clause in the report recommending the procuring of 1,000 yards of crushed stone from Col. Brown was passed.

The petition of Mr. Wm. Watson was taken up.

Ald. J. W. Johnson thought that the case should be referred to the ladies.

Ald. Graham said the petitioner was an aged man who had done duty for the country in years past and, as he had no home, something should be done for him.

Ald. Bogart thought that something should be done. He was a loyal man and a fit subject for charity.

The petition was referred to the Executive Committee.

The petition in reference to the procuring of a dumping ground for night soil was left with the City Solicitor to take action upon.

The Committee rose and reported. The report was on motion received and adopted.

INQUIRIES.

Ald. Ross inquired if the weigh-men at the market were required to take an oath as to the correct weighing of produce, and if it had been done?

The City Solicitor answered in the affirmative.

Ald. Macoun inquired if the lessee of the market was allowed to take away the books in which a record of the weighing of hay, etc., appeared, when he was released from his tender?

The inquiry was referred to the Market Committee for investigation.

Ald. Manley inquired if anything was going to be done in reference to the pitch holes that were on Front Street and Mill Street?

The Street Surveyor promised to look after the matter; he said he had already filled in some of the worst places, and intended to go on with the work.

MOTIONS.

Moved by Ald. Collins, seconded by Ald. Petrie, that a committee composed of His Worship the Mayor, Ald. Hanley, Macoun, Ross, L. Johnson and the mover and seconder be appointed to confer with the Board of Trade for the purpose of arriving at the best means of inducing and encouraging manufacturers to locate in our city, and that the Clerk be instructed to forward a copy of this resolution to the President, Mr. Thos. Ritchie, and the committee to report to this Council as soon as possible.—Carried.

Council adjourned.

SHILOH'S CURE will immediately relieve Croup, Whooping Cough and Bronchitis. Sold by D. M. Waters.

A Model Sanitarium and Surgical Institute.

The Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, at Buffalo, N. Y., organized with a full staff of eighteen Physicians and Surgeons, and exclusively devoted to the treatment of all chronic diseases, was designed and erected to accommodate the large number of invalids who visit Buffalo from every State and Territory, as well as from many foreign lands, that they may avail themselves of the services of the staff of skilled specialists in medicine and surgery that compose the Faculty of this widely-celebrated Institution. Only men who are by thorough education and experience especially fitted to fill their respective positions, have been chosen to serve as physicians and surgeons in this Institution.

COMMON SENSE AS APPLIED TO MEDICINE.

It is a well-known fact, and one which appeals to the judgment of every thinking person, that the physician who devotes his whole time to the study and investigation of a certain class of diseases, must become better qualified to treat such diseases than he who attempts to treat every ill to which flesh is heir, without giving special attention to any particular class of diseases. Men, in all ages of the world, who have become famous, have devoted their lives to some special branch of science, art or literature. By thorough organization and subdivision of the practice of medicine and surgery in this Institution, every invalid is treated by a specialist, one who devotes his undivided attention to the particular class of diseases to which the case belongs. The advantage of this arrangement must be obvious. The Faculty of this institution having confined their attention wholly to the treatment of chronic ailments, have attained the greatest success, which has given rise to a practice of such vast proportions as to have necessitated the recent enlargment of the building originally erected to accommodate this growing practice.

ALL CHRONIC DISEASES A SPECIALTY.

Although we cannot, in this brief notice, make mention of the various ailments to which particular attention is given by the specialists at the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, yet we may state, in a general way, that the Institution abounds in skill, facilities, and apparatus for the successful treatment of every form of ailment, whether requiring for its cure medical or surgical means. A large pamphlet of particulars, entitled "The Invalids' Guide-Book," will be sent to any address for ten cents in postage stamps.

All letters of inquiry or of consultation should be addressed to
WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION
663 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

Unfortunate Maggie English.

Her Identity Established Beyond Doubt.

The *Empire* says:—Regarding the unidentified woman, a note-book has been found with the name Maggie English stamped upon it. This corresponds with the name on the box of jewellery. The fly-leaf of the note-book had the following written on it:

Miss Maggie English, presented to her on her birthday, 3rd August, 1888. Many birthdays may you enjoy. Forget me not.

On the next page was written: "Baby Turner, 49 Huron street, Toronto." This is followed by her grandfather's address: "Mr. David English, Eight Mile Plain P. O., Queensland, Australia;" also, "Mrs. Margaret English, Burnside place, Dumbarton, Scotland, care Robert Brownell;" also, "Mr. William McKay, West Benhar, by Whitburn, Scotland;" and a card, with name in script, as follows: "Mrs. E. L. Shurley, 106 Windsor street," and written in pencil on the card was "Mr. Martin, or Dwyer, market building, please attend to the needs of this girl." The satchel was of black leather, and contained a clipping from the Toronto *Globe*, entitled "A Silver Greeting." Also a card of Dr. Zimmerman, dentist, Hamilton, was in the satchel, and he states that she had been in his office within two weeks. A letter dated March 15 1886, from her uncle and aunt was signed "J. and R. English." The other contents were a penknife with a red handle, a handkerchief and the box of jewellery. The jewellery consisted of a silver brooch, with a lock of auburn hair in the reverse side, a gold-plaited chain with locket, ring, seals, a miniature penknife and four small shells. Her cloak was a rough worsted with red specks. She was ticketed through from Detroit to Toronto, second-class.

A representative of the *Empire* called last evening at the residence of Mr. William E. Turner, 49 Huron street. Mr. Turner gave a history of the poor girl, Margaret English, since her arrival in the country. She came from Scotland to the Marchmont Home, Belleville, with a batch of immigrants. She said she had no relatives. She secured employment with a family at Parkhill, and was afterwards taken as a help by Mrs. Noble, of Parkhill, who is Mrs. Turner's mother. During the summer Mrs. Turner's children were at Parkhill, and the girl became very fond of them. After Christmas she left Parkhill, and went to Detroit. Mr. Turner believes she was returning to Toronto when she met her death.

Michael Strogoff.

Seldom has it been the pleasure of a Peoria audience to witness as fine a play as "Michael Strogoff" proved to be last night. The house was crowded, and the play throughout was greeted with enthusiastic applause. Aside from the spectacular portion the play itself is strong, and the story well told; the characters were well taken. The play is long, taking nearly 3 hours, but the great audience sat through it all, and enjoyed it hugely. The characters of the two newspaper reporters were well sustained, and sufficed to keep the audience in a roar when they appeared. The wonder in regard to the drama is how so much of a cast and so much scenery can be carried about the country under one management. Many of the audience last night were most agreeably disappointed, especially those who had formed the idea that this drama was chiefly of a spectacular order.—*Peoria, Ill., Transcript*

This play will be produced at the Opera House in this city, on Friday evening next, the 8th inst.

Personal.

Mr. Dobson, of the Dominion Express Company, is in town making arrangements in connection with the agency which has been opened here. An announcement in connection with the matter appears in our advertising columns.

Mr. D. R. Murphy, of Trenton, who has been confined to his house for some time by illness, was in the city to-day.

Revs. Messrs. Crossley and Hunter have decided not to go to Kingston this year.

W. G. Andrews, agent for Michael Strogoff, is registered at the Kyle house.

Miss Andrews Recovering.

A telegram this afternoon from Mr. W. W. Pope, who is at St. George, says:—"Have seen Miss Andrews. She is doing nicely and in good spirits. She wishes to be remembered to all Belleville friends. Her people are here with her."

Y. P. C. A.

In connection with the weekly meeting of the Young People's Christian Association of Bridge Street church, held last evening, a song service was held, conducted by Mr. W. F. Jones and Mr. A. Wensley. A large number were present, and the service was much enjoyed.

DIED.

In Sidney, Feb. 28th, ELIZA ANN LAKE, relict of the late James Lake, aged 79 years.

WHO KILLED ANNIS?

A Murder Mystery with a Family History That is Puzzling Virginians.

ONANCOCK, Va., March 5.—The residents of Guilford Neck, at the extreme end of Accomack County, are much worked up over a murder mystery which the authorities seem unable to unravel. Cornelius Annis, a young man of 25, was the victim. While talking to Mrs. Elizabeth Taylor, in whose house he was boarding, some one from without fired through the window. Annis was within three feet of his assassin, and received the contents of the weapon in his left side. About two dozen buckshot entered his body, shattering his arm and tearing away half his side. The young man lingered until yesterday morning, when he died.

Mrs. Taylor has not lived with her husband for several months, a deed of separation having been signed by both. According to the provision of the deed which is recorded Taylor agreed to give his wife $200 and some personal property, in consideration of which she surrendered all her interest in his estate, and he further agreed not to visit, molest or speak to her, or enter any house where she was known to be, and to allow her full liberty to live where she pleased and to conduct any business she might like, just as if she were a single woman. Taylor subsequently consulted a lawyer with a view to getting an absolute divorce from his wife. Mrs. Taylor says her husband has recently been making overtures to her with a view to reconciliation, but she has repulsed all his advances. Annis has been boarding at the house since Taylor left. Taylor is a heavy-set man about 50 years old. His wife, who is supposed to be the cause of the trouble, is about 40 and plain looking. As yet there has been no clue to the murderer. It has only been a month since a brother of Taylor died suddenly from strychnine poisoning, and his wife is now in prison charged with murdering him. Her trial will take place sometime next week.

BURGESS DENIES IT ALL.

And Grace Irwin Aggravates Her Charge Against Him—$2500 Bail Demanded.

NEW YORK, March 5.—Grace Irwin, the 13-year-old girl who accused James Burgess of abducting her, was brought to the Harlem Police Court yesterday morning by Agent Stocking of the Children's Society to appear against Burgess. Her cousin, Miss Caroline Smyth, and Henry and Simeon Irwin, two grown brothers of Grace, were in court. The girl altered the charge by denying that she consented to Burgess' relations with her. Burgess now denied the whole story, and demanded an examination. It was set down for next Friday, with bail fixed at $2500.

The two brothers of Grace, who were not called upon to testify, lived with Miss Smyth until about six months ago. They said yesterday that their father was a surveyor in the employ of the English Government at Dublin, where they lived well until his death. Eight years ago Miss Smyth, a second cousin, sent for the sisters Helen and Grace to come to this country, promising to adopt them and give them a schooling. Afterward the boys came. Henry declares that while they lived with Grace they were drudges. Grace was often sent out, he says, to gather cinders and firewood in the neighborhood, and was kept for hours at a time scrubbing the floors. In the evenings he had to go with his sister to the houses in the neighborhood distributing circulars of the school, which often kept them out until 10 and 11 o'clock. He says the girl was whipped and was ill fed. Miss Smyth says that this is not true. Grace's hands are hard and calloused.

PORT ARTHUR NOTES.

A Rich Strike—$7000 to the Ton—Assay Office Burnt—Warm Weather.

PORT ARTHUR, March 4.—The West End Silver Mountain mine has made another rich strike, a splendid pay streak on the drift working east, fully two feet, yielding ore in abundance assaying $7000 to the ton. So rich is the ore that drills have been discarded and the ore is coming out with picks.

The Badger mine has sent Thos. Marks & Co. a paper weight in the form of a solid silver brick weighing 27½ ounces.

The assay office of the Silver Mountain East mine was burned last week. The office and contents were a total loss.

The weather is extremely warm. The snow is all gone, causing loss and inconvenience to the lumbermen, who are unprepared for such a state of affairs. The ice in the bay and rivers is melting rapidly.

A RUNAWAY TRAIN.

Remarkable Accident in the Main Street of a Michigan Town.

MARQUETTE, March 4.—A singular railroad accident occurred here this morning. The South Shore heavy freight train loaded with mine machinery was pulled out of a spur track with two engines. The track is in Front street and four cars were left on the spur. When the train got part way up the hill it broke in two, one car from the engine. The train flew back and crashed into the cars on the spur, drove them over the big bulk head, across the street into Fraser's block, knocking the whole front of Steel & Lobdell's grocery in, tearing out the corner of Pickands & Co's coal office, damaging Rothschild & Benjamin's front and completely blocking the street. No lives were lost.

Filled a Ghost With Buckshot.

CASEY, Ia., March 5.—There is a little pond known as Silver Lake four miles west of here. Recently a ghost-like apparition has caused nightly terror in the neighborhood. Several nights ago the apparition frightened a farmer's team, which tipped over the buggy and nearly killed the former's wife. The husband procured a shotgun, loaded it with buckshot, and then lay in wait for the ghost four nights. Thursday night he filled the ghost full of buckshot. It cried, "My God! Don't shoot any more," and fell prostrate. The ghost was carried home by the shooter and cared for. No one but the attending physician has seen him, and he refused to give any name. He is suspected to be a land seeker, who wished to scare the owners and buy the adjoining land cheap.

Collapse of a Montreal Sawmill.

MONTREAL, March 4.—An old saw and planing mill at the corner of St. Philippe and Dorchester-street collapsed about 11.30 to-day. The roof fell in, the sides bulged out and the brick casing tumbled into the street. The workmen, of whom there were about twenty-five in the building, escaped without injury except in the case of two. Foreman Lamarche and laborer Philip Martin were pinned down by the roof timbers, but were taken out without much difficulty. Lamarche sustained several scalp wounds and Martin had his leg broken.

STOLE LOTTA'S MONEY.

Advance Agent Merriwether Runs off With the Box Receipts.

LOUISVILLE, March 5.—"Dink" Merriwether, for several years advance agent for dramatic companies going out of New York, but who has lived in the city for the last few months, is mysteriously missing, and with him departed nearly $1000 belonging to Manager John T. Macauley and Lotta, the actress. The latter was booked at Macauley's for the entire week commencing last Monday, but when Miss Anderson was secured for the first three nights, Lotta's managers consented to play at Lexington and Frankfort upon the same terms which were offered here. Mr. Macauley could not leave the city, so Merriwether was engaged to take charge of the box office at the two towns. The managers of the theatres were to receive 30 per cent. and Mr. Macauley and Lotta the remainder. The engagement closed at Frankfort on Wednesday night and the net receipts of the trip amounted to $960. The money was paid over to Merriwether. On Thursday morning Merriwether left on the 5.30 train, before the members of the company got up. He was heard from in Covington through a letter which he sent to a friend here, but since then nothing has been heard of him. Manager Macauley says that Merriwether was as much Lotta's representative as his, and that he is not responsible. Manager Dunn of the Lotta combination, however, holds that Merriwether was Mr. Macauley's representative, and the latter is responsible for the amount due the company.

SPRING STOCK
—OF—
BOOTS - AND - SHOES
—AT—
HAINES & LOCKETT'S.

We are determined to maintain our reputation for selling the best quality of Boots and Shoes in the city for the money.
HAINES & LOCKETT.

NEW GOODS,
NEW CORSETS, NEW HOSIERY, NEW EMBROIDERIES, NEW JERSEYS, and the finest stock of MEN'S NECKWEAR in the city.
J. HENNESSY
☞Our terms are strictly cash, and the lowest price in the city.

ONTARIO LEGISLATURE.

Little Done Yesterday Beyond Passing Resolutions—A Lot of Deputations.

TORONTO, March 5.—Little was done in the Local House yesterday besides the passing of various resolutions. Mr. Bishop created quite a sensation when moving the second reading of his bill respecting live stock insurance by condemning the working of the Lion Provident Life and Live Stock Association.

Mr. Davis introduced a bill to amend the Municipal Act, the object of which is to give the franchise to freeholders and householders whose lease extends over a term of not less than five years from the date of voting.

Mr. Willoughby moved: "That in the opinion of this House it is expedient that all Police Magistrates should make the same returns of convictions and fines imposed by them in respect of infringements of the Canada Temperance Act as are made in other cases to the clerks of the peace. That such when made, should be published and that all expense in connection with the enforcement of the act should be submitted for audit to the county auditors." The motion was lost on division.

These bills passed their third reading yesterday: Mr. Fraser's Franchise Assessment Act. To confer certain powers upon the Board of Trade of the City of Toronto. To legalize a by-law of the Town of Galt, and other purposes—Mr. Master. A lot of private bills were also passed through their second stage.

The Attorney-General and his Cabinet exhibited a vast amount of patience in listening to half a score or so of deputations which waited on them last night after adjournment. The untiring $600 exemption men urged what they consider will be a step towards a modern utopia, the temperance advocates gave the Government the benefit of their views, the druggists were on hand to talk about the Pharmacy Bill before the House, and so on.

Death of Dr. Hyde of Stratford.

STRATFORD, March 4.—Dr. John Hyde, one of the oldest residents here, died this afternoon at the age of 70 years. He was a graduate of Glasgow University and has been in practice here for over 30 years. Until late years he took a prominent part in politics. Dr. Hyde was for many years a member of the town council and a school trustee. The funeral occurs on Wednesday at 3 o'clock.

A Lumber Camp Burnt.

SEVERN BRIDGE, March 4.—At 3 p.m. today Boyd's camp of the Georgian Bay Lumber Company, near this place, was destroyed by fire. Nothing was saved. Some of the men lost heavily. The cause of the fire was a defective stove pipe. In the camp were quantities of clothing, jewelry and in many cases the winter's earnings of those employed by the company.

The Injured at St. George.

ST. GEORGE, March 4.—The injured here had quite a favorable day and improvement is noticeable in all.

A letter of thanks from the Mayor of Woodstock to the citizens of St. George for their efforts in alleviating the sufferings of the injured has been received. It is one of many.

The U. S. Cabinet.

BLAINE SECRETARY OF STATE.

Personnel of the New Administration.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Mar. 5.—The President sent to the Senate to-day the following nominations:—James G. Blaine, of Maine, Secretary of State; Wm. Windom, of Minnesota, Secretary of the Treasury; Redfield Proctor, of Vermont, Secretary of War; W. H. H. Miller, of Indiana, Attorney-General; J. Wannamaker, of Pennsylvania, Postmaster General; Benj. F. Tracy, of New York, Secretary of the Navy; J. W. Noble, of Missouri, Secretary of the Interior; Jeremiah E. Rusk, of Wisconsin, Secretary of Agriculture. The nominations were confirmed in a 10 minutes' session of the Senate.

OPERA -- HOUSE!
ONE NIGHT ONLY.
Friday, March the 8th.
Absolutely Unapproachable in its Dramatic Strength and Positively Unrivalled in its Scenic Display.
Chas. L. Andrews' Co'y
Presenting Jules Verne's masterpiece
Michael Strogoff
A COMPANY OF SUPERIOR EXCELLENCE,
SCENERY NEW AND GORGEOUS,
STRONG DRAMATIC CLIMAXES.
RECORD OF MICHAEL STROGOFF:—Paris, over two years; New York, over one year; Philadelphia, over 200 nights; Boston, over 100 nights; Toronto, over 4 weeks; Montreal, over 3 weeks.
☞You can't afford to miss it. Prices, 25cts, 50cts and 75cts. Reserved seats on sale Wednesday morning.

IMPERIAL
CREAM TRADE MARK TARTAR
BAKING
POWDER
PUREST, STRONGEST, BEST,
CONTAINS NO
Alum, Ammonia, Lime, Phosphates,
OR ANY INJURIOUS SUBSTANCE.
E. W. GILLETT, TORONTO, ONT. CHICAGO, ILL.
MANUFACTURER OF
THE CELEBRATED ROYAL YEAST CAKES.

-NEW . . GOODS-
—AT—
FISH'S.
NEW NECKWEAR,
NEW COLLARS AND CUFFS,
NEW WHITE DRESS SHIRTS,
NEW KID GLOVES,
NEW WHITE TIES,
New goods coming to hand daily.
A. E. FISH & CO.,
The noted Shirt Makers and Gents' Furnishers, 260 Front St.
☞All winter goods at great reductions.

Perkins' Indian Medicines.

Yeoman Gibson, Whitby, Ont., writes and says that Perkins' Cramp and Pain Alleviator was the only remedy that would cure him. He spent hundreds of dollars with the doctors; only relief he could get was using morphine. Now he has not felt it for the past 6 years. Dr. Wilson's British Cough Balsam is known and extolled as the great English remedy for curing Bronchitis and Lung disease. Perkins' Indian Herb Ointment will positively cure erysipelas, salt rheum, and fever sores; and for burns and scalds, it is the boss of the world, as it cures without leaving any marks. The above remedies are manufactured by D. H. Perkins, St. John, N.B.
ALBERT L. GEEN, Agent for Belleville, Wholesale and Retail Druggist.
Feb'y 19, 1889. 1taw3m

Two Years' Profits!
THOSE INSURING IN THE
—"CANADA LIFE"—
before the 30th of April next will be entitled to two full years' profits in the division of April the 30th, 1890.
T. DONNELLY,
General Agent, Belleville.
AGENTS WANTED.
Feb'y 2, 1889. d&wly

Montreal, Nov. 21, 1888.
MESSRS. WILLIS & CO., 1,824 NOTRE DAME ST., CITY.
DEAR SIRS.—After having played on the Piano of Messrs. Bell & Co., of Guelph, Ont., it is impossible not to bear testimony to the qualities which have acquired for them the good reputation which they already enjoy. The Pianos of their manufacture are exceedingly remarkable for their qualities of tone. The bass is powerful without harshness, and the upper notes sweet, clear and mellow. The Bell Pianos are unquestionably the best made in Canada, and I act upon my principle and give you to-day an order to furnish one for my own use. Canada is to be congratulated on having produced the Bell Piano.
J. B. LABELLE, Professor of Music
Organist Notre Dame Cathedral.
H. BULL AGENT.
BELLEVILLE.

Lake Winnipeg White Fish
Salmon Trout,
Salt Water Salmon,
Finnan Haddies,
Boneless Codfish,
Roll Butter,
Fresh Eggs,
Sugar Syrups,
A. KNOX.

Decreasing the Death Rate.

The mortality among Consumptives has been materially decreased of late years by the use of *Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil* with Hypophosphites of Lime and Soda. Phthisis, Bronchitis, Abscess of the Lungs, Pneumonia and Throat Affections are completely subjugated by a timely use of this excellent pulmonic. Palatable as milk. Sold by all Duggists at 50c. and $1.00.

WINTER SERVICE.

---ALLAN LINE----

Steamships	Fr. Portland	Fr. Halifax
Polynesian	21 Feb	23 Feb.
Sardinian	7 Mar	9 Mar.
Circassian	21 "	23 "
Parisian	4 April	6 April
Polynesian	18 "	20 "
Sardinian	2 May	4 May

Circassian from Quebec May 10th.

The steamers from Portland via Halifax call at Londonderry on their passage to and from Liverpool, to embark and land mails and passengers.

The steamers from Halifax via St. Johns, Nfd., call at Queenstown on their passages to and from Britain.

Steamers leave Portland on arrival of train leaving Belleville Wednesday noon, and Halifax on arrival of train leaving Belleville Thursday noon.

Passengers proceeding by steamers calling at St. Johns, Nfd., will leave Belleville on Friday noon train.

RATES OF OCEAN PASSAGE:

Cabin, $50.00, $65.00 and $75.00 according to accommodation. Intermediate, $30.00. Steerage, $20.00. Return Tickets, Cabin, $100, $125.00, $150.00. Intermediate, $60.00. Steerage $40.00.

Steerage passangers are booked to and from Queenstown, Derry, Belfast, London and Glasgow at same rates as Liverpool.

Intermediate passangers are forwarded to and from Glasgow and Liverpool by rail without extra-charge.

CABIN PASSENGERS

are supplied with a very liberal table, and everything necessary except wines and liquors, which can be had on board at moderate prices.

Each passanger is allowed twenty cubic feet of baggage free.

THE INTERMEDIATE.

Superior accommodation is offered in the INTERMEDIATE, which in every respect is equal to what is called Second Cabin in some lines sailing from New York.

The Intermediate Cabins on all our ships are well situated, perfectly ventilated and are entirely distinct from the Steerage. Steward and Stewardesses to each vessel. Passangers in the Intermediate are found with everything.

THE STEERAGES

are large and exceedingly well lighted and ventilated, are fitted up in rooms, each passanger having a seperate sleeping berth. A Stewardess is appointed to each steamer.

For tickets and all information apply to

J. E. THOMPSON,
General Ticket Agent,
Bridge St. Belleville.

Burdock BLOOD BITTERS

WILL CURE OR RELIEVE

BILIOUSNESS,
DYSPEPSIA,
INDIGESTION,
JAUNDICE,
ERYSIPELAS,
SALT RHEUM,
HEARTBURN,
HEADACHE,

DIZZINESS,
DROPSY,
FLUTTERING OF THE HEART,
ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH,
DRYNESS OF THE SKIN.

And every species of diseases arising from disordered LIVER, KIDNEYS, STOMACH, BOWELS OR BLOOD.

T. MILBURN & CO., Proprietors, Toronto.

Pond - Lily - Cream.

A delightful Toilet article. Not a face paint or powder; does not cover over but cures. Used in connection with Pond Lily Liver Pellets and Pond Lily Soap most effectually and positively removes Pimples, Freckles, Tan, Black Specks, Blotches, allays all irritation after shaving, or any itchiness of the skin from whatever cause and all roughness from the face, hands, neck and arms, leaving them beautifully white and velvety. Sold by wholesale dealers and druggists everywhere. Pond Lily Cream, 25 cents; Pond Lily Liver Pellets, 25 cents; Pond Lily Skin Soap, 15 cents S. PERRIN, Chemist, Manufacturer and Proprietor for Canada.

SMOKE
"BILL NYE"
CIGARS.
--FIVE CENTS.--

SMOKE
"CREME
DE LA CREME"
CIGARS.
--TEN CENTS.--

ARMBRECHT'S

TONIC COCA WINE

FOR FATIGUE OF MIND AND BODY AND SLEEPLESSNESS.

"Experience and scientific analysis reveal to us in Coca the most tonic plant in the Vegetable Kingdom."—*Manuel Fuentes.*

"It (Coca) is, in a word, the most powerful restorer of the vital forces."—*Dr Schleik.*

ARMBRECHT'S COCA WINE, though more tonic in its properties than Iron or Quinine.

NEVER CONSTIPATES.

See Medical Reviews. For sale by leading druggists throughout the world.

ARMBRECHT, NELSON & CO.
2 Duke St., Grosvenor Sq.,
LONDON.

Wood! Wood!

I AM now selling at the West Belleville Central Wood Yard all kinds of Hard and mixed wood, cut and uncut, which I will deliver to any part of the city. Remember the place, the West Belleville Central Wood Yard, just a few steps from the Foot Bridge.

EDWARD NEWMAN.

Nothing Like It.

"I was troubled with liver complaint for a good many years, but was cured by one bottle of Burdock Blood Bitters. I have never found any medicine to help me like B. B. B., in fact one bottle made a complete cure." W. J. West, Parkhill, Ont.

Give Them a Chance ?

That is to say, your lungs. Also all your breathing machinery. Very wonderful machinery it is. Not only the larger air-passages, but the thousands of little tubes and cavities leading from them.

When these are clogged and choked with matter which ought not to be there, your lungs cannot half do their work. And what they do they cannot do well.

Call it cold, cough, croup, pneumonia, catarrah, consumption or any of the family of throat and nose and lung obstructions, all are bad. All ought to be got rid of. There is just one sure way to get rid of them. That is to take Boschee's German Syrup, which any druggist will sell you at 75 cents a bottle. Even if everything else has failed you, you may depend upon this for certain.

Partly Gave up.

"In the year 1885 I coughed for six months, and having unsuccessfully tried many remedies, I partly gave up, thinking I had consumption. At last I tried Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam, less than one bottle of which cured me, leaving me as well as ever I was." Henry W. Carns, Wabash, Ont.

FEVER AND AGUE AND BILIOUS DERANGEMENTS are positively cured by the use of Parmelee's Pills. They not only cleanse the stomach and bowels from all bilious matter, but they open the excretory vessels, causing them to pour copious effusions from the blood into the bowels, after which the corrupted mass is thrown out by the natural passage of the body. They are used as a general family medicine with the best results.

To lessen mortality and stop the inroads of disease, use Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and Dyspeptic Cure. For all diseases arising from Impure Blood, such as Pimples, Biotches, Biliousness, Indigestion, etc., etc, it has no equal. Mrs. Thomas Smith, Elm, writes: "I am using this medicine for Dyspepsia; I have tried many remedies, but this is the only one that has done me any good."

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP should always be used when children are cutting teeth. It relieves the little sufferer at once; it produces natural, quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakens as "bright as a button." It is very pleasant to taste. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP," and take no other kind. 3d&wly

Nothing so suddenly obstructs the perspiration as suddent transitions from heat to cold. Heat rarifies the blood, quickens the circulation and increases the perspiration, but when these are suddenly checked the consequences must be bad. The most common cause of disease is obstructed perspiration, or what commonly goes by the name of catching cold. Coughs, colds, sore throat, etc, if attended to in time are easily subdued, but allowed to run their own course, generally prove the fore-runner of more dangerous diseases. Nine-tenths of the consumptives date their affliction from a neglected cold, and the diseases that are caused by wet feet, damp clothes, or exposure are more numerous than are generally supposed. One of the most efficacious medicines for all diseases of the throat and lungs is Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup. It promotes a free and easy expectoration, which frees the lungs from viscid phlegm by changing the secretions from a diseased to a healthy state.

Rest and Comfort to the Suffering.

"Brown's Household Panacea" has no equal for relieving pain, both internal and external. It cures Pain in the Side, Back or Bowels, Sore Throat, Rheumatism, Toothache, Lumbago and any kind of a Pain or Ache. "It will most surely quicken the Blood and Heal, as its acting power is wonderful." "Brown's Household Panacea," being acknowledged as the great Pain Reliever, and of double the strength of any other Elixir or Liniment in the world, should be in every family handy for use when wanted, "as it really is the best remedy in the world for Cramps in the Stomach, and Pains and Aches of all kinds," and is for sale by all Druggists at 25 cts a bottle.

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, *Station D, New York City.*

COMING!
COMING!

RUPTURE

The last 25 years I have adjusted more Trusses than any man in America. Valuable Patents, my own invention, in Trusses, Spinal and Club Feet Instruments.

Rupture—I will guarantee to hold largest Rupture without touching your hip, no straps whatsoever, waterproof. Largest stock of general Trusses, also the great Cluthe Spiral Trusses in stock. Reliable system for ORDERING BY MAIL.

Spinal Instruments half the weight of other makes and more effective.

CLUB FEET I claim the only mechanical system to straighten born Club Feet (Patented.) I will prove to anybody that operation never did nor can straighten Club Feet. Send 6 cent stamps for Book.

CHAS. CLUTHE, 118 King St. W., Toronto.

CHAS. CLUTHE,

of 118 King St. West, Toronto, Ontario, will be at the QUEEN'S HOTEL, BELLEVILLE, Friday and Saturday, MARCH 15TH and 16TH. Call early and avoid disappointment. No FAILURE. Will hold the most OBSTINATE cases of RUPTURE WITH EASE AND COMFORT.

Manufacturers Life & Accident
INSURANCE COMPANIES.

Combined authorized capital	$3,000,000
Combined subscribed capital	739,700
Combined cash capital	150,760
Combined insurance received (1888)	9,575,525

President Sir John A. Macdonald.
Vice Presidents { Geo. Gooderham, Esq., William Bell, Esq.
Secretary and Treasurer—J. L. Kerr, Esq.
Managers for Eastern Ontario, Peterboro—Wilson & Morrison.

R. CROFT HULME
Agent, Belleville.

☞ Agents wanted.

This Company wrote the largest amount of new business of any company in Canada in 1888. It has the largest capital and the strongest Board of Directors of any company in the Dominion.

PILES! PILES! PILES!

Dr. William's Indian Pile Ointment is a sure cure for Blind, Bleeding or Itching Piles. No one need suffer. Prepared for Piles only. It never fails to cure. Sold by druggists for $1.00, or mailed on receipt of price. WILLIAMS Mf'g Co., Cleveland, Ohio.

Daily Intelligencer.

RIGHTED AT LAST.

A STORY OF NEW ENGLAND LIFE.

> A child of our grandmother Eve, a female;
> Or, for thy more sweet understanding, a woman.
> *Love's Labor Lost.*

'Your impulsive temper and generous spirit make you unjust to yourself as well as others,' said James Sancroft, gently. 'You cannot answer for Michal, and it would be well to have our mother's opinion before we discuss this matter further.'

'I speak just what I believe, James,' returned Edward, warmly, 'and I know Michal will feel the same.—Pardon me, mother,' he continued, turning his glowing face to her, 'for forestalling you thus, but I know I spoke your sentiments as well as my own. We are not robbers, thank Heaven!'

We all turned to Mrs. Ellis, who had risen to her feet at Edward's sudden movement, and was still standing, but—dear Heaven, what a face! It was as if we could see the life slowly fading out of it, leaving behind that strange, awful ghastliness which I had seen on it once before. Yet, as if conscious of what was coming, the will still struggled for the mastery, for, when Edward sprang forward to suport her, she put him feebly back, while her lips worked painfully in the effort to articulate something. One by one, we caught the words as they came in gasps:

'Not—a—cent!—Work—beg—but—let—her—prove—it.'

She fell into Edward's arms, and James Sancroft, with a look at me that said, plainly, 'This is your work!' assisted his brother in bearing her to her room.

Of course, all business was postponed for the present. James and Edward remained with their mother, and Mr. Spencer went to M——, where he had some business to attend to. Instead of returning to the school-room, I went to my own room, and sat wondering if old Sally Hunt had not been right when she said I had 'no right to be in the world!' I had been sitting there some time; when the chambermaid brought me a slip of paper. It bore, in James Sancroft's writing, these words: 'The class in natural philosophy await their teacher.'

Here was a duty. From my earliest memory, every one around me had impressed upon me my obligations to perform my duty. Had I, then, no rights? I thought of Sally Hunt and Mrs. Ellis—so different, and yet both practically teaching the same thing—and I wondered if it was the 'turpitude of the carnal heart,' upon which Mr. Tyler used to lecture me, that had all these long years been uttering silent protests and yearning for something else! I knew not, but Mr. Sancroft's note was plain; duty called, and I descended to the recitation-room.

That night I met Edward in the hall. I think he had been looking for me, for he came hastily forward, as soon as he saw me, saying:

'I thought you would be anxious about mother, Miss Lina. The doctor says the shock is less severe than the former one—the result of over-excitement, probably. She is already conscious, and can speak intelligibly.' He paused, then added earnestly: 'Don't mind what James says, Lina. He is a lawyer, and sees things only after the manner of his profession. Whether you can prove it or not, I believe, as I said before that you are the heir, and so will Michal, I am sure, when she knows all the circumstances.'

The next morning Mr. Spencer called, and requested to see me a few minutes in the parlor.

His manner was kind and friendly; he referred to my singular position; said he had seen Alice Ross and was covinced that, whatever might be the result, I was guiltless of any intention to deceive; that both Mr. Cavendish and Mrs. Ross believed me Philip Cavendish's child, etc. He wished, if I did not object, to know the history of that certificate—how it came in my possession.

I told him briefly—also of Mr. Cavendish's intention of looking up the witnesses.

'That accounts for his projected journey West, and his anxiety to have me go with him. Pity he couldn't have lived to settle this business himself! The chances are, that one of the witnesses is living; the next step would be to find the place of your birth, and your mother's death; then to trace your grandfather's wanderings—um, um! It's a pity this young Sancroft is interested on the other side; he has the kind of talent needed for this—your grandfather crazy—it will cost time and money, and you have—'

'Neither!' I said, seeing him hesitate.

'Just so; therefore let me give you an honest piece of advice: compromise with these people.'

'I thank you, sir, but I have nothing to compromise.'

'Do you still adhere to what you said yesterday morning?'

'Yes, sir. I asked nothing but the name.'

'You are either a very proud or a very foolish woman. Here is property enough to make you all comfortable but each party refuses to take it until it has been dragged through the law, and decimated by half a score of lawyers. Who shall say we lawyers stir up strife, after this?'

'You mistake; if such was their wish, and I might take my share as an acknowledged right, I would do so gladly. Mr. Edward and Michal, I doubt not, would consent to this; but Mrs. Ellis, while she will not permit them to touch a dollar that is not clearly theirs, will require the most indubitable proof of my right; and—'

'Mr. Sancroft?' queried the lawyer.

'Will be even more exacting, and in the end contrive to bring them all to adopt his views—or all but one.'

'The sister?'

'Yes.'

'I wish she were here, then, for I believe there is some truth in your character-drawing. But will you give me leave to propose a compromise; not as coming from you,' he said, seeing my gesture of dissent, 'but as a suggestion of my own?'

'As you please, sir.'

He did so, and after some preliminary discussion, apparently succeeded. There was to be a compromise, the exact terms of which could not be arranged until Michal had been consulted. In the mean time, I was to bear my father's name, and go on with my duties as usual, for the present.

Mr. Spencer returned to New York pleased with his diplomacy, and I remained to watch, day by day, the fulfilment of my prophecy—to feel the subtle insinuations and suspicions of James Sancroft infecting the atmosphere around me; to hear Mrs. Ellis's daily allusions to the 'want of the necessary proof;' to know that Edward's faith in me, if not shaken, was sometimes troubled; to be required to unroll my past life to James Sancroft's scrutiny, and listen to his cool, cutting comments!—

> "Being observed
> When observation is not sympathy,
> Is just being tortured;

but being constantly watched, from lack of confidence, by those who call you friend, is rack and thumb screws to boot. I could not endure it.

(*To be continued*).

Common Croup

Is often fatal when not remedied in time. Leslie B. Nicholson, Wellesley Ave., Toronto, says: "As a quick cure for croup, colds, sore throat, chilblains, etc., I can recommend Hagyard's Yellow Oil." It is a sure cure. Directions accompany each bottle

The Loss of the Hair

Is a great misfortune and the sight of a bald head should be a warning to you to take the best possible care of your hair. A little of Dr. Dorenwend's "Hair Magic" used occasionally will prevent all chances of its falling out or turning gray, and will remove all traces of dandruff. Every druggist has it in stock. Ask for it.

A Dreadful Doom.

To be unable to satisfy hunger without being distressed by heartburn, indigestion, sick stomach, dizziness or faintness, seems a dreadful doom. All who suffer thus will find prompt relief and permanent cure in Burdock Blood Bitters. B.B.B. *positively cures* dyspepsia in any form.

CANADIAN--
--PACIFIC
RAILWAY.

Tuesday, Feb'y 26th,
AND EVERY TUESDAY THEREAFTER
—DURING—
MARCH AND APRIL
—WILL RUN—
SETTLERS'---TRAINS
Trough without change to
MANITOBA,
North-West Territories,
and British Columbia,

Leaving Toronto Union Depot at 9:00 p. m.
No Customs. No Transfers No Delays.
Full particulars from any agent of the company,

S. BURROWS,
Agent C. P. R., Belleville.

GERMAN
SHEET
MIRROR.

We can supply any of the regular stock sizes in German Sheet Mirror and cut these to replace breakages.

L. W. YEOMANS & CO.

Luxuriant Growths of Hair

are seen on the heads of all who use

DR. DORENWEND'S

Great German Hair Magic.

The equal of this great preparation is yet to be found. It is an unfailing restorer for Gray Hair. It stops and prevents all falling out of the hair. It removes all Dandruff and keeps the scalp clean. On Bald Heads (if there are but the faintest traces of roots) the "Magic" will produce a fine growth. Will you try it? or will you let your hair go and become prematurely old? What do you say?

All druggists, everywhere, have it for sale. Ask for it. Do not let the druggist tell you he has "something just as good." Many have dead stock of other hair tonics on hand and try to shove them off in this way.

See that each bottle bears seal and signature of

A. DORENWEND,
Sole Manufacturer,
Paris Hair Works, 103 & 105 Yonge St.,
Toronto, Ontario.

☞ Bangs, Frontpieces, Waves, Wigs, Switches, Gents' Wigs, Toupees and Hair Goods of all kinds are supplied by A. Dorenwend. Send to above address for circulars and prices.

SPECULATION!

Geo. A. Romer,
BANKER AND BROKER,
40 & 42 BROADWAY AND 51 NEW STREET,
New York City.

Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Provisions and Petroleum

BOUGHT, SOLD AND CARRIED ON MARGIN

P. S.—Send for explanatory pamphlet.
Aug 30, '88, dly

NEUFCHATEL
CREAM
CHEESE!

JUST RECEIVED.

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE,
Grocers & Wine Merchants,
33 & 37, Bridge Street
Also Front St., opp. Ritchie's.

BELLEVILLE POST OFFICE.

MAILS	Close	Due for Delivery.
East per G. T. R., including Maritime Provinces, and Picton	11:45 a. m. 10:00 p. m.	6:00 p. m 7:30 a. m.
West per G. T. R., including Western States, Manitoba and the North-West Territories	5.05 p.m. 10.00 p.m.	1:00 p. m. 7:30 a. m.
East and West, per G. T. R., closes on Sunday at 10 p. m.		
Marysville, Shannonville, per G. T. R	11:45 a. m.	6:00 p. m
Belleville Station, postage one cent	7.30 a. m. 5.05 p. m.	8.30 a. m. 6.00 p. m.
G'd Junction Ry., main line, including Peterboro', Stirling,	10:00 p. m	5:00 p. m.
Madoc, per Grand Junction Ry, including Queensboro, Cooper, Rimington, Bridgewater, and the Flats	11:45 a. m.	5:00 p. m.
Madoc Route, per stage	1:00 p. m.	12:00 noon.
Bancroft, Coe Hill, Marmora and all offices in North Hastings per Trenton and Coe Hill Railway	5 05 p. m. 10:00 p. m.	:30 a. m.
Bridgewater Route per stage, including Stoco daily	1:00 p. m.	12:00 noon.
Moira, Phillipston, Bogart, on Monday, Wednesday and Friday	1:00 p. m.	12:00 noon.
Fuller, on Tuesday and Friday	1:00 p. m.	12:00 noon.
Wallbridge, on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
Ameliasburg Route, per stage, including Mountain View and Crofton	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
Albury on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
Sidney Crossing, Wednesday and Saturday	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
Bay Side, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
British Mails, via New York, Monday and Thursday	11:45 a. m	
" " via Halifax, Canadian line Thursday	11:45 a. m.	

Postage, 5c. per ½ oz. by each route. Registration fee, 5c.

Money Orders granted on all Money Order offices in Canada, the United Kidgdom, France and Algeria, the United States, Newfoundland, Jamaica, Victoria (Australia), New South South Wales, Queensland, New Zealand Tasinania, Constantinople (Turkey), Gibraltar, Smyrna, Panama (British agency), Austria, Hungary, Belgium, China (See Hong-Kong), Denmark, including Iceland and the Faroe Islands, Danish West Indies, Dutch, East Indies, Egypt, Germam empire (which includes 26 States), Holland, (Netherlands), Italy, Japan, Norway, Portugal, including Madiera and the Azores, Romania, Sweden, Switzerland, British India, including Aden, Bagdad, Bandor, Abas, Bushire, Busrah, Guadur, Jask, Linga, Muscat and Zanzibar, Ceylon, Hong Kong, including Amoy, Canton, Foo Chow, Han Kow Hoi-how. Ningpo Shanghai and Swatow, North Borneo, Strait Settlements, Bermuda, Falkland Islands, South and West Africa, including Cape Colony, Gambia, Gold Coast, Lagos, Mauritius Natal, St. Helena, Seychelles Islands, Sierra, Leone, West Indies including Antignu, Bahams, Barbadoes, British Guiana, Dominica, Grenada, Honduras, (British), Montserrat, Nevis, St. Kitts, St. Lucia, St. Vincent, Tobago, Trinidad, Turk's Islands, South Australia, Western Australia, Azores Islands, Madera Islands.

Deposits received, under the regulations of the Post Office Savings' Bank, between the hours of 9 a. m. and 4 p. m.

Registered Letters must be posted 15 minutes before the close of each mail

Street letter boxes emptied at 10 a. m. and 8 p. m.

Office hours, 7:30 a. m. to 6:30 p. m., Sundays excepted.

FOREIGN POSTAGE.

Canada having been admitted into the Postal Union, there is a re-arrangement of Postage rates, as follows:—

For Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Iceland, Egypt, France, Algeria, Germany, Gibraltar, Great Britain and Ireland, Greece, Italy, Luxembourg, Malta, Montenegro, Netherlands, Norway, Persia, Portugal, Azores, Roumania, Russia, St. Pierre, Servia, Spain, the Canary Islands, Sweden, Switzerland and Turkey. And via United States:—Bermuda, Bahamas, Cuba, Danish Colonies of St. Thomas, St. John, St. Croix, Jamaica, Japan and Porto Rico (Newfoundland is now in the Postal Union, but rates remain as before.) Letters, 5 cents per ½ oz. Postal cards, 2 cents each. Newspapers, 2 cents for 4 oz. Registration fee, 5 cents.

For Aden, Argentine Confederation, Brazil, British Guinea, Ceylon, Greenland, French Colonies in Asia, Africa, Oceanica and America, except St. Pierre and Miquelon, Persia, Persian Gulf, Portuguese Colonies in Asia, Africa and Oceanica, Trinidad, Spanish Colonies Africa, Oceanica and America, except Cuba and Porto Rico, Straits settlements in Singapor Penany and Malacca:—Letters, 10 cents per ½ oz. Post cards, 4 cents each. Newspapers, cents for 4 oz. Books, &c., 4 cents for 4 oz. Other Registration fees, 10 cents.

West India Islands, via Halifax, same rate as formerly. Prepayment by stamp in all cases.

J. H. MEACHAM
Postmaster

Do you suffer from disease of the Liver, Stomach, Kidneys or Bowels? Try them and be cured. Do you suffer from Rheumatism or Gout? Try them. Do you suffer from Skin Disease, Boils, Sores, Bad Legs, Wounds or Ulcers? Try them and be healed.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS & OINTMENT

This is the result of their use in every part of the world. They are genuine remedies, used by rich and poor with never-failing success.

MANUFACTURED ONLY AT
THOMAS HOLLOWAY'S Establishment,
78, NEW OXFORD ST.,
LONDON.

☞ Purchasers should look to the Label on the Boxes and Pots. If the address is not 533, OXFORD STREET, LONDON, they are spurious.

California Evaporated Fruits!

NECTARINES,
APRICOTS,
PRUNELLES, PLUMS,

PEACHES,
CHERRIES,
CRYSTALIZED FIGS.

CONGER BROS.

Sun Life Assurance Company
—OF CANADA—

I have great pleasure in announcing to the Policy-holders and friends of the Company that the Applications for New Life Assurances received during the year 1887 were again larger than in any previous year in the Company's history, being more than $3,500,000, on which policies were issued for over $3,000,000. The year's operations have also resulted in a large and very satisfactory addition to the assets, which now amount to over $1,750,000.

AGENTS WANTED ON SALARY.

W. T. McINTYRE,
General Agent, Belleville.

HAGYARD'S
YELLOW OIL
CURES RHEUMATISM

FREEMAN'S
WORM POWDERS

Are pleasant to take. Contain their own Purgative. Is a safe, sure and effectual destroyer of worms in Children or Adults.

To the POLICY-HOLDERS and FRIENDS of the

Ontario Mutual Life Assurance Co.

I have much pleasure in stating that our business for the past year just closed has been one of the most satisfactory in the history of our Company, and desire to express my thankfulness for the many favors received.

We have just entered on our TWENTIETH YEAR, and, by strict attention to business, hope to merit a continuance of your patronage. I have the honor to remain,

Your obedient servant,

S. BURROWS,
General Agent Ontario Mutual Life Co'y.

S. ROUGHTON, }
W. E. HOLTON, } Special Agents.

$72 a week. $12 a day at home easily made. Costly outfit free Address True & Co., Augusta, Maine!

Self-Raising
Buckwheat
Flour!

A FRESH SUPPLY JUST RECEIVED.

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE,
Grocers and Wine Merchants.
33 & 37 Bridge Street.
Also Front Street, }
Opp. Ritchie's. }

NEW

Wall Paper!

—AT—

--S. A. LAZIER'S--
ROBERTSON'S BLOCK
October 16th

NEW LINES
—IN—
CAKES and PASTRY.

Angel Cake, Coffee Cake, Queen Victoria, Adelaide, and a great many other varieties.

Florida Oranges, Almeria Grapes and New Figs, just received at

DICKENS.

P. S.—We would respectfully ask all retailers to drop in and see us and the large line of Candies we are offering at wholesale.

DICKENS & SON.

CALIFORNIA
EVAPORATED
FRUITS

NECTARINES,
APRICOTS,
PEACHES,
PLUMS.

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE
Grocers & Wine Merchants,
33 & 37 Bridge Street.
Also Front St., opp. Ritchie's

FOR MEN ONLY!

A POSITIVE CURE For LOST or FAILING MANHOOD; General and NERVOUS DEBILITY; Weakness of Body and Mind: Effects of Errors or Excesses in Old or Young. Robust, Noble MANHOOD fully Restored. How to Enlarge and Strengthen WEAK, UNDEVELOPED ORGANS & PARTS of BODY. Absolutely unfailing HOME TREATMENT—Benefits in a day. Men testify from 47 States, Territories, and Foreign Countries. You can write them. Book, full explanation, and proofs mailed (sealed) free. Address ERIE MEDICAL CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

BEFORE BUYING STOVES

Be sure to see our stock. We have in Coal Stoves the

Imperial Jewel,
Fancy Countess,
Art Favorite,
Fire King and others.

Also a great variety of RANGES and COOK STOVES, which we are selling at right prices.

C. F. SMITH & CO.
388, FRONT STREET.

To WATER Consumers

PLEASE call at the office and pay your Water Rate, which was due on the 1st of January.

Those in arrears for Plumbing will also please pay without further notice.

THE BELLEVILLE WATER WORKS CO.

J. H. MILLS,
--Merchant : Tailor,--
OPPOSITE GEO. RITCHIE & CO'S

THE MAGOG TEXTILE & PRINT CO.

Will offer for Spring Trade the LARGEST, CHEAPEST and MOST VARIED range of Prints ever shown, including

SPRING NOVELTIES
—OF—
LATEST PARIS DESIGNS!

Merchants will do well to see their samples before buying elsewhere. Early advice will be given when Travellers will call.

St Peter Street, - Montreal.

HASTINGS
LOAN AND INVESTMENT SOCIETY
BELLEVILLE, ONT.

CAPITAL $250,000

MONEY TO LOAN on Farm or City property, at lowest current rates.

Payments can be made to fall due at any season of the year to suit borrowers. No delay in obtaining the money beyond the time necessary employed in the investigation of titles.

MORTGAGES PURCHASED.

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT.

FOUR PER CENT interest allowed on Deposit No notice required of withdrawal

OFFICE—Robertson's Block, east side of Front Street.

Straight loans at 7 per cent. No fines. No commissions.

J. P. C. PHILLIPS,
Manager
3d&wly.

PARMELEE'S
Asphaltic ROOF PAINT.

It will entirely stop the rusting of tin and iron roofs.

It will entirely stop the wearing away and decay of the exposed wood of shingle roofs.

It has been accepted by the City, the County, and the chief Real Estate Owners of the City.

I will be glad to give estimates of cost at any time and anywhere.

H. S. PARMELEE,
Belleville.

432,000
FIRE CRACKERS
—AT THE—
—CITY BAKERY—
Wholesale and Retail.

JAS. WALLACE.

The Great English Prescription.

A successful Medicine used over 30 years in thousands of cases. Cures *Spermatorrhea, Nervous Weakness, Emissions, Impotency,* and all diseases caused by abuse. [BEFORE] indiscretion, or over-exertion. [AFTER] Six packages *Guaranteed to Cure when all others Fail.* Ask your Druggist for The Great English Prescription, take no substitute. One package $1. Six $5, by mail. Write for Pamphlet. Address Eureka Chemical Co., Detroit, Mich.

FOR SALE BY D. M. WATERS.

INTELLIGENCER PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY LIMITED.

J. O. JAMIESON, President. | J. W. LONDON, Secretary

THE Treasurer is the only person authorized to receive moneys for the Company, or to grant receipts for the same.

All Bills, Notes, Cheques, and other documents binding on the Company, will require the signature of the President, in addition to that of the Treasurer.

THE INTELLIGENCER is printed and published for the INTELLIGENCER Printing and Publishing Company (Limited) by JAMES O. JAMIESON, resident in Belleville, at their Office, Front St., south of Hotel St.

THE RATHBUN COMPANY,

Having transferred me to their Brockville branch, I beg to thank my friends and customers for the liberal patronage and kindness extended to me during my residence in Belleville, and also to bespeak the same treatment to Mr. R. C. Calhoun, my successor.

P. J. SHANNON.

The Daily Intelligencer.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL. 22. BELLEVILLE ONTARIO, WEDNESDAY MARCH 6, 1889. NO. 261

THE RATHBUN Co.

Having appointed me Agent for their Belleville branch, I take this opportunity of soliciting a continuance of the patronage which they have hitherto enjoyed through the popular management of Mr. Shannon. It will be my desire and aim to maintain and add to this patronage, which fair dealing and a thorough knowledge of the requirements of the trade leads me to hope for.—R. C. CALHOUN.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

G. DENMARK.

BARRISTER, Solicitor, etc. Office, Front Street.

W. B. NORTHRUP, M. A..

BARRISTER, Solicitor, &c. Offices: North Bridge St., between Front St. and Lower Bridge.

Money to loan—private and company funds.

J. C. CONNELL, M. A., M. D., C. M.

DISEASES of the Eye, Ear, Throat and Nose. Surgeon to Kingston General Hospital. Office—No. 279, King Street, Kingston. Dr. Connell will be at the Queen's Hotel, Belleville, on the first Tuesday of each month. Sept. 5 d&wly

E. GUSS PORTER,

BARRISTER, Solicitor, Notary Public, &c., office in the Robertson Block, east side of Front Street.

☞Private Money to Loan. 271d&wl,

DR. ELIZABETH EMBURY,

GRADUATE of Queen's University, Licentiate of the College of Physicians and Surgeons, Ontario.

Office and residence—Harrison's Block, Front Street, across the hall from rooms formerly occupied by Dr. Farley, over Holland's jewellery store. Diseases of women and children a specialty. d&wtf

HENRY CARRE, C. E., M. C. Soc. C. E.,

DOM, and Prov'l Land Surveyor, late of the firm of Macleod & Carre, P. L. S. References: John Bell, Esq., Solicitor G. T. R., W. H. Ponton, Esq., Registrar of the County. Office—McAnnany Block, opposite Skinner & Redick's. Belleville, Ont., P. O. Box 203. 20d&w

J. F. WILLS,

BARRISTER, Solicitor, Notary Public, &c., Office, corner Front and Campbell Streets, Belleville, Ont. Money to loan, Company and private funds. 24d&w

J WALTER ROSS, M. D , C. M.

GRADUATE of the University of Trinity College, Toronto. Physician, surgeon, accoucheur. Office and residence West Front Street, one door north of entrance to Foot Bridge. d&wly

JOHN J. FARLEY, M. D., C. M., M. R. C. S., England.

OFFICE and Residence—corner of Bridge and George Streets—three streets east of the Post Office.

ROBERT BOGLE,

LOAN and real estate agent. MONEY TO LOAN at lowest rates. Office, opposite Roy's Brewry, Front St., Belleville.

GEO. CLINTON, M. D., C. M

OFFICE and residence Bridge St., between William and George Sts, third block east of Bridge Street Methodist Church. Telephone No. 44. d&w

GEO. J. SHERRY,

BARRISTER, &c. Office. Metropolitan Block, next door north of Dominion Bank, Front St. Branch Office, Stirling. 116

EDGAR M. COOK, M. D.,

HOMOEOPATHIC Physician and Surgeon. Office and residence, West Front Street, in the late Dr. Abbott's premises, over Brignall & Thompson's store. TELEPHONE. 175dtf

GEO. D. DICKSON, Q. C.,

BARRISTER, &c., Post Office .ock Bridge Street Belleville.

WILLIAM N. PONTON,

BARRISTER, Solicitor Notary Public, Conveyancer. Office, over Express and Telegraph Office, Thompson Block, Bridge St., Belleville. Money to loan—private funds. Agent or the Trust and Loan Company of Canada.

DR. BURDETT

IS pleased to inform his friends that he is again able to render his professional services as before. 176 6m

DRUNKENNESS

Or the Liquor Habit, Positively Cured by Administering Dr. Haines' Golden Specific.

It can be given in a cup of coffee or tea without the knowledge of the person taking it; is absolutely harmless, and will effect a permanent and speedy cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. It has been given in thousands of cases, and in every instance a perfect cure has followed. *It never fails.* The system once impregnated with the Specific, it becomes an utter impossibility for the liquor appetite to exist. For circular and full particulars address GOLDEN SPECIFIC CO., 185 Race St., Cincinnati, O.

BANKING OFFICE

—OF—

U. E. THOMPSON

BRIDGE STREET, BELLEVILLE, ON

American Currency and Drafts Bought and Sold.

Deposits received, subject to withdrawal without notice and interest allowed

EYE, EAR & THROAT

DR. RYERSON.

L. R. C. P., L. R. C S. E., Lecturer on the Eye, Ear and Throat, Trinity Medical College, Toronto, and Surgeon to the Mercer Eye and Ear Infirmary.

60 College Avenue, Toronto.

M. C. ROBLIN

ISSUER OF

MARRIAGE LICENCES

and agent of the Lancashire Insurance Company. Office over Hooey & Sons, Front Street, Belleville. 138d 1y

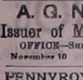
A. G. NORTHRUP,

Issuer of Marriage Licences,

OFFICE—SHIRE HALL, BELLEVILLE

November 10

PENNYROYAL WAFERS.



Prescription of a physician who has had a life long experience in treating female diseases. Is used monthly with perfect success by over 10,000 ladies. Pleasant, safe, effectual. Ladies ask your druggist for Pennyroyal Wafers and take no substitute, or inclose postage for sealed particulars. Sold by all druggists, $1 per box. Address THE EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., DETROIT, MICH.

FOR SALE BY D. M. WATERS.

Try FROSTILLA.

It softens the roughest skin and keeps it in good condition.

It contains nothing greasy or sticky, is nicely perfumed, a lady's toilet not complete without it.

An elegant face dressing for gentlemen after shaving.

For sale at the PHARMACY.

D. M. WATERS,

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

GREAT REDUCTION

—IN—

Sleighs & Baskets

—AT THE—

City Book Store.

Having decided to take Baskets from stock will, for a week, offer them at cost.

Sleighs also for balance of season at bottom prices Including a few Children's Cutters which should be seen by any who could use them.

C. B. SCANTLEBURY,

Headquarters for School Publications, New Music and Fine Stationery.

NEWCOMBE PIANOFORTES

AWARDED FIRST SILVER MEDAL

WORLD'S EXPOSITION, NEW ORLEANS, U.S.A., 1884-5, in competition with the pianofortes of Europe and America. The only U.S. International Medal ever awarded to a Canadian pianoforte; also Medal and Diploma at the Colonial and Indian Exhibition, London, Eng., 1886, with the supreme honor of supplying Her Majesty the Queen with a Newcombe Grand, selected by Sir Arthur Sullivan. For Illustrated Catalogue, prices and terms,

Address Octavius Newcombe & Co., MANUFACTURERS

WAREROOMS, 107-109 CHURCH ST., TORONTO

FACTORY, 89 TO 97 BELLWOODS AVENUE

CLARKE'S

Glycerine .·. Jelly

For ROUGH SKIN, CHAPPED HANDS, SORE LIPS, etc.

It penetrates the skin, leaving it soft and white.

It is not sticky, and a glove can be put on immediately after using.

Price 20 cents. For sale by

-F. CHARLES CLARKE,-

CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST.

Telephone 138. Front Street.

DUNN'S BAKING POWDER

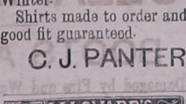
THE COOK'S BEST FRIEND

Gents' .·. Furnishings!

A FULL LINE of Gentlemen's Goods for the Fall and Winter.

Shirts made to order and a good fit guaranteed.

C. J. PANTER.



NEVER ALLOW the bowels to remain constipated lest serious evil ensue. National Pills are unsurpassed as a remedy for constipation.

Daily Intelligencer.

NEWS OF THE DOMINION.

A HAMILTONIAN GETS INTO TROUBLE IN BUFFALO.

Projected New Industry in the Ambitious City—Manitoba's Legislature Prorogued—Looking for Tascott in Winnipeg.

HAMILTON, March 5.—H. C. Hickok, who used to run the St. Charles restaurant here and now manages a saloon in Buffalo, is in trouble. A few weeks ago a Canadian horse dealer named Benjamin F. Olmstead, who knew Hickok in this city, arrived in Buffalo and went to board at his place. Olmstead carried over $1100 with him and told Hickok about it. In the early part of last week Hickok asked Olmstead to lend him the $1100 for a little while, as he wanted to make a bet with a Broadway saloonkeeper that he could show up that amount. His request was granted and Hickok made a bet with his man and won $10. He managed to give his Canadian friend the slip, and soon after left the city with a horse and cutter. Olmstead complained to the police about the matter and Hickok was followed by officers and found in Aurora. The money was not found and he told the officer that he had lost it, which is not believed, however. Hickok was placed under arrest and was brought up for trial on Monday. He was tried on the charge of grand larceny in the second degree. The evidence in the case showed that Olmstead had willingly loaned the money to Hickock, and the judge held that under those circumstances the case was one for the civil courts and not the criminal, and the prisoner was discharged. Olmstead was lucky in regaining $600 out of the amount lost.

Annie Russell, who attempted to take her own life by means of poison on Saturday night, is still in a very low condition at the City Hospital and her recovery is doubtful.

Four acres of land, east of the city, part of the Land estate, immediately south of the Grand Trunk Railway track and opposite Williams' coal oil factory, have been transferred to R. McKechnie, the well-known manufacturer. Mr. McKechnie will erect on the site large machine shops, for the manufacture of various kinds of machinery for iron and wood work. The buildings, it is understood, will cover two-thirds of the ground. Locomotives may also be manufactured there. Employment will be given to about 400 men. The erection of the buildings will be commenced early this year.

Important changes are being made in connection with the well-known firm of L. D. Sawyer & Co., manufacturers of threshing machinery, engines, etc., by the retirement of L. D. Sawyer and Jonathan Ames, who have disposed of their interest to H. A. Massey, president of the Massey Manufacturing Company of Toronto.

DR. KINCAID GONE.

Owing to Financial Difficulties He Suddenly Leaves Peterboro.

PETERBORO, March 5.—For some time past Dr. R. Kincaid, ex-M.L.A., has been in financial difficulties. Although he had a large practice and accumulated property, of late years his affairs have gone behind, and a farm he owned south of the town and his other property was covered with a mortgage. A couple of years ago he consolidated his debts and gave a mortgage for $16,000, and made an effort to retrieve his position. It seems, however, that he was unable to do so, although his reputation as a physician was good, and rather than remain and face the difficulties and see his property taken he has departed from the town. This resolution seems to have been suddenly come to, or at any rate was acted on promptly, as his family were informed of it shortly before he left. On Saturday night he packed his valise and yesterday morning, accompanied by his son Kenneth, he took the early train.

It is not known where the doctor has gone. There are various estimates of the amount of his indebtedness, but the mortgage is known of and there is besides considerable of his paper floating, backed by various persons. His son expressed the opinion that the assets are of sufficient value to offset the liabilities.

SOUTHWOLD'S SCOURGE.

The Smallpox Epidemic—Twenty Cases in the Vicinity of Fingal.

ST. THOMAS, March 5.—Almost the sole topic of conversation here is the smallpox epidemic in Southwold. The City Council and the Board of Health are fully awake to the urgency of prompt and vigorous action, and a rigid quarantine will likely be established.

Dr. Bryce, secretary of the Provincial Board of Health, who has just returned from Fingal, reports that there are eleven houses infected, and there have been twenty-seven cases up to date. There are now some twenty cases in the township and village. The doctor advised the prompt arrest of any infected or exposed persons who entered St. Thomas. There is now one case in Shedden, that of Judson Burwell, livery stable keeper, who caught it from the robes of one of his cutters, which had been hired by a young man who attended the fatal dance at Eustice's. The hotel at Shedden is closed.

MANITOBA MATTERS.

Prorogation of the Legislature—The Bonspiel—Detectives Looking for Tascott.

WINNIPEG, March 5.—The prorogation of the Legislature this afternoon was almost with democratic simplicity with the exception of a guard of honor. The House sat till 5 this morning to finish business.

The curlers were unable to commence play this morning owing to soft weather, but have decided to begin this evening and play in relays night and day till the whole competition is completed. It will take about five days to finish the bonspiel.

A number of miners from Lethbridge passed through to New York to-day.

Sir Donald Smith is here.

Several American detectives are reported in town looking for Tascott.

The eloping couple mentioned yesterday are Prof. Ernest and a Mrs. Mitchell. They are still in the city.

Burglary at Brantford.

BRANTFORD, March 5.—Five young men named Joe Walker, Charles Milne, J. Marcle, F. Sickles and Mark Garvie have been arrested charged with burglarizing T. E. King's liquor store last night. Part of the stolen property, which consisted of liquor in quart bottles, was found in the possession of the prisoners. They will be tried to-morrow.

Death of Halton's Registrar.

MILTON, March 5.—Milton lost one of her most highly respected citizens to-day by the death of Mr. Francis Barclay, Registrar for the County of Halton. Mr. Barclay had been a resident of the county for many years, was appointed registrar in 1880, which position he held up to the time of his death. He leaves a family of seven children.

AND GARDEN

ECHOES FROM THE AGRICULTURAL WORLD.

Interest to that Section of the Community Who Form the Bone and Sinew of the Country.

One of the most useful implements, next to those of absolute necessity, upon a well conducted farm is a roller. When the soil is heavy and tenacious the roller helps to crush the sod and level the rough surface, while a light, shifting soil is quite as much benefited by its compressing action. A roller consisting of a single long cylinder works at a great disadvantage in turning corners, the outer end having to travel over a much greater distance than the inner, so that it must sweep over the ground without revolving.

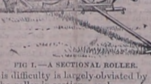


FIG 1.—A SECTIONAL ROLLER.

This difficulty is largely obviated by making the roller in sections, each one of which turns independently of the others. We illustrate herewith a sectional roller which may be cheaply constructed and effective. It is in four sections. The frame shown in in Fig. 1 is of oak or other tough, hard timber, three by four inches. The two side pieces are nine feet six inches long, the two end pieces three feet. A block of white oak or similar wood, eighteen inches in extreme length and nine inches wide, shaped as shown in Fig. 2, is securely bolted to the lower edge of each end piece, to hold the boxes in which the outer ends of the axle revolve. Three iron bars of the shape shown

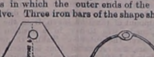


FIG.—ROLLER BOX.

in Fig. 2 are bolted, one in the middle of the frame, and one on each side half way to the end. These hold the boxes which support the inner journals. A stout piece of oak or white elm is bolted across the middle of the frame and extends in front where it serves as a tongue to which the double-tree and neck-yoke are attached. The cylinders may be made of wood or iron.

Do not allow the birds to be destroyed. They are of too much benefit in destroying insects, worms and pests, that prey upon the fruit and trees. The cat-bird eats and destroys pear bugs; the woodpecker digs in and destroys the borer; while the jay bird, chick-adee, wren, thrush, robin and blue-bird all do good work in the orchard.

The farming of the future must be gradually contracted in the number of acres. Less hard work over broad fields and closer attention to special paying crops on the fields that surround the house. More pasture, more stock and plenty of ensilage, this insures the purchase of less commercial fertilizer and the very best results from the contents of the barnyard.

If the hogs to be slaughtered are fed within twelve hours of their killing the food is wasted and the meat will be more disposed to sour, and in will be more difficult to remove the distended intestines and take from them the lard. Nor is it well to allow the swine to drink on the morning of the day they are killed. Hogs cannot be killed too quickly.—American Agriculturist.

There are few things that add more to the value of a farm and home, considering the cost, than a full supply of fruits, small and large trees, and a sufficient number of shade and ornamental trees to supply necessary shade and protection. Care should be taken not to crowd. Make calculations for growth, as it may be necessary to thin out later on. A better appearance can be secured by giving them plenty of room at the start.

We have no doubt that the future will show that the best fertilizers are not those which contain a certain form of potash, phosphate and nitrogen, even though provided in their highest-priced and most soluble forms, but, rather, the fertilizers that furnish the constituent in many different forms all of which are available, though in varying degrees, for the varying requirements of plants at different stage of growth.—Rural New Yorker.

With a concrete floor in a basement where horses or cows are stabled all the liquid manure may be easily saved. The floor under the animals may be made of pine or hemlock plank, matched and grooved, and inclining toward the gutter in the rear. The cement should be the Rosedale grade on a ground-work of gravel where drainage is provided, and this overlaid by the best Portland cement for additional hardness. If a cement floor is to last long it must be protected from severe freezing.

It is a waste of time and labor to attempt to keep sheep on wet land. They should be pastured on the dry lands of the farm and given shelter, as dampness is more injurious to them than cold. Many failures with sheep are due to neglect in properly protecting them against storms, as they are subject to many diseases, and quickly succumb thereto.

Just when the frost is coming out of the ground all stock should be kept off the fields, as a single day's occupancy of the fields by stock when the ground is soft will destroy the grass and leave great holes and bare places on it. The fields that are trampled never recover from its injurious effects except at the expense of much labor.

The old peach blow potato is still grown in some sections, and is considered fully equal to any of the new varieties. It has no superior in keeping qualities, and is excellent in appearance and size. It has the peculiarity of delaying the productions of tubers until the vines have completed their growth.

We venture to predict that the man who begins right now stocking up the farm with good grade or pure-bred cows and heifers and turns a respectable registered bull in at their head will in two or three years, time fairly reap dollars for all dimes invested.

There will be a change in the system of breeding and feeding swine in a few years' says an exchange. People are tiring of fat pork. They are calling for more lean and less fat, and corn will not answer the call. Other foods will need be fed, foods that will give growth and lean meat.

A Casus Belli.

GLOUCESTER, Mass., March 5.—The schooner Wm. H. Toye was seized on Friday at Beaver Harbor, N.B., for alleged violation of the customs laws. A fine of $400 was imposed and paid before the vessel was released. Captain Rowe denies that he was smuggling or otherwise violating the law.

Fires in the States.

ALTONA, Pa., March 5.—Slack's Mountain City Theatre was burned this morning by an incendiary, loss $75,000.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., March 5.—The rendering and glue factory of the Minnesota Transfer Packing Company was burned this morning, loss $85,000.

The Chess Question.

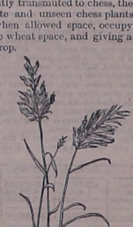
Many farmers believe that when wheat is grazed or winter killed it is frequently charged to chess or cheat. This is erroneous. Wheat and chess belong to two widely different families of plants, of separate and distinct species, and have nothing in common. Now it is an established fact that one species never changes into another. In some instances they will hybridize, but careful experiment and culture have proven that wheat and chess will not.

There is some cause for the theories with regard to wheat becoming chess and vice versa. Chess is of an insidious nature and will lie dormant in the soil for years, waiting until the conditions are favorable for its germination. The chess seed has a thick, tough husk, impervious to any ordinary degree of moisture and requires excessive wet to cause it to germinate.

Wheat with chess seeds is often sown and the conditions being unfavorable for the germination of the chess, it does not appear, and hence the idea that it has turned back to wheat. Then again, there has been wheat seed sown with no chess in it; a hard freezing winter intervenes with a cold wet spring, and the result is that a portion of the wheat is killed while the latent chess seeds that are in the ground grow and produce a crop. When cattle are allowed to pasture on the wheat fields they tramp holes in the ground which hold the moisture and the chess seeds are sprouted. Wagon tracks do the same thing with the same effect.

When chess is shaded or partly smothered by a dense growth of wheat, the plants are quite small and unseen, some being barely two inches high, ripening single seed, and quite unseen by most observers. But where the wheat is killed in any way, and the chess is allowed free space, the plants spring up and grow luxuriantly.

In the accompanying cut, originally drawn from nature for Country Gentleman, is shown the relative size of the repressed plants and of those allowed full space to grow. With a knowledge of this peculiarity of the plant one may understand how a destroyed wheat crop is apparently transmuted to chess, the former minute and unseen chess plants spring up when allowed space, occupying the whole wheat space, and giving a luxuriant crop.



CHESS PLANTS FULL GROWN AND REPRESSED.

One of the editors of the journal quoted some years ago made a standing offer for some months of $500 for a plant in the act of passing from one to the other, but the prize was never applied for.

Fruit in England.

England, says The Toronto Globe, pays $40,000,000 a year for foreign fruit. At the same time English fruit is believed to be so much better than foreign that Canadian and American apples are sold marked as "best English," and bring double prices when so marked. The landlord question lies at the root of the decline of English fruit growing. The planting of young trees which will not be of much value for five or six years is not a speculation that commends itself to either landlord or tenant.

DISEASED .·. BLOOD

SCROFULOUS, INHERITED AND CONTAGIOUS HUMORS CURED BY CUTICURA.

Through the medium of one of your books received through Mr. Frank T. Wray, Druggist, Apollo, Pa., I became acquainted with your CUTICURA REMEDIES, and take this opportunity to testify to you that their use has permanently cured me of one of the worst cases of blood poisoning, in connection with erysipelas, that I have ever seen, and this after having been pronounced incurable by some of the best physicians in our country. I take great pleasure in forwarding to you this testimonial, unsolicited as it is by you, in order that others suffering from similar maladies may be encouraged to give your CUTICURA REMEDIES a trial.

P. S. WHITLINGER, Leechburg, Pa.

Reference: F. T. WRAY, Druggist, Apollo, Pa

SCROFULOUS ULCERS

James E Richardson, Custom House, New Orleans, on oath says: "In 1870 Scrofulous Ulcers broke out on my body until I was a mass of corruption. Everything known to the medical faculty was tried in vain. I became a mere wreck. At times could not lift my hands to my head, could not turn in bed; was in constant pain, and looked upon life as a curse. No relief or cure in ten years. In 1880 I heard of the CUTICURA REMEDIES, used them, and was perfectly cured."

Sworn to before U. S. Com. J.D. CRAWFORD

ONE OF THE WORST CASES

We have been selling your CUTICURA REMEDIES for years, and have the first complaint yet to receive from a purchaser. One of the worst cases of Scrofula I ever saw was cured by the use of five bottles of CUTICURA RESOLVENT, CUTICURA, and CUTICURA SOAP. The Soap takes the "cake" here as a medicinal soap.

TAYLOR & TAYLOR, Druggists, Frankfort, Kan.

SCROFULOUS, INHERITED,

And Contagious Humors, with Loss of Hair, and Eruptions of the Skin, are positively cured by CUTICURA and CUTICURA SOAP externally, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT internally, when all other medicines fail.

Sold everywhere. Price, CUTICURA 75c; SOAP 35c.; RESOLVENT, $1.50. Prepared by the POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO., Boston, Mass.

☞Send for "How to Cure Skin Diseases," 64 pages, 50 illustrations, and 100 testimonials

PIMPLES, black heads, chapped and oily skin prevented by CUTICURA MEDICATED SOAP.

UTERINE PAINS

And Weakness instantly relieved by the CUTICURA ANTI-PAIN PLASTER a Perfect Antidote to Pain, Inflammation and Weakness. A new, instantaneous and infallible pain-killing plaster. 30 cents.

ROYAL

FULL WEIGHT
ROYAL BAKING POWDER
ABSOLUTELY PURE
ROYAL
BAKING POWDER

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO.. 106 Wall-st., N. Y

A High Valuation.

"If there was only one bottle of Hagyard's Yellow Oil in Manitoba, I would give one hundred dollars for it," writes Philip H. Brant, of Monteith, Manitoba, after having used it for severe wound and for frozen fingers, with, as he says, "astonishing results."

Dangerous Counterfeits.

Counterfeits are always dangerous, more so that they always closely IMITATE THE ORIGINAL IN APPEARANCE AND NAME. The remarkable success achieved by Nasal Balm as a positive cure for Catarrh and Cold in the Head has induced unprincipled parties to imitate it. The public are cautioned not to be deceived by nostrums imitating Nasal Balm in name and appearance, bearing such names as Nasal Cream, Nasal Balsam, etc. Ask for Nasal Balm and do not take any imitation dealers may urge upon you. For sale by all druggists or sent post-paid on receipt of price (50c. and $1,) by addressing Fulford & Co., Brockville, Ont.

Health Failing Fast.

I was swollen from head to foot from dropsy of six months' standing, and my health was failing fast, but after taking one bottle of Burdock Blood Bitters, I am quite well, and think there is no medicine equal to B. B.B., and to it I remain a true friend." Joseph Heric, Linwood, Ont.

There are a number of varieties of corns. Holloway's Corn Cure will remove any of them Call on your druggist and get a bottle at once.

Orin Catlin, 49 Pearl Street Buffalo, N. Y., says: I tried various remedies for the piles but found no relief until I used Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, which entirely cured me after a few applications.

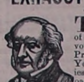
Do not delay in getting relief for the little folks. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is a pleasant and sure cure. If you love your child why do you let it suffer when a remedy is so near at hand?

The cheapest medicine in use is Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, because so very little of it is required to effect a cure. For croup, diphtheria, and diseases of the lungs and throat, whether used for bathing the chest or throat, for taking internally or inhaling, it is a matchless compound.

Mr. Thomas Ballard, Syracuse, N. Y., writes: 'I have been afflicted for nearly a year with that most-to-be dreaded disease Dyspepsia, and at times worn out with pain and want of sleep, and after trying almost everything recommended I tried one box of Parmelee's Valuable Pills. I am now nearly well, and believe they will cure me. I would not be without them for any money."

PARMELEE'S PILLS possess the power of acting specifically upon the diseased organs, stimulating to action the dormant energies of the system, thereby removing disease. In fact, so great is the power of this medicine to cleanse and purify, that diseases of almost every name and nature are driven from the body.' Mr. D. Carswell, Carswell P. O., Ont., writes: "I have tried Parmelee's Pills and find them an excellent medicine, and one that will sell well."

EXHAUSTED VITALITY.



THE SCIENCE OF LIFE, the great Medical Work of the age on Manhood, Nervous and Physical Debility, Premature Decline, Errors of Youth, and the untold miseries consequent thereon, 360 pages 8 vo., 125 prescriptions for all diseases. Cloth, full gilt, only $1, by mail, sealed. Illustrative sample free to all young and middle aged men. Send now. The Gold and Jewelled Medal awarded to the author by the National Medical Association. Address P. O. Box 1895, Boston, Mass., or Dr. W. H. PARKER, graduate of Harvard Medical College, 25 years' practice in Boston, who may be consulted confidentially. Specialty, Diseases of Men. Office, No. 4, Bulfinch Street.

NERVOUS DEBILITY.

NERVOUS DEBILITY, EXHAUSTING, Vital Drains (caused by early indiscretions), effectually cured. Syphilitic affections and all bad blood and skin diseases arising there from thoroughly eradicated. Varicocele cured without operation Impotence, or premature decline of the manly powers, and all diseases of the genito-urinary organs a specialty. It makes no difference who has failed to cure you. Skill and experience important. A friendly letter or call may save you a great deal of misery and add years to your life. Consultation FREE. Medicines sent to any address. DR. REEVE, 337 Jarvis St., Toronto. 59d&wly

Montreal, Nov. 21, 1888.

MESSRS. WILLIS & Co., 1,824 NOTRE DAME ST., CITY.

DEAR SIRS.—After having played on the Piano of Messrs. Bell & Co., of Guelph, Ont., it is impossible not to bear testimony to the qualities which have acquired for them the good reputation which they already enjoy. The Pianos of their manufacture are exceedingly remarkable for their qualities of tone. The bass is powerful without harshness, and the upper notes sweet, clear and mellow. The Bell Pianos are unquestionably the best made in Canada, and I act up on my principle and give you to-day an order to furnish one for my own use. Canada is to be congratulated on having produced the Bell Piano.

J. B LABELLE, Professor of Music, Organist Notre Dame Cathedral.

H. BULL AGENT. BELLEVILLE.

SHILOH'S CURE will immediately relieve Croup, Whooping Cough and Bronchitis. Sold by D. M. Waters.

NOTICE

—TO—

Contractors, Bridge-builders, etc.

CALL FOR TENDERS.

The Bay of Quinte Bridge Co'y.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Tenders for the construction of a highway bridge across the Bay of Quinte at the City of Belleville, will be received by the undersigned up to 12 o'clock, noon, on the 11th day of February, 1889. Plans may be seen at the office of the undersigned, and copies of the specifications and forms of tender will be furnished on application. The Company does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

U. E. THOMPSON,
Sec'y and Treasurer,
Bay of Quinte Bridge Co'y.

Dated at Belleville, this 29th day of December, 1888. sat&wed

TIME EXTENDED

THE time for receiving the above tenders is hereby extended to

THE 9TH DAY OF MARCH NEXT, AT 12 NOON.

By order of the board.

U. E. THOMPSON,
Secty.-Treas.

Belleville, Ont., Feb. 7th, 1889.

NATIONAL COLONIZATION

LOTTERY

Under the patronage of the Rev. Father Labelle

Established in 1884, under the Act of Quebec 32 Vict., Chapt. 36, for the benefit of the Diocesan Societies of Colonization of the Province of Quebec.

Class D.—The 21st Monthly Drawing will take place Wednesday, March the 20th, at 2 p. m.

Prizes value		$50,000 00
Capital Prize: One real estate worth		$5,000 00
1 Real Estate worth	$5,000	5,000
1 do	2,000	2,000
1 do	1,000	1,000
4 do	500	2,000
10 Real Estates	300	3,000
30 Furniture Sets	200	6,000
60 do	100	6,000
200 Gold Watches	50	10,000
1,000 Silver Watches	10	10,000
1,000 Toilet Sets	5	5,000
2,307 Prizes worth		$50,000 00

TICKETS - - $1.00

Offers are made to all winners to pay their prizes cash, less a commission of 10 p. c.

Winners' names not published unless specially authorized

Drawings on the Third Wednesday of every Month.

S. E. LEFEBVRE, Secretary,
Offices, 19 St. James street, Montreal, Can.
192d1y

Two Years' Profits!

THOSE INSURING IN THE

—"CANADA LIFE"—

before the 30th of April next will be entitled to two full years' profits in the division of April the 30th, 1890.

T. DONNELLY,
General Agent, Belleville.

AGENTS WANTED.

Feb'y 2, 1889. d&wly

S. W. BRADSHAW

Wishes to inform the citizens of Belleville that he has BOUGHT OUT THE

GROCERY

(lately occupied by Mr. Arch. Wallace,)

CORNER OF HOTEL AND ANN STREETS

where he intends to keep a full supply of the best of Groceries always fresh, and his stock of Provisions, such as Meats and Vegetables, will be especially fresh and in great variety and delivered with despatch. All orders by telephone No. 53) will be promptly delivered to any part of the city.

N. B.—Please remember Telephone No. 53.

BITTER---- ---ORANGES

—FOR—

MARMALADE

JUST RECEIVED.

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE

Grocers and wine merchants,
35 & 37 Bridge Street.

Also Front Street,
Opp. Ritchie's.

SPENCERIAN STEEL PENS

Are the Best,

IN THE ESSENTIAL QUALITIES OF

Durability, Evenness of Point, and Workmanship.

Works: Birmingham, England.

Sold by the leading Stationers.

-----NEW-----

Sugar Cured Hams, Breakfast Bacon, Finnan Haddies, Boneless Codfish, New Walnuts, New Filberts, S. S. Almonds, Loose Muscatel Raisins, Black Basket Raisins, London Layer Raisins, Buckwheat Flour, Selfraising Buckwheat Flour, Roll Butter, Fresh Eggs

AT A. WALLACE'S.

RAYMOND C. ROLPH

SIGN PAINTER.

LETTERING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

Corner of Front and Campbell Streets.
80d1y

Daily Intelligencer.

THE DAILY INTELLIGENCER is published every evening except Sunday, and delivered by careful carriers in all parts of the city for Five Dollars a year, or Fifty Cents a month.

THE WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER is published every Thursday morning, and sent, postpaid, to any address in Canada, the United States or Great Britain for One Dollar a year.

ADVERTISEMENTS, first insertion, 10 cents per nonpareil line; each subsequent consecutive insertion, 5 cents per line; when not inserted every day, 10 cents per line each insertion.

READING MATTER NOTICES, 15 cents per line each insertion.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS, 50 cents each insertion. With notice of funeral added the charge for death notices is $1.

CONTRACTS made for business advertisements for one month or longer at reduced rates.

Remittances, Drafts, Cheques, and Post-Office Orders should be made payable to the order of
INTELLIGENCER PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO'Y (LIMITED),
Belleville, Ont.

Largest Daily Circulation in Belleville.

BELLEVILLE, WEDNESDAY, MAR. 6

THE LEAVEN WORKING.

By means of the recent forcible speech of Alderman Porter, the able letters of our correspondent "Traveller," and the frequent urgings of the INTELLIGENCER, the City Council have at last been induced to take the first step towards promoting the prosperity of the city, namely, the appointment of a committee to confer with the Board of Trade as to the best means of inducing manufacturers to locate in Belleville. The personnel of that committee is, we may add, excellent, and the movement towards helping ourselves may be considered as fairly started.

We would suggest, however, that a great deal of strength might be added to the movement were a number of property holders and enterprising, able and influential ratepayers who are not members of the Council or of the Board of Trade, taken into the counsels of the joint committee who will be called upon to consider the matter. The difficulty in this connection will be as to the best means of selecting the coadjutors of the committee; but that may be safely left to them. It may be as well to remind all concerned, however, that in the case of the waterworks a highly satisfactory selection was made on behalf of the citizens at a public meeting.

The ratepayers are, we note with pleasure, fully alive to the importance of the movement for the multiplication of our manufacturing industries and for the improvement of our railway facilities, by securing connection with the Canadian Pacific railway at Tweed and the opening of the link of the Grand Trunk from Madoc to connect with the Central Ontario Railway. Public opinion having been aroused in favor of these objects, we trust that no time will be lost in taking the steps which are necessary in the premises.

RATHER COOL.

The Parnell branch of the Irish National League will this week, a telegram from Philadelphia asserts, "submit to President Harrison and Secretary Blaine a resolution adopted by it, and which will be sent to every branch in the United States urging joint action by Congress requiring the State Department to demand of the English Government a statement of how far it has carried on its spy system, military and otherwise in this country." The resolution alleges that spies paid by Great Britain are now employed in the Government Department and in the United States Army, which is equivalent to a declaration of war. It advises a demand upon England for the names and aliases of all its spies in the United States.

Considering that there exist in the United States organizations which have waged war upon the citizens of Canada because the Dominion forms part of the British Empire and that many of our citizens were slain by those lawless ruffians; that the horrible dynamite outrages that were perpetrated in England were planned in the United States; and that citizens of that country are constantly waging war against Great Britain by furnishing arms to and financially and morally lending their assistance to the perpetrators of murders and outrages and disturbances in Ireland, the request seems to be of the coolest possible character. No doubt, however, if the United States will suppress these assassination societies which flourish unchecked on American soil, except by the spies whom the plottings of these fiends renders necessary, Britain will drop the spies from her pay list—but not till then.

EDITORIAL BREVITIES.

As Congressman Hitt, of Illinois, has taken the commercial annexation movement under his charge, it will be in order to term the Canadian supporters of that movement "Hittites."

The long-vexed boundary question seems at length to be nearing an amicable settlement. The new territory will no doubt be of great value, but its development will cost Ontario a large sum of money.

It is a question whether the majority of one in the Council acted wisely in deciding against the recommendation of the Public Works Committee that the guard pier at the lower bridge be removed. This pier was so badly damaged by the ice last year that its demolition in the approaching freshet seems certain, and it will not only be more expensive to remove the stone from the bed of the river than from the pier, but the timber and other material in it might be saved now; it cannot be saved if the pier be demolished by the ice.

The Hamilton *Times* is of opinion that the Hittite scheme will not suit Canada. The *Times* is only one of many Grit organs which hold that opinion.

The descendants of the early doctors of Upper Canada will be interested to learn, says the *Globe*, that there is being prepared an historical account of those pioneer practitioners, by Dr. Canniff, the author of "The Settlement of Upper Canada." The work will give an account of the several steps in legislation to secure a proper standing of the profession from the establishment of the Province of Upper Canada up to about the year 1850; 2nd, an account of the proceedings of the Upper Canada Medical Board; 3rd, a list of the medical men during that period, with biographical sketches. The doctor urgently requests that the descendants of these worthies will kindly furnish him at once with information on the following points:—1, birth place and date; 2, place of medical study and the degrees; 3, time of arrival in Canada; 4, places where he practised; 5, incidents in his professional life; 6, marriage, children and death.

President Harrison said in his inaugural address, "every new mine, furnace and factory is an extension of the productive capacity of the state more real and valuable than added territory." There is a lesson in these words for those who have undertaken to consider means for adding to the manufacturing industries of Belleville.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Chinese Streets.

The streets in Chinese cities are from six to twelve feet wide, and are filled from morning to night with a ceaseless throng. Every man is black haired, the fore part of his head is shaven, while behind him hangs the long queue imposed by the Manchu conquerors. Here come the coolies in blue jackets and blue knickerbockers, barefooted, or straw sandalled, with a bamboo across the shoulders, carrying heavy weights and singing "Eh ho, ah ho, ay ho li!" like all their brethren of the craft east of the Mediterranean. This man with long flowing robe, wide sleeves, huge horn rimmed spectacles, slow swaggering gait, languid fluttering fan, is, in fact, a Confucianist scholar. Here totters a woman along with three inch feet, clad in gay embroidered jacket, and delicate silk skirt, perhaps a small silver mounted tobacco pipe in her hand, her head adorned with strange hirsute structures like a carving knife, a trencher, a flying swallow, or what not, a touch of rouge to cheeks or lips, while white powder gives mistiness to full fleshed facial charms. Here a small boy, if it be winter, gaily dressed in brilliant colors, if it be summer, equally gaily dressed in the not unbecoming garb of his yellow skin alone. For vehicles look at yon sedan chair, borne by two or three men. In it sit a gentleman, elegantly clad in white or flowered silk or in costly furs, according to the season. If there be four or even eight bearers you will have timely warning, for this is a mandarin; before him runs a motley crowd of retainers beating gongs, carrying tablets inscribed "Be silent," "Make way."

The Raw, Cutting Winds

Bring to the surface every latent pain. A change of even a few degrees marks the difference between comfort and pain to many persons. Happily disease now holds less sway. Science is continually bringing forward new remedies which succesfully combat disease. Polson's Nerviline—nerve pain cure—has proved the most successful pain relieving remedy known. Its application is wide, for it is equally efficient in all forms of pain, whether internal or external. Ten and 25 cents a bottle, at druggists.

News Condensed.

—Thousands of people are dying from famine in China.

—Dancing is said to be declining in popularity in England.

—There are 3,000 women in charge of postoffices in the United States.

—General McClellan's monument at Trenton, N. J., will be dedicated May 30th next.

—The *Freeman's Journal*, of Dublin, has raised $175,000 for the Parnell defence fund.

—The English consulate at Shanghai has been burned down by a mob, and much damage done to the American consulate.

WHY WILL YOU cough when Shiloh's Cure will give immediate relief? Price 10 cts., 50 cts., and $1. Sold by D. M. Waters.

—The negro exodus to Western states from South and North Carolina and Virginia is growing in a remarkable degree.

—It is the general supposition that the Crown Prince Rudolph pawned his jewelry, of which he had a large amount. It cannot be found.

—In New York city, according to a prominent merchant of that place, 7,000 bookkeepers are looking for work, which they would do for $10 a week.

FOR DYSPEPSIA and Liver Complaint you have a printed guarantee on every bottle of Shiloh's Vitalizer. It never fails to cure. Sold by D. M. Waters.

—It is reported that the Belgian plate glass manufacturers are about to organize a new syndicate to control production and prices.

—Tobacco is the most extensively used vegetable production, and, next to salt, of all productions—animal, vegetable or mineral—in the world.

THE REV. GEO H. THAYER, of Bourbon, Ind., says: 'Both myself and wife owe our lives to SHILOH'S CONSUMPTION CURE." For sale by D. M. Waters.

—The export of iron from Sweden is greatly on the increase, and it is believed that at least 100,000 tons of ore will this year be shipped from Central Sweden alone.

—A new rival to coffee is "mussaenda," or wild orange, a plant producing a purple fruit. About 24,000 acres of this plant is now being cultivated in the Island of Reunion.

—Something like $750,000,000 are engaged in the cattle raising industry of the Argentine Republic, representing 20,000 square leagues of land, and $150,000,000 worth of cattle.

AS A PICK ME UP after excessive exertion or exposure, Milburn's Beef, Iron and Wine is grateful and comforting.

—Fourteen tank vessels are being built in England, six for the Russian trade, and the remainder for Philadelphia and New York, which when completed will carry all the oil needed in Europe.

—A shipment of cold storage eggs was recently distributed among the commission houses of Toronto, which has a history. It was sent to Boston by an Ontario dealer, but failing to find a market there he had them reshipped.

SHILOH'S CATARRH REMEDY—a positive cure for Catarrh, Diphtheria, and Canker Mouth. For sale by D. M. Waters.

—The Bank of British North America, at its annual meeting, reported net profits of £85,058 for 1888, and a dividend of 40 shillings per share, making a total dividend of 7½ per cent. for the year. There is a balance of £1407. The reserve fund is £250,000.

—The great vault of the U.S. treasury is full of silver dollars, making $86,000,000 now stored in it. It was expected that the vault would hold 100,000,000 silver dollars, but owing to the size of the boxes in which the dollars are deposited, it was found that the vault fell short of its supposed capacity by $14,000,000.

—Land reformers are at work in Australia, and a law has been passed compelling all local authorities to assess the local rates upon unimproved land values only, and not upon the value of houses, buildings or other improvements. The unearned increment which will thus be laid under contribution for local purposes is very large in amount.

MINISTERS, LAWYERS, TEACHERS, and others whose occupation give but little exercise, should use Carter's Little Liver Pills for torpid liver and biliousness. One is a dose. Try them.

—A man who wanted to learn what profession he would have his son enter, put him in a room with a Bible, an apple and a dollar bill. If he found him when he returned reading the Bible, he would make a clergyman of him; if eating the apple, a farmer, and if interested in the dollar bill, a banker. When he returned he found the boy sitting on the Bible with the dollar bill in his pocket, and the apple almost devoured. He made a politician of him.

—The progress of the ranches of the Canadian Northwest is a satisfactory feature of the report of the Agricultural Department. Besides supplying the local market, they have a surplus of between 4,000 and 5,000 head to export to Europe. Shipments to Europe have given good profits when the animals were carefully selected and shipped. The horse ranches also are doing well, and the quality of the stock is favorably noticed by visitors.

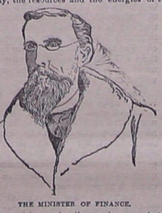
Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

THE DOMINION FINANCES.

HON. G. E. FOSTER MAKES HIS FIRST BUDGET SPEECH.

No Changes in the Tariff—The National Debt—Progress of the Dominion—Sir Richard Cartwright's Criticisms.

OTTAWA, March 5.—Hon. G. E. Foster, Minister of Finance, delivered his inaugural Budget speech this afternoon and this evening. He spoke for nearly four hours. The galleries were crowded and there was a good attendance of members. Mr. Foster spoke very rapidly but clearly and distinctly. As is his wont, he frequently dropped the subject of figures to branch out into a laudation of the probabilities and possibilities of this great country. His words throughout were words of encouragement and hope. He made many comparisons between the condition of Canada, the United States and other colonies of the Empire and continental countries generally; as to the debt of these nations, their ability to pay, the resources and the energies of the people, and in nearly all cases he argued that this country compared favorably with any of them. Of course the speech was a great mass of figures from beginning to end, broken at intervals by incidents of finance and deductions. The House listened attentively to the minister's exposition, none more so than Sir Richard Cartwright. Sir Charles Tupper, Mr. Foster's predecessor in office, was on the floor of the House during the delivery of the speech, and when the six o'clock recess arrived he congratulated the hon. gentleman on his presentation to the House.



THE MINISTER OF FINANCE.

The striking feature of the Budget, of course, is that there are to be no changes in the tariff. All those trips of deputations of lumber men, millers, iron men, manufacturers, etc., have been for naught so far as to-day's utterances by the Finance Minister go to show. To none of these deputations did the Government show any indication of altering the present imposts. This will be of especial interest to the flour millers and lumber men. The former wanted the duty on flour increased from 50 cents to $1 per barrel and the lumber men wanted the export duty of $3 per thousand on sawlogs reduced or removed altogether.

The Minister of Finance at once gave the indication that there were to be no tariff changes, because he moved the House into supply instead of ways and means. Had he made the latter motion the changes would have followed at the end of the speech. Besides the Government did not seize the telegraph lines running out of the Capital and tie them up until after the custom houses were closed, as is usual when important tariff changes are to be announced on Budget day.

Mr. Foster opened with a complimentary reference to the men of acknowledged ability and experience far greater than his own who have preceded him in the office and asked for the generous indulgence and sympathy of the House in this his first experience. Canada to-day, he said, had every reason to survey her past record with pride and to step forward into the future with confidence of peace, plenty, prosperity and continued greatness. Canada asked no concealment of her record, no flattery, and whatever merits or demerits his statement would have it would have the merit of candor and frankness.

Referring to the estimates of the revenue of the year 1887-8 he gave the following statement:

	Estimate.	*Actual.*	*Diff're'ce*
Customs..	$22,000,000	$22,105,926	$105,926
Excise.....	6,450,000	6,071,486	378,513
Misc'neous	7,550,000	7,731,050	181,050
Totals.....	$36,000,000	$35,908,463	$91,536

The estimated expenditure had been $37,000,000 and the actual expenditure $36,718,494, leaving a difference of $281,506 to the good, so that the actual deficit was only $810,031 in place of the million dollars estimated. It must be remembered, however, that though there was this deficit there had been set off in sinking fund $1,939,077, so that if we had not thus set off the debt there would be a surplus of $1,129,046. The items of expenditure were as follows:

Capital Expenditure.

Railroads and canals	$ 2,798,704
Public works	1,207,111
Dominion lands	135,047
Northwest rebellion	539,828
Total	$ 4,437,460
Railroad subsidies	1,027,041
Redemption of debt	3,185,638
Total capital account	$ 8,650,139

The net debt stands as follows:

July 1, 1887	$227,313,911
July 1, 1888	234,531,358
Increase	$ 7,217,447

This increase is caused by expenditure on capital account.

For the present year, 1888-'89, the estimated receipts had been $36,900,000. For the eight months concluded the actual receipts were $24,616,766. He now estimated for the remaining four months receipts amounting to $13,984,528 and the amended estimate of receipts for this year now stood as follows:

Customs	$23,533,971
Excise	7,063,143
Miscellaneous	7,999,180
Total	$38,601,294

Or, to be within the mark, say $38,500,000. The expenditure would amount, he estimated, to about $36,600,000, leaving a probable surplus of $1,900,000. This had not arisen from any increased taxation but showed an increased ability to consume and increased prosperity in the country.

The capital expenditure for 1888-'89 would be, estimating for the four months to come:

Railways and Canals	$2,772,567
Public Works	385,700
Dominion Lands	100,000
Northwest Rebellion	120,511
Railway Subsidies	1,183,423
Redemption of Debt	3,094,386
Total	$7,537,586

He thought that this was the last rebellion expenditure that would be heard of.

There was necessarily far less of certainty about the year 1889-'90, but the very favorable outlook for trade gave him confidence in making the following calculations, the increases in which were based simply on increase in population of say nearly 2 per cent

Probable Income 1889-'90.

Customs	$23,900,000
Excise	7,125,000
Miscellaneous	8,150,000
Total	$39,175,000

The estimates now before the House amount to $35,400,000 and the supplementaries would not reach an exceedingly high figure, so that the total would probably not be above $36,500,000, leaving a probable surplus of $2,675,000.

The estimates brought down made a very satisfactory showing, he held. He reviewed the items as shown in the printed estimates. Among the increases was a heavy amount for the Intercolonial Railway, which was accounted for by the purposed purchase of new rolling stock, and he thought the increased receipts would do much to make up for it.

With reference to the condition of the debt the figures of net debt were:

In 1868	$ 75,728,641
In 1874	108,321,964
In 1889	234,581,358

From 1880 to 1888 the Canadian Pacific Railway had been completed and yet the burden of the debt, as represented by the interest charge was only increased by 14 cents per head between those years.

Comparing our debt with that of the United States, while the comparisons made with a view to discrediting the Canadian Government were to the effect that the United States were in a more favorable position, the facts were otherwise. Comparison could not fairly be made, because the United States had assumed no debts of the provinces, gave no subsidies to provinces, paid a very small proportion of the cost of administration of justice, the militia was kept up by the several states, the penitentiaries were not in charge of the Federal power, the Governors were not at the charge of the Federation. In connection with this comparison the following statement of payments on account of the consolidated fund from July 1, 1867, to June 30, 1888, would be interesting:

Subsidies to provinces	$ 72,316,029
Interest on public debt	147,384,634
Administration of justice	10,821,542
Immigration and quarantine	5,571,631
Militia and defence	21,851,635
Penitentiaries	5,611,696
Salaries of governors	2,250,613
Assumed debts of provinces	106,172,038
Total	$372,279,847

If Canada had set out on the same basis as the United States she would have saved:

Assumed debts	$106,482,039
Subsidies	72,316,029
Interest on debt	70,000,000
Penitentiaries	5,611,696
Salaries of governors	2,250,613
Militia and defence (¼)	10,925,812
Administration of justice (½)	5,410,771
Immigration and quarantine	5,571,631
Total	$278,558,615

Our net debt is but $234,531,358, so that if Canada had set out on the same basis as the United States from the first she would not only have no debt to-day but she would have a surplus of $44,000,000. Just so soon as this statement went before the people it would remove a stock argument of the opponents of the Government who argued that the United States occupied a more advantageous position than Canada with respect to her debt.

Taxation was of two kinds, voluntary and involuntary; for instance, hundreds of thousands, if not millions, in this country did not use intoxicating liquors or tobacco. The tax on these a man might pay or not, just as he chose. As out of the total of $28,000,000 taxation in 1888, $8,000,000 was paid on these two articles of luxury, the involuntary taxation was found to be only $3.88 per head out of the total of $5.66 per head. But the per capita mode of reckoning was not a fair one and overstated the amount of taxes levied upon the poor man. Canada had within her own boundaries the great staples required for the sustenance of her people. A well-to-do man of luxurious taste, if he went to New York and there purchased his furniture, his musical instruments, statuary, plate, jewelry, wines, silks, carriages, carpets, etc., upon a modest outfit of his establishment might easily be taxed $1700; but in the case of the farmer he grows most of the articles of his food, the raw material for his clothing is grown or is brought in without tax, his farming implements are made in this country, his fuel is found here in inexhaustible quantities; all the great staples required are untaxed. The case of the artisan is similar.

Canada's peculiar natural advantages placed the taxation most heavily where it shall rest, upon the man of means. The customs returns showed that one-third of the total imports for home consumption were free of duty and also that more than 200 articles of raw material came in duty free. The United States had during the past 21 years paid an average of $6.64 per head and the average of Canada was $1.70 per head less; that is, that were Canada's taxation as heavy as that of the United States she would have paid for customs and excise $182,000,000 more than she has paid.

"Is this thing to go on forever?" he asked. "Are we to go on increasing the debt and the amount of taxation taken from the people?" Canada was to-day in a position to fairly answer the question. Taking the next three years, he estimated that between now and July 1, 1892, the capital expenditures would be:

Canals	$2,636,521
Railways	1,200,000
Public Works	407,000
Railway Subsidies	1,055,703
Reduction of the debt	2,417,267
Dominion lands	100,000
Total	$7,855,990

The redemption of debt would bring the capital expenditure up to $12,789,849. On the other side he estimated a surplus of $6,000,000 in the three years. That $6,000,000 would be placed to the credit of the sinking fund and that there would be a balance still on hand of loans now made of $2,500,000, making a total of $14,500,000 to offset the capital expenditure of $12,759,849 and being close on $2,000,000 for unforeseen capital expenditure, so that from now to 1892 there would, he believed, be not a dollar added to the public debt. After 1892 he believed that the country ought to go on for a series of years without increasing the debt one cent.

He next referred to the £4,000,000 loan just floated in London and pointed out that it was one of the most favorable loans ever negotiated. It not only made a gratifying comparison with other Canadian loans, but also with loans floated in 1888 in the London market by other countries. There had been some criticism in the press about the amount asked for, which was represented as excessive, but in view of the fact that temporary loans would otherwise have been required for works in progress and in view, also of the exceptionally favorable condition of the money market, it was, after grave consideration, deemed advisable to take the loan of £4,000,000.

The rate of exchange being in our favor the money was exchanged to New York and was there put into the hands of four Canadian banks at the best rate that could be obtained, or 1½ per cent. It had been intended to exchange it back to London about Jan. 1, the tables of exchange for a series of years showing that that would be probably profitable. Abnormal conditions, however, upset this calculation and it was found that it would be unprofitable to exchange it to London. The money was now on deposit in Canadian banks at 3 and 3½ per cent. interest.

The whole transaction showed that the surplus had cost for the year rather less than 4 per cent., or less than a temporary loan would have cost.

The last hour of the Finance Minister's speech was devoted to showing the progress that Canada was making. During the past year her commerce had progressed beyond the average. If crops were smaller, prices were higher. Manufacturing industries were in a healthy state, having worked off their large surplus stocks. There was a prospect of an advance of wages in the large manufactories. The shipping interests would be glad to hear that there was a prospect of an increase in freights.

The spirit of foreign trade, he contended, was developing in this country. In 1878 the people had decided that if we could not get reciprocity with our neighbors we would build up a commerce of our own and then reach out for foreign commerce, and the solid prosperity engendered since that time now enabled Canada to commence to make her way in the markets of the world. It had always been the policy of the Government to extend trade relations with other countries, but if the country to the south of us would not deal upon fair lines, it was Canada's duty to stand upon her own resources.

There was a great country in South America ready to trade with us, there was an opening for permanent and profitable trade with the West Indies, and the Government had decided to assist in the development of this trade by granting such a subsidy as would make rapid communication possible. To the east of us were China and Japan, and our Government had promised to meet this with a subsidy to a line of steamers already subsidized by the Imperial Government. To-day the surplus of many of our cotton mills found a market in those countries. The Government was also prepared to give aid for the establishment of a direct line of steamships between our west coast and Australia.

Though our Atlantic service had been good in the past, it was not as good as it might be, and the Government was considering steps to make it more nearly equal to the service running to New York. The proper Canadian policy was that we should look first to the Dominion's development and live at peace with other countries, but at the same time no blandishments from without or specious pleas from within would induce her to hand over her commercial government to any nation outside of Canada.

Speaking of the taxation of the people, the Finance Minister contended the taxes paid by any people was the gateway through which they passed to progress. It was an indication of their advancement and national prosperity.

Mr. Foster, in conclusion, said that many deputations had visited Ottawa during the past few weeks for the purpose of securing changes in the tariff. The claims of many of them were good, but the Government, after due consideration, had decided to continue on the line of the existing tariff arrangement. If there is any readjustment it will not be significant nor of an important character.

Sir Richard Cartwright followed. He said the protective system is wrong in this respect, that the burden of taxation is borne by the masses. Mr. Foster labors under a delusion when he says the taxation borne by the Canadian workingman is lower than the taxation paid by the British workingman. Excise duty in England is higher than in Canada, but the poor man there is not obliged to indulge in luxuries. Taxation in Canada on the whole is 600 per cent. higher than in England. A high tariff is not necessarily the only highway to national progress.

Continuing Sir Richard endorsed the proposal of the Government to extend its foreign trade relations. Dealing with their financial relations with the Canadian Pacific Railway he laughed at the Finance Minister's mode of bookkeeping in making the showing he had. These accounts had been liberally "cooked" to suit the purpose, if not in a fraudulent way then to suit party exigencies.

Sir Richard continued his arraignment of the Government and its policy until 11.45, when he moved this amendment to go into supply:

That all the words after "that" be struck out and that it be resolved that "Mr. Speaker do not now leave the chair but that in the present condition of affairs, and in view of the recent action of the House of Representatives of the United States, it is expedient that steps should be taken to ascertain on what terms and conditions arrangements can be effected with the United States for the purpose of securing full and unrestricted reciprocity of trade therewith.

Hon. C. H. Tupper moved the adournment of the debate. The House adjourned at 11.45 until Thursday afternoon, and to-morrow being Ash Wednesday there will be no sitting.

It is expected that notwithstanding the statement of the Finance Minister there will be a few minor alterations in the tariff.

FOR NETTLE RASH, Summer Heat and general toilet purposes, use Low's Sulphur Soap

A Mixed Household.

A rather mixed household is that of the Ameer of Afghanistan. He has five legal wives. Number one is a grandniece of his grandfather. Number two is notable chiefly for her weight—300 or 400 pounds. Number three used to be handmaid to number two and is the mother to the designated heir to the throne. Number four is a daughter of the Dost. She is Queen of the harem, and rules her husband in all domestic affairs. Number five's biography is yet unwritten.

Decreasing the Death Rate.

The mortality among Consumptives has been materially decreased of late years by the use of *Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil* with Hypophosphites of Lime and Soda. Phthisis, Bronchitis, Abscees of the Lungs, Puneumonia and Throat Affections are completely subjugated by a timely use of this excellent pulmonic. Palatable as milk. Sold by all Duggists at 50c. and $1.00.

Only One Cent!
Only One Cent!

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

BOARD AND ROOMS.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

HOUSES TO LET.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

LOST AND FOUND.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

LIVE STOCK.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

HOUSE FOR SALE on William St., two doors south of Bridge St., next the residence of Mrs. T. C. Wallbridge, best locality in the city, house new, comfortable, and commodious, hard and soft water, closets in all the rooms. Enquire of R. PURDY, Bridge St. 242d1m.

TO LET.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

WANTED.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

HOUSE KEEPER WANTED, middle aged woman preferred, to take charge of a family of six. Apply at HUGH WALKER'S grocery. 258dtf.

SALESMEN—We wish a few men to sell our goods by sample to the wholesale and retail trade. Large manufacturers in our line. Enclose 2 cent stamp. Wages $3 per day. Permanent position. No postals answered. Money advanced for wages, advertising, etc. CENTENNIAL MAN'F'G CO, CINCINNATI, OHIO 245d30teod

DOMESTICS WANTED.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

WANTED—A good general Servant. Apply to MRS. THOS. DUNCAN, John St. March 6. 261d4t

WANTED—A good general servant. Apply to MRS. THOS RITCHIE, George St. 250dtf.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

MECHANICS WANTED.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

BOARD OF TRADE.

A SPECIAL MEETING of the Board will be held in the Council Chamber, City Hall, on Monday next, 11th March, inst., at 8 o'clock p. m. sharp. A full attendance is requested, as matters of importance are to be taken up.

J. PARKER THOMAS,
Mar. 6, '89 dtd Secretary.

Stone Quarry for Sale.

I HAVE two first class Stone Quarries on my place for sale. There is only about 6 inches of soil over the rock, which lies about 200 yards from the Bay. I will lease it for a term of years.
THOS. McDONALD,
Of Point Ann, Belleville P. O.
March 5. 1889. 261d6tw3t

OPERA -- HOUSE,
Tuesday, March 12.
GILLETTE'S
Held by the Enemy
From PALMER'S THEATRE, New York City.
An American Play!
An American Story!
Founded on the incidents of the Civil War. A Triumph of Honor and Devotion to Country. The Highest order of Military Drama. All the New York Scenery and Effects. A tender Love Tale. Notable War Scenes.
ENORMOUS SUCCESS.
MONSTER PRODUCTION.
STIRRING SCENES.
CHARMING COMEDY.
Interesting, Amusing and Engrossing.
Prices 25cts, 50cts and 75cts. Reserved seats at Holden's.

---NEW---
SPRING GOODS!
New Embroideries,
New Prints,
New Tweeds,
New Carpets,
New Curtain Materials,
New Cornice Poles,
New Window Shades.
GEORGE RITCHIE & CO'S.

NEW SPRING GOODS
AT
BRIGNALL & THOMPSON'S.
New Prints and Dress Goods,
New Embroideries,
New Cottons and Steam Looms,
New Table Linens and Sheetings,
New Goods in all departments arriving daily. Prices very low.
BRIGNALL & THOMPSON.

NEW SPRING GOODS
—ARRIVING DAILY.—
New Prints,
New Shirtings,
New Dress Goods,
New Ginghams,
New Table Linens,
New Towel Linens,
Etc., etc., CHEAPER THAN EVER.
A. N. REID & CO.

--50 MORE--
NEW HANGING LAMPS put in. Prices very much below anything we ever had.
W. J. REID & CO.

FANS
Suitable for WEDDINGS and BALLS. A splendid assortment at
J. C. OVERELL'S
FANCY EMPORIUM, BELLEVILLE.

NEW SEASON'S TEAS,
FRESH GROUND COFFEES,
Handsome Presents Given Away
AT
STROUD BROS.,
Front Street, Belleville,
and at Montreal, Ottawa, Kingston and Toronto.

CLEARING - SALE
OF ALL
BOOTS AND SHOES
Damaged by Fire and Water. Over $5,000 worth at less than half regular price.
A. W. VERMILYEA & SON.

RUBBER STAMPS! Send your name and address, with 30 cents, to the ONTARIO CARD CO., Belleville, Ont., and get a Pearl Pen and Pencil Stamp, complete.

NEW
SPRING
GOODS.

Bought very early and bought very cheap.

NEW PRINTS,
NEW TABLINGS,
NEW COTTONS,
NEW STEAMLOOMS,
NEW DRESSGOODS,
NEW EMBROIDERIES,
NEW SHIRTINGS,
NEW CRETONNES,
NEW SCRIMS,
NEW UNDERWEAR,
NEW TWEEDS,

See the new. They are better and cheaper than the old.

JAS. W. DUNNET.
GLASGOW WAREHOUSE
Belleville, Feb. 12, 1889

Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, WEDNESDAY, MAR. 6

MERE MENTION.

THE street cars appeared on wheels to-day.

SEPARATE School Board will meet to-night.

BEECHAM'S PILLS act like magic on a weak stomach.

THE police report everything quiet. No arrests were made last night.

A LECTURE will be delivered on the 28th inst., in the Opera House, by the Rev. Father Chiniquy.

TO-DAY is Ash Wednesday. Services were held in the R. C. church and in the Anglican churches.

THE annual meeting of the Ramblers Wheel Club, which was to have been held last night, has been adjourned for two weeks.

ALL DISORDERS CAUSED by a bilious state of the system can be can be cured by using Carter's Little Liver Pills. No pain, griping or discomfort attending their use. Try them.

THE northern section of the sky was illumined last night by a brilliant display of the Aurora Borealis. The appearance of this meteor frequently portends a change in the weather.

MR. Bone conducted the services at the Holloway St. church last evening. His address was much appreciated. Messrs. W. F. Jones and A. Wensley will take part in the services this evening.

A REMEDY that is of such benefit in cases of indigestion, neuralgia, loss of appetite, dyspepsia as Dyer's Quinine and Iron Wine is worth gold. It is easily taken by the weakest invalid.—W. A. Dyer & Co., Montreal.

A MATTER of interest to Organists, Organ Students and Teachers is a new patent organ pedal attachment for pianos manufactured by Messrs. Newcombe & Co., 107 Church st. Toronto. Particulars on application.

THE Imperial Oil Refining Company, of Petrolia, is the principal oil refining company in Canada. They send out about 60 per cent. of all Canadian oil used. One of their favorite brands is "Silver Star," for which A. L. Geen is their Belleville agent.

MOTHERS who have delicate children can see them daily improve and gain in flesh and strength by giving them that perfect food and medicine, *Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil, with Hypophosphites.* Dr. W. A. Hulbert, of Salisbury, Ills., says: "I have used Scott's Emulsion in cases of Scrofula and Debility. Results more gratifying. My little patients take it with pleasure." Sold by all druggists, 50c. and $1.00.

PROBABILITIES.

TORONTO, March 6.—Southwest and west winds; partly cloudy weather, with light local showers; stationary or a little higher temperatures.

"A Barrel Full of Money"

is a good thing to have, but what's it good for if your health is poor? Preserve your health by using Imperial Cream Tartar Baking Powder.

A Conference.

A joint meeting of the Board of Trade and the Committee of the City Council will be held on Monday night next, to consider the matter of inducing the establishment of additional industries in the city.

TEMPERATURE,

As Registered by Dr. Bell's Self-Registering Thermometer.

WEDNESDAY, March 6.

Maximum 42; minimum 21.
Barometer 29.70.

After a Bonus.

Mr. Corby, M. P., had an interview on Tuesday with Sir John Macdonald, and urged the granting of a subsidy of $3,200 a mile to aid in building the first 25 miles of the Bay of Quinte and Lake Nipissing railway from Belleville to Bridgewater. The Premier promised to give the matter his consideration.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Coming to Belleville.

The following item is taken from the Brockville *Times*: "T. Purvis, of Prescott, veterinary surgeon, will leave in a few days for Belleville to practice there. A complimentary dinner was given him at the Revere on Wednesday evening."

Mock Parliament.

Imperial Federation will be the subject for discussion at the meeting of the Parliament to-morrow evening, and it is expected that this great public question will receive proper consideration from the peoples' representatives. The ladies' gallery will be open as usual.

Police Court.

WEDNESDAY, March 6th.

CRUELTY TO ANIMALS.

J. Dillen was found guilty to the charge of ill treating a horse and was fined $3.

NON PAYMENT OF WAGES.

A young boy named Cronkwright, charged Mrs. Wm. Thompson with refusing to pay him wages. The accused was compelled to pay the boy $2, and $1 costs.

District Intelligence.

John E. Campbell, an aged man, was arrested in Peterborough yesterday at the instance of his son, as being a dangerous lunatic.

Whilst engaged in skating at the rink in Hastings village, on Friday evening last, George White fell and broke his left leg near the ankle.

About three hundred bears are said to have been killed in the neighborhood of Bancroft this year.

Evangelical Alliance.

Executive Circular.

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

The Executive Committee of the Evangelical Alliance, begs to intimate that the Secretary, the Rev'd Alex. Campbell, has commenced his work of organizing branches and otherwise promoting the interests of the Alliance, by public addresses and private efforts. Mr. Campbell will be glad to receive suggestions and communications relating to the work of the Alliance from any part of the country. Address

REV. A. CAMPBELL,
Cote St. Antoine, Montreal.

Held by the Enemy.

There are very few war plays that prove popular in the south, because they are nearly always one sided in their sentiment. "Held by the Enemy," Gillette's melodrama of the Rebellion, is a notable exception to this rule. The theme is so delicately treated, the southern characters are so naturally drawn, and the sentiment is so honest and unprejudiced, that the play has made a hit wherever it has been produced on the southern circuit. When it was produced at the old Richmond Theatre the audience went wild over it, and in New Orleans its receipts for one week exceeded those of any melo-drama ever produced in that city. This play will be produced at the Opera House in this city on Tuesday evening next the 12th inst.

Imperial Federation

A meeting of the members of the Imperial Federation League was held last night in Harrison's hall, for the purpose of electing officers. The attendance was not large, and after some discussion it was decided to proceed with the election, which resulted as follows: Chairman, W. B. Northrup; 1st Vice-do., A. R. Dougall; 2nd Vice-do., N. McArthur; Treasurer, Walter Alford; Secretary, Ralph Purdy.

Executive Committee—Rev. S. Daw, Wm. Johnson, D. F. Rutledge, R. Elliott, T. Wills, Thos. Walters and W. R. Carmichael.

A committee composed of the Rev. S. Daw, Messrs. W. B. Northrup and R. Purdy, were appointed to draft a constitution and by-laws and submit the same at the next meeting.

A letter was read from Principal Grant, of Queen's College, Kingston, offering to deliver a speech on this subject if it was thought desirable. It was decided to ask him to speak here on Friday, the 15th inst.

It was also decided that the membership roll be left open at the office of the Secretary, on Bridge street, for the purpose of allowing any who wish to become members.

The meeting then adjourned for one week to meet at the same place.

Lecture and Concert.

The entertainment given by the Philharmonic Society last night did not meet with the encouragement it deserved, the attendance being small, but as Rev. Mr. Bogart, the chairman, happily put it, what was lacking in quantity was counterbalanced in quality. Mrs. York's paper on the "Healthful in Music," was charmingly read by the essayist and listened to with deep attention by the audience. It is really a pity that more of our music loving citizens did not avail themselves of the opportunity of listening to Mrs. York's very able and instructive essay. Following is the programme, each number of which was well executed and generously applauded: Piano duet, Mrs. Campbell and Miss Jones; Vocal solo, "The King and the Beggar Maid," H. W. Marshall; Piano Solo, Mrs. Campbell; Vocal solo, "The choir Immortal," Miss Caswell; Lecture, Mrs. York; Piano duet, Mrs. Campbell and Miss Jones; Vocal solo, "Bonnie Doon," Mrs. York; Vocal solo, 'Surely," H. W. Marshall; Vocal duet, "I wait for the Lord," Mrs. York and Miss Caswell.

At the close of the concert the audience gathered around Mrs. York for a hand shake and a word of welcome and appreciation of the pleasure she had afforded them.

Personal.

Mr. H. J. Hubertus, gas inspector at Ottawa, who died a few days ago, was for several years the Ottawa correspondent of the *Globe*. Mr. Hubertus, who was a man of great energy, was the first person to establish, by actual exploration, that a good railway route exists in the northern part of this province. He was the owner of a number of mining lots in this county.

In Stockholm they have not yet finished honoring Jenny Lind. A new street has just been named after her, and a sculptor has recently finished a statue representing her in the costume of Norma.

Prince Von Bismarck weighs 165 pounds, and as far as physique is concerned is one of the finest looking men in Europe. His weight was 233 pounds when Dr. Schweninger began to treat him for obesity several years ago.

Sir Julian Pauncefote, the new British Minister at Washington, is a fine-looking man, six feet two inches tall, black-eyed, heavy-browed and bald-headed. He has a charming wife and daughter.

Cooper, the colored waiter, injured at St. George, is not dead, as was reported.

The property bequeathed by James C. Flood amounts to $4,200,000.

Miss Mary L. Booth, editor of Harper's Bazaar, died at New York yesterday.

Mr. Job Lingham has suffered a relapse and fears are entertained of his recovery.

Mr. J. G. Robinson, formerly of this city, but now at Brighton, was in the city yesterday.

AN INACTIVE or Torpid Liver must be aroused and all bad bile removed. Burdock Pills are best for old or young.

SHILOH'S CURE will immediately relieve Croup, Whooping Cough and Bronchitis. Sold by D. M. Waters.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Correspondence.

Whilst correspondents will be accorded space for the expression of their ideas on topics of public interest, it must be in all cases understood that the views so expressed are simply those of the correspondents themselves.

To the Editor of the Intelligencer.

DEAR SIR,—Owing to the fact that the business transactions in this Province, particularly in the counties of Prince Edward and Hastings, of the alleged "Henry Crawford Grain and Seed Co." have injured the business of other bona fide companies speculating in grain, I beg leave to trespass upon your valuable space and ask you to publish this letter and thereby give to the public a few leading facts about the alleged "Henry Crawford Grain and Seed Co." and the grain business generally. Companies of the "Henry Crawford stamp" are organized as follows: A few sharks—not shrewd men—band together, emigrate to some locality where they are not known, purchase the influence of some local politician on the American side, and by means of such influence obtain a Charter from the the State, the politician holding one share which is sufficient only to qualify him as a director. Then the sharks, owning nearly all the stock, manipulate the company, for the purpose of their own schemes. Capital stock is generally put at $100,000 in shares of $100 each, not one dollar of which is paid up, barring the politician. In such a manner was the alleged "Henry Crawford Ohio Grain & Seed Co." organized. Owing to their wholesale swindling, the State of Ohio, under whose laws the company was organized, annulled the charter, and consequently as a matter of fact and law said company ceased to exist. Rotten eggs became very numerous around the office of the defunct company. Not liking this kind of testimonial, the adventurers came to Canada and commenced operations at Chatham, Ont. R. C. Reed, acting as this company's agent, commenced selling grain at Chatham. He was arrested on a charge of fraud, and obtaining notes under false pretences. The result of his arrest appears by the following telegrams:

"County Att'y Bell, Chatham, Ont.:

"Was R. C. Reed, representing Henry Crawford Grain and Seed Co., arrested for obtaining notes by misrepresentation? was he committed for trial? did Company give up notes? Answer.

"Jno. Roblin, farmer, Prince Edw'd Co."

(ANSWER)

CHATHAM, March 5th 1889.

"John Roblin, Belleville, Ont.:

"R. C. Reed was arrested March 25th, 1886 charge fraud and false pretences, re $15 bushel Seed Wheat Co. in Ohio, and some party in Toronto settled with parties who did not appear. Case dismissed or withdrawn.

"Wm. Young, Chief Police, Chatham."

Had the case gone on, Reed would no doubt have been convicted, as the County Attorney was prepared to prove that no such company as the alleged Henry Crawford Grain and Seed Co'y existed in Ohio or elsewhere, and consequently the notes (about $4,000 in amount) were obtained by the false pretence that such company did exist in Ohio under a charter.

Chas. Butler, Jr., is also on the track; he is undoubtedly a great schemer; he claims to represent the Toronto Grain & Seed Co., and has bonded about $5,000 grain in six weeks. It was reported that Butler Jr. was arrested in Renfrew, but it was not true. J. F. Mourhees, an agent of Butler's, was arrested in Renfrew, Ont., but was honorably acquitted on his preliminary examination. Butler says that if any person or persons desire to find him, he is prepared to meet them—that the grain he sells is as he represents it, and is purchased from Rivers & Son, of Walkerton, Ontario, who make a specialty of Colorado wheat and American banner oats; that he sells no common goods; that the Toronto Grain & Seed Co. were a duly registered company, office 4 King St. East, Toronto, Ont., at the time the Chief of Police wired "no such company" and Butler has entered an action against the Chief of Police, of Toronto, for $5,000 damages. If Butler is able to make good bargains, well and good. He has always been in Canada and if he does business as crooked as alleged, why has he not been in the penitentiary years ago?

Now a warning to farmers in reference to the Henry Crawford Grain & Seed Co'y;—Beware, there is no such company. If you get bitten, prosecute them and they will give back your notes. They will undoubtedly try to bluff you; have them arrested at once on the fact that there is no such company, that the State of Ohio wiped out the charter, consequently there is no bond at all. Mr. Hess, head beetler and the brains of the alleged Henry Crawford Grain & Seed Co'y, walks upon the streets with the attitude of an honest man, and with a swagger as if he owned half of the United States and the whole of Canada. Hess claims that his gigantic liar or best swindler is one Martin. I give you a little history of his record when in the country selling:—"I represent the Crawford Grain & Seed Company, capital stock $100,000; $50,000 paid up with the Government. This company does business on the square—takes up all its bonds." He states the *modus operandi* of swindling the community, and then refers to a local companion, in other words a capper or would-be grain dealer. Martin says "did not the Company do so and so with Mr.———, farmer?" Capper says "certainly, I advise you to buy—good speculation." The unsophisticated farmer does not take into consideration that the capper is getting about $4 per day. Beware of them also; the local man is the biggest thief and a chump, and you will find what I have written to be true, when the sharks leave thousands of dollars in bonds unredeemed.

A gentleman is prepared to swear Mr. Hess told him on the train coming east a few days ago, "this is the freeze-out year," so you that are in the swim are sure to be left. The gentleman who gave me this information was much surprised at the rough, swaggering, uncultivated language. What less could you expect from such a pair of Yankee sharps? It is time the authorities arose in a legal way, like the Crown Attorney at Chatham, and drove the leeches from this city. Wherever the name of "Hess" is heard, it ought to be a signal for a "hiss."

ONE WHO KNOWS WHEREOF HE SPEAKS.

To the Editor of the Intelligencer.

DEAR SIR,—I ask the readers of the INTELLIGENCER to read again my letter found in the Daily and Weekly of 20th February, and then read N. Vermilyea's reply to said letter found in the Daily and Weekly of the 27th February. At a glance it is plain to be seen how humble he is now, when he is compelled to face facts. I challenged him to prove the statements he had made about my vote; I charged him with making false and untrue statements in my case; notice now his reply. He says he did not mention my name in any letter he had written; see how he evades in answering the challenge, or attempting to clear himself in any way. He knew he was stuck; he swallowed the pill, and confesses by saying that my name was dropped off the list by the assessors in 1882. Why was it dropped off? My letter answers it; I was living in the Province of Manitoba at the time, and my brother told the assessors not to put my name on for the reason as stated, and when my brother gave the true statement at the Canifton meeting he was cried down by Eleazer Brintnell and N. Vermilyea, charging him with stating what was false; and both these gentlemen distinctly and repeatedly proclaimed to the electors that my name was brought before the court, and on the evidence of Charles Hudson it was proved bogus and struck off. Then N. Vermilyea, not satisfied with making this false statement once, repeats it again in little different words in his letter of Feb. 14th; here is what he states: "As to W. P. Hudson's denial that he ever had a bogus vote upon his property . . that was proved to be false. If Mr. H. denies this, I'll take the trouble of convincing any one who calls upon me of the truth of my statement." Now Sir, Mr. H. does deny this; and I deny it, and I challenged Mr. Vermilyea on his statements, but he has sadly failed, and has to bear the responsibility of his untrue statements. In his letter of the 16th Feb. in reply to an editorial, he denies that he furnished to the *Ontario* the report of the Canifton meeting. I do not charge him with it, but many who listened to Mr. N. Vermilyea's statement at the meeting, and afterwards reading the report in the *Ontario*, have come to the conclusion that they were one and the same. Now Mr. Vermilyea says that there were several errors in the *Ontario*. It must follow that there were also several errors in Mr. V.'s statements. Mr. V. does not attempt to answer one point in my letter, nor attempt to clear himself in any way of the charges I made against him of making untrue statements in my case, he simply says he never mentioned my name in any letter he had written, and that the assessors had dropped my name off the list in 1882. Foiled, as he is, he strikes out in another direction by saying: I shall by your permission give your readers the names of about eighty more friends of Mr. Hudson's who were struck off at the same court or dropped by the assessors. I would just say to Mr. Vermilyea, go on with your names, it might be that before you got through with all, you might be made by many of them, to lick the dust, as you have had to do in my case.

Yours etc.,
HENRY HUDSON.

Roslin, March 4th. 1889.

NOTE.—The correspondence on this subject has grown to such an inordinate length that Mr. Vermilyea's reply to the above letter must, so far as our columns are concerned, be confined to the subject of Mr. Henry Hudson's vote.—ED. INT.

Sporting Notes from the North.

To the Editor of the Intelligencer.

DEAR SIR,—I have been requested more than once to give a sketch of the deer hunting here last season, but really there is little to be said on the subject, and that of a not very satisfactory nature. In the first place, there was no lack of deer, for they were more numerous than in the previous year, but hunters, when hounding, found it almost impossible to drive them into the lakes, former experience, or instinct seeming to have taught them that there was danger lurking there, and deer after deer would be started that refused to take to the water. The consequence was that not more than half as many were killed as there was last season. As regards the still hunting, matters were even worse, for we only had one slight fall of snow during the hunting season. This quickly went, and with it went all prospects of further sport. In Dungannon and Faraday there were probably not more that 50 deer killed in all. Messrs. R. Tait, J. F. and W. Tait and party, as usual, made a good bag, and succeeded in getting 11. Judge Fraleck and Mr. E Guss Porter and party, and also others from the front, had fair sport, considering the bad season, and Mr. J. Spurr, taking advantage of the one fall of snow, went out two or three times still hunting and succeeded in securing the legal complement of five deer.

And talking of this, I may say great that great dissatisfaction prevails amongst the sports of this district relative to the Game Law regulations. For instance, a party will frequently consist of of six or eight, and to limit the number of deer to be killed by them to 12 seems small, when you take into consideration that one hunter is allowed to kill 5. Many would also like the season extended to, say December 1st.

Bears were very numerous and, as already mentioned in your columns, about 50 were killed here. The partridge appears to be a different bird to what it was some twenty years since, for it is becoming wild and shy, but nevertheless great numbers were shot by the boys, and Mr. S. D. Ross, merchant of Bancroft, shipped off over 1,000 by stage to the front during the season, and other merchants also many hundreds. Ducks, I am sorry to say, are yearly becoming more scarce, and the pigeon has left us altogether.

Yours, &c.,
SYLVANUS.

Hastings Road, March 5, 1889.

DYSPEPSIA IN ITS WORST FORMS will yield to the use of Carter's Little Nerve Pills, aided by Carter's Little Liver Pills. They not only relieve present distress but strengthen the stomach and digestive apparatus.

Local Legal.

The following case was decided in the court of Appeals at Toronto yesterday:

Potts v. Boivine.—Dickson, Q. C. (Belleville), and S. B. Burdett (Belleville) for appellants. W. B. Northrup (Belleville) for respondents. Judgment. Appeal by plaintiff from the judgment of the C. P. Divisional Court affirming the judgment of Armour, C. J., at the trial in favor of defendant. The action was brought to determine the possession of certain premises claimed by plaintiff under the will of one Mary Whiteford and subsequent conveyances. Appeal dismissed with costs.

Grand Orange Lodge.

CAMPBELLFORD, March 5.—The Right Worshipful Grand Orange Lodge of Ontario East assembled in the Music hall of this place this afternoon. Nearly 200 delegates were in attendance, this being a larger number than is usually present.

The Grand Master's address was an able review of the events of interest to Protestantism during the year.

The Secretary's report was encouraging, showing that four new warrants had been issued during the year, and the county masters reported renewed interest and progress.

The Treasurer's report stated that the receipts were nearly $1,800, and the disbursements $1,080.

Deseronto Vessel News.

The following vessels are receiving large repairs at the Rathbun company's shipyard, Deseronto: Steamers Quinte, Reliance, Southern Belle, Nile, Resolute, Armenia, Deseronto Geneva, Rescue, and schr. W. Y. Emory. The steam rafting barge Industry is receiving new sides and upper works. The yacht "Black Duck," owned by Mr. Byington, of Clayton, N.Y., is being rebuilt. Munson's dredge is undergoing extensive repairs. The str. Ella Ross, raised by Capt. Donnelly, will be thoroughly overhauled.

—The German forces in Zanzibar have inflicted a defeat on the Arabs.

—Father Stephens, of Falcarragh, has been sentenced to six months imprisonment in Letterkenny jail for offences under the Crimes Act. He has appealed.

—At a public meeting held last night in Toronto, under the auspices of the Orange Lodges and attended by a large audience, resolutions condemnatory of the Jesuit Estates bill were passed.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

BARKIS IS WILLIN'.

Mr. Gladstone Says the Irish Party is Free to Meet Tory Advances.

LONDON, March 5.—A correspondent has interviewed Mr. Gladstone in reference to the proposal made by Mr. John Aird, the famous contractor and Tory member for Paddington, a colleague and friend of Lord Randolph Churchill, who writes to The Times suggesting, in the interests of the country's business, the appointment of a small committee, commanding the confidence of all parties, to agree on just steps towards meeting Ireland's demand for local government. Aird said his letter was quite spontaneous, but he is convinced it expresses the views of a large section of the Tory party and that the Tory leaders say Ireland shall have a local government. He does not see why they should not meet Mr. Parnell's moderate attitude by taking the first step in that direction. Mr. Gladstone says he will watch the development of the movement with a friendly interest. He has always hoped the Tories would settle the question. He will certainly throw no obstacles in their way. He also holds that the Irish party is perfectly free to meet Tory advances. Their first duty will be to Ireland, not to the Liberal party. Mr. Gladstone seemed in excellent health, though anxious, owing to the serious illness of his eldest son. He showed no petty partisan feeling, only a patriotic desire to end the controversy, which, he said, like the corn law agitation, was wasting precious years of the country's life. Mr. Aird's scheme may come to nothing, but it is interesting as showing the reaction in Mr. Parnell's favor caused by "Pigottism."

Gladstone Thinks He Will Soon Come In.

LONDON, March 5.—Although Gladstone only spoke of a year or two hence as the possible date of an appeal to the country in his speech, he entertains a strong belief in his return to power being almost imminent. One day last week he was discovered in a well-known London drawing-room deep in the pages of The Morning Post, a paper which is carefully tabooed in James'-square, while waiting for the mistress of the house. On putting the paper down he recognized his fellow-caller and said cheerily: "I must come in. Lord Salisbury and The Times will fall together."

The Parnell Commission.

LONDON, March 5.—The Parnell Commission resumed its sittings this morning. Attorney-General Webster narrated the facts in relation to Pigott's communication from Madrid to Mr. Soames. He stated that another letter from Pigott had been received to-day. It had been posted on March 2. This letter was sent to Mr. Soames' office for "Mr. Ponsonby." It was not read in court.

Parnell is Grateful.

LONDON, March 5.—Mr. Parnell, finding it impossible to respond to the many letters he has received from Europe and America congratulating him upon the collapse of The Times' case against him, desires through the press to heartily thank the writers of the letters.

Pigott's Remains Identified.

LONDON, March 5.—English detectives sent to Madrid to-day identified the remains of Pigott in the presence of the British consul, who ordered that the body be interred.

Pasteur's Usefulness Gone.

PANAMA, March 5.—Chance has led to the discovery of a cure for hydrophobia in Ayacucho, Peru. A man was bitten by a mad dog, and shortly after the disease developed. In his madness the man rushed from the house, and falling among a lot of "peuca" plants, some of the juice of these plants entered his mouth, and he swallowed it. A moment of reason seems to have followed, during which he seized some of the leaves, broke them, and drank of the milky and glutinous sap with which they are saturated. When his friends found him he was stretched senseless, with the "peuca" or Maguey leaves in his hands. He was carried to his home, and soon regained his health. Experience has long since taught the Indians that "peuca" sap invariably acts as a cure upon dogs suffering from hydrophobia.

Harrison Fails to Please Berlin.

BERLIN, March 5.—Most of the papers here reserve their opinions on Harrison's inaugural address. The Tageblatt says that the address shows an arrogant spirit and does not display particularly friendly feelings toward other powers. Other papers make similar comments.

The King of Holland Moribund.

BERLIN, March 5.—The latest news from The Hague is that the death of the King of Holland is imminent. There are acute symptoms of blood poisoning. The King is experiencing terrible suffering and what cessation from pain is obtained is due to the use of morphia. It is stated that Bismarck favors joining Alsace-Lorraine with Luxenbourg on the death of the King of Holland, making the Duke of Nassau King.

A Panic on the Paris Bourse.

PARIS, March 5.—The sudden death of M. Deufert Rochereau caused a temporary panic on the bourse to-day. Stocks beyond the sphere of copper speculation remained unshaken. To-morrow, it is understood, will be big with fate for the copper syndicate, the negotiations for an arrangement with all the mines, including American, finally succeeding or failing.

A G. T. R. Ferryboat Burnt.

WINDSOR, March. 5.—The Grand Trunk ferryboat Transit, which has been lying at the dock for some time, was discovered to be on fire last night about 11 o'clock. Nothing could be done to save her and she burned to the water's edge. The loss is $15,000, thought to be insured. The Transit has not been in commission for some time past, the Grand Trunk having been trying to sell her.

THE FUNNY FENIANS.

And Their Highly Humorous Demand for Information.

PHILADELPHIA, March 4.—Parnell branch of the Irish National League will this week submit to President Harrison and Secretary Blaine a resolution adopted by it yesterday, and which will be sent to every branch in the United States, urging joint action by Congress requiring the State Department to demand of the English Government a statement of how far it has carried on its spy system, military and otherwise, in this country. The action is based on the testimony of LeCaron before the Parnell Commission. The resolution alleges that spies paid by Great Britain are now employed in the government departments and in the United States army, which is equivalent to a declaration of war. It advises a demand upon England for the names and aliases of all its spies in this country.

Milan to Abdicate.

LONDON, March 5.—A Belgrade despatch says there is the highest authority for stating that King Milan will abdicate in favor of his son on Wednesday, the anniversary of his being proclaimed King, and that M. Ristich will be appointed Regent for the whole time of his son's minority.

Three Governors of West Virginia.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., March 5.—Gen. Goff and President Carr, of the Senate, each took the oath of office as governor yesterday and demanded that Governor Wilson give up the office. Governor Wilson declined to do so.

Deserting the K. of L.

HAVERHILL, Mass., March 5.—Local Assembly 3294 Knights of Labor, composed of workmen on machine and hand-sewed boots and shoes, have voted to surrender their charter and have organized under the National Trade Union.

G. Cleveland, Attorney-at-Law.

NEW YORK, March 5.—Ex-President Cleveland will begin work in this city as a member of the firm of Bangs, Stetson, Tracy & McVeagh, at 44 William-street, some time this week. His name has already been painted on the sign over the door.

Chandler Convicted.

MONTREAL, March 5.—The case against J. J. Chandler for attempted murder of J. A. Sheffield of the C. P. R. was concluded to-night, when the jury brought in a verdict of "Guilty of shooting with intent to kill."

Suicide is Confession.

NEW YORK, March 5.—Hobart Mullaney, cashier for the lithographing firm of Julius Bien & Co., committed suicide to-day. He had just been placed under arrest for embezzling $7000.

Big Failure in Reading.

READING, Pa., March 5.—The Reading Iron Works Company have failed, liabilities heavy. The company did an immense business.

Important Decision.

The Land League Held Responsible for the General Tendency of the "Irish World."

LONDON, March 5.—The judges gave an important decision to-day in re the *Irish World*, ruling that the mere receipt of money from a paper does not make the recipients responsible for the policy of the paper, but between May, 1880, and October, 1881, the evidence shows that parcels of the *Irish World* were sent to the Land League for free distribution. These two things together form a chain of evidence tending to make the Land League responsible for the general tendency of the *Irish World* between these dates unless the evidence of the above facts is disproved hereafter.

ARE YOU MADE miserable by Indigestion, Constipation, Dizziness, Loss of Appetite, Yellow Skin Shiloh's Vitalizer is a positive cure Sold by D. M. Waters.

—Mr. Trudel, acting for the Jesuits, yesterday entered an action in the Montreal Superior Court against the *Mail* for $50,000 damages for an article published on February 11th, headed "The Jesuits's Oath."

—There are 208 tin mills in Great Britain employing about 100,000 men. If the tin plate clause in the U. S. Senate bill is not amended, much of the manufacturing will be transferred to that country; and it is said that an English manufacturer is now looking for a site near Pittsburg.

A NASAL INJECTOR free with each bottle of Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. Price 50 cents. Sold by D. M. Waters.

—According to an apparently authoritative report the Pope has divided the $400,000 voted by the Quebec Legislature as follows:—$160,000 to the Jesuits, $100,000 to Laval University, $40,000 to the Montreal branch of Laval, $100,000 to the Bishops, of which $20,000 goes to the Labrador Prefecture.

SHILOH'S CATARRH REMEDY—a positive cure for Catarrh, Diptheria and Canker Mouth. For sale by D. M. Waters.

—The total tobacco consumption of Europe, according to a German contemporary, is about 2½ pounds for each inhabitant. In the Netherlands the proportion is a little over 7 pounds per head; in Austria-Hungary, 3.8 pounds; in Denmark, 3.7 pounds; in Switzerland, 3.3 pounds; in Belgium, 3.2 pounds; in Germany, three pounds; in Norway, 2 3 pounds; in France, 2.1 pounds; in Sweden, nearly two pounds; in Spain, 1.7 pounds; in Great Britain and Ireland, 1.34 pounds; in Italy, 1.25 pounds, and in Russia, 1.2 pounds. In the United States the proportion is greater than any European country, except Holland—four and one-fourth pounds. The largest revenues derived from tobacco are those of France, Great Britain, Austria-Hungary, and then Spain and Italy.

SOME SYMPTOMS OF WORMS are:—Fever, colic, variable appetite, restlessness, weakness and convulsions. The unfailing remedy is Dr. Low's Worm Syrup.

SPRING STOCK
OF
BOOTS-AND-SHOES
AT
HAINES & LOCKETT'S.

We are determined to maintain our reputation for selling the best quality of Boots and Shoes in the city for the money.

HAINES & LOCKETT.

To Get the Best Value

in EMBROIDERIES, STEAM LOOMS, LACE CURTAINS, CRETONNES, TOWELLS, Prints, Cottons, etc., and general Small Wares, you will need to go to

HENNESSY'S.

IMPERIAL
CREAM TRADE MARK TARTAR
BAKING
POWDER

PUREST, STRONGEST, BEST,
CONTAINS NO
Alum, Ammonia, Lime, Phosphates,
OR ANY INJURIOUS SUBSTANCE.
E. W. GILLETT, TORONTO, ONT. CHICAGO, ILL.
MANUFACTURER OF
THE CELEBRATED ROYAL YEAST CAKES.

Lake Winnipeg White Fish
Salmon Trout,
Salt Water Salmon,
Finnan Haddies,
Boneless Codfish,
Roll Butter,
Fresh Eggs,
Sugar Syrups,

A. KNOX.

At FISH'S.

New Kid Gloves,
New Neckwear,
New Regatta Shirts,
New White Shirts,
New Spring Shirting
IN STOCK TO-DAY.

A. E. FISH & CO.,
The noted Shirt Makers and Gents' Furnishers, 260 Front St.

OPERA--HOUSE!

ONE NIGHT ONLY.

Friday, March the 8th.

Absolutely Unapproachable in its Dramatic Strength and Positively Unrivalled in its Scenic Display.

Chas. L. Andrews' Co'y

Presenting Jules Verne's masterpiece

Michael Strogoff

A COMPANY OF SUPERIOR EXCELLENCE,
SCENERY NEW AND GORGEOUS.
STRONG DRAMATIC CLIMAXES.

RECORD OF MICHAEL STROGOFF:—Paris, over two years; New York, over one year; Philadelphia, over 200 nights; Boston, over 100 nights; Toronto, over 4 weeks; Montreal, over 3 weeks.

☞ You can't afford to miss it. Prices, 25cts, 50cts and 75cts. Reserved seats on sale Wednesday morning.

FARMS FOR SALE.

THE undersigned is instructed to sell on EASY TERMS the following FARMS, situated in the County of Hastings:

TOWNSHIP OF TUDOR.
Lots Nos. 27 and 28, South-west side of Hastings Road, 100 acres.

LIMERICK.
Lots Nos. 53 and 54, 2nd con., east Hastings Road, 100 acres.

MONTEAGLE.
Lot No. 30, 16th con., 101 acres.

WICKLOW.
Lot No. 29, 1st con., 101 acres.

CARLOW.
Lots Nos. 24 and 25, 7th con., 200 acres. Lots Nos. 24 and 25, 8th con., 200 acres. Lot No. 28, 8th con., 100 acres. Lots Nos. 24 and 25, 15th con., 199 acres.

Titles are perfect. Apply to

JAMES BOOTH,
Real Estate Agent, Belleville.
Office corner Pinnacle and Bridge Sts., up stairs.
Feb. 28, '89. d30tw3m

CHATHAM MILL

A GREAT MILL.

17,500 IN USE. 2,300 sold in the last year. See them, at VANTASSEL'S Footbridge Warerooms, Belleville, or THOS. DUNN'S, Madoc.

NEUFCHATEL
CREAM
CHEESE!

JUST RECEIVED.

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE,
Grocers & Wine Merchants,
33 & 37, Bridge Street
Also Front St., opp. Ritchie's.

WINTER SERVICE.

---ALLAN LINE----

Steamships	Fr. Portland	Fr. Halifax
Polynesian	21 Feb	23 Feb.
Sardinian	7 Mar.	9 Mar.
Circassian	21 "	23 "
Parisian	4 April	6 April
Polynesian	18 "	20 "
Sardinian	2 May	4 May

Circassian from Quebec May 10th.

The steamers from Portland via Halifax call at Londonderry on their passage to and from Liverpool, to embark and land mails and passengers.

The steamers from Halifax via St. Johns, Nfd., call at Queenstown on their passages to and from Britain.

Steamers leave Portland on arrival of train leaving Belleville Wednesday noon, and Halifax on arrival of train leaving Belleville Thursday noon.

Passengers proceeding by steamers calling at St. Johns, Nfd., will leave Belleville on Friday noon train.

RATES OF OCEAN PASSAGE:

Cabin, $50.00, $65.00 and $75.00 according to accommodation. Intermediate, $30.00. Steerage, $20.00. Return Tickets, Cabin, $100, $125.00, $150.00. Intermediate, $60.00. Steerage $40.00.

Steerage passangers are booked to and from Queenstown, Derry, Belfast, London and Glasgow at same rates as Liverpool.

Intermediate passangers are forwarded to and from Glasgow and Liverpool by rail without extra charge.

CABIN PASSENGERS

are supplied with a very liberal table, and everything necessary except wines and liquors, which can be had on board at moderate prices.

Each passenger is allowed twenty cubic feet of baggage free.

THE INTERMEDIATE.

Superior accommodation is offered in the INTERMEDIATE, which in every respect is equal to what is called Second Cabin in some lines sailing from New York.

The Intermediate Cabins on all our ships are well situated, perfectly ventilated and are entirely distinct from the Steerage. Steward and Stewardesses to each vessel. Passangers in the Intermediate are found with everything.

THE STEERAGES

are large and exceedingly well lighted and ventilated, are fitted up in rooms, each passenger having a seperate sleeping berth. A Stewardess is appointed to each steamer.

For tickets and all information apply to

U. E. THOMPSON,
General Ticket Agent,
Bridge St. Belleville.

Burdock BLOOD BITTERS

WILL CURE OR RELIEVE

BILIOUSNESS, DIZZINESS,
DYSPEPSIA, DROPSY,
INDIGESTION, FLUTTERING OF THE HEART
JAUNDICE, ACIDITY OF
ERYSIPELAS, THE STOMACH
SALT RHEUM, DRYNESS
HEARTBURN, OF THE SKIN
HEADACHE,

And every species of diseases arising from disordered LIVER, KIDNEYS, STOMACH, BOWELS OR BLOOD.

T. MILBURN & CO., Proprietors, Toronto.

Pond - Lily - Cream.

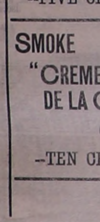
A delightful Toilet article. Not a face paint or powder; does not cover over but cures. Used in connection with Pond Lily Liver Pellets and Pond Lily Soap most effectually and positively removes Pimples, Freckles, Tan, Black Specks, Blotches, allays all irritation after shaving, or any itchiness of the skin from whatever cause and all roughness from the face, hands, neck and arms, leaving them beautifully white and velvety. Sold by wholesale dealers and druggists everywhere. Pond Lily Cream, 25 cents; Pond Lily Liver Pellets, 25 cents; Pond Lily Skin Soap, 15 cents. S. PERRIN, Chemist, Manufacturer and Proprietor for Canada.

SMOKE
"BILL NYE"
CIGARS.
--FIVE CENTS.--

SMOKE
"CREME
DE LA CREME"
CIGARS.
--TEN CENTS.--

ARMBRECHT'S

TONIC COCA WINE



FOR FATIGUE OF MIND AND BODY AND SLEEPLESSNESS.

"Experience and scientific analysis reveal to us in Coca the most tonic plant in the Vegetable Kingdom."—*Manuel Fuentes.*

"It (Coca) is, in a word, the most powerful restorer of the vital forces."—*Dr Schwalk.*

ARMBRECHT'S COCA WINE, though more tonic in its properties than Iron or Quinine, NEVER CONSTIPATES.

See Medical Reviews. For sale by leading druggists throughout the world.

ARMBRECHT, NELSON & CO.
2 Duke St., Grosvenor Sq.,
LONDON.

Wood! Wood!

I AM now selling at the West Belleville Central Wood Yard all kinds of Hard and mixed wood, cut and uncut, which I will deliver to any part of the city. Remember the place, the West Belleville Central Wood Yard, just a few steps from the Foot Bridge.

EDWARD NEWMAN.

Nothing Like it.

"I was troubled with liver complaint for a good many years, but was cured by one bottle of Burdock Blood Bitters. I have never found any medicine to help me like B. B. B., in fact one bottle made a complete cure." W. J. West, Parkhill, Ont.

Give Them a Chance ?

That is to say, your lungs. Also all your breathing machinery. Very wonderful machinery it is. Not only the larger air-passages, but the thousands of little tubes and cavities leading from them.

When these are clogged and choked with matter which ought not to be there, your lungs cannot half do their work. And what they do they cannot do well.

Call it cold, cough, croup, pneumonia, catarrah, consumption or any of the family of throat and nose and lung obstructions, all are bad. All ought to be got rid of. There is just one sure way to get rid of them. That is to take Boschee's German Syrup, which any druggist will sell you at 75 cents a bottle. Even if everything else has failed you, you may depend upon this for certain.

Partly Gave up.

"In the year 1885 I coughed for six months, and having unsuccessfully tried many remedies, I partly gave up, thinking I had consumption. At last I tried Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam, less than one bottle of which cured me, leaving me as well as ever I was." Henry W. Carns, Wabash, Ont.

FEVER AND AGUE AND BILIOUS DERANGEMENTS are positively cured by the use of Parmelee's Pills. They not only cleanse the stomach and bowels from all bilious matter, but they open the excretory vessels, causing them to pour copious effusions from the blood into the bowels, after which the corrupted mass is thrown out by the natural passage of the body. They are used as a general family medicine with the best results.

To lessen mortality and stop the inroads of disease, use Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and Dyspeptic Cure. For all diseases arising from Impure Blood, such as Pimples, Blotches, Biliousness, Indigestion, etc., etc., it has no equal. Mrs. Thomas Smith, Elm, writes: "I am using this medicine for Dyspepsia; I have tried many remedies, but this is the only one that has done me any good."

ADVICE TO MOTHERS. — MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP should always be used when children are cutting teeth. It relieves the little sufferer at once; it produces natural, quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakens as "bright as a button." It is very pleasant to taste. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP," and take no other kind. 3d&wly

Nothing so suddenly obstructs the perspiration as suddent transitions from heat to cold. Heat rarifies the blood, quickens the circulation and increases the perspiration, but when these are suddenly checked the consequences must be bad. The most common cause of disease is obstructed perspiration, or what commonly goes by the name of catching cold. Coughs, colds, sore throat, etc, if attended to in time are easily subdued, but allowed to run their own course, generally prove the fore-runner of more dangerous diseases. Nine-tenths of the consumptives date their affliction from a neglected cold, and the diseases that are caused by wet feet, damp clothes, or exposure are more numerous than are generally supposed. One of the most efficacious medicines for all diseases of the throat and lungs is Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup. It promotes a free and easy expectoration, which frees the lungs from viscid phlegm by changing the secretions from a diseased to a healthy stat

Rest and Comfort to the Suffering.

"Brown's Household Panacea" has no equal for relieving pain, both internal and external. It cures Pain in the Side, Back or Bowels, Sore Throat, Rheumatism, Toothache, Lumbago and any kind of a Pain or Ache. "It will most surely quicken the Blood and Heal, as its acting power is wonderful." "Brown's Household Panacea," being acknowledged as the great Pain Reliever, and of double the strength of any other Elixir or Liniment in the world, should be in every family handy for use when wanted, "as it really is the best remedy in the world for Cramps in the Stomach, and Pains and Aches of all kinds," and is for sale by all Druggists at 25 cts a bottle.

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, *Station D, New York City.*

COMING!
COMING!

RUPTURE

The last 25 years I have adjusted more Trusses than any man in America. Valuable Patents, my own invention, in Trusses, Spinal and Club Feet Instruments.

Rupture—I will guarantee to hold largest Rupture without touching your hip, no straps whatsoever, waterproof. Largest stock of general Trusses, also the great Cluthe Spiral Trusses in stock. Reliable system for ORDERING BY MAIL.

Spinal Instruments half the weight of other makes and more effective.

CLUB FEET I claim the only mechanical system to straighten born Club Feet (Patented.) I will prove to anybody that operation never did nor can straighten Club Feet. Send 6 cent stamps for Book.

CHAS. CLUTHE, 118 King St. W., Toronto.

CHAS. CLUTHE,

of 118 King St. West, Toronto, Ontario, will be at the QUEEN'S HOTEL, BELLEVILLE, Friday and Saturday, MARCH 15TH and 16TH. Call early and avoid disappointment. No FAILURE. Will hold the most OBSTINATE cases of RUPTURE WITH EASE AND COMFORT.

Manufacturers Life & Accident INSURANCE COMPANIES.

Combined authorized capital	$3,000,000
Combined subscribed capital	739,700
Combined cash capital	150,760
Combined insurance received (1888)	9,575,525

President - Sir John A. Macdonald.
Vice Presidents { Geo. Gooderham, Esq., William Bell, Esq.
Secretary and Treasurer—J. L. Kerr, Esq.
Managers for Eastern Ontario, Peterboro—Wilson & Morrison.

R. CROFT HULME
Agent, Belleville.

☞ Agents wanted.

This Company wrote the largest amount of new business of any company in Canada in 1888. It has the largest capital and the strongest Board of Directors of any company in the Dominion.

PILES! PILES! PILES!

Dr. William's Indian Pile Ointment is a sure cure for Blind, Bleeding or Itching Piles. No one need suffer. Prepared for Piles only. It never fails to cure. Sold by druggists for $1.00, or mailed on receipt of price. WILLIAMS Mf'g Co., Cleveland, Ohio.

Daily Intelligencer.

RIGHTED AT LAST.

A STORY OF NEW ENGLAND LIFE.

> A child of our grandmother Eve, a female;
> Or, for thy more sweet understanding, a woman.
> *Love's Labor Lost.*

One evening, when I entered Mrs. Ellis's room, I found her looking over a letter with a troubled face. Her face was easily troubled nowadays, and always fearful of bad news from Miss Michal, I ventured to ask if she had heard from her.

'No,' she replied, querulously. 'I suppose you are impatient. It is natural, perhaps, for one so ambitious of wealth and independence.'

I was weary—jaded by a hard day's work—in one of those moods where a kind word is of more value than 'apples of gold,' and it was some time before I could summon courage to reply:

'You entirely mistake the purport of my question, madam,' I said, finally, 'and the taunt conveyed in your words is unmerited. If I have sometimes longed for a freer life—if it has seemed hard that all my days must be spent in barely providing for the body, it has not been from overweening ambition or greed. The terms on which I have remained here prove that, and, if you refer to Mr. Cavendish's property, you will please remember that I claimed nothing but the right to bear my father's name.'

'True; but, knowing the generous, impulsive disposition of Michal and Edward, you, probably, felt quite safe in making that display.'

'Display!'

'The act of declining that to which one has know legal right can hardly be called anything else, whatever pretentions it may assume.'

I felt the force of her words, and for a brief space stood silent, humiliated before the image they presented, but, conscious of my integrity of purpose, I said:

'It certainly was not intended as such; moreover, the proof in my possession was sufficient to induce your lawyer and your sons to offer a compromise.'

'Edward, you mean; neither my son James nor myself favored the proposal.'

'Yet you preferred that they should work or beg, rather than accept the property that I renounced!'

'Yes; I scorn to have my children take that to which they have not a clear, undisputed right!'

'You think me mean, then!'

'I did not say so; the inference is yours, not mine. But I do think, when one in your circumstances makes such a claim, and, what is very singular, defers speaking of it until the only person, whose slightest word could have settled the matter beyond dispute, is dead, she should make some effort to prove it. Money—is a sore temtation; there are few who can pass its ordeal scathless.'

'It is, indeed, and a sore curse too, since it has the power to make poverty synonymous with baseness,' I said, 'made intolerable by degrading suspicion and insinuation. And here, Mrs. Ellis, our relations end. Michal and Edward will believe me; and possibly, when we meet again, I shall not lack the proof of which you speak.'

She looked at me quietly a second, before she said:

'I think I have had occasion to remind you once before, Miss Lathrop—I beg pardon, Miss Cavendish—that these tragedy airs are unnecessary. The window is raised in the hall, I think. You will please close it as you pass.'

Was this my dismissal?—or had she really not understood me?

I went to my room and tried to settle upon some plan for the future. Stay there I would not.

'What! Go and leave James Sancroft master of the field?' said pride.

'Yes; better do that than stay to endure scorn, suspicion, and contempt!—and I will go at once,' I said, for I heard the voice of Edward in the hall—'go before he learns to despise me!'

I took no counsel of calm Reason, but immediately folded such clothes as I could put in my satchel, placed it by the side of Ollie's little trunk, and went to bed. Miss Roe soon came up, and, thinking me asleep, crept quietly down by my side, and was soon sound in slumber. Toward morning I arose, dressed, put the small sum remaining of my last quarter's salary into my pocket, and, taking my satchel and the little trunk, made my way down stairs and out into the silent night.

I paused for a moment, and looked up at Miss Michal's window with a silent blessing; then stood looking at the diverging roads, uncertain, as Hagar in the wilderness, which to take. A breath of wind moved the tree tops; I fancied I could distinguish the murmur of the Pines, and I struck across the fields toward them. The house with its quaint gables looked beautiful in the moonlight, and, for a brief while, I fancied myself its mistress. I paced its rooms, trained its roses, planted its flower-beds, enjoyed its sunsets, but always *alone.* Then I put Edward there, with some fair young wife, whose loving hands only left his arm, as they strolled through the walks, to caress the dimpled little children that frolicked around them, or paused from their play at sunset, to listen, with hushed voices and large, round eyes, to the solemn murmur of the pines; I saw refinement, graceful hospitality, domestic happiness, in the place of isolation; and my decision was made. I did not awaken dear old Alice, but, with a silent benediction, I turned and went away.

CHAPTER XX.

IN A NOVEL SITUATION.

Whither? This was the question that occupied my thoughts when I entered the solitary 'ladies' room' at the depot in M— and looked out on the diverging tracks. Anywhere beyond the reach of Edward Ellis, who, I felt sure, would leave no means untried to find me. The parting words of Hannah Smith had recurred to me more than once. Of her they knew nothing. And late in the afternoon of that day I stood in the streets of the busy manufacturing town of W——, making inquiries for her brother's house.

A rosy-cheeked lad, who sat on a box, whistling a popular negro melody, unpuckered his lips long enough to reply, and tempted by the offer of a trifling remuneration, agreed to show me the way to the house. He resumed his melody, and we marched on for a mile or more, when he halted, and pointing to one of a row of two story-buildings broke off with a decided *staccato* and a—'There, that's the house!' took his fee, and, taking up his strain again, went down the street, clinking his money as an accompaniment. I looked after him a moment with envious eyes, then mounted the steps, and knocked. No one answered, but several children left their play on the sidewalk, and stared at me. I knocked again, but my effort not seeming sufficiently energetic for Young America, one of them ran up the steps, saying:

'Let me give it a thump—I'll raise 'em!'

He did, for he had barely time to run back and hide his laughing face among his companions, when the door was opened; a young woman, of no very benignant aspect, thrust out her head, crying:

'You young rascals!—' but, seeing me, she drew back with a hardly more amiable—

'I don't want anything. I never trade with peddlers.'

I looked down at Ollie's little trunk, which I carried in my hand, and could not help smiling, but, seeing her about to close the door, I asked: 'Does Miss Hannah Smith live here?'

(*To be continued*).

Common Croup

Is often fatal when not remedied in time. Leslie B. Nicholson, Wellesley Ave., Toronto, says: "As a quick cure for croup, colds, sore throat, chilblains, etc., I can recommend Hagyard's Yellow Oil." It is a sure cure. Directions accompany each bottle

The Loss of the Hair

Is a great misfortune and the sight of a bald head should be a warning to you to take the best possible care of your hair. A little of Dr. Dorenwend's "Hair Magic" used occasionally will prevent all chances of its falling out or turning gray, and will remove all traces of dandruff. Every druggist has it in stock. Ask for it.

A Dreadful Doom.

To be unable to satisfy hunger without being distressed by heartburn, indigestion, sick stomach, dizziness or faintness, seems a dreadful doom. All who suffer thus will find prompt relief and permanent cure in Burdock Blood Bitters. B.B.B. *positively cures* dyspepsia in any form.

CANADIAN---
---PACIFIC
RAILWAY.

Tuesday, Feb'y 26th,

AND EVERY TUESDAY THEREAFTER

---DURING---

MARCH AND APRIL

---WILL RUN---

SETTLERS' --- TRAINS

Trough without change to

MANITOBA,
North-West Territories,
and British Columbia,

Leaving Toronto Union Depot at 9:00 p. m.
No Customs. No Transfers. No Delays.
Full particulars from any agent of the company.

S. BURROWS,
Agent C. P. R., Belleville.

GERMAN
SHEET
MIRROR.

We can supply any of the regular stock sizes in German Sheet Mirror and cut these to replace breakages.

L. W. YEOMANS & CO.

Luxuriant Growths of Hair

are seen on the heads of all who use

DR. DORENWEND'S

Great German Hair Magic.

The equal of this great preparation is yet to be found. It is an unfailing restorer for Gray Hair. It stops and prevents all falling out of the hair. It removes all Dandruff and keeps the scalp clean. On Bald Heads (if there are but the faintest traces of roots) the "Magic" will produce a fine growth. Will you try it? or will you let your hair go and become prematurely old? What do you say?

All druggists, everywhere, have it for sale. Ask for it. Do not let the druggist tell you he has "something just as good." Many have dead stock of other hair tonics on hand and try to shove them off in this way.

See that each bottle bears seal and signature of

A. DORENWEND,
Sole Manufacturer,
Paris Hair Works, 103 & 105 Yonge St.,
Toronto, Ontario.

☞ Bangs, Frontpieces, Waves, Wigs, Switches, Gents' Wigs, Toupees and Hair Goods of all kinds are supplied by A. Dorenwend. Send to above address for circulars and prices.

SPECULATION!

Geo. A. Romer,
BANKER AND BROKER,
40 & 42 BROADWAY AND 51 NEW STREET,
New York City.

Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Provisions and Petroleum

BOUGHT, SOLD AND CARRIED ON MARGIN

P. S.—Send for explanatory pamphlet.
Aug 30, '88, dly

NEUFCHATEL
CREAM
CHEESE!

JUST RECEIVED.

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE,
Grocers & Wine Merchants,
33 & 37, Bridge Street
Also Front St., opp. Ritchie's.

BELLEVILLE POST OFFICE.

MAILS	Close	Due for Delivery.
East per G. T. R., including Maritime Provinces, and Picton	11:45 a. m. 10:00 p. m.	6:00 p. m 7:30 a. m.
West per G. T. R., including Western States, Manitoba and the North-West Territories	5.05 p.m. 10.00 p.m.	1:00 p. m. 7:30 a. m.
East and West, per G. T. R., closes on Sunday at 10 p. m.		
Marysville, Shannonville, per G. T. R	11:45 a. m.	6:00 p. m
Belleville Station, postage one cent	7.30 a. m. 5.05 p. m.	8.30 a. m. 6.00 p. m.
G'd Junction Ry., main line, including Peterboro', Stirling,	10:00 p. m	5:00 p. m.
Madoc, per Grand Junction Ry, including Queensboro, Cooper, Rimington, Bridgewater, and the Flats	11:45 a. m.	5:00 p. m.
Madoc Route, per stage	1:00 p. m.	12:00 noon.
Bancroft, Coe Hill, Marmora and all offices in North Hastings per Trenton and Coe Hill Railway	5 05 p. m. 10:00 p. m.	:30 a. m.
Bridgewater Route per stage, including Stoco daily	1:00 p. m.	12:00 noon.
Moira, Phillipston, Bogart, on Monday, Wednesday and Friday	1:00 p. m.	12:00 noon.
Fuller, on Tuesday and Friday	1:00 p. m.	12:00 noon.
Wallbridge, on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
Ameliasburg Route, per stage, including Mountain View and Crofton	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
Albury on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
Sidney Crossing, Wednesday and Saturday	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
Bay Side, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
British Mails, via New York, Monday and Thursday	11:45 a. m	
" " via Halifax, Canadian line Thursday	11:45 a. m.	

Postage, 5c. per ½ oz. by each route. Registration fee, 5c.

Money Orders granted on all Money Order offices in Canada, the United Kidgdom, France and Algeria, the United States, Newfoundland, Jamaica, Victoria (Australia), New South South Wales, Queensland, New Zealand Tasinania, Constantinople (Turkey), Gibraltar, Smyrna, Panama (British agency), Austria, Hungary, Belgium, China (See Hong-Kong), Denmark, including Iceland and the Faroe Islands, Danish West Indies, Dutch, East Indies, Egypt, Germam empire (which includes 26 States), Holland, (Netherlands), Italy, Japan, Norway, Portugal, including Madiera and the Azores, Romania, Sweden, Switzerland, British India, including Aden, Bagdad, Bandor, Abas, Bushire, Busrah, Guadur, Jask, Linga, Muscat and Zanzibar, Ceylon, Hong Kong, including Amoy, Canton, Foo Chow, Han Kow Hoi-how, Ningpo Shanghai and Swatow, North Borneo, Strait Settlements, Bermuda, Falkland Islands, South and West Africa, including Cape Colony, Gambia, Gold Coast, Lagos, Mauritius Natal, St. Helena, Seychellos Islands, Sierra, Leone, West Indies including Antignu, Bahams, Barbadoes, British Guiana, Dominica, Grenada, Honduras, (British), Montserrat, Nevis, St. Kitts, St. Lucia, St. Vincent, Tobago, Trinidad, Turk's Islands, South Australia, Western Australia, Azores Islands, Madera Islands.

Deposits received, under the regulations of the Post Office Savings' Bank, between the hours of 9 a. m. and 4 p. m.

Registered Letters must be posted 15 minutes before the close of each mail

Street letter boxes emptied at 10 a. m. and 8 p. m.

Office hours, 7:30 a. m. to 6:30 p. m., Sundays excepted.

FOREIGN POSTAGE.

Canada having been admitted into the Postal Union, there is a re-arrangement of Postage rates, as follows:—

For Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Iceland, Egypt, France, Algeria, Germany, Gibraltar, Great Britain and Ireland, Greece, Italy, Luxembourg, Malta, Montenegro, Netherlands, Norway, Persia, Portugal, Azores, Roumania, Russia, St. Pierre, Servia, Spain, the Canary Islands, Sweden, Switzerland and Turkey. And via United States:—Bermuda, Bahamas, Cuba, Danish Colonies of St. Thomas, St. John, St. Croix, Jamaica, Japan and Porto Rico (Newfoundland is now in the Postal Union, but rates remain as before.) Letters, 5 cents per ½ oz. Postal cards, 2 cents each. Newspapers, 2 cents for 4 oz. Registration fee, 5 cents.

For Aden, Argentine Confederation, Brazil, British Guinea, Ceylon, Greenland, French Colonies in Asia, Africa, Oceanica and America, except St. Pierre and Miquelon, Persia, Persian Gulf, Portuguese Colonies in Asia, Africa and Oceanica, Trinidad, Spanish Colonies Africa, Oceanica and America, except Cuba and Porto Rico, Straits settlements in Singapor Penany and Malacca:—Letters, 10 cents per ½ oz. Post cards, 4 cents each. Newspapers, cents for 4 oz. Books, &c., 4 cents for 4 oz. Other Registration fees, 10 cents.

West India Islands, via Halifax, same rate as formerly. Prepayment by stamp in all cases.

J. H. MEACHAM
Postmaster

Do you suffer from disease of the Liver, Stomach, Kidneys or Bowels? Try them and be cured. Do you suffer from Rheumatism or Gout? Try them. Do you suffer from Skin Disease, Boils, Sores, Bad Legs, Wounds or Ulcers? Try them and be healed.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS & OINTMENT

This is the result of their use in every part of the world. They are genuine remedies, used by rich and poor with never-failing success.

MANUFACTURED ONLY AT
THOMAS HOLLOWAY'S Establishment,
78, NEW OXFORD ST.,
LONDON.

☞ Purchasers should look to the Label on the Boxes and Pots. If the address is not 533, OXFORD STREET, LONDON, they are spurious.

California Evaporated Fruits!

NECTARINES.
APRICOTS,
PRUNELLES, PLUMS,

PEACHES,
CHERRIES,
CRYSTALIZED FIGS.

CONGER BROS.

Sun Life Assurance Company

——OF CANADA.——

I have great pleasure in announcing to the Policy-holders and friends of the Company that the Applications for New Life Assurances received during the year 1887 were again larger than in any previous year in the Company's history, being more than $3,500,000, on which policies were issued for over $3,000,000. The year's operations have also resulted in a large and very satisfactory addition to the assets, which now amount to over $1,750,000.

AGENTS WANTED ON SALARY.

W. T. MCINTYRE,
General Agent, Belleville.

HAGYARD'S
YELLOW OIL
CURES RHEUMATISM

FREEMAN'S
WORM POWDERS
Are pleasant to take. Contain their own Purgative. Is a safe, sure and effectual destroyer of worms in Children or Adults.

To the POLICY-HOLDERS and FRIENDS of the

Ontario Mutual Life Assurance Co.

I have much pleasure in stating that our business for the past year just closed has been one of the most satisfactory in the history of our Company, and desire to express my thankfulness for the many favors received.

We have just entered on our TWENTIETH YEAR, and, by strict attention to business, hope to merit a continuance of your patronage.

I have the honor to remain,

Your obedient servant,

S. BURROWS,
General Agent Ontario Mutual Life Co'y.

S. ROUGHTON, }
W. E. HOLTON, } Special Agents.

$72 a week. $12 a day at home easily made. Costly outfit free. Address True & Co., Augusta, Maine.

Self-Raising
Buckwheat
Flour!

A FRESH SUPPLY JUST RECEIVED.

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE,
Grocers and Wine Merchants.
33 & 37 Bridge Street.
Also Front Street, }
Opp. Ritchie's. }

NEW
Wall Paper!

—AT—

--S. A. LAZIER'S--
ROBERTSON'S BLOCK
October 16th

NEW LINES
—IN—
CAKES and PASTRY.

Angel Cake, Coffee Cake, Queen Victoria, Adelaide, and a great many other varieties.

Florida Oranges, Almeria Grapes and New Figs, just received at

DICKENS.

P. S.—We would respectfully ask all retailers to drop in and see us and the large line of Candies we are offering at wholesale.

DICKENS & SON.

CALIFORNIA
EVAPORATED
FRUITS

NECTARINES,
APRICOTS,
PEACHES,
PLUMS.

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE
Grocers & Wine Merchants,
33 & 37 Bridge Street.
Also Front St., opp. Ritchie's

FOR MEN ONLY!

A POSITIVE CURE For LOST or FAILING MANHOOD; General and NERVOUS DEBILITY; Weakness of Body and Mind; Effects of Errors or Excesses in Old or Young. Robust, Noble MANHOOD fully Restored. How to Enlarge and Strengthen WEAK, UNDEVELOPED ORGANS & PARTS of BODY. Absolutely unfailing HOME TREATMENT—Benefits in a day. Men testify from 47 States, Territories, and Foreign Countries. You can write them. Book, full explanation, and proofs mailed (sealed) free. Address ERIE MEDICAL CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

BEFORE BUYING STOVES

Be sure to see our stock. We have in Coal Stoves the

Imperial Jewel,
Fancy Countess,
Art Favorite,
Fire King and others.

Also a great variety of RANGES and COOK STOVES, which we are selling at right prices.

C. F. SMITH & CO.
388, FRONT STREET.

To WATER Consumers

PLEASE call at the office and pay your Water Rate, which was due on the 1st of January.

Those in arrears for Plumbing will also please pay without further notice.

THE BELLEVILLE WATER WORKS CO.

J. H. MILLS,
--Merchant : Tailor,--
OPPOSITE GEO. RITCHIE & CO'S

THE MAGOG TEXTILE & PRINT CO.

Will offer for Spring Trade the LARGEST, CHEAPEST and MOST VARIED range of Prints ever shown, including

SPRING NOVELTIES
—OF—
LATEST PARIS DESIGNS!

Merchants will do well to see their samples before buying elsewhere. Early advice will be given when Travellers will call.

St Peter Street, - Montreal.

HASTINGS
LOAN AND INVESTMENT SOCIETY
BELLEVILLE, ONT.

CAPITAL $250,000

MONEY TO LOAN on Farm or City property, at lowest current rates.

Payments can be made to fall due at any season of the year to suit borrowers. No delay in obtaining the money beyond the time necessary employed in the investigation of titles.

MORTGAGES PURCHASED.

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT.

FOUR PER CENT interest allowed on Deposit. No notice required of withdrawal.

OFFICE—Robertson's Block, east side of Front Street.

Straight loans at 7 per cent. No fines. No commissions.

J. P. C. PHILLIPS.
Manager
3d&wly

PARMELEE'S Asphaltic ROOF PAINT.

It will entirely stop the rusting of tin and iron roofs.

It will entirely stop the wearing away and decay of the exposed wood of shingle roofs.

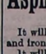
It has been accepted by the City, the County, and the chief Real Estate Owners of the City.

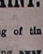
I will be glad to give estimates of cost at any time and anywhere.

H. S. PARMELEE,
Belleville.

432,000
FIRE CRACKERS
—AT THE—
—CITY BAKERY—
Wholesale and Retail.
JAS. WALLACE.

The Great English Prescription.





A successful Medicine used over 30 years in thousands of cases. Cures *Spermatorrhea, Nervous Weakness, Emissions, Impotency* and all diseases caused by abuse. [BEFORE] indiscretion, or over-exertion. [AFTER] Six packages *Guaranteed to Cure when all others Fail.* Ask your Druggist for The Great English Prescription, take no substitute. One package $1. Six $5, by mail. Write for Pamphlet. Address Eureka Chemical Co., Detroit, Mich.

FOR SALE BY D. M. WATERS.

INTELLIGENCER PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY LIMITED.

J. C. JAMIESON, President. | J. W. LONDON, Secretary

THE Treasurer is the only person authorised to receive moneys for the Company, or to grant receipts for the same.

All Bills, Notes, Cheques, and other documents binding on the Company, will require the signature of the President, in addition to that of the Treasurer.

THE INTELLIGENCER is printed and published for the INTELLIGENCER Printing and Publishing Company (Limited) by JAMES C. JAMIESON, resident in Belleville, at their Office, Front St., south of Hotel St.

THE RATHBUN COMPANY,

Having transferred me to their Brockville branch, I beg to thank my friends and customers for the liberal patronage and kindness extended to me during my residence in Belleville, and also to bespeak the same treatment to Mr. R. C. Calhoun, my successor.

P. J. SHANNON.

The Daily Intelligencer.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL. 22. BELLEVILLE ONTARIO, THURSDAY MARCH 7, 1889. NO. 26

THE RATHBUN CO.

Having appointed me Agent for their Belleville branch, I take this opportunity of soliciting a continuance of the patronage which they have hitherto enjoyed through the popular management of Mr. Shannon. It will be my desire and aim to maintain and add to this patronage, which fair dealing and a thorough knowledge of the requirements of the trade leads me to hope for.—R. C. CALHOUN.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

G. DENMARK.

BARRISTER, Solicitor, etc. Office, Front Street.

W. B. NORTHRUP, M. A.

BARRISTER, Solicitor, &c. Offices: North Bridge St., between Front St. and Lower Bridge.

Money to loan—private and company funds.

J. C. CONNELL, M.A., M.D., C.M.

DISEASES of the Eye, Ear, Throat and Nose. Surgeon to Kingston General Hospital. Office—No. 279, King Street, Kingston. Dr. Connell will be at the Queen's Hotel, Belleville, on the first Tuesday of each month Sept. 5 d&wly

E. GUSS PORTER,

BARRISTER, Solicitor, Notary Public, &c. office in the Robertson Block, east side of Front Street.

☞Private Money to Loan. 271d&wl

DR. ELIZABETH EMBURY,

GRADUATE of Queen's University, Licentiate of the College of Physicians and Surgeons, Ontario.

Office and residence—Harrison's Block, Front Street, across the hall from rooms formerly occupied by Dr. Farley, over Holland's jewellery store. Diseases of women and children a specialty. d&wtf

HENRY CARRE, C. E.,
M. C. Soc. C. E.,

DOM. and Prov'l Land Surveyor, late of the firm of Macleod & Carre, P. L. S. References: John Bell, Esq., Solicitor G. T. R., W. H. Ponton, Esq., Registrar of the County. Office—McAnnany Block, opposite Skinner & Redick's. Belleville, Ont., P. O. Box 203. 20d&w

J. F. WILLS,

BARRISTER, Solicitor, Notary Public, &c. Office, corner Front and Campbell Streets, Belleville, Ont. Money to loan, Company and private funds. 24d&w

J WALTER ROSS, M. D , C. M.

GRADUATE of the University of Trinity College, Toronto. Physician, surgeon, accoucheur. Office and residence West Front Street, one door north of entrance to Foot Bridge. d&wly

JOHN J. FARLEY, M. D., C. M., M. R. C. S., England.

OFFICE and Residence—corner of Bridge and George Streets—three streets east of the Post Office.

ROBERT BOGLE,

LOAN and real estate agent. MONEY TO LOAN at lowest rates. Office, opposite Roy's Brewry, Front St., Belleville.

GEO. CLINTON, M. D., C. M

OFFICE and residence Bridge St., between William and George Sts , third block east of Bridge Street Methodist Church. Telephone No. 44. d&w

GEO. J. SHERRY,

BARRISTER, &c. Office. Metropolitan Block, next door north of Dominion Bank, Front St. Branch Office, Stirling. 116

EDGAR M. COOK, M. D.,

HOMOEOPATHIC Physician and Surgeon. Office and residence, West Front Street, in the late Dr. Abbott's premises, over Brignall & Thompson's store. TELEPHONE. 175dtf

GEO. D. DICKSON, Q. C.,

BARRISTER, &c., Post Office Block Bridge Street Belleville.

WILLIAM N. PONTON,

BARRISTER, Solicitor Notary Public, Conveyancer. Office, over Express and Telegraph Office, Thompson Block, Bridge St., Belleville. Money to loan—private funds. Agent or the Trust and Loan Company of Canada.

DR. BURDETT

IS pleased to inform his friends that he is again able to render his professional services as before. 176 6m

DRUNKENNESS

Or the Liquor Habit, Positively Cured by Administering Dr. Haines' Golden Specific.

It can be given in a cup of coffee or tea without the knowledge of the person taking it; is absolutely harmless, and will effect a permanent and speedy cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. It has been given in thousands of cases, and in every instance a perfect cure has followed. *It never fails.* The system once impregnated with the Specific, it becomes an utter impossibility for the liquor appetite to exist. For circulars and full particulars address GOLDEN SPECIFIC CO., 185 Race St., Cincinnati, O.

BANKING OFFICE
—OF—
U. E. THOMPSON
BRIDGE STREET, BELLEVILLE, ON

American Currency and Drafts Bought and Sold.

Deposits received, subject to withdrawn with out notice and interest allowed

EYE, EAR & THROAT
DR. RYERSON.

L. R. C. P., L. R. C S. E., Lecturer on the Eye, Ear and Throat, Trinity Medical College, Toronto, and Surgeon to the Mercer Eye and Ear Infirmary.
60 College Avenue, Toronto.

M. C. ROBLIN
ISSUER OF
MARRIAGE LICENCES

and agent of the Lancashire Insurance Company. Office over Hooey & Sons, Front Street Belleville 1884 1y

A. G. NORTHRUP,
Issuer of Marriage Licences,
OFFICE—SHIRE HALL, BELLEVILLE
November 10

PENNYROYAL WAFERS.

Prescription of a physician who has had a life long experience in treating female diseases. Is used monthly with perfect success by over 10,000 ladies. Pleasant, safe, effectual. Ladies ask your druggist for Pennyroyal Wafers and take no substitute, or inclose postage for sealed particulars. Sold by all druggists, $1 per box. Address THE EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., DETROIT, MICH.

FOR SALE BY D. M. WATERS.

Try FROSTILLA.

—o—

It softens the roughest skin and keeps it in good condition.

It contains nothing greasy or sticky, is nicely perfumed, a lady's toilet not complete without it.

An elegant face dressing for gentlemen after shaving.

For sale at the PHARMACY.

D. M. WATERS,

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

GREAT REDUCTION
—IN—
Sleighs & Baskets
—AT THE—
City Book Store.

—o—

Having decided to take Baskets from stock, will, for a week, offer them at cost.

Sleighs also for balance of season at bottom prices Including a few Children's Cutters which should be seen by any who could use them.

C. B. SCANTLEBURY,
Headquarters for School Publications,
New Music and Fine Stationery.

NEWCOMBE PIANOFORTES

AWARDED FIRST SILVER MEDAL

WORLD'S EXPOSITION, NEW ORLEANS, U.S.A., 1884-5, in competition with the pianofortes of Europe and America. The only U.S. International Medal ever awarded to a Canadian pianoforte; also Medal and Diploma at the Colonial and Indian Exhibition, London, Eng., 1886, with the supreme honor of supplying Her Majesty the Queen with a Newcombe Grand, selected by Sir Arthur Sullivan. For Illustrated Catalogue, prices and terms,

Address Octavius Newcombe & Co.,
MANUFACTURERS

WAREROOMS, 107-109 CHURCH ST., TORONTO
FACTORY, 89 TO 97 BELLWOODS AVENUE

CLARKE'S
Glycerine ∴ Jelly

For ROUGH SKIN, CHAPPED HANDS, SORE LIPS, etc.

It penetrates the skin, leaving it soft and white.

It is not sticky, and a glove can be put on immediately after using.

Price 20 cents. For sale by

-F. CHARLES CLARKE,-
CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST.
Telephone 138. Front Street.

DUNN'S BAKING POWDER
THE COOK'S BEST FRIEND

Gents' ∴ Furnishings!

—o—

A FULL LINE of Gentlemen's Goods for the Fall and Winter.

Shirts made to order and a good fit guaranteed.

C. J. PANTER.

HAGYARD'S PECTORAL BALSAM
CURES COUGHS, COLDS, HOARSENESS, ETC.

NEVER ALLOW the bowels to remain constipated lest serious evil ensue. National Pills are unsurpassed as a remedy for constipation.

Daily Intelligencer.

ALEX. AND THE ACTRESS.

THE BATTENBURG'S MARRIAGE CAUSES CONSTERNATION.

The Queen Said to be Annoyed Beyond Measure—Empress Frederick's Mortification Even More Profound.

LONDON, March 6.—A thunderbolt in a summer sky could not have created more amazement and consternation than was caused at Windsor Castle by the news of Prince Alexander of Battenberg's mesalliance. The Queen is annoyed beyond measure as, after having allowed her daughter and granddaughter to contract morganatic alliances with two of the princes of Battenberg, it is highly provoking that a member of the family should marry an actress. Luckily for Prince Alexander and his bride they are beyond her reach. Everyone knows how zealously the Queen has exerted herself to forward Prince Alexander's interests, both public and private, and he has certainly proved that love has been more potent with him than gratitude. The mortification of the Empress Frederick is for obvious reasons even more profound, as she had constituted herself the champion of Prince Alexander during the whole of the last year, and now feels that she has compromised herself. She has shown herself to be entirely wanting in that wisdom which she wishes all Europe to suppose that she possesses by allowing her daughter to be ignominiously jilted by an individual of whose suit she had so warmly approved, and herself to be egregiously hoaxed.

The truth about the matter is that last August, when the squabbles about the Emperor Frederick's diary were amicably settled, Emperor William consented that his sister should marry Alexander, on the condition that the couple undertook to live quite privately at a distance from Berlin. It was then arranged that the marriage should take place in the private chapel at Windsor during the winter. Prince Alexander and his bride were to have lived at Cronberg, in the Taunus, where the Empress Frederick had purchased a villa for them adjoining her own.

About two months ago Emperor William was informed of Alexander's flirtation with Mlle. Leisinger, and I hear that after discussing the matter with his brother, Prince Henry, with Prince Bismarck and with his eldest sister, the hereditary Princess of Saxe Meiningen, he sent to his mother in England a peremptory letter forbidding the marriage. The Emperor has absolute power over his relatives, as by the Hohenzollern family statutes he can deprive any prince or princess who disobeys him of any share in the state fund or family fortune. The Emperor later on explained to his mother that Alexander was trifling with Princess Victoria and acquainted her with the Leisinger story.

Then there came a right royal row at Osborne, as both the Queen and Empress were not [illegible] furious, but also much ashamed [illegible] ing so seriously committed themselves in support of Alexander. Poor Prince Henry, who has been languishing in the north wind of royal favor since this explosion, was ordered to write a letter to Alexander, then at Darmstadt, requesting an immediate and full explanation of the story which the Queen and the Empress could scarcely bring themselves to credit, whereupon the offender suddenly resigned his commission in the German army, a step which was at once followed by his private marriage, which was not intimated in any way to his relatives in Germany or to his patrons in England. The royal family learned it from the newspapers.

HENRY LABOUCHERE.

The Gold Fever in Southern California.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 6.—The gold excitement in Lower California near Ensenada is increasing. Work on the Cuyamaca, San Diego and Eastern Railway is stopped and the workmen are leaving in a body for the mines. Steamers between San Diego and Ensenada have doubled their rates, but the rush continues and stages are now running overland carrying many persons direct to the mines. San Diego papers declare that the development covers 100 miles square and that placer mines are making a great deal of money. Thirteen thousand dollars in gold dust were brought into Ensenada and San Diego yesterday.

A San Diego special says: The Mexican border at Lia Juna has had the appearance of war for two days. Nearly 100 teams and trains and 500 prospectors gathered there to enter the gold fields. They wanted to evade the custom officers and the red tape and attempted to force their way into Mexico. Mexican troops were called out and the trespassers were forced back. The Union publishes statements from Prof. Anthony, Chas. Bennett, John R. Berry and others of undoubted veracity saying that the fields are phenomenally rich. Fully 1000 people are in camp. All the peninsular towns are deserted.

Business Crashes in the States.

TRENTON, N. J., March 6.—Willets & Co., extensive manufacturers of pottery, are financially embarrassed. Two of their notes to-day went to protest. The company employs 300 men. The company reported its assets in September at $302,000 and its liabilities at $103,000.

COLUMBUS, O., March 6.—The Mahoning National Life Association, doing an insurance business on the mutual assessment plan, failed to-day and a receiver was appointed. An inventory shows $30,000 cash, notes and accounts $21,000. The association has risks amounting to $10,000,000.

Suicide in Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, O., March 6.—Nathan A. Wilson, secretary of the Cleveland Stove Company, shot himself dead this morning while sitting at his desk. His father is president of the company. This afternoon the company assigned. The nominal assets are $200,000, liabilities nearly $90,000. The assignment was made, it is said, to tide the company over the excitement caused by the secretary's suicide and to prevent hasty action by creditors. It is thought Wilson was depressed because of too close attention to business.

Navigation Opened on the Hudson.

NEWBURGH, N. Y., March 6.—The propeller Newburgh of the Ramsdell Transportation Company opened navigation on the Hudson River between New York and Newburgh this evening by making a trip from New York to Newburgh in 5½ hours. She had no difficulty with ice.

Robert Garrett's Condition.

RINGWOOD, N. J., March 6.—Robert Garrett, the insane millionaire, left here this morning in care of his physician and attendants en route for Mexico. Mr. Garrett's condition is greatly improved by his sojourn here, but he is not considered out of danger of a relapse.

Murdered by a Rum-crazed Hostler.

NEW YORK, March 6.—Mrs. Michael Martin, wife of a coachman, as she lay ill in bed had her skull fractured to-night, being struck with a flatiron by rum-crazed Burt Brown, a hostler who boarded there. Mrs. Martin is dying. Brown was arrested.

A ROYAL WOLF HOUND

THE ONLY ONE OF HIS KIND IN AMERICA.

He was Once an Attache of the Czar's Court—His Amusing Adventures in New York City.

Of all the dogs at the recent bench show in New York, the dog that attracted the most attention was Ivan, a Siberian wolf hound from the Imperial kennels at St. Petersburg, and the only dog of his kind in America. Ivan was presented to Consul-General Way by an attache of the Czar's court. He was imported last Spring, and upon his arrival in New York was said to be a gift to Mrs. Cleveland, from the Czar.

The metropolitan experiences of Ivan are amusing. On the return of his owner to Russia he was presented to a relative. A New York apartment house was rather close quarters for one through whose veins coursed the blood of the famous Orloff. Ivan pined for the chase.

THIS IS IVAN.

One afternoon, while walking with his master in Central Park, he passed the menagerie. In an instant Ivan scented the wild buffalo. His Slavic blood, dormant for many months, was roused to a frenzied pitch. The hitherto docile pet became the savage brute which alone dares attack the Russian wolf in his lair.

Snap! went the chain. Ivan darted for his prey.

Fortunately for both, however, the buffalo were protected by a fence of wire netting. Baffled here Ivan ran wildly about, to the great consternation of the bystanders, policemen and guards. Clubs and pistols were brought into use, but the dog knew no fear. His master at last caught up with him, and said, looking into his velvety-brown eyes:

"Poor old fellow! Come, Ivan, come!" And affection proved more potent than violence.

A few days later Ivan was sent to spend the winter on a gentleman's estate on the Hudson. After reaching his new home and being duly exhibited he was allowed to wander at his own sweet will. Next day came the first snow, and Ivan was almost wild. He rolled in it, played with it, ate it and then rushed about for something to kill. Failing to find a foe worthy of his steel he compromised on cats of all sizes and colors. He began at home and finished at the neighbors.

The next morning a note came to his master filled with expressions of delight from the family for Ivan's visit, but as the country air did not seem to agree with him he would return to the city on the next train. And home went Ivan, a sadder and wiser dog.

Finally he was confided to the care of a bachelor friend of his master to take up quarters at a club. He was received every

IVAN AND THE BEAR.

day by a valet, and everything went nicely until one day Ivan attacked a stuffed bear on Sixth avenue and he and the valet were locked up. The valet telegraphed for his master, who came and bailed them out, saying he would have gladly paid the price of the bear to have seen the fun.

Ivan was acquitted, but accompanying the discharge came an order that he should not go unmuzzled in the street.

So Ivan was muzzled.

This powerful brute, so strong and so cruel to animals, seemed to love everything human, for he would rub his silky head against baby faces and wag his tail in contentment while their puggy little hands patted and caressed him.

THE ARIZONA KICKER.

Some Extracts from that Remarkable Journal of Civilization.

We take the following from the last issue of the Arizona Kicker:

GOOD FOR CHILDREN.—Maj. Bostwick, the owner of Grizzly Ranch, came in the other day and subscribed for the Kicker in the name of his 6-year-old son, who has been crying for it for the last two months. This is the fifth or sixth case where children have evinced their interest in and admiration for our great enterprise, and we cannot help but feel flattered.

While the Kicker will not enter the field to compete with the Sunday School Advocate or the Christian Herald we shall give everything a goodish twist and strive to point a moral and inculcate a lesson.

LAME EXPLANATIONS.—A stranger, supposed to be a man who is wanted for murder in Tucson, was discovered hiding under the bridge the other day and taken to jail to be held until identified. That night he dug his way out, and next day the Sheriff was around trying to get a hundred dollar bill changed. He says he found the bill on the street, but that story looks fishy. There isn't a man in this town that wouldn't yell a lung out if he lost that much money. The prisoner used a crowbar to dig out with, and the Sheriff says he must have had it concealed in his pistol pocket. The official owes us $15 and if we can get our hands on the money this week, we shall, in our next issue, advise the public to run him out of town as a dishonest scoundrel.

A SURPRISE PARTY.—Two or three weeks ago we denounced Col. Hallimell as a claim-jumper, mule-stealer, and wife-deserter, and added a few words to the effect that he would look well at the end of the rope. Saturday evening, as we were talking with the cashier of the First National Bank, the colonel approached us and warned up to prepare for death. Greatly to our own amazement and to the intense surprise of the whole street, we didn't run. On the contrary, we sailed into the colonel like a brick house falling on a sand fly, and we had him licked inside of five minutes.

We can't account for these freaks in our nature. Sometimes we fight like a tornado and again we run like a jack-rabbit. People intending to lay for us must take their chances.

NOT A CRITICISM.—In a law suit before Squire Jones last week fourteen reputable witnesses swore to seeing Pete Jackson carry off a rifle belonging to Abram Weeks. Jackson himself didn't deny the fact, refusing to plead at all, but his Honor discharged him. Why? Because Jackson's brother Jim sent four gallons of whisky around to his Honor's shanty the day before the trial.

We do not propose to criticise the judiciary of this town, but we feel impelled to remark that if Esquire Jones was soaked in the creek for about four days he'd be more worthy of the confidence of our people. We don't say that he sold himself for four gallons of whisky, but we are ready to form one of a committee to wait upon him and prove that has been drunk ever since the case was ended.—Detroit Free Press.

POPULAR SCIENCE.

"Water," writes Dr. Andrew Wilson in Once a Week, "forms over two-thirds by weight of our bodies; it enters into the composition of every tissue and part; it is needed to dissolve other foods, and it is demanded for the work of excretion—that is the getting rid of waste matters—itself. Suppose we analyze 1,000 parts of bone; in this amount there are contained 130 parts of water; in 1,000 parts of blood there are 795 parts of water, and in the same amounts of brain and flesh there are 789 and 750 parts of water respectively. A man deprived of all food, solid and liquid, dies in from 7 to 8 or 10 days. On water alone, the necessary air-food breathed into the lungs being left out of reckoning, a man may exist for many days, and may recover his health and strength at the close of the fact, by aid of judicious feeding. Water is the only food, in short, which will keep the body "going," in a physiological sense, in the absence of all other forms and kinds of nitroment. Water alone will not perfectly nourish the body, but it will keep the animal machine working at a low rate of pressure, it may be, but still performing its duties in a way, and capable in due season, and unless starvation has proceeded too far, of being restored to the normal and natural state."

Some rare metals, possessing special qualities, are required for certain work. Thus palladium is used in making some parts of timepieces, and irridium for the points of gold pens, and the uninitiated have no idea of the value of such scarce products. Vanadium costs, for instance, 123,900 francs per kilogramme; zeconium, 79,295 francs, and lithium, which is the lightest of metals, 77,090 francs per kilogramme. Rhodium, which is extremely hard and brittle, and is only fusible at a very high temperature, fetches 25,330 franks, and irridium, the heaviest substance hitherto discovered, costs 12,005 francs per kilogramme. It will therefore be seen that gold and silver are far from being the most precious metals as far as their market value is concerned.

A dealer in cutlery expresses the opinion that not one man in fifty knows how to sharpen a pocket-knife. "A razor," he says, "must be laid flat on the hone, being hollow-ground and requiring a fine edge. But a pocket-knife requires a stiff edge, and the moment you lay it flat on a stone, so as to touch the polished side, you ruin the edge. The blade must be held at an angle of twenty or twenty-five degrees and have an edge similar to a chisel. This is technically called the 'cannel,' and is marked on all new knives by a fine white line which does not remove or touch the polished surface. Knives improperly whetted are often condemned as too hard or too soft without reason."

A discovery is reported to have been made by a Berlin physician, Dr. Ernst Flothow, which ought to be a note of warning to all who indulge in snuff. He was consulted by a patient who was troubled by severe headaches. The physician's inquiries revealed the fact that the patient had been given to an immoderate use of snuff. The snuff-box was produced, and a microscopic investigation showed that it was swarming with bacteria, which appeared in the form of a fine whitish powder. These parasites, it is stated, bore into the walls of the nasal cavity, where they multiply rapidly, and finally find their way to the brain.

The antidote for all acids except chromic, prussic, oxalic and the arsenic series is white of eggs well beaten up with water, or a teaspoonful of mustard flour in a cup of hot water; or, in case of very strong acids, very thick lime water.

Getting in Nice Shape.

Bobby had slipped back into the dining-room and was hurriedly discussing a second piece of apple pie when his mother came in.

"You said I could, ma," he remarked, in answer to her reproof. "You told me I mustn't go over to Willie Waffle's until I was in apple-pie order, an' a boy can't get in apple-pie order on only one piece.—New York Sun.

An Old Family.

Mr. De Pink—"My dear, I've found a husband for you."

Miss De Pink—"Does he belong to an old family?"

Mr. De Pink—"Yes, indeed. All his brothers are over 80, and he's gray-headed himself."—Philadelphia Record.

SIR CHARLES' VISIT.

It is Thought he Has Come to Press a Fast Atlantic Service.

OTTAWA, March 6.—The impression prevails here among well-informed people that Sir Charles Tupper's unexpected arrival in this country is at the solicitation of Sir George Stephen and his associates, who are impressed with the idea that it is of vital importance to the interests of the Canadian Pacific Railway that a fast Atlantic service exclusively to Canada should at once be instituted. Their influence with the Government has already secured the stipulation that the new boats to be subsidized by the country shall be able to make twenty knots an hour against a heavy sea, and it is doubtful whether any company can undertake such a service for the half a million of dollars originally spoken of. Sir Charles is probably here to press the Government to accept the lowest tender, even if it be in excess of the sum contemplated.

The Inaugural Ball.

WASHINGTON, March 6.—The inaugural committee has achieved an unprecedented financial success. There were 12,000 tickets to the ball sold, netting $60,000. And it is expected that the receipts from the sale of tickets to the promenade concert held in the ball room yesterday and from the sale of souvenir ball tickets will bring this amount up to $70,000. The $50,000 guarantee subscribed by public-spirited citizens will be returned.

Busy Shaking Hands.

WASHINGTON, March 6.—The new cabinet officers had little opportunity to attend to official business this afternoon, as they were receiving a continuous line of callers, mostly people from their own states who came to offer congratulations. Most of the assistant secretaries tendered their resignations but will hold office for a short period until the heads have succeeded in getting into working order.

A Fatal Fall.

ST. PAUL, March 6.—J. H. Baker, employed to make public exhibitions with a self-acting fire escape, fell from the Ryan Hotel to-day and was fatally injured.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall-st., N. Y.

A High Valuation.

"If there was only one bottle of Hagyard's Yellow Oil in Manitoba, I would give one hundred dollars for it," writes Philip H. Brant, of Monteith, Manitoba, after having used it for severe wound and for frozen fingers, with, as he says, "astonishing results."

Dangerous Counterfeits.

Counterfeits are always dan [illegible] more so that they always closely IMITATE THE ORIGINAL IN APPEARANCE AND NAME. The remarkable success achieved by Nasal Balm as a positive cure for Catarrh and Cold in the Head has induced unprincipled parties to imitate it. The public are cautioned not to be deceived by nostrums imitating Nasal Balm in name and appearance, bearing such names as Nasal Cream, Nasal Balsam, etc. Ask for Nasal Balm and do not take any imitation dealers may urge upon you. For sale by all druggists or sent post-paid on receipt of price (50c. and $1,) by addressing Fulford & Co., Brockville, Ont.

Health Failing Fast.

I was swollen from head to foot from dropsy of six months' standing, and my health was failing fast, but after taking one bottle of Burdock Blood Bitters, I am quite well, and think there is no medicine equal to B. B. B., and to it I remain a true friend." Joseph Heric, Linwood, Ont.

There are a number of varieties of corns. Holloway's Corn Cure will remove any of them Call on your druggist and get a bottle at once.

Orin Catlin, 49 Pearl Street Buffalo, N. Y., says: I tried various remedies for the piles but found no relief until I used Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, which entirely cured me after a few applications.

Do not delay in getting relief for the little folks. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is a pleasant and sure cure. If you love your child why do you let it suffer when a remedy is so near at hand?

The cheapest medicine in use is Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, because so very little of it is required to effect a cure. For croup, diphtheria, and diseases of the lungs and throat, whether used for bathing the chest or throat, for taking internally or inhaling, it is a matchless compound.

Mr. Thomas Ballard, Syracuse, N. Y., writes: 'I have been afflicted for nearly a year with that most-to be dreaded disease Dyspepsia, and at times worn out with pain and want of sleep, and after trying almost everything recommended I tried one box of Parmelee's Valuable Pills. I am now nearly well, and believe they will cure me. I would not be without them for any money."

PARMELEE'S PILLS possess the power of acting specifically upon the diseased organs, stimulating to action the dormant energies of the system, thereby removing disease. In fact, so great is the power of this medicine to cleanse and purify, that diseases of almost every name and nature are driven from the body.' Mr. D. Carswell, Carswell P. O., Ont., writes: "I have tried Parmelee's Pills and find them an excellent medicine, and one that will sell well."

EXHAUSTED VITALITY.

THE SCIENCE OF LIFE, the great Medical Work of the age on Manhood, Nervous and Physical Debility, Premature Decline, Errors of Youth, and the untold miseries consequent thereon, 360 pages 8 vo., 125 prescriptions for all diseases. Cloth, full gilt, only $1, by mail, sealed. Illustrative sample free to all young and middle aged men. Send now. The Gold and Jewelled Medal awarded to the author by the National Medical Association. Address P. O. Box 1895, Boston, Mass., or Dr. W. H. PARKER, graduate of Harvard Medical College, 25 years' practice in Boston, who may be consulted confidentially. Specialty, Diseases of Men. Office, No. 4, Bulfinch Street,

NERVOUS DEBILITY.

NERVOUS DEBILITY, EXHAUSTING Vital Drains (caused by early indiscretions), effectually cured. Syphilitic affections and all bad blood and skin diseases arising there from thoroughly eradicated. Varicocele cured without operation Impotence, or premature decline of the manly powers, and all diseases of the genito-urinary organs a specialty. It makes no difference who has failed to cure you. Skill and experience important. A friendly letter or call may save you a great deal of misery and add years to your life. Consultation FREE. Medicines sent to any address. DR. REEVE, 337 Jarvis St., Toronto. 59d&wly

Montreal, Nov. 21, 1888.

MESSRS WILLIS & CO, 1,824 NOTRE DAME ST., CITY.

DEAR SIRS,—After having played on the Piano of Messrs. Bell & Co., of Guelph, Ont., it is impossible not to bear testimony to the qualities which have acquired for them the good reputation which they already enjoy. The Pianos of their manufacture are exceedingly remarkable for their qualities of tone The bass is powerful without harshness, and the upper notes sweet, clear and mellow. The Bell Pianos are unquestionably the best made in Canada, and I act up on my principle and give you to-day an order to furnish one for my own use. Canada is to be congratulated on having produced the Bell Piano.

J. B LABELLE, Professor of Music/ Organist Notre Dame Cathedral.

H. BULL AGENT.
BELLEVILLE.

WHY WILL YOU cough when Shiloh's Cure will give immediate relief? Price 10 cts., 50 cts., and $1. Sold by D. M. Waters.

NOTICE
—TO—
Contractors, Bridge-builders, etc.

CALL FOR TENDERS.

The Bay of Quinte Bridge Co'y.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Tenders for the construction of a highway bridge across the Bay of Quinte at the City of Belleville, will be received by the undersigned up to 12 o'clock, noon, on the 11th day of February, 1889. Plans may be seen at the office of the undersigned, and copies of the specifications and forms of tender will be furnished on application. The Company does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

U. E. THOMPSON,
Sec'y and Treasurer,
Bay of Quinte Bridge Co'y.

Dated at Belleville, this 29th day of December, 1888. sat&wed

—o—

TIME EXTENDED

THE time for receiving the above tenders is hereby extended to

THE 9TH DAY OF MARCH NEXT, AT 12 NOON.

By order of the board.

U. E. THOMPSON,
Secty.-Treas.

Belleville, Ont., Feb. 7th, 1889.

NATIONAL COLONIZATION
LOTTERY

Under the patronage of the Rev. Father Labelle

Established in 1884, under the Act of Quebec 32 Vict., Chapt. 36, for the benefit of the Diocesan Societies of Colonization of the Province of Quebec.

Class D.—The 21st Monthly Drawing will take place Wednesday, March the 20th, at 2 p. m.

Prizes value $50,000 00

Capital Prize: One real estate worth $5,000 00

1 Real Estate worth	$5,000	5,000
1 do	2 000	2,000
1 do	1,000	1,000
4 do	500	2,000
10 Real Estates	300	3,000
30 Furniture Sets	200	6,000
60 do	100	6,000
200 Gold Watches	50	10,000
1,000 Silver Watches	10	10,000
1,000 Toilet Sets	5	5,000

2,307 Prizes worth..........$50,000 00

TICKETS - - $1.00

Offers are made to all winners to pay their prizes cash, less a commission of 10 p. c.

Winners' names not published unless specially authorized

Drawings on the Third Wednesday of every Month.

S. E LEFEBVRE, Secretary,
Offices, 19 St. James street, Montreal, Can.
192d1y

Two Years' Profits!

—o—

THOSE INSURING IN THE
—"CANADA LIFE"—

before the 30th of April next will be entitled to two full years' profits in the division of April the 30th, 1890.

T. DONNELLY,
General Agent, Belleville.

AGENTS WANTED.
Feb'y 2, 1889. d&wly

S. W. BRADSHAW

Wishes to inform the citizens of Belleville that he has BOUGHT OUT THE

GROCERY
(lately occupied by Mr. Arch. Wallace,)
CORNER OF HOTEL AND ANN STREETS

where he intends to keep a full supply of the best of Groceries always fresh, and his stock of Provisions, such as Meats and Vegetables, will be especially fresh and in great variety and delivered with despatch All orders by telephone No. 53) will be promptly delivered to any part of the city.

N. B.—Please remember Telephone No. 53.

BITTER----
----ORANGES
—FOR—
MARMALADE
JUST RECEIVED.

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE
Grocers and wine merchants,
35 & 37 Bridge Street.

Also Front Street,
Opp. Ritchie's.

SPENCERIAN STEEL PENS
Are the Best,

IN THE ESSENTIAL QUALITIES OF
Durability, Evenness of Point, and Workmanship.

Works: Birmingham, England.

Sold by the leading Stationers.

----NEW----

Sugar Cured Hams, Breakfast Bacon, Finnan Haddies, Boneless Codfish, New Walnuts, New Filberts, S. S Almonds, Loose Muscatel Raisins, Black Basket Raisins, London Layer Raisins, Buckwheat Flour, Selfraising Buckwheat Flour, Roll Butter, Fresh Eggs

AT A. WALLACE'S.

RAYMOND C. ROLPH
SIGN PAINTER.

—o—

LETTERING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

Corner of Front and Campbell Streets.
80d1y

Daily Intelligencer.

THE DAILY INTELLIGENCER is published every evening except Sunday, and delivered by careful carriers in all parts of the city for Five Dollars a year, or Fifty Cents a month.

THE WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER is published every Thursday morning, and sent, postpaid, to any address in Canada, the United States or Great Britain for One Dollar a year.

ADVERTISEMENTS, first insertion, 10 cents per nonpareil line; each subsequent consecutive insertion, 5 cents per line; when not inserted every day, 10 cents per line each insertion.

READING MATTER NOTICES, 15 cents per line each insertion.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS, 50 cents each insertion. With notice of funeral added the charge for death notices is $1.

CONTRACTS made for business advertisements for one month or longer at reduced rates.

Remittances, Drafts, Cheques, and Post-Office Orders should be made payable to the order of

INTELLIGENCER PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO'Y (LIMITED), Belleville, Ont.

Largest Daily Circulation in Belleville.

BELLEVILLE, THURSDAY MAR. 7

POLITICAL TOM-FOOLERY.

In December last Mr. Butterworth, the Ohio Congressman who was one of Mr. Wiman's most active supporters in public advocacy of commercial union, presented in the House of Representatives a lengthy resolution inviting the Dominion to annex herself to the United States, one of the conditions precedent to the proposed union being that Canada's debt should be assumed by the United States. No action, so far as we are aware, was ever taken by Congress upon that resolution.

As a counterblast to Mr. Butterworth's buncombe motion, Mr. Mills, the Conservative member for Annapolis, has placed the following notice of motion upon the order paper of the House of Commons:

Resolved, that it appears the advisability of a union between Canada and the United States is now being generally discussed throughout said Republic, and the commercial advantages of such a union are considered by some of the leading business men in the Republic to be of much importance;

That it also seems as if the experiment of Republican Government has proved a practical failure, and there are strong indications that the dissolution of the federation known as the United States is imminent, and the spread of anarchy or the building up of other foreign powers in the adjacent States, known as the New England States, might imperil British interests on this continent;

That facts go to show that the said New England States, since severing their connection with the British Crown, have not made nearly as great progress relatively as the provinces of Canada, and while their return to their old allegiance would not only materially advance the trade and promote the prosperity of the people living in those States, but it would be a profitable benefit to the neighboring provinces;

That it is a recognized fact that the population of these States include many thousands of British born people who still own allegiance to our sovereign lady the Queen, though they have crossed the ocean and taken up their residence in these States:

That it is also well-known that one of the leading and influential papers of Massachusetts, representing the most important interests of that commonwealth, is urging a federation with Canada upon the citizens of the United States;

That the Parliament of Canada, now assembled, views this agitation with sympathy, and will do all in its power to aid in the annexation of such New England States and that his Excellency the Governor-General-in Council be, and is hereby, empowered to co-operate with her Majesty's Government in securing such amendment to the Act of British North America as may be necessary to extend the boundaries of the Dominion of Canada, such boundaries, however, not to be extended in a westerly direction beyond the Connecticut river, the Green Mountains and Lake Champlain;

That while the people of Canada, represented by their Parliament, are willing to welcome such of these New England States as wish to return to their old allegiance, they regard such a union as being more in the interests of said New England States than in that of Canada, and are unwilling that any force or undue influence should be used to bring about such a federation, nor would the people of Canada be willing to assume any burdens of debt of said New England States other than such as may be represented by the public works and buildings in such States as would be vested in the Crown in case said States were admitted into the Dominion.

Although Mr. Mills' resolution states some facts, and although it is a fairly effective satire upon Mr. Butterworth's buncombe, the order paper of the House of Commons is hardly a proper medium for the publication of matter which would find an appropriate place in the "funny" column of a newspaper. We can only, therefore, regard Mr. Mills' proposed motion as a piece of political tom-foolery and express the hope that its fate will be similar to that which Mr. Butterworth gravely offered for adoption by the Congress of the United States.

EDITORIAL BREVITIES.

One of the arguments advanced by the faddists in support of their project is that Canada needs cheaper goods — cheaper goods, be it remarked, from a country whose tariff is the highest in the world, and these parties have always taught that a high tariff means dear goods. To be consistent they ought to advocate free trade with the world, then the cheapest goods could be chosen, irrespective of the country in which they were produced or manufactured. The "cheaper goods" fallacy was, however, appraised at its true value ten years ago by our people. It is simply a cheap piece of specious clap-trap.

The new (alleged) cure for hydrophobia is being extensively advertised by means of a carefully concocted telegram to the associated press. Next in order will be the paid puffs and the introduction of the remedy.

The report which is now being published in the *Mail* of the Jeffery trial illustrates the old proverb as to mud throwing. Mr. Jeffery has passed the ordeal with such credit that the number of his friends will be multiplied indefinitely. The only error with which the commission found him chargeable was the result of his natural impulsiveness in denouncing from his pulpit those who were circulating slander against him.

The millers have demanded that the duty on flour be increased to $1 per barrel, on the ground that the Yankee millers are given a great advantage under the present rate of duty, namely 50c. per barrel on flour and 15c. per bushel on wheat. Their organ, the *Dominion Mechanical and Milling News* says, however:—"Judging from the number of new mills projected, and the transfers of mill properties chronicled in the present number of the *Mechanical and Milling News*, it would seem to be the opinion of many persons, that profits can still be extracted from the milling business."

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Eminent Authors of all Ages and all Countries

The seventh volume of Alden's Cyclopedia of Universal Literature contains biographical sketches of about 100 authors, of all ages and countries, with copious extracts from their writings. The following are a few of the names included in the volume: Andrew J. Downing, the most famous writer on Landscape Gardening; Joseph Rodman Drake, author of the Culprit Fay; John W. Draper, the American scientist and historian; Prof. Henry Drummond, whose recent work, Natural Law in the Spiritual world, has been pronounced "almost a revelation;" John Dryden, the famous British poet; Paul Du Chaillu, the noted traveller in Africa and Scandinavia; Madame Dudevant ("George Sand"), the famous French author; Jonathan Edwards, the New England theologian; Ebenezer Elliott, "the Corn Law Rhymer;" Ralph Waldo Emerson, philosopher and poet; Thos. Dunn English, author of "Ben Bolt" and other popular ballards and poems; Epictetus, Epicurus, and Euripides, Greek classic authors; Erasmus, wit, scholar and reformer; Eusebius, "the Father of Ecclesiastical History;" Marian Evans, better known as "George Eliot;" William M. Evarts and Edward Everett, statesmen and orators; John Evelyn, whose *Diary* is one of the most famous in English literature; Faber and Farrar, both famous in Christian literature; and Faraday, the most Christian of scientists. The scope of the Cyclopedia is broader than that of any similar work in any language. It embraces not only the names and works of writers in the English language, but also those of prominent authors of all ages and countries who have fairly made their mark in literature, Greek, Latin, Danish, Dutch, French, German, Italian, Persian, Portuguese, Spanish, Swedish, Russian, etc., the works in foreign languages being given in translations into English. The publisher's descriptive catalogue of standard books will be sent free to any applicant. JOHN B. ALDEN, Publisher, 393 Pearl St., New York, or 216 Clark St., Chicago.

Commercial Treaties.

There is much opportunity for amusement in the masses of reason and unreason emitted by Reformers in support of their propositions. The *Spectator* has wandered pleasantly from time to time in these mazes of crude absurdity, and never without the relaxation which is gained by dropping real business for a while for childish speculation. One may, if he desires to put together almost any two planks of the Reform platform, produce the result which Dr. Johnson said was the essence of wit—a ludicrous concatenation of dissimilar ideas.

Our amusing friends are at present putting forward two proposals: first, that Canada ought to have power to make her own commercial treaties; and, second, that she should secure commercial union with the United States.

Considering that the imperial authorities have never declined to make treaties to secure Canada's interests, and that no independent state would consent to treat directly with a dependency, there is absurdity in the very proposition that this country should seek power to make treaties; but, as if that were not sufficiently absurd, we are now told that we ought to have power to make treaties, and that at the same time we ought to put it out of our power to make treaties by entering into a commercial union with the United States under which our tariff would be made for us at Washington. Can any man suppose for a moment that if we adopt a tariff identical with that of the United States we will be permitted to make any commercial treaty with another power? So that the proposal is to sever our connection with the mother country in so far as commercial treaties go and join the United States, so that no treaty can be made except one which will be satisfactory to the commercial interests of the republic.

That is the scheme of our friends, the Reformers.—*Spectator.*

The Raw, Cutting Winds

Bring to the surface every latent pain. A change of even a few degrees marks the difference between comfort and pain to many persons. Happily disease now holds less sway. Science is continually bringing forward new remedies which succesfully combat disease. Polson's Nerviline—nerve pain cure—has proved the most successful pain relieving remedy known. Its application is wide, for it is equally efficient in all forms of pain, whether internal or external. Ten and 25 cents a bottle, at druggists.

SHILOH'S CATARRH REMEDY—a positive cure for Catarrh, Diphtheria, and Canker Mouth. For sale by D. M. Waters.

—A vessel at sea need not have a clock in the cabin, but must always have a watch on deck.

—The population of England, Ireland and Scotland increases 300,000 a year, notwithstanding an emigration of 230,000 annually.

—E. B. Eddy will close his saw mills in Hull and go altogether in the manufacture of paper pulp goods. He is already selling his timber limits.

FOR NETTLE RASH, Summer Heat and general toilet purposes, use Low's Sulphur Soap

—The Prohibitionists, or third party, will hold a first annual convention at Toronto, on March 21. Ex Governor St. John will be present.

—"Oh, mamma," said three-year-old Louis, who had just cut his finger, "the bleed is all comin' out of me and I don't want to be a funeral."

AS A PICK ME UP after excessive exertion or exposure, Milburn's Beef, Iron and Wine is grateful and comforting.

—The earnings of the C. P. R. for last week amounted to $227,000 against $244,000 for the corresponding week last year, showing a decrease of $17,000.

—The German Consul at Toronto, Mr. Nordheimer, is inviting Canadians to exhibit at the Hamburg exhibition this year, exhibits of lumber being particularly desirable.

FOR DYSPEPSIA and Liver Complaint you have a printed guarantee on every bottle of Shiloh's Vitalizer. It never fails to cure. Sold by D. M. Waters.

—The publishers of monthly magazines in Toronto are getting up a protest to show why the Government proposal to impose postage on all but dailies and weeklies should not be carried out.

—Two ladies from the west happened to scrape an acquaintance while waiting for connecting trains at the Broad street station yesterday. "How long has your husband been dead?" asked one. "About a year," was the reply. "And you are still a widow?" "Yes. His estate ain't settled yet."

MINISTERS, LAWYERS, TEACHERS, and others whose occupation give but little exercise, should use Carter's Little Liver Pills for torpid liver and biliousness. One is a dose. Try them.

—Intricacies of the language—Paperwate—"How are you getting on with your English, count?" Count Chartreuse—'Ver' well, indeed. Last night I ask ze hotel clerk who is ze what—you—call 'Whitechapel fiend,' and he say to me, 'He ees a dandy!' I look in ze dic ionary, and I find me zat ze dandy is ze lady killer."

ARE YOU MADE miserable by Indigestion, Constipation, Dizziness, Loss of Appetite, Yellow Skin Shiloh's Vitalizer is a positive cure Sold by D. M. Waters

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

NEWS OF THE OLD WORLD

DEBATE ON THE ADDRESS CLOSED IN THE BRITISH HOUSE.

The Flurry on the Paris Bourse Subsides—King Milan's Abdication—The Italian Cabinet Crisis.

LONDON, March 6.—In the House of Commons to-day W. H. Smith moved a cloture on the debate on the address in reply to the Queen's speech. The motion was carried, 247 to 66.

Sir Julian Pauncefot, the new British Minister to the United States, will start for Washington about the end of this month. After a short stay he will return to London for the summer. In the autumn he will take his family to Washington for a permanent residence.

Further correspondence between Lord Salisbury and Mr. Bayard on the Sackville affair is about to be submitted to Parliament.

In the event of the Parnell Commission presenting no interim report on the forged letters the Opposition contemplate a motion to adjourn in order to call attention to the action of the Government in aiding the prosecution to collect evidence, or an address to the Crown regarding the expenses of the commission.

Crispi in Trouble.

ROME, March 6.—Signor Crispi is experiencing great difficulty in forming a Cabinet. He has chosen Signor Doda, of the Left, for Minister of Finance, to the astonishment of his friends, who believe Doda to be incapable.

Signor Crispi to day presented to King Humbert a cabinet list composed of members of the Left, but he expressed a doubt as to his ability to secure a majority in the Chamber of Deputies and therefore proposed that the King entrust Signor Biancheri with the formation of a transition cabinet. King Humbert has the matter under consideration but it is probable that Signor Biancheri, if summoned, will decline the task and that Crispi's ministry will be given a trial.

Abdication of King Milan.

BELGRADE, March 6.—King Milan has abdicated the throne of Servia. Crown Prince Alexander will be proclaimed King to-morrow. MM. Restitch, Protitch and Belimarkoviz will act as regents during the minority of the King, who was born Aug. 14, 1876.

King Milan in announcing his abdication declared there would be no change in the relations between Servia and Austria.

After a solemn service to celebrate the proclamation of the kingdom, Milan returned to the palace, where he received the congratulations of the ministrs, diplomats and others. The King addressed the assemblage thus: "I thank you for your congratulations. Excuse me, I am very busy. I beg to inform you that I have resolved to abdicate. The manifesto will perhaps explain my motives." He then silently shook hands with all present and went into an adjoining room, where in the presence of the cabinet and state council Milan, in a voice choked with emotion, read the Ukase announcing his abdication. He then gave a cheer for the new King, all present joining with enthusiasm.

King Milan will remain commander-in-chief of the army during his son's minority.

A rumor is current that ex-Queen Natalie will return to Servia and take up her residence at Kraguyevatz.

The Flurry on the Paris Bourse Over.

PARIS, March 6.—The Bourse was quiet to-day. The market closed firm on reports that the position of the companies interested in the Societe des Metaux is secured. Societe des Metaux shares advanced 60f. Rio Tinto shares advanced 33f. 75c.

The evening papers concur in the opinion that Rochereau committed suicide. The Temps gives particulars according to which there was no alternative but suicide.

Six directors of the Comptoir d'Escompte have announced their readiness to pay on demand all monies deposited with the company. The chiefs of the principal banking firms to-day resolved to place themselves at the disposal of the Comptoir d'Escompte in order to assure, in case of necessity, the repayment of all deposits.

A Conspiracy Against the State.

PARIS, March 6.—The Temps states that the magistrates inquiring into the affairs of the Patriotic League have found documents proving that the league was engaged in a scheme to mobilize its members. The Government, The Temps says, intends to criminally prosecute the chiefs of the league for conspiracy against the state.

To be Arbitrated.

COPENHAGEN, March 6.—In the Lower House of the Rigsdag to-day the Minister for Foreign Affairs stated that the British minister at Athens had consented to act as arbitrator in the dispute between the United States and Denmark regarding the claim of Mr. Butterfield against Denmark for the loss of a number of vessels near St. Thomas many years ago.

Royal Nuptials Fixed.

ST. PETERSBURG, March 6.—The marriage of Grand Duke Alexandrovitch to Princess Alexandra of Greece is fixed for June 16.

Stallo Will be a Roman.

ROME, March 6.—The Riforma says it learns that ex-Governor Porter of Indiana will succeed Judge Stallo as American Minister at Rome. The Riforma speaks in high terms of Judge Stallo, and says he has decided to settle in Rome.

W. L. Alden, the American Consul-General here, will also resign. He intends to resume journalistic work.

Trunk Line Meeting.

NEW YORK, March 6.—The joint executive committee of the Trunk Line Association and of the Central Traffic Association, as well as the general passenger agents of the same associations, assembled here to-day to consider the alleged violation by some roads of the agreement entered into by the trunk lines regarding paying and receiving commissions for passenger business. Some of the roads present confessed to having violated the agreement in this respect, others claimed not to have violated it. A resolution was finally adopted that on and after to-morrow they would refuse to pay further commissions for passenger business. It was also resolved that the signers would endeavor to persuade all connecting lines not in the association to stop paying commissions to agents.

Killed Her Sleeping Husband.

WAUKESHA, Wis., March 6.—Mrs. Ann Driscoll decapitated her sleeping husband Timothy with an axe during a temporary fit of insanity near Delafield this morning. She attempted to murder her son also, but was restrained by her daughter, who awoke in time to prevent the act. The woman has recovered her reason. She says she was impelled to murder her entire family in order to save them from some unknown calamity.

THE EX-PRESIDENT.

Mr. Cleveland's Enthusiastic Reception at Jersey City—He Looks Ill.

NEW YORK, March. 6.—The train bearing ex-President Cleveland and party arrived in Jersey City at 6 p.m. The train should have arrived at 4.57 but, desiring to avoid a crowd, Mr. Cleveland had it sidetracked for a time at Bergen Point, six miles from Jersey City. The effort to avoid a crowd went all amiss, however. Each incoming train was met by an ever increasing crowd to see the distinguished passengers. When Mr. Cleveland's train came in there was a great rush. Policemen attempted to stay the people in vain. Mrs. Cleveland smiled as if pleased by the warm reception. Mr. Cleveland several times touched his hat. When the two finally entered their carriage a man proposed three cheers and a tiger for Grover Cleveland. They were given with a will and were followed by three tremendous cheers for Mrs. Cleveland. Then three cheers and a tiger were given for Col. Lamont. After crossing the ferry to New York the party was driven to the Victoria Hotel. Mr. Cleveland did not appear to be well. His eye did not have the brightness of health, his skin was leaden and there were dark circles under his eyes. Col. Lamont looked pale and thin.

THE FLOUR OUTPUT.

Falling off Last Week—The Market Dull—Drop in Prices.

MINNEAPOLIS, March 6.—The Northwestern Miller to-day says: Both ice and low water hindered the mills during all of last week and although there were fourteen running part of the time the flour output fell off somewhat. The aggregate production was 86,700 barrels against 95,250 the week before and 128,100 for the corresponding week in 1888. Ten mills running to-day are producing at the rate of about 15,000 barrels daily. Three others with an output of 4500 barrels are expected to start up within a few hours.

The heavy decline in wheat has affected the flour market unfavorably and the moderate demand reported by some mills previous to Saturday has been cut off. Prices of flour have been reduced 20 cents per barrel, but apparently without any effect toward inducing buyers to take hold. In fact millers disposed to treat the subject frankly say that they never saw a duller market.

The direct exports of flour for the week were 13,800 barrels against 10,740 barrels the preceding week. Merchant mills in Minnesota, Wisconsin, Dakota and New York to the number of 114 have made reports of their flour output and exports during January, showing a total output in 1889 of 765,738 barrels; same mills in January, 1888, 919,834 barrels.

PIGOTT DOUBLY A TRAITOR.

It Is Now Said He Wrote the Secret History of Fenianism.

CHICAGO, March 6.—Col. Richard Burke, of this city has known Pigott, the Parnell letter forger, since 1868, and charges that Pigott gave the English Government information about Burke's connection with the Irish Republican Brotherhood that sentenced him to prison for 15 years, five of which were served.

"Last November," says Col. Burke, "I wrote The London Times a letter suggesting the likelihood that Pigott had a hand in forging the alleged Parnell letters. There has been published a secret history of Fenianism, and the English press has made a great ado over its alleged exposures. I associated Pigott with its authorship, for the half truths in it could come only from the Government officers, who had all the facts accumulated during the trials of 1867-8, or from three certain men who were in the confidence of the Brotherhood leaders. One of these was Pigott.

"The others may be implicated, but to my mind Pigott is probably the man who wrote the book. I am tracing up the thread of the story in its connection with Pigott and the other two men and I think I will be able to say soon who wrote that book."

On a Friday, in Room 13.

LONDON, March 6.—A large number of dispatches have passed between the Government and the British Embassy at Madrid concerning the disposition of Pigott's effects. The informer's papers have been ordered into the custody of a special detective now in Madrid, and they will be put in evidence before the Parnell Commission on Thursday. It is stated that a letter has come to light in Madrid addressed to Ponsonby, otherwise Pigott, regarding Mr. Shannon's promise to pay the informer money. This letter is said to contain important evidence concerning the responsibility for Pigott's escape. It is rumored ominously that Pigott committed suicide on Friday in room 13.

STRONG RESOLUTIONS.

The Grand Orange Lodge of Ontario East on the Jesuits Estates Act.

CAMPBELLFORD, March 6.—The Orange Grand Lodge this morning passed the following resolutions, the entire assemblage rising to their feet and receiving them with Kentish fire and repeated cheers:

"That while we claim for our Roman Catholic fellow-countrymen the rights and privileges we ourselves enjoy, yet we, the members of this Provincial Grand Orange Lodge of Ontario East representing 375 primary lodges, view with great apprehension the present state of affairs in Canada, where both political parties show such a strong disposition to pander to the Church of Rome, and moreover we take this opportunity of explaining ourselves as being in hearty accord with leading papers in their wise and outspoken course regarding the disallowance of the Jesuit bill; and further we are of opinion that a continuance of the present course of political action must inevitably lead to he coalition of the best of all parties with definite principles and a definite policy—principles based upon eternal righteousness and truth, and with a policy that will accord equal rights to all but exclusive privileges to none; a policy that will put country before party and stand by right and truth at any hazard and at every cost.

"That the act respecting the Jesuits' Estates recently passed by the Legislature of Quebec is clearly derogatory to Her Majesty's prerogative, inasmuch as it invites the interference of an alien power in our domestic affairs. Therefore this Grand Lodge petition His Excellency the Governor-General in-Council against said bill, and asking for its disallowance; also that all county, district and primary lodges be instructed to petition to the same effect."

A resolution was also passed indorsing the action of Colonel O'Brien in his intention to bring before the Dominion Parliament a resolution disapproving the allowance of the Jesuits Estates Act.

ONTARIO LEGISLATURE.

A Long Discussion on the Price of School Books.

TORONTO, March 7.—The price of school books was the topic of discussion at the Local House yesterday afternoon. Outside of this little was done with the exception of passing these bills through their third reading: To amend the Ontario Shops Regulation Act; respecting St. Andrew's Church, Darlington. No new bills were introduced.

Mr. Preston moved for a return showing the names of all publishers of public school text books, with the respective books published by them and their prices; also for copies of all correspondence by or with the Minister of Education or any officer of his department respecting the price or publication of public school text books subsequent to that already brought down.

A long discussion followed, participated in by Mr. Preston, the Minister of Education, Mr. Clancy, Mr. Harcourt, Mr. Wood, Mr. Creighton, the Minister of Agriculture, Mr. Hammel, Mr. Whitney, Mr. Awrey, Mr. Willoughby and Mr. Dance. The motion was at length carried.

At the evening session half a score of private bills were passed in committee. The most important bill read a second time was that relating to the consolidation of the debenture debt of Toronto. The other bills passed were: respecting the Ontario and Sault Ste. Marie Water, Light and Power Company and the Town of Sault Ste. Marie, to authorize the Synod of the Diocese of Huron to sell certain lands; to revive and amend the act incorporating the Sarnia and Lambton Southern Railway Company; respecting the Toronto, Hamilton and Buffalo Railway Company; respecting the Niagara and St. Catharines Street Railway Company.

A Hydrophobia Epidemic.

NEW MARTINSVILLE, W. Va., March 6.—Nearly 300 dogs suspected of being mad have been killed in this county during the past month. The interior of the country still seems to be overrun and there is general alarm. There has been considerable loss of swine, sheep and cattle, which have died from being bitten by infected dogs, and in two instances horses have succumbed. Several people have also been bitten but in no instance has any serious result followed. Farmers consider it dangerous to go along the roads unarmed and dog-killing squads are out daily. One man has seven dogs believed to be mad. They have taken to the woods and are running wild with dozens of other dogs in a like condition. These dogs spread the disease by biting other dogs, live stock, etc. The disease first appeared in Fishing Creek last August and has been growing worse steadily.

Wholesale Poisoning in Kentucky.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., March 6.—On Spruce Creek near Mt. Sterling, Frank Wright, Jim Holden and Sue Holden have been arrested for poisoning Conk Wright's nine children from 3 to 19. Conk Wright is a widower and lived in unlawful intercourse with the Holden woman. His children protested violently and were beaten for it with threats of driving them from home. Conk Wright's 9-year-old daughter was taken with severe vomiting Saturday night and died. The other children were also taken sick and at last reports one was dying. There is much excitement over the case and talk of lynching.

SHILOH'S CURE will immediately relieve Croup, Whooping Cough and Bronchitis. Sold by D. M. Waters.

Only One Cent!
Only One Cent!

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

BOARD AND ROOMS.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

HOUSES TO LET.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

TO RENT—A two story brick house, corner Catherine and Yeomans Streets. Possession given April 1st. Apply to MRS. COCHRANE, Hotel Street. 262d1w

LOST AND FOUND.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

LIVE STOCK.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

HOUSE FOR SALE on William St., two doors south of Bridge St., next the residence of Mrs. T. C. Wallbridge, best locality in the city, house new, comfortable, and commodious, hard and soft water, closets in all the rooms. Enquire of R. PURDY, Bridge St. 242d1m.

TO LET.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

WANTED.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

HOUSEKEEPER WANTED, middle aged woman preferred, to take charge of a family of six. Apply at HUGH WALKER'S grocery. 258dtf.

SALESMEN—We wish a few men to sell our goods by sample to the wholesale and retail trade. Large manufacturers in our line. Enclose 2-cent stamp. Wages $3 per day. Permanent position. No postals answered. Money advanced for wages, advertising, etc. CENTENNIAL MAN'F'G CO, CINCINNATI, OHIO 245d30teod

DOMESTICS WANTED.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

WANTED—A good general Servant. Apply to MRS. THOS. DUNCAN, John St. March 6. 2old4t

WANTED—A good general servant. Apply to MRS. THOS RITCHIE, George St. 250dtf.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

MECHANICS WANTED.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion,

TENDERS WANTED.

TENDERS addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tenders for High School" will be received up to 6 o'clock, p. m.,

Thursday, March the 14th,

FOR THE

ERECTION OF A HIGH SCHOOL BUILDING

in the Town of Deseronto.

Plans and specifications may be seen at the offices of the Rathbun Co., Deseronto, or Thos. Hanley, architect, Belleville.

The committee does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

JOHN NEWTON, M. D.,
Chairman of the High School Board.
Deseronto. Mar. 6. 1889. 262dtd.

BOARD OF TRADE.

A SPECIAL MEETING of the Board will be held in the Council Chamber, City Hall, on Monday next, 11th March, inst., at 8 o'clock p. m. sharp. A full attendance is requested, as matters of importance are to be taken up.

J. PARKER THOMAS,
Mar. 6, '89 dtd Secretary.

Stone Quarry for Sale.

I HAVE two first class Stone Quarries on my place for sale. There is only about 6 inches of soil over the rock, which lies about 200 yards from the Bay. I will lease it for a term of years.

THOS. McDONALD,
Of Point Ann, Belleville P. O.
March 5. 1889. 261d6tw3t

TENDERS.

TENDERS will be received by the undersigned up to

12 o'clock noon, March 14th,

INST., for the

ERECTION OF TABLES IN THE BUTTER MARKET.

City of Belleville. Plans and specifications can be seen at the City Clerk's office.

Tenders are to be addressed to Mr. D. B. Robertson and marked "TENDERS FOR BUTTER MARKET."

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

J. M. ROSS,
Chairman Market Committee.
Belleville, March 5, 1889 260d4t, 5,7,9,12

A Wrong Opinion.

Many a dollar is paid for prescriptions for some disease that never trouble the patient, and when the sole difficulty was worms, which a few of Freeman's Worm Powders would remove. These Powders are pleasant, safe, and sure, contain their own cathartic, and are adapted for children or adults.

PAINLESS EFFECTUAL
BEECHAM'S PILLS
THE GREAT ENGLISH MEDICINE
WORTH A GUINEA A BOX

For Bilious and Nervous Disorders, such as Wind and Pain in the Stomach, Sick Headache, Giddiness, Fulness, and Swelling after Meals, Dizziness and Drowsiness, Cold Chills, Flushings of Heat, Loss of Appetite, Shortness of Breath, Costiveness, Scurvy, Blotches on the Skin, Disturbed Sleep, Frightful Dreams, and all Nervous and Trembling Sensations, &c. THE FIRST DOSE WILL GIVE RELIEF IN TWENTY MINUTES. This is no fiction. Every sufferer is earnestly invited to try one Box of these Pills, and *they will be acknowledged to be a Wonderful Medicine.*—"Worth a guinea a box."—BEECHAM'S PILLS, taken as directed, will quickly *restore females* to complete health. For a

WEAK STOMACH; IMPAIRED DIGESTION; DISORDERED LIVER;

they ACT LIKE MAGIC:—*a few doses* will work wonders upon the Vital Organs; Strengthening the muscular System; restoring long-lost Complexion; bringing back the keen edge of appetite, and arousing with the ROSEBUD OF HEALTH the *whole physical energy* of the human frame. These are "facts" admitted by thousands, in all classes of society, and one of the best guarantees to the Nervous and Debilitated is that BEECHAM'S PILLS HAVE THE LARGEST SALE OF ANY PATENT MEDICINE IN THE WORLD. Full directions with each Box.

Prepared only by THOS. BEECHAM, St. Helens, Lancashire, England.

Sold by Druggists generally.

EVANS & SONS, [LIMITED], Montreal,
Sole Agents for the Dominion of Canada.

NEW SPRING GOODS

—AT—

BRIGNALL & THOMPSON'S.

New Prints and Dress Goods,
New Embroideries,
New Cottons and Steam Looms,
New Table Linens and Sheetings,
New Goods in all departments arriving daily. Prices very low.

BRIGNALL & THOMPSON.

NEW SPRING GOODS

—ARRIVING DAILY.—

New Prints,
New Shirtings,
New Dress Goods,
New Ginghams,
New Table Linens,
New Towel Linens,

Etc., etc, CHEAPER THAN EVER.

A. N. REID & CO.

--50 MORE--

NEW HANGING LAMPS put in. Prices very much below anything we ever had.

W. J. REID & CO.

FANS

Suitable for WEDDINGS and BALLS. A splendid assortment at

J. C. OVERELL'S

FANCY EMPORIUM, BELLEVILLE.

NEW SEASON'S TEAS,
FRESH GROUND COFFEES,
Handsome Presents Given Away

—AT—

STROUD BROS.,

Front Street, Belleville,

and at Montreal, Ottawa, Kingston and Toronto.

CLEARING--SALE

—OF ALL—

BOOTS AND SHOES

Damaged by Fire and Water. Over $5,000 worth at less than half regular price.

A. W. VERMILYEA & SON.

RUBBER STAMPS! Send your name and address, with 30 cents, to the ONTARIO CARD CO., Belleville, Ont., and get a Pearl Pen and Pencil Stamp, complete.

NEW SPRING GOODS.

Bought very early and bought very cheap.

- NEW PRINTS,
- NEW TABLINGS,
- NEW COTTONS,
- NEW STEAMLOOMS,
- NEW DRESSGOODS,
- NEW EMBROIDERIES,
- NEW SHIRTINGS,
- NEW CRETONNES,
- NEW SCRIMS,
- NEW UNDERWEAR,
- NEW TWEEDS,

See the new. They are better and cheaper than the old.

JAS. W. DUNNET.

GLASGOW WAREHOUSE
Belleville, Feb 12, 1889.

Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, THURSDAY, MAR. 7

MERE MENTION.

No police court this morning.

HAY sold for $14.50 per ton on the market to-day.

Two tramps were the only occupants of the cells last night.

MOCK Parliament will meet this evening. Imperial Federation will be the subject for discussion.

A CUTTER containing two men and a lady upset on Mill Street yesterday afternoon, as the result of a pitch-hole.

THE Ancient Order of Foresters will have an At Home in the Sons of England Hall to morrow evening. A first class programme will be presented. Admission 10 cents.

ALL DISORDERS CAUSED by a bilious state of the system can be can be cured by using Carter's Little Liver Pills. No pain, griping or discomfort attending their use. Try them.

A REMEDY that is of such benefit in cases of indigestion, neuralgia, loss of appetite, dyspepsia as Dyer's Quinine and Iron Wine is worth gold. It is easily taken by the weakest invalid.—W. A. Dyer & Co., Montreal.

A MATTER of interest to Organists, Organ Students and Teachers is a new patent organ pedal attachment for pianos manufactured by Messrs. Newcombe & Co., 107 Church at Toronto. Particulars on application.

THE Imperial Oil Refining Company, of Petrolia, is the principal oil refining company in Canada. They send out about 60 per cent. of all Canadian oil used. One of their favorite brands is "Silver Star," for which A. L. Geen is their Belleville agent.

A HORSE, attached to a cutter, that was tied to a post near the market, become frightened this morning at a passing train and broke loose and started off at a lively gait down Pinnacle street. He was, however, captured before any damage was sustained.

MOTHERS who have delicate children can see them daily improve and gain in flesh and strength by giving them that perfect food and medicine, *Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil, with Hypophosphites.* Dr. W. A. Hulbert, of Salisbury, Ills., says: "I have used Scott's Emulsion in cases of Scrofula and Debility. Results more gratifying. My little patients take it with pleasure." Sold by all druggists, 50c. and $1.00.

PROBABILITIES.

TORONTO, March 7.—West and northwest winds, mostly fair; light showers in a few places; not much change in temperature.

TEMPERATURE.

As Registered by Dr. Bell's Self-Registering Thermometer.

THURSDAY, March 7.

Maximum 46; minimum 26.
Barometer 29 48.

Curlians.

The annual match between a rink of Irishmen and a rink of Scotchman will be played—ice permitting—on St. Patrick's day.

There has been no play this week, except in the mornings, the ice being too soft in the afternoons and evenings.

Separate School Board.

A regular meeting of the Separate School Board was held last night, Mr. Jno. Doyle presiding. A number of accounts were presented and ordered to be paid. On motion, it was decided that Rev. Father J. J. Connelly be placed as the representative of the Board, upon the Board of Education, in the place of Mr. P. J. Shannon, who has removed from the city. The Board then adjourned.

The Sailor's Evangelist.

A good number were present at the John Street Presbyterian Church last evening to listen to an address from Mr. Bone, who is engaged in evangelistic work, during the summer months, among the sailors on the Welland Canal. He gave an interesting account of the work in which he is engaged in and the result of his labor. At the close a collection was taken up for the purpose of assisting in this good work.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Electric Lights.

His Worship the Mayor and the members of the Water and Gas Committee, made a tour of the city last evening for the purpose of gathering knowledge in reference to the proposed location of additional electric lights, and the removing of some where it was thought advisable. The committee will present their report at the next meeting of the Council. It is thought, however, that but very few additional lights will be recommended.

Deseronto High School.

In another column appears an advertisement for tenders for the erection of a high school in the town of Deseronto. The new building will be heated and ventilated by the Smead & Dowd system. Ald. Hanley is superintending the erection of the building, and has also the plans of this system, which, speaking from an extensive experience, he says is a perfect success. The members of the Board of Education should examine the plans which are in his possession.

How "Puck" Looked at It.

Niblo's Garden now holds "Michael Strogoff" and the grand drama, with the *fêtes* at Moscow and the Emir's camp. The battle scene and the burning of Irkutsk, with the woes and triumphs of Michael Strogoff, delight thousands. No one has an excuse for living in New York, who does not see this show, unless he is blind or an inmate of some public institution where there is no charge for board or lodging.—*Puck.*

This grand spectacle will be produced at the Opera House in this city to-morrow night.

G. T. R. Notes.

Both passenger and freight traffic is very brisk at present.

Mr. John McNeil, who was injured some time ago at the depot, is able to resume his duty.

A horse that was tied to the fence at the station yard this morning became frightened and broke loose, and started to run away, but was captured before he had proceeded far.

A large amount of wood is being received from the northern part of the county.

District Intelligence.

Mr. Edward Nolan, of Tweed, died suddenly on Thursday last from the bursting of a blood vessel in his brain.

The right of way for the N. T. & Q. Ry. has been cleared from Tamworth through to the outskirts of the village of Tweed. The company evidently mean business and the sound of the N. T. & Q. whistle will be heard mingling with that of the C. P. R. in Tweed early this summer.

The work in the interior of the new Roman Catholic church at Tweed is being pushed forward rapidly. The floor is now being laid, the plastering has been completed, and the edifice will be ready for dedication at an early date.

The Century Magazine.

This month George Kennan gives a pleasant interlude to the sombre character of his intensely interesting Siberian papers. He gives a most graphic account of his visits to the Grand Lama of the Trans-Baikal. Mediæval art is illustrated by a paper on "Gaddo Gaddi." This is followed with an illustrated paper on "Christian Ireland," and Mrs. Van Rensselaer's contribution with its fine illustrations is specially attractive. The Abraham Lincoln history is as interesting as ever, and this month's contribution is enlivened by presenting fac-similes of the emancipation proclamation. George W. Cable's new work of fiction is powerfully written. There is among various other interesting features of the current number, a most appreciative criticism of Jas. Bryce's remarkable work "The American Commonwealth." Mention ought also to be made of "The Correspondence of Miles Grogan."

Orange Grand Lodge.

Election of Officers—Next Place of Meeting

CAMPBELLFORD, March 6.—Amongst other items of busines the county lodge of North Hastings was divided into two, to be known as North and Central. It was also decided that in future a public meeting be held in connection with each session of the Grand Lodge.

The election of Grand officers for 1889 resulted as follows:

R. W. Grand Master—T. B. Collins, Millbrook.

R. W. Deputy Grand Master—James Clarke, Ottawa; J. H. Delamere, Minden.

R. W. Grand Chaplain—Rev. R. H. Leitch, Eldorado.

R.W. Grand Treasurer—Robert Gordon, Tweed.

R. W. Grand Secretary—A. J. VanIngen, Newcastle.

R. W. Grand Lecturer—R. H. Holland, Port Hope.

R. W. Grand Director of Ceremonies—John McCaughey, Cobourg.

R. W. Deputy Grand Secretary—F. M. Clarke, Belleville.

R. W. Deputy Grand Chaplains—Rev'd R. H. Harris, Brighton; Rev. John Gallagher, Dufferin; Rev. W.M. Pattyson, Dunsford; Rev. E. G. P. Sanderson, Riceville; Rev. W. W. Walsh, Ottawa; Rev. S. A. Duprau, Frankford; Rev. F. Rooney, Garden Hill.

The officers were then installed by Past Grand Master W. Johnson.

The next place of meeting is to be Smith's Falls.

Personal.

Father Coen, of Woodford, the famous agitator of the land question, is dead.

Viscount Mandeville, eldest son of the Duke of Manchester, has been declared a bankrupt. His liabilities are officially placed at $600,000. It is said that he has been living beyond his means and has lost money by betting. Viscount Mandeville in 1876 married Miss Conmel Betago of the United States.

The Queen sailed from Portsmouth yesterday for Cherbourg on her way to Biarritz.

Ex-President Cleveland, Mrs. Cleveland, Mrs. Folsom and Col. Lamont and his family, left Washington for New York yesterday.

Mr. Wellington Frizzell, formerly Reeve of Tyendinaga, and who was an unsuccessful candidate for the Commons in East Hastings in 1871 and 1872, is in town. Mr. Frizzell has been absent from this part of the country for several years.

Mr. Job Lingham was reported to be much better to day.

Mr. Geo. Sherry returned home from Montreal last night, bringing with him his wife, who has been in the hospital in that city for some time.

The Duchess of Cambridge is reported to be in a precarious condition.

King Milan suffers from a severe nervous malady, aggravated by insomnia.

The Czar contemplates a visit to the Emperor William at Berlin in April.

Sir Julian Pauncefote will start for Washington about the end of this month.

I. V. Williamson, the celebrated Philadelphia philanthropist, died yesterday.

The marriage of the Russian Grand Duke Alexandrovitch to Princess Alexandra of Greece is fixed for June 16.

Robert Garrett, the insane millionaire, has started for Mexico in charge of his physician and attendants. He is greatly improved, but not out of danger.

SOME SYMPTOMS OF WORMS are:—Fever, colic, variable appetite, restlessness, weakness and convulsions. The unfailing remedy is Dr. Low's Worm Syrup.

A TERRIBLE DEATH.

Another Brakeman Meets His Death Under the Wheels.

The Peterborough *Review* says in its issue of the 6th: "News reached the town this morning of a dreadful and fatal accident that occurred on the Midland division of the Grand Trunk about eight o'clock last night whereby a brakeman named Badgerow met a terrible death. The accident occurred between Uxbridge and Goodwood stations. A freight train in charge of Conductor McArthur was coming east from Uxbridge and when Goodwood was reached Badgerow was missed from the train for the first time. Conductor McArthur got on the west bound express which crossed the freight train there and went back over the road to ascertain if his worst fears were correct, viz. that the missing man had slipped between the cars. His fears were unfortunately realized and the mutilated remains of the unfortunate brakeman were found lying on the track, the head and one of the arms having been severed from his body. The poor fellow had probably slipped while running along the top of the moving train and fallen under the wheels to meet his horrible death. The deceased has lately been residing in Lindsay and is a married man."

Another Ontario Heroine.

Some three years ago Miss Polly, daughter of Mr. James Prendeville, Logan, went out to Dakota and took up a large tract of land. According to the rules of the State she was obliged to settle thereon and make certain improvements within a limited time before being granted a deed. With heroic fortitude she had a hut erected, in which she resided alone, and oversaw the breaking and cropping of twenty-five acres. The nearest house is half a mile distant, yet the young lady faltered not, but pushed straight ahead and has just now been handed the deed of the property. Such indomitable pluck and perseverance are seldom found in one so young, and especially in a lady brought up as Miss Prendeville has been raised, and her success is therefore the more commendable. She is a young lady of fine appearance, good accomplishments and her experience on the prairie will make her a most desirable companion for the one fortunate in securing her affections. We need scarcely say that she is of Irish descent.—*Mitchell Advocate.*

Uncharitable.

Mrs. Talbot—I see by the paper, May, that Mrs. Folly is still dangerously ill, but insists upon having two wings added to her house before she dies.

May Talbot—Good idea, ma. Judging from all reports they are the only pair of wings she will ever have.

Another Mother-in-Law Libel

Wife—What is the matter, Charles? Your face is distorted with anguish; any bad news?

Charles—Bad news? I should say. She was on that wrecked train coming to visit us—and she has escaped unhurt.

DYSPEPSIA IN ITS WORST FORMS will yield to the use of Carter's Little Nerve Pills, aided by Carter's Little Liver Pills. They not only relieve present distress but strengthen the stomach and digestive apparatus.

News Condensed.

—It is calculated in Ottawa that six weeks will see the prorogation of the House.

—Minister Pendleton's illness is likely to delay the opening of the Samoan conference.

—A British barque has been wrecked and 4 of her sailors drowned near Cape Flattery.

—Cloture on the debate on the address was adopted by the British Commons yesterday.

—A prospector at Maroon, Colorado, has caused great excitement by finding a rich silver vein.

—The employes of the Oregon Railway and Navigation Co. have struck against a reduction of wages.

—At Council Bluffs, Ia., Tommy Brooks, a pugilist, murdered a man named DeGood in a bar-room fight.

—Playing cards were originally square. Perhaps card playing was also; but let us not be too credulous.

—The inaugural fireworks display in Washington last night was the most brilliant ever seen at the capital.

—Eight deaths have occurred in the village of Fingal from smallpox. The epidemic is now considered at an end.

—A romantic story from Kingston tells of the death bed confession of the murder of a boy at Calobogie thirty years ago.

—The inaugural committee at Washington got $60,000 from the sale of ball tickets and expect $10,000 from other sources.

—President Harrison has signed the commissions of all the members of his Cabinet, and they have been inducted into office.

—The failure of the Reading, Pa., iron works has caused the suspension of other mills and thrown many men out of employment.

—A quarrel has arisen between Bavarian princes and generals and several of the latter have been dismissed from the Bavarian service.

—Sault Ste. Marie, Ont., claims to be the best lighted city in Canada, having 1,000 incandescent electric lights in the streets.

—Carleton and Lincoln counties have filed Scott Act repeal petitions at Ottawa. It is thought the voting will take place on April 4.

—Troops have scoured the Gweedore district in search of persons concerned in the murder of Police Inspector Martin, but without success.

—The New South Wales Ministry has been defeated on the question of Protection, and Sir Henry Parkes will form a Free Trade Cabinet.

—It is reported that treasonable documents have been found in the offices of the French Patriotic League and its chiefs will be criminally prosecuted.

—At Willows, Cal., a flock of wild geese settled down on a 40 acre field of grain and picked it clean in two hours. The number of birds was estimated at 75,000.

—At St. Paul, Minn., J. H. Baker, who was employed to make public exhibitions with a self-acting fire escape, fell from the Ryan hotel yesterday and was fatally injured.

—A carload of silver ore was transferred at Ogdensburg on Saturday to the R., W. & O. It was consigned to Newark, New Jersey, from Port Arthur. The value was $24,000, and it weighed fifteen tons.

—The steamer Andes brings advices from Hayti, that Legitime's forces are carrying everything before them. They have defeated Hypolite's army in several battles, and captured a number of important towns in the north.

—Deseronto has voted $12,000 for the erection of a high school building, and E. W. Rathbun has donated a one acre lot to put it on. The educational department has had an inspector approve of the plans. The building will be commenced at once, and completed early in the fall.

SHILOH'S CATARRH REMEDY—a positive cure for Catarrh, Diptheria and Canker Mouth. For sale by D. M. Waters.

AN INACTIVE or Torpid Liver must be aroused and all bad bile removed. Burdock Pills are best for old or young.

Don't Toss the Baby.

The throwing a baby into the air and catching him again is always a risky practice certain though the tosser may be proud of his quickness of eye and sureness of hand. A sudden and unexpected movement of the child in his mid-air flight may result in a cruel fall. A gay young father snatched up his baby boy one morning and tossed him to the ceiling. Twice the little fellow went flying through the air and came down safely into the waiting arms. The third time the excited child gave a spring of delight as his father's hands released him—plunged forward, and, pitching over the father's shoulder, fell head downward to the floor. When the poor baby came out of the stupor in which he lay for hours, it was found that, although no bones had been broken, the brain had sustained an injury that would in all probability render the child an imbecile. Another baby snatched from the floor and tossed into the air, received a fatal wound in the top of the head from the pointed ornament of a chandelier. Still another child slipped between her father's hands as he caught at her in her downward flight, and although his frenzied grasp on the baby's arm saved her from falling to the ground, it wrenched the muscles and sinews so cruelly that the girl's arm was shrunken and practically useless to her all her life. These are extreme cases, but the fact of their occurring at all should be enough to warn one from the habit of relinquishing one's hold on a child when tossing it.—*Harper's Bazaar.*

The Fighting at Bogomoyo.

THE GERMANS RECAPTURE THE PLACE AFTER A DESPERATE STRUGGLE.

ZANZIBAR, March 6.—The fighting at Bogomoyo on Sunday was severe. The Arabs attacked the German landing parties with fury, crowding down to the water's edge to meet them, and occupying the shore at every point where a landing could be effected. They were driven off by the continued fire of the men-of-war, and the sailors and marines also behaved with steadiness in the face of vastly superior numbers. The Arab loss was heavy. They left a number of dead on shore, and carried away a good many more. They fled as soon as their chief, Bashaw, was wounded. The Germans recaptured two cannon which had been taken by the natives in a former fight. The Germans are strongly intrenched at Bogomoyo. They will hold the place permanently, to prepare a way for Capt. Wissmann's expedition.

Toronto Live Stock Market.

TUESDAY, March 5.—The offerings to-day were about 35 car loads, and prices are lower. Choice steers are nominal at about 4c., and bulls sold at 3¼ to 3½c. Milch cows are quoted at $30 to $50 a head. Butchers' cattle in moderate demand, and prices weak; the best sold at 3¾ to 3⅞c., the latter for a few picked ones, ordinary at 3c to 3¼c, and common at 2¼ to 2½c. Sheep in fair demand and steady, with offerings limited; the best sell at $5 to $6 per head; and inferior to medium at $4 to $4.50. Yearling lambs in fair demand and firm, choice bringing $4.50 to $5.50, and inferior to medium $3.75 to $4 25. Calves dull and steady. Choice beasts of 125 to 150 lbs., sell at 7c. to 9c. dressed weight; rough calves, $3 to $5 a head. Hogs are steady; choice light fat sold at 5c to 5¼c, store hogs at 4¾c to 5c., and stags at 3c to 3½c.

Silly Romance.

A marriage of a somewhat romantic nature took place at Portland, Ind., last week. Hiram Clem, of Harrison, Mo., and Lucy Miller, a resident of Pennsylvania, met by agreement, neither having before seen the other, the acquaintance having grown out of an advertisement in a matrimonial paper. The courtship and engagement were conducted entirely by correspondence. The lady, by agreement, was to wear a broad white ribbon he had sent her as the insignia by which he was to know her. They met on the street, he introduced himself and at once a marriage license was procured and the knot was tied. At 3 o'clock they boarded a train en route for their western home, where the bridegroom owns a farm.

A Million Pounds Sterling.

The Allans have tendered with the Government for providing a rapid service of steamers on the Atlantic, to run in connection with the Canadian Pacific Railway and the proposed fast line of steamers on the Pacific, it being part of the arrangements made with the Imperial Government when they agreed to subsidize the Pacific line that a swift Atlantic line should also be provided. It is stated by a member of the firm that the question involves the expenditure of a million pounds sterling. Messrs. Allan are merely at present under a temporary agreement with the Government as to carrying the mails, which will be terminated as soon as the Government have come to a decision upon the tenders submitted to them.

Tigers in Java.

The remarkable result of a tidal wave in the Province of Baunam, Java, has been a great increase in tigers. The land laid waste soon relapsed into a jungle, affording welcome cover to the tigers, which became so daring and numerous that whole villages have had to be abandoned. Last year tigers killed no less than sixty-one persons. To remedy this evil the Government of Java has raised the reward for killing tigers from 100 to 200 guilders a head.

Too Much to Ask.

Philadelphia Lady—Do you guarantee this dog to be sound and kind?

Dealer—Yes, mum.

"Young?"

"Yes, mum."

"Highly accomplished?"

"Yes, mum; he can do everything but talk."

"Will you also guarantee that he will remain in fashion until my receptions are over?"

"How long do they last?"

"Through this month."

"No, mum; that's asking too much."

Not for Sport.

Grocer (to clerk)—What are you doing there, Henry?

Henry—I am picking dead flies out of these dried currants.

Grocer—You just let 'em alone. Do you suppose that I am running this business for fun? Do you suppose I come down here early at morning and toil all day just for the spirit of the thing? You let those flies alone.

A Sensible Remark.

Hopeful Heir—I don't know what the ah—Governor would say if he were living at my having to go around with only a few cents in my pocket, dontcher know.

Guardian and Trustee (indignantly)—Why, he'd say you'd better go and get some sense in your head.

A NASAL INJECTOR free with each bottle of Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. Price 50 cents. Sold by D. M. Waters.

—The Rome *Riforma* learns that ex-Governor Horter, of Indiana, will be accredited to the U. S. legation there. Judge Stallo, who retires, has decided to remain in Rome.

—A mad dog scare exists in the vicinity of New Martinsville, W. V., and 300 of the animals have been destroyed. Cattle, sheep, and even horses have died from being bitten.

THE REV. GEO. H. THAYER, of Bourbon, Ind., says: "Both myself and wife owe our lives to SHILOH'S CONSUMPTION CURE." For sale by D. M. Waters.

NEWS OF THE DOMINION.

A TORONTO MERCHANT SKIPS TO THE STATES.

The Safe in the Ottawa Police Station Robbed of $500—No Clue to the Thief—Ambitious City Notes

TORONTO, March 7.—In all probability the population of Toronto has been decreased by one, and the populace of New York State increased in proportion. William Burgess, a local wholesale fruit canner and commission merchant, has had some trouble lately with his creditors which would have reached a climax yesterday, but, it is said, Mr. Burgess did not wait to see it out. Mr. Burgess' factory is in Mimico. He resides in Parkdale, and has an office down town. On Saturday last Burgess called on a leading assignee and informed him that he (Burgess) had between $8000 and $10,000 worth of notes falling due on Monday, the 4th, and that there were no funds to pay any of them, or anything on account. In view of this, Burgess said, an assignment would have to be made. Nothing has been heard from him since, and the assignee expects that he will execute the assignment and send it across the bridge in the regular way. Nothing further of his liabilities is known outside of the paper due on Monday.

The bad results of the Fourth of March are much heavier throughout the province than was anticipated. Yesterday morning the business community was flooded with reports of embarrassments from almost every district in Ontario. Happily large failures are few, but the numerous small bankrupts are bound to not only try the patience, but will also hamper the business of larger houses.

Among the usual routine motions heard by Judge Robertson yesterday was one to strike the name of J. P. MacMillan, County Attorney of Dufferin, from the roll of solicitors. The application was made on behalf of a client of the solicitor, who charges Mr. MacMillan with not paying over to him certain moneys collected by him. An order was made to strike the defendant's name off the rolls, but the order is not to issue for two weeks.

The Grand Jury yesterday returned true bills against John Wadsworth, false pretences; and Richard Cole, bigamy. The case of Richard Cole, the old pensioner, who is charged with bigamy, was traversed till the next court, when it is expected that several important witnesses will be here from England. Cole was released on bail.

The merchants of King-street to the number of 100 crowded into the Mayor's office yesterday morning to represent to him the peculiarly horrible condition of that thoroughfare. The result of the invasion was that the Mayor issued orders to Street Commissioner Jones to set all the men he could find able to handle pick or shovel to work to remove the packed snow from King-street between Sherbourne and York-streets.

The Police Magistrate yesterday sent William Vevers to jail for 30 days for a brutal attack on his wife. Ellen Sullivan for theft got seven days, and Edward Doran for disturbing the Salvationists was fined $7 or 30 days. J. E. Townsend, on a charge of fraud preferred by Mary A. Hagel, was committed for trial.

AMBITIOUS CITY NOTES.

City Hall Tenders Accepted—The Projected Summer Carnival.

HAMILTON, March 6.—The markets, fire and police committee has accepted three important tenders in connection with the new city hall. For putting in the wires for electric lighting, there were four tenders. That of the Hamilton electric light company was accepted. The company agrees to supply and put in wire for 450 lamps of 16-candle power, for $3 a lamp, and the price of switches, etc., brings the total amount of the tender up to $1490.

Tenders for supplying the tower clock were received from three firms—one English and two American. The Howard Clock Company of New York was awarded the contract, its figure being $2312 for a clock capable of bringing a full, clear tone from a 4000 pound bell; the clock to be hour-striking, arranged with four sectional glass dials eight and one-half feet in diameter.

Three tenders for the bell were received. The tender of Meneely & Co. of West Troy, N.Y., was accepted. The firm agrees to supply a 4000 pound bell for $920, and guarantee it for four years.

This morning James Nichol, employed at Tuckett & Son's factory, accidentally fell into a box in which tobacco is dried, and was badly injured.

The scheme to hold a summer carnival at the beach during the association aquatic meeting is taking active shape. It is proposed to have the carnival last a week, with the amateur oarsmen's regatta as the chief attraction.

This morning as Arthur Carpenter, who is employed at Wanzer's factory, was on his way to work he took a short cut through Brennen's lumber yard. In jumping over the fence he fell and fractured his leg.

The Garrick club celebrated its removal into new quarters in Main-street east by holding a housewarming party last evening.

MONTREAL AND OTTAWA.

A New Delimitation of the Roman Catholic Archdioceses Decreed.

OTTAWA, March 6.—It is said that a decree of the Sacred Congregation of the Propaganda orders a new delimitation of the archdioceses of Montreal and Ottawa. The line of demarcation common to both will start at the Ottawa River passing to the east of Chatham, Wentworth, Howard and Beresford townships, thence in the same direction to the boundary line between Joliette and Montcalm Counties, and following this latter line in a northwesterly direction until it strikes the territory tributary to the vicarate of Pontiac.

BEARDING THE LION IN HIS DEN.

The Safe in the Ottawa Police Station Robbed of $500.

OTTAWA, March 7.—Last night the safe in the Ottawa Police Station was robbed of $500. The thief entered the station, got Chief McVeity's key, thence entered the clerk's office, obtained the key of the safe and rifled it. No one heard any noise and who the culprit is is a mystery. An ex-policeman is suspected.

Railroad Consolidation.

BOSTON, March 6.—The Oregon Short Line and the Utah Northern Railway, branch lines of the Union Pacific, are about to be consolidated. The two companies operate 1055 miles of railroad. The question of incorporating with this new company the other Utah lines of the Union Pacific is under consideration.

The English Beer Syndicate.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., March 6.—The three leading breweries of the city were to-day purchased by an English syndicate. The prices paid were as follows: Bartholomay Brewery, $2,500,000; Genesee Brewery, $500,000; Rochester Brewery, $500,000. Five per cent. is paid down.

FIRES OF A DAY.

Serious Loss at the Deaf and Dumb Institution in Montreal.

MONTREAL, March 6.—A fire broke out early this morning in the planing shed of the Deaf and Dumb Institution immediately opposite that building, at Mile End. The flames quickly demolished the planing shed and caught on the adjoining building, a factory 75 feet long and three stories high, which was also consumed. Three wooden sheds that were used for storing the material that was used in the factory were badly gutted. The loss is estimated at $20,000. No cause can be assigned as no fires were ever used in the planing shed.

A $2000 Blaze at Trenton.

TRENTON, March 6.—A fire broke out this morning about 2 o'clock in a wooden building on the market square occupied by G. A. Booth, grocer. The flames quickly spread to the adjoining building, also of wood, owned and occupied by J. Cunningham for livery stables, the whole of which was quickly reduced to ashes. The horses, harness, buggies, etc., were all saved. Total loss about $2000, said to be covered by insurance.

The Cobourg Fugitives Captured.

COBOURG, March 6.—Robert Paterson and Robert Calver, who escaped from the jail here yesterday, were recaptured last night.

The Electric Sugar Conspirators.

ANN ARBOR, Mich., March 6.—Olive E. Friend and Howard, the electric sugar-refining conspirators, left for New York last night in custody of four detectives. They broke completely down when the news of Governor Luce's decision reached them, and claimed that their last hope of justice was gone when they had to leave Michigan. They threaten to make disclosures that will implicate Cottrell and others.

SPRING STOCK
—OF—
BOOTS-AND-SHOES
—AT—
HAINES & LOCKETT'S.

We are determined to maintain our reputation for selling the best quality of Boots and Shoes in the city for the money.

HAINES & LOCKETT.

To Get the Best Value

in EMBROIDERIES, STEAM LOOMS, LACE CURTAINS, CRETONNES, TOWELLS, Prints, Cottons, etc., and general Small Wares, you will need to go to

HENNESSY'S.

Railway Time Tables.

Grand Trunk Railway.

Trains arrive at and depart from Belleville Station as follows:

GOING EAST.

		Arrive.	Leave.
No. 1	Mail	12.25 p. m.	12.30 p. m.
No. 3	Mail Fast	12.45 a. m.	12.50 a. m.
No. 11	Mixed	8.05 p. m.	8.15 p. m.
No. 13	do		7.00 a. m.

GOING WEST.

		Arrive.	Leave.
No. 2	Mail	5.50 p. m.	5.55 p. m
No. 4	do	4.00 a. m.	4.05 a. m.
No. 6	do Fast	6.55 a. m.	7.00 a. m.
No. 14	Mixed	11.00 a. m.	11.55 a. m.
No. 16	do	11.10 p. m.	

MIDLAND RAILWAY.

GRAND JUNCTION DIVISION.

Going West. (Leave.)

Mail	5:45 a. m.
Mixed	4:30 p. m

Going East. (Arrive.)

Mail	4 30 p. m.
Mixed	11 50 a. m.

MADOC DIVISION.

Going North. (Leave.)

Mixed	12 25 p. m
Mixed	4:30 p. m.

Going South. (Arrive.)

Mixed	9:00 a. m.
Mixed	4 30 p. m.

CENTRAL ONTARIO RAILWAY.

PICTON DIVISION.

Leave G.T.R. Jct.	7:20 a.m.	12:50 p.m.
Arrive Picton	8:44 "	2:50 "
Leave Picton	9:05 "	3:45 "
Arrive G.T.R. Jct.	10:30 "	5:25 "

COE HILL DIVISION.

Train for Coe Hill 9:35 a m, 12:30 p m; Trenton Junction 15m. later; Mid. Ry. J'ct. 10:28 a m, 3:23 p m; C. P. R J'ct. 11 a m, 4:30 p m; ElDorado 11:45 a m, 5:15 p m. Arr. Coe Hill 1:30 p m, 6:50 p m. Coe Hill for Trenton: 6 a m, 2:20 p m; ElDorado 7:45 a m, 3:47 p m; C. P. R. Jc't 8:40 a m, 4:30 p m; Mid. Ry. J'ct. 9:15 a m, 4:57 p m; G. T. J'ct. 9:50 a m, 5:30 p m; arr. Trenton 10:05 a m, 5:42 p m.

IMPERIAL CREAM TARTAR BAKING POWDER

TRADE MARK

PUREST, STRONGEST, BEST,
CONTAINS NO
Alum, Ammonia, Lime, Phosphates,
OR ANY INJURIOUS SUBSTANCE.

E. W. GILLETT, TORONTO, ONT. CHICAGO, ILL.
MANUFACTURER OF
THE CELEBRATED ROYAL YEAST CAKES.

Economy, Equity, Stability.

Ontario Mutual
Life Assurance Co.
(ESTABLISHED 1870.)
DOMINION DEPOSIT - $100,000.

Assurances in force, Jan. 1st, 1889	$12,041,914
New Assurances written in 1888	2,518,650
Cash Income for 1888	393 074
Assets, Dec 31st, 1888	1,313,853
Liabilities, as per Gov't Valuation	1,223,516

SURPLUS, - - $90,337 00.

The New Business for January and February of this year is MUCH GREATER than was ever before written by the Company during the same months, while, with over $12,000,000 on our books, the death losses have been very moderate.

S. BURROWS,
General Agent Ontario Mutual Life Co'y.

S. ROUGHTON, } Special Agents.
W. E. HOLTON, }

Office, Front Street, next door to Dominion Bank, Belleville.

At FISH'S.

New Kid Gloves,
New Neckwear,
New Regatta Shirts,
New White Shirts,
New Spring Shirting
IN STOCK TO-DAY.

A. E. FISH & CO.,
The noted Shirt Makers and Gents' Furnishers, 260 Front St.

OPERA -- HOUSE!
ONE NIGHT ONLY.
Friday, March the 8th.

Absolutely Unapproachable in its Dramatic Strength and Positively Unrivalled in its Scenic Display.

Chas. L. Andrews' Co'y
Presenting Jules Verne's masterpiece
Michael Strogoff

A COMPANY OF SUPERIOR EXCELLENCE,
SCENERY NEW AND GORGEOUS.
STRONG DRAMATIC CLIMAXES.

RECORD OF MICHAEL STROGOFF:—Paris, over two years; New York, over one year; Philadelphia, over 200 nights; Boston, over 100 nights; Toronto, over 4 weeks; Montreal, over 3 weeks.

☞You can't afford to miss it. Prices, 25cts, 50cts and 75cts. Reserved seats on sale Wednesday morning.

OPERA -- HOUSE,
Tuesday, March 12.
GILLETTE'S
Held by the Enemy
From PALMER'S THEATRE, New York City.

An American Play!
An American Story!

Founded on the incidents of the Civil War. A Triumph of Honor and Devotion to Country. The Highest order of Military Drama. All the New York Scenery and Effects. A tender Love Tale. Notable War Scenes.

ENORMOUS SUCCESS.
MONSTER PRODUCTION.
STIRRING SCENES.
CHARMING COMEDY.

Interesting, Amusing and Engrossing.

Prices 25cts, 50cts and 75cts. Reserved seats at Holden's.

FARMS FOR SALE.

THE undersigned is instructed to sell on EASY TERMS the following FARMS, situated in the County of Hastings:

TOWNSHIP OF TUDOR.
Lots Nos. 27 and 28, South-west side of Hastings Road, 100 acres.

LIMERICK.
Lots Nos. 53 and 54, 2nd con., east Hastings Road, 100 acres.

MONTEAGLE.
Lot No. 30, 16th con., 101 acres.

WICKLOW.
Lot No. 29, 1st con., 101 acres.

CARLOW.
Lots Nos. 24 and 25, 7th con., 200 acres. Lots Nos. 24 and 25, 8th con., 200 acres. Lot No 28, 8th con., 100 acres. Lots Nos. 24 and 25, 15th con., 199 acres.

Titles are perfect. Apply to
JAMES BOOTH,
Real Estate Agent, Belleville.
Office corner Pinnacle and Bridge Sts., up stairs.
Feb. 28, '89. d30tw3m

Lake Winnipeg White Fish
Salmon Trout,
Salt Water Salmon,
Finnan Haddies,
Boneless Codfish,
Roll Butter,
Fresh Eggs,
Sugar Syrups,
A. KNOX.

WINTER SERVICE.

---ALLAN LINE---

Steamships	Fr. Portland	Fr. Halifax
Polynesian	21 Feb	23 Feb.
Sardinian	7 Mar	9 Mar.
Circassian	21 "	23 "
Parisian	4 April	6 April
Polynesian	18 "	20 "
Sardinian	2 May	4 May

Circassian from Quebec May 10th.

The steamers from Portland via Halifax call at Londonderry on their passage to and from Liverpool, to embark and land mails and passengers.

The steamers from Halifax via St. Johns, Nfd., call at Queenstown on their passages to and from Britain.

Steamers leave Portland on arrival of train leaving Belleville Wednesday noon, and Halifax on arrival of train leaving Belleville Thursday noon.

Passengers proceeding by steamers calling at St. Johns, Nfd., will leave Belleville on Friday noon train.

RATES OF OCEAN PASSAGE:

Cabin, $50.00, $65.00 and $75.00 according to accommodation. Intermediate, $30.00. Steerage, $20.00. Return Tickets, Cabin, $100, $125.00, $150.00. Intermediate, $60.00. Steerage $40.00.

Steerage passengers are booked to and from Queenstown, Derry, Belfast, London and Glasgow at same rates as Liverpool.

Intermediate passengers are forwarded to and from Glasgow and Liverpool by rail without extra charge.

CABIN PASSENGERS

are supplied with a very liberal table, and everything necessary except wines and liquors, which can be had on board at moderate prices.

Each passenger is allowed twenty cubic feet of baggage free.

THE INTERMEDIATE.

Superior accommodation is offered in the INTERMEDIATE, which in every respect is equal to what is called Second Cabin in some lines sailing from New York.

The Intermediate Cabins on all our ships are well situated, perfectly ventilated and are entirely distinct from the Steerage. Steward and Stewardesses to each vessel. Passengers in the Intermediate are found with everything.

THE STEERAGES

are large and exceedingly well lighted and ventilated, are fitted up in rooms, each passenger having a seperate sleeping berth. A Stewardess is appointed to each steamer.

For tickets and all information apply to

U. E. THOMPSON,
General Ticket Agent,
Bridge St. Belleville.

Burdock Blood Bitters

WILL CURE OR RELIEVE

BILIOUSNESS, DIZZINESS,
DYSPEPSIA, DROPSY,
INDIGESTION, FLUTTERING OF THE HEART
JAUNDICE, ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH
ERYSIPELAS, DRYNESS OF THE SKIN
SALT RHEUM,
HEARTBURN,
HEADACHE,

And every species of diseases arising from disordered LIVER, KIDNEYS, STOMACH, BOWELS OR BLOOD.

T. MILBURN & CO., Proprietors, Toronto

Pond - Lily - Cream.

A delightful Toilet article. Not a face paint or powder; does not cover over but cures. Used in connection with Pond Lily Liver Pellets and Pond Lily Soap most effectually and positively removes Pimples, Freckles, Tan, Black Specks, Blotches, allays all irritation after shaving, or any itchiness of the skin from whatever cause and all roughness from the face, hands, neck and arms, leaving them beautifully white and velvety. Sold by wholesale dealers and druggists everywhere. Pond Lily Cream, 25 cents; Pond Lily Liver Pellets, 25 cents; Pond Lily Skin Soap, 15 cents. S. PERRIN, Chemist, Manufacturer and Proprietor for Canada.

SMOKE
"BILL NYE"
CIGARS.
--FIVE CENTS.--

SMOKE
"CREME
DE LA CREME"
CIGARS.
--TEN CENTS.--

ARMBRECHT'S

TONIC COCA WINE

FOR
FATIGUE
OF MIND AND BODY
AND SLEEPLESSNESS.

"Experience and scientific analysis reveal to us in Coca the most tonic plant in the Vegetable Kingdom."—*Manual Fuentes.*

"It (Coca) is, in a word, the most powerful restorer of the vital forces."—*Dr Schmitt.*

ARMBRECHT'S COCA WINE, though more tonic in its properties than Iron or Quinine,

NEVER CONSTIPATES.

See Medical Reviews. For sale by leading druggists throughout the world.

ARMBRECHT, NELSON & CO.
2 Duke St., Grosvenor Sq.,
LONDON.

Wood! Wood!

I AM now selling at the West Belleville Central Wood Yard all kinds of Hard and mixed wood, cut and uncut, which I will deliver to any part of the city. Remember the place, the West Belleville Central Wood Yard, just a few steps from the Foot Bridge.

EDWARD NEWMAN.

Nothing Like it.

"I was troubled with liver complaint for a good many years, but was cured by one bottle of Burdock Blood Bitters. I have never found any medicine to help me like B. B. B., in fact one bottle made a complete cure." W. J. West, Parkhill, Ont.

Give Them a Chance ?

That is to say, your lungs. Also all your breathing machinery. Very wonderful machinery it is. Not only the larger air-passages, but the thousands of little tubes and cavities leading from them.

When these are clogged and choked with matter which ought not to be there, your lungs cannot half do their work. And what they do they cannot do well.

Call it cold, cough, croup, pneumonia, catarrah, consumption or any of the family of throat and nose and lung obstructions, all are bad. All ought to be got rid of. There is just one sure way to get rid of them. That is to take Boschee's German Syrup, which any druggist will sell you at 75 cents a bottle. Even if everything else has failed you, you may depend upon this for certain.

Partly Gave up.

"In the year 1885 I coughed for six months, and having unsuccessfully tried many remedies, I partly gave up, thinking I had consumption. At last I tried Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam, less than one bottle of which cured me, leaving me as well as ever I was." Henry W. Carns, Wabash, Ont.

FEVER AND AGUE AND BILIOUS DERANGEMENTS are positively cured by the use of Parmelee's Pills. They not only cleanse the stomach and bowels from all bilious matter, but they open the excretory vessels, causing them to pour copious effusions from the blood into the bowels, after which the corrupted mass is thrown out by the natural passage of the body. They are used as a general family medicine with the best results.

To lessen mortality and stop the inroads of disease, use Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and Dyspeptic Cure. For all diseases arising from Impure Blood, such as Pimples, Blotches, Biliousness, Indigestion, etc., etc., it has no equal. Mrs. Thomas Smith, Elm, writes: "I am using this medicine for Dyspepsia; I have tried many remedies, but this is the only one that has done me any good."

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP should always be used when children are cutting teeth. It relieves the little sufferer at once; it produces natural, quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakens as "bright as a button." It is very pleasant to taste. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP," and take no other kind. 3d&wly

Nothing so suddenly obstructs the perspiration as suddent transitions from heat to cold. Heat rarifies the blood, quickens the circulation and increases the perspiration, but when these are suddenly checked the consequences must be bad. The most common cause of disease is obstructed perspiration, or what commonly goes by the name of catching cold. Coughs, colds, sore throat, etc, if attended to in time are easily subdued, but allowed to run their own course, generally prove the fore-runner of more dangerous diseases. Nine-tenths of the consumptives date their affliction from a neglected cold, and the diseases that are caused by wet feet, damp clothes, or exposure are more numerous than are generally supposed. One of the most efficacious medicines for all diseases of the throat and lungs is Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup. It promotes a free and easy expectoration, which frees the lungs from viscid phlegm by changing the secretions from a diseased to a healthy stat

Rest and Comfort to the Suffering.

"Brown's Household Panacea" has no equa for relieving pain, both internal and externa It cures Pain in the Side, Back or Bowels, Sore Throat, Rheumatism, Toothache, Lumbago and any kind of a Pain or Ache. "It will most surely quicken the Blood and Heal, as its acting power is wonderful." "Brown's Household Panacea," being acknowledged as the great Pain Reliever, and of double the strength of any other Elixir or Liniment in the world, should be in every family handy for use when wanted, "as it really is the best remedy in the world for Cramps in the Stomach, and Pains and Aches of all kinds," and is for sale by all Druggists at 25 cts a bottle.

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, *Station D, New York City.*

COMING!
COMING!

RUPTURE

The last 25 years I have adjusted more Trusses than any man in America. Valuable Patents, my own invention, in Trusses, Spinal and Club Feet Instruments.

Rupture—I will guarantee to hold largest Rupture without touching your hip, no straps whatsoever, waterproof. Largest stock of general Trusses, also the great Cluthe Spiral Trusses in stock. Reliable system for ORDERING BY MAIL.

Spinal Instruments half the weight of other makes and more effective.

CLUB FEET I claim the only mechanical system to straighten born Club Feet (Patented.) I will prove to anybody that operation never did nor can straighten Club Feet. Send 6 cent stamps for Book.

CHAS. CLUTHE, 118 King St. W., Toronto

CHAS. CLUTHE,

of 118 King St. West, Toronto, Ontario, will be at the QUEEN'S HOTEL, BELLEVILLE, Friday and Saturday, MARCH 15TH and 16TH. Call early and avoid disappointment. NO FAILURE. Will hold the most OBSTINATE cases of RUPTURE WITH EASE AND COMFORT.

Manufacturers Life & Accident

INSURANCE COMPANIES.

Combined authorized capital	$3,000,000
Combined subscribed capital	739,700
Combined cash capital	150,760
Combined insurance received (1888)	9,575,525

President Sir John A. Macdonald.
Vice Presidents { Geo. Gooderham, Esq., William Bell, Esq.
Secretary and Treasurer—J. L. Kerr, Esq.
Managers for Eastern Ontario, Peterboro—Wilson & Morrison.

R. CROFT HULME
Agent, Belleville.

☞ Agents wanted.

This Company wrote the largest amount of new business of any company in Canada in 1888. It has the largest capital and the strongest Board of Directors of any company in the Dominion.

PILES! PILES! PILES!

Dr. William's Indian Pile Ointment is a sure cure for Blind, Bleeding or Itching Piles. No one need suffer. Prepared for Piles only. It never fails to cure. Sold by druggists for $1.00, or mailed on receipt of price. WILLIAMS M'f'g Co., Cleveland, Ohio.

Daily Intelligencer.

RIGHTED AT LAST.

A STORY OF NEW ENGLAND LIFE.

> A child of our grandmother Eve, a female;
> Or, for thy more sweet understanding, a woman.
> *Love's Labor Lost.*

'She stays here, when she's in this place.'

'Can I see her?'

'She ain't here. She went to live with Sally's children in Ohio, last fall.'

I suppose something of my disappointment was visible in my face, for she added, in a softer tone: 'Did you want to see her?'

'Yes, very much, indeed. Can I see her brother's wife?'

She bridled a little and said with a silly laugh: 'I s'pose I answer to that name. Will you walk in?'

Heaven knows I was faint and weary enough to except even a more grudgingly-giving invitation than this and I followed her into a room, where several women were tacking a quilt. She gave me a chair, sat down at the frames, and for a few minutes, they went on with their work in silence. Presently they began to whisper and giggle; then one remarked aloud, 'That's a piece of Aunt Hannah's dress.'

'Yes,' said the bride, 'she gin' it to me when I was nussin' his wife.'

'She'd a kep' it till doomsday if she'd thought you'd ever been mistress here!' said another, laughing.

'Yes; and here's a woman come to see her. I s'posed everybody knew she was gone, an' why she went.'

'Sure enough! Everybody does know about here. Did I ever tell you what Betsy Blake said?

A tirade of neighborhood gossip here set in, while I waited to gain some more definite information, if possible. The condition of the room and the tone of the conversation made it very evident to me why Hannah had left. At length I asked if there was a quiet respectable hotel near there, were I could obtain comfortable lodgings for the night.

'None nearer than the one by the depot,' was the reply.

I arose to go, when it occured to me that the brother of my old friend would be able to tell me of her movements and address, I asked for 'Mr. Smith.'

The woman turned shortly around with—'What do you want of him?'

'I wish to speak with him.'

The guests tittered, and Mrs. Smith's red cheek grew redder still as she said:

'If that's all you want, you can say all you've got to say to me. I'm mistress here, and if you are what you should be, it'll answer just as well.'

Had I been less weary, I should have laughed at the look of virtuous suspicion which she bestowed upon me and my baggage. As it was, I merely said:

'Of that I must be the judge, and I think not.'

'Just as I s'posed! That's the door, madam!' she said, as I turned to make my way out.

'Why, Sally, you are not jealous, are you, so soon?' exclaimed one of the women. 'The woman looks respectable—indeed, quite a lady, I should say.'

'I dare say she is a *lady!*' I heard the bride rejoin; 'for honest women don't tramp round the country after other folks' husbands. I've seen such *ladies* afore!'

Great as was my disappointment, I think this absurd termination of my interview with Mrs. Smith did me good. It turned my thoughts from myself to old Hannah and her trials; it set me to speculating upon her brother and his new wife. I felt that Hannah could never have lived with her, and, by the time I reached the hotel, I was quite reconciled to my disappointment. I obtained supper and a comfortable room, and then sat down to consider what I should do next. Uncle Steve, with whom I might have found shelter, was away beyond the Gates of Hercules; besides, Edward and Michal would be sure to seek me there. I had little Adeline's address in New York, but her husband was a stranger, and I was not willing to burden him, even had he the will and the means to aid me. I took out my money and counted it; I had seven dollars and a half; it would keep me, perhaps, a week, and, in the meantime I must find something to do. I recalled, with what comfort I could, the theory I had so often heard advanced by Mr. Tyler and Mrs. Ellis, that 'no really deserving person need suffer for food or shelter who was wiling to work;' and in order to test it, I began with the landlady, a motherly, pleasant-voiced woman, and asked her at once if she could assist me in finding employment.

She gave me a critical glance, and asked: 'What sort of employment? Most young women about here go into factories.'

I had visited a cotton-mill in Bubbleton with Miss Agnes once; I remembered the noise, and the smell of rancid oil, and said, quickly: 'Plain sewing, children's nurse, housework, anything by which I can gain my bread honestly.'

'Most people, in a place like this, do their own sewing, and take care of their own children. If you can fit dresses—'

I shook my head.

'Well, then, about housework. Are you a good cook?'

'I should not like to pledge myself as such. I know something about it, and can learn.'

'That's a pity, for Squire Martin's wife wants a cook; she was here yesterday to see if I could reccommend any one. But she's very particular.'

Here she gave me another look, letting her eyes drop slowly from my face over my dark delaine dress, white linen collar and cuffs to the toe of my gaiter; then they trembled back until they rested on my hands.

'Your hand don't look much like cooking,' she observed. 'May I ask what you are used to doing?'

'I have been teaching for some years past.'

'Why don't you teach still? I dare say you could get a situation here, if you are competent, and can bring the necessary testimonials.'

'Because I have not those testimonials, ma'am.'

She drew back a step, and the shade of distrust which I anticipated came over her face, while she said:

'But you know such things are required. People, in these days, don't take servants without knowing something of them.'

She made a movement as if to leave me, but paused when I said, rapidly but firmly:

'I do, and it is doubtless wise, but there may be exceptions, madam, and my case is one. I am willing to tell you as much of my affairs as is consistent with my own welfare. Through no fault of my own, but to secure my peace of mind and self-respect, I felt compelled to leave the place where I have been teaching some years, and to leave it suddenly, taking with me only the baggage I have with me, and the few dollars I had in my purse. I expected to find an old friend in this place, who would aid me by her wisdom and experience. I am disappointed; she left the place months since. I know no one, and I thought I would apply to you, thinking you might possibly help me; at least, that you would believe me for the sake of our common womanhood.'

She seemed puzzled, as her words implied, for she said, thoughtfully:

(*To be continued*).

Common Croup

Is often fatal when not remedied in time. Leslie B. Nicholson, Wellesley Ave., Toronto, says: "As a quick cure for croup, colds, sore throat, chilblains, etc., I can recommend Hagyard's Yellow Oil." It is a sure cure. Directions accompany each bottle.

The Loss of the Hair

Is a great misfortune and the sight of a bald head should be a warning to you to take the best possible care of your hair. A little of Dr. Dorenwend's "Hair Magic" used occasionally will prevent all chances of its falling out or turning gray, and will remove all traces of dandruff. Every druggist has it in stock. Ask for it.

A Dreadful Doom.

To be unable to satisfy hunger without being distressed by heartburn, indigestion, sick stomach, dizziness or faintness, seems a dreadful doom. All who suffer thus will find prompt relief and permanent cure in Burdock Blood Bitters. B.B.B. *positively cures* dyspepsia in any form.

CANADIAN--- ---PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Tuesday, March 12th,

AND EVERY TUESDAY THEREAFTER

—DURING—

MARCH AND APRIL

—WILL RUN—

SETTLERS'---TRAINS

Through without change to

MANITOBA,
North-West Territories,
and British Columbia,

Leaving Toronto Union Depot at 9:00 p. m. No Customs. No Transfers. No Delays. Full particulars from any agent of the company.

S. BURROWS,
Agent C. P. R., Belleville.

GERMAN SHEET MIRROR.

We can supply any of the regular stock sizes in German Sheet Mirror and cut these to replace breakages.

L. W. YEOMANS & CO.

Luxuriant Growths of Hair

are seen on the heads of all who use

DR. DORENWEND'S

Great German Hair Magic.

The equal of this great preparation is yet to be found. It is an unfailing restorer for Gray Hair. It stops and prevents all falling out of the hair. It removes all Dandruff and keeps the scalp clean. On Bald Heads (if there are not the faintest traces of roots) the "Magic" will produce a fine growth. Will you try it? or will you let your hair go and become prematurely old? What do you say?

All druggists, everywhere, have it for sale. Ask for it. Do not let the druggist tell you he has "something just as good." Many have dead stock of other hair tonics on hand and try to shove them off in this way.

See that each bottle bears seal and signature of

A. DORENWEND,
Sole Manufacturer,
Paris Hair Works, 103 & 105 Yonge St.,
Toronto, Ontario.

☞ Bangs, Frontpieces, Waves, Wigs, Switches, Gents' Wigs, Toupees and Hair Goods of all kinds are supplied by A. Dorenwend. Send to above address for circulars and prices.

CHATHAM MILL

A GREAT MILL.

17,500 IN USE. 2,300 sold in the last year. See them, at VANTASSEL'S Footbridge Warerooms, Belleville, or THOS DUNN'S, Madoc.

$72 a week, $12 a day at home easil made. Costly outfit free. Address [illegible] & Co., Augusta, Maine.

BELLEVILLE POST OFFICE.

Mails	Close	Due for Delivery.
East per G. T. R., including Maritime Provinces, and Picton	11:45 a. m. 10:00 p. m.	6:00 p. m 7:30 a. m.
West per G. T. R., including Western States, Manitoba and the North-West Territories	5.05 p.m. 10.00 p.m.	1:00 p. m. 7:30 a. m.
East and West, per G. T. R., closes on Sunday at 10 p. m.		
Marysville, Shannonville, per G. T. R	11:45 a. m.	6:00 p. m
Belleville Station, postage one cent	7.30 a. m. 5.05 p. m.	8.30 a. m. 6.00 p. m.
G'd Junction Ry., main line, including Peterboro', Stirling,	10:00 p. m	5:00 p. m.
Madoc, per Grand Junction Ry, including Queensboro, Cooper, Rimington, Bridgewater, and the Flats	11:45 a. m.	5:00 p. m.
Madoc Route, per stage	1:00 p. m.	12:00 noon.
Bancroft, Coe Hill, Marmora and all offices in North Hastings per Trenton and Coe Hill Railway	5 05 p. m. 10:00 p. m.	 :30 a. m.
Bridgewater Route per stage, including Stoco daily	1:00 p. m.	12:00 noon.
Moira, Phillipston, Bogart, on Monday, Wednesday and Friday	1:00 p. m.	12:00 noon.
Fuller, on Tuesday and Friday	1:00 p. m.	12:00 noon.
Wallbridge, on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
Ameliasburg Route, per stage, including Mountain View and Crofton	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
Albury on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
Sidney Crossing, Wednesday and Saturday	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
Bay Side, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
British Mails, via New York, Monday and Thursday	11:45 a. m	
" " via Halifax, Canadian line Thursday	11:45 a. m.	

Postage, 5c. per ½ oz. by each route. Registration fee, 5c.

Money Orders granted on all Money Order offices in Canada, the United Kingdom, France and Algeria, the United States, Newfoundland, Jamaica, Victoria (Australia), New South South Wales, Queensland, New Zealand Tasmania, Constantinople (Turkey), Gibraltar, Smyrna, Panama (British agency), Austria, Hungary, Belgium, China (See Hong-Kong), Denmark, including Iceland and the Faroe Islands, Danish West Indies, Dutch, East Indies, Egypt, German empire (which includes 26 States), Holland, (Netherlands), Italy, Japan, Norway, Portugal, including Madiera and the Azores, Romania, Sweden, Switzerland, British India, including Aden, Bagdad, Bandor, Abas, Bushire, Busrah, Guadur, Jask, Linga, Muscat and Zanzibar, Ceylon, Hong Kong, including Amoy, Canton, Foo Chow, Han Kow Hoi-how, Ningpo Shanghai and Swatow, North Borneo, Strait Settlements, Bermuda, Falkland Islands, South and West Africa, including Cape Colony, Gambia, Gold Coast, Lagos, Mauritius Natal, St. Helena, Seychelles Islands, Sierra, Leone, West Indies including Antignu, Bahams, Barbadoes, British Guiana, Dominica, Grenada, Honduras, (British), Montserrat, Nevis, St. Kitts, St. Lucia, St. Vincent, Tobago, Trinidad, Turk's Islands, South Australia, Western Australia, Azores Islands, Madera Islands.

Deposits received, under the regulations of the Post Office Savings' Bank, between the hours of 9 a. m. and 4 p. m.

Registered Letters must be posted 15 minutes before the close of each mail

Street letter boxes emptied at 10 a. m. and 8 p. m.

Office hours, 7:30 a. m. to 6:30 p. m., Sundays excepted.

FOREIGN POSTAGE.

Canada having been admitted into the Postal Union, there is a re-arrangement of Postage rates, as follows:—

For Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Iceland, Egypt, France, Algeria, Germany, Gibraltar, Great Britain and Ireland, Greece, Italy, Luxembourg, Malta, Montenegro, Netherlands, Norway, Persia, Portugal, Azores, Roumania, Russia, St. Pierre, Servia, Spain, the Canary Islands, Sweden, Switzerland and Turkey. And via United States:—Bermuda, Bahamas, Cuba, Danish Colonies of St. Thomas, St. John, St. Croix, Jamaica, Japan and Porto Rico (Newfoundland is now in the Postal Union, but rates remain as before.) Letters, 5 cents per ½ oz. Postal cards, 2 cents each. Newspapers, 2 cents for 4 oz. Registration fee, 5 cents.

For Aden, Argentine Confederation, Brazil, British Guinea, Ceylon, Greenland, French Colonies in Asia, Africa, Oceanica and America, except St. Pierre and Miquelon, Persia, Persian Gulf, Portuguese Colonies in Asia, Africa and Oceanica, Trinidad, Spanish Colonies Africa, Oceanica and America, except Cuba and Porto Rico, Straits settlements in Singapor Penany and Malacca:—Letters, 10 cents per ½ oz. Post cards, 4 cents each. Newspapers, cents for 4 oz. Books, &c., 4 cents for 4 oz. Other Registration fees, 10 cents.

West India Islands, via Halifax, same rate as formerly. Prepayment by stamp in all cases.

J. H. MEACHAM
Postmaster

---NEW---
SPRING GOODS!

New Embroideries,
New Prints,
New Tweeds,
New Carpets,
New Curtain Materials,
New Cornice Poles,
New Window Shades.

GEORGE RITCHIE & CO'S.

California Evaporated Fruits!

NECTARINES,
APRICOTS,
PRUNELLES, PLUMS,

PEACHES,
CHERRIES,
CRYSTALIZED FIGS.

CONGER BROS.

Sun Life Assurance Company

—OF CANADA.—

I have great pleasure in announcing to the Policy-holders and friends of the Company that the Applications for New Life Assurances received during the year 1887 were again larger than in any previous year in the Company's history, being more than $3,500,000, on which policies were issued for over $3,000,000. The year's operations have also resulted in a large and very satisfactory addition to the assets, which now amount to over $1,750,000.

AGENTS WANTED ON SALARY.

W. T. MCINTYRE,
General Agent, Belleville.

HAGYARD'S YELLOW OIL

CURES RHEUMATISM

FREEMAN'S WORM POWDERS

Are pleasant to take. Contain their own Purgative. Is a safe, sure and effectual destroyer of worms in Children or Adults.

SPECULATION!

Geo. A. Romer,
BANKER AND BROKER,
40 & 42 BROADWAY AND 61 NEW STREET,
New York City.

Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Provisions and Petroleum

BOUGHT, SOLD AND CARRIED ON MARGIN

P. S.—Send for explanatory pamphlet.

Aug 30, '88, dly

NEUFCHATEL CREAM CHEESE!

JUST RECEIVED.

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE,
Grocers & Wine Merchants,
33 & 37, Bridge Street

Also Front St., opp. Ritchie's.

Self-Raising Buckwheat Flour!

A FRESH SUPPLY JUST RECEIVED.

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE,
Grocers and Wine Merchants.
33 & 37 Bridge Street.

Also Front Street, Opp. Ritchie's.

NEW Wall Paper!

—AT—

--S. A. LAZIER'S--
ROBERTSON'S BLOCK

October 16th

NEW LINES —IN— CAKES and PASTRY.

Angel Cake, Coffee Cake, Queen Victoria, Adelaide, and a great many other varieties.

Florida Oranges, Almeria Grapes and New Figs, just received at

DICKENS.

P. S.—We would respectfully ask all retailers to drop in and see us and the large line of Candies we are offering at wholesale.

DICKENS & SON.

CALIFORNIA EVAPORATED FRUITS

NECTARINES,
APRICOTS,
PEACHES,
PLUMS.

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE
Grocers & Wine Merchants,
33 & 37 Bridge Street.

Also Front St., opp. Ritchie's.

FOR MEN ONLY!

A POSITIVE CURE For LOST or FAILING MANHOOD; General and NERVOUS DEBILITY, Weakness of Body and Mind; Effects of Errors or Excesses in Old or Young. Robust, Noble MANHOOD fully Restored. How to Enlarge and Strengthen WEAK, UNDEVELOPED ORGANS & PARTS of BODY. Absolutely unfailing HOME TREATMENT—Benefits in a day. Men testify from 47 States, Territories, and Foreign Countries. You can write them. Book, full explanation, and proofs mailed (sealed) free. Address ERIE MEDICAL CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

BEFORE BUYING STOVES

Be sure to see our stock. We have in Coal Stoves the

Imperial Jewel,
Fancy Countess,
Art Favorite,
Fire King and others.

Also a great variety of RANGES and COOK STOVES, which we are selling at right prices.

C. F. SMITH & CO.
388, FRONT STREET.

To WATER Consumers

PLEASE call at the office and pay your Water Rate, which was due on the 1st of January.

Those in arrears for Plumbing will also please pay without further notice.

THE BELLEVILLE WATER WORKS CO

J. H. MILLS,

--Merchant.:. Tailor,--

OPPOSITE GEO. RITCHIE & CO'S

THE MAGOG TEXTILE & PRINT CO.

Will offer for Spring Trade the LARGEST, CHEAPEST and MOST VARIED range of Prints ever shown, including

SPRING NOVELTIES

—OF—

LATEST PARIS DESIGNS!

Merchants will do well to see their samples before buying elsewhere. Early advice will be given when Travellers will call.

St Peter Street, - Montreal.

HASTINGS LOAN AND INVESTMENT SOCIETY

BELLEVILLE, ONT.

CAPITAL $250,000

MONEY TO LOAN on Farm or City property, at lowest current rates.

Payments can be made to fall due at any season of the year to suit borrowers. No delay in obtaining the money beyond the time necessary employed in the investigation of titles.

MORTGAGES PURCHASED.

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT.

FOUR PER CENT interest allowed on Deposit No notice required of withdrawal

OFFICE—Robertson's Block, east side of Front Street.

Straight loans at 7 per cent. No fines. No commissions.

J. P. C. PHILLIPS,
Manager

3d&wly

PARMELEE'S Asphaltic ROOF PAINT.

It will entirely stop the rusting of tin and iron roofs.

It will entirely stop the wearing away and decay of the exposed wood of shingle roofs.

It has been accepted by the City, the County, and the chief Real Estate Owners of the City.

I will be glad to give estimates of cost at any time and anywhere.

H. S. PARMELEE,
Belleville.

432,000 FIRE CRACKERS

—AT THE—

—CITY BAKERY—

Wholesale and Retail.

JAS. WALLACE.

The Great English Prescription.

A successful Medicine used over 30 years in thousands of cases. Cures *Spermatorrhea, Nervous Weakness, Emissions, Impotency* and all diseases caused by abuse. [BEFORE] indiscretion, or over-exertion. [AFTER] Six packages *Guaranteed to Cure when all others Fail.* Ask your Druggist for **The Great English Prescription**, take no substitute. One package $1. Six $5, by mail. Write for Pamphlet. Address **Eureka Chemical Co., Detroit, Mich.**

FOR SALE BY D. M. WATERS.

INTELLIGENCER PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY LIMITED.

J. C. JAMIESON, President. | J. W. LONDON, Secretary

THE Treasurer is the only person authorised to receive moneys for the Company, or to grant receipts for the same.

All Bills, Notes, Cheques, and other documents binding on the Company, will require the signature of the President, in addition to that of the Treasurer.

THE INTELLIGENCER is printed and published for the INTELLIGENCER Printing and Publishing Company (Limited) by JAMES C. JAMIESON, resident in Belleville, at their Office, Front St., south of Hotel St

THE RATHBUN COMPANY,

Having transferred me to their Brockville branch, I beg to thank my friends and customers for the liberal patronage and kindness extended to me during my residence in Belleville, and also to bespeak the same treatment to Mr. R. C. Calhoun, my successor.

P. J. SHANNON.

The Daily Intelligencer.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL. 22. BELLEVILLE ONTARIO, FRIDAY MARCH 8, 1889. NO. 263

THE RATHBUN CO.

Having appointed me Agent for their Belleville branch, I take this opportunity of soliciting a continuance of the patronage which they have hitherto enjoyed through the popular management of Mr. Shannon. It will be my desire and aim to maintain and add to this patronage, which fair dealing and a thorough knowledge of the requirements of the trade leads me to hope for.—R. C. CALHOUN.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

G. DENMARK,

BARRISTER, Solicitor, etc. Office, Front Street.

W. B. NORTHRUP, M. A.,

BARRISTER, Solicitor, &c. Offices: North Bridge St., between Front St. and Lower Bridge.
Money to loan—private and company funds.

J. C. CONNELL, M. A., M. D., C. M.

DISEASES of the Eye, Ear, Throat and Nose. Surgeon to Kingston General Hospital. Office—No. 279, King Street, Kingston. Dr. Connell will be at the Queen's Hotel, Belleville, on the first Tuesday of each month. Sept. 5 d&wly

E. GUSS PORTER,

BARRISTER, Solicitor, Notary Public, &c. office in the Robertson Block, east side of Front Street.
☞Private Money to Loan. 371d&wl.

DR. ELIZABETH EMBURY,

GRADUATE of Queen's University, Licentiate of the College of Physicians and Surgeons, Ontario.
Office and residence—Harrison's Block, Front Street, across the hall from rooms formerly occupied by Dr. Farley, over Holland's jewellery store. Diseases of women and children a specialty. d&wtf

HENRY CARRE, C. E.,
M. C. Soc. C. E.,

DOM, and Prov'l Land Surveyor, late of the firm of Macleod & Carre, P. L. S. References: John Bell, Esq., Solicitor G. T. R., W. H. Ponton, Esq., Registrar of the County. Office—McAnnany Block, opposite Skinner & Redick's. Belleville, Ont., P. O. Box 203. 20d&w

J. F. WILLS,

BARRISTER, Solicitor, Notary Public, &c. Office, corner Front and Campbell Streets, Belleville, Ont. Money to loan, Company and private funds. 24d&w

J WALTER ROSS, M. D., C. M.

GRADUATE of the University of Trinity College, Toronto. Physician, surgeon, accoucheur. Office and residence West Front Street, one door north of entrance to Foot Bridge. d&wly

JOHN J. FARLEY, M. D., C. M., M. R. C. S., England.

OFFICE and Residence—corner of Bridge and George Streets—three streets east of the Post Office.

ROBERT BOGLE,

LOAN and real estate agent. MONEY TO LOAN at lowest rates. Office, opposite Roy's Brewry, Front St., Belleville.

GEO. CLINTON, M. D., C. M

OFFICE and residence Bridge St., between William and George Sts, third block east of Bridge Street Methodist Church. Telephone No. 44. d&w

GEO. J. SHERRY,

BARRISTER, &c. Office. Metropolitan Block, next door north of Dominion Bank, Front St. Branch Office, Stirling. 116

EDGAR M. COOK, M. D.,

HOMOEOPATHIC Physician and Surgeon. Office and residence, West Front Street, in the late Dr. Abbott's premises, over Brignall & Thompson's store. TELEPHONE. 175dtf

GEO. D. DICKSON, Q. C.,

BARRISTER, &c., Post Office Block Bridge Street Belleville.

WILLIAM N. PONTON,

BARRISTER, Solicitor Notary Public, Conveyancer. Office, over Express and Telegraph Office, Thompson Block, Bridge St., Belleville. Money to loan—private funds. Agent or the Trust and Loan Company of Canada.

DR. BURDETT

IS pleased to inform his friends that he is again able to render his professional services as before. 176 6m

DRUNKENNESS

Or the Liquor Habit, Positively Cured by Administering Dr. Haines' Golden Specific.

It can be given in a cup of coffee or tea without the knowledge of the person taking it; is absolutely harmless, and will effect a permanent and speedy cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. It has been given in thousands of cases, and in every instance a perfect cure has followed. *It never fails.* The system once impregnated with the Specific, it becomes an utter impossibility for the liquor appetite to exist. For circular and full particulars address GOLDEN SPECIFIC CO., 185 Race St., Cincinnati, O.

BANKING OFFICE
—OF—
U. E. THOMPSON
BRIDGE STREET, BELLEVILLE, ON

American Currency and Drafts Bought and Sold.

Deposits received, subject to withdrawal without notice and interest allowed

EYE, EAR & THROAT
DR. RYERSON.

L. R. C. P., L. R. C. S. E., Lecturer on the Eye, Ear and Throat, Trinity Medical College, Toronto, and Surgeon to the Mercer Eye and Ear Infirmary.
60 College Avenue, Toronto.

M. C. ROBLIN
ISSUER OF
MARRIAGE LICENCES

and agent of the Lancashire Insurance Company. Office over Hooey & Sons, Front Street Belleville. 136d 1y

A. G. NORTHRUP,
Issuer of Marriage Licences,
OFFICE—SHIRE HALL, BELLEVILLE
November 10

PENNYROYAL WAFERS.

Prescription of a physician who has had a life long experience in treating female diseases. Is used monthly with perfect success by over 10,000 ladies. Pleasant, safe, effectual. Ladies ask your druggist for Pennyroyal Wafers and take no substitute, or inclose postage for sealed particulars. Sold by all druggists, $1 per box. Address THE EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., DETROIT, MICH.
FOR SALE BY D. M. WATERS.

Try FROSTILLA.

It softens the roughest skin and keeps it in good condition.
It contains nothing greasy or sticky, is nicely perfumed, a lady's toilet not complete without it.
An elegant face dressing for gentlemen after shaving.
For sale at the PHARMACY.

D. M. WATERS,

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.
CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

GREAT REDUCTION
—IN—
Sleighs & Baskets
—AT THE—
City Book Store.

Having decided to take Baskets from stock, will, for a week, offer them at cost.

Sleighs also for balance of season at bottom prices. Including a few Children's Cutters which should be seen by any who could use them.

C. B. SCANTLEBURY,
Headquarters for School Publications,
New Music and Fine Stationery.

NEWCOMBE PIANOFORTES

AWARDED FIRST SILVER MEDAL

WORLD'S EXPOSITION, NEW ORLEANS, U.S.A., 1884-5, in competition with the pianofortes of Europe and America. The only U.S. International Medal ever awarded to a Canadian pianoforte; also Medal and Diploma at the Colonial and Indian Exhibition, London, Eng., 1886, with the supreme honor of supplying Her Majesty the Queen with a Newcombe Grand, selected by Sir Arthur Sullivan. For Illustrated Catalogue, prices and terms,

Address **Octavius Newcombe & Co.,**
MANUFACTURERS

WAREROOMS, 107-109 CHURCH ST., TORONTO
FACTORY, 89 TO 97 BELLWOODS AVENUE

CLARKE'S
Glycerine .·. Jelly

For ROUGH SKIN, CHAPPED HANDS, SORE LIPS, etc.
It penetrates the skin, leaving it soft and white.
It is not sticky, and a glove can be put on immediately after using.
Price 20 cents. For sale by

-F. CHARLES CLARKE,-
CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST.
Telephone 138. Front Street.

DUNN'S BAKING POWDER
THE COOK'S BEST FRIEND

Gents' .·. Furnishings!

A FULL LINE of Gentlemen's Goods for the Fall and Winter.

Shirts made to order and a good fit guaranteed.

C. J. PANTER.

HAGYARD'S
PECTORAL
BALSAM
CURES COUGHS, COLDS,
HOARSENESS, ETC.

NEVER ALLOW the bowels to remain constipated lest serious evil ensue. National Pills are unsurpassed as a remedy for constipation.

Daily Intelligencer.

A WITNESS FROM CANADA

TESTIFIES BEFORE THE PARNELL COMMISSION.

Queen Victoria Enthusiastically Received at Biarritz—England and the Samoan Affair—Two Marine Disasters.

LONDON, March 7.—At the sitting of the Parnell Commission to-day an ex-American Fenian named Coleman, now residing in Ontario and employed by the Canadian Pacific Railroad, detailed the outrages in which he took part while he was in Ireland. He said Macauley told him the League had paid him £200 for shooting Burke. On cross-examination Coleman testified he had received £1000 from the Government for acting as a spy in America. With this money he bought property in Winnipeg.

Mr. Soames, The Times' solicitor, testified that Walsh said he could produce documents to prove that Parnell and O'Kelly were connected with the importation of arms into Ireland, but he did not know Walsh's whereabouts. [Laughter.]

The commission at this point adjourned.

Parnellites in a Flutter.

LONDON, March 7.—The Parnellites are in a flutter over the approaching close of The Times case. Sir Charles Russell is ready to make an elaborate opening address for the Parnellites. He is determined not to risk an adverse decision on any grounds. Most of the witnesses subpœnaed from Ireland have promised their services free.'

Dr. Tanner Convicted.

DUBLIN, March 7.—Dr. Tanner, M.P. for Cork, arrested for violation of the Crimes Act, was sentenced at Tipperary to-day to three months' imprisonment without hard labor. He has appealed.

Proposed Increase in the British Navy.

LONDON, March 7.—In the House of Commons to-day Lord George Hamilton, First Lord of the Admiralty, stated that the Government proposed to build 8 men-of-war of 14,000 tons each, and two of 9000 tons, nine first-class cruisers, twenty-nine smaller cruisers, four of the Pandora type of cruiser and eighteen of the Sharpshooter type of torpedo vessels. The total tonnage of all these vessels will be 318,000 and the total cost £21,500,000. Lord George asked that £10,000,000 be appropriated from the consolidated fund for the proposed increase of the navy and that the remainder of the sum required be provided for in the ordinary estimates. He promised that the Admiralty's program would be executed within 4½ years.

Lord George did not think the proposed increase would induce other nations to attempt to rival England in naval strength because England had refrained from military rivalry. He did not believe that any other power was capable of executing such an extensive program in so short a time.

Lord Charles Bresford complained that the Government gave no real reason why just so many ships—no more and no less—should be built. He gave notice of an amendment declaring that England's naval strength ought to be equal to the navies of France and any other great power combined.

The Radicals will oppose every stage of the legislation connected with Lord George Hamilton's scheme. It is expected Mr. Gladstone will lead the Opposition attack on the Government.

England Not Entitled to Interfere.

LONDON, March 7.—In the House of Commons to-day Sir James Fergusson said the Government had not heard of any truce being established between the German Consul at Apia and Chief Mataafa. England, he said, had no right to interfere in the matter. He had no doubt Germany had treated Malietoa well.

The Dissident Liberals.

LONDON, March 7.—The dissident Liberals have formed a central organizing council, which will hold its first meeting March 22. Lord Hartington will make an address.

The Queen at Biarritz.

LONDON, March 7.—Queen Victoria arrived at Biarritz to-day. She was welcomed by the mayor and other prominent persons. The Queen was enthusiastically cheered by the people along the route from the station to her villa. President Carnot sent a telegraphic message of welcome, and has placed a military band at her disposal during her stay at Biarritz.

Wreck of a British Man-of-War.

LONDON, March 7.—The British man-of-war Sultan has been wrecked on the Island of Comino in the Mediterranean. The captain and crew were saved. The Sultan was an iron armor-plated vessel of 9290 tons and carried 19 guns. She was temporarily attached to the Mediterranean squadron.

Sunk by a Collision.

LONDON, March 7.—The British ship Vandalia, Capt. Coon, from Perth Amboy, Feb. 5, for London with petroleum, has been sunk off Bognor by a collision with an unknown steamer. One of the crew was killed by the falling of an anchor and one was drowned. The remainder were saved. The boats of the steamer rendered no assistance.

Legitime Demands Recognition.

LONDON, March 7.—General Legitime has sent a telegram to the European Governments announcing that the rebellion in Hayti has been crushed and demanding recognition of his Government.

French Affairs.

PARIS, March 7.—The Cabinet has rescinded the decree of exile against the Duc d'Aumale.

In the Chamber of Deputies to-day the election of Gen. Boulanger to the Chamber for the Department of the Seine was verified.

M. Villain submitted his interpellation of the Government regarding the Panama Canal Company. He urged that the canal scheme should not be abandoned and that a meeting of shareholders of the company should be convened for the purpose of discussing means for the continuation of work on the canal. M. Villain said that if the savings of France were insufficient to build the canal assistance should be invoked from other countries. He suggested that an international conference of engineers be summoned. He moved an order of the day appealing to the Government to safeguard the interests of shareholders.

M. Rouvier, Minister of Finance, disclaimed any responsibility on the part of the Government. He said the Government had no means of interfering, although it approved of every effort made by capitalists and companies to prevent the collapse of the undertaking.

Prime Minister Tirard, replying to M de Cassagnac, said the Government would do its utmost for the success of the canal but he could say no more.

The Chamber then by a vote of 344 to 185 adopted a Government order of the day in regard to the canal.

Crispi's Cabinet Accepted.

ROME, March 7.—Acting under advice of Signori Bianchari and Farini, the former of whom declined to form a ministry, King Humbert has accepted the cabinet arranged by Signor Crispi.

WOMAN AND HER WAYS.

FOLLIES, FASHIONS AND FOIBLES OF THE FAIR SEX.

Revival of a Fine Old Fashion in Dressing the Hair—Popular Silk Blouses—The Empress Eugenie's Laces.

The silk blouse is popular made of surah or pongee. Many are made with a yoke and full-tucked waist; the Garibaldi and Directoire styles will probably take the lead, both styles demanding big cuffs and embroidery. A novelty is in red and blue plaits; it laps over in front and is finished with a blue belt. Many are made with vest and plaited front, and fancy braiding is extensively used.

One of the most marvelous laces owned by the Empress Eugenie was a point de Brouxelles shawl. No less than eighty experts were employed for one year in making it, and it cost $22,000 in gold. Heavy ferns droop over the almost invisible mesh, there are groups of medallions set in exquisite garlands of foliage, and the borders are worked around concealed horse hair, to give it greater stiffness, and to offer a striking contrast to the airy grace of the Brussels manufacture.

"The style of dressing the hair seems to change about of often as one dines," said a society young woman. "The 'catagon braid' and 'basket coil' have no sooner been adopted than there appears an entirely different arrangement. We who have an abundance of tresses must brush them as smooth as possible, form them in two braids and plait them round and round the head, crossing at the nape the neck and again just above the forehead. This style is not a new one, but a revival of quite an old one. When there is a desire to decorate, instead of a comb or fancy pin, a small bow of ribbon, which harmonizes with the gown, is fastened at one side of the braid."

There is a saying in Paris that it is not necessary for a great man to make mots; that the public will invent and attribute them to him. So it is not at all obligatory for a woman to cause every trouble, because she gets the credit of it anyhow, and might as well save herself the fatigue. Just now the newsmongers are "looking for the woman" in the Samoan difficulty, and they announce that she has been discovered in the person of Princess Laupepe, daughter of King Malietoa. She was the beauty of the islands, and the young German naval officers all made eyes at her and struggled with each other for her favors. But this princess, being a person of the most luminous good taste, greatly preferred the officers of the American men-of-war which were from time to time stationed there. About the time that the Germans began to try some of their peculiar colonial methods on King Malietoa the princess was invited to be present at a ball on board a German naval vessel. If Laupepe had been a diplomatist she would have accepted and gone, but being only an artless Samoan who didn't like German lovemaking, she refused promptly without assigning any reason for doing so. This was bad enough, and the Germans were sufficiently resentful at the absence of the island's beauty and best dancer, but what was their wrath and amazement at hearing, three days after, that at the ball on board the American man-of-war Adams the beautiful princess had been the life of the occasion. From that moment Malietoa's doom was sealed, and whatever Bismarck or Bayard may say, whatever the diplomatic newspapers may put forth about colonial schemes and mere vulgar matters of coaling stations, etc., the real cause of the Samoan trouble is a dusky Helen, who may yet go down in the annals of the ages as the beautiful cause of a ten-years' war between Germany and America.

STORIES ABOUT MEN.

How a Junior Counsel Revenged Himself on Edward Blake.

It is not often that Junior Counsel have an opportunity of "getting back" at the Leaders of the Bar who are opposed to them. However, this occurred on Tuesday in the big timber limit suit of Scott v. Benedict on trial at Osgoode Hall. Mr. Geo. H. Watson had been examining a witness named Stapleton; then Hon. E. Blake, Q.C., took him in hand and questioned him as to the identification of the hand-writing of a paper before the court. Mr. Watson had the temerity to ask for the date. In that Junius Brutus voice that has so often been listened to with rapt attention by the statesmen of the Dominion, and which has held multitudes spell-bound, Mr. Blake turned to the audacious Junior and in stentorion tones remarked, "Be Silent, Sir." This momentarily crushed Mr. W. But his time was to come. In course of the examination of another witness who was being questioned by Mr. W., the Hon. Edward stood up and remarked that "This is not evidence." Quickly seizing the opportunity and swelling his figure and voice to its greatest possible extent, and with a majestic wave of the arm that would have done credit to Henry Irving, Watson replied; "Be Silent, Sir." A prompt compliance was the result, and after a titter in the court the examination was resumed.—Toronto World.

Just What he was There For.

As funny a thing as ever occurred in a court happened at Napoleon, Ohio, before Judge Potter and a jury. A case was on trial, and an outsider seated himself on one of the puncheons at the far end of the panel of jurors, there being no other available seat. When the defendant's counsel arose to address the jury he scanned the face of each very closely, and naturally his gaze was directed to the furthest man from him, who didn't happen to be a juror at all. Glaring at him he began:

"Gentlemen of the jury, I want to know what this man (referring to the plaintiff in the case) has come into court for? What is his business? What right has he here? What is he seeking for? Again I repeat, gentlemen of the jury why is he here?"

The countryman imagined that the question had direct reference to himself, and when the lawyer paused to give due weight and emphasis to the question, he jumped to his feet and howled:

"What am I here for, you cross-eyed cock of the walk? What am I seeking for in this here court? I'll tell you in short order, you weazen-faced old son of a gun. I've been here three days awaitin' for my fees, and nary a red kin I git. Pay me my witness fees, sir, and I'll git out of here immegiately."

This unexpected oration brought down the house, and the lawyer never finished his address.

Positive Proof.

Jake—"I say, sir, the man that bought that $15 suit from you yesterday morning has brought it back."
Dealer—"Why, what's the matter?"
Jake—"He says it ain't wool."
Dealer—"It ain't wool! Well, why don't you tell him it is."
Jake—"I did, and he won't believe me."
Dealer—"That's too bad. Well, the only thing we can do is to show him where the moths have eaten into it. He didn't notice it yesterday when he took the suit."

The Source of Familiar Quotations.

Campbell found that "Coming events cast their shadows before," and "'Tis distance lends enchantment to the view."

To Milton we owe "The paradise of fools," "A wilderness of sweets" and "Moping melancholy and moonstruck madness."

Dryden says "None but the brave deserve the fair," "Men are but children of a larger growth," and "Through thick and thin."

Christopher Marlowe gave forth the invitation so often repeated by his brothers in a less public way, "Love me little, love me long."

Johnson tells us of "A good hater," and MacIntosh in 1701, the phrase often attributed to John Randolph, "Wise and masterly inactivity."

Thomas Tasser, a writer of the sixteenth century, gives us "It's an ill wind turns no good," "Better late than never," "Look ere thou leap," and "The stone that is rolling can gather no moss."

"First in war, first in peace, and first in the hearts of his fellow citizens" (not his countrymen), appeared in the resolutions presented to the House of Representatives in December 1790, prepared by General Henry Lee.

"Of two evils I have chosen the least" and "The end must justify the means" are from Matthew Prior.

Its Just the Same in Canada.

The legislator who introduced a bill in the Pennsylvania Legislature making treating an offense punishable by a fine of not more than $1,000, proposes a measure that, could it be enforced, would almost do away with intemperance among those at least who are of any great account to the community or themselves. The abolishment of the absurd and destroying American custom of treating would be the greatest boon ever granted to a nation. The custom of treating is one of the most pernicious and foolish that ever cursed society. It is supposed to have originated in the primitive days of the nation, when the settlers had to resort to the mutual-help plan, and when the neighbors gathered for a barn-raising or log-rolling the host set 'em up for the boys, and upon similar occasion the compliment was returned.

Two thirds of the drinking done, two-thirds of the money spent for drink, two-thirds of the revolting wretchedness are due to the treating system. Men take drink after drink that they do not want, and spend money to pay for drinks for other people, oftentimes men they hardly know or perhaps dislike. The custom furthermore, looked at in the proper way, is degrading and unmanly. It assists in forming bad associates, "habits of loafing around", and precludes a person from his most sacred privilege—that of choosing his own associates. People who join in the social drink should be those who are on the closest and most intimate relations.

There is no hospitality or generosity in the American treating any more than there is in the giving of an Indian who takes his present back. Every man keeps a mean little tab in his head on his fellows and the score is kept even all around. There is comparatively little solitary drinking in America. The number of men who go to drinking places and buy a drink for themselves alone is comparatively few. Abolish treating and the saloons would soon be few and far between.—Washington Post.

TALK ABOUT TODDLERS.

SAYINGS AND DOINGS OF PRECOCIOUS LITTLE ONES.

Pansy Solves a Difficulty—Some Queer Synonyms Tackles Tommy—A Lightning Express Toothache.

PANSY POINTS THE WAY.

Three-year-old Pansy asks her mother to read a story. Mother replies:
"My eyes ache. I cannot read to-day.
Pansy: "Don't read wif your eyes; read wif your mouf."—N. Y. World.

A SURE TEST.

Bessie—Ma and pa have been quarrelling, haven't they?
Willie—Yep.
Bessie—Which one got the worst of it—do you know?
Willie—Not yet. I'm waiting to see which one of them slams the door going out.—Burlington Free Press.

TOM'S TOOTHACHE.

Little Tom suffered with the toothache and had worn himself out crying. His grandpa told him to be a man and not cry any more. The little fellow looked tearfully towards his aunt for sympathy and said:

"Grandpa thinks this is a slow, soft toosache, but it's a tonfounded Buf'lo lightning nexpress toosache."

Poor Tom got lots of pity after his remarkable definition of toothache.

A BIT OF HUMAN NATURE.

Little Dot—Mamma, what's this cake called angel cake for?
Mamma (meaningly)—Because little girls who eat too much of it become angels.
"Don't angels get this kind of cake to eat?"
"No; angels never get anything to eat."
"Well, dess I don't want to be an angel until I get old and lose my appetite."—Philadelphia Record.

QUEER SYNONYMS.

A teacher in one of the Hartford city schools requires her pupils to write sentences containing the words in the lesson. These sentences sometimes are very funny. Here are two: One of the words in the lesson was "urchin." A little fellow who would evidently rather stay at home and play than go to school, wrote: "The father is urchin his boy to go to school." The following is more subtile. The word was "pacify," and the sentence written was, "The author pacifies the poem." "Why, what do you think pacify means?" asked the teacher. "The dictionary says it means 'compose.'"—Hartford Courant.

A FREE CIRCUS.

A little girl had been very bad, and her mother dressed her up in boy's clothes as a punishment and sent her to the nursery. Imagine the mother's surprise an hour or so later to find the child walking the fence of the front garden for the amusement of a large crowd of children who were gathered on the sidewalk. That was a child that needed a switching, her mother discovered, and so she switched her.—Atlanta Journal.

The New York State League.

AUBURN, N.Y., March 7.—The New York State league of ball players met here to-day. Utica, Elmira, Auburn, Canandaigua and Waterloo were represented. After an informal discussion of plans for the summer the meeting adjourned at 4 p.m. Rome and Binghamton are expected to come into the league.

Mascot Sells for $26,000.

NEW YORK, March 7.—At the combination sale here to-day of the California trotting stock the bay colt Mascot of the L. J. Rose Stables was sold to D. Scott Quinton of Trenton, N.J., for $26,000. A brother to Mascot was sold to J. H. Schultze for $6500.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

FULL WEIGHT
ROYAL BAKING POWDER
ABSOLUTELY PURE
ROYAL
BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall-st., N. Y.

A High Valuation.

"If there was only one bottle of Hagyard's Yellow Oil in Manitoba, I would give one hundred dollars for it," writes Philip H. Brant, of Monteith, Manitoba, after having used it for severe wound and for frozen fingers, with, as he says, "astonishing results."

Dangerous Counterfeits.

Counterfeits are always dangerous, more so that they always closely IMITATE THE ORIGINAL IN APPEARANCE AND NAME. The remarkable success achieved by Nasal Balm as a positive cure for Catarrh and Cold in the Head has induced unprincipled parties to imitate it. The public are cautioned not to be deceived by nostrums imitating Nasal Balm in name and appearance, bearing such names as Nasal Cream, Nasal Balsam, etc. Ask for Nasal Balm and do not take any imitation dealers may urge upon you. For sale by all druggists or sent post-paid on receipt of price (50c. and $1,) by addressing Fulford & Co., Brockville, Ont.

Health Failing Fast.

I was swollen from head to foot from dropsy of six months' standing, and my health was failing fast, but after taking one bottle of Burdock Blood Bitters, I am quite well, and think there is no medicine equal to B. B.B., and to it I remain a true friend." Joseph Heric, Linwood, Ont.

There are a number of varieties of corns. Holloway's Corn Cure will remove any of them Call on your druggist and get a bottle at once.

Orin Catlin, 49 Pearl Street Buffalo, N. Y., says: I tried various remedies for the piles but found no relief until I used Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, which entirely cured me after a few applications.

Do not delay in getting relief for the little folks. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is a pleasant and sure cure. If you love your child why do you let it suffer when a remedy is so near at hand?

The cheapest medicine in use is Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, because so very little of it is required to effect a cure. For croup, diphtheria, and diseases of the lungs and throat, whether used for bathing the chest or throat, for taking internally or inhaling, it is a matchless compound.

Mr. Thomas Ballard, Syracuse, N. Y., writes: 'I have been afflicted for nearly a year with that most-to-be dreaded disease Dyspepsia, and at times worn out with pain and want of sleep, and after trying almost everything recommended I tried one box of Parmelee's Valuable Pills. I am now nearly well, and believe they will cure me. I would not be without them for any money."

PARMELEE'S PILLS possess the power of acting specifically upon the diseased organs, stimulating to action the dormant energies of the system, thereby removing disease. In fact, so great is the power of this medicine to cleanse and purify, that diseases of almost every name and nature are driven from the body.' Mr. D. Carswell, Carswell P. O., Ont., writes: "I have tried Parmelee's Pills and find them an excellent medicine, and one that will sell well."

EXHAUSTED VITALITY.

THE SCIENCE OF LIFE, the great Medical Work of the age on Manhood, Nervous and Physical Debility, Premature Decline, Errors of Youth, and the untold miseries consequent thereon, 360 pages 8 vo., 125 prescriptions for all diseases. Cloth, full gilt, only $1, by mail, sealed. Illustrative sample free to all young and middle aged men. Send now. The Gold and Jewelled Medal awarded to the author by the National Medical Association. Address P. O. Box 1895, Boston, Mass, or Dr. W. H. PARKER, graduate of Harvard Medical College, 25 years' practice in Boston, who may be consulted confidentially. Specialty, Diseases of Men. Office, No. 4, Bulfinch Street,

NERVOUS DEBILITY.

NERVOUS DEBILITY, EXHAUSTING Vital Drains (caused by early indiscretions), effectually cured. Syphilitic affections and all bad blood and skin diseases arising there from thoroughly eradicated. Varicocele cured without operation. Impotence, or premature decline of the manly powers, and all diseases of the genito-urinary organs a specialty. It makes no difference who has failed to cure you. Skill and experience important. A friendly letter or call may save you a great deal of misery and add years to your life. Consultation FREE. Medicines sent to any address. DR. REEVE, 337 Jarvis St., Toronto. 59d&wly

Montreal, Nov. 21, 1888.

MESSRS. WILLIS & Co, 1,824 NOTRE DAME ST., CITY.

DEAR SIRS.—After having played on the Piano of Messrs. Bell & Co., of Guelph, Ont., it is impossible not to bear testimony to the qualities which have acquired for them the good reputation which they already enjoy. The Pianos of their manufacture are exceedingly remarkable for their qualities of tone. The bass is powerful without harshness, and the upper notes sweet, clear and mellow. The Bell Pianos are unquestionably the best made in Canada, and I act up on my principle and give you to-day an order to furnish one for my own use. Canada is to be congratulated on having produced the Bell Piano.

J. B. LABELLE, Professor of Music|
Organist Notre Dame Cathedral.

H BULL AGENT.
BELLEVILLE.

WHY WILL YOU cough when Shiloh's Cure will give immediate relief? Price 10 cts., 50 cts., and $1. Sold by D. M. Waters.

NOTICE
—TO—
Contractors, Bridge-builders, etc.

CALL FOR TENDERS.

The Bay of Quinte Bridge Co'y.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Tenders for the construction of a highway bridge across the Bay of Quinte at the City of Belleville, will be received by the undersigned up to 12 o'clock, noon, on the 11th day of February, 1889. Plans may be seen at the office of the undersigned, and copies of the specifications and forms of tender will be furnished on application. The Company does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

U. E. THOMPSON,
Sec'y and Treasurer,
Bay of Quinte Bridge Co'y.

Dated at Belleville, this 29th day of December, 1888. sat&wed

TIME EXTENDED

THE time for receiving the above tenders is hereby extended to

THE 9TH DAY OF MARCH NEXT, AT 12 NOON.

By order of the board,
U. E. THOMPSON,
Secty.-Treas.
Belleville, Ont., Feb. 7th, 1889.

NATIONAL COLONIZATION
LOTTERY

Under the patronage of the Rev. Father Labelle
Established in 1884, under the Act of Quebec 32 Vict., Chapt. 36, for the benefit of the Diocesan Societies of Colonization of the Province of Quebec.

Class D.—The 21st Monthly Drawing will take place Wednesday, March the 20th, at 2 p. m.

Prizes value $50,000 00
Capital Prize: One real estate worth $5,000 00

1	Real Estate worth	$5,000	5,000
1	do	2,000	2,000
1	do	1,000	1,000
4	do	500	2,000
10	Real Estates	300	3,000
30	Furniture Sets	200	6,000
60	do	100	6,000
200	Gold Watches	50	10,000
1,000	Silver Watches	10	10,000
1,000	Toilet Sets	5	5,000

2,307 Prizes worth..........$50,000 00

TICKETS - - $1.00

Offers are made to all winners to pay their prizes cash, less a commission of 10 p. c.
Winners' names not published unless specially authorized
Drawings on the Third Wednesday of every Month.

S. E. LEFEBVRE, Secretary,
Offices, 19 St. James street, Montreal, Can.
192dly

Two Years' Profits!

THOSE INSURING IN THE
—"CANADA LIFE"—
before the 30th of April next will be entitled to two full years' profits in the division of April the 30th, 1890.

T. DONNELLY,
General Agent, Belleville.

AGENTS WANTED.
Feb'y 2, 1889. d&wly

over 3 weeks.

☞You can't afford to miss it. Prices, 25cts, 50cts and 75cts. Reserved seats on sale Wednesday morning.

OPERA -- HOUSE,
Tuesday, March 12.

GILLETTE'S
Held by the Enemy

BITTER----
---ORANGES
—FOR—
MARMALADE
JUST RECEIVED.

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE
Grocers and wine merchants,
35 & 37 Bridge Street.
Also Front Street, Opp. Ritchie's.

SPENCERIAN STEEL PENS
Are the Best,

IN THE ESSENTIAL QUALITIES OF
Durability, Evenness of Point, and Workmanship.

Works: Birmingham, England.

Sold by the leading Stationers.

----NEW----

Sugar Cured Hams, Breakfast Bacon, Finnan Haddies, Boneless Codfish, New Walnuts, New Filberts, S. S. Almonds, Loose Muscatel Raisins, Black Basket Raisins, London Layer Raisins, Buckwheat Flour, Selfraising Buckwheat Flour, Roll Butter, Fresh Eggs

AT A. WALLACE'S.

RAYMOND C. ROLPH
SIGN PAINTER.

LETTERING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.
Corner of Front and Campbell Streets.
80dly

Daily Intelligencer.

THE DAILY INTELLIGENCER is published every evening except Sunday, and delivered by careful carriers in all parts of the city for Five Dollars a year, or Fifty Cents a month.

THE WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER is published every Thursday morning, and sent, postpaid, to any address in Canada, the United States or Great Britain for One Dollar a year.

ADVERTISEMENTS, first insertion, 10 cents per nonpareil line; each subsequent consecutive insertion, 5 cents per line; when not inserted every day, 10 cents per line each insertion.

READING MATTER NOTICES, 15 cents per line each insertion.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS, 50 cents each insertion. With notice of funeral added the charge for death notices is $1.

CONTRACTS made for business advertisements for one month or longer at reduced rates.

Remittances, Drafts, Cheques, and Post-Office Orders should be made payable to the order of
INTELLIGENCER PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO'Y (LIMITED),
Belleville, Ont.

Largest Daily Circulation in Belleville.

BELLEVILLE FRIDAY, MAR. 8

THE OAT SWINDLERS.

It appears that agents of these Yankee sharks opened out in a portion of Prince Edward where the farmers were alive to the pernicious nature of their transactions, and properly drove these smooth-tongued agents out of the township.

The toe of a boot is a good article to be applied when these agents are about; harsher means might be against the law, but would prove cheaper than paying notes given these sharps. These Yankee sharps boast that they made two hundred dollars profit in one day from the farmers in the vicinity of Tweed.

After the warning we have given in this matter, any farmer who is foolish enough to give notes for the privilege of gambling in oats or wheat, will have to pay them, and the verdict will be "served him right."

A JESUITICAL ARGUMENT.

> Liberals, whether they regard the bill as good, bad or indifferent, are bound by their invariable contentions as to the constitutional limits of the veto power to hold that the bill cannot be disallowed if it be within the "exclusive powers" given by the B. N. A. Act to the Provincial Legislatures. *A Liberal Government, were one in power, could not consistently disallow the Act.* But a Tory Government cannot consistently do anything else except by arguing the Act to be not wrong, and not unjust, and not unfair to the Protestant minority in Quebec, and not opposed to the general interest of the Dominion.—*Globe.*

The *Globe* has said, in many of its ponderous articles on the subject, that the disallowance of the bill would result in an appeal to the people of Quebec by Mr. Mercier, his success by an overwhelming majority, the passing of the bill a second time; and, if the veto power were again exercised, the smashing of the Confederation. Is the *Globe* more jesuitical than the Jesuits, and does it hold that the disintegration of the Dominion would be a justifiable means of attaining the end which it desires above all else, namely the deposition of the Conservative party from office? Why, else, does it urge the Conservative Administration to do that which it gravely states a Grit Government could not do? If the *Globe* is sincere in its contention that the measure is bad—that neither the Jesuits nor the Church had a good moral claim to the estates—which claim Mr. Mercier's Government recognized—why does not the Grit organ denounce the authors of the measure, whose power to pass it has been recognized by the *Globe* equally with the Government of the day? The answer is obvious. Mr. Mercier is a Grit Rielite—a friend of and co-worker with the *Globe* that the Government is inconsistent in taking the same view of the subject as is taken by it. Suppose, for the sake of argument, that the Conservative view of the veto power had been what the *Globe* alleges. There are, we apprehend, very few of its readers who have not read in its columns flaming accounts of the "vindication of provincial rights" in appeals taken by the provinces to the Privy Council against action of the Dominion Government involving the power of veto; and if Sir John and his colleagues, bowing to those decisions, have acted in conformity with them, what then? Will nothing but contests between the Dominion and the provinces in the Privy Council, contests before the people on inflammatory issues, disintegration of the Confederation, or war to preserve the union, satisfy this most jesuitical of partizans in its insensate desire to oust the Conservatives from power?

whi... Pond Lily Cream, 25 cents; Pond ...er Pellets, 25 cents; Pond Lily Skin ... cents S. Perrin, Chemist, Manu... and Proprietor for Canada.

SMOKE
"BILL NYE"
CIGARS.

R
Rupture—
without tou...
waterproof.
the great C...
system for...
SpinalIns...
and more ef...
CLUB F...
straighten bo...

Preach as it may, however, the organ will not attain its end. The people have a lively recollection of its long career of hypocrisy, inconsistency, falsehood and deceit, more particularly as exemplified in connection with the Riel question; and, warned by its past record, will neither lend themselves to its plottings and schemings, nor believe that the Government have failed in their duty—a fact, indeed, which the *Globe* admits, whilst censuring the motives which, it falsely alleges, influenced their action. As an experimentor in jesuitical methods the *Globe* is not a success.

EDITORIAL BREVITIES.

Twelve years ago, it is remarked by an exchange, the Modoc Indians were uncivilized heathens. Now they are a community of industrious farmers, with half their number professing Christians. It cost the United States Government $1,848,000 to care for 2,200 Dakota Indians seven years, while they were savages. After they were Christianized it cost, for seven years, $120,000, a saving of $1,728,000.

Mr. Cleveland, during his term of office as President of the United States, exercised the veto power 278 times, giving him a clear majority of 157 in the matter of vetoes over all the Presidents who went before him. He holds the veto record and will carry it with him to private life. No succeeding President is ever likely to rob him of his distinction.

The school book question was debated in the Legislature on Wednesday night, when Messrs. Wood and Ostrom gave the Minister of Education a fair idea of public opinion in this part of the country as to the constant expense caused by the frequent changes of text books. The department is sadly muddled through the interference of educational cranks.

The *Mail* is very much pleased with the new spring suit which the Jesuits have bestowed upon it. After the verdict the suit may possibly be less attractive to the wearer.

The Raw, Cutting Winds

Bring to the surface every latent pain. A change of even a few degrees marks the difference between comfort and pain to many persons. Happily disease now holds less away. Science is continually bringing forward new remedies which succesfully combat that disease. Polson's Nerviline—nerve pain cure—has proved the most successful pain relieving remedy known. Its application is wide, for it is equally efficient in all forms of pain, whether internal or external. Ten and 25 cents a bottle, at druggists.

He Couldn't Eat the Soup.

An elderly gentlemen in a restaurant, having been served with a plate of soup he had ordered said to the waiter:

"Look here, I can't eat this soup."

"All right; I'll get you another plate."

On receiving the second plate, the guest once more remarked:

"It's no use I can't eat this soup."

Then the waiter went to the proprietor and said:

"That old gentleman over there is complaining about the soup. He says he can't eat it."

"You don't know how to wait on people. I'll attend to him."

The proprietor went to the kicking guest and said blandly:

"I understand that you say that there is something the matter with the soup?"

"I didn't say anything of the kind."

"You said you couldn't eat it."

"Yes, I said I couldn't eat it."

"Will you tell why you can't eat that soup?"

"Certainly. I haven't got any spoon."—Texas Siftings.

An Irrepressible Bridegroom.

"Do you take this woman to be your wedded wife—" began a young divine who had been called upon to unite in matrimony a couple from the rural districts.

"Yaas," promptly put in the groom, not waiting for the complete question.

"To love—" went on the reverend questioner again as soon as he had recovered from the explosive affirmative so unexpectedly given.

"Yaas," came again with undiminished vigor from the groom.

"And to honor, to—"

A third "Yaas" came equally forceful and prompt, to the entire defeat of Mr. Brown's scheme of gliding into the next phrase.

"To cherish—"

"Yaas."

And so on through the entire paragraph.

It was quite evident that the young man was willing.

The same gentleman tells a story of a groom who after the ceremony slipped a two-dollar bill into his hand, murmuring, apologetically, "I'll do better next time."

A Dollar Easily Earned.

First Tramp—"Hello, Jerry, come in and have a cocktail."

Second Tramp—"What! Cocktail! You must be livin' on Easy street now,"

First Tramp—"Yes, I rather guess I am. I'm gettin' a dollar a day for settin' in a show winder to advertise a new toilet soap."

Second Tramp—"Rats!"

First tramp—"Yes, I am on the dead square. I represent the 'before usin','"—Terre Haute Express.

For Nettle Rash, Summer Heat and eneral toilet purposes, use Low's Sulphur oap

—The Edison electric light patents were ancelled at Ottawa yesterday.

—The population of Montreal is increasg rapidly. It is now 215,000.

—Oliver Wendell Holmes calls consumpion the "white plague of the north."

—Rev. Mr. Baxter, the London prophet f gloom, has fixed upon 1901 as the year r the crack of doom.

—The customs authorities at Toronto have seized 100 copies of Zola's novels on the score of immorality.

SHILOH'S CATARRH REMEDY—a positive cure for Catarrh, Diphtheria, and Canker Mouth. For sale by D. M. Waters.

—In its law department the city of New York employs 24 lawyers at an annual cost of $232,400 in salaries.

—Grand Trunk earnings for the week ending March 2nd were $333,475; same month last year $302,067; increase $31,408.

—The windows of some of the private residences in London are washed by a limited liability company at 8 cents per window.

As a Pick-me-up after excessive exertion or exposure, Milburn's Beef, Iron and Wine is grateful and comforting.

—There has been no improvement in the shape of the umbrella for the last twenty years, and, it may be added, no improvement in the manner of carrying it. The average person protects his toes and wets his heels.

—Cassaigne's opera, "Nadjy," was sold by him over a year ago for $5,000. Since then it has been performed in America and in London to more than $400,000, on which the royalties, at 10 per cent., amount to over $40,000.

FOR DYSPEPSIA and Liver Complaint you have a printed guarantee on every bottle of Shiloh's Vitalizer. It never fails to cure. Sold by D. M. Waters.

—The largest theatrical advertisement on record is that just placed by Henry Irving in the London *Era*. It occupies sixty columns, or twelve pages of that paper, and comprises all the more important notices that have been made of Mr. Irving's production of "Macbeth" in the London press.

—Miss Lowe, a pretty 17-year-old girl of Latonia, Pa., eloped from that place on Monday with Frank Forsyth, a man who had lost both legs above the knees. The girl had to push the wheeled chair in which her lover navigates. They reached McKeesport on Tuesday, and there successfully eluded the officers who were after them.

Ministers, Lawyers, Teachers, and others whose occupation give but little exercise, should use Carter's Little Liver Pills for torpid liver and biliousness. One is a dose. Try them.

ARE YOU MADE miserable by Indigestion, Constipation, Dizziness, Loss of Appetite, Yellow Skin. Shiloh's Vitalizer is a positive cure. Sold by D. M. Waters.

TOPICS FROM THE CAPITAL

THE BUDGET DEBATE CONTINUED IN THE HOUSE.

How Threats of Non-Intercourse Have Increased Canada's Self-Reliance—Among the Committees.

Ottawa, March 7.—In the Senate yesterday Hon. John Macdonald spoke on the motion which he placed in the paper recently regarding the extension of the Dominion's trade with the West Indies and South America. It was a continuation of the able paper which he recently read before the Toronto Board of Trade and which has been printed and extensively circulated by that body.

Hon. C. H. Tupper resumed the Budget debate in the House of Commons, and spoke for over two hours in reply to Sir Richard Cartwright's criticisms made on Tuesday night. The Minister of Marine and Fisheries argued that Canada had progressed beyond a doubt and that the policy of the Conservative party had always been for a free and liberal trade relation with the United States, and he believed such an arrangement could be made with the new Republican administration.

Mr. Charlton followed in support of Sir Richard Cartwright's amendment. He went very largely into figures and statistics which evidently had been collected with great care. He was followed by Mr. Peter White, and Mr. Armstrong moved the adjournment of the debate.

The House adjourned at 12.20.

At the meeting of the Railway Committee this morning Hector Cameron, Q.C., was on hand to oppose the Toronto bill, which proposes to compel the burial of telegraph, telephone and other wires, on behalf of the companies interested. Mr. Cameron had his trip for nothing, as the bill will not be heard by the committee until a week from next Friday.

Mr. John Bain was at the meeting in the interest of Mr. Davis' bill to incorporate the Calgary, Alberta and Montana Railway Company. The bill was reported and Mr. Davis was complimented on the exactness of his surveys as presented to the committee.

W. B. McMurrich, one of Toronto's ex-Mayors, was on hand for the furtherance of Col. Denison's bill respecting the Lake Nipissing and James' Bay Railway. The name of the company was changed to the Nipissing and James Bay Railway, and after being somewhat amended was reported.

The act to incorporate the Cobourg, Northumberland and Pacific Railway was considered. The incorporators wish to construct a line from near Cobourg harbor to a point in the township of Marmora, crossing the Trent River and joining the Ontario and Quebec branch of the Canadian Pacific Railway. The bill passed.

An act extending the time for the completion of the South Ontario and Pacific Railway for another five years was approved of.

The Canadian Pacific Railway bill, authorizing the company to issue bonds for the acquisition of vessels to run on the Pacific Ocean and other vessels to be used at the terminal points of the railway, was amended in a few particulars and it was then decided to report it.

Mr. Lariviere explained the provisions of the act incorporating the Manitoba and Southeastern Railway Company, which propose to build a line from Winnipeg to the international boundary, with branch lines from the main line to Selkirk and Morris. There was a clause permitting the company to construct telegraph lines for commercial purposes, but this was knocked out.

Mr. Daly, in regard to the bill to enable the City of Winnipeg to utilize the Assiniboine water power, said that there was some doubt as to this Parliament having jurisdiction, and he wished the bill to be referred to a special committee consisting of Sir John Thompson, Colonel Tisdale, Mr. Mulock, Mr. Ross, Mr. Watson and himself. This was agreed to, and the bill incorporating the Assiniboine Water Company was also referred to the same committee.

The Committee on Banking and Commerce this morning reported the bill to consolidate the borrowing powers of the Ontario Loan and Debenture Company. The act respecting the Ontario Mutual Life Assurance Company was also reported. This bill slightly amends the company's act of incorporation.

HOIST WITH THEIR OWN PETARD.!

The Effect of the United States Congress' Threats of Non-Intercourse.

Ottawa, March 7.—The transit trade of Canada through the United States under the bonding system shows a great decrease for the past year compared with previous years. The figures are: Goods carried from United States seaports to Canada $15,610,519 and goods carried from Canada to United States seaports for outside countries $8,315,683, making a total of $23,926,202. This is the smallest amount since 1870. In 1887 the amount was $33,692,600; that is, in a single year the decrease amounted to over nine and three-quarter million dollars. This trade has been dropping down rapidly since 1883, when it amounted to $69,139,000.

The very large drop, equal to 30 per cent. in the last year, is without doubt due to the determination of our Canadian merchants to use our own seaports and our own railways in preference to those of our neighbor to the south of us. The threats of non-intercourse indulged in by the United States Congress were the principal cause of the change of route. The effect has been to transfer the disbursements of the ships requisite to carry this amount of goods to our own seaports and to increase the carrying business of our own railways. As the non-intercourse act is still unrepealed our merchants will see the necessity and wisdom of turning all the business they can into our own routes.

It may be added that the five great seaports of Canada show an increase in 1888 over 1887 in tons of goods brought into and carried out of them of over 200,000 tons.

Personal Gossip.

Ottawa, March 7.—W. B. Scarth, M. P. for Winnipeg, arrived this morning and took his seat for the first time this session.

Miss Maggie Tisdale, daughter of Col. Tisdale, M.P., of Norfolk, is on a visit to her father. So is Miss Daisy Brown of Hamilton, daughter of Adam Brown, M.P. Both these young ladies are favorites at the Capital.

Mrs. J.H. Thompson, formerly of Ottawa, now of Toronto, is on a visit to her father, Sheriff Sweetland.

Lieut. and Lady Alice Stanley will give a ball at Rideau Hall on March 14.

It is said that Lt.-Col. O'Brien, M. P., has received through the Militia Department a check for $3000, the amount of the kit allowance which the Government have decided to make to the York and Simcoe Battalion on account of services in the Northwest.

Smallpox Near Oswego.

Oswego, N.Y., March 7.—Two cases of smallpox were discovered in the town of Hannibal, this county, to-day.

Weir and Murphy.

Chicago, March 7.—The articles of agreement entered into by Ike Weir of Boston and Frank Murphy of England have been made public. The fight is to be to a finish for $1000, with skin-tight gloves, for the world's championship, Queensberry rules to govern. Should there be police interference the referee shall order the men to finish the fight within three days. Each man is to weigh 120 pounds at the ring side.

The battle is to be fought on Monday, March 18, within 250 miles of Chicago. Al. Smith of New York is agreed upon as the referee. The stakes shall be paid to the winner on the referee's decision. J. N. Taylor is temporary stakeholder, and $250 has been deposited with him. The balance, $750, is to be deposited on March 12, the whole amount to be turned over to the referee, who shall be the final stakeholder. The failure of either man to live up to the articles will cause a forfeiture of all money put up by him or his backers.

TORONTO TOPICS.

Annual Meeting of the Canadian Manufacturers' Association.

Toronto, March 8.—Judge McDougall and the jurors had a busy time of it in the General Sessions yesterday. An Italian named Pasquin Rogero was tried and acquitted on the charge of having at Hayter and Teraulay-streets on the night of Dec. 1 last stabbed James Young, the evidence of Wm. Waldron who swore that Rogero was not the man who struck Young saving him.

John Martin the expressman arrested recently on the charge of having stolen a large quantity of fancy goods from the establishment of C. M. Taylor & Co., 52 Front-street west, by whom he was employed, was tried and found guilty. He had access to the place often during the day and many of the articles were found at his house.

There died at the residence of his daughter, Mrs. P. Fogarty, Pape-avenue, yesterday morning, one of Toronto's old citizens, in the person of Mr. Joseph Pape, father of Messrs. John, James and Joseph Pape of this city. The deceased was born in Yorkshire, England, 75 years ago, and with his wife came to Toronto in 1844.

William Haines, a small boy, was arrested last night for appropriating a diamond ring, the property of Robert Nichols.

David Robb surrendered himself to the police yesterday on learning that there was a warrant out against him for wife-beating.

George H. Chandler was arrested last night on a telegram from Madoc, where he is wanted on a charge of fraud.

Yesterday afternoon the 14th annual meeting of the Canadian Manufacturers' Association was held at the Association office, No. 6 Wellington-street west. President Shorey of Acton delivered the presidential address, dealing with the various questions now occupying a foremost place in the interests of Canadian manufacturers. Referring to the increased interest manifested in the Association in Canada, he extended a hearty greeting to delegates and members present from sister provinces. The officers were all re-elected.

WINNIPEG WIRE WHISPERS.

The Clarke-Burrows Libel Suit Dismissed—Not Tascott But a Tramp.

Winnipeg, March 7.—In the Clarke-Burrows criminal libel suit to-day the case was dismissed, the magistrate holding he had no jurisdiction.

The man supposed to be Tascott proves to be a well-educated tramp who was working in the woods.

Wheat is quoted 5 cents higher in Manitoba than in Dakota.

Gov. Schultz has offered one-fourth of his land in Selkirk in aid of a hospital.

A brewery has been discovered near Medicine Hat and seized. The proprietor was fined $300.

Mrs. Mitchell, who eloped with a music teacher, was captured by a detective yesterday and is home again and forgiven.

A SENTRY SHOT.

Mysterious Affair at Halifax—An Investigation in Progress.

Halifax, March 7.—About 11.15 o'clock last night Private Byford, who was on sentry duty at the powder magazine immediately west of the railway bridge at Richmond, was fired upon twice by an unknown man, the second shot passing through the index finger of the soldier's right hand and necessitating amputation. The whole affair is extremely mysterious, and a military court of enquiry is being held.

Plums For the Boys.

New York, March 7.—The Herald's Washington special says: It is believed James N. Huston of Indiana will be nominated Treasurer of the United States. Col. Clark Carr of Illinois, it is said, will be First Assistant Postmaster-General and A. C. Matthews of the same State, Speaker of the Illinois Legislature, is likely to be Commissioner of Internal Revenue. John C. New is to have his choice of the European missions. It is understood he desires to go to Vienna. Ex-Governor Porter of Indiana will probably go to Rome and Lew Wallace to Turkey. There are a dozen candidates for the collectorship of the port of New York. It is understood Mr. Platt can have the office if he wants it, but his friends say he will name Senator Fassett for the place. Charles R. Pope, formerly a theatre manager in St. Louis, is a candidate for Consul-General at Montreal. It is expected Walker Blaine will have a consulship abroad, or he may be re-appointed to his old position as Third Assistant-Secretary of State. Gen. Longstreet is likely to go to South America. Fred Grant is said to have already been selected for Minister to China. Judge L. W. Brown of Ohio wants to be Consul-General at Montreal.

Ambitious City Notes.

Hamilton, March 7.—Thomas Findlay and his two young brothers, Henry and John, were this morning arraigned before the Police Magistrate on a charge of committing an aggravated assault upon Stephen Hurd, an old man who lives in the neighborhood. Thomas and John were found guilty and sent to jail for ten days each. Henry, who appears to lack sense, was let go.

A scheme was submitted to the Board of Works last night by Messrs. Peter Balfour, Richard Ellicott and William Sharp for the re-numbering of the houses of the city. The assessors promise a scheme which can be carried out at a cost of $15 per hundred houses, and by which the present unsatisfactory state of affairs will be entirely rectified.

Burglars visited the residence of Robert Menary, 33 Oak-avenue, last night and stole two silver watches and $10. They got in through a cellar window.

The American Art Exhibition.

Washington, March 7.—A large and fashionable assemblage including Vice-President Morton and a number of Senators attended the opening reception of the American Art Exhibition to-night at the elegant residence recently purchased by Mr. Morton. The exhibit filled eight spacious rooms and showed a gratifying growth in American art, being exclusively devoted to works of native artists. There are 151 pictures of an estimated value of $125,000. Palms, ferns and statuary placed about the house enhanced the beauty of the exhibition. Leading oil and water color artists are represented. There is also a fine collection of etchings.

Harrison's Cabinet's First Meeting.

Washington, March 7.—At 3 o'clock the first Cabinet meeting of the new Administration was held. It is understood that it was an informal meeting of the newly appointed officers called in order that they might become acquainted with one another.

Funeral of Mr. S. M. Richards.

Oshawa, March 7.—The funeral of S. M. Richards was largely attended to-day. The Foresters, of which order he was a member, were present in large numbers.

The French Weavers' Strike Ended.

Paris, March 7.—The weavers' strike at Armentieres has ended.

THE WOMAN TEMPTED ME.!

Milan's Abdication Causes General Uneasiness in Europe.

New York, March 7.—The Times London despatch says the abdication of King Milan will create considerable uneasiness on the Continent, chiefly because M. Restichs, who is left in charge, has no majority at the back of him, either in the Skuptschina or the country, and has intrigued equally with Russia and Austria. The situation at Vienna is regarded there with despondency. Every effort has been made on the part of Austria to keep King Milan up to the task. Abdication now is regarded in the Austrian Capital as meaning that Queen Natalie will be back in a month, and that Servia will be fully under the Russian wing before summer. Such a situation may easily precipitate a crash, and certainly will if Austria is encouraged by her allies, Germany and Italy, to interfere against Russian ascendancy at Belgrade. As for Milan himself, he has been for years the scandal of royalty, and personally all will be glad to see him disappear. It is taken for granted that he will live in Paris with the woman who was responsible for his rupture with Queen Natalie.

It is said that Archduke Rudolf's suicide is what prompted him to take this resolve to quit the throne. This would seem to be woman's special decade, for the number of instances in which during the last ten years great men have been killed and great places lost by feminine influence is probably unequalled in the history of Europe. From Gambetta to Gortschakoff and from Louis of Bavaria to Alexander of Battenberg the story has been written of late in the biggest sort of type. The new King of Servia is a lad in his thirteenth year. He is said to be an exceptionally bright, good boy, but the chances seem to be that by the time he comes to years of discretion there will be no Servia for him to rule. It is stated that the new King will be declared of age on his fifteenth birthday, and that he will then assume the government himself.

She Had no Time for the Bird.

Dealer (to countryman looking at clocks)—Now, there's something unique in the way of clocks, sir. When the hour begins a bird comes out from the top and sings "Cuckoo." For instance, I turn this hand to 3 o'clock, and now the bird comes out and sings "Cuckoo" three times.

Countryman (enthusiastically, to wife)—By gum, Mariar, don't that beat all!

Wife—That kind o' clock may do fur people who've got lots o' time, but it'd take me half the forenoon every day to look after the bird.

The Wrap Had Come.

Husband (starting)—Isn't that a wrap at the door

Wife—yes. You had better go for it, darling. I had it sent C. O. D.

—Prince Rudolph had a private income of $300,000 a year and an allowance of $350,000, and yet owed a million and a half when he died. As a surplus-reducer the young man was a pronounced success.

SHILOH'S CURE will immediately relieve Croup, Whooping Cough and Bronchitis. Sold by D. M. Waters.

Only One Cent!
Only One Cent!

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

Advertisements under this head, one cent per word each insertion.

POOL TABLE, and all the fixtures, for sale. Is in first class order. Apply at Hub Hotel, Front Street, Belleville. 263d2w

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Advertisements under this head, one cent per word each insertion.

BOARD AND ROOMS.

Advertisements under this head, one cent per word each insertion.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

Advertisements under this head, one cent per word each insertion.

HOUSES TO LET.

Advertisements under this head, one cent per word each insertion.

FOR SALE or TO LET, the House formerly occupied by J. H. Simpson, Commercial Street Possession given immediately. Apply to P. R. Palmer 263d3m

TO RENT—A two story brick house, corner Catherine and Yeomans Streets. Possession given April 1st. Apply to MRS. COCHRANE, Hotel Street. 262d1w

LOST AND FOUND.

Advertisements under this head, one cent per word each insertion.

LIVE STOCK.

Advertisements under this head, one cent per word each insertion.

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

Advertisements under this head, one cent per word each insertion.

HOUSE FOR SALE on William st., two doors south of Bridge St., next the residence of Mrs. T. C. Wallbridge, best locality in the city, house new, comfortable, and commodious, hard and soft water. closets in all the rooms. Enquire of R. Purdy, Bridge St. 242d1m.

TO LET.

Advertisements under this head, one cent per word each insertion.

WANTED.

Advertisements under this head, one cent per word each insertion.

HOUSEKEEPER WANTED, middle aged woman preferred, to take charge of a family of six. Apply at Hugh Walker's grocery. 258dtf.

SALESMEN—We wish a few men to sell our goods by sample to the wholesale and retail trade. Large manufacturers in our line. Enclose 2-cent stamp. Wages $3 per day. Permanent position. No postals answered. Money advanced for wages, advertising, etc. Centennial Man'f'g Co, Cincinnati, Ohio 245d30teod

DOMESTICS WANTED.

Advertisements under this head, one cent per word each insertion.

WANTED—A good general Servant. Apply to Mrs. Thos. Duncan, John St. March 6. 261d4t

WANTED—A good general servant. Apply to Mrs. Thos Ritchie, George St. 250dtf.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

Advertisements under this head, one cent per word each insertion.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

Advertisements under this head, one cent per word each insertion.

MECHANICS WANTED.

Advertisements under this head, one cent per word each insertion.

VETERINARY.

T. PURVIS, Veterinary Surgeon, Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College, Toronto, Member of Ontario Vet. Society. Office, rooms formerly occupied by Dr. Douglas, Front St.

References—J. P. Wiser & Son, and Ed. Rooney, Prescott. 263d&wtf

TENDERS WANTED.

TENDERS addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tenders for High School" will be received up to 6 o'clock, p. m.,

Thursday, March the 14th,

FOR THE

ERECTION OF A HIGH SCHOOL BUILDING

in the Town of Deseronto.

Plans and specifications may be seen at the offices of the Rathbun Co., Deseronto, or Thos. Hanley, architect, Belleville.

The committee does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

JOHN NEWTON, M. D.,
Chairman of the High School Board.
Deseronto, Mar. 6, 1889. 262dtd.

BOARD OF TRADE.

A SPECIAL MEETING of the Board will be held in the Council Chamber, City Hall, on Monday next, 11th March, inst., at 8 o'clock p. m. sharp. A full attendance is requested, as matters of importance are to be taken up.

J. PARKER THOMAS,
Mar. 6, '89 dtd Secretary.

---NEW---
SPRING GOODS!
New Embroideries,
New Prints,
New Tweeds,
New Carpets,
New Curtain Materials,
New Cornice Poles,
New Window Shades.
GEORGE RITCHIE & CO'S.

NEW SPRING GOODS
—AT—
BRIGNALL & THOMPSON'S.
New Prints and Dress Goods,
New Embroideries,
New Cottons and Steam Looms,
New Table Linens and Sheetings,
New Goods in all departments arriving daily. Prices very low.
BRIGNALL & THOMPSON.

NEW SPRING GOODS
—ARRIVING DAILY.—
New Prints,
New Shirtings,
New Dress Goods,
New Ginghams,
New Table Linens,
New Towel Linens,
Etc., etc., CHEAPER THAN EVER.
A. N. REID & CO.

--50 MORE--
NEW HANGING LAMPS put in. Prices very much below anything we ever had.
W. J. REID & CO.

FANS
Suitable for WEDDINGS and BALLS. A splendid assortment at
J. C. OVERELL'S
FANCY EMPORIUM, BELLEVILLE.

NEW SEASON'S TEAS,
FRESH GROUND COFFEES,
Handsome Presents Given Away
—AT—
STROUD : BROS.,
Front Street, Belleville,
and at Montreal, Ottawa, Kingston and Toronto.

CLEARING-SALE
—OF ALL—
BOOTS AND SHOES
Damaged by Fire and Water. Over $5,000 worth at less than half regular price.
A. W. VERMILYEA & SON.

RUBBER STAMPS! Send your name and address, with 30 cents, to the "ONTARIO CARD CO.," Belleville, Ont., and get a Pearl Pen and Pencil Stamp, complete.

NEW SPRING GOODS.

Bought very early and bought very cheap.

- NEW PRINTS,
- NEW TABLINGS,
- NEW COTTONS,
- NEW STEAMLOOMS,
- NEW DRESSGOODS,
- NEW EMBROIDERIES,
- NEW SHIRTINGS,
- NEW CRETONNES,
- NEW SCRIMS,
- NEW UNDERWEAR,
- NEW TWEEDS,

See the new. They are better and cheaper than the old.

JAS. W. DUNNET.

GLASGOW WAREHOUSE
Belleville, Feb 12, 1889.

Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, FRIDAY, MAR. 8

MERE MENTION.

Two tramps were sheltered by the police last night.

BEECHAM'S PILLS act like magic on a weak stomach.

REMEMBER Michael Strogoff at the Opera House to-night.

THE curling club will meet to-night at the rink for the dispatch of important business.

J. SNELL received yesterday a car load of twenty-two head of cattle, purchased by his brother at the Guelph Fat Stock Fair. 263d1t.

THE quietness which has prevailed in police circles for some time was broken yesterday afternoon and evening, as four arrests were made.

THE contractor for the rebuilding of the foot bridge is doing a neat job. He says the bridge will be so far completed by tomorrow night as to be open for traffic on Sunday

ALL DISORDERS CAUSED by a bilious state of the system can be can be cured by using Carter's Little Liver Pills. No pain, griping or discomfort attending their use. Try them.

A REMEDY that is of such benefit in cases of indigestion, neuralgia, loss of appetite, dyspepsia as Dyer's Quinine and Iron Wine is worth gold. It is easily taken by the weakest invalid.—W. A. Dyer & Co., Montreal.

A MATTER of interest to Organists, Organ Students and Teachers is a new patent organ pedal attachment for pianos manufactured by Messrs. Newcombe & Co., 107 Church at Toronto. Particulars on application.

SEVERAL parties who are contemplating tendering for the bridge are in the city viewing the plans and location of the proposed structure. All the leading iron bridge building concerns in the country are represented.

A LECTURE will be delivered in the Masonic Hall on Wednesday evening next, by Mr. J. Ross Robertson, proprietor of the Toronto *Telegram*. The subject will be "History of Masonry in Canada for the Last Hundred Years."

THE Imperial Oil Refining Company, of Petrolia, is the principal oil refining company in Canada. They send out about 60 per cent. of all Canadian oil used. One of their favorite brands is "Silver Star," for which A. L. Geen is their Belleville agent.

MOTHERS who have delicate children can see them daily improve and gain in flesh and strength by giving them that perfect food and medicine, *Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil, with Hypophosphites*. Dr. W. A. Hulbert, of Salisbury, Ills., says: "I have used Scott's Emulsion in cases of Scrofula and Debility. Results more gratifying. My little patients take it with pleasure." Sold by all druggists, 50c. and $1.00.

"A Barrel Full of Money"

is a good thing to have, but what's it good for if your health is poor? Preserve your health by using Imperial Cream Tartar Baking Powder.

TEMPERATURE.

As Registered by Dr. Bell's Self-Registering Thermometer.

FRIDAY, March 8.

Maximum 32; minimum 18.
Barometer 29 70.

Mock Parliament.

There was a large attendance at the House last night to hear the discussion on Imperial Federation. The debate was a good one and the question was thoroughly sifted. A great improvement by the members in speaking is noticeable. Unrestricted Reciprocity will come up for discussion at the next meeting.

Assignee's Sale.

The sale of the household goods, furniture, liquors, billiard tables etc., in connection with the Henderson House, which was to have taken place yesterday afternoon, was postponed until Wednesday next at 2 p. m. The stock at the knitting factory was, however, disposed of to Mr. Wesley Bullen, the consideration being $1,600.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Repairing the Pier.

Extensive repairs are being made to the railway pier. New flooring is being put on, new stringers are supplied wherever necessary, and the outer timbers at the south end of the pier are being replaced with new ones.

Cruelty to Animals.

A team of horses tied to a post on Front Street shortly after noon yesterday, were allowed to stand there until darkness set in last night, when the police took care of them. The owner of them has repeatedly committed this act of cruelty to the animals, and will no doubt have to suffer the consequence, as he is to be prosecuted for the offence.

Trespassing.

Two men giving their names as John Miller and John Finn, were arrested by Officer Cook last evening at the Grand Trunk station. The men had been loitering around the yard the greater part of the day, and had been ordered off the premises two or three times, but would leave only for a short time. When the officer arrived the men told him they were waiting an opportunity to jump upon a freight and go westward. They were, however, brought to the station and locked up. They were discharged at the Police Court this morning.

O. B. C. Literary Society.

The regular weekly literary entertainment in connection with the Ontario Business College, was held last evening, and was as usual largely attended. The programme which was presented was an excellent one, consisting of readings, recitations, songs and solos. Two instrumental selections (piano and baritone) by Miss Mullens and Mr. Blaind were much appreciated for the manner in which they were executed. Readings were given by Messrs. A. Blanchard and W. B. Grannum. Solos were contributed by Misses O'Brien, Mullens and Casswell and Mr. J. Doyle, all of which were heartily encored and responded to. Miss Casswell also gave a humorous song. Recitations were given by Misses Young and Robertson. The singing of the National Anthem brought the evening's entertainment to a close.

Held by the Enemy.

The preparations for the appearance at the opera house for one night of the strong company which will produce Wm. Gillette's highly successful American play, "Held by the Enemy," are completed, and Tuesday evening next will witness its initial performance in this city. The sale of seats is very large and the engagement is looked forward to with a great deal of interest.

It will be given with the same cast and effects that made the play so remarkable a success in New York city, whence its praises have spread throughout the country. The name of the play is derived from the scene of its action—a Southern city held by the Union forces during the late war. It is a love story, but it is said to be thrilling in the incidents represented, which take their color and interest from the surroundings of war. The action is said to be of the most thrilling nature, but without sectionalism. A Union colonel is in love with a Southern girl who is engaged to a Lieutenant in the Confederate army, but who returns the colonel's love. The story works out from this point. The play was offered by A. M. Palmer at his first production at Palmer's Theatre (formerly Wallack's), which fact alone stamps it as being the most popular and best drawing attraction extant.

The Manufacturing Boom.

The Carpenters' Union Favor the Project.

At a regular meeting of the Carpenters' Union, No. 161, held last night, the following resolution was unanimously adopted:—Whereas, the present state of the labor market in the City of Belleville is such as to cause us to view with serious apprehension the probability of many of our members being compelled to seek elsewhere, a livelihood for themselves and families. And whereas such an exodus would increase the great loss which the city has sustained in the departure of many of our numbers as well as those of other branches of trade, and thereby increase the already too many vacant houses; and whereas we notice with extreme satisfaction and pleasure the action of the City Council in providing a committee to confer with the Board of Trade as to the best means of promoting the commercial interests of the city; be it therefore resolved, that we the members of the Carpenters' Union, No. 161, do jointly and severally pledge ourselves to assist, in every reasonable way, any judicious means that may be adopted by the city to improve its business condition. And that a copy of this resolution be sent to Ald. D. Collins. Chairman of the Civic Committee, Mr. Thos. Ritchie, President of the Board of Trade, and to the INTELLIGENCER and *Ontario* newspapers.

Personal.

Mr. James Ross, who has been visiting relatives in Montreal, has returned to the city.

In speaking of Mr. and Mrs. Mottashed, the Watertown, Dak., *Courier-News* says: Mr Mottashed is a young man of great promise as a minister, having, first of all, the Spirit of God in his own heart, and the power to lead men to the foot of the cross; and secondly, he is evidently a great student. . . . His wife is a modest little woman, as thoroughly consecrated to the work as her husband, as gentle as a lamb, who seems to breathe the spirit of God as naturally as she inhales the air into her lungs. She makes no pretence of rhetoric or logic or learning, but her "will you come?" uttered in her gentle, pleading and persuasive way, accompanied by a look even more pleading than her voice, would move men, though they were "dead in trespasses and sin." If there are in this world men and women who are "chosen vessels," Mr. and Mrs. Mottashed are among them, and upon the scriptural doctrine that the laborer is worthy of his hire, they deserve a wider field of usefulness than they now have.

Advices from Lieutenant-Governor McLelan, of Nova Scotia, who is in Georgia, state that his health is improving.

Margaret Deland, author of "John Ward, Preacher," has refused to permit the novel to be dramatized.

Mary Anderson is expected in London early in August. She will, however, not appear in public in that country this year, but will enjoy a holiday in England and on the Continent until October, when she will return to the United States.

Mrs. Langtry eats a hearty dinner at 6 o'clock. Mrs. Potter eats her dinner at 12 o'clock—night. Adelaide Neilson used to eat at 6 o'clock in the afternoon a dinner which made the waiters in strange hotels double up with wonder. Mary Anderson likes fried steak.

Mr. Martin Seeley, late accountant at the gas office, left for Rochester, N. Y., last night, where he has secured a similar position in a large business house. His wife accompanied him.

DYSPEPSIA IN ITS WORST FORMS will yield to the use of Carter's Little Nerve Pills, aided by Carter's Little Liver Pills. They not only relieve present distress but strengthen the stomach and digestive apparatus.

THE REV. GEO. H. THAYER, of Bourbon, Ind., says: "Both myself and wife owe our lives to SHILOH'S CONSUMPTION CURE." For sale by D. M. Waters.

PROBABILITIES.

TORONTO, March 8.—Fresh to strong northwest and north winds, fair, moderately cold weather.

City Mission.

The meeting of the Mission last evening was very interesting. Rev. Mr. Copeland conducted the service and baptised five children. Rev. T. Bowen was present, and gave a very excellent address. Mr. Copeland said he had seen that afternoon on Church street one of the saddest sights he had witnessed since coming to Belleville, namely, a boy of about 12 years of age so intoxicated that he could with great difficulty walk. Mr. Copeland said he thought it a pity that the law was so unblushingly violated in our city.

A Disgraceful Scene.

At a few minutes after 6 o'clock last evening, as officer Cook was proceeding down from the station, he noticed a boy lying down near the upper bridge. He went to where lay the young lad, who proved to be Albert Graves, about 13 years old, and found him in a beastly state of intoxication. He carried him to a sleigh, which was passing at the time, and had him conveyed to the police station. Dr. Willson was summoned to attend to the boy, who appeared to be suffering much from the effects of the liquor. He was shortly after removed to his home. He appeared at the police court this morning and was discharged. The liquor, he affirms, he procured from another boy, who, it is said, was also intoxicated, but was taken home by some companions.

Crossley and Hunter.

The services which are being conducted by these Rev. gentlemen at Peterborough are being attended by large numbers, and much interest is being taken. At the services on Wednesday evening Mr. W. Johnson was present and was invited to the platform, and addressed the audience. In the course of his remarks he spoke of the grand success of the services in Belleville, and of the lasting character of the conversions in this city. He spoke of several instances where children who had been converted at the Crossley and Hunter meetings in Belleville, had been instrumental in bringing their parents to the Saviour; among these was the mayor of the city. He said there had been about twenty of them in Belleville who had talked of coming out to Peterborough, to tell the people of the town what God had done in Belleville, but now the number had assumed hundreds in extent, and they were all, including the mayor, coming out to tell of their joy and happiness.

The Belleville special train will probably be run out next Thursday. It will go and return the same day.

District Intelligence.

A portion of the roof of the rear part of the Dominion block at Campbellford fell in on Monday last, on account of the accumulation of snow thereon.

Percy Council demand $150 for tavern licenses, and $100 for shops.

Early on Saturday morning last, Mr. Wm. Coon's saw mill, in Belmont, was destroyed by fire. The engine house, which contained the engine and boiler, was saved after a hard fight. Mr. Coon estimates his loss at between $700 and $800. The fire is supposed to have been the work of an incendiary. No insurance.

Mr. Amos Althouse, of Norwood, met with a serious accident last Thursday. He was drawing logs with a team of horses to put on a skid way when the end of the log pulled down a maple sapling and as he did not notice it when it came back with a force and struck him on the leg about five inches above the ankle and broke both bones. He is doing well.

Dr. R. H. McKenna informs the Picton *Gazette* that there were no less than three horses afflicted with glanders in Hillier this winter. The animals were shot, and every precaution taken to prevent the fatal disease from spreading.

The wife of Mr. C. Scriver gave birth to triplets, all boys, on the 18th ult. They weighed seven pounds each, and were named respectively John A., Cleveland, and Blake. The latter lived but a short time, the others are strong, healthy children. Mother and children doing well.—*Brighton Ensign.*

Sunday last an Indian named Peter Pear, from Combermere, dropped suddenly dead in Mr. W. Fitzgerald's hotel at Maynooth. He had been around Maynooth for some days, but was not known to be dissipating very greatly. The cause of death probably was heart trouble or choking.

On Sunday afternoon the little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Ben. Simmons, of Madoc village, fell off the steps at her home, and broke a collar bone. The little sufferer is only about six years of age, but is getting along as well as could be expected.

On Monday a log dwelling house belonging to Mrs. Demill, on the Marmora road, about seven miles from Madoc, was burned to the ground. Most of the contents were saved. The loss is, however, a severe one, as the poor woman had no insurance and is a widow with some small children.

On Tuesday a man named Baalam was engaged in drawing a load of logs to the saw mill in Madoc village, when the horses started suddenly upon a trot, and he was thrown suddenly to the ground as a log rolled off and fell upon him. He was rendered unconscious for some time, but was not badly injured.

News Condensed.

—The Justices of the Queen's Bench Division have affirmed the conviction of a seed wheat operator for false pretences.

—Soon after the opening of the Board in Chicago yesterday free selling of provisions commenced, and pork sold down 50c. to 55c.

A NASAL INJECTOR free with each bottle of Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. Price 50 cents. Sold by D. M. Waters.

—There was increased strength in wheat yesterday, the May option selling up to $1.04, as compared with $1.01⅞ at the close on Wednesday.

—The Jesuits have engaged Messrs. Geoffrion, Curran, and Doherty, of the Montreal bar, to assist Senator Trudel in their suit against the *Mail*.

—The Grand Trunk Railway Company have forwarded a petition to the Dominion Government praying that no more bonuses be granted to competing lines.

SOME SYMPTOMS OF WORMS are:—Fever, colic, variable appetite, restlessness, weakness and convulsions. The unfailing remedy is Dr. Low's Worm Syrup.

—Daniel McLachlan, aged 22, eloped from Paw Paw, Ill., with Cora Carnahan, aged 13, and, when hard pressed by the detectives on their track, the young man killed the girl and then committed suicide.

—At the regular meeting of the Toronto Public School Board, held last night, it was decided to erect new schools and additions to present buildings which would furnish accommodation for 5,000 more children than there is room for now in the Public schools.

—A special cable to the *Mail* from Breslau says a local paper prints a private telegram from Samoa which states that an encounter took place between a German and American man-of-war, and that the latter was blown up with all hands with a torpedo.

SHILOH'S CATARRH REMEDY—a positive cure for Catarrh, Diptheria and Canker Mouth. For sale by D. M. Waters.

AN INACTIVE or Torpid Liver must be aroused and all bad bile removed. Burdock Pills are best for old or young.

What of That?

Tired? well, what of that?
Did'st fancy life was spent on beds of ease!
Fluttering the rose-leaves scattered by the breeze?
Come, rouse thee, while it is called to-day!
Coward, arise! go forth upon thy way.

Lonely! and what of that?
Some must be lonely! 'tis not given to all
To feel a heart responsive rise and fall;
To blend another life into its own.
Work may be done in loneliness. Work on.

Dark! well, what of that?
Did'st fondly dream the sun would never set?
Dost fear to lose thy way? Take courage yet!
Learn thou to walk by faith and not by sight.

Hard! well, what of that?
Did'st fancy life one summer holiday?
With lessons none to learn, and naught to pay?
Go, get thee to thy task. Conquer or die!
It must be learned; learn it then, patiently.

No help! Nay, 'tis not so!
Though human help be far, thy God is nigh,
Who feeds the ravens, hears his children cry.
He's near thee whereso'er thy footsteps roam
And He will guide thee, light thee, help thee home.

—*Anon.*

In Knickerbockers.

An Innovation in Evening Dress Introduced by Young Society Men.

The dance that was given on Monday night by Mr. and Mrs. William Douglass Sloane at 642 Fifth avenue in honor of the debut of Miss Louise Shepard, daughter of Col. Elliott F. Shepard, was marked by a picturesque and interesting social innovation in costume worn by a groups of seven young society men, who have recently formed themselves into a club, and who propose hereafter to disgard the regulation evening dress at receptions or balls. The leader of this club is Broker John C. Furman, who is connected with Waterbury & Co., of 132 Front street. His associates are Messrs. Thomas Howard, Robert Hargous, James Waterbury, Worthington Whitehouse, Edward C. Potter and Broker S. S. Sands, Jun. They arrived on Monday night after the drawing room was filled with guests, and sauntered in, dressed all alike in knee breeches and tailless dress coats. Their arrival made an instant sensation, and the debutante and the belles who were clustered about her studied the novel attire with admiration. The knee breeches of each of the seven swells were of rich black satin, fastened at the knee with silver buckles. Black silk stockings encased the calves, and the dancing pumps were made after the fashion of the old Knickerbocker shoe and fastened with buckles of burnished silver. The dress coats were in black velvet, cut somewhat after the type of shooting jackets, and worn over low-cut waistcoats of black watered silk, such as are worn with the ordinary dress coat of the present season. Each man wore a linen dress shirt with plain bosom and standing collar, encircled with a plain white tie.—*New York Sun.*

A Ritualistic Rumpus.

Uncalled for Sympathy With the Bishop of Lincoln.

OTTAWA, Mar. 7.—It is learned privately that the request of the congregation of St. Alban's Episcopal Church made by the rector, the Rev. Mr. Bogert, for prayers for the Ritualistic Bishop of Lincoln, was in pursuance of a circular issued by the *Church Times* of England to rectors throughout England and the colonies. It is said Mr. Bogert's action was in direct opposition to the instructions of his bishop, who cautioned each rector in his diocese against complying with the circular, but this has not been confirmed and, at all events, it is in direct opposition to the wishes of many of the congregation who do not believe in the growing ritualism of the Church of St. Alban the Martyr. At least one member has already resigned as a protest and a written protest is now being circulated for signature amongst members of the congregation. More than this, a number are pledged to support a resolution to be moved at a vestry meeting next month withholding the rector's salary until acceptable explanation as to the request for prayers for the Bishop of Lincoln are made. A large sized storm is brewing in the church on Sandy Hill. The fact that the congregation was asked to pray for the same bishop as the Roman Catholic churches here is galling to many.

Knew all Their First Names.

A street car going west on Madison street last Saturday afternoon was loaded with women returning from the matinee. In one corner of the car a countryman sat. When the car reached May street the conductor opened the door and called "May!" A woman left the car at this street. When it reached Ann the conductor called that name and another woman got off. At Elizabeth street he called out "Elizabeth!" and two women went out. When he called "Ada!" still another women got up and left.

The countryman went out on the platform and said to the conductor:—

"Do you know where I want to get off?"

"I do not."

"Do you know my name?"

"No, sir; I don't."

"Do you know all the women in Chicago?"

"Well, I should say not. Why?"

"Nothin', I heerd you callin' them women that had jist been getting off by their first names, an' you knowed jist where they wanted to stop, an' I thought you were acquainted with all the people in town.—*Chicago Mail.*

A Big Shot-Gun.

Perhaps the largest shot-gun in use in America was made in Pittsburg. C. R. West, of Corsicians, Texas, is the giant that handles it. West's ambition was a gun "to bring them down from the clouds," and wrote Col. Berringer, of the Pittsburg Fire Arms Company, to that effect. The gun shipped to West was a monster. It was a 10-gauge with 36-inch barrels, 16-inch stock, 4½ drop, and weighed about 18 pounds. For months before he received his pet West wrote articles in various gun papers picturing what he would do when he secured the piece. Eagles would have to keep their distance then. West intended to use a Pittsburg charge for live birds, 8 drachms powder, 3½ ounces shot.

Didn't Understand Latin.

A youth who was apprenticed as a clerk in a store returned home with his little trunk and explained that the man would not keep him because he did not understand Latin. "How is that?" inquired paterfamilias. "Why, you see," said the boy, "old M. is an educated and squeamish sort of a man, and he said he would not have any young fellow round him who did not know the difference between 'meum' and 'tuum.'"

—Mrs. Parson Jones—"There's your shirt. It's mended. You've shown a pretty temper about a broken button-hole, haven't you?" "But—" "Oh, I'd scold some more if I were in your place." "Well, I—" "A sermon on patience as a domestic virtue! Umph! I hope your congregation will enjoy it."—*Chicago Herald.*

—Woman of the house (to tramp): Well, now, you said you would do some sawing after you got through eating. Tramp: Yes'm, I will. Fetch on your violin.

THE NEW COUNTIES BILL.

DISCUSSED BY THE ONTARIO LEGISLATURE.

A Field Day for New Bills—The Workmen's Compensation for Injuries Bill Passes Its Third Reading.

TORONTO, March 8.—The members of the Local House earned their salaries yesterday by discussing the formation of new counties question. And they worked hard, at least some of them did, in opposing and supporting the measure.

It was a field day for new bills. Ontario's Premier introduced a couple and there were at least half-a-dozen more from the members.

These bills passed their third reading: To amend the Workmen's Compensation for Injuries act; respecting appeals or prosecutions to enforce penalties and offences under provincial acts; to confirm certain bylaws of the City of Kingston, and for other purposes.

Mr. Hardy's bill respecting drainage to lands by flooding in the new districts passed in committee.

These bills passed their second reading: To make further provisions respecting the Districts of Parry Sound and Muskoka; for enforcing orders under the act respecting master and servant; respecting steam threshing machines; respecting the powers of electric light companies.

There was an Ottawa deputation in the lobby yesterday and its object was to talk to the Attorney-General about the controversy between the merchants of Ontario and Quebec. It appears that Montreal merchants procure debtors in Ontario to assign to persons nominally residents of Ontario and conducting the real assigneeship in Quebec. Mr. Mutchmore of Ottawa as spokesman was courteously heard by the Attorney-General. He, however, replied that it had lately been represented to him by the Toronto Board of Trade that they thought it reasonable that Montreal men should possess this control in the same way that they considered that Toronto men should have the control of estates when nominal assignees were appointed here.

Mr. Wood's bill is to prohibit toll gate keepers from collecting tolls on the public highway in case they allow sand to accumulate on the road so as to impede travel, make it dangerous or compel travelers with any animal or vehicle to leave the highway.

Mr. Conmee introduced a bill yesterday to amend the Waterworks Act. Its object is to make the machinery requisite for carrying out the provisions of the act better adapted for unforseen requirements.

Mr. Dack's bill to amend the act respecting the planting and growing of trees, provides that the Lombard poplar be added to the list of trees which municipal councils may bonus to extend not exceeding 25 cents for each tree planted on highways. This particular variety of poplar is extensively cultivated by farmers in some sections.

A BIG IRON COMPANY FAILS.

The Reading, Pa., Iron Works Company Suspend Payment Owing a Million.

PHILADELPHIA, March 7.—The suspension of the Reading Iron Works, one of the largest concerns of the kind in Pennsylvania, is announced. The works are located in Reading and operated by a stock company, and the principal offices are in this city. Edward W. Colt, president of the company, declines to make a statement, but says that a meeting of the creditors will be held on Thursday. Many of the stockholders of the company are Philadelphians. The failure is generally attributed to the stringent condition of the iron trade. About 2500 men are employed in the works at Reading. There are three rolling mills, a steam forge, a large machine shop and foundry, a rail works, and one of the largest pipe and flue mills in the country. The liabilities are said to be about $1,000,000. Of this $600,000 consists of funded debt, and the balance, $400,000, is due to various parties, mostly for material purchased at various times.

The Railway Moloch.

WASHINGTON, March 7.—At the conference of the State Railroad Commissioners and Inter-State Commerce Commissioners yesterday, ex-Railroad Commissioner Coffin of Iowa, now representing the Brotherhood of Brakemen, delivered an address, which was received with marked attention. He said: I want to state this fact, that any labor looking toward the passage by the National Legislature of a law compelling the observance of safety appliances on freight cars will be in the proper direction, and that if such a law were passed it would not at all be detrimental to the railway companies. The only question is that of dollars and cents. I refer to the wonderful slaughter of men by the old link-coupler and the hand-brake. In ten years we have killed and maimed 2429 men in the State of Iowa by these two causes alone. We think in Iowa our roads are managed as carefully as any roads. We are a temperance state, and our railway men are temperate and careful, and still last year there were over 349 men killed and maimed by the causes I have spoken of. There are 150,000 miles of railroad in the United States, and over 6000 active, strong men were either killed or maimed for life from these two causes alone last year.

Chinese Hostility to Foreigners.

SHANGHAI, March 7.—A marked increase in hostility to foreigners is noticeable throughout China. The native soldiery at Che Foo are suspected of plotting to attack the foreign settlement.

A Prohibition Defeat.

ST. PAUL, March 7.—By a vote of 57 to 39 the House to-day refused to submit to the people an amendment in favor of prohibition of the liquor traffic.

Long Live Servia.

BELGRADE, March 7.—The country is tranquil. Milan in his manifesto declares his abdication is the result of a resolution long since formed. He says he is convinced that the country will derive benefit from his labors but the new era opening demands powers which he feels he does not possess. Justice to Servia, to his son and to Europe demands that he should abdicate. He appeals to all political parties in Servia to assist the new constitution. In concluding he says, "God bless Servia and Alexander First. Long live Servia."

Bulgarian Official Circles Pained.

SOFIA, March 7.—The news of the abdication of King Milan made a painful impression in official circles here.

The Regents' Manifesto.

BELGRADE, March 7.—The regents of Servia have issued a proclamation in which they declare they will endeavor to cultivate friendly relations with all powers, inaugurate a constitutional regime, place the finances of the country upon a sound basis and maintain order.

The Paris Bourse Again Agitated.

PARIS, March 7.—The offices of the Comptoir d' Escompte were crowded to-day with persons waiting to withdraw their deposits. The Bourse was agitated, Societe des Metaux shares fell 15 francs and Rio Tinto shares 26 francs 25 centimes. Comptoir d' Escompte shares fell considerably.

The Comptoir d'Escompte has obtained nearly 150,000,000 to meet the run on the bank. Yesterday 37,500,000 francs were withdrawn. It is learned that on the late M. Rochereau's advice the Comptoir d'Escompte gave the Societe des Metaux a credit of 30,000,000 francs. Rochereau himself bought 2000 shares of the Societe des Metaux besides backing the Rio Tinto, Tharsis and Cape Copper Companies.

A Ghastly Execution.

LONDON, March 8.—The hanging of Jenkins, the Godalming murderer, took place at Wandsworth yesterday morning. The prisoner was emaciated to a degree, leaving him little more than a skeleton, and this condition rendered it necessary for hangman Berry to attach a seven pound weight to each foot in order that the fall might break his neck. It was suggested that a longer drop be given to the rope, but this was over-ruled by Berry, who expressed his opinion that a greater fall would result in beheading the prisoner. [illegible] was successfully carried out.

SPRING STOCK

OF

BOOTS - AND - SHOES

AT

HAINES & LOCKETT'S.

We are determined to maintain our reputation for selling the best quality of Boots and Shoes in the city for the money.

HAINES & LOCKETT.

To Get the Best Value

in EMBROIDERIES, STEAM LOOMS, LACE CURTAINS, CRETONNES, TOWELLS, Prints, Cottons, etc., and general Small Wares, you will need to go to

HENNESSY'S.

More Trouble in Zanzibar.

ZANZIBAR, March 7.—An Arab dhow arrived here yesterday and reported that she was boarded by an officer of a German gunboat, who granted her a pass. Afterwards she was fired on by other German gunboats and her captain was killed. This news created great excitement among the people of Zanzibar, and crowds surrounded the Sultan's palace, clamoring for revenge. The Sultan referred them to the German consul.

Murdered for Money.

ST. LOUIS, March 7.—Information comes from Paducah, Ky., that Mitchell Peebles, his wife and two children were found murdered in bed at their home at Duck Creek this morning. It had been reported that Peebles had received a considerable sum of money and it is supposed thieves committed the deed.

Fire in the Lottery City.

NEW ORLEANS, March 7.—Faranta's Theatre was burned to-day and a number of adjacent buildings including the Convent of the Holy Family were badly damaged. The Muldoon's Picnic Company lost their wardrobe and the Forepaugh band their uniforms and instruments. Total loss $35,000.

15 Miles Through the Panama Canal.

ASPINWALL, March 7.—The British vessel El Dorado, 270 tons burden, has passed through the Panama Canal from Aspinwall to Chagres, a distance of 15 miles. This is the first foreign vessel that has passed through the canal from one port to another.

A Dog Case at Oshawa.

OSHAWA, March 7.—A dog case was before the Police Magistrate yesterday, the complainant being F. Gilbert and the defendant L. Abrahams. The former claimed that the dog tore his coat. The owner of the Newfoundland was fined $1, and killed the dog.

The Life Saving Corset.

BRYN MAWR, Pa., March 7.—Donald Fraser fired two shots at his wife to-day and then shot and killed himself. Mrs. Fraser's life was saved by the bullets striking the steel ribs in her corsets and glancing off.

Grover Resumes Practice.

NEW YORK, March 7.—Ex-President Cleveland drove down in a carriage this morning from the Victoria Hotel to his law offices in William-street. He was accompanied by Messrs. Stetson and MacVeagh.

Big Snowstorm in New Hampshire.

WOODSVILLE, N. H., March 7.—The storm of last night continued all day throughout New Hampshire. Two feet of new snow has fallen.

IMPERIAL

CREAM TRADE MARK TARTAR

BAKING POWDER

PUREST, STRONGEST, BEST,

CONTAINS NO
Alum, Ammonia, Lime, Phosphates,
OR ANY INJURIOUS SUBSTANCE.

E. W. GILLETT, TORONTO, ONT. CHICAGO, ILL.

MANUFACTURER OF
THE CELEBRATED ROYAL YEAST CAKES.

Lake Winnipeg White Fish
Salmon Trout,
Salt Water Salmon,
Finnan Haddies,
Boneless Codfish,
Roll Butter,
Fresh Eggs,
Sugar Syrups,

A. KNOX.

FARMS FOR SALE.

THE undersigned is instructed to sell on EASY TERMS the following FARMS, situated in the County of Hastings:

TOWNSHIP OF TUDOR.
Lots Nos. 27 and 28, South-west side of Hastings Road, 100 acres.

LIMERICK.
Lots Nos. 53 and 54, 2nd con., east Hastings Road, 100 acres.

MONTEAGLE.
Lot No. 30, 16th con., 101 acres.

WICKLOW.
Lot No. 29, 1st con., 101 acres.

CARLOW.
Lots Nos. 24 and 25, 7th con., 200 acres. Lots Nos. 24 and 25, 8th con., 200 acres. Lot No 28, 8th con., 100 acres. Lots Nos. 24 and 25, 15th con., 199 acres.

Titles are perfect. Apply to

JAMES BOOTH,
Real Estate Agent, Belleville.
Office corner Pinnacle and Bridge Sts., up stairs.
Feb. 28, '89. d30tw8m

At FISH'S.

New Kid Gloves,
New Neckwear,
New Regatta Shirts,
New White Shirts,
New Spring Shirting

IN STOCK TO-DAY.

A. E. FISH & CO.,
The noted Shirt Makers and Gents' Furnishers, 260 Front St.

OPERA -- HOUSE!

ONE NIGHT ONLY.

Friday, March the 8th.

Absolutely Unapproachable in its Dramatic Strength and Positively Unrivalled in its Scenic Display.

Chas. L. Andrews' Co'y

Presenting Jules Verne's masterpiece

Michael Strogoff

A COMPANY OF SUPERIOR EXCELLENCE,
SCENERY NEW AND GORGEOUS.
STRONG DRAMATIC CLIMAXES.

RECORD OF MICHAEL STROGOFF:—Paris, over two years; New York, over one year; Philadelphia, over 200 nights; Boston, over 100 nights; Toronto, over 4 weeks; Montreal, over 3 weeks.

☞You can't afford to miss it. Prices, 25cts, 50cts and 75cts. Reserved seats on sale Wednesday morning.

OPERA -- HOUSE,

Tuesday, March 12.

GILLETTE'S

Held by the Enemy

From PALMER'S THEATRE, New York City.

An American Play!
An American Story!

Founded on the incidents of the Civil War. A Triumph of Honor and Devotion to Country. The Highest order of Military Drama. All the New York Scenery and Effects. A tender Love Tale. Notable War Scenes.

ENORMOUS SUCCESS.
MONSTER PRODUCTION.
STIRRING SCENES.
CHARMING COMEDY.

Interesting, Amusing and Engrossing.

Prices 25cts, 50cts and 75cts. Reserved seats at Holden's.

Economy, Equity, Stability.

Ontario Mutual Life Assurance Co.

(ESTABLISHED 1870.)

DOMINION DEPOSIT - $100,000.

Assurances in force, Jan. 1st, 1889..	$12,041,914
New Assurances written in 1888....	2,518,650
Cash Income for 1888..............	393,074
Assets, Dec 31st, 1888............	1,313,853
Liabilities, as per Gov't Valuation..	1,223,516

SURPLUS, - - $90,337.00.

The New Business for January and February of this year is MUCH GREATER than was ever before written by the Company during the same months, while, with over $12,000,000 on our books, the death losses have been very moderate.

S. BURROWS,
General Agent Ontario Mutual Life Co'y.

S. ROUGHTON, W. E. HOLTON, } Special Agents.

Office, Front Street, next door to Dominion Bank, Belleville.

Stone Quarry for Sale.

I HAVE two first class Stone Quarries on my place for sale. There is only about 6 inches of soil over the rock, which lies about 200 yards from the Bay. I will lease it for a term of years.

THOS. McDONALD,
Of Point Ann, Belleville P. O.
March 5, 1889. 261d6tw3t

WINTER SERVICE.

---ALLAN LINE----

Steamships	*Fr. Portland*	*Fr. Halifax*
Polynesian	21 Feb.	23 Feb.
Sardinian	7 Mar.	9 Mar.
Circassian	21 "	23 "
Parisian	4 April	6 April
Polynesian	18 "	20 "
Sardinian	2 May	4 May

Circassian from Quebec May 10th.

The steamers from Portland via Halifax call at Londonderry on their passage to and from Liverpool, to embark and land mails and passengers.

The steamers from Halifax via St. Johns, Nfd., call at Queenstown on their passages to and from Britain.

Steamers leave Portland on arrival of train leaving Belleville Wednesday noon, and Halifax on arrival of train leaving Belleville Thursday noon.

Passengers proceeding by steamers calling at St. Johns, Nfd., will leave Belleville on Friday noon train.

RATES OF OCEAN PASSAGE:

Cabin, $50.00, $65.00 and $75.00 according to accommodation. Intermediate, $30.00. Steerage, $20.00. Return Tickets, Cabin, $100, $125.00, $150.00. Intermediate, $60.00. Steerage $40.00.

Steerage passangers are booked to and from Queenstown, Derry, Belfast, London and Glasgow at same rates as Liverpool.

Intermediate passangers are forwarded to and from Glasgow and Liverpool by rail without extra charge.

CABIN PASSENGERS

are supplied with a very liberal table, and everything necessary except wines and liquors, which can be had on board at moderate prices.

Each passanger is allowed twenty cubic feet of baggage free.

THE INTERMEDIATE.

Superior accommodation is offered in the INTERMEDIATE, which in every respect is equal to what is called Second Cabin in some lines sailing from New York.

The Intermediate Cabins on all our ships are well situated, perfectly ventilated and are entirely distinct from the Steerage. Steward and Stewardesses to each vessel. Passangers in the Intermediate are found with everything.

THE STEERAGES

are large and exceedingly well lighted and ventilated, are fitted up in rooms, each passanger having a seperate sleeping berth. A Stewardess is appointed to each steamer.

For tickets and all information apply to

U. E. THOMPSON,
General Ticket Agent,
Bridge St. Belleville.

Burdock BLOOD BITTERS

WILL CURE OR RELIEVE

BILIOUSNESS,	DIZZINESS,
DYSPEPSIA,	DROPSY,
INDIGESTION,	FLUTTERING OF THE HEART
JAUNDICE,	
ERYSIPELAS,	ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH
SALT RHEUM,	
HEARTBURN,	DRYNESS OF THE SKIN.
HEADACHE,	

And every species of diseases arising from disordered LIVER, KIDNEYS, STOMACH, BOWELS OR BLOOD.

T. MILBURN & CO., Proprietors, Toronto

Pond - Lily - Cream.

A delightful Toilet article. Not a face paint or powder; does not cover over but cures. Used in connection with Pond Lily Liver Pellets and Pond Lily Soap most effectually and positively removes Pimples, Freckles, Tan, Black Specks, Blotches, allays all irritation after shaving, or any itchiness of the skin from whatever cause and all roughness from the face, hands, neck and arms, leaving them beautifully white and velvety. Sold by wholesale dealers and druggists everywhere. Pond Lily Cream, 25 cents; Pond Lily Liver Pellets, 25 cents; Pond Lily Skin Soap, 15 cents S. PERRIN, Chemist, Manufacturer and Proprietor for Canada.

SMOKE
"BILL NYE"
CIGARS.
--FIVE CENTS.--

SMOKE
"CREME
DE LA CREME"
CIGARS.
--TEN CENTS.--

ARMBRECHT'S
TONIC COCA WINE

FOR
FATIGUE
OF MIND AND BODY
AND SLEEPLESSNESS.

"Experience and scientific analysis reveal to us in Coca the most tonic plant in the Vegetable Kingdom."—*Manuel Fuentes.*

"It (Coca) is, in a word, the most powerful restorer of the vital forces."—*Dr Schwalk.*

ARMBRECHT'S COCA WINE, though more tonic in its properties than Iron or Quinine,

NEVER CONSTIPATES.

See Medical Reviews. For sale by leading druggists throughout the world.

ARMBRECHT, NELSON & CO.
2 Duke St., Grosvenor Sq.,
LONDON.

Wood! Wood!

I AM now selling at the West Belleville Central Wood Yard all kinds of Hard and mixed wood, cut and uncut, which I will deliver to any part of the city. Remember the place, the West Belleville Central Wood Yard, just a few steps from the Foot Bridge.

EDWARD NEWMAN.

Nothing Like it.

"I was troubled with liver complaint for a good many years, but was cured by one bottle of Burdock Blood Bitters. I have never found any medicine to help me like B. B. B., in fact one bottle made a complete cure." W. J. West, Parkhill, Ont.

Give Them a Chance ?

That is to say, your lungs. Also all your breathing machinery. Very wonderful machinery it is. Not only the larger air-passages, but the thousands of little tubes and cavities leading from them.

When these are clogged and choked with matter which ought not to be there, your lungs cannot half do their work. And what they do they cannot do well.

Call it cold, cough, croup, pneumonia, catarrah, consumption or any of the family of throat and nose and lung obstructions, all are bad. All ought to be got rid of. There is just one sure way to get rid of them. That is to take Boschee's German Syrup, which any druggist will sell you at 75 cents a bottle. Even if everything else has failed you, you may depend upon this for certain.

Partly Gave up.

"In the year 1885 I coughed for six months, and having unsuccessfully tried many remedies, I partly gave up, thinking I had consumption. At last I tried Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam, less than one bottle of which cured me, leaving me as well as ever I was." Henry W. Carns, Wabash, Ont.

FEVER AND AGUE AND BILIOUS DERANGEMENTS are positively cured by the use of Parmelee's Pills. They not only cleanse the stomach and bowels from all bilious matter, but they open the excretory vessels, causing them to pour copious effusions from the blood into the bowels, after which the corrupted mass is thrown out by the natural passage of the body. They are used as a general family medicine with the best results.

To lessen mortality and stop the inroads of disease, use Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and Dyspeptic Cure. For all diseases arising from Impure Blood, such as Pimples, Biotches, Biliousness, Indigestion, etc., etc., it has no equal. Mrs. Thomas Smith, Elm, writes: "I am using this medicine for Dyspepsia; I have tried many remedies, but this is the only one that has done me any good."

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP should always be used when children are cutting teeth. It relieves the little sufferer at once; it produces natural, quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakens as "bright as a button." It is very pleasant to taste. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP," and take no other kind. 3d&wly

Nothing so suddenly obstructs the perspiration as sudden transitions from heat to cold. Heat rarifies the blood, quickens the circulation and increases the perspiration, but when these are suddenly checked the consequences must be bad. The most common cause of disease is obstructed perspiration, or what commonly goes by the name of catching cold. Coughs, colds, sore throat, etc, if attended to in time are easily subdued, but allowed to run their own course, generally prove the fore-runner of more dangerous diseases. Nine-tenths of the consumptives date their affliction from a neglected cold, and the diseases that are caused by wet feet, damp clothes, or exposure are more numerous than are generally supposed. One of the most efficacious medicines for all diseases of the throat and lungs is Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup. It promotes a free and easy expectoration, which frees the lungs from viscid phlegm by changing the secretions from a diseased to a healthy stat

Rest and Comfort to the Suffering.

"Brown's Household Panacea" has no equal for relieving pain, both internal and external. It cures Pain in the Side, Back or Bowels, Sore Throat, Rheumatism, Toothache, Lumbago and any kind of a Pain or Ache. "It will most surely quicken the Blood and Heal, as its acting power is wonderful." "Brown's Household Panacea," being acknowledged as the great Pain Reliever, and of double the strength of any other Elixir or Liniment in the world, should be in every family handy for use when wanted, "as it really is the best remedy in the world for Cramps in the Stomach, and Pains and Aches of all kinds," and is for sale by all Druggists at 25 cts a bottle.

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, *Station* *New York City.*

COMING!
COMING!

RUPTURE

The last 25 years I have adjusted more Trusses than any man in America. Valuable Patents, my own invention, in Trusses, Spinal and Club Feet Instruments. **Rupture**—I will guarantee to hold largest Rupture without touching your hip, no straps whatsoever, waterproof. Largest stock of general Trusses, also the great Cluthe Spiral Trusses in stock. Reliable system for ORDERING BY MAIL.

Spinal Instruments half the weight of other makes and more effective.

CLUB FEET I claim the only mechanical system to straighten born Club Feet (Patented.) I will prove to anybody that operation never did nor can straighten Club Feet. Send 6 cent stamps for Book. CHAS. CLUTHE, 118 King St. W., Toronto

CHAS. CLUTHE,

of 118 King St. West, Toronto, Ontario, will be at the QUEEN'S HOTEL, BELLEVILLE, Friday and Saturday, MARCH 15TH and 16TH. Call early and avoid disappointment. NO FAILURE. Will hold the most OBSTINATE cases of RUPTURE WITH EASE AND COMFORT.

Manufacturers Life & Accident
INSURANCE COMPANIES.

Combined authorized capital	$3,000,000
Combined subscribed capital	739,700
Combined cash capital	150,760
Combined insurance received (1888)	9,575,525

President - Sir John A. Macdonald.
Vice Presidents { Geo. Gooderham, Esq., William Bell, Esq.
Secretary and Treasurer—J. L. Kerr, Esq.
Managers for Eastern Ontario, Peterboro—Wilson & Morrison.

R. CROFT HULME
Agent, Belleville.

Agents wanted.

This Company wrote the largest amount of new business of any company in Canada in 1888. It has the largest capital and the strongest Board of Directors of any company in the Dominion.

PILES! PILES! PILES!

Dr. William's Indian Pile Ointment is a sure cure for Blind, Bleeding or Itching Piles. No one need suffer. Prepared for Piles only. It never fails to cure. Sold by druggists for $1.00, or mailed on receipt of price. WILLIAMS MF'G CO., Cleveland, Ohio.

Railway Time Tables.

Grand Trunk Railway.

Trains arrive at and depart from Belleville Station as follows:

GOING EAST.

		Arrive.	Leave.
No. 1	Mail	12.25 p. m.	12.30 p. m.
No. 3	Mail Fast	12.45 a. m.	12.50 a. m.
No. 11	Mixed	8.05 p. m.	8.15 p. m.
No. 13	do		7.00 a. m.

GOING WEST.

		Arrive.	Leave.
No. 2	Mail	5.50 p. m.	5.55 p. m
No. 4	do	4.00 a. m.	4.05 a. m.
No. 6	do Fast	6.55 a. m.	7.00 a. m.
No. 14	Mixed	11.00 a. m.	11.55 a. m.
No. 16	do	11.10 p. m.	

MIDLAND RAILWAY.

GRAND JUNCTION DIVISION.

Going West. (*Leave.*)

Mail	5:45 a. m.
Mixed	4:30 p. m

Going East. (*Arrive.*)

Mail	4 30 p. m.
Mixed	11 50 a. m.

MADOC DIVISION.

Going North. (*Leave.*)

Mixed	12:25 p. m
Mixed	4:30 p. m.

Going South. (*Arrive.*)

Mixed	9:00 a. m.
Mixed	4 30 p. m.

CENTRAL ONTARIO RAILWAY.

PICTON DIVISION.

Leave G.T.R. Jct.	7:20 a.m.	12:50 p.m.
Arrive Picton	8:44 "	2:50 "
Leave Picton	9:05 "	3:45 "
Arrive G.T.R. Jct.	10:30 "	5:25 "

COE HILL DIVISION.

Train for Coe Hill 9:35 a m, 12:30 p m; Trenton Junction 15m later; Mid. Ry. J'ct. 10:28 a m, 3:23 p m; C. P. R J'ct. 11 a m, 4:30 p m; ElDorado 11:45 a m, 5:15 p m. Arr. Coe Hill 1:30 p m, 6:50 p m. Coe Hill for Trenton: 6 a m, 2:20 p m; ElDorado 7:45 a m, 3:47 p m; C. P. R. Jc't 8:40 a m, 4:30 p m; Mid, Ry. J'ct. 9:15 a m, 4:57 p m; G. T. J'ct. 9:50 a m, 5:30 p m; arr. Trenton 10:05 a m, 5:42 p m.

Daily Intelligencer.

RIGHTED AT LAST.

A STORY OF NEW ENGLAND LIFE.

> A child of our grandmother Eve, a female;
> Or, for thy more sweet understanding, a woman.
> *Love's Labor Lost.*

'I don't want to be hard or unjust, and you look and speak like an honest woman; still, we people who keep a public house see so many—well, will you tell me the name of the friend you expected to find here?'

'Hannah Smith, the sister of Eli Smith,'

Her face brightened at once. 'I'm glad, for your sake, it was Hannah. I know her well, and no one who had done anything to be ashamed of would be likely to come to her for help. My girls, who are away on a visit now, do the sewing mostly, but you are welcome to stay and help about the house until we see what can be done. Have you no relatives or friends?'

'No relatives living, ma'am, and no friends in this country; at least, none to whom I can apply.'

'Poor thing! How should I feel if it were my Ellen, or Jane?' she said, as she hastened away at a call from her husband. I went into the kitchen, and wiped the dishes for the Irish cook, inwardly thanking God that, even in this noisy, dusty place, He had kept fresh and green the plant of human kindness, strengthening it, at need, by the deep experience of maternity.

I was still in the kitchen when a train thundered into the depot, a few rods distant; presently, several people entered the house; there were much talking and some confusion; then the landlady put her head into the kitchen and bade me 'bring fresh water to No. 9—quick. The train had met with an accident, and a lady had been seriously injured.' I obeyed, and found a dozen people around the bed, talking of the 'narrow escape,' while an elderly gentleman stood with his fingers on the wrist of the injured person, with a look that betokened anxiety and impatience. I made my way to the bedside, and began to bathe the lady's dusty and grazed face with the tepid water.

'That's sensible,' said the gentleman, 'she begins to revive. I think she had fainted.'

'She needs more air,' I said with a glance at the crowd.

'Right!' he turned to those present, saying: 'I thank all here, in the name of my friend Mrs. Lloyd, for their sympathy and kindness. She begins to revive, and I think we had better leave her with the woman of the house until the doctor arrives. Before the train leaves, I hope to be able to assure you that she is not seriously injured.'

He left the room, and the others followed, leaving only Mrs. Burbank, the landlady, and myself, to loosen the lady's dress and bind up, as well as we could, her mass of black hair, slightly streaked with gray. She seemed a woman of forty-five or more, with a magnificent bust and shoulders, and features and complexion that reminded me of my old Jewish heroines. Before we had finished, the doctor entered, and his applications soon restored her to consciousness. She was able to reply to his questions, and I inferred, from her air and manner, that she was *une grande dame*, at least, in her own opinion, for she was very haughty and supercilious, and seemed filled with horror at being obliged to stay 'in such a place.' But stay she must, for, although she was not seriously injured, the bruises and contusions were so severe that the physican assured her she could not travel under several days: and, as pride could not salve her wounds, she was obliged to submit.

I slept on a lounge in her room that night, to minister to her wants; and in the morning, when I went to my breakfast, Mrs. Burbank told me that the gray-haired gentleman, whom I had seen the evening before, desired to speak with me in the parlor.

'I think he wants you to take care of Mrs. Lloyd until he is able to travel, and I shall be glad if you will, for she seems to be one of those folks who don't know as there is anybody else in the world but themselves,' she said pleasantly.

She was right. When I entered the parlor, the gentleman looked at me a second, not inquisitively, but as if he were quite certain how to address me; then he asked me to be seated, and said:

'The doctor tells me that Mrs. Lloyd's injuries will detain her here some days. My business compels me to go on, and, as she was under my care, and has no servant with her, I feel anxious to provide for her comfort as far as I can. The landlady thinks I may induce you to remain with her until she is able to travel?' He paused, and looked me inquiringly.

'I shall be very glad, indeed, to do so, sir; for, at present, I am without employment.'

'Thank you. Mrs. Lloyd is the widow of a distinguished gentleman, and has resided much abroad. She has been accustomed to a good deal of attention, and you may find her somewhat difficult and exacting, but I think you will succeed.'

'I will try, sir.'

'That, is all I ask.' He took from his pocket-book a bank-note, and offered it to me saying, 'Here is a trifle in advance.'

I declined to receive it, saying, 'When my wages are due, I shall receive them from Mrs. Lloyd.'

He smiled, and asked me to attend him to the lady's room, where he explained the arrangement. She looked at me as if I were an inevitable evil to be endured, like her bruises, thanked him, and gave him some messages for her daughters, who were in New York

Thus I found myself installed as nurse, and my patient kept me very busy. But, if she was *exigeante*, I was very patient; if haughty, almost to insolence (and ladies, I found, could be insolent), I was indifferent, not caring enough about her to resent it; so the time passed quietly. Mantime she received letters from her daughters, and, one day, on the arrival of the western train, there came sweeping into our dim room such a vision of elegance and fashion—ay, and of beauty, too, for the face was very beautiful, the youthful, unfurrowed image of the mother—as I had never seen before.

It was Miss Lloyd, and, kissing her mother, she said gayly:

'Now, just own, mamma, that for once you are taken by surprise?'

'I am! When Miss Julia Lloyd takes to travelling alone, like a common servant-girl, it is time to be surprised,' said the lady, gravely. 'But I presume it was a suggestion of Cousin Anne's.'

'Yes; and you to tell the truth, mamma, I rather enjoyed it, for, of course, nothing could happen to *me*—nothing improper, I mean.'

She drew herself up, as if, by the very motion, she set herself above the common incidents and accidents of life, and her face assumed the same haughty look that distinguished her mother's, only not so deeply ingrained in every line.

The mother smiled proudly as she surveyed the tall superb figure.

(To be continued).

Common Croup

Is often fatal when not remedied in time. Leslie B. Nicholson, Wellesley Ave., Toronto, says: "As a quick cure for croup, colds, sore throat, chilblains, etc., I can recommend Hagyard's Yellow Oil." It is a sure cure. Directions accompany each bottle

The Loss of the Hair

Is a great misfortune and the sight of a bald head should be a warning to you to take the best possible care of your hair. A little of Dr. Dorenwend's "Hair Magic" used occasionally will prevent all chances of its falling out or turning gray, and will remove all traces of dandruff. Every druggist has it in stock. Ask for it.

A Dreadful Doom.

To be unable to satisfy hunger without being distressed by heartburn, indigestion, sick stomach, dizziness or faintness, seems a dreadful doom. All who suffer thus will find prompt relief and permanent cure in Burdock Blood Bitters. B.B.B. *positively cures* dyspepsia in any form.

CANADIAN--
--PACIFIC
RAILWAY.

Tuesday, March 12th,
AND EVERY TUESDAY THEREAFTER
—DURING—
MARCH AND APRIL
—WILL RUN—
SETTLERS'--- TRAINS

Trough without change to

MANITOBA,
North-West Territories,
and British Columbia,

Leaving Toronto Union Depot at 9:00 p. m.
No Customs. No Transfers. No Delays.
Full particulars from any agent of the company.

S. BURROWS,
Agent C. P. R., Belleville.

GERMAN
SHEET
MIRROR.

We can supply any of the regular stock sizes in German Sheet Mirror and cut these to replace breakages.

L. W. YEOMANS & CO.

Luxuriant Growths of Hair

are seen on the heads of all who use

DR. DORENWEND'S

Great German Hair Magic.

The equal of this great preparation is yet to be found. It is an unfailing restorer for Gray Hair. It stops and prevents all falling out of the hair. It removes all Dandruff and keeps the scalp clean. On Bald Heads (if there are but the faintest traces of roots) the "Magic" will produce a fine growth. Will you try it? or will you let your hair go and become prematurely old? What do you say?

All druggists, everywhere, have it for sale. Ask for it Do not let the druggist tell you he has "something just as good." Many have dead stock of other hair tonics on hand and try to shove them off in this way.

See that each bottle bears seal and signature of

A. DORENWEND,
Sole Manufacturer,
Paris Hair Works, 103 & 105 Yonge St.,
Toronto, Ontario.

Bangs, Frontpieces, Waves, Wigs, Switches, Gents' Wigs, Toupees and Hair Goods of all kinds are supplied by A. Dorenwend. Send to above address for circulars and prices.

BELLEVILLE POST OFFICE.

MAILS	Close	Due for Delivery.
East per G. T. R., including Maritime Provinces, and Picton	11:45 a. m. 10:00 p. m.	6:00 p. m 7:30 a. m.
West per G. T. R., including Western States, Manitoba and the North-West Territories	5.05 p.m. 10.00 p.m.	1:00 p. m. 7:30 a. m.
East and West, per G. T. R., closes on Sunday at 10 p. m.		
Marysville, Shannonville, per G. T. R	11:45 a. m.	6:00 p. m
Belleville Station, postage one cent	7.30 a. m. 5.05 p. m.	8.30 a. m. 6.00 p. m.
G'd Junction Ry., main line, including Peterboro', Stirling,	10:00 p. m	5:00 p. m.
Madoc, per Grand Junction Ry, including Queensboro, Cooper, Rimington, Bridgewater, and the Flats	11:45 a. m.	5:00 p. m.
Madoc Route, per stage	1:00 p. m.	12:00 noon.
Bancroft, Coe Hill, Marmora and all offices in North Hastings per Trenton and Coe Hill Railway	5 05 p. m. 10:00 p. m.	:30 a. m.
Bridgewater Route per stage, including Stoco daily	1:00 p. m.	12:00 noon.
Moira, Phillipston, Bogart, on Monday, Wednesday and Friday	1:00 p. m.	12:00 noon.
Fuller, on Tuesday and Friday	1:00 p. m.	12:00 noon.
Wallbridge, on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
Ameliasburg Route, per stage, including Mountain View and Crofton	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
Albury on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
Sidney Crossing, Wednesday and Saturday	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
Bay Side, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
British Mails, via New York, Monday and Thursday	11:45 a. m	
" " via Halifax, Canadian line Thursday	11:45 a. m.	

Postage, 5c. per ½ oz. by each route. Registration fee, 5c.

Money Orders granted on all Money Order offices in Canada, the United Kidgdom, France and Algeria, the United States, Newfoundland, Jamaica, Victoria (Australia), New South South Wales, Queensland, New Zealand Tasinania, Constantinople (Turkey), Gibraltar, Smyrna, Panama (British agency), Austria, Hungary, Belgium, China (See Hong-Kong), Denmark, including Iceland and the Faroe Islands, Danish West Indies, Dutch, East Indies, Egypt, Germam empire (which includes 26 States), Holland, (Netherlands), Italy, Japan, Norway, Portugal, including Madiera and the Azores, Romania, Sweden, Switzerland, British India, including Aden, Bagdad, Bandor, Abas, Bushire, Busrah, Guadur, Jask, Linga, Muscat and Zanzibar, Ceylon, Hong Kong, including Amoy, Canton, Foo Chow, Han Kow Hoi-how. Ningpo Shanghai and Swatow, North Borneo, Strait Settlements, Bermuda, Falkland Islands, South and West Africa, including Cape Colony, Gambia, Gold Coast, Lagos, Mauritius Natal, St. Helena, Seychelles Islands, Sierra, Leone, West Indies including Antignu, Bahams, Barbadoes, British Guiana, Dominica, Grenada, Honduras, (British), Montserrat, Nevis, St. Kitts, St. Lucia, St. Vincent, Tobago, Trinidad, Turk's Islands, South Australia, Western Australia, Azores Islands, Madera Islands.

Deposits received, under the regulations of the Post Office Savings' Bank, between the hours of 9 a. m. and 4 p. m.

Registered Letters must be posted 15 minutes before the close of each mail

Street letter boxes emptied at 10 a. m. and 8 p. m.

Office hours, 7:30 a. m. to 6:30 p. m., Sundays excepted.

FOREIGN POSTAGE.

Canada having been admitted into the Postal Union, there is a re-arrangement of Postage rates, as follows:—

For Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Iceland, Egypt, France, Algeria, Germany, Gibraltar, Great Britain and Ireland, Greece, Italy, Luxembourg, Malta, Montenegro, Netherlands, Norway, Persia, Portugal, Azores, Roumania, Russia, St. Pierre, Servia, Spain, the Canary Islands, Sweden, Switzerland and Turkey. And via United States:—Bermuda, Bahamas, Cuba, Danish Colonies of St. Thomas, St. John, St. Croix, Jamaica, Japan and Porto Rico (Newfoundland is now in the Postal Union, but rates remain as before.) Letters, 5 cents per ½ oz. Postal cards, 2 cents each. Newspapers, 2 cents for 4 oz. Registration fee, 5 cents.

For Aden, Argentine Confederation, Brazil, British Guinea, Ceylon, Greenland, Frenc Colonies in Asia, Africa, Oceanica and America, except St. Pierre and Miquelon, Persia, Persian Gulf, Portuguese Colonies in Asia, Africa and Oceanica, Trinidad, Spanish Colonies Africa, Oceanica and America, except Cuba and Porto Rico, Straits settlements in Singapor Penany and Malacca:—Letters, 10 cents per ½ oz. Post cards, 4 cents each. Newspapers, cents for 4 oz. Books, &c., 4 cents for 4 oz. Other Registration fees, 10 cents.

West India Islands, via Halifax, same rate as formerly. Prepayment by stamp in all cases.

J. H. MEACHAM
Postmaster

Do you suffer from disease of the Liver, Stomach, Kidneys or Bowels? Try them and be cured. Do you suffer from Rheumatism or Gout? Try them. Do you suffer from Skin Disease, Boils, Sores, Bad Legs, Wounds or Ulcers? Try them and be healed.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS & OINTMENT

This is the result of their use in every part of the world. They are genuine remedies, used by rich and poor with never-failing success.

MANUFACTURED ONLY AT
THOMAS HOLLOWAY'S Establishment,
78, NEW OXFORD ST.,
LONDON.

Purchasers should look to the Label on the Boxes and Pots. If the address is not 533, OXFORD STREET, LONDON, they are spurious.

California Evaporated Fruits!

NECTARINES.	PEACHES,
APRICOTS,	CHERRIES,
PRUNELLES, PLUMS,	CRYSTALIZED FIGS.

CONGER BROS.

Sun Life Assurance Company
—OF CANADA.—

I have great pleasure in announcing to the Policy-holders and friends of the Company that the Applications for New Life Assurances received during the year 1887 were again larger than in any previous year in the Company's history, being more than $3,500,000, on which policies were issued for over $3,000,000. The year's operations have also resulted in a large and very satisfactory addition to the assets, which now amount to over $1,750,000.

AGENTS WANTED ON SALARY.

W. T. MCINTYRE,
General Agent, elleville.

HAGYARD'S
YELLOW OIL
CURES RHEUMATISM

FREEMAN'S
WORM POWDERS
Are pleasant to take. Contain their own Purgative. Is a safe, sure and effectual destroyer of worms in Children or Adults.

SPECULATION!

Geo. A. Romer,
BANKER AND BROKER,
40 & 42 BROADWAY AND 51 NEW STREET,
New York City.

Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Provisions and ePetroleum

BOUGHT, SOLD AND CARRIED ON MARGIN

P. S.—Send for explanatory pamphlet.
Aug 30, '88, d1y

NEUFCHATEL
CREAM
CHEESE!

JUST RECEIVED.

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE,
Grocers & Wine Merchants,
83 & 37, Bridge Street
Also Front St., opp. Ritchie's.

Self-Raising
Buckwheat
Flour!

A FRESH SUPPLY JUST RECEIVED.

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE,
Grocers and Wine Merchants.
33 & 37 Bridge Street.
Also Front Street, Opp. Ritchie's.

NEW
Wall Paper!
—AT—
--S. A. LAZIER'S--
ROBERTSON'S BLOCK
October 16th

NEW LINES
—IN—
CAKES and PASTRY.

Angel Cake, Coffee Cake, Queen Victoria, Adelaide, and a great many other varieties.

Florida Oranges, Almeria Grapes and New Figs, just received at

DICKENS.

P. S.—We would respectfully ask all retailers to drop in and see us and the large line of Candies we are offering at wholesale.

DICKENS & SON.

CALIFORNIA
EVAPORATED
FRUITS

NECTARINES,
APRICOTS,
PEACHES,
PLUMS.

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE
Grocers & Wine Merchants,
33 & 37 Bridge Street.
Also Front St., opp. Ritchie's.

FOR MEN ONLY!

A POSITIVE CURE For LOST or FAILING MANHOOD; General and NERVOUS DEBILITY; Weakness of Body and Mind: Effects of Errors or Excesses in Old or Young. Robust, Noble MANHOOD fully Restored. How to Enlarge and Strengthen WEAK, UNDEVELOPED ORGANS & PARTS of BODY. Absolutely unfailing HOME TREATMENT—Benefits in a day. Men testify from 47 States, Territories, and Foreign Countries. You can write them. Book, full explanation, and proofs mailed (sealed) free. Address ERIE MEDICAL CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

BEFORE BUYING STOVES

Be sure to see our stock. We have in Coal Stoves the

Imperial Jewel,
Fancy Countess,
Art Favorite,
Fire King and others.

Also a great variety of RANGES and COOK STOVES, which we are selling at right prices.

C. F. SMITH & CO.
388, FRONT STREET.

To WATER Consumers

PLEASE call at the office and pay your Water Rate, which was due on the 1st of January.

Those in arrears for Plumbing will also please pay without further notice.

THE BELLEVILLE WATER WORKS CO

J. H. MILLS,
--Merchant Tailor,--
OPPOSITE GEO. RITCHIE & CO'S

THE MAGOG TEXTILE & PRINT CO.

Will offer for Spring Trade the LARGEST, CHEAPEST and MOST VARIED range of Prints ever shown, including

SPRING NOVELTIES
—OF—
LATEST PARIS DESIGNS!

Merchants will do well to see their samples before buying elsewhere. Early advice will be given when Travellers will call.

St Peter Street, - Montreal.

HASTINGS
LOAN AND INVESTMENT SOCIETY
BELLEVILLE, ONT.

CAPITAL $250,000

MONEY TO LOAN on Farm or City property, at lowest current rates.

Payments can be made to fall due at any season of the year to suit borrowers. No delay in obtaining the money beyond the time necessary employed in the investigation of titles.

MORTGAGES PURCHASED.

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT.

FOUR PER CENT interest allowed on Deposit No notice required of withdrawal

OFFICE—Robertson's Block, east side of Front Street.

Straight loans at 7 per cent. No fines. No commissions.

J. P. C. PHILLIPS,
3d&wly Manager

PARMELEE'S
Asphaltic ROOF PAINT.

It will entirely stop the rusting of tin and iron roofs.

It will entirely stop the wearing away and decay of the exposed wood of shingle roofs.

It has been accepted by the City, the County, and the chief Real Estate Owners of the City.

I will be glad to give estimates of cost at any time and anywhere.

H. S. PARMELEE,
Belleville.

432,000
FIRE CRACKERS
—AT THE—
—CITY BAKERY—
Wholesale and Retail.
JAS. WALLACE.

The Great English Prescription.

A successful Medicine used over 30 years in thousands of cases. Cures *Spermatorrhea, Nervous Weakness, Emissions, Impotency* and all diseases caused by abuse. [BEFORE] indiscretion, or over-exertion. [AFTER] Six packages *Guaranteed to Cure when all others Fail.* Ask your Druggist for **The Great English Prescription**, take no substitute. One package $1. Six $5, by mail. Write for Pamphlet. Address **Eureka Chemical Co., Detroit, Mich.**

FOR SALE BY D. M. WATERS.

INTELLIGENCER PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY LIMITED.

J. C. JAMIESON, President. | J. W. LONDON, Secretary

THE Treasurer is the only person authorised to receive moneys for the Company, or to grant receipts for the same.

All Bills, Notes, Cheques, and other documents binding on the Company, will require the signature of the President, in addition to that of the Treasurer.

THE INTELLIGENCER is printed and published for the INTELLIGENCER Printing and Publishing Company (Limited) by JAMES C. JAMIESON, resident in Belleville, at their Office, Front St., south of Hotel St.

THE RATHBUN COMPANY,

Having transferred me to their Brockville branch, I beg to thank my friends and customers for the liberal patronage and kindness extended to me during my residence in Belleville, and also to bespeak the same treatment to Mr. R. C. Calhoun, my successor.

P. J. SHANNON.

The Daily Intelligencer.

THE RATHBUN CO.

Having appointed me Agent for their Belleville branch, I take this opportunity of soliciting a continuance of the patronage which they have hitherto enjoyed through the popular management of Mr. Shannon. It will be my desire and aim to maintain and add to this patronage, which fair dealing and a thorough knowledge of the requirements of the trade leads me to hope for.—R. C. CALHOUN.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL. 22. BELLEVILLE ONTARIO, SATURDAY MARCH 9, 1889. NO. 264

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

EXHAUSTED VITALITY.

THE SCIENCE OF LIFE, the great Medical Work of the age on Manhood, Nervous and Physical Debility, Premature Decline, Errors of Youth, and the untold miseries consequent thereon, 360 pages 8 vo., 125 prescriptions for all diseases. Cloth, full gilt, only $1, by mail, sealed. Illustrative sample free to all young and middle aged men. Send now, The Gold and Jewelled Medal awarded to the author by the National Medical Association. Address P. O. Box 1895, Boston, Mass., or Dr. W. H. PARKER, graduate of Harvard Medical College, 25 years' practice in Boston, who may be consulted confidentially. Specialty, Diseases of Men. Office, No. 4, Bulfinch Street,

NERVOUS DEBILITY.

NERVOUS DEBILITY, EXHAUSTING, Vital Drains (caused by early indiscretions), effectually cured. Syphilitic affections and all bad blood and skin diseases arising therefrom thoroughly eradicated. Varicocele cured without operation. Impotence, or premature decline of the manly powers, and all diseases of the genito-urinary organs a specialty. It makes no difference who has failed to cure you. Skill and experience important. A friendly letter or call may save you a great deal of misery and add years to your life. Consultation FREE. Medicines sent to any addres. DR. REEVE, 337 Jarvis St., Toronto. 59d&w1y

DRUNKENNESS

Or the Liquor Habit, Positively Cured by Administering Dr. Haines' Golden Specific.

It can be given in a cup of coffee or tea without the knowledge of the person taking it; is absolutely harmless, and will effect a permanent and speedy cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. It has been given in thousands of cases, and in every instance a perfect cure has followed. *It never fails.* The system once impregnated with the Specific, it becomes an utter impossibility for the liquor appetite to exist. For circular and full particulars address GOLDEN SPECIFIC CO., 185 Race St., Cincinnati, O.

Montreal Nov. 21, 1888.

MESSRS. WILLIS & CO., 1,824 NOTRE DAME ST., CITY.

DEAR SIRS.—After having played on the Piano of Messrs. Bell & Co., of Guelph, Ont, it is impossible not to bear testimony to the qualities which have acquired for them the good reputation which they already enjoy. The Pianos of their manufacture are exceedingly remarkable for their qualities of tone. The bass is powerful without harshness, and the upper notes sweet, clear and mellow. The Bell Pianos are unquestionably the best made in Canada, and I act up on my principle and give you to-day an order to furnish one for my own use. Canada is to be congratulated on having produced the Bell Piano.

J. B LABELLE, Professor of Music] Organist Notre Dame Cathedral.

H. BULL AGENT. BELLEVILLE.

CLARKE'S

Glycerine .·. Jelly

For ROUGH SKIN, CHAPPED HANDS, SORE LIPS, etc.

It penetrates the skin, leaving it soft and white.

It is not sticky, and a glove can be put on immediately after using.

Price 20 cents, For sale by

-F. CHARLES CLARKE,-

CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST.

Telephone 138. Front Street.

PENNYROYAL WAFERS.

Prescription of a physician who has had a life long experience in treating female diseases. Is used monthly with perfect success by over 10,000 ladies. Pleasant, safe effectual. Ladies ask your druggist for Pennyroyal Wafers and take no substitute, or inclose postage for sealed particulars. Sold by all druggists, $1 per box. Address THE EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., DETROIT, MICH.

FOR SALE BY D. M. WATERS.

Try FROSTILLA.

It softens the roughest skin and keeps it in good condition.

It contains nothing greasy or sticky, is nicely perfumed, a lady's toilet not complete without it.

An elegant face dressing for gentlemen after shaving.

For sale at the PHARMACY.

D. M. WATERS,

FOR SALE, CHEAP,

THE BRIDGEWATER HOTEL, in Bridgewater, comprising a large frame building, and adjoining stables and outhouses and 4 lots. Title perfect and without any restriction as to the right to sell liquors.

For terms apply to
GEO. J. SHERRY, Barrister,
Belleville, Ont.

Feb'y 2, 1889. w&d sat 6w

Found the Feelings

A colored man, who had a load of ashes behind his mule, came to a standstill on Adams avenue the other day. He clutched and yelled and lashed at the mule, but the animal hung down his head and refused to budge. Among the spectators was a woman and as the lashing went on she stepped forward and asked:

"Colored man, do you know that a mule has feelings?"

"Yes mar'm, I does," he replied, "an' Ize jist about to tackle de same."

He jumped down, gave the animal's tail a twist, and as the beast moved slowly on the man continued:

"Sartin, mar'm—sartin; but how on airth did you happen to diskiber it?"

A High Valuation.

"If there was only one bottle of Hagyard's Yellow Oil in Manitoba, I would give one hundred dollars for it," writes Philip H. Brant, of Monteith, Manitoba, after having used it for severe wound and for frozen fingers, with, as he says, "astonishing results."

Dangerous Counter[illegible]

Counterfeits are always dan[illegible] more so that they always closely [illegible] THE ORIGINAL IN APPEARANCE AND NAME. The remarkable success achieved by Nasal Balm as a positive cure for Catarrh and Cold in the Head has induced unprincipled parties to imitate it. The public are cautioned not to be deceived by nostrums imitating Nasal Balm in name and appearance, bearing such names as Nasal Cream, Nasal Balsam, etc. Ask for Nasal Balm and do not take any imitation dealers may urge upon you. For sale by all druggists or sent post-paid on receipt of price (50c. and $1,) by addressing Fulford & Co., Brockville, Ont.

Health Failing Fast.

I was swollen from head to foot from dropsy of six months' standing, and my health was failing fast, but after taking one bottle of Burdock Blood Bitters, I am quite well, and think there is no medicine equal to B. B.B., and to it I remain a true friend." Joseph Heric, Linwood, Ont.

MINISTERS, LAWYERS, TEACHERS, and others whose occupation give but little exercise, should use Carter's Little Liver Pills for torpid liver and biliousness. One is a dose. Try them.

FOR DYSPEPSIA and Liver Complaint you have a printed guarantee on every bottle of Shiloh's Vitalizer. It never fails to cure. Sold by D. M. Waters.

ROYAL

FULL WEIGHT
ROYAL BAKING POWDER
ABSOLUTELY PURE
TRADE MARK
ROYAL
BAKING POWDER

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall-st., N. Y.

OPERA -- HOUSE,

Tuesday, March 12.

GILLETTE'S

Held by the Enemy

FROM PALMER'S THEATRE New York City.

An American Play!
An American Story!

Founded on the incidents of the Civil War. A Triumph of Honor and Devotion to Country. The Highest order of Military Drama. All the New York Scenery and Effects. A tender Love Tale. Notable War Scenes

ENORMOUS SUCCESS.
MONSTER PRODUCTION.
STIRRING SCENES.
CHARMING COMEDY.

Interesting, Amusing and Engrossing.

Prices 25cts, 50cts and 75cts. Reserved seats at Holden's.

TENDERS WANTED.

TENDERS addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tenders for High School" will be received up to 6 o'clock, p. m.,

Thursday, March the 14th

FOR THE

ERECTION OF A HIGH SCHOOL BUILDING

in the Town of Deseronto.

Plans and specifications may be seen at the offices of the Rathbun Co., Deseronto, or Thos. Hanley, architect, Belleville.

The committee does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

JOHN NEWTON, M. D.,
Chairman of the High School Board.

Deseronto. Mar. 6, 1889. 262dtd.

Stone Quarry for Sale.

I HAVE two first class Stone Quarries on my place for sale. The soil is only about 6 inches of soil over the rock, which lies about 200 yards from the Bay. I will lease it for a term of years

THOS. McDONALD,
Of Point Ann, Belleville P. O.

March 5. 1889. 261d6tw3t

Daily Intelligencer.

In Bohemia.

I came between the glad green hills,
Whereon the summer sunshine lay,
And all the world was young that day,
As when the Spring's soft laughter thrills
The pulses of the waking May:
You were alive; yet scarce I knew
The world was glad, because of you.

I came between the sad green hills,
Whereon the summer twilight lay,
And all the world was old that day,
And hoary age forgets the thrills
That woke the pulses of the May:
And you were dead how well I knew
The world was sad because of you.

Louise Chandler Moulton.

IN THE BROOKLYN PULPIT.

"SHALL AMERICA BE RESERVED FOR AMERICANS?"

Dr. Talmage Discourses on the Subject in the Tabernacle—The Lord's Stupendous Idea of Geography—We are All or Nearly All Foreigners—Who the Natives are

BROOKLYN, March 3.—Dr. Talmage preached in the Brooklyn Tabernacle this morning on the subject: "Shall America be reserved for Americans?" As his sermons are now translated in every language of Europe and many languages of Asia, in his audiences may be seen persons from many different nations. After an exposition of the scripture he gave out the hymn:

> Arm of the Lord, awake! awake!
> Put on thy strength, the nations shake!

Text, Acts xvii, 26: "And hath made of one blood all nations." That is, if for some reason general phlebotomy were ordered, and standing in a row were an American, an Englishman, a Scotchman and an Irishman, a Frenchman, a German, a Norwegian, an Icelander, a Spaniard, an Italian, a Russian and representatives of all other nationalities bared their right arm and a lancet were stuck into it, the blood let out would have the same characteristics, for it would be red, complex, fibrine, globuline, chlorine and containing sulphuric acid, potassium, phosphate of magnesia and so on, and Harvey and Sir Astley Cooper and Richardson and Zimmerman and Brown-Sequard and all the scientific doctors, allopathic, homeopathic, hydropathic and eclectic, would agree with Paul as, standing on Mars Hill, his pulpit a ridge of limestone rock fifty feet high and among the proudest and most exclusive and undemocratic people of the earth he crashed into all their prejudices by declaring in the words of my text that God had made "of one blood all nations." The countenance of the five races of the human family may be different as a result of climate or education or habits, and the Malay will have the projecting upper jaw, and the Caucasian the oval face and small mouth, and the Ethiopian the retreating forehead and large lip, and the Mongolian the flat face of olive hue, and the American Indian the copper-colored complexion, but the blood is the same and indicates that they all had one origin and that Adam and Eve were their ancestor and ancestress.

A STUPENDOUS IDEA.

I think God built this American continent and organized this United States republic to demonstrate the stupendous idea of the text. A man in Persia will always remain a Persian, a man in Switzerland will always remain a Swiss, a man in Austria will always remain an Austrian, but all foreign nationalities coming to America were intended to be Americans. This land is the chemical laboratory where foreign bloods are to be inextricably mixed up and race prejudices and race antipathies are to perish, and this sermon is an ax by which I hope to help kill them. It is not hard for me to preach such a sermon, because, although my ancestors came to this country about two hundred and fifty years ago, some of them came from Wales and some from Scotland and some from Holland and some from other lands, and I am a mixture of so many nationalities that I feel at home with people from under every sky and have a right to call them blood relations. There are mad-caps and patriotic lunatics in this country who are ever and anon crying out, "America for Americans." Down with the Germans! Down with the Irish! Down with the Jews! Down with the Chinese! are in some directions the popular cries, all of which vociferations I would drown out by the full organ of my text, while I pull out the stops and put my foot on the pedal that will open the loudest pipes, and run my fingers over all the four banks of ivory keys, playing the chant, "God hath made of one blood all nations."

There are not five men in this audience, nor five men in any audience to-day in America except it be on an Indian reservation, who were not descended from foreigners if you go far enough back. The only native Americans are the Modocs, the Shawnees, the Chippewas, the Cherokees, the Chickasaws, the Seminoles and such like. If the principle America only for Americans be carried out, then you and I have no right to be here and we had better charter all the steamers and clippers and men-of-war and yachts and sloops and get out of this country as quick as possible. The Pilgrim Fathers are all immigrants, the Huguenots all immigrants. The cradle of most every one of our families was rocked on the bank of the Clyde or the Rhine or the Shannon or the Seine or the Tiber. Had the watchword "America for Americans" been an early and successful cry, where now stand our cities would have stood Indian wigwams, and canoes instead of steamers would have tracked the Hudson and the Connecticut; and, instead of the Mississippi being the main artery of the continent, it would have been only a trough for deer and antelope and wild pigeons to drink out of. What makes the cry of "America for Americans" the more absurd and the more inhuman is that some in this country who themselves arrived here in their boyhood or arrived here only one or two generations back are joining in the cry. Escaped from foreign despotisms themselves they say, "Shut the door of escape for others." Getting themselves on our shores in a life boat from the shipwreck saying, Haul the boat on the beach and let the rest of the passengers go to the bottom! Men who have yet on them a Scotch or German or English or Irish brogue crying out, America for Americans! What if the native inhabitants of Heaven, I mean the angels, the cherubim, the seraphim born there, should stand in the gate and when they see us coming up at the last should say: "Go back! Heaven for the Heavenians!"

CONVICTS ARE NOT WANTED.

Of course we do well not to allow foreign nations to make this country a convict colony. We would have a wall built as high as heaven and as deep as hell against foreign thieves, pickpockets and anarchists. We would not let them wipe their feet on the map of the outside door of Castle Garden. If England or Russia or Germany or France send here their desperadoes to get clear of them, we would have these desperadoes sent back in chains to the places where they came from. We will not have America become the dumping place for foreign vagabondism. But you build up a wall at the Narrows before New York harbor, or at the Golden Gate before San Francisco, and forbid the coming of the industrious and hard working and honest populations of other lands who want to breathe the air of our free institutions and get opportunity for better livelihood, and it is only a question of time when God will tumble that wall flat on our own heads with the red hot thunderbolts of his omnipotent indignation. You are a father and you have five children. The parlor is the best room in your house. Your son Philip says to the other four children, "Now, John, you live in the small room in the end of the hall and stay there; George, you live in the garret and stay there; Mary, you live in the cellar and stay there; Fannie, you live in the kitchen and stay there. I, Philip, will take the parlor. It suits me exactly. I like the pictures on the wall. I like the lambrequins at the windows. I like the Axminster on the floor. Now, I, Philip, propose to occupy this parlor and command you to stay out. The parlor only for Philippians." You, the father, hear of this arrangement and what will you do? You will get red in the face and say: "John, come out of that small room at the end of the hall; George, come down out of the garret; Mary, come up from the cellar; Fannie, come out of the kitchen, and go into the parlor or anywhere you choose; and, Philip, for your greediness and unbrotherly behavior, I put you for two hours in the dark closet under the stairs."

God is the Father of the human race. He has at least five sons, a North American, a South American, a European, an Asiatic and an African. The North American sniffs the breeze and he says to his four brothers and sisters: "Let the South American stay in South America, let the European stay in Europe, let the Asiatic stay in Asia, let the African stay in Africa; but America is for me. I think it is the parlor of the whole earth. I like its carpets of grass and its upholstery of the front window, namely the American sunrise, and the upholstery of the back window, namely the American sunset. Now I want you all to stay out and keep to your places." I am sure the Father of the whole human race would hear of it and chastisement would come and, whether by earthquake or flood or drought or heaven darkening swarms of locusts and grasshopper or destroying angel of pestilence, God would rebuke our selfishness as a nation and say to the four winds of heaven: "This world is my house and the North American is no more my child than is the South American and the European and the Asiatic and the African. And I built this world for all the children, and the parlor is theirs and all is theirs." For, let me say, whether we will or not, the population of other lands will come here. There are harbors all the way from Baffin's Bay to Galveston, and if you shut fifty gates there will be other gates unguarded. And if you forbid foreigners from coming on the steamers they will take sailing vessels. And if you forbid them coming on sailing vessels they will come in boats. And if you will not let them come in boats they will come on rafts. And if you will not allow wharfage to the raft they will leave it outside Sandy Hook and swim for free America.

Stop them? You might as well pass a law forbidding a swarm of summer bees from lighting on the clover top, or pass a law forbidding the tides of the Atlantic to rise when the moon puts under it silver grappling hooks, or a law that the noonday sun should not irradiate the atmosphere. They have come. They are coming now. They will come. And if I had a voice loud enough to be heard across the seas I would put it to the utmost tension and cry, Let them come! You stingy, selfish, shriveled up, blasted souls who sit before your dinner plate piled up with breast of roast turkey incarnadined with cranberry, your fork full and your mouth full and cramming down the superabundance till your digestive organs are terrorized, let the millions of your fellowmen have at least the wishing bone.

THE CRY "AMERICA FOR AMERICANS."

But some of this cry, America for Americans, may arise from an honest fear lest this land be overcrowded. Such persons had better take the Northern Pacific or Union Pacific or Southern Pacific or Atlantic and Charlotte air line or Texas and Santa Fe, and go a long journey and find out that no more than a tenth part of this continent is fully cultivated. If a man with a hundred acres of farm land should put all his cultivation on one acre he would be cultivating a larger ratio of his farm than our nation is now occupying of the national farm. Pour the whole human race, Europe, Asia, Africa and all the islands of the sea, into America and there would be room to spare. All the Rocky Mountain barrennesses and all the other American deserts are to be fertilized, and as Salt Lake City and much of Utah once yielded not a blade of grass now by artificial irrigation have become gardens, so a large part of this continent that now is too poor to grow even a mullen stalk or a Canada thistle, will through artificial irrigation like an Illinois prairie wave with wheat or like a Wisconsin farm rustle with corn tassels. Besides that, after perhaps a century or two more, when this continent is quite well occupied, the tides of immigration will turn the other way. Politics and governmental affairs being corrected on the other side of the waters, Ireland under different regulation turned into a garden will invite back another generation of Irishmen, and the wide wastes of Russia brought from under despotism will with her own green fields invite back another generation of Russians. And there will be hundreds of thousands of Americans every year settling on the other continents. And after a number of centuries, all the earth full and crowded, what then? Well, at that time some night a panther meteor wandering through the heavens will put its paw on our world and stop it, and putting its panther tooth into the neck of its mountain range will shake it lifeless as the rat terrier a rat. So I have no more fear of America being overcrowded than that the porpoises in the Atlantic ocean will become so numerous as to stop shipping.

THE GREATEST RACE THE WORLD HAS SEEN.

It is through mighty addition of foreign population to our native population that I think God is going to fill this land with a race of people 95 per cent. superior to anything the world has ever seen. Intermarriage of families and intermarriage of nations is depressing and crippling. Marriage outside of one's own nationality and with another style of nationality is a mighty gain. What makes the Scotch-Irish second to no pedigree for brain and stamina of character, so that blood goes right up to supreme court bench and to the front rank in jurisprudence and merchandise and art? Because nothing under heaven can be more unlike than a Scotchman and an Irishman and the descendants of these two conjoined nationalities, unless rum flings them, go right to the tip top in everything. All nationalities coming to this land the opposites will all the while be affianced, and French and German will unite and that will stop all the quarrel between them, and one child they will call Alsace and the other Lorraine. And hot-blooded Spaniard will unite with cool-blooded Polander and romantic Italian with matter-of-fact Norwegian, and a hundred and fifty years from now the race occupying this land will be in stature, in purity of complexion, in liquidity of eye, in gracefulness of poise, in dome-like brow, in taste, in intelligence and in morals so far ahead of anything now known on either side the seas that this last quarter of the Nineteenth century will seem to them like the Dark Ages. Oh then how they will legislate and bargain and pray and preach and govern!

This is the land where by the mingling of races the race prejudice is to get its death blow. How heaven feels about it we may conclude from the fact that Christ, the Jew, and descended from a Jewess, nevertheless provided a religion for all races, and that Paul, though a Jew, became the chief apostle of the Gentiles, and that recently God has allowed to burst in splendor upon the attention of the world Hirsch, the Jew, who after giving ten million dollars to Christian churches and hospitals, has called a committee of nations and furnished them with forty million dollars for schools to elevate his race in France and Germany and Russia to higher intelligence and abolish, as he says, the prejudices against their race, these fifty million dollars not given in a last will and testament and at a time when a man must leave his money anyhow, but by donation at fifty-five years of age and in good health, utterly eclipsing all benevolence since the world was created. I must confess there was a time when I entertained race prejudice, but, thanks to God, that prejudice has gone, and if I sat in church and on one side of me there was a black man and on the other side of me was an Indian and before me was a Chinaman and behind me a Turk, I would be as happy as I am now standing in the presence of this brilliant audience, and I am as happy now as I can be and live.

The sooner we get this corpse of race prejudice buried, the healthier will be our American atmosphere. Let each one fetch a spade and let us dig its grave clear on down deeper and deeper till we get as far down as the centre of the earth and half way to China, and no further lest it poison those living on the other side the earth. Then into this grave let down the accursed carcass of race prejudice and throw on it all the mean things that have ever been said and written between Jew and Gentile, between Turk and Russian, between English and French, between Mongolian and anti-Mongolian, between black and white, and put up over that grave for tombstone some scorched and jagged chunk of scoriæ spit out by some volcanic eruption and chisel on it for epitaph: "Here lies the carcass of one who cursed the world. Aged, near six thousand years. Departed this life for the perdition from whence it came. No peace to its ashes!"

THE PROS AND CONS OF FOREIGNERS.

Now, in view of this subject, I have two point blank words to utter, one suggesting what foreigners ought to do for us, and the other what we ought to do for foreigners. First, to foreigners. Lay aside all apologetic air and realise you have as much right as any man who was not only himself born here but his father and his grandfather and great-grandfather before him. Are you an Englishman? Though during the revolutionary war your fathers treated our fathers roughly, England has more than atoned for that by giving to this country at least two denominations of Christians, the Church of England and the Methodist Church. Witness the magnificent liturgy of the one and the Wesleyan hallelujahs of the other. And who shall ever pay England for what Shakespeare and John Milton and Wadsworth and a thousand other authors have done for America? Are you a Scotchman? Thanks for John Knox's Presbyterianism; the balance wheel of all other denominations. And how shall Americans ever pay your native land for what Thomas Chalmers and Macintosh and Robert Burns and Christopher North and Robert McCheyne and Candlish and Guthrie have done for Americans? Are you a Frenchman? We cannot forget your Lafayette, who in the most desperate time of our American revolution, New York surrendered and our armies flying in retreat, espoused our cause and at Brandywine and Monmouth and Yorktown put all America under eternal obligation. And we cannot forget the coming to the rescue of our fathers Rochambeau and his French fleet with six thousand armed men. Are you a German? We have not forgotten the eleven wounds through which your Baron De Kalb poured out his life blood at the head of the Maryland and Delaware troops in the disastrous battle at Camden, and after we have named our streets and our cities and counties after him we have not paid a tithe of what we owe Germany for his valor and self-sacrifice.

And what about Martin Luther, the giant German who made way for religious liberty for all lands and ages? Are you Polander? How can we forget your brilliant Count Pulaski, whose bones were laid in Savannah River after a mortal wound gotten while in the stirrups of one of the fiercest cavalry charges of the American revolution? But with no time to particularize I say, "All hail to the men and women of other lands who come here with honest purpose!" Renounce all obligation to foreign despots. Take the oath of American allegiance. Get out your naturalization papers. Don't talk against our institutions, for the fact that you came here and stay shows that you like ours better than any other. If you don't like them there are steamers going out of our ports almost every day, and the fare is cheap and, lest you should be detained for parting civilities, I bid you good-by now. But if you like it here, then I charge you, at the ballot-box, in legislative hall, in churches and everywhere be out and out Americans. Do not try to establish here the loose foreign Sabbaths or transcendentalism spun into a religion of mush and moonshine, or foreign libertinism or that condensation of all thievery, scoundrelism, lust, murder and perdition which in Russia is called Nihilism and in France called Communism and in America called Anarchism. Unite with us in making by the grace of God the fifteen million square miles of America on both sides of the Isthmus of Panama the paradise of virtue and religion.

LIBERTY TO DO RIGHT.

My other word suggests what Americans ought to do for foreigners. By all possible means explain to them our institutions. Coming here, the vast majority of them know about as much concerning Republican or Democratic form of government as you in the United States know about politics of Denmark or France or Italy or Switzerland, namely nothing. Explain to them that liberty in this country means liberty to do right, but not liberty to do wrong. Never in their presence say anything against their native land, for, no matter how much they may have been oppressed there, in that native land there are sacred places, cabins or mansions around whose doors they played and perhaps somewhere there is a grave into which they would like, when life's toils are over, to be let down, for it is mother's grave and it would be like going again into the loving arms that first held them and against the bosom that first pillowed them. My! my! how low down a man must have descended to have no regard for the place where his cradle was rocked. Don't mock their brogue or their stumbling attempts at the hardest of all languages to learn, namely, the English language. I warrant that they speak English as well as you could talk Scandinavian. Treat them in America as you would like to be treated if for the sake of your honest principles or a better livelihood for yourself or your family you had moved under the shadow of Jungfrau, or the Rigi, or the Giant's Causeway, or the Bohemia Forest or the Franconian Jura. If they get homesick, as some of them are, suggest to them that God is as near to help them here as He was near them before they crossed the Atlantic, and that the soul's final flight is less than a second whether from the beach of the Caspian sea or the banks of Lake Erie. Evangelise their adults through the churches and their children through the schools and let home missions and tract societies and the Bible translated in all the languages of these foreign people have full swing.

Rejoice as Christian patriots that instead of being an element of weakness the foreign people thoroughly evangelised will be our mightiest defence against all the world. The congress of the United States recently ordered built new forts all up and down our American coasts, and a new navy is about to be projected. But let me say that three hundred million dollars expended in coast defence will not be so mighty as a vast foreign population living in America. With hundreds of thousands of Germans in New York, Germany would as soon think of bombshelling Berlin as attacking us.

With hundreds of thousands of Frenchmen in New York, France would as soon think of firing on Paris. With hundreds of thousands of Englishmen in New York, England would as soon think of destroying London. The mightiest defense against European nations is a wall of Europeans reaching all up and down the American continent, a wall of heads and hearts consecrated to free government. A bulwark of foreign humanity heaved up all along our shores, re-enforced by the Atlantic ocean, armed as it is with tempests and Caribbean whirlwinds and giant billows ready to fling mountains from their catapault, we need as a nation fear no one in the universe but God, and if found in his service we need not fear him. As six hundred million people will yet sit down at our national table, let God preside. To him be dedicated the metal of our mines, the sheaves of our harvest fields, the fruits of our orchards, the fabrics of our manufactories, the telescopes of our observatories, the volumes of our libraries, the songs of our churches, the affections of our hearts, and all our lakes become baptismal fonts and all our mountains altars of praise and our valleys amphitheatres of worship, and our country, having become fifty nations consolidated in one, may its every heart-throb be a pulsation of gratitude to him who made "of one blood all nations" and ransomed that blood by the payment of the last drop of his own.

A Girl Should Learn

To sew.
To cook.
To mend.
To be gentle.
To value time.
To dress neatly.
To keep a secret.
To be self-reliant.
To avoid idleness.
To mind the baby.
To darn stockings.
To respect old age.
To make good bread.
To keep a house tidy.
To control her temper.
To be above gossiping.
To make a home happy.
To take care of the sick.
To humor a cross old man.
To marry a man for his worth.
To be a helpmate to a husband.
To take plenty of active exercise.
To see a mouse without screaming.
To read some books besides novels.
To be light-hearted and fleet-footed.
To wear shoes that won't cramp the feet.
To be a womanly woman under all circumstances.

Good Manners.

Be rude to none; rudeness harms not even the humblest and poorest to whom it is directed, but it injures the exhibitors.

Be not ostentatious in dress or deportment; nothing can be more vulgar. See that costumes fit the time and occasion.

Never try to outshine, but to please.

Do not ask another to do what you would not be glad to do under similar circumstances.

Never talk or laugh aloud in public places or upon the street.

Never press a favor when it seems undesired.

Never treat superiors with servility or inferiors with arrogance. Speak as kindly to a day-laborer as to one occupying a high position.

Never needlessly wound the vanity of another or dilate unnecessarily upon disagreeable subjects.

Never omit to perform a kind act when it can be done with any reasonable amount of exertion.

Never, when avoidable, wound the feelings of a human being.

Remember that good manners are thoughts filled with kindness and refinement and then translated into behavior.—Good Housekeeping.

A LITTLE OF EVERYTHING.

The latest nickel-in-the-slot device perfumes one's handkerchief.

The electric lighting of the Hoosac Tunnel has been a pronounced success.

Fifteen boys in the Pittsburg Cooking School have taken prizes for efficiency in cooking.

An inmate of the penetentiary at Salem, On., recently cut off his hand in order to get a spell of idleness.

The number of men's linen collars made in the States every year is 4,000,000. About one collar to every eight men.

More oranges, lemons, bananas, figs and raisins are consumed in the United States than in any other country in the world.

There are about 70,000 lace-makers in Normandy, and in all France there are nearly 200,000 women engaged in this industry.

In China people in easy circumstances buy their coffins long before they need them, and exhibit them as ornamental pieces of furniture.

A novelty in a timepiece is a silver dog. The clock is set in his side, a red tongue wags in his open mouth, and his tail ticks off the seconds.

An "inch of rain" means a gallon of water spread over a surface of nearly two square feet, or a fall of about 100 tons on an acre of ground.

There are 132 young lady students at Cornell, and the 1,644 young gentlemen have to hump themselves to gather in any of the honors of the institution.

On the Kennebec River 5,000 men and 1,200 horses were employed in storing ice during last winter, and 1,200 men found employment in the summer shipping ice.

Thread from the fiber of the nettle is now spun so fine that sixty miles of it weigh only two and a half pounds. The same fiber has for some time been used in Europe in the manufacture of ropes.

The old ladies of Nantucket are exceedingly spry, if one may believe the report that at a recent evening gathering on the island one of them, aged 95, played the piano accompaniment, while another, aged 85, danced.

The largest known flower is the rafflesia, a native of Sumatra. It measures three feet in diameter, weighs fifteen pounds and has a calyx holding six quarts. The odor is offensive.

THE END OF AN ELOPEMENT

M'LACHLIN KILLS THE GIRL HE RAN AWAY WITH AND HIMSELF.

They Spend two days Together and Seem to Have Died by Agreement—A Note from the Girl Foreshadowing the Event.

PAW PAW, Ill., March 9.—The elopement which threw this community into excitement on last Monday has ended in a tragedy. It was regarded as an abduction rather than an elopement, owing to the tender age of the girl and the unenviable reputation of the man with whom she fled. On last Sunday night Cora Carnahan, the 16-year-old daughter of the landlord of the Detainoe House, disappeared, and it became noised abroad that she had eloped with a young fellow named McLachlin, who was notorious for his evil conduct among women. To-day the abductor and his victim are dead, the suspicion being that McLachlin first took the girl's life and then his own with the same weapon, a heavy revolver.

Just at dark on Sunday night the girl's mother saw her go out of the back door of the house and disappear in the darkness. The haste she made caused suspicion and an alarm was given, and several parties started in search of her, but owing to the darkness she made her escape.

The next morning the discovery was made by tracks in the mud that the girl and her companion had gone north out of the town. He had led her through a corn field for some distance, in which the mud and water was almost knee deep. After crossing the corn field, they turned to the east until they reached the railroad track, which they followed, going south to Earlville. The trip thus far made an eleven-mile walk over a slippery and muddy track, full of bridges and pits on a dark and foggy night. The only protection or the girl's feet were a pair of fine shoes with high heels, and on this account the footprints as far as Earlville were easily traced. At the last end of the journey the tracks indicated that the girl was much fatigued. She had stumbled and staggered from side to side on the track.

The couple reached the farmhouse of Albert Phillips, six miles southeast of Earlville, on Tuesday night, and applied for shelter. The place is now occupied by Elmer Davis, a young married man. He is well acquainted with McLachlin, and having been to Earlville the same day the couple came to his place; it is the belief that he knew of the elopement. Davis asserts, however, that McLachlin said they were married. The couple stayed at the place on Tuesday night and occupied the same room. They remained in the house all day Wednesday. They retired early Wednesday evening, shortly after supper, saying they were very tired. They went to bed about 7 o'clock, and shortly after the report of a revolver was heard and Phillips started for the room. Before he reached it another report was heard, and upon his reaching the room McLachlin and the girl were both dead. They were in bed. The young man had evidently put the weapon back of the girl's ear and sent a bullet into her head. Not satisfied with one shot, he again placed the weapon to her temple and discharged it. He then shot himself in the crown of the head, the bullet coming out under the chin. The handsome girl had evidently died without a struggle. The expression on her face was calm and peaceful.

The tragic end of the couple is in accordance with this note the girl left in her trunk before leaving home:

"DEAR MAMMA: By the time you receive this letter I will be in my grave."

A short time previous to the elopement the parents discovered that Cora was deeply infatuated with McLachlin. They opposed all intercourse, but by the assistance of Gilbert Still a correspondence was secretly carried on and clandestine meetings held. Young Still is now under arrest.

TO CORRUPT CANADA.

Exiled Boodlers Said to be Trying to Buy Up Parliament.

NEW YORK, March 8.—The World today says: John Keenan, assisted by John C. Eno, is said to be engaged in the congenial task of collecting a boodle, estimated at $100,000, to defeat in the Dominion Parliament Prof. Weldon's bill for the surrender of fugitive criminals whose offences are not embraced in the existing Extradition Treaty. Failing to defeat the bill, the exiles would be content to make it non-retroactive. Here is a list of United States citizens who are deeply interested in the proposed legislation:

Thomas Axworthy, defaulting Treasurer of Cleveland, O.; short $450,000; in Toronto.

George M. Bartholomew, ex-President of the Charter Oak Life Insurance Company, Hartford, Conn., who absconded with about $2,000,000; in Quebec.

Robert De Lacy, New York boodle Alderman of 1884; in Montreal.

Charles Dempsey, New York boodle Alderman of 1884; in Montreal.

Henry Dickman of St. Louis, who carried off $30,000; in Windsor.

Amandus Ebert of Cincinnati, who swindled American merchants out of $150,000 recently; in Montreal.

John C. Eno, ex-banker of New York, who absorbed $4,000,000 from the Second National Bank, in Quebec.

John Keenan of New York, professional handler and distributor of boodle; in Montreal.

Franklin W. Krum of Schoharie, N.Y., bank wrecker; in Hamilton.

"Mother" Mandelbaum of New York, receiver of stolen goods, equipper of thieves and burglars; shop-keeper in Hamilton.

William Moloney, ex-Reading Clerk of New York Common Council and professional handler of boodle; now in Amsterdam, Holland, but would prefer Montreal if assured of safety there.

Joseph A. Moore of Indianapolis, who embezzled $500,000 of Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance funds; in Windsor.

Robert Sayles, New York boodle Alderman of 1884, who forfeited his bail; in Montreal.

H. D. Scholl, defaulting cashier of Chicago and Northwestern Railroad for $14,000; in Toronto.

Harry G. Stickney, Boston defaulter for $17,000; in Toronto.

John E. Sullivan of Indianapolis, ex-County Clerk, whose stealings exceed $100,600; in Windsor.

Wealth in a Poorhouse.

CRAWFORDSVILLE, Ind., March 8.—George Cook, aged 70, an inmate of the poorhouse, was yesterday discovered to have $6528 hidden in a box under his bed, $4000 of it being gold. He is a queer character and claims to be a Russian exile.

An Inquiry Ordered.

ST. PETERSBURG, March 8.—The Czar has ordered an inquiry into the Atchinoff expedition and the Sagallo incident.

A Bombmaker Killed.

ZURICH, March 8.—While a party of students were making bombs to-day an explosion occurred, killing one and wounding several others. Many arrests were made.

Daily Intelligencer

THE DAILY INTELLIGENCER is published every evening except Sunday, and delivered by careful carriers in all parts of the city for Five Dollars a year, or Fifty Cents a month.

THE WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER is published every Thursday morning, and sent, postpaid, to any address in Canada, the United States or Great Britain for One Dollar a year.

ADVERTISEMENTS, first insertion, 10 cents per nonpareil line; each subsequent consecutive insertion, 5 cents per line; when not inserted every day, 10 cents per line each insertion.

READING MATTER NOTICES, 15 cents per line each insertion.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS, 50 cents each insertion. With notice of funeral added the charge for death notices is $1.

CONTRACTS made for business advertisements for one month or longer at reduced rates.

Remittances, Drafts, Cheques, and Post-Office Orders should be made payable to the order of

INTELLIGENCER PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO'Y (LIMITED),
Belleville, Ont.

Largest Daily Circulation in Belleville.

BELLEVILLE, SATURDAY, MAR. 9

SECURE YOURSELVES.

Farmers who have given their notes for seed wheat are becoming seriously concerned, as they will doubtless be called upon to pay the full amount for which they have become responsible, without any chance for securing themselves, as this is the "freeze-out year." A farmer in the west who had given his notes, had the agent promptly arrested for "receiving valuable security with intent to defraud." This prompt action on the part of the farmer saved him, as the courts have upheld the charge. As shown by our correspondent yesterday, agents similar to these sharks operating here, carried on the same scheme in the vicinity of Chatham a couple of years since, where a farmer who had been induced to give his notes had the agent promptly arrested, when he received his money back.

If you have notes out given for seed grain, prompt action only will save your money.

A BUNDLE OF BLUNDERS.

William Johnston, of Belleville, says that Mayor Wilson, of that city, formerly an infidel, was converted through his son throwing his arms about his neck and asking him to go with him on the way of holiness.—*Kingston Whig.*

The *Whig's* statement is erroneous in these respects:

1. William Johnson never said anything of "Mayor Willson" in the speech to which reference is made, namely that delivered by him at Messrs. Crossley and Hunter's meeting at Peterborough on Wednesday evening last, and which was grossly misrepresented in the Peterborough *Examiner.*

2. There is no "Mayor Willson." Dr. Willson, who was Mayor last year, was defeated in the contest in January.

3. It will surprise Dr. Willson, who has always been a Christian gentleman, to learn that he is classed as an infidel.

4. It will equally surprise Dr. Willson to learn that he has a son.

5. And finally, it will complete the worthy doctor's amazement to learn of his being "converted" at the time and in the manner alleged.

INTERPROVINCIAL TRADE.

In reply to the allegation that interprovincial trade has not been materially stimulated by the N. P., the *Empire* pointedly replies: "The books of some of the large industrial establishments in the Maritime Provinces show the immense amount of goods, such as iron, cottons, coal, sugar and so on, that they send to central Canada, while other articles of smaller bulk or more scattered production are more likely to escape observation and are less accurately known. And the same is true of every province right away to the Pacific coast; each is supplying itself with the surplus goods of the others. Far from its being true that we are dependent for a market, either to buy or sell, upon our neighbors to the south, Canada is so self-contained, has such varied productions, that province can profitably interchange with province. We do not want so much to exchange with the nearest State, having much the same products and often a larger surplus than ourselves, but with some other part of Canada having a deficiency of the particular article. When over all Canada there is a surplus of anything, we must export it abroad, and when our supply is insufficient for the whole Dominion we must import, but till then, interprovincial exchange is far better. Thus the double profit of the transaction is kept in our own land, and one province helps to build up the other while the benefit is reciprocated. More and more the extent of this interprovincial trade forces itself upon the attention—more and more it increases, till it is one of the most important factors in the prosperity and progress of Canada."

EDITORIAL BREVITIES.

The Pennsylvania troops who took part in the ceremonies at the inauguration of President Harrison, were disorderly, acting disgracefully. Most of them were intoxicated, and amused themselves by overturning hucksters' stands and peddlers of small goods, until the police finally dispersed them. Pennsylvania troops appear to have a habit of acting disgracefully. It was a regiment of three months volunteers from the Keystone state who, in 1861, refused to take part in the first battle of Bull Run, although they could hear the guns, because their term of service was up that morning; who threatened to shoot Dr. W. H. Russell, the correspondent of the London *Times*, when he, meeting them on their way to Washington, urged them to turn to the support of their country's cause; and who threatened to assassinate Dr. Russell because he censured their infamous conduct in the *Times.*

Mr. D. Plewes, a well-known miller, of Brantford, has issued an open letter to the farmers of Western Ontario, in which he recommends them not to sow so much barley the forthcoming season. He recommends the sowing of early spring wheat, avoiding the hard variety. The reason which induces Mr. Plewes to counsel the farmers is that the American brewers find that a mixture of western barley and rice produces as bright an article of beer as has been produced by our bright barley, which has thus been crowded out of the market and greatly depreciated in value.

The Raw, Cutting Winds

Bring to the surface every latent pain. A change of even a few degrees marks the difference between comfort and pain to many persons. Happily disease now holds less sway. Science is continually bringing forward new remedies which successfully combat disease. Polson's Nerviline—nerve pain cure—has proved the most successful pain relieving remedy known. Its application is wide, for it is equally efficient in all forms of pain, whether internal or external. Ten and 25 cents a bottle, at druggists.

ARE YOU MADE miserable by Indigestion, Constipation, Dizziness, Loss of Appetite, Yellow Skin. Shiloh's Vitalizer is a positive cure. Sold by D. M. Waters.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

ONTARIO'S LAWMAKERS.

A LIVELY DEBATE IN THE LOCAL HOUSE YESTERDAY.

The Question of Teaching the French Language in the Public Schools Discussed—Railway Deputations.

In the House yesterday Mr. Craig moved an order of the House as follows:

Return showing the number and location of public schools in Ontario in which any language other than English is used in the work of teaching, either wholly or in part. A list of text books in any language other than English used in such schools. The total number of scholars attending each of such schools. The number of scholars in each of such schools using text books in any language other than English. The number of teachers in such schools who cannot use the English language in teaching.

Mr. Craig made a speech in which he attacked the teaching of the French language in the eastern counties public schools of the Province of Ontario. This, he said, was an English-speaking province, and it was the wish of the people that this province should remain such. "I am," he said, "always glad to welcome our German friends who come here, but I believe that it will be admitted that whoever comes to this country ought to submit to its laws and institutions, and they should be willing that the English language should prevail in all these institutions." Most of us were aware that in this province we had French and German schools. "I don't refer," said he, "to high schools, and I wish to make it distinctly understood that I have no reference to our high schools or collegiate institutes, but I refer to what we know as our public schools." Nor did he wish to throw contempt upon any religious views. He continued: "I respect the religious opinions of every man, but it is my duty to present the facts and show the true state of affairs which I find existing."

The Minister of Education replied to the mover. He was glad that Mr. Craig fell in line with the sentiment of Ontario: That our school system was an excellent one, and that its defects were trifling compared with its points of excellence. Mr. Craig has censured the department, but had failed to give it credit for its insistence upon the study of English in every school under its jurisdiction in the counties referred to. He repudiated the charge that teachers were engaged who could not teach the English tongue. On the contrary all candidates totally ignorant of English were rejected. With regard to the licensing of teachers he would say in a word that no teacher could be authorized to teach in a school where both languages were taught unless he could teach English as well as French. He was prepared to accede to the motion of his friend, but he did not wish that the impression should go forth that this Legislature of Ontario was not broad enough, not liberal enough to respect even the prejudices of any nationality which might choose Ontario as its home. We would not accomplish anything as a people unless we entertained more liberal views.

Mr. Meredith followed. He contended that the English language should not be taught as a foreign tongue in the schools of Canada. He maintained that no school supported by the State, no school receiving a dollar of the public money, should with regard to the education which is given by means of it, be without the control of the State. We have in this Province of Ontario, he said, departed from a system of unity of education. We have created a separate school system and I believe it was a great mistake, not only in the interest of Protestants but of Catholics, when these separate schools were established. These matters are not under control of this Legislature, and we can only express our opinions upon them as upon abstract measures. Mr. Meredith concluded: "There will never come the fibre out of which is built a nation if the rights of a majority of the people are not recognized."

Mr. Awrey moved the adjournment of the debate at 6 p. m., but the Attorney-General stating that several deputations were in attendance, moved the adjournment of the House.

Mr. Leys' bill introduced yesterday to amend the Voters' Lists Act provides for amending voters' lists in cases where subsequently to their final revision a voter has sold his property or has died. This bill will enable the purchaser or the devisee or heir to be substituted for the name of the seller or the deceased voter.

Mr. Meacham introduced a bill which allows a council to appoint fire guardians, on the petition of one-fourth of the ratepayers. It enacts that no one shall set out fire in open places, where there is danger of its spreading, between July 1 and Oct. 1 without consent of fire guardians.

Mr. Guthrie's bill introduced yesterday, to amend the Ontario Insurance Act, provides for a prompt appraisement by competent appraisers, mutually chosen by the insured and the company, of goods partially destroyed by fire and also for the expense of the preparation of a particular account of goods lost should the insured refuse to prepare one.

A deputation from Parry Sound waited upon the Attorney-General after adjournment. Their object was to obtain a grant for a line of railway from Arnprior, across the Northern Pacific Junction by Burk's Falls and thence to Parry Sound. A delegation was also in attendance to ask a grant of $5000 per mile for the Ottawa, Arnprior and Parry Sound Railway. The line would cover a distance of 230 miles. The object of both deputations were practically the same. The idea is to get a short route from the upper lakes to ocean points such as Portland and Boston and facilitate the opening up of the country.

Edison's Patent Void.

OTTAWA, March 8.—One of the most important patent decisions ever rendered in Canada has just been given by the Commissioner of Patents, in which the patent on the incandescent lamp, held exclusively in the Dominion by the Edison electric light company, has been declared null and void, the ground of the decision being failure to comply with the patent regulations, which provide that the articles thus patented must be manufactured within Canada one year from the issue of the patent, and the importation of the same patent from the United States must cease within two years.

Noted Counterfeiters Arrested.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., March 8.—Marshal Faulkinburg arrested in Conway County yesterday Martin Thorp and William Garner, leaders of the most extensive gang of counterfeiters in the Southwest. Officers have been on their track for months. An immense sum of bogus money, comprising $5, $10 and $20 imitation gold pieces, was secured. Over a dozen persons are implicated, comprising some well-known people of Perry and Salina Counties. The arrest causes a great sensation.

Midland Votes $5000 For Its Harbor.

MIDLAND, March 8.—A bylaw appropriating $5000 for the completion of harbor improvements in conjunction with the Dominion Government and Grand Trunk, was carried here to-day by a large majority, only 27 votes being recorded against the bylaw.

To Dance the Opening Quadrille.

NEW YORK, March 8.—The Committee of Entertainment on the centennial celebration of the inauguration of George Washington have decided to invite the following ladies to dance in the opening quadrille at the ball to be given at the Metropolitan Opera House on April 29: Mrs. Charles Francis Adams, Mrs. William Astor, Mrs. William Waldorf Astor, Mrs. Grover Cleveland, Mrs. Frederick J. DePeyster, Mrs. Elbridge T. Gerry, Mrs. Alexander Hamilton, Mrs. Benjamin Harrison, Mrs. Rutherford B. Hayes, Mrs. John Jay, Mrs. Archibald Gracie King, Miss Carola Livingston, Mrs. Levi P. Morton, Miss Schuyler, Mrs. Henry Van Rensselaer and Mrs. Sidney Webster.

Destitute Oklahoma Boomers.

WICHITA, Kan., March 8.—T. Blake, a merchant of Purcell, I.T., arrived here last night and says trains are daily bringing there from 100 to 150 persons. On Wednesday 100 families reached the place from Michigan. Many are destitute. They say they will wait thirty days longer, and if there is then no proclamation they will enter Oklahoma, for they might as well risk losing their lives as their rights, and think no one will attempt to remove them.

Shortage in the Log Crop.

MINNEAPOLIS, March 8.—The general belief among the loggers is that the crop will show a shortage of 25 per cent. from the calculations made at the beginning of the season.

TOPICS FROM THE CAPITAL

PROPOSED INCREASE IN THE SALARIES OF JUDGES.

The House Gets Through a Lot of Business and Finds Time to do Considerable Speechmaking.

OTTAWA, March 8.—Sir John Thompson to-night gave notice of an amendment to the act respecting the salaries of judges of provincial courts, to increase the same. The Minister of Justice introduced the amendment at the last session of Parliament, but it was withdrawn, presumably because of the large amount involved by these increases.

The judges of the county courts of Ontario will learn with regret that no mention is made in Sir John's amendment of an increase to any of their salaries. The attention of the Minister of Justice was called to the matter some time ago by Mr. Mulock, but it is not likely that any of them will receive increases in the near future. The principal question now is, Will the Government really make the increases of which the Minister of Justice gives notice this evening?

The amendment proposes, as it did last year, that the salary of the Chief Justices of Ontario shall be increased from $6000 to $7000 per annum, three Justices of Appeal from $5000 to $6000; the Chief Justice of the Queen's Bench from $6000 to $7000; two Puisne Judges of the same court from $5000 to $6000; the Chancellor of Ontario from $6000 to $7000; three Chancery Justices from $5000 to $6000; the Chief Justice of the Common Pleas from $6000 to $7000; two Puisne Justices of the same court from $5000 to $6000.

The salaries of the Judges of the Superior Courts in Quebec, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, Prince Edward Island and Manitoba are also all down for increases of $1000 per annum. The Chief Justices in Quebec will get the same as the Ontario Chief Justices, $7000. The Senior Puisne Judge residing at Quebec, however, if the Chief Justice resides at Montreal, or the Senior Puisne Judge residing at Montreal, if the Chief Justice resides at Quebec, is to receive $1000 in addition to his other salary.

The Chief Justice of Nova Scotia is to receive $6000, of New Brunswick $6000, of Prince Edward Island $5000, of Manitoba $6000, of British Columbia $6000 and the five judges of the territories $5000 each.

The amendment also provides that the salaries of five County Court Judges in British Columbia shall be $2400 and that each judge may in addition receive a salary from the province for acting as stipendiary magistrate. Also that there may be paid to each judge of a provincial court attending as such any court held at any place other than that at which he is directed to reside, for traveling allowances, his moving expenses and such sums as are allowed from time to time by the Governor-in-Council for each day he is absent from his place of residence. These increases affect 14 judges in Ontario, 36 in Quebec, 7 in Nova Scotia, 6 in New Brunswick, 3 in Prince Edward Island, 4 in Manitoba, 1n in British Columbia (including County Judges) and 5 in the territories.

The lowest salary paid to Superior Court Judges under the increased schedule will be $4000 in Prince Edward Island.

LAWMAKING AND TALK.

The Minister of Justice Passes Four of His Bills Through the House.

OTTAWA, March 8.—The proceedings in the House this afternoon and to-night were divided between lawmaking and talk. The Minister of Justice monopolized nearly two hours in passing to a finishing stage four of his own bills. He was assisted in a criticism of them by the three Opposition lawyers who sit straight across the floor from Sir John Thompson: Mr. Weldon, Mr. Mills and Mr. Davies.

The bills referred to are the act respecting rules of court in relation to criminal matters, an act respecting corrupt practices in municipal affairs, an act to make further provision respecting enquiries concerning public matters and an act to permit conditional release of first offenders in certain cases. The first and last of these acts are adapted from British statutes. The Minister explained that the judges have been in the habit of suspending sentence or certain first offenders, and it was to give this action legislative authority that the bill was introduced.

The act respecting corrupt practices in municipal affairs was to provide punishment for persons who offer bribes to anyone who is a member of a municipal council or to the person who receives a bribe. Col. Amyot wanted the bill extended so as to punish bribers at municipal elections, and Mr. Mills wanted the bribery of members of Parliament included. Sir John Thompson said Mr. Amyot's suggestion was a good one. As for Mr. Mills' remarks no demand had yet been made for such legislation. It had, however, as regards municipal bodies. To further reply to Mr. Mills the minister said the Parliament of Canada was competent to raise to "the rank of a crime the offering to or taking of a bribe by any member of a municipal council or body."

The act respecting public enquiries was suggested by the recent "boodle" trials in Quebec. The minister said that by the bill persons who were called to give evidence at an enquiry ordered by Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council could not plead "privilege" on the ground that his evidence would criminate him. No such "privilege" will be permitted, but no criminal action shall follow the giving of any evidence in such an enquiry except in cases where the witness may have committed perjury. All of the bills were read a third time and passed.

Private bills Nos. 39, 43, 45, 47, 51, 22, 34, 59, 64, 40, 57, 60, 61, 65, 33, 41, 42, 48 were considered in committee and passed through all their stages. A big batch of private bills were also advanced a stage.

Mr. Armstrong resumed the debate on the Budget speech. Mr. Porter followed Mr. Armstrong in a two-hours' speech against Sir Richard Cartwright's amendment. Mr. McMullen spoke next in favor of the amendment and Dr. Ferguson of Welland moved the adjournment of the debate.

GOSSIP FROM THE CAPITAL.

Scott Act Repeal Elections—The Montreal Hides and Leather Inspectorship.

OTTAWA, March 8.—About fifteen elections for the repeal of the Scott Act will be held on April 4. The latest additions to the list are Lincoln, Ontario and Carleton.

The fight over the Montreal inspectorship of leather and hides was settled to-day by splitting the office. Ex-Ald. J. H. Mooney is appointed inspector of leather and Antoine Masson inspector of raw hides. The office was formerly said to be worth from $8000 to $9000 per annum.

The capital stock of the Laurentide Pulp Company has been increased from $200,000 to $300,000.

Sir Donald A. Smith, M.P., Senator G. A. Drummond, Andrew Robertson, R. B. Angus, Hugh McLennan, Andrew Allan, Adam S. Rae, E. W. Parker, Dame Lucy Ann Bosse (wife of G. A. Desbarats), George Edward Desbarats, W. A. Desbarats, Montreal; G. W. Wickstead, Q.C., Sandford Fleming, Ottawa, and J. H. Brownlee, Brandon, have been incorporated as the Dominion Illustrated Publishing Company, with headquarters at Montreal, and a capital stock of $50,000 in $100 shares.

A notice will appear in The Gazette tomorrow that the Board of Examiners of the Dominion Land Surveyors have granted commissions as land surveyors to L. A. Dufresne, Montreal; J. F. Ritchie, Lethbridge; J. L. Doupe, Winnipeg; C. H. Pintrey, Ottawa. G. W. R. M. White of Toronto is awarded a commission as Dominion topographical surveyor. The following notice will also appear: "John Joseph Dalton of Toronto, a Dominion topographical surveyor, having been found guilty of gross negligence in the execution of the duties of his office, has been suspended for ten months, dating from Feb. 16, 1889."

Mr. Marshall to-day withdrew the bill to incorporate the London Mutual Fire Insurance Company.

Adam Brown's pigeon shooting bill comes up again on Wednesday.

Chicago's Common Crime.

CHICAGO, March 8.—At Lake to-day Jack Gaile, colored, quarrelled and fought with his wife and cut her throat with a razor, the woman soon dying. The deed is attributed to jealousy. Gaile has not been arrested.

LANCEFIELD'S LUCK.

The Hamilton Board Appoints Him Librarian—Ambitious City Notes.

HAMILTON, March 8.—At the meeting of the Free Library Board last night Richard T. Lancefield of Toronto was appointed librarian. There were twenty applicants for the position. Mr. Lancefield was a resident of Hamilton for twenty-three years and became well known as the proprietor of a bookstore and the founder of Lancefield's circulating library. Subsequently he was for about a year telegraph editor of The Spectator. Six years ago he went to Toronto, where he has been connected with Grip, Saturday Night and more recently The Bookseller. He is secretary of the Canadian Copyright Association, an active, energetic and capable man and is expected to make a first-class librarian.

Charles Magill was terribly burnt about the face, head and arms by the ignition of a can of benzine in his trunk factory this morning.

The annual meeting of the Provincial Orange Grand Lodge of Ontario West will convene at the Court House in this city on Tuesday, March 12, at 2.30 p.m., W. W. Fitzgerald of London, grand master, presiding. It is expected that about 300 delegates will be present from all parts of Western Ontario. The Jesuits Estates Bill will be the principal subject under discussion, and definite action will be taken by the Grand Lodge on the subject.

About 5 o'clock this morning David Fields, a waiter at the Royal House, and his wife, who live in Napier-street opposite the patrol station, were horrified when they woke up and discovered that their 6 weeks-old baby was dead. The child slept in the same bed with them, and the probability is that it was smothered during the night.

Archbishop Duhamel of Ottawa will probably conduct the services at the installation of Bishop Dowling.

THE RUMOR DISCREDITED.

It Is Not Probable that there Has Been a Fight in Samoan Waters.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 8.—Great prominence is given by the papers here to the rumor that an American man-of-war was sunk in Samoan waters in a fight with the German corvette Olga. While no credence is given to the report the publication has occasioned a sensation following the report from Kiel a few days ago of an engagement. The fact that the name of the vessel alleged to have been sunk is omitted adds to the disbelief in the report, but the only United States vessel now in Samoa, waters is the Nipsic. Captain Schenck, quartermaster of the United States Marine Corps, verifies the statement that the Olga was supplied with torpedoes, which is not the case with the three American war vessels despatched to Samoa.

The steamship Alameda of the Oceanic Line, which left here for Australia Feb. 9, touched at Tutuila, the southern island of the Samoan group, on Feb. 25 and arrived at Auckland March 3. Had an engagement occurred at Apia she would probably have learned of the fact and carried the news to Auckland where it would have been cabled. It is conceded that the information might not have reached Tutuila, as Apia is 70 miles distant, in time for the Alameda to carry the news to Auckland.

The steamship Zealand is due here March 16, with news from Samoa to March 2.

The Samoan Conference.

BERLIN, March 8.—Several papers announce that the Samoan conference will open about March 3.

YOUNG LOVE TURNS ON THE GAS.

A Bride of Sixteen Discovered That She Couldn't Live Without Money.

NEW YORK, March 9.—Hattie Chrostowska, a married woman, 16 years old, attempted suicide yesterday morning by turning on the gas in the third story front hall bedroom which she had occupied for one night in Lillian Lecount's boarding house at 317 East Fourteenth-street. She revived in Bellevue Hospital and will be arraigned at the Yorkville Police Court this morning.

In the young woman's room was found a letter addressed to "My dearest husband." The letter begged him to forgive her for what she was about to do. There was, however no help for it, she said, as she had found it "impossible to get the money" from her mother. The letter concluded by chiding the husband gently for his suspicions that she had been untrue to him. She assured him that she had been always and wholly his.

Mrs. Chrostowska gave her husband's name as Meczystean Chrostowska, and said he lived at 9 Fayette-street, Brooklyn, E.D. He is said to be a reporter. Hattie eloped with him from her mother's house, 85 East Third-street. The young couple couldn't support themselves and the wife returned to her parents. Her father warned her that if she ever saw her husband again he would turn her out of doors.

The girl says that as she was a minor, her parents sought to get her marriage annulled, intending to marry her to a wealthy Pole, whose name is equivalent for Alfred Patterson. So she ran away again, but her husband would not take care of her and she had no more money.

A BIG FIRE.

Louisville Scorched to the Extent of Nearly Half a Million.

LOUISVILLE, March 8.—Fire here to-day caused a loss of $435,000, insurance $255,000. The chief losers were Kleinhaus & Simonson, the W. P. Churchill estate, H. Strauss and H. Victor Newcomb. Two firemen were injured.

The First of the Season.

WINNIPEG, March 8.—At the Liberal banquet at Manitou resolutions were passed endorsing the Government and the amended contract with the Northern Pacific and Manitoba road, and also accepting the explanations of Premier Greenway touching the charges against him by The Free Press.

The first immigrant party of the season arrived here to-day, 244 strong.

The Week's Failures.

NEW YORK, March 8.—Failures occurring throughout the country during the last seven days number for the United States 241 and for Canada 40, or a total of 281 as compared with a total of 232 for last week and 270 the week previous to the last. For the corresponding week of last year the figures were 253, made up of 195 in the United States and 58 in the Dominion of Canada.

To Meet the Soo Line's Rate.

CHICAGO, March 8.—The Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railroad has announced a reduction of five cents per one hundred pounds on wheat and flour from Minneapolis to Chicago. This is to offset the recent cut which has caused the carrying of the articles east by way of Duluth and the Soo line.

Earthquake in Pennsylvania.

PHILADELPHIA, March 8.—Despatches from Lancaster, Carlisle, Lebanon and other points in the state report a pronounced earthquake shock at 6.30 this evening.

The Record Will Stand.

LONDON, March 8.—The House of Commons by a vote of 112 to 79 rejected Mr. Bradlaugh's motion to expunge from the records the particulars of his expulsion from the House in 1880.

The Flurry in Copper Shares.

PARIS, March 8.—Prices of copper shares improved to-day on the Bourse.

LONDON, March 8.—The Stock Exchange relapsed to-day and closed heavy on continental sales. At the Metal Exchange, G. M. B. copper closed at £55, a fall of £7 since yesterday, and £20 on the week. It is reported that a large Paris order to buy was received to-night.

The Czar Won't Meddle With Bulgaria.

VIENNA, March 8.—In an interview to-day M. Zankoff said the Czar had emphatically declared he would not meddle forcibly with Bulgaria, the expulsion of the Prince being an internal affair.

MARCH WINDS. The March winds peculiar to our climate, as they sweep over the country, are a terror to even the most robust constitutions, as they greatly increase the liability to Colds, Catarrhal Troubles and Bronchial Affections. There is probably no season of the year when Cold in the Head and Catarrh is more prevalent, and it is at this time that NASAL BALM—nature's great remedy for these troubles—proves its magic powers by almost instantly curing Cold in the Head, speedily relieving and ultimately curing the most virulent forms of Catarrh. On the principle that an ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure, every home in the land should be provided with NASAL BALM at this trying season, and its use should be freely resorted to on the first symptoms of Cold in the Head or Catarrh. It is the only genuine remedy and certain cure for these troubles, and its claims are backed by thousands of the strongest testimonials, a few of which we append below.

COLD IN HEAD
MARCH WINDS
CATARRH

WM. SAWYER, Toronto, says:—I had a bad attack of catarrh last winter and like many other foolish people, thought it would wear away. But it did not; instead it was wearing me away, and at last I made up my mind to try something. I got a prescription made up, a powder, and snuffed it up and up until I grew weary, but got no benefit. I then looked over the papers and saw your advertisement in the *Mail.* I seemed to have confidence in it right away and got a bottle of NASAL BALM and I can honestly say it was the best investment I ever made, and I strongly recommend it to all sufferers from catarrh and cold in the head. It helped me from the first, and has thoroughly cured me. Every sufferer from catarrh should use NASAL BALM, and leave snuffs, powders and douches alone.

MRS. M. RAY, Canso, N. S., states; I have used NASAL BALM on several occasions with the children for cold in the head, and always find it effects a rapid cure.

MISS CLARA MACNIDER, Little Metis, Ont., says:—I have used two bottles of your NASAL BALM for catarrh with the most beneficial results. To anyone suffering with this most disagreeable disease I can heartily recommend it as a radical cure. I cheerfully give you permission to use this if you desire it.

MR. THOMAS ROCHE, Rochefort, Ont., says: I have suffered severely from catarrh, and never got any relief until I used NASAL BALM. I never thought I could find so sure a cure. It is a pity all afflicted with catarrh do not know of and use this wonderful medicine.

W. A. MALLORY, Mallorytown, Ont., states: My daughter suffered for years from a most distressing and annoying catarrh. Her case was under the treatment of eminent physicians in the United States and Canada. Two months' use of NASAL BALM has had more beneficial effects than all former treatments combined.

EX-MAYOR ROBERT BOWIE, Brockville, Ont., says:—I used NASAL BALM for a bad case of catarrh, and it cured me after having ineffectually tried many other remedies. It never fails to give immediate relief for cold in the head.

C. MCDONALD, Serpent River, Algoma, says: I have used NASAL BALM for a bad case of catarrh, and it has done me more good than all the remedies I ever tried before. It is worth its weight in gold.

MR. G. T. GORRELL, Mail Clerk on C. P. R., says:—NASAL BALM is a boon to all suffering from cold in the head. It gives relief rapidly and never fails to effect a speedy cure.

MR. J. KENNEDY, G. T. R. agent at Brockville, says:—A short treatment with NASAL BALM radically removed all symptoms of my catarrh. The preparation is pleasant and easy to use, and gives immediate and permanent relief.

SAMUEL BOLTON, Caldwell Mills, Ont., writes:—It gives me great pleasure to testify to the great merit of NASAL BALM. I tried other remedies, but got no relief. The disease had brought on partial deafness. Yet two applications of NASAL BALM gave me great relief and before the bottle was finished I was completely cured.

P. B. MACNAMARA, merchant tailor, Brockville, Ont., says:—As an instant relief for Cold in the Head and Catarrh NASAL BALM is unequalled. The effect is noticed as soon as it is used.

MR. JOHN BROWN, Kagawony, Algoma District, writes:—I have used your NASAL BALM and have no hesitation in saying that it is the best remedy on earth for catarrh. I have only used one half bottle, and it has fully cured my catarrh. I have no hesitation in giving my name as an endorsation of NASAL BALM, as the greatest remedy yet discovered for catarrh and cold in the head.

LEWIS ROEBUCK, Wyevale, Ont., says:—I recommend NASAL BALM highly to all who suffer from catarrh.

MR. S. E. CHASE, Port Arthur, Ont., says: I have been using your NASAL BALM for catarrh and find myself cured with only one bottle. To call it the best preparation made for catarrh is scarcely strong enough.

T. H. MUNROE, Parry Sound, says:—NASAL BALM has no equal as a remedy for cold in the head. It is both speedy and effective in its results.

W. H. GABEL, Bervie, Ont., says:—I feel it my duty to write to you and report the result of my using NASAL BALM. I have been a severe sufferer from that loathsome disease, catarrh, and tried several remedies, but got no relief till I purchased a bottle of NASAL BALM. I used it according to directions and it has completely cured me. I take great pleasure in recommending it to all suffering from catarrh.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS, similar only in name and appearance. Ask for NASAL BALM and take no substitute recommended as "just as good." If you cannot get NASAL BALM from your dealer it will be sent post-paid on receipt of price—50 cents and $1—by addressing FULFORD & CO., Brockville, Ont. Send for our pamphlet "GEMS OF WISDOM."

FOR NETTLE RASH, Summer Heat and general toilet purposes, use Low's Sulphur Soap

Col. Ketcheson, of Sidney, who was attacked with paralysis on Thursday, was somewhat better to-day.

—An Irish editor, apologizing for a rather serious blunder in his paper, said, "I never saw the manuscript till it was in print."

—The British schooner Gleanor, from St. John, N. B., for New York, has been seized at Booth Bay, Maine, for non-entry. The fine is $1,500.

—John Erickson, the great engineer, died at his home 36 Beach street, New York, on Thursday night of cystitis. He would have been 86 years old on July 31st.

—In the case tried in Montreal yesterday of Mrs. Edouard Lapointe against the Grand Trunk railway for damages for loss of her husband, who was killed on a level crossing, the jury awarded the plaintiff $4,000.

SHILOH'S CATARRH REMEDY—a positive cure for Catarrh, Diphtheria, and Canker Mouth. For sale by D. M. Waters.

Only One Cent!
Only One Cent!

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

POOL TABLE, and all the fixtures, for sale. Is in first class order. Apply at Hub Hotel, Front Street, Belleville. 263d2w

APARTMENTS TO LET.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

BOARD AND ROOMS.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

HOUSES TO LET.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

FOR SALE or TO LET, the House formerly occupied by J. H. Simpson, Commercial Street. Possession given immediately. Apply to P. R. PALMER 263d3m

TO RENT—A two story brick house, corner Catherine and Yeomans Streets. Possession given April 1st. Apply to MRS. COCHRANE, Hotel Street. 262d1w

LOST AND FOUND.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

LIVE STOCK.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

HOUSE FOR SALE on William St., two doors south of Bridge St., next the residence of Mrs. T. C. Wallbridge, best locality in the city, house new, comfortable, and commodious, hard and soft water, closets in all the rooms. Enquire of R. PURDY, Bridge St. 242d1m.

TO LET.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

WANTED.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

HOUSEKEEPER WANTED, middle aged woman preferred, to take charge of a family of six. Apply at HUGH WALKER'S grocery. 258dtf.

SALESMEN—We wish a few men to sell our goods by sample to the wholesale and retail trade. Large manufacturers in our line. Enclose 2-cent stamp. Wages $3 per day. Permanent position. No postals answered. Money advanced for wages, advertising, etc. CENTENNIAL MAN'F'G CO, CINCINNATI, OHIO 245d30teod

DOMESTICS WANTED.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

WANTED—A good general servant. Apply to Mrs. A. Thompson, Queen St.

WANTED—A good general Servant. Apply to MRS. THOS. DUNCAN, John St. March 6. 261d4t

WANTED—A good general servant. Apply to MRS. THOS. RITCHIE, George St. 250dtf.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

MECHANICS WANTED.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

MEETING.

A MASS Meeting of the Masonic bodies will be held at the Masonic Hall, Belleville, on Wednesday, the 13th, to hear a Lecture to be delivered by J. Ross Robertson, Esq., D.G.M., G.L.C. Subject; "An Hour with the Craft of a Hundred Years ago," with historical reminiscences up to the time of the formation of the Grand Lodge of Canada.

JNO. NEWTON, W.M. Moira Lodge.
W. H. ADAMS, W.M. Belleville "
R. C. HULME, W.M. Eureka "

March 9th, 1889. 264d2t

---NEW---
SPRING GOODS!

New Embroideries,
New Prints,
New Tweeds,
New Carpets,
New Curtain Materials,
New Cornice Poles,
New Window Shades.

GEORGE RITCHIE & CO'S.

NEW SPRING GOODS
AT
BRIGNALL & THOMPSON'S.

New Prints and Dress Goods,
New Embroideries,
New Cottons and Steam Looms,
New Table Linens and Sheetings,
New Goods in all departments arriving daily. Prices very low.

BRIGNALL & THOMPSON.

--50 MORE--
NEW HANGING LAMPS put in. Prices very much below anything we ever had.
W. J. REID & CO.

FANS
Suitable for WEDDINGS and BALLS. A splendid assortment at
J. C. OVERELL'S
FANCY EMPORIUM, BELLEVILLE.

NEW SEASON'S TEAS,
FRESH GROUND COFFEES,
Handsome Presents Given Away
AT
STROUD BROS.,
Front Street, Belleville,
and at Montreal, Ottawa, Kingston and Toronto.

RUBBER STAMPS! Send your name and address, with 30 cents, to the "ONTARIO CARD CO.," Belleville, Ont., and get a Pearl Pen and Pencil Stamp, complete.

NEW SPRING GOODS.

Bought very early and bought very cheap.

NEW PRINTS,
NEW TABLINGS,
NEW COTTONS,
NEW STEAMLOOMS,
NEW DRESSGOODS,
NEW EMBROIDERIES,
NEW SHIRTINGS,
NEW CRETONNES,
NEW SCRIMS,
NEW UNDERWEAR,
NEW TWEEDS,

See the new. They are better and cheaper than the old.

JAS. W. DUNNET.
GLASGOW WAREHOUSE
Belleville, Feb. 12, 1889.

Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, SATURDAY, MAR 9

REFORMED CHURCH OF ENGLAND.
METROPOLITAN BLOCK, - - CAMPBELL STREET
GROUND FLOOR.
Sunday services at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m.
Services by Rev. Arthur H. Walley.
Strangers welcome. All seats free.

CHRIST CHURCH.
REV. S. DAW, - - - - RECTOR.
Sunday services at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m.
Strangers are welcome.

MERE MENTION.

No police court this morning.

THE market was small to-day.

THE police had an empty house last night.

BEECHAM'S PILLS act like magic on a weak stomach.

THE foot bridge will not be opened for traffic to-morrow.

REV. Mr. Learoyd's discourse for to-morrow evening is "The Prodigal Son."

ALL DISORDERS CAUSED by a bilious state of the system can be can be cured by using Carter's Little Liver Pills. No pain, griping or discomfort attending their use. Try them.

A REMEDY that is of such benefit in cases of indigestion, neuralgia, loss of appetite, dyspepsia as Dyer's Quinine and Iron Wine is worth gold. It is easily taken by the weakest invalid.—W. A. Dyer & Co., Montreal.

A MATTER of interest to Organists, Organ Students and Teachers is a new patent organ pedal attachment for pianos manufactured by Messrs. Newcombe & Co., 107 Church at Toronto. Particulars on application.

THE Imperial Oil Refining Company, of Petrolia, is the principal oil refining company in Canada. They send out about 60 per cent. of all Canadian oil used. One of their favorite brands is "Silver Star," for which A. L. Geen is their Belleville agent.

MOTHERS who have delicate children can see them daily improve and gain in flesh and strength by giving them that perfect food and medicine, *Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil, with Hypophosphites.* Dr. W. A. Hulbert, of Salisbury, Ills., says: "I have used Scott's Emulsion in cases of Scrofula and Debility. Results more gratifying. My little patients take it with pleasure." Sold by all druggists, 50c. and $1.00.

Dr. Wild Coming.

The Rev. Dr. Wild will deliver a lecture here on Easter Monday. Subject "Destiny of Great Britian and Canada."

PROBABILITIES.

TORONTO, March 9.—West and northwest winds, partly cloudy, with snow flurries; stationary or a little lower temperature.

TEMPERATURE.

as Registered by Dr. Bell's Self-Registering Thermometer.

SATURDAY, March 9.
Maximum 35; minimum 16.
Barometer 29.85.

County Roads.

From Mr. T. Farnham it was learned that the County roads are at present in a good condition. He has had a number of men out lately, levelling down the pitch-holes. His area extends 366 miles.

Canifton Congregational Church.

The Rev. Thos. Hall, of Kingston, Superintendent of the missions of the Congregational Church, will preach at Canifton tomorrow afternoon, and on Monday evening will deliver a lecture at the same place, subject: "From ocean to ocean."

Personal.

G. G. Publow, Perth, has been appointed cheese inspector for Eastern Ontario.

Mr. Thos. Lockerty, who has been ill for some time, is, we are sorry to state, not improving.

Mr. Job Lingham is somewhat better today.

Mr. H. Corby, M. P., is in the city.

Runaway.

A horse, attached to a cutter, belonging to Mr. Jacob Finkle, ran away on Bridge street west this morning. The driver attempted to turn the animal down Coleman street, but it continued its course and dashed onto the foot walk of the lower bridge, where it left part of the cutter. In its flight over the structure it knocked down Mrs. Wm. Ellis, but fortunately she was not much injured. The cutter was badly damaged.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

A Large Contract Secured by a Local Firm.

The Brown Manufacturing Co. have secured a large contract for the manufacture and erection in Toronto of the Batten patent fire escape for hotels and public buildings. This escape has been adopted by the Ontario Government for use under the new Act in that regard.

Held by the Enemy

"Held by the Enemy" is said to have made more money for its author than any American play ever produced. This is true not only in the United States but also abroad. In England it has established Mr. Gillette's reputation as a playwright, and in Australia it is the one American play that is receiving any recognition.

This play will be produced on Tuesday evening next in this city.

Tea Meeting.

A successful tea meeting was held last evening at the University church. After the abundant spread had been done justice to by all present, a platform meeting was organized with the Rev. G. H. Copeland presiding. An excellent programme, consisting of readings, recitations, and solos was rendered. The young ladies of Albert College furnished a number of the selections on the programme. The evening was pleasantly spent by all present.

District Intelligence.

It is said that a band of White Caps has been formed in the town of Trenton, and a number of men have been served with warnings to get to work or leave the town.

Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, Oct. 2nd, 3rd and 4th, are the dates chosen for the holding of Trenton's big fair.

Mr. F. C. Whitton, while engaged at his duties on the Bogart farm, Tyendinaga Township, had the misfortune to cut his foot. Dr. Newton sewed up the gash.

An At Home.

The Ancient Order of Foresters had an At Home in the Sons of England Hall last night, which was largely attended by the members and their families. A first class programme was presented and was much appreciated by all. This branch of the order has been organized in the city but a short time, but is growing rapidly, and is destined to be one of the first societies of the city. The management is in the hands of those who are alive to its interests. Another of these pleasant entertainments will shortly be held.

Church Chimes.

In accordance with the recommendation passed at the meeting of the Ministerial Association two weeks ago, an exchange of pulpits will take place to-morrow morning. The change is as follows: Bridge St. Methodist, Rev. Dr. George; St. Andrews, Presbyterian, Rev. Mr. Whalley; John St. Presbyterian, Rev. J. Learoyd; Tabernacle, Methodist, Rev. Mr. Bowen; Emmanuel, Reformed Episcopal, Rev. Mr. Maclean; Baptist, Rev. Mr. Pope; Congregational, Rev. G. H. Copeland; West Belleville, Rev. A. Browning; Bleecker St., Rev. Mr. Mihell.

Deputation Visit Campbellford.

At the last meeting of the Board of Education, a deputation consisting of Rev. M. W. Maclean, Dr. Tracy, I. Diamond (chairman), H. Walker, St A. Moore, S. T. Harris and W. Johnson, was appointed to view the working of the Smead & Dowd system of heating and ventilating in the Campbellford High School. The deputation have been there, and were received by a number of the members of the Board of that village, consisting of Messrs. Wm. Kennedy (chairman), J. M. Ferris, ex-M.P.P., J. W. Dinwoodie, and Chas. Smith. They were very attentive to the deputation in every way, and gave them all the information required. The opinions which were formed by the deputation will be presented at the next regular meeting of the Board.

Michael Strogoff.

This play was produced at the Opera House last night to a fair audience. It was well presented, dramatically and spectacularly. Mr. Wm. Fredericks as Michael Strogoff takes marked prominence in the dramatic production. He is an actor of merit, and the scenes of his experiences as the Czar's courier were pleasing to the audience. The two correspondents created much merriment. The parts of Nadia, Marfa and Sangarre are also well played. The scenery is good and the costuming and displays are bright and pleasing to the eye. It is thrilling from beginning to end, and at times excites the warmest sympathy and applause. The juggler Nelton gave a performance between the 3rd and 4th acts that captivated the audience. He is without doubt the cleverest that has been in this city.

A Baker's Grievance.

A Police Officer Accused of Uttering False Statements.

Mr. James A. Wallace, baker, has through his solicitor, Mr. R. C. Clute, entered a complaint against Sergeant Downs, of the police force. The complaint, as set forth to the police commissioners is that Thomas Downs, a member of the police force of Belleville, while acting in such capacity, and as officer of the said City of Belleville, and during the hours when he was on service, has repeatedly slandered the petitioner in his business as baker, by making statements that were false in regard to his trade, which have a tendency to, and have materially injured him in his trade and business of baker.

The complaint also asks that a day be appointed when the said officer may be summoned to answer the charge preferred against him.

The commissioners, however, have notified Mr. Wallace that the charge must be made specific before an investigation can be held.

THE BAY BRIDGE.

Twenty-Five Tenders In—To be Considered To-Night—Notables in Town.

The Bay of Quinte Bridge project has reached a most interesting stage, the time for receiving tenders for the erection of the structure having expired at noon to-day. That the project is well thought of is shown by the fact that leading bridge builders from distant places have been here for some days and that when, at ten minutes after twelve to-day, Mr. U. E. Thompson, the Secretary of the Company, was asked how many tenders had been received, he answered smilingly, "about twenty-five."

The names of the tenderers and the amounts of their tenders cannot, of course, be known until to-night, as the Directors of the Company will meet at 8 p. m. and open the tenders, which, the proverbial "little bird" has whispered, will not be far from the engineer's estimate.

The following representatives of prominent bridge building concerns are here in connection with the matter: W. M. Shea, of Neelon, McMahon & Co., St. Catharines; E. B. Smith, of the Smith Bridge Co., Toledo, Ohio; H. McFarlane, Sherbrooke; Mr. Barry, of the Hamilton Bridge Co., Hamilton; Mr. Rousseau, of the Hochelaga Bridge Works, Montreal.

DYSPEPSIA IN ITS WORST FORMS will yield to the use of Carter's Little Nerve Pills, aided by Carter's Little Liver Pills. They not only relieve present distress but strengthen the stomach and digestive apparatus.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

British Columbia.

A BELLEVILLE BOY'S IMPRESSIONS OF THE PACIFIC PROVINCE.

A Lively Chat on Climate, Morals and Customs in Victoria.

VICTORIA, B. C., Feb. 28th, 1889.

To the Editor of the Intelligencer.

DEAR SIR,—I received a number of papers to day from Belleville and amongst them I found a few copies of your paper and I can assure you I devoured the contents with great eagerness and pleasure.

When one is away so far from home, I tell you it seems good to pick up a paper and find it comes from your native town and as you carefully peruse it, advertisements and all, you enjoy a treat and no mistake.

Well the INTELLIGENCERS before me are no exception to the rule and I have taken great interest in the various items pertaining to your vicinity.

I was particularly struck with the accounts of the wintery weather you are having there.

Before leaving Belleville I promised a number of friends and acquaintances that I would write, telling them about British Columbia, after I had been here awhile and formed an idea of the country, and acting upon this promise I take the liberty of asking you to kindly insert this letter in your paper, thus reaching them all as well as giving a little information to the rest of your readers, who may perhaps be interested in this Western Province.

Now as the question of *climate* has a great deal to do with one's likes or dislikes of a country, and in order to make this letter as brief as possible, I will only touch upon this subject at the present, but hope to follow up this soon, with other letters, giving as true and as impartial an outline of things in general concerning this country as I possibly can.

The papers tell us of blizzards and severe cold in Ontario, whilst the little bouquet on my table, (picked to day, *out doors,*)—the open window, through which the soft breezes from the "Sound" are blowing, rustling this sheet of paper as I sit writing, in my shirt sleeves,—tell a tale of summer, and the contrast is so great that I cannot but wonder—is this really a part of Canada?

In company with Mr. Eugene Richardson, I left Belleville on the 25th of Jan., and the winter in Ontario, up to that date, was considered a very open one. The same temperature continued all along our route until we reached the Mountains, when, of course, the weather became colder, and the snow more plentiful. For miles and miles along the plains between Winnipeg and Calgary, there were no signs of snow, except a few small drifts in the ditches along the railroad track.

Our first evidences of what one would call an old fashioned winter, were seen after we had got well into the mountains, but upon enquiring we learned that the total snow fall up to date had only reached 23 feet, whereas in other years the total was more like 35 feet; so you see that even in the Rockies, the winter was considered quite mild comparatively.

As we neared the summit of the mountains the thermometer registered zero and under, and zero weather was the order of the day until we reached the Fraser Canon, when a gradual change took place and, as our train bowled along nearer and nearer to the Pacific, the snow slowly but surely gave way to green grass and other signs of a change of climate until we finally entered the "Terminal City," Vancouver, in the midst of a spring-like rain, presenting a decided contrast to the weather of a few hours before.

Hurriedly boarding the C. P. Navigation Co.'s new Glasgow-built S. S. "Islander," and after a few moments' delay we embarked for our destination—Victoria.

During the voyage, which took from 2:30 p. m. until 8:30 p. m., we were on deck most of the time, and although the weather was a little chilly on the water, still the light overcoats which we wore sufficed to make us quite comfortable. Upon arriving at Victoria we found it still raining, and it did not cease until the next day at noon.

Although we were joyous to find a very mild climate, we feel as though our expectations in that quarter were more than fully realized, for the next morning after our arrival and during a short walk before breakfast, we saw a large number of green lawns and beds of beautiful flowers, enough in themselves to make an "Easterner" turn green with envy.

To make sure that we were not dreaming we asked permission to pick a flower or two, and through the kindness of a lady, who was doing a little gardening for her own amusement, and with her assistance we were soon in possession of two miniature bouquets, which we fondly preserved for over a week. Those flowers, it is needless to say, we prized very highly on account of the novelty of having picked them out doors on the second of February and in one of the provinces of a country which the majority of foreigners have always considered perpetually ice-bound.

California cannot boast of anything to beat this, and people from there who are now living here, say that the climate of Victoria very much resembles that of Los Angeles and other southern Californian towns. Since our arrival we have had one slight snow fall or rather a hail storm, and it was as much as a bargain that it succeeded in covering mother earth with a white mantle, and that is the only evidence this country has had of wintry weather this year, if we may except a few slight frosts, which have never formed ice over a quarter of an inch in thickness.

The other day, some gentlemen in quest of ice for an invalid scoured the whole city over, and did not secure a single pound of the precious article. It has been customary in other years to procure ice about 6 inches thick, from a small lake some six miles from the city, but this season none has formed, and an ice famine is predicted.

The thermometer has been fooling around the fifties ever since we came here, and any day you may stroll out towards the park and pick daisies in full bloom, from along the roadside. On Sunday afternoons, Beacon Hill park presents a very lively and interesting sight; there are hundreds of people there, indulging in all sorts of amusements. Even now it is a very common thing to see people sitting around on the grass, whilst more careful ones prefer the rustic benches scattered around here and there; others again are down to the water's edge, amusing themselves with the various attractions which a sea coast usually presents; then again we find the beautiful drives of this famous resort fairly alive with gay equipages, and as they go spinning along over the well kept roads, their occupants seem to be enjoying the sunshine and the beautiful views that are constantly presenting themselves.

Near the entrance to the Park is the recreation ground, and base ball is in progress, whilst a few yards away, a saloon is wide open and the proprietor dispensing drinks of all sorts, the year round, Sundays or week days, it makes no difference.

You must remember this is a typical western town in that respect, and saloons never close here from one year's end to another, night or day. The morals, or rather alleged morals, of Victoria would not be tolerated in the City of the Bay.

The climate is grand, that is so far as I have seen and felt it, but remember I only write of it as it has been this winter and as I have found it, and I do not wish to lead your readers into the belief that the present weather is characteristic of all British Columbia winters, for I am informed that the cold is sometimes very severe and a week or two of sleighing and skating is not an uncommon thing during the winter months.

It is near midnight now and I have not had my window closed all the evening and even in my shirt sleeves I do not feel chilly.

The night is beautifully calm, a perfect one for a nice outing on the water, or a delightful stroll around town, and from the sounds that come through my window I should judge a number of the citizens have taken advantage of it and are enjoying the stroll to their heart's content. Should we feel uncomfortably warm during the day, there is "Balm in Gilead" by glancing across the Sound and viewing the snow-capped peak of the Olympian Range in Washington Territory.

I am ashamed at the length this letter has attained and must soon bid you adieu.

I hope you will pardon me for presuming so much upon your good nature, and should this communication be so fortunate as to get a place in your columns, and you would tolerate another in a few weeks, I will try and give you a letter on general topics concerning Canada west of the Rockies, and hope to be in a position to write more intelligently about this country than my present limited experience in it will now allow me. Yours truly,

B. F. DICKENS.

WHY WILL YOU cough when Shiloh's Cure will give immediate relief? Price 10 cts., 50 cts., and $1. Sold by D. M. Waters.

Obituary.

KETCHAN GRAHAM, EX-M. P. P.

The announcement that Mr. Ketchan Graham, ex-M. P. P., for West Hastings, had, after a long illness, passed away this morning, will be received with general regret. Mr. Graham was a native of the township of Sidney, in which he had lived continuously during his sixty years of life. He early evinced those abilities which distinguished him as an agriculturalist, dairyman, municipal man and politician. When but a youth he became a member of the Township Council, and rapidly made his way to the top of the municipal tree as Reeve of his Township, which position he held for several years. In 1867 he was the Conservative candidate for the Legislature, and was elected over the late Mr. Thomas D. Farley, and was re-elected in 1871; but having changed his political allegiance he was defeated in 1875 and had not since re-entered the field of politics; but he returned to the Conservative fold at a later date and staunchly supported the candidates of the party thereafter. Mr. Graham was able, keen, and shrewd, and was an efficient representative.

As a dairyman Mr. Graham was one of the most earnest and able of the pioneers in that now great industry. He spent much money and devoted much time to the introduction of the cooperative system of cheese-making, and by example in engaging largely in the business, as well as by precept, as much as any other man in this part of the country is entitled to praise and to public gratitude for urging the adoption of the industry which has revolutionized the business of farming in Ontario and conduced more to the prosperity of our farmers than any other agency. Amongst other good works, he organized the Eastern Dairymen's Association and was its president for some years.

Genial, kindly, large-hearted, Mr. Graham was a most agreeable companion and was beloved by his intimates and was popular with all who knew him.

He leaves a family of three sons and one daughter, to whom we tender our sympathies and those of our readers.

The Industrial Boom.

Manufacturers Communicated With—An Encouraging Result.

Mayor Diamond, who has been warmly interesting himself in the matter of inducing manufacturers to locate in Belleville, has received replies to communications sent by him to Mr. James Crossen, of the Cobourg car works—who has been reported to be seeking for a new location—and Mr. Robert Weddell, of the Trenton bridge works—who has advertised his premises in Trenton for sale, with the intention of seeking a more suitable location for his business.

Mr. Crossen writes, under date of the 6th, that he has not made up his mind, but if the proposed line to connect Cobourg with the C. P. R. be built he will remain in Cobourg.

Mr. Weddell replies, under date of the 8th, that owing to the steady increase in his business and inability to supply the demand through want of shop and ground room, combined with heavy expense for handling heavy materiel through lack of direct railway connections to works, he has decided to sell his property in Trenton, with a view to removing to a more suitable location. "Meantime my attention having been drawn to a property in your city, at present idle, and having looked over the same, find it could be converted into premises suitable for our business, and no doubt the railway connection as well. Feeling certain that a first-class paying business in our line can be handled with success in central Ontario, and seeing that the Board of Trade and Council are about to take some action for the development of new industries in your city, and when the Board have decided on any action in the matter, you could please advise me of the result, so that I might govern myself accordingly."

News Condensed.

—It is reported that the Abyssinians are besieging Kassala and that Senoussis' army is marching on Khartoum.

—The dissident Liberals have found a central organizing council which will hold its first meeting in London on March 22. Lord Hartington will make an address.

—Mrs. Brown—"Now just look at those flannels! If anything will shrink more from washing I'd like to know what it is." Mr. Brown—"A boy will, my dear."

—"Are you on friendly terms with the defendant?" demanded a lawyer of a witness in court. "Well, I ain't throwing no bouquets to him," was the quaint answer.

—A marked increase in hostility to foreigners is noticeable throughtout China. The native soldiery at Chefoo are suspected of plotting to attack the foreign settlement.

SHILOH'S CATARRH REMEDY—a positive cure for Catarrh, Diptheria and Canker Mouth. For sale by D. M. Waters.

—The Maine House has passed the bill providing that a person who sells his vote shall be fined not exceeding $100, be imprisoned for not over one year and disfranchised for ten years.

—The Madrid physician who made the *post mortem* examination of the body of Pigott declares he never saw such a well-formed skull and brain, the latter indicating a man of superior force of character and imagination.

AN INACTIVE or Torpid Liver must be aroused and all bad bile removed. Burdock Pills are best for old or young.

—The Casper, Wyoming, *Mail* says: An antelope was found frozen to a block of ice at the mouth of the Casper Creek the other day. He had evidently slipped and fallen while crossing the stream, and when discovered was sitting upon his haunches waiting for the June thaw.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

SPRING STOCK
—OF—
BOOTS-AND-SHOES
—AT—
HAINES & LOCKETT'S.

We are determined to maintain our reputation for selling the best quality of Boots and Shoes in the city for the money.
HAINES & LOCKETT.

To Get the Best Value
in EMBROIDERIES, STEAM LOOMS, LACE CURTAINS, CRETONNES, TOWELLS, Prints, Cottons, etc., and general Small Wares, you will need to go to
HENNESSY'S.

Correspondence.

Whilst correspondents will be accorded space for the expression of their ideas on topics of public interest, it must be in all cases understood that the views so expressed are simply those of the correspondents themselves.

To the Editor of the Intelligencer.

Farmers, beware of the alleged "Henry Crawford Grain & Seed Company!" They are are a swindle from the word 'Go.' The Attorney for the State of Ohio wires here, "They are frauds. They have now invented a plausible new scheme. Written testimonials are shown, which will read as follows:—'We, the undersigned, have had dealings with Messrs. Emrick & Hess. We can cheerfully recommend them to the public as, having dealt with them, the sum and substance of their dealings were of an honest nature and they took up all their bonds." What do these testimonials, with many farmers' signatures to them, all mean? With the aid of the local "capper" or would-be wheat-seller and a "chump," simply this, to demonstrate to you, farmers, that they have done the square thing with possibly 40 men out of 600. No doubt had the men who signed these testimonials taken into consideration at the time, had realized the future effect, (as it will no doubt induce many more to buy upon its strength and become victimized) they never would have done so, as the farmers, no doubt, did not see the future outcome, but the wily sharpers did. The idea of honest farmers recommending the men representing the alleged "Henry Crawford Grain & Seed Company" to be honest men, when they were driven out of the State of Ohio for fraudulent transactions! It is simply monstrous. This is the "freeze-out year" from facts to be hereafter detailed. These wily sharpers are bringing in fall wheat that they purchased in the State of New York for about 65 cts. per bushel, and call it some fictitious, gigantic name. It is a recognized fact that seed in a good condition, brought 500 miles from this locality, and sown upon good ground, will undoubtedly yield better than seed that has been used here many years. There is where a number have had the 'wool' pulled over their eyes in reference to the superiority of the grain they had previously bought. What are hulless oats? A second consideration to the quality of other oats here. They require heavy land and a wet season to produce even an ordinary crop, and in threshing one must be careful or a lot will be lost. One gigantic liar, weighing about 200 lbs., by the name of Haws, representing the alleged "Henry Crawford Grain & Seed Co." came to Markham, Ont., in 1886 and bonded about $3000 worth of grain, never furnished a bushel to the farmers, discounted their notes, and skipped over to the States, taking one Oliver Perry with him. Perry, thinking that Haws had a big deal, came back to Ontario with a bond (the same as used here by Emrick & Hess) under the seal of the alleged "Henry Crawford Grain & Seed Co." He, with another American sharper named Benjamin Sherwood, who had migrated to London, Ont, neither of whom dared to go home to Flint, Michigan, in daylight, sought the acquaintance of one Thos. Hewitt, the proprietor of the Globe Lightning Rod Co'y. of London. A joint stock company was formed, these two worthies controlling all the stock. Henry Barcelow, an old lightning-rod man, borrowed $10—which he never paid back—and became thereby a heavy stock-holder in this new company, which was called the "London Grain & Seed Co'y." Hewitt's book-keeper became also a stock holder; Hewitt, a responsible man, taking only one share, prepared himself for a premeditated smash up. They applied to the Ontario Government for a charter, and with the assistance of the wire-puller Hewitt procured it, the wool having been pulled over the Provincial Secretary's eyes. What did this London Grain & Seed Co'y. do? Bonded grain to the extent of about $80,000, took up some of their bonds, left a portion not taken up the first year, commenced to bond the second year, and, the Government making it too hot for them, wiped out their charter, leaving the farmers in Western Ontario to mourn a loss of about $100,000. If any farmers of the County of Hastings doubt the truth of this, let them wire the Crown Attorney of St. Thomas, and ask him if Thos. Hewitt did not plead to several indictments against him there. In the meantime, Perry and Sherwood, with the boodle, skipped over to the United States, and left their bonds unredeemed. The bonds of the London Grain & Seed Co'y were identical in wording and construction with the bonds of the alleged "Henry Crawford Grain & Seed Company." This bond is in itself a wonder, and was first introduced into Ontario by Haws, a man of great swagger and no brains. Perry, profiting by the knowledge he had obtained from Haws, came back to London, organized the company heretofore mentioned, with the brains (in writing) of a fraud manufactured by the Henry Crawford Grain & Seed Company, brought into this country by Haws and R. C. Reed, Western Ontario suffered a loss of over $100,000 by reason of the Henry Crawford Grain & Seed Company. Is it possible that Ontario will to-day recognize such a business and allow its citizens to take as an indemnity this same old bond under the seal of the Henry Crawford Grain & Seed Company? Can any person believe that Emrick & Hess are any better than their predecessors?

FARMER.

To the Editor of the Intelligencer.

SIR,—Will you please permit me through your columns to recommend to the editor of the *Ontario* the exercise of a little more abstemiousness this evening in taking his supper, if he purposes attending church to-morrow. It is very evident that last Sunday his liver must have been out of order, or he would not with such bad taste have gratuitously insulted the clergyman, organist and choir of the Bridge St. Church by his uncalled for remarks during the week. Perhaps a dose of calomel would be of great service to him at the present time. He says that the Trustees pay their organist a good salary, and have a right to expect good music. I presume the *Ontario* pays its chief editor a good salary, and if he would give to the patrons of the paper as correct English and good sound information as Mr. Donley gives correct and suitable music, there would not be so many complaints by its readers as at present. It is enough to raise Lindley Murray from his grave if he could read the weak, unmeaning, ungrammatical English that has been dished up lately in its editorials for the edification of the readers of the *Ontario*. Yours, &c.,

FAIR PLAY.

To the Editor of the Intelligencer.

DEAR SIR,—In your report of the meeting of our branch of the Imperial Federation League last Tuesday evening, an error crept in, and has since been copied in the Toronto papers. You said that Principal Grant "had offered" to give a lecture here. In justice to that gentleman this should be corrected. A general wish having been expressed to hear Dr. Grant, at the request of the members I wrote to him urging him to spare us an evening. He very kindly consented, and has promised to lecture in the Opera House here next Friday evening, the 15th inst., on "Canada, Australia, and Great Britain." As Dr. Grant is an ardent believer in Imperial Federation, and has just returned from a tour around the world, an exceptionally favorable opportunity will be afforded of hearing the advantages explained and the difficulties fairly discussed, by the eloquent Principal of Queen's.

Yours, &c.,
W. B. NORTHRUP.

ENGLISH POLITICAL TALK.

Relations Between Great Britain and the States.

LONDON, March 8.—Sir Julian Pauncefote leaves England for Washington at the end of this month. His first visit will be a brief one. He will return to London for the summer and not settle in Washington as British minister till autumn. Lord Salisbury's political opponents give him credit for having made a wise choice. I asked one of them, says Mr. Smalley, perhaps better qualified to judge than any other living Liberal, whether he thought Sir Julian likely to do well at Washington. "In my opinion," answered he, "there could not be a better appointment."

The same eminent Liberal dissents strongly from the suggestion cabled here, truly or not, that President Harrison regards English relations with the United States as of less practical importance than those of South and Central America. "We have," he said, "more than one burning question to settle. We have sent you as good a man as we could find and we strongly hope your new president will do as much for us. We have no wish to discuss grave subjects with a weak minister; it is of no advantage to us, but a positive disadvantage. These matters cannot be finally settled unless they are fairly settled, and fair settlement can only be reached by the help of able men on each side."

Lord Randolph Churchill's absence during the whole debate on the address is thought significant. He returned two days ago. He finds the ministry of which he was once a member in a condition more critical than at any period of its existence; that the Parnell commission, on which Lord Salisbury insisted, and which Lord Randolph opposed, has half ruined the Union cause, and that Parnell has himself come forward with suggestions in a new deal for some new form of home rule—if such there be—that shall not imperil the empire or alarm England. The situation is, in fact, very different from the situation when Lord Randolph quitted this island of east winds for Monte Carlo and sunlight. He has been loitering in Paris watching events from that easy distance. He has not returned to do nothing. What he will do is a question of no little interest to the Government and of no little importance outside the Government.

Time was when Lord Randolph and Parnell were politically intimate. What could be more natural that one or both should think the time had come to renew that intimacy!

It would not be the first time that Lord Randolph has shown his slower colleagues the way to popular favor and political good fortune; but his colleagues have not earned of late any good will from their former leader, and should they want his help they will discover that it is not to be had without asking—perhaps not even if asked for.

The Opposition seems still to be in doubt whether to attack the Government in connection with the forged letters. Various forms of motion have been suggested and rejected. Meantime, they are fishing for more evidence of their alleged complicity. The Home Secretary, the Irish Secretary and other officials are nightly plied with questions in the House of Commons relating to the employment of the police to collect testimony for The Times, the admission of The Times' agents to prisons to extract statements from prisoners, the presence in London of Irish magistrates waiting to testify before the commission, and twenty other kindred topics.

These questions have another object. They are meant to impress by incessant repetition on the public mind the fact, if it be a fact, that the resources of the Government have been put at the disposal of The Times throughout the inquity. Mr. Balfour meets this with his usual frank courage. He avows that the Government has thought it its duty to aid in the inquiry, and it offers equal aid to both parties. Hitherto the evidence given has come from one side. When the turn of the other side comes the other side will have equal facilities, or may, if they like, have them now.

They Will Raise a Discussion.

LONDON, March 8.—If the Parnell Commission does not report on the forged letters the Opposition in the House of Commons will raise a discussion Monday on the Attorney-General's action.

Railway Travel in France.

[Paris Letter to Philadelphia Telegraph.]

A very amusing incident took place lately at the railway station at Havre which beautifully illustrates the value of the French regulation of locking up travellers in the waiting-rooms up to the moment of their departure. A train was to start at a certain hour for Montvilliers, a small town about half an hour's journey by rail from Havre. Away went the the train, and in due course of time it reached its destination. The guard hastened to open the doors of the carriages and was astonished to find them all empty. All the persons who had taken tickets for that train had been safely locked up in the waiting rooms at Havre, the officials who ought to have unfastened the doors and announced the moment of the train's departure having forgotten to fulfil his duty. A special train was prepared as quickly as possible, and the travellers were finally despatched to their destination after a long and vexatious delay.

A NASAL INJECTOR free with each bottle of Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. Price 50 cents. Sold by D. M. Waters.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

THE REV. GEO. H. THAYER, of Bourbon, Ind., says: "Both myself and wife owe our lives to SHILOH'S CONSUMPTION CURE." For sale by D. M. Waters.

—The gold discoveries in Lower California have created intense excitement in every town in the southern part of the state.

Ten car-loads of charcoal were shipped from the chemical works, Deseronto, to the iron furnaces of Michigan during the past week.

—A Little Girl was sitting in a room where her grandfather was having a nap. Presently he woke up, and rubbed his arm upon which his head had been rested, saying, jockingly, that his arm had been sleeping as soundly as he had. Then the little girl looked up and said, "Oor arm maybe was asleep, grandpa, but oor nose was very restless, and made lots of noise."

DIED.

At his residence, front of Sidney, on the 9th of March, KETCHAN GRAHAM, in the 60th year of his age.

The funeral will take place on Monday, the 11th inst., at two o'clock, from the residence of his son R. J. Graham, front of Sidney, to the Belleville cemetery. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend.

At FISH'S.

New Kid Gloves,
New Neckwear,
New Regatta Shirts,
New White Shirts,
New Spring Shirting
IN STOCK TO-DAY.

A. E. FISH & CO.,
The noted Shirt Makers and Gents' Furnishers, 260 Front St.

TENDERS.

TENDERS will be received by the undersigned up to

12 o'clock noon, March 14th,

INST., for the

ERECTION OF TABLES IN THE BUTTER MARKET.

City of Belleville. Plans and specifications can be seen at the City Clerk's office.

Tenders are to be addressed to Mr. D. B. Robertson and marked "TENDERS FOR BUTTER MARKET."

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

J. M. ROSS,
Chairman Market Committee.
Belleville, March 5, 1889 260d4t, 5,7,9,12

VETERINARY.

T. PURVIS, Veterinary Surgeon, Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College, Toronto, Member of Ontario Vet. Society. Office, rooms formerly occupied by Dr. Douglas, Front St.

References—J. P. Wiser & Son, and Ed. Rooney, Prescott. 263d&wtf

BOARD OF TRADE.

A SPECIAL MEETING of the Board will be held in the Council Chamber, City Hall, on Monday next, 11th March, inst., at 8 o'clock p. m. sharp. A full attendance is requested, as matters of importance are to be taken up.

J. PARKER THOMAS,
Mar. 6, '89 dtd Secretary.

TORONTO COLLEGE OF MUSIC

Orchestral and Organ School,

THOROUGH instruction in every branch of music, vocal, instrumental and theoretical, by the most competent teachers. Large three manual pipe organ in college hall for lessons and practice. Instrumental and vocal students take part in an orchestra of 60 and a chorus of 250 performers. Diplomas and certificates for "course" pupils. Lectures, concerts and organ recitals, etc., free. Students' scholarships to successful competitors in the various branches. Terms, from $5 to $30.

F. H. TORRINGTON, Director,
12 and 14 Pembroke Street.
Feb'y 2, 1889. d sat 1y

Lake Winnipeg White Fish,
Salmon Trout,
Salt Water Salmon,
Finnan Haddies,
Boneless Codfish,
Roll Butter,
Fresh Eggs,
Sugar Syrups,
A. KNOX.

DISEASED .·. BLOOD

SCROFULOUS, INHERITED AND CONTAGIOUS HUMORS CURED BY CUTICURA.

Through the medium of one of your books received through Mr. Frank T. Wray, Druggist, Apollo, Pa., I became acquainted with your CUTICURA REMEDIES, and take this opportunity to testify to you that their use has permanently cured me of one of the worst cases of blood poisoning, in connection with erysipelas, that I have ever seen, and this after having been pronounced incurable by some of the best physicians in our country. I take great pleasure in forwarding to you this testimonial, unsolicited by you, in order that others suffering from similar maladies may be encouraged to give your CUTICURA REMEDIES a trial.
P. S. WHITLINGER, Leechburg, Pa.
Reference: F. T. WRAY, Druggist, Apollo, Pa.

SCROFULOUS ULCERS.

James E. Richardson, Custom House, New Orleans, on oath says: "In 1870 Scrofulous Ulcers broke out on my body until I was a mass of corruption. Everything known to the medical faculty was tried in vain. I became a mere wreck. At times could not lift my hands to my head, could not turn in bed; was in constant pain, and looked upon life as a curse. No relief or cure in ten years. In 1880 I heard of the CUTICURA REMEDIES, used them, and was perfectly cured."
Sworn to before U. S. Com. J.D. CRAWFORD.

ONE OF THE WORST CASES.

We have been selling your CUTICURA REMEDIES for years, and have the first complaint yet to receive from a purchaser. One of the worst cases of Scrofula I ever saw was cured by the use of five bottles of CUTICURA RESOLVENT, CUTICURA, and CUTICURA SOAP. The Soap takes the "cake" here as a medicinal soap.
TAYLOR & TAYLOR, Druggists, Frankfort, Kan.

SCROFULOUS, INHERITED,

And Contagious Humors, with Loss of Hair, and Eruptions of the Skin, are positively cured by CUTICURA and CUTICURA SOAP externally, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT internally, when all other medicines fail.

Sold everywhere. Price, CUTICURA 75c; SOAP 35c.; RESOLVENT, $1.50. Prepared by the POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO., Boston, Mass.
Send for "How to Cure Skin Diseases," 64 pages, 50 illustrations, and 100 testimonials.

PIMPLES, black-heads, chapped and oily skin prevented by CUTICURA MEDICATED SOAP.

UTERINE PAINS

And Weakness instantly relieved by the CUTICURA ANTI-PAIN PLASTER a Perfect Antidote to Pain, Inflammation and Weakness. A new, instantaneous and infallible pain-killing plaster. 30 cents.

Burdock BLOOD BITTERS

WILL CURE OR RELIEVE
BILIOUSNESS, DIZZINESS,
DYSPEPSIA, DROPSY,
INDIGESTION, FLUTTERING OF THE HEART,
JAUNDICE, ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH,
ERYSIPELAS, DRYNESS OF THE SKIN,
SALT RHEUM,
HEARTBURN,
HEADACHE,
And every species of diseases arising from disordered LIVER, KIDNEYS, STOMACH, BOWELS OR BLOOD.
T. MILBURN & CO., Proprietors, Toronto

Pond - Lily - Cream.

A delightful Toilet article. Not a face paint or powder; does not cover over but cures. Used in connection with Pond Lily Liver Pellets and Pond Lily Soap most effectually and positively removes Pimples, Freckles, Tan, Black Specks, Blotches, allays all irritation after shaving, or any itchiness of the skin from whatever cause and all roughness from the face, hands, neck and arms, leaving them beautifully white and velvety. Sold by wholesale dealers and druggists everywhere. Pond Lily Cream, 25 cents; Pond Lily Liver Pellets, 25 cents; Pond Lily Skin Soap, 15 cents. S. PERRIN, Chemist, Manufacturer and Proprietor for Canada.

SMOKE
"BILL NYE"
CIGARS.
--FIVE CENTS.--

SMOKE
"CREME DE LA CREME"
CIGARS.
--TEN CENTS.--

ARMBRECHT'S
TONIC COCA WINE
FOR FATIGUE OF MIND AND BODY AND SLEEPLESSNESS.
"Experience and scientific analysis reveal to us in Coca the most tonic plant in the Vegetable Kingdom."—Manuel Fuentes.
"It (Coca) is, in a word, the most powerful restorer of the vital forces."—Dr. Schwalk.
ARMBRECHT'S COCA WINE, though more tonic in its properties than Iron or Quinine,
NEVER CONSTIPATES.
See Medical Reviews. For sale by leading druggists throughout the world.
ARMBRECHT, NELSON & CO.
2 Duke St., Grosvenor Sq., LONDON.

Wood! Wood!

I AM now selling at the West Belleville Central Wood Yard all kinds of Hard and mixed wood, cut and uncut, which I will deliver to any part of the city. Remember the place, the West Belleville Central Wood Yard, just a few steps from the Foot Bridge.
EDWARD NEWMAN.

The Usual Way.

The jingling sleighbells' tinkling sound,
The snow upon the frozen ground,
The moon's pale light,
Convince us that 'tis winter still,
And all combine young hearts to fill
With keen delight.

Squeezed in the cutter's narrow seat,
With tingling ears and frozen feet,
Two lovers ride.
What for the cold cares he?—or she?
For she has said that she will be
An April bride.

Till April, then, they both will yearn,
And then a lesson they will learn
Not taught in schools.
As years pass by they'll both aver
That on their wedding-day they were
Two April fools.
—Somerville Journal.

THE PUZZLER

No. 342.—Riddle.

I went into a *tent*,
And father staid outside,
When suddenly the whole thing changed,
And a *sick person* I espied.

No. 343.—A Few Birds.

(a) A rude bird. (b) A "tough" bird. (c) A boasting bird. (d) A dishonest bird. (e) An untruthful bird. (f) A "cabinet" bird. (g) A cowering bird. (h) A cheating bird. (i) A low spirited bird.

No. 344.—Poetical Pi.

"Ist' na lod xamim ni het choloss,
Ahtt y'aflettr's eht ofdo fo lofos;
Ety won nad neth rouy enm fo twi
Liwl scendocend ot kate a tib."

No. 345.—An Inverted Pyramid.

Across—1. Exemplified. 2. Confuted. 3. Read. 4. To prevent. 5. Expressions of inquiries or slight surprise. 6. A letter.

Down—1. A letter. 2. An abbr. 3. Part of the face. 4. Employed. 5. A merry frolic. 6. Verified facts. 7. Rosettes. 8. To declare. 9. To spread. 10. A boy's nick name. 11. A letter.

No. 346.—Letter Rebuses.

(a) $\frac{C}{trary}$ (b) $\frac{C}{\frac{d}{e}}$ (c) H bag.

No. 347.—Word Making.

I am an evil thing, impure, untrue,
But if to me you add what sounds like you,
I bring much strength. If only g you add,
I am what, well done, makes a hearer glad;
And if an e you tack on after g,
Why, then, I scorch, so much it alters me.

With g I sweetly sound, with e I'm dumb,
A geometric line I then become;
Gle makes me lonesome, widower or unwed,
K sends me down just like a lump of lead,
With c e joined on I go into the past,
And with an added r e I honest am at last.

No. 348.—Anagram.

When hungry flames your homes will devour,
Why not take that which "Cures in an" hour?

No. 349.—A Rhomboid.

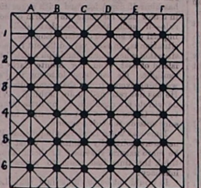
ACROSS.

1. Flavor. 2. Actuated. 3. To hinder. 4. To make new. 5. An iron pipe in a forge.

DOWN.

1. A consonant. 2. A verb. 3. A capsule of legumes. 4. Above. 5. Let again. 6. A native of Denmark. 7. A tree. 8. A pronoun. 9. A Roman numeral.

No. 350.—One Line—One Counter Puzzle.



Place six counters on the dotted angles of any of the squares in the diagram so that no two counters shall be in the same line, either straight or diagonal. Unless the counters are very small, it will be advisable to rule a larger diagram before placing them.

No. 351.—The Knowing Shepherd.

A shepherd was going to market with some sheep when he met a man who said to him, "Good morning, friend, with your score." "No," said the shepherd, "I have not a score; but if I had as many more, half as many more, and two sheep and a half, I should have just a score." How many sheep had he?

Originality of Expression.

A landlord was complaining of one of his maid servants that she could never be found when wanted. "She'll go out of the house," he said, "twenty times for once she'll come in."

Over a bridge in Georgia used to be the following: "Any person driving over this bridge in a pace faster than a walk shall, if a white man, be fined $5, and if a negro, receive twenty-five lashes, half the penalty to be bestowed on the informer."

A shop exhibits a card, warning everybody against unscrupulous persons "who infringe our title to deceive the public." The shopman does not quite say what he means, any more than the proprietor of an eating house near the docks, on the door of which may be read the following announcement, conveying fearful intelligence to the gallant tars who frequent the port: "Sailors' vitals cooked here."

The Ruling Passion.

A doctor called late to see a patient who was very sick, and apologized for the delay by saying that he had been called unexpectedly to attend a man who had fallen down a well. "Doctor," whispered the sick man, "did he kick the bucket?"

Key to the Puzzler.

No. 334.—Hidden Proverb: All is not gold that glitters.

No. 335.—Cross Word Enigma: A plant.

No. 336.—Pictorial Enigma for Young Folks: Candy, nuts and oranges.

No. 337.—A Curious Menagerie: (a) Lion. (b) Buffalo. (c) Nightingale. (d) Kids. (e) Hen. (f) Frogs. (g) Camel. (h) Rooks. (i) Beaver.

No. 338.—Behead and Curtail: (a) Hearth—heart—hear—ear. (b) Loathe—loath—oath—oat—at.

No. 339.—Original Arithmetic: (a) T-one. (b) L-one. (c) F-l-our. (d) T-h-ree. (e) T-w-o. (f) Fi-v-e.

No. 340.—A Charade: Nipper-kin.

No. 341.—Conundrums: (a) Troublesome. (b) The letter L. (c) When it begins to pat her (patter) on the back. (d) Because they never saw it.

POEMS WORTH READING.

Somewhere.

Perhaps on earth—perhaps in heaven
We two shall meet, one lot to share;
I know not how to reach thee even,
Only that it shall be somewhere.

I do not know what clime shall hold,
Or what strange fate me thence shall bear;
I only know some voice hath told
That we shall meet and love somewhere

It may be in the haunts of men
Thy presence shall itself declare;
The voice hath said not how, or when,
It whispers only that somewhere.

It may be in the happier sphere,
My lips shall tell, my heart shall dare;
Perhaps 'tis fate, perhaps 'tis near,
I know that it shall be somewhere.

Going Fishing.

One morning when spring was in her teens,
A morn to a poet's wishing,
All tinted in delicate grays and greens,
Miss Bessie and I went fishing.

I in my rough-and-tumble clothes,
With my face at the sunshine's mercy,
She with her hat tipped down to her nose,
And her nose tipped vice versa.

I with my rod, my reel, and my hooks,
And a hamper for luncheon recesses;
She with the bait of her comely looks,
And the seine of her golden tresses.

So we sat down in the shade of a dyke,
Where the white pond lilies teeter,
And I went to fishing like quaint old Ike,
And she like Simon Peter.

All day I lay in the light of her eyes,
And dreamily watched and waited;
But the fish were cunning and wouldn't rise,
And the baiter alone was baited.

So when the time for departure came,
My bag was as flat as a flounder;
But Bessie had neatly hooked her game—
A hundred-and-eighty-pounder.

Do What is Next to Thee.

Do what is next to thee;
Love doth not measure;
If not thy pleasure,
Still thine the peace will be.

Do it with all thy might;
Brief is the living,
Blest those in giving,
As in God's holy sight.

Do it for Jesus's sake,
Though it be trying,
Sweet thy denying
His love can ever make.

Do it with all thy strength;
Be not delaying,
But swift obeying,
For night will come at length.

Do with all care and zest;
Patient in doing,
Watchful, pursuing:
So life's long days are blest.

Do thou with prayerful heart,
Always rejoicing;
Let thy sweet voicing
Some good to all impart.

Do what is right and meet;
Wait not the morrow,
So shall not sorrow
Burden love's willing feet.

Their Mother.

My boy sat looking straight into coals,
From his stool at my feet one day,
And the firelight burnished the curly head,
And painted the cheeks with a dash of red,
And brightened his very eyes, as he said,
In a most confidential way:

"Mamma, I think, when I'm a grown-up man,
I shall have just two little boys."
I smiled, he was six! but he did not see,
And I said, "Yes, how nice that will be!
But if one were a girl, it seems to me,
It would add to your household joys."

"Well, yes," reflectively, "that would be nice,
And I'll tell you just what I'll do;
I'll name one Robbie, for me, you know,"
Then the bright eyes shone with a deeper glow,
"And there's just the two of us now, and so
I'll name the girl, Annie, for you."

"But how would their mother like that?" I asked.
"Do you think that she would agree
For us both to have names while she had none?"
With the mystified, puzzled look of one
Wholly befogged, said my logical son,
"Their mother! Why, who is she?"

Entering In.

The church was dim and silent
With the hush before the prayer;
Only the solemn trembling
Of the organ stirred the air,
Without, the sweet, still sunshine:
Within, the holy calm.
Where priest and people waited
For the swelling of the psalm.

Slowly the door swung open,
And a little baby girl,
Brown-eyed, with brown hair falling
In many a wavy curl,
With soft cheeks flushing hotly,
Sly glances downward thrown,
And small hands clasped before her,
Stood in the aisle alone.

Stood half-abashed, half-frightened,
Unknowing where to go,
While like a wind-rocked flower
Her form swayed to and fro;
And the changing color fluttered
In the little troubled face,
As from side to side she wavered
With a mute, imploring grace.

It was but for a moment;
What wonder that we smiled
By such a strange, sweet picture
From holy thoughts beguiled!
Up then rose some one softly,
And many an eye grew dim,
As through the tender silence
He bore the child with him.

And I, I wondered, losing
The sermon and the prayer,
If when some time I enter
The many mansions fair,
And stand abashed and drooping
In the portal's golden glow,
Our God will send an angel
To show me where to go!

An Unfortunate Combination.

A country clergyman going up to town was asked by his wife, among a number of other commissions, to get a text for the Christmas decorations of the church. She was to give him a memorandum of what she required, but in the hurry of his departure omitted to do so. On reaching the city, therefore, he telegraphed for particulars. In due course came the reply: "Unto us a son is born seven feet long and two broad." He always inquires by letter now.—Pick Me Up.

HOW ROSIE STARTED A RIPPLE.

A friend of mine was speaking to his small pupils of the remoteness of Christ's birth, and then proceeded to ask each of the children how old they were. Each gave her age until he came to Rosie Moore, who said: "I was 6 years old the other day, but I could have been borned long ago if I wanted to."—Pittsburg Press.

She Can Come Very Near It.

Why should a girl remain ugly? There are exercises and systems for filling out her cheeks, neck and bust, developing her limbs and forming her nose. The experts will straighten her eyes and fix her teeth. What nature has not done for her hair, eyebrows and complexion can be supplied by art. The plain girl may not find it in her power to become a thing of beauty, but she can come very near it.—Atlanta Constitution.

Daily Intelligencer.

A Dream.

I dreamed last night that I had died
(My soul had found release);
I lay with weary hands at rest,
With troubled heart at peace.
And yet, my spirit hovered near—
I seemed to feel, I seemed to hear.

I dreamed—ah! 'twas a gracious dream—
That, lying so at rest,
You came, and knelt beside me there,
And loving kisses pressed
Upon my brow so white and chill,
Upon my lips so dumb and still.

You called me each endearing name
Our happy love had known;
For all the anguish of the past
Your sorrow did atone;
Yet, though your tears rained o'er my face,
I could not break from Death's embrace.

Oh, bitter sweet! The boon I craved
While living came too late!
To know it mine, yet give no sign—
Oh, mockery of fate;
Almost I seemed Death's spell to break,
And thrill with life for your dear sake.

I felt my happy pulses throb,
My heart with tumult beat;
My pallid cheeks grow warm and red
Beneath your kisses sweet;
And then—ah me, how real it seemed!—
I woke to find I had but dreamed.
—*M. K. Buck in Frank Leslie's Newspaper.*

Sunday Miscellany.

One of the converts made by Dwight L. Moody at Seattle, W. T., was an opium smuggler.

There are 1,100 colored preachers in Tennessee, and the highest salary received by any of them is $200 a year.

The clergy seem to be very fond of alliteration. Here is Dr. Lorimer, of Chicago, lecturing on "Tramps, Cranks and Dudes; or Vagrancy, Vagary and Vacancy."

A Syrian missionary says that he took for one of his earliest texts the words: "My son, give me thy heart." The Arabic word for heart is "kalb," and the word for dog is "kelb." Somehow or other the missionary got them mixed up, and so with great solemnity announced as his text "My son, give me thy dog." The astonishment of the hearers may be imagined, especially when it is remembered that the dog is looked upon with contempt in the East.

"Some months ago," says the Congregationalist, "we stated that a church in a thriving manufacturing place needed a pastor. No large salary could be paid, but the field was one where the right man could make his efforts tell. We had a considerable number of responses, but one was specially noticeable. The applicant had been 'looking six months for just such a field.' And he proved to be the last pastor of that very vacant church."

Mrs. Way Outweste (who is visiting her sister-in-law, Mrs. Harvard, of Cambridge)—That music just strikes my ears where they live, Celia. What's the tune?

Mrs. Harvard—That's the Te Deum. Isn't it ecstatic, divine?

Mrs. Way Outweste—Yes. Reg'lar blizzard of a tune. Call it Te Deum because it relieves the te-dium of the services, I s'pose, don't they?

Collapse of Mrs. Howard.—[Cambridge Daily.

In another Province the promoters of a church fair in a thriving town have got into a little difficulty. At the fair a cake was sold by lottery, and as it bore every resemblance to a most toothsome morsel, tickets were eagerly bought up. The winner was a happy man, and "took the cake" with satisfaction, but on endeavoring to put it to its proper use he found, not a cake, but an inverted cheese case and four or five courses of boards, weighing in all 11¾ pounds, that was artfully concealed by paper and cake. The transaction has occasioned a good deal of discussion.

Since the spring of 1886 Rev. Leander Scott has preached from the New York City Hall steps on Sunday mornings. In the evening he usually spoke in a mission church. At the close of all services a collection was taken for his support, for which, he said, he was totally dependent upon the Lord. Recently he has collected a large fund for the establishment of free lunch counters for the benefit of poor news-boys. On Friday the Charity Organization Society published warnings against Rev. Mr. Scott as a swindler, alleging that he was living in luxury upon thousands of dollars which he had collected ostensibly for religious and charitable purposes.

"When I was in Florida last winter," said a popular New York preacher the other day, "I was asked by the colored porter of my hotel to preach for the negro congregation of the town, whose minister was ill. I was not feeling at all well myself, but I consented, and on Sunday morning strolled out over the winding road, ankle deep in white sand, to where the little whitewashed board church stood among waving pines in the suburbs of the town. I prefaced my sermon to the simple, emotional congregation by telling how ill I was and warning them that I would not speak long. But when I got well into one of my favorite themes, and noted their attention and evident sympathy, my heart warmed up until it fairly glowed over these poor folk, to whom the nation owes so much reparation, and when I sat down, thoroughly tired, I felt conscious that I had really made one of the best efforts of my life. So that when the white-headed old local preacher, who closed the services with prayer, referring to the weak state of my health, implored 'de good Lawd to bress our deah white brotha who has preached to us in his pooa weak way,' it was with difficulty that I repressed a smile at his unconscious but probably just criticism of my sermon.

Of the Rev. Myron W. Reed, of Denver, formerly Gen. Harrison's pastor at Indianapolis, it is told that he once went on a hunting trip with one of his prominent parishoners, possibly General Harrison himself. On arriving at the happy hunting grounds, Mr. Reed was dismayed to find that he had brought with him a quantity of cartridges only half loaded, containing powder but no shot. An ingenious idea struck him. He proposed to his comrade that they shoot together at their game, which was ducks in flocks, and that they divide the spoil equally. His unsuspecting partner assented to the proposal, and Mr. Reed did not return with an empty game-bag. The trick was such a good one that he could not keep the story to himself, and it finally came to the ears of his friend, who was very indignant at the deception that had been practiced on him, and would never go hunting with the conscienceless pastor again. On one occasion Mr. Reed's congregation in Denver started to attend Sunday service as usual, but were checked and surprised to find a placard, reading as follows, affixed to the closed doors of the church: "Gone duck hunting. No service to-day. M. W. Reed." The question naturally arose, and excited no little humorous comment in Denver—Did Mr. Reed hunt on Sunday? Mr. Reed was the Democrat nominee for Congress, from Colorado, in 1886, and made a splendid race, against great odds, being defeated by only a few hundred votes.

No one can be good, or great, or happy, except through inward efforts of his own.—[F. W. Robertson.

Knowledge unused for the good of others is more vain than unused gold.—[Ruskin.

Every man has a history worth knowing, if he could tell it, or if we could draw it from him.—[Emerson.

Common Croup

Is often fatal when not remedied in time. Leslie B. Nicholson, Wellesley Ave., Toronto, says: "As a quick cure for croup, colds, sore throat, chilblains, etc., I can recommend Hagyard's Yellow Oil." It is a sure cure. Directions accompany each bottle

Her Inference.

A Congressman who is closer than the skin on the back of your hand was talking to a lady the other day about a wild, extravagant friend of theirs.

"Ah, Mrs. F.," he said, regretfully, "a fool and his money are soon parted."

"You are no fool, are you?" she replied, woman-like, coming to the rescue of the other man.

A Dreadful Doom.

To be unable to satisfy hunger without being distressed by heartburn, indigestion, sick stomach, dizziness or faintness, seems a dreadful doom. All who suffer thus will find prompt relief and permanent cure in Burdock Blood Bitters. B.B.B. *positively cures* dyspepsia in any form.

Something Better.

First boy—"Been snow-balling to-day?"
Second boy—"I should say I had!"
"Kill anybody?"
"Not quite."
"Nor I, either. It's got so we can't have fun any more. I'm going to ask father to buy me a shotgun. That will bring 'em down."

Nothing Like it.

"I was troubled with liver complaint for a good many years, but was cured by one bottle of Burdock Blood Bitters. I have never found any medicine to help me like B. B. B., in fact one bottle made a complete cure." W. J. West, Parkhill, Ont.

Heraldic Suggestion.

The setttlers of the prospective State of North Dakota are discussing the question of a characteristic coat of arms. A frozen steer, fringed with icicles, would make quite an appropriate emblem.

Partly Gave up.

"In the year 1885 I coughed for six months, and having unsuccessfully tried many remedies, I partly gave up, thinking I had consumption. At last I tried Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam, less than one bottle of which cured me, leaving me as well as ever I was." Henry W. Carns, Wabash, Ont.

AS A PICK ME UP after excessive exertion or exposure, Milburn's Beef, Iron and Wine is grateful and comforting.

SHILOH'S CURE will immediately relieve Croup, Whooping Cough and Bronchitis. Sold by D. M. Waters.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP should always be used when children are cutting teeth. It relieves the little sufferer at once; it produces natural, quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakens as "bright as a button." It is very pleasant to taste. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for diarrhœa, whether arising from teeth ing or other causes. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP," and take no other kind. 3d&wly

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, Station D, New York City.

HAGYARD'S YELLOW OIL CURES RHEUMATISM

FREEMAN'S WORM POWDERS
Are pleasant to take. Contain their own Purgative. Is a safe, sure and effectual destroyer of worms in Children or Adults.

COMING! COMING!
RUPTURE
The last 25 years I have adjusted more Trusses than any man in America. Valuable Patents, my own invention, in Trusses, Spinal and Club Feet Instruments. Rupture—I will guarantee to hold largest Rupture without touching your hip, no straps whatsoever, waterproof. Largest stock of general Trusses, also the great Cluthe Spiral Trusses in stock. Reliable system for ORDERING BY MAIL.
Spinal Instruments half the weight of other makes and more effective.
CLUB FEET I claim the only mechanical system to straighten born Club Feet (Patented.) I will prove to anybody that operation never did nor can straighten Club Feet. Send 6 cent stamps for Book.
CHAS. CLUTHE, 118 King St. W., Toronto.

CHAS. CLUTHE,
of 118 King St. West, Toronto, Ontario, will be at the QUEEN'S HOTEL, BELLEVILLE, Friday and Saturday, MARCH 15TH and 16TH. Call early and avoid disappointment. No FAILURE. Will hold the most OBSTINATE cases of RUPTURE WITH EASE AND COMFORT.

NEWCOMBE PIANOFORTES
AWARDED FIRST SILVER MEDAL
WORLD'S EXPOSITION, NEW ORLEANS, U.S.A., 1884-5, in competition with the pianofortes of Europe and America. The only U.S. International Medal ever awarded to a Canadian pianoforte; also Medal and Diploma at the Colonial and Indian Exhibition, London, Eng., 1886, with the supreme honor of supplying Her Majesty the Queen with a Newcombe Grand, selected by Sir Arthur Sullivan. For Illustrated Catalogue, prices and terms,
Address Octavius Newcombe & Co.,
MANUFACTURERS
WAREROOMS, 107-109 CHURCH ST., TORONTO
FACTORY, 89 TO 97 BELLWOODS AVENUE

Gents' .·. Furnishings!

A FULL LINE of Gentlemen's Goods for the Fall and Winter.
Shirts made to order and a good fit guaranteed.
C. J. PANTER.

NEW SPRING GOODS
—ARRIVING DAILY.—
New Prints,
New Shirtings,
New Dress Goods,
New Ginghams,
New Table Linens,
New Towel Linens,
Etc., etc., CHEAPER THAN EVER.
A. N. REID & CO

CLEARING--SALE
OF ALL
BOOTS AND SHOES
Damaged by Fire and Water. Over $5,000 worth at less than half regular price.
A. W. VERMILYEA & SON.

California Evaporated Fruits!
NECTARINES, APRICOTS, PRUNELLES, PLUMS, PEACHES, CHERRIES, CRYSTALIZED FIGS.
CONGER BROS.

GERMAN SHEET MIRROR.
We can supply any of the regular stock sizes in German Sheet Mirror and cut these to replace breakages.
L. W. YEOMANS & CO.

Two Years' Profits!
THOSE INSURING IN THE
—"CANADA LIFE"—
before the 30th of April next will be entitled to two full years' profits in the division of April the 30th, 1890.
T. DONNELLY,
General Agent, Belleville.
AGENTS WANTED.
Feb'y 2, 1889, d&wly

Self-Raising Buckwheat Flour!
A FRESH SUPPLY JUST RECEIVED.
WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE,
Grocers and Wine Merchants.
33 & 37 Bridge Street.
Also Front Street, Opp. Ritchie's.

The Great English Prescription.
A successful Medicine used over 30 years in thousands of cases. Cures *Spermatorrhea, Nervous Weakness, Emissions, Impotency* and all diseases caused by abuse. [BEFORE] indiscretion, or over-exertion. [AFTER] Six packages *Guaranteed to Cure when all others Fail.* Ask your Druggist for The Great English Prescription, take no substitute. One package $1. Six $5, by mail. Write for Pamphlet. Address Eureka Chemical Co., Detroit, Mich.
FOR SALE BY D. M. WATERS.

NEW Wall Paper!
—AT—
--S. A. LAZIER'S--
ROBERTSON'S BLOCK
October 16th

S. W. BRADSHAW
Wishes to inform the citizens of Belleville that he has BOUGHT OUT THE
GROCERY
(lately occupied by Mr. Arch. Wallace,)
CORNER OF HOTEL AND ANN STREETS
where he intends to keep a full supply of the best of Groceries always fresh, and his stock of Provisions, such as Meats and Vegetables, will be especially fresh and in great variety and delivered with despatch. All orders by telephone No. 53) will be promptly delivered to any part of the city.
N. B.—Please remember Telephone No. 53.

CALIFORNIA EVAPORATED FRUITS
NECTARINES,
APRICOTS,
PEACHES,
PLUMS.
WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE
Grocers & Wine Merchants,
33 & 37 Bridge Street.
Also Front St., opp. Ritchie's

A GREAT MILL.
17,500 IN USE. 2,300 sold in the last year. See them, at VANTASSEL'S Footbridge Warerooms, Belleville, or THOS. DUNN'S, Madoc.

THE MAGOG TEXTILE & PRINT CO.
Will offer for Spring Trade the LARGEST, CHEAPEST and MOST VARIED range of Prints ever shown, including
SPRING NOVELTIES
—OF—
LATEST PARIS DESIGNS!
Merchants will do well to see their samples before buying elsewhere. Early advice will be given when Travellers will call.
St. Peter Street, - Montreal.

HAGYARD'S PECTORAL BALSAM CURES COUGHS COLDS. HOARSENESS, ETC.

NEUFCHATEL CREAM CHEESE!
JUST RECEIVED.
WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE,
Grocers & Wine Merchants,
33 & 37, Bridge Street
Also Front St., opp. Ritchie's.

INTELLIGENCER PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY. LIMITED.
J. C. JAMIESON, President. | J. W. LONDON, Secretary

THE Treasurer is the only person authorised to receive moneys for the Company, or to grant receipts for the same.

All Bills, Notes, Cheques, and other documents binding on the Company, will require the signature of the President, in addition to that of the Treasurer.

THE INTELLIGENCER is printed and published for the INTELLIGENCER Printing and Publishing Company (Limited) by JAMES C. JAMIESON, resident in Belleville, at their Office, Front St., south of Hotel St.

THE RATHBUN COMPANY,

Having transferred me to their Brockville branch, I beg to thank my friends and customers for the liberal patronage and kindness extended to me during my residence in Belleville, and also to bespeak the same treatment to Mr. R. C. Calhoun, my successor.

P. J. SHANNON.

The Daily Intelligencer.

THE RATHBUN Co.

Having appointed me Agent for their Belleville branch, I take this opportunity of soliciting a continuance of the patronage which they have hitherto enjoyed through the popular management of Mr. Shannon. It will be my desire and aim to maintain and add to this patronage, which fair dealing and a thorough knowledge of the requirements of the trade leads me to hope for.—R. C. CALHOUN.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL. 22. BELLEVILLE ONTARIO, MONDAY MARCH 11, 1889. NO. 265

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

G. DENMARK.

BARRISTER, Solicitor, etc. Office, Front Street.

W. B. NORTHRUP, M. A.

BARRISTER, Solicitor, &c. Offices: North Bridge St., between Front St. and Lower Bridge.

Money to loan—private and company funds.

J. C. CONNELL, M. A., M. D., C. M.

DISEASES of the Eye, Ear, Throat and Nose. Surgeon to Kingston General Hospital. Office—No. 279, King Street, Kingston. Dr. Connell will be at the Queen's Hotel, Belleville, on the first Tuesday of each month. Sept. 5 d&wly

E. GUSS PORTER,

BARRISTER, Solicitor, Notary Public, &c. office in the Robertson Block, east side of Front Street.

Private Money to Loan. 371d&wl.

DR. ELIZABETH EMBURY,

GRADUATE of Queen's University, Licentiate of the College of Physicians and Surgeons, Ontario.

Office and residence—Harrison's Block, Front Street, across the hall from rooms formerly occupied by Dr. Farley, over Holland's jewellery store. Diseases of women and children a specialty. d&wtf

HENRY CARRE, C. E.,
M. C. Soc. C. E.,

DOM. and Prov'l Land Surveyor, late of the firm of Macleod & Carre, P. L. S. References: John Bell, Esq., Solicitor G. T. R., W. H. Ponton, Esq., Registrar of the County. Office—McAnnany Block, opposite Skinner & Redick's. Belleville, Ont., P. O. Box 203. 20d&w

J. F. WILLS,

BARRISTER, Solicitor, Notary Public, &c. Office, corner Front and Campbell Streets, Belleville, Ont. Money to loan, Company and private funds. 24d&w

J WALTER ROSS, M. D., C. M.

GRADUATE of the University of Trinity College, Toronto. Physician, surgeon, accoucheur. Office and residence West Front Street, one door north of entrance to Foot Bridge. d&wly

JOHN J. FARLEY, M. D., C. M., M. R. C. S., England.

OFFICE and Residence—corner of Bridge and George Streets—three streets east of the Post Office.

ROBERT BOGLE,

LOAN and real estate agent. MONEY TO LOAN at lowest rates. Office, opposite Roy's Brewry, Front St., Belleville.

GEO. CLINTON, M. D., C. M

OFFICE and residence Bridge St., between William and George Sts., third block east of Bridge Street Methodist Church. Telephone No. 44. d&w

GEO. J. SHERRY,

BARRISTER, &c. Office. Metropolitan Block, next door north of Dominion Bank, Front St. Branch Office, Stirling. 116

EDGAR M. COOK, M. D.,

HOMOEOPATHIC Physician and Surgeon. Office and residence, West Front Street, in the late Dr. Abbott's premises, over Brignall & Thompson's store. TELEPHONE. 175dtf

GEO. D. DICKSON, Q. C.,

BARRISTER, &c., Post Office Block Bridge Street Belleville.

WILLIAM N. PONTON,

BARRISTER, Solicitor Notary Public, Conveyancer. Office, over Express and Telegraph Office, Thompson Block, Bridge St., Belleville. Money to loan—private funds. Agent or the Trust and Loan Company of Canada.

DR. BURDETT

IS pleased to inform his friends that he is again able to render his professional services as before. 176 6m

DRUNKENNESS

Or the Liquor Habit, Positively Cured by Administering Dr. Haines' Golden Specific.

It can be given in a cup of coffee or tea without the knowledge of the person taking it; is absolutely harmless, and will effect a permanent and speedy cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. It has been given in thousands of cases, and in every instance a perfect cure has followed. *It never fails.* The system once impregnated with the Specific, it becomes an utter impossibility for the liquor appetite to exist. For circular and full particulars address GOLDEN SPECIFIC CO., 185 Race St., Cincinnati, O.

BANKING OFFICE
—OF—
U. E. THOMPSON

BRIDGE STREET, BELLEVILLE, ON

American Currency and Drafts Bought and Sold.

Deposits received, subject to withdrawn without notice and interest allowed

EYE, EAR & THROAT
DR. RYERSON.

L. R. C. P., L. R. C. S. E., Lecturer on the Eye, Ear and Throat, Trinity Medical College, Toronto, and Surgeon to the Mercer Eye and Ear Infirmary.

60 College Avenue, Toronto.

M. C. ROBLIN
ISSUER OF
MARRIAGE LICENCES

and agent of the Lancashire Insurance Company. Office over Hooey & Sons, Front Street, Belleville. 1384 1y

A. G. NORTHRUP,
Issuer of Marriage Licences,
OFFICE—SHIRE HALL, BELLEVILLE
November 10

The Great English Prescription.

A successful Medicine used over 30 years in thousands of cases. Cures *Spermatorrhea, Nervous Weakness, Emissions, Impotency* and all diseases caused by abuse. [BEFORE] indiscretion, or over-exertion. [AFTER] Six packages *Guaranteed to Cure when all others Fail.* Ask your Druggist for The Great English Prescription, take no substitute. One package $1. Six $5, by mail. Write for Pamphlet. Address Eureka Chemical Co., Detroit, Mich.

FOR SALE BY D. M. WATERS.

Try FROSTILLA.

It softens the roughest skin and keeps it in good condition.

It contains nothing greasy or sticky, is nicely perfumed, a lady's toilet not complete without it.

An elegant face dressing for gentlemen after shaving.

For sale at the PHARMACY.

D. M. WATERS.

NEVER ALLOW the bowels to remain constipated lest serious evil ensue. National Pills are unsurpassed as a remedy for constipation.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

Is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

GREAT REDUCTION
—IN—
Sleighs & Baskets
—AT THE—
City Book Store.

Having decided to take Baskets from stock, will, for a week, offer them at cost.

Sleighs also for balance of season at bottom prices. Including a few Children's Cutters which should be seen by any who could use them.

C. B. SCANTLEBURY,
Headquarters for School Publications, New Music and Fine Stationery.

NEWCOMBE PIANOFORTES

AWARDED FIRST SILVER MEDAL

WORLD'S EXPOSITION, NEW ORLEANS, U.S.A., 1884-5, in competition with the pianofortes of Europe and America. The only U.S. International Medal ever awarded to a Canadian pianoforte; also Medal and Diploma at the Colonial and Indian Exhibition, London, Eng., 1886, with the supreme honor of supplying Her Majesty the Queen with a Newcombe Grand, selected by Sir Arthur Sullivan. For Illustrated Catalogue, prices and terms,

Address **Octavius Newcombe & Co.,**
MANUFACTURERS
WAREROOMS, 107-109 CHURCH ST., TORONTO
FACTORY, 89 TO 97 BELLWOODS AVENUE

CLARKE'S
Glycerine .·. Jelly

For ROUGH SKIN, CHAPPED HANDS, SORE LIPS, etc.

It penetrates the skin, leaving it soft and white.

It is not sticky, and a glove can be put on immediately after using.

Price 20 cents. For sale by

-F. CHARLES CLARKE,-
CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST.
Telephone 138. Front Street.

DUNN'S BAKING POWDER
THE COOK'S BEST FRIEND

Gents' .·. Furnishings!

A FULL LINE of Gentlemen's Goods for the Fall and Winter.

Shirts made to order and a good fit guaranteed.

C. J. PANTER.

D. LOW'S WORM SYRUP

DESTROYS AND REMOVES WORMS OF ALL KINDS IN CHILDREN OR ADULTS SWEET AS SYRUP AND CANNOT HARM THE MOST DELICATE CHILD

PILES! PILES! PILES!

Dr. William's Indian Pile Ointment is a sure cure for Blind, Bleeding or Itching Piles. No one need suffer. Prepared for Piles only. It never fails to cure. Sold by druggists for $1.00, or mailed on receipt of price. WILLIAMS M'f'g Co., Cleveland, Ohio.

Daily Intelligencer.

THAT TINY SPECK OF WAR

NOTHING KNOWN AT WASHINGTON ABOUT THE SAMOAN STORY.

The Belief That the Report Is False Unchanged—Stirring Rumors Cause Wild Excitement in San Francisco.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—There is still a dearth of news from Samoa in the State and Navy Departments. In the State Department the fact that they have not been officially advised of the blowing up of the Nipsic is regarded as sufficient evidence that no such thing has happened. They have not telegraphed the acting consul for the reason that it is not to be supposed that he has neglected his duty and failed to inform his government of an event of such importance. In answer to the suggestion that the Germans would control every avenue by which the news could reach the United States, it is said that they could not prevent the information from reaching England through some of the English vessels at Samoa, even supposing that the reported engagement had been followed by a declaration of war, which might have resulted in cutting off Consul Blacklock from the cable at Auckland. Naval officers here without exception also discredit the story, although they admit that the Nipsic would have been overmatched by the Olga in a sea fight. They are rather inclined to accept the view taken by certain of the English papers that the publication in the German newspapers was thrown out as a feeler to learn how an attempt to chastise the Mataafa forces for the killing of the German seamen would be received in Germany and America.

Secretary Tracy and Commodore Walker denounce the story as an absurd fabrication. It is learned that the reported destruction of the Nipsic was not even mentioned at the cabinet meeting yesterday afternoon, which fact is an additional proof that none of the executive departments are in possession of information which would confirm the rumor.

'Frisco Excited.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 10.—The newspapers here yesterday put out bulletins stating that the rumor that the Nipsic had been sunk and the Alameda captured by the Germans, had been confirmed by private advices. Tremendous crowds collected about the offices and the excitement was intense.

In an editorial article headed, "The First Shot," commenting upon the reported engagement between the United States steamer Nipsic and the German corvette Olga, The California Democrat, leading German paper of this city, will say to-morrow: "As an American citizen of German extraction we cannot but deeply deplore this unfortunate quarrel between the country of our choice and that of our birth. But whatever may come, there remain but two roads to follow: Either we must rally round the starry flag and defend it with our lives and our fortunes, or we have to shake off American citizenship by emigrating from this country, and since we have come here to stay we will stand and fall by our flag, our country right or wrong."

The Situation in Samoa.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—The following is a part of the last letter from Capt. Mullan, of the United States steamer Nipsic, received by his brother in this city. The letter is dated Apia, Jan. 18:

"Here in Samoa we have war times and excitement. Germany has declared war against Mataafa and proclaimed martial law here and in Samoa. I have protested against this martial law business, and think it has had a beneficial effect. Things are all exciting here. They are at war with Mataafa, but all their proclamations are directed against foreigners. They carry on a high game here, and our Government has but one vessel while they have three good ships.

"I hear by way of Auckland that we will have more ships here. God only knows how this affair will end. The Samoans do not want Germany to annex their island, but have long ago asked both England and the United States to take them.

"The little paper published here, The Samoan Times, has been suppressed by the Germans. On Jan. 9 the German consulate, German Consul's house, etc., were burned. Loss $100,000. It was the greatest fire ever in Apia. I sent men to render aid.

"I hear Germany intends sending out troops. The German Consul at Auckland chartered a small English steamer the other day and sent her here with important German despaches, but what these despatches were no one but Germans know."

TEN PER CENT.

A Windsor Alderman Receives an Objectionable Letter Concerning a Contract.

WINDSOR, March 10.—For some months Windsor has been agitating the opening of certain streets in the western part of the town and a bylaw was introduced and passed for that purpose. Arbitrators were appointed and are now holding meetings listening to the different sides of the question as to what will be allowed the property owners through which the streets will pass. The survey as made will require the moving of a number of residences, and these will have to be let by tender to the Board of Public Works, who make the award.

Thursday last Ald. John Harmon received a letter purporting to be from Goodman & Clark house movers of Detroit, which is a flagrant violation of the criminal law of Canada. The letter is written on the bill heads of the above firm and purports to be signed by Mr. Clark, the junior partner of the firm, who was in Windsor a few days previous to the date of the letter. It winds up with the following: "I have this proposition to make, Mr. Harmon. It is customary in Detroit, when a job is given to remunerate the one who has the giving of it, and if you will secure me the job of moving the houses on the proposed streets I will give you 10 per cent. on all jobs."

As yet comparatively few are aware of the receipt of the letter by Ald. Harmon. The law states that the attempted bribery or intimidation of any public officer is punishable by a long term in prison. Magistrate Bartlett said last evening that it was one of the grossest pieces of impudence he had ever seen. The letter will be laid before the Committee on Public Works on Tuesday.

WHEN THEY ARE RIPE.

An Ex-Torontonian's Prophecies About Canada and the States.

NEW YORK, March 10.—To-day's Herald contains a long letter from Rev. W. A. Crawford-Frost of St. Paul's Church, Charlottetown, P. E. I., in which the writer prophesies that within the next century the United States will become a monarchy, that Canada will not be a colony of Great Britain more than twenty-five or thirty years longer but will become independent, and that when both countries are ripe for it they will unite in one kingdom.

Discovery of a Treasonable Plot.

CALCUTTA, March 10.—A sensation has been caused here by the discovery of a plot in Cashmere against the life of the British Resident. The Maharajah has offered to abdicate.

WOMAN AND HER WAYS.

FASHIONS, FOIBLES AND FANCIES OF THE FAIR SEX.

A Budget of Notes and Gossip of Interest to all our Fair Readers—Some Hints as to Attire.

When Lent comes, writes a well known fashion authority, women begin to consider the winter's wear and tear upon their clothes and their consciences. It is a question which receives the first attention, but it is certainly a pleasanter task to repair one's wardrobe than it is to put moral patches on one's character. At all events, the great majority of women seem to be equally interested in beautifying their souls and adorning their bodies.

Gay gowns are laid away for the forty days and quiet robes are brought forth, for the penitent must detach her thoughts from all worldly things and think more of life and its resolves and endeavors than balls and frivolity. The simpler the better for church dresses—or dress rather, for little change is considered necessary in matters of devotion. Flowers, of course, will be worn, but they promise to be white and inexpensive. Violets will still be largely in demand and stiff little daisies, virginal white chrysanthemums, and such like will be pinned on the muffs, tucked in the front of capes, and carried in the hand of the church-goer.

With one appropriate street suit the ordinary woman may contentedly wait for Easter styles, but her chief perplexity concerns her at-home gowns. Several manufacturers have arranged for this feminine want, and silk blouse waists of every shade and style are shown in all the dry goods shops. At present these waists are quite costly, the prettiest ones ranging in prices from $10 to $25. When worn with handsome skirts that have belonged to cast-aside bodices the blouses are quite pretty. Some of them are trimmed with passementerie and fasten at the waist with picturesque girdles. But the silk blouse will be a passing fancy. It will soon descend to the bargain counter, and, with all its intricate shirring and smocking, become as common as the much-abused jersey.

THE SILK BLOUSE.

Plaited collars of colored crape are fashionable and becoming; collarettes of ribbon are also much worn. The fancy jabots of ruching and ribbon are sold for middle-aged and elderly women, but they are not to be recommended. Real lace is the only dressy sort of neck lingerie for staid matrons. It is never out of style—it is always handsome. Only let it not be allowed to become soiled. It may be yellow with age, but must not be anything but clean.

Nothing is prettier or more womanly than the fichu, which is revived with other old-fashioned fancies. If it were not for the snowy fichu, folded so decorously over her breast, Martha Washington would not have been half so charmingly dignified in appearance. It is the cap and kerchief that lend half the quaint stateliness to the pictures so familiar to everyone.

Spring bonnets and hats are to be covered with all sorts of artificial flowers and the market is already flooded with cheap muslin and wire travesties upon the real blossoms. City streets are full of women who go shopping with five cent bunches of muslin violets pinned upon muff and bonnet. The passer by idly wonders who started such a senseless, vulgar fashion, and groans in spirit because so few women have any idea of the eternal fitness of things.

Street gowns for the young woman, although as simple in fashion as those for evening wear, have adopted and modified for their own especial use Empire and Directoire styles alike. Dull, rich colors that were suited for the winter months are fading now to lighter shades. Grays, greens, tans, and gray-blues are made into suits of the solid color, with even no touch of silk velvet or braid to relieve the monotony. Two shades are often combined, with fine effects. These goods that come with wide silk and satin borders will need no other addition of trimming.

The young woman of sixteen or eighteen summers is a charming subject for costuming. Her figure, that at twenty will settle into well-defined lines, is just now full of sweet curves about which soft, silky materials cling gracefully. Absolute simplicity should then be observed in dressing the pretty maid, and goods of the softest texture used. The pale-tinted and white china silks will answer this purpose in every respect. Delicate pink, with a flush of yellow to soften the tone, is a color that a blonde or brunette may wear with perfect confidence. Make the skirt of such a gown either full-gathered, falling straight to a deep hem, or accordion plaited, without any further touch of ornamentation. The waist may follow out any one of a dozen styles all appropriate and pretty, and is finished by a broad sash of the china silk, tied to one side or the back in a loose double knot, with fringed ends falling to the skirt hem. A crisp, fresh appearance can be added to throat and wrists by muslin plaitings that give a flower-like and girlish look withal.

Mrs. Frances Hodgson Burnett, the author of Little Lord Fauntleroy, makes $60,000 a year from her literary labors; and Mrs. Amélie Rives-Chanler, author of The Quick and The Dead, is accredited with having made $12,000 last year out of her contributions to current literature.

Saved From a Boycott.

"So you are married!" exclaimed one as they met in front of the postoffice.

"Yes."

"But I thought you broke your engagement with him?"

"I did—almost, but he threatened to have me boycotted and I thought it best to marry him."—Detroit Free Press.

RURAL ENTERPRISE.

How the Windy Hollow Bugle's Society Department was Conducted.

The Windy Hollow Bugle, emulating its metropolitan contemporaries, recently inaugurated a "Society" department, the conductor of which was instructed to comment upon the frivolities of village life in a light, airy and graceful manner. The result of his labors, which we give below, was received with enthusiasm by the elite of Windy Hollow, and the department bids fair to become a great success:

GRIGGS—The large and elegant chromo of Washington crossing the Delaware, recently received by Mrs. Squire Griggs from a New York tea company, has been much admired.

JUDKINS—Considerable comment was occasioned in fashionable circles by the fact that Si. Judkins saw Mamie Pillsbury home from singing school on Thursday night. Rumors of on engagement are rife. How is it, Si?

WATKINS—The doughnuts which were so thoroughly appreciated at the donation party last Tuesday night were not fried by Mrs. Deacon Watkins, as has been stated, but by the wife of the pastor. Fashionable society having been somewhat exercised on this question, we are glad to be able to settle the matter. Honor to whom honor is due.

PETTIBONE—Miss Susie Pettibone is, beyond question, the acknowledged belle of Windy Hollow. She is engaged to be married to the editor of this department. This is the first official announcement of the fact, and it is made to save trouble.

JENKINSON—As Mrs. Azariah Senkinson laid a five-pound mince-pie upon our desk this morning, we observed that she wore a new strawberry blonde bang of the latest cut. It harmonized admirably with her complexion. Mrs. Jenkinson is an acknowledged leader of fashion.

PARKER—The new style of sun-bonnet introduced by Mrs. Deacon Parker is finding many imitators among our bon ton. It is made of black and red striped gingham instead of the conventional brown or blue. Mrs. Parker's tout ensemble is always sans reproche.—N. Y. World.

GATHERED IN A WIDE FIELD.

The milk business requires neatness, carefulness and promptitude. The work must be carried on with the regularity of a clock.

Many farmers do not yet fully appreciate the value of bran as a feeding material. For growing animals it may form a considerable part of the rations.

Imagine the profits of sheep husbandry with the demand for mutton doubled, as it would be if good mutton was as easy to procure as poor mutton is now.

The commercial phosphate is made by dissolving bone meal with sulphuric acid, and potash is added in the form of muriate of potash, or other German potash salts.

Always incorporate the manure thoroughly with the soil in applying round the roots of trees. It is injurious to the roots to apply manure of any kind directly to them.

When fruit is stored in a fruit house it is desirable to have the temperature kept as near forty degrees as possible. Of course it is expected that it will vary somewhat, but the nearer it can be kept to this the better will be the result.

Either red clover alone or clover and orchard grass are the best to use in seeding down the orchard. But do not be in too much of a hurry to seed down unless the soil is rich and in good tilth and the trees have made a good, healthy growth.

If a peach tree shows sign of decay, and has not been attacked by the borer, cut it back almost to the main trunk, leaving the tree to form new brahches from the young shoot of this season. If the trunk is sound a new tree can be produced, and one that will be nearly as good as a younger one.

It is suggested that the seed balls of potatoes be cut off when the plants are growing in order to divert the energies in the direction of the tubers, as the production of seed and tubors at the same time is a double task. It is an experiment that every farmer can try, even if only on one row.

Young colts will soon learn to eat oats when in the stalls with their dams, and an excellent way to make the young lambs grow is to keep ground oats where they can eat whenever they so desire, but the food should be so placed that the lambs can get to it while the old sheep cannot reach it.

It is estimated that every bushel of hardwood ashes is worth at least 25 cents, and they therefore partially remunerate for the cost of the wood. The ashes should be stored in a dry place and covered, as draw moisture from the atmosphere.

The Bartlett and Clapp's Favor pears are considered the best of all varieties for quality and the Seckel the surest crop producer. Crab apples are now being planted by fruit growers, they being in demand in the fruit season for preserves and jellies.

The rose can be grown indoors in pots, and is used for a greater number of purposes than any other flower. The young plants should not be set out too early. Trim off the surplus branches of the old bushes and cut back some of the old wood.

Stone Steps or Death.

"I want stone steps to this house," she said to the architect as they were discussing the plans.

"Yes'm, but stone steps are dangerous in winter."

"I don't care. Mrs. Blank has stone steps to her house, and I'll have to mine."

"Yes, but she fell on them and broke a leg the other day."

"Then I'll fall and break both legs. I'm not going to let her crow over me!"—Detroit Free Press.

A TWENTIETH CENTURY JUDGE, SURE.

Mother (severely)—"Robert you did very wrong to do what I told you not to do. As a punishment for your disobedience I forbid you to play with Willie again this afternoon."

Bobby and Willie twist nervously about their respective chairs for half an hour, when Willie observes:

"Ma, do you think it's fair to punish both of us for what Bobby done?"—Birmingham (N. Y.) Republican.

SHE KNEW.

Little Margherita, 5 years old, a little girl who often expresses her wonderment about the here and the hereafter, said to her mother the other day, after a long time spent in meditation: "I know what God does with our soul after we die; He makes another body and puts the soul into that. So all the dead peoples go into live peoples, and He keeps putting a soul into new bodies till its all used up!"—Boston Transcript.

Why She Loved his Preaching.

One Sunday, as a certain Scottish minister was returning homeward, he was accosted by an old woman, who said: "Oh, sir, well do I like the day that you preach." The minister was aware that he was not very popular, and he answered: "My good woman, I am glad to hear it. There are too few like you. And why do you like the day when I preach?" "Oh, sir," she replied, "when you preach I always get a good seat."

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall-st., N. Y.

A High Valuation.

"If there was only one bottle of Hagyard's Yellow Oil in Manitoba, I would give one hundred dollars for it," writes Philip H. Brant, of Monteith, Manitoba, after having used it for severe wound and for frozen fingers, with, as he says, "astonishing results."

Dangerous Counterfeits.

Counterfeits are always dangerous, more so that they always closely IMITATE THE ORIGINAL IN APPEARANCE AND NAME. The remarkable success achieved by Nasal Balm as a positive cure for Catarrh and Cold in the Head has induced unprincipled parties to imitate it. The public are cautioned not to be deceived by nostrums imitating Nasal Balm in name and appearance, bearing such names as Nasal Cream, Nasal Balsam, etc. Ask for Nasal Balm and do not take any imitation dealers may urge upon you. For sale by all druggists or sent post-paid on receipt of price (50c. and $1,) by addressing Fulford & Co., Brockville, Ont.

Health Failing Fast.

I was swollen from head to foot from dropsy of six months' standing, and my health was failing fast, but after taking one bottle of Burdock Blood Bitters, I am quite well, and think there is no medicine equal to B. B.B., and to it I remain a true friend." Joseph Heric, Linwood, Ont.

There are a number of varieties of corns. Holloway's Corn Cure will remove any of them Call on your druggist and get a bottle at once.

Orin Catlin, 49 Pearl Street Buffalo, N. Y., says: I tried various remedies for the piles but found no relief until I used Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, which entirely cured me after a few applications.

Do not delay in getting relief for the little folks. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is a pleasant and sure cure. If you love your child why do you let it suffer when a remedy is so near at hand?

The cheapest medicine in use is Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, because so very little of it is requred to effect a cure. For croup, diphtheria, and diseases of the lungs and throat, whether used for bathing the chest or throat, for taking internally or inhaling, it is a matchless compound.

Mr. Thomas Ballard, Syracuse, N. Y., writes: 'I have been afflicted for nearly a year with that most-to-be dreaded disease Dyspepsia, and at times worn out with pain and want of sleep, and after trying almost everything recommended I tried one box of Parmelee's Valuable Pills. I am now nearly well, and believe they will cure me. I would not be without them for any money."

PARMELEE'S PILLS possess the power of acting specifically upon the diseased organs, stimulating to action the dormant energies of the system, thereby removing disease. In fact, so great is the power of this medicine to cleanse and purify, that diseases of almost every name and nature are driven from the body.' Mr. D. Carswell, Carswell P. O., Ont., writes: "I have tried Parmelee's Pills and find them an excellent medicine, and one that will sell well."

EXHAUSTED VITALITY.

THE SCIENCE OF LIFE, the great Medical Work of the age on Manhood, Nervous and Physical Debility, Premature Decline, Errors of Youth, and the untold miseries consequent thereon, 360 pages 8 vo., 125 prescriptions for all diseases. Cloth, full gilt, only $1, by mail, sealed. Illustrative sample free to all young and middle aged men. Send now. The Gold and Jewelled Medal awarded to the author by the National Medical Association. Address P. O. Box 1895, Boston, Mass., or Dr. W. H. PARKER, graduate of Harvard Medical College, 25 years' practice in Boston, who may be consulted confidentially. Specialty, Diseases of Men. Office, No. 4, Bulfinch Street,

J. M. FORTIER,
Wholesale .·. Cigar .·. Manufacturer,
145 151 ST. MAURICE STREET,
MONTREAL
P. S.—Special and Private Brands a specialty.

A NASAL INJECTOR free with each bottle of Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. Price 50 cents. Sold by D. M. Waters.

NATIONAL COLONIZATION
LOTTERY

Under the patronage of the Rev. Father Labelle

Established in 1884, under the Act of Quebec 32 Vict., Chapt. 36, for the benefit of the Diocesan Societies of Colonization of the Province of Quebec.

Class D.—The 21st Monthly Drawing will take place Wednesday, March the 20th, at 2 p. m.

Prizes value		$50,000 00
Capital Prize: One real estate worth		$5,000 00
1 Real Estate worth	$5,000	5,000
1 do	2,000	2,000
1 do	1,000	1,000
4 do	500	2,000
10 Real Estates	300	3,000
30 Furniture Sets	200	6,000
60 do	100	6,000
200 Gold Watches	50	10,000
1,000 Silver Watches	10	10,000
1,000 Toilet Sets	5	5,000
2,307 Prizes worth		$50,000 00

TICKETS - - $1.00

Offers are made to all winners to pay their prizes cash, less a commission of 10 p. c.

Winners' names not published unless specially authorized

Drawings on the Third Wednesday of every Month.

S. E. LEFEBVRE, Secretary,
Offices, 19 St. James street, Montreal, Can.
192dly

Economy, Equity, Stability.

Ontario Mutual Life Assurance Co.

(ESTABLISHED 1870.)

DOMINION DEPOSIT - $100,000.

Assurances in force, Jan. 1st, 1889	$12,041,914
New Assurances written in 1888	2,518,650
Cash Income for 1888	393,074
Assets, Dec 31st, 1888	1,313,853
Liabilities, as per Gov't Valuation	1,223,516

SURPLUS, - - $90,337.00.

The New Business for January and February of this year is MUCH GREATER than was ever before written by the Company during the same months, while, with over $12,000,000 on our books, the death losses have been very moderate.

S. BURROWS,
General Agent Ontario Mutual Life Co'y.

S. ROUGHTON, } Special Agents.
W. E. HOLTON, }

Office, Front Street, next door to Dominion Bank, Belleville.

Two Years' Profits!

THOSE INSURING IN THE

—"CANADA LIFE"—

before the 30th of April next will be entitled to two full years' profits in the division of April the 30th, 1890.

T. DONNELLY,
General Agent, Belleville.

AGENTS WANTED.
Feb'y 2, 1889. d&wly

S. W. BRADSHAW

Wishes to inform the citizens of Belleville that he has BOUGHT OUT THE

GROCERY

(lately occupied by Mr. Arch. Wallace,)

CORNER OF HOTEL AND ANN STREETS

where he intends to keep a full supply of the best of Groceries always fresh, and his stock of Provisions, such as Meats and Vegetables, will be especially fresh and in great variety and delivered with despatch. All orders by telephone No. 53) will be promptly delivered to any part of the city.

N. B.—Please remember Telephone No. 53.

BITTER----
----ORANGES
—FOR—
MARMALADE
JUST RECEIVED.

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE
Grocers and wine merchants,
35 & 37 Bridge Street.

Also Front Street, }
Opp. Ritchie's. }

SPENCERIAN STEEL PENS
Are the Best,

IN THE ESSENTIAL QUALITIES OF **Durability, Evenness of Point, and Workmanship.**

Works: Birmingham, England.

Sold by the leading Stationers.

-----NEW-----

Sugar Cured Hams, Breakfast Bacon, Finnan Haddies, Boneless Codfish, New Walnuts, New Filberts, S. S. Almonds, Loose Muscatel Raisins, Black Basket Raisins, London Layer Raisins, Buckwheat Flour, Selfraising Buckwheat Flour, Roll Butter, Fresh Eggs

AT A. WALLACE'S.

RAYMOND C. ROLPH
SIGN PAINTER.

LETTERING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

Corner of Front and Campbell Streets.
80dly

Daily Intelligencer.

THE DAILY INTELLIGENCER is published every evening except Sunday, and delivered by careful carriers in all parts of the city for Five Dollars a year, or Fifty Cents a month.

THE WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER is published every Thursday morning, and sent, postpaid, to any address in Canada, the United States or Great Britain for One Dollar a year.

ADVERTISEMENTS, first insertion, 10 cents per nonpareil line; each subsequent consecutive insertion, 5 cents per line; when not inserted every day, 10 cents per line each insertion.

READING MATTER NOTICES, 15 cents per line each insertion.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS, 50 cents each insertion. With notice of funeral added the charge for death notices is $1.

CONTRACTS made for business advertisements for one month or longer at reduced rates.

Remittances, Drafts, Cheques, and Post-Office Orders should be made payable to the order of

INTELLIGENCER PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO'Y (LIMITED),
Belleville, Ont.

Largest Daily Circulation in Belleville.

BELLEVILLE, MONDAY, MAR. 11

AN ILLUSION DISPELLED.

One of the inducements held out by the advocates of free trade with the United States for the support of their project was that American manufacturers would locate in Canada and that a large amount of American capital would flow, in a glorious and all-enriching tidal wave, into the Dominion. We took occasion, during the long discussion of the subject in these columns, to point out on the authority of a memorial to Congress from the American Shipping and Industrial League, that the statement was a mere figment of the imagination, as all the avenues of production in the United States were overcrowded and the influential League in question were asking for legislation of such a character as would open new markets to American industry, the productive power of which was so far in excess of the requirements of the country as to have caused an immense over-production which greatly embarrassed the manufacturers.

We further quoted from the speeches of Messrs. Wiman and Butterworth before the people of the United States, that the inducement which was held out to the people of that country was that Canada would furnish a new market of five millions of people to commence with for the manufactures of the United States—that America would drive Great Britain out of the market of her chief colony—and that Canada would furnish in abundance cheap raw material for American manufacturers to work up and sell in a manufactured state to the producers, thus benefitting American industry and dealing a heavy blow at that of Great Britain.

Finally, we have the American Export and Trading Company of New York, presenting to the Senate of the United States, through Senator Evarts, a petition which states, among other things:

> "That the supply of products manufactured in this country of almost every kind exceeds the demand for home consumption, and the all important question arises, 'Where shall we find desirable and profitable new markets for the disposal of our surplus stock of goods?' The intelligent solution of this question lies in the advantages which enterprising American merchants and manufacturers may enjoy by cultivating closer and more friendly relations with the people of Mexico, Central and South America, the West Indies and Brazil and other foreign countries where foreign goods are in demand, and where goods of *American manufacture* can find ready sale at advantageous prices by a judicious cultivation of better trade relations."

The italics are ours. If, in face of all this evidence to the contrary, there are still those who believe that under free trade the United States would afford a market for Canadian manufactures and that capitalists would flock from the United States into Canada and expend numerous sums in the establishment of manufacturing industries, we can but wonder at their amazing credulity.

A NOTABLE ANNIVERSARY.

The death of Capt. John Ericsson, the great Swedish-American inventor, at New York on the 7th inst., recalls the fact that, twenty-seven years ago, the iron turreted "Monitor" of his invention saved the United States from a great disaster—perhaps from total defeat—in the war of the rebellion, and revolutionized naval warfare. On the 8th of April 1862, as stated by a contemporary, the blockading fleet in Hampton Roads, Virginia, were assailed by the iron-clad ram "Merrimac," which had been covered at Norfolk with a sloping roof of railroad iron. It attacked and sunk the frigates "Cumberland" and "Congress." On the next day the iron-clad "Monitor" entered the harbor. This was the first of the turret-ships, its flat deck being nearly flush with the water, and its guns in a revolving turret. There followed the first battle on record between two iron-clad war vessels. The fight continued for 5 hours, when the "Merrimac" withdrew for repairs, being seriously disabled.

Previous to this France had her iron-clad "La Gloire," and England her mail-protected "Warrior," but the combat above alluded to revolutionized naval warfare.

ENGLISH IN THE SCHOOLS.

The Minister of Education has admitted, during a debate on Friday, that, in some of the schools in the province the French language and in other schools the German language, is taught, to the exclusion of English, except as a foreign tongue. Mr. Meredith voiced the sentiment of the people of this province when he said, in denouncing this violation of the law, that the people of Ontario will not tolerate it. As Mr. Meredith pointed out, the State of Ohio, which has a very large German population, permits German to be taught in the public schools as a subject of education, but the State of Ohio allows only that English should be the language in which instruction must be imparted, in other words that German may be taught as any other foreign language was taught in any school in that State or anywhere else. There would not be any very strong objection to a similar provision for teaching French, German or Gaelic in certain schools of the province, but the people will insist upon English being the language of our public schools.

TO-NIGHT'S MEETING.

The first meeting of the Board of Trade and the committee of the City Council, in reference to the projected industrial boom, will be held in the City Hall to-night. That there will be a largely attended and business-like meeting we feel assured, as never perhaps in the history of our beautiful city have the people been so much in earnest in the desire to help themselves. It is not probable that any time will be lost in getting down to business, and the ability and standing of the gentlemen to whom the matter has remitted, gives confidence that the best possible means of achieving the desired results will be adopted.

THAT HACKING COUGH can be so quickly cured by Shiloh's Cure. We guarantee it. For sale by D. M. Waters.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

'Twould be a Great Thing for Boston.

COMMERCIAL UNION OR UNRESTRICTED RECIPROCITY IS JUST WHAT THE BEAN EATERS WANT.

Says the Boston *Herald:* There is hardly an industry carried on in this city that would not feel the stimulating influence in increased demand if the trade barriers which separate us from the Dominion were torn down. The jobbers and retail dealers of the Canadian cities and towns would then come to our market in the same way that the dealers in the New England cities and towns now come here for the purpose of purchasing supplies for their home trade, while our Boston business houses would then include the provinces of Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, Quebec, and possibly Ontario, in the range which they would consider it necessary to cover with their travelling salesmen. This demand would not come to one class of trade alone, for the Canadian consumption is practically the same as our own. It would be equivalent to the addition at least of 2,000,000 purchasers to the number who are at this time

TRIBUTARY TO THE BOSTON MARKET.

Nor would this demand upon us for goods be the only or the most advantageous result which would follow a union between the two countries. What we should receive from Canada would be of even more value than what Canada took from us. In the first place, the fisheries question would receive a final settlement. Both inshore and offshore fisheries would be thrown open to our fishermen, while they would then have all the opportunities they could desire to purchase bait and supplies, and unrestricted freedom in the transhipment of their catch. If they wished to ship sailors near the fishing grounds, they could do so without trouble or expense; while, coming under the same laws, such Canadian vessels as were in the fishing business would necessarily be subjected to the same general system of taxation, so that, if the fishermen of Boston and Gloucester did not hold their own with those of New Brunswick or Nova Scotia, it would be solely because the latter were superior in the effective manner in which they carried on their business.

(Grit papers please copy.)

Casting Plate Glass.

The casting tables, the most important piece of apparatus in a plate-glass works, are 19 feet long, 14 feet wide, and seven inches thick. Each is provided with an iron roller, 30 inches in diameter and 15 feet long. Strips of iron on each side of the table afford a bearing for the rollers to determine the thickness of the plate to be cast. The rough plate is commonly nine-sixteenths of an inch in thichness; after polishing, it is reduced to six or seven sixteenths. The casting tables are mounted on wheels that run on a track that reaches every furnace and annealing oven in the building. The tables having been wheeled as near as possible to the melting furnace, the pot of molten glass is lifted by means of a crane, and its contents quickly poured on the table. The heavy iron roller is then passed from end to end, spreading the glass into a layer of uniform thickness. The whole operation of casting scarcely occupies more time than it takes to describe it. Each movement is made with almost nervous rapidity. Few industries offer such fine scenic display as the pouring of the molten glass. One feels like crying Encore! it is so very brilliant.

In contact with the cold metal of the table, the glass cools rapidly. As soon as possible the door of the annealing oven is opened, and the plate of glass introduced. The floor of the oven is on the same level as the casting table, so that the transfer can be conveniently and quickly made. When, after several days, the glass is taken out of the oven, its surface is found to be decidedly rough and uneven. A small quantity is used in this condition for sky-lights and other purposes, where strength is required without transparency. It is known in the market as rough plate. The greater part of the glass, however, is ground, smoothed and polished before it leaves the establishment.

Corn Sowing

Is a process conducted by the agency of tight boots all the year around. Corn reaping is best conducted through the agency of Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor, the only safe and sure-pop corn cure. Putnam's Extractor is now widely imitated. Beware of all poisonous and sore producing substitutes.

Nautical Facts.

Anchors were invented by the Tuscans. The second tooth, or fluke, was added by Anacharsis 502 B. C.

Chain cables were introduced into the navy about 1812. Rope making machines were invented by Richard March in 1874.

Compasses are said to have been known to the Chinese 1115 B. C., and were brought to Europe by Marco Polo, a Venetian, A. D. 1260.

Copper sheathing was first applied to the bottom of vessels in 1761, when the English naval vessel Alarm was so sheathed at Woolwich.

Admiral, derived from the Greek almyros. The title was adopted in England about 1300, but was previously in use in France, the French Admiral being appointed about 1284.

Captain is said to be derived from the eastern military term katapan, meaning "over everything," but the term capitho was in use among the Italians nearly 200 years before Bacillius II. appointed his katapan of Apulia and Colobia, A. D. 984.

Capstans have been used from the earliest times as a mechanical power. It was in use by the English, French and Spanish as early as the fifteenth century, and the drum capstan, in nearly its present form, was invented by Sir Thomas Moreland in 1661.

Great guns were introduced into fighting ships in 1405. At first a few cannons or other pieces of ordnance were mounted on the deck of the galley en barbette, to be fired over the sides, which were very low. Soon after the top sides were raised and port holes were cut through them.

—Hereafter police sergeants in New York will be paid $2,000 per year.

—W. R. Bradshaw, Coehill, writes that he saw several butterflies on the first day of March.

—The stone cutters employed by W. Davis & Son on the Cornwall canal works are on strike for an advance in wages.

For lame back, side or chest, use Shiloh's Porous Plaster. Price 25 cents. Sold by D.M Waters.

—The Guinea gold mine in Kaladar township is being worked. A crusher with a capacity of thirty tons per day has been erected.

—While a party of students at Zurich were making bombs an explosion occurred killing one and wounding several others. Many arrests were made.

FOR NETTLE RASH, Summer Heat and general toilet purposes, use Low's Sulphur Soap

—The Irish societies of New York have decided to make the celebration of St. Patrick's Day a demonstration in honor of Mr. Parnell and the Irish patriots.

—Advices from Berne say the damage done by the recent snowstorm is enormous. Thousands of splendid firs were destroyed and several old inns and bridges ruined.

CATARRH CURED, health and sweet breath secured, by Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy Price 50 cents. Nasal Injector free. For sale by D. M. Waters.

THE HIGH COM'S REPORT.

WHAT SIR CHARLES SAYS ABOUT COLONIAL MATTERS AT HOME.

Immigration From Great Britain and the Continent to This Country—Trade and Commerce with the Mother Land.

OTTAWA, March 11.—Sir Charles Tupper has issued his annual report in connection with his office as High Commissioner for Canada. The document is an appendix to the report of the Minister of Agriculture and deals extensively with the question of emigration from Great Britain and the Continent to Canada and colonial trade and commerce with the Mother Country.

The following is an extract from the emigration returns issued by the British Board of Trade, so far as they relate to Canada:

Nationalities.	1888.	1887.
English	26,789	24,611
Scotch	5,354	3,612
Irish	2,791	3,802
	34,934	32,025
Foreigners	14,234	12,381
	49,168	44,406

The returns show an increase, both of British emigrants and foreigners, although there is a decrease in the number of departures for the United States. The figures for the latter country were 293,099 as against 296,901 in 1887. There was also a falling off in the emigrants to Australasia, the numbers being 11,811 and 35,198 respectively.

In 1886 the total quantity of wheat imported into Great Britain was 47,404,344 cwts., valued at £17,888,155; in 1887, 55,784,685 cwts., valued at £21,335,902; in 1888, 57,224,-334, valued at £21,971,331, of which there went from British North America and the United States:

QUANTITY.	1886. cwts.	1887. cwts.	1888. cwts.
B. N. A.	3,080,964	3,964,784	1,089,080
United States			
On the Atlantic	13,531,346	20,637,419	6,224,040
On the Pacific	11,089,882	9,967,107	8,423,155

VALUE.	1886. £	1887. £	1888. £
B. N. A.	1,182,728	1,510,305	434,385
United States			
On the Atlantic	5,245,777	7,971,450	2,405,560
On the Pacific	4,261,569	4,014,768	3,278,482

Of wheat meal and flour there were imported into Great Britain in 1886 14,739,232 cwts., valued at £8,254,407; in 1887, 18,050,545 cwts., valued at £10,020,438; in 1888, 16,912,773 cwts., valued at £9,530,800, of which there came from the United States and British North America:

QUANTITY.	1886. cwts.	1887. cwts.	1888. cwts.
United States	11,473,192	14,873,443	12,557,096
B. N. A.	770,530	958,872	785,163

VALUE.	1886. £	1887. £	1888. £
United States	6,197,399	8,055,154	6,835,276
B. N. A.	421,741	535,541	452,400

The imports both of wheat and flour from Canada show a considerable decrease compared with that of the previous year, and the same remark applies to the United States. The feature of the year was the increase in the imports from Russia and Germany. The total imports show a tendency to increase, but it is an important fact for consideration that out of the total quantity of wheat which was imported, about 57,000,000 cwts., less than 12,000,000 cwts. came from British possessions. In the case of wheat, meal and flour, out of nearly 17,000,000 of cwts. imported only 785,163 cwts. came from British territory. It will be seen, therefore, how great a margin there is for a development in the imports from British possessions and particularly from Canada. Great Britain would certainly be in a very serious position in the event of her being embroiled in any war, considering the extent to which she has to rely upon foreign countries at the present time for the means of feeding her rapidly increasing population.

The High Commissioner then refers to the smallness of the imports of barley and oats from Canada, and says this country should have a much larger showing.

The following figures relate to the imports into Great Britain of living animals:

QUANTITIES—CWT.	1886.	1887.	1888.
Oxen and Bulls.			
Totals	241,360	219,222	287,266
Of which from:			
Canada	63,407	62,537	58,761
United States	113,756	94,642	142,865
Cows.			
Totals	42,953	38,766	49,724
Of which from:			
Canada	3,796	2,588	2,216
United States	175	215	630
Sheep and Lambs.			
Totals	1,038,967	971,403	956,210
Of which from:			
Canada	94,343	35,473	45,839
United States	5,553	1,027	1,203

VALUE.—£.	1886.	1887.	1888.
Oxen and Bulls.			
Totals	4,358,817	3,802,655	5,130,837
Of which from:			
Canada	1,140,800	1,089,352	1,036,269
United States	2,270,881	1,849,307	2,840,911
Cows.			
Totals	571,052	489,068	634,282
Of which from:			
Canada	67,878	45,470	40,354
United States	3,352	3,567	12,415
Sheep and Lambs.			
Totals	2,011,198	1,645,837	1,740,549
Of which from:			
Canada	181,050	65,738	89,272
United States	10,706	2,040	1,956

I am sorry to notice, says Sir Charles, that Canada seems to be falling rapidly out of the list in connection with the export of butter. Of over 15,000,000 cwts. imported during the year only 9173 cwts. came from the Dominion. There is no reason whatever that I can see why Canada should not make butter as good as that produced by the other countries which send the bulk of Great Britain's supplies. I trust some means can be found by which Canada may assume the position in this trade which she has a right to occupy, considering the advantages she possesses. Of course the great increase in the exports in cheese from the Dominion may have something to do with the decrease in the exports of butter, but as Canada is able to produce cheese which is regarded as among the best that is imported, it is the subject of remark that she does not occupy a similar position in regard to butter. The question is one which will repay investigation, considering the prices paid in this country. I should think that if butter were properly made, and if care were taken in its packing and in its export, it would realize a handsome profit to all those who interested themselves in the trade. Greater attention might also with advantage be paid to the raising of poultry for consumption here. There is a large market for this kind of produce, and the prices are high. The demand would certainly be greatly increased if the prices were a little lower. The cost of transport from Canada is comparatively light at the present time, and I believe that fowls, ducks, geese and turkeys could be sold here to realize large returns to any persons in the Dominion enterprising enough to engage in the trade. Fowls, ducks and hares are already on the market in London from Russia. The import trade is not very large yet, but it will be seen from the figures that it is rapidly growing.

The cheese importations from Canada and the United States show these figures:

QUANTITY.	1886. cwt.	1887. cwt.	1888. cwt.
From Canada	507,875	631,837	667,461
From United States	854,770	759,463	812,436

VALUE.	1886. £	1887. £	1888. £
From Canada	3,116,178	1,552,764	1,523,833
From United States	1,834,370	1,874,412	1,905,776

TORONTO TOPICS.

Another Fatal Crossing Accident—The Cardwell Election Case.

TORONTO, March 11.—At the meeting of the Toronto Ministerial Association on Saturday a motion condemning the Jesuits' Estates Bill was passed without a dissenting vote.

Mrs. Shannon, 169 Bathurst-street, was passing along King-street west on Saturday night when a thief deftly snatched her purse containing $3 and made good his escape with it.

About 10 o'clock on Saturday night Walter Nicholson of 15 Alice-street was walking along Yonge-street when three men set upon him near Cumberland-street, and knocking him down, went through his pockets. All they got for their trouble was a pawn ticket for a silver watch.

The Cardwell election case was again before Judge Street at Osgoode Hall Saturday morning. The five days' statutory notice of Smith's withdrawal not having been announced in the county paper the case was again adjourned two weeks and will be finally disposed of March 28 at 11 a.m.

It is officially announced that these companies have been incorporated: "The Contructing and Paving Company of Ontario," "The Windsor Manufacturing and Novelty Works Company," "The St John's Good Templar Hall Company of Toronto," "The D. W. Beadle Nursery Company of St. Catharines."

James Alexander Irwin is a Hamilton moulder, 40 years old, who is in custody here on the serious charge of bigamy, it being alleged that he has two wives living, No. 1 in Hamilton and No. 2 in Toronto. He came down from Hamilton Saturday afternoon to see the second wife but was met by Detective Slemin, who arrested him on a warrant sworn out by the Toronto wife.

Where the Grand Trunk Railway crosses Greenwood's sideline seems to be a bad place for accidents. Several have taken place there in past years, and it was only last Thursday night that a man named Donald McBrien met his death there. On Saturday night another was added to the list of victims in the person of James Kirk, a foreman carpenter employed by the Grand Trunk, and who lives at Little York. He was struck by a train and almost cut to pieces, the accident occurring within a few yards of where McBrien met his death. The patrol wagon was summoned and the remains brought to the Morgue, where at 4 o'clock to-day Coroner Duncan will open an inquest.

A SCORCHER AT WALLACEBURG.

Two Blocks in the Heart of the Town Wiped Out by Fire.

WALLACEBURG, March 9.—A disastrous fire broke out about 7 o'clock this morning in the restaurant of George H. Keys, South Wallaceburg. The building being frame, the local fire company, though promptly on hand, could not save it. Next to Keys' was McDonald & Bros.' hardware store. This was soon consumed. To the westward was situated Halpin's bakery. This went next. A vacant store between was also consumed.

A strong northwest wind was blowing at the time and in a few seconds the flames crossed the street and enveloped T. Redpath's fine new hotel, the Oriental. This, with most of its contents, was consumed. Spreading southward the fire engulfed a dwelling occupied by Pierce Welch and owned by Mrs. Smith. Then followed the destruction of the buildings belonging to the Kerr estate and occupied by Green & Christian, butchers; Wm. McGregor, grocer, and B. Wellman, dwelling.

Again crossing the street to the south, Wm. Murdock's butcher shop and dwelling, a tenement house owned by S. Barfoot of Chatham and occupied by S. Terrall; S. Collinge's harness shop and residence, R. C. Stonehouse's grocery store and residence and J. Rose's cooper shop were burned. Two entire blocks in the very heart of the town were wiped out, only one building, the Arthur House, remaining.

The total loss amounts to $20,700, with only $6600 insurance.

A $100,000 Blaze in Columbus, O.

COLUMBUS, O., March 10.—Fire in High-street this morning caused a loss of $100,000.

A GAS SYNDICATE.

The Kingsville, Ont., Well to be Piped for Detroit's Benefit.

OTTAWA, March 10.—American capitalists are organizing a powerful syndicate to convey gas to Detroit from the famous gas well recently discovered accidentally at Kingsville, Ont. The intentions of the capitalists were kept a secret until yesterday, when one of them visited Ottawa to interview the Government with the object of ascertaining whether legislation would be required to enable them to convey gas in pipes from Canada to the United States. Sir John Thompson, Minister of Justice, assured them that they could go ahead without any further delay.

A Clever Forger Nabbed.

MONTREAL, March 9.—Perhaps the sharpest and most successful forger who ever came to Canada was arrested this afternoon. He goes under some twenty aliases, one of them being James Taylor and another Samuel Oakley. His field of operation has included nearly every State in the Union. He managed to introduce himself into church societies, took charge of Sunday schools, joined actively in Young Men's Christian Associations and thus gained the confidence of the upper thousand in large cities. With this confidence to back him he forged cheques on new and wealthy friends, and after having them cashed, quietly took himself to other pastures. This has been going on the last five years, and though most strenuous efforts have been made by the police he always managed to elude them until he pocketed by the trade some $60,000. Last week a private detective here was notified of the man's probable arrival in Canada, and this morning he succeeded in finding him in one of the best hotels in the city, where he posed for the last fifteen days as a nabob whose only occupation seemed to be to make himself agreeable to everyone around him and to try to introduce himself into good families here.

A Serious Accident.

ST. THOMAS, March 10.—While Mrs. John Campbell was attempting to replace a leg under the stove it tumbled over, pinning her to the floor and rendering her unconscious. When she recovered her senses the stove was still across her body, which had been painfully burned by the hot metal. She remained pinned to the floor for ten or eleven hours, or until nearly 7 o'clock next morning, when a neighbor, who had been alarmed by her cries, burst in the door and rescued her. A doctor was summoned and will endeavor to save the patient, although she is terribly injured.

Down on It with Thirty Feet.

MONTREAL, March 9.—Rev. Dr. Smyth, secretary of the Protestant Ministerial Association, has obtained thirty feet of signatures to the petition in opposition to the Jesuits' bill, which represents 1500 names.

SACKED AND BURNT.

Anti-European Riots at Chin Kiang in China—The Town in Ruins.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 9.—The steamer Belgic, which arrived here this morning from Hong Kong and Yokohama, brings the first detailed advices on the recent anti-European riots at Chin Kiang. Chin Kiang is a ruin. The trouble began, it is claimed, in a street row, when a Chinaman was knocked down by a policeman. This excited the mob, and their first act was to destroy the police station. Then they made for the British consulate, where a Chinese inspector, who has not since been seen, is believed to have taken refuge. On the way they fired three foreign houses. The Chinese general in command sent 300 men to protect the consulate. As soon as the mob appeared the soldiers capitulated. Some fled and the rest joined the mob. The Consul's wife fled barefoot with her children from the back door of the consulate, while the mob, aided by the soldiers, sacked and burned everything. The missionaries' houses and a chapel nearly shared the same fate, while the British Consul himself was twice in imminent danger of death.

The American consulate was looted and more houses were burned. The residents took refuge on hulks and the mob tried to follow them, but the connecting bridges were raised. The viceroy telegraphed to the British Consul that he was sending 2000 soldiers to restore order.

The riot broke out again on Wednesday afternoon. When Gen. Kennedy reached Chin Kiang he had the American flag raised at the United States consulate. The British ship Mutine arrived on Thursday and fired a salute to the British flag. Within five minutes after the firing of the first gun the Chinese in the settlement had fled in all directions. The United States steamer Omaha has been recalled from Corea and gone to Chin Kiang direct.

The North China Daily News says: "The chief lesson learned from this outbreak is that it will not do to believe that foreigners are in absolute security at any of the treaty ports."

Correspondence.

Whilst correspondents will be accorded space for the expression of their ideas on topics of public interest, it must be in all cases understood that the views so expressed are simply those of the correspondents themselves.

To the Editor of the Intelligencer.

I noticed your items of Friday and Saturday last re Hulless Oat and Wheat Fraud, and knowing certain cases had gone to the Superior courts for decision, I have awaited the result. On Thursday last the full Bench, Q. B. Division, gave a decision in Queen v. Rymal, and on Friday the full Bench, C. P. Division, gave decision in Queen v. Hope. Both courts unanimously decided that R. S. O., chap. 164, sec. 78, applied to the cases, and all vendors, engaged either as agents or sub agents, are liable to three years' imprisonment. I purpose in future looking after the matter, without respect of persons.

Yours &c.,
G. S. JOHNSON,
High Constable.

News Condensed.

CROUP, WHOOPING COUGH and Bronchitis immediately relieved by Shiloh's Cure. For sale by D. M. Waters.

—Molcolm McIntyre, Reeve of Gananoque, has issued a writ for libel against Rev. Joseph M. Hagar, for strictures regarding his conduct as chief magistrate of the village.

—In an interview at Vienna, M. Zankoff said the Czar had emphatically declared he would not meddle forcibly with Bulgaria, the expulsion of the prince being an internal affair.

—Emperor William has refused to grant a pardon to the duelist who recently shot Dr. Halle, thus confirming the prisoner's sentence to thirty months' imprisonment in a fortress.

AS A PICK ME-UP after excessive exertion or exposure, Milburn's Beef, Iron and Wine is grateful and comforting.

—The Admiralty Office has hopes of saving the man-of-war "Sultan," which went ashore in the Mediterranean, but all depends upon the state of the weather for the next few days.

—The end of the Fuller Jersey Farm, near Hamilton, has come. In consequence of Mr. Valancy Fuller's financial difficulties his herd of Jerseys will be sold by auction at Oaklands on the 3rd of April.

WILL YOU SUFFER with Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint? Shiloh's Vitalizer is guaranteed to cure you. Sold by D. M. Waters.

—Great floods are reported from the western centre of England, and at Taunton the houses are inundated to the depth of five feet. The bridges and railways of this section have been destroyed and the loss will be great.

SHILOH'S COUGH and Consumption Cure is sold by us on a guarantee. It cures consumption. Sold by D. M. Waters.

—The late President of the Roumanian Chamber of Deputies has received a letter threatening the destruction of the Chamber by dynamite. The police are exercising extraordinary vigilance in searching for the author of the letter and apprehending any suspicious persons in the vicinity of the Chamber.

SLEEPLESS NIGHTS, made miserable by that terrible cough. Shiloh's Cure is the Remedy for you. Sold by D. M. Waters.

Only One Cent! Only One Cent!

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

POOL TABLE, and all the fixtures, for sale. Is in first class order. Apply at Hub Hotel, Front Street, Belleville. 263d2w

APARTMENTS TO LET.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

BOARD AND ROOMS.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

HOUSES TO LET.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

FOR SALE or TO LET, the House formerly occupied by J. H. Simpson, Commercial Street Possession given immediately. Apply to P. R. PALMER. 263d3m

TO RENT—A two story brick house, corner Catherine and Yeomans Streets. Possession given April 1st. Apply to MRS. COCHRANE, Hotel Street. 262d1w

LOST AND FOUND.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

LIVE STOCK.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

HOUSE FOR SALE on William St., two doors south of Bridge St., next the residence of Mrs. T. C. Wallbridge, best locality in the city, house new, comfortable, and commodious, hard and soft water, closets in all the rooms. Enquire of R. PURDY, Bridge St. 242d1m.

TO LET.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

WANTED.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

HOUSEKEEPER WANTED, middle aged woman preferred, to take charge of a family of six. Apply at HUGH WALKER'S grocery. 258dtf.

SALESMEN—We wish a few men to sell our goods by sample to the wholesale and retail trade. Large manufacturers in our line. Enclose 2 cent stamp. Wages $3 per day. Permanent position. No postals answered. Money advanced for wages, advertising, etc. CENTENNIAL MAN'F'G CO, CINCINNATI, OHIO 245d30teod

DOMESTICS WANTED.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

WANTED—A good general servant. Apply to MRS. THOS. RITCHIE, George St. 250dtf.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

MECHANICS WANTED.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

MEETING.

A MASS Meeting of the Masonic bodies will be held at the Masonic Hall, Belleville, on Wednesday, the 13th, to hear a Lecture to be delivered by J. Ross Robertson, Esq., D.G.M., G.L.C. Subject; "An Hour with the Craft of a Hundred Years ago," with historical reminiscences up to the time of the formation of the Grand Lodge of Canada.

JNO. NEWTON, W.M. Moira Lodge.
W. H. ADAMS, W.M. Belleville "
R. C. HULME, W.M. Eureka "

March 9th, 1889. 264d2t

PAINLESS EFFECTUAL
BEECHAM'S PILLS
THE GREAT ENGLISH MEDICINE
WORTH A GUINEA A BOX

For Bilious and Nervous Disorders, such as Wind and Pain in the Stomach, Sick Headache, Giddiness, Fulness, and Swelling after Meals, Dizziness and Drowsiness, Cold Chills, Flushings of Heat, Loss of Appetite, Shortness of Breath, Costiveness, Scurvy, Blotches on the Skin, Disturbed Sleep, Frightful Dreams, and all Nervous and Trembling Sensations, &c. THE FIRST DOSE WILL GIVE RELIEF IN TWENTY MINUTES. This is no fiction. Every sufferer is earnestly invited to try one Box of these Pills, and *they will be acknowledged to be a Wonderful Medicine.*—"Worth a guinea a box."—BEECHAM'S PILLS, taken as directed, will quickly *restore females* to complete health. For a

WEAK STOMACH; IMPAIRED DIGESTION; DISORDERED LIVER;

they ACT LIKE MAGIC:—*a few doses* will work wonders upon the Vital Organs; Strengthening the muscular System; restoring long-lost Complexion; bringing back the keen edge of appetite, and arousing with the ROSEBUD OF HEALTH the *whole physical energy* of the human frame. These are "facts" admitted by thousands, in all classes of society, and one of the best guarantees to the Nervous and Debilitated is that BEECHAM'S PILLS HAVE THE LARGEST SALE OF ANY PATENT MEDICINE IN THE WORLD. Full directions with each Box.

Prepared only by THOS. BEECHAM, St. Helens, Lancashire, England.

Sold by Druggists generally.

EVANS & SONS, [LIMITED], Montreal,
Sole Agents for the Dominion of Canada.

NEW SPRING GOODS
—ARRIVING DAILY.—

New Prints,
New Shirtings,
New Dress Goods,
New Ginghams,
New Table Linens,
New Towel Linens,

Etc., etc., CHEAPER THAN EVER.

A. N. REID & CO

NEW SPRING GOODS
—AT—
BRIGNALL & THOMPSON'S.

New Prints and Dress Goods,
New Embroideries,
New Cottons and Steam Looms,
New Table Linens and Sheetings,
New Goods in all departments arriving daily. Prices very low.

BRIGNALL & THOMPSON.

--50 MORE--
NEW HANGING LAMPS put in. Prices very much below anything we ever had.

W. J. REID & CO.

FANS
Suitable for WEDDINGS and BALLS. A splendid assortment at

J. C. OVERELL'S
FANCY EMPORIUM, BELLEVILLE.

CLEARING--SALE
—OF ALL—
BOOTS AND SHOES

Damaged by Fire and Water. Over $5,000 worth at less than half regular price.

A. W. VERMILYEA & SON.

NEW SEASON'S TEAS,
FRESH GROUND COFFEES,
Handsome Presents Given Away
—AT—
STROUD .: BROS.,
Front Street, Belleville,
and at Montreal, Ottawa, Kingston and Toronto.

RUBBER STAMPS! Send your name and address, with 30 cents, to the 'ONTARIO CARD CO.,' Belleville, Ont., and get a Pearl Pen and Pencil Stamp, complete.

NEW SPRING GOODS.

Bought very early and bought very cheap.

NEW PRINTS,
NEW TABLINGS,
NEW COTTONS,
NEW STEAMLOOMS,
NEW DRESSGOODS,
NEW EMBROIDERIES,
NEW SHIRTINGS,
NEW CRETONNES,
NEW SCRIMS,
NEW UNDERWEAR,
NEW TWEEDS,

See the new. They are better and cheaper than the old.

JAS. W. DUNNET.

GLASGOW WAREHOUSE
Belleville, Feb. 12, 1889.

Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, MONDAY, MAR 11

MERE MENTION.

ONE prisoner, a drunk and a tramp occupied the cells on Saturday night.

THE special services will be continued in Holloway Street church this week.

A PARTY of five young men were on Front street yesterday afternoon somewhat under the influence of liquor.

ON Thursday an excursion will be run to Peterborough, the train leaving the market square at 4 p. m., and returning, leave Peterborough at 11. Fare for round trip, $1.

ALL DISORDERS CAUSED by a bilious state of the system can be can be cured by using Carter's Little Liver Pills. No pain, griping or discomfort attending their use. Try them.

A MATTER of interest to Organists, Organ Students and Teachers is a new patent organ pedal attachment for pianos manufactured by Messrs. Newcombe & Co., 107 Church at Toronto. Particulars on application.

THE late Dr. Dio Lewis said: "The truth is, the medical profession stands dazed and helpless in the presence of more than one kidney malady." He also said: "If I found myself the victim of a serious kidney trouble I would use Warner's Safe Cure."

COLD wet weather is very hard on sufferers from Neuralgia troubles, and to those Dyer's Quinine and Iron Wine is strongly recommended, it is palatable, easily assimilated, and can be safely taken by the weakest invalid. W. A. Dyer & Co., Montreal.

THE Imperial Oil Refining Company, of Petrolia, is the principal oil refining company in Canada. They send out about 60 per cent. of all Canadian oil used. One of their favorite brands is "Silver Star," for which A. L. Geen is their Belleville agent.

MOTHERS who have delicate children can see them daily improve and gain in flesh and strength by giving them that perfect food and medicine, *Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil, with Hypophosphites.* Dr. W. A. Hulbert, of Salisbury, Ills., says: "I have used Scott's Emulsion in cases of Scrofula and Debility. Results more gratifying. My little patients take it with pleasure." Sold by all druggists, 50c. and $1.00.

PROBABILITIES.

TORONTO, March 11.—Moderate to fresh southwest and northwest winds; fine weather; higher temperature.

"A Barrel Full of Money"

is a good thing to have, but what's it good for if your health is poor? Preserve your health by using Imperial Cream Tartar Baking Powder.

Held by the Enemy.

"The part of 'Surgeon Fielding' in 'Held by the Enemy,' was originally played by Melbourne McDowell, Fanny Davenport's leading man. It is one of the strongest parts in the play." It will be produced in this city to-morrow night.

Laid to Rest.

The funeral of the late Ketchan Graham, of Sidney, took place this afternoon, and was largely attended. A number of residents of the city attended, including the members of the Masonic order, under whose auspices the deceased was buried.

An Ingenious Invention.

George McCullough, engineer of the fire department at Kingston, has constructed, in connection with the fire alarm system, a piece of mechanism which will stop the clock in the station, thus showing the exact time the alarm was giving, ring the alarm bell, and turn on the gas.

Ministerial Association.

At the meeting of the Ministerial Association held this morning, Rev. Dr. George read a paper on the infidelity of Voltaire, Hodge, Ingersoll, and Bradlaugh. Rev'd Messrs. Mihel and Bowen were appointed a committee to draft resolutions pertaining to the Jesuit question, to be discussed at the next meeting. There was a large attendance of the members.

TEMPERATURE.

As Registered by Dr. Bell's Self-Registering Thermometer.

SUNDAY, March 10.
Maximum 23; minimum 18.
Barometer 30.10.

MONDAY, March 11.
Maximum 30; minimum 10.
Barometer 30.22.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Tired of Life.

A BELLEVILLE GIRL COMMITS SUICIDE IN ROCHESTER.

The End of a Young and Dissipated Girl.

The rumor was prevalent on the street this morning that a young girl named Annie Diamond, who has lived in this city for the past six years, had committed suicide in the city of Rochester, N. Y. At first it could scarcely be relied upon as authentic, but all doubt was soon set at rest, upon the receipt of the following telegram by Chief Newton:

"ROCHESTER, N. Y., Mar. 10th, 1889.

"Chief of Police, Belleville, Ont.

"Do you know Annie Diamond, Front Street? Has she any friends there? Committed suicide here this morning. If she has friends answer what shall be done with the remains.

"D. A. SHARPE,
"Coroner Police Headquarters."

The chief in return sent the following reply: "Annie Diamond has no relation here; formerly of Glasgow, Scotland."

The young woman in question was about 25 years of age, and came out to this country in 1883, and has resided in this city for the greater part of the time since her arrival. She has for some time past been living a fast life, residing on Front street near the Market Square. On Thursday evening last she, in company with an actor left the city, but her whereabouts was not known until the news of her sad ending reached the city.

A telegram from Rochester says: Anna Diamond, about 25 years old, committed suicide at the Waverly House this morning by taking poison. She came here from Belleville, Ont., with Charles Macklin, a member of the "Shamus O'Brien" company, last week. Saturday the company left for Syracuse and Macklin told her he was tired of her and would no longer be bothered with her. This it appears, caused the woman to take her life.

Local Legal.

TORONTO, March 9.

COMMON PLEAS DIVISION BEFORE ROSE J.

IRVINE V. WEAVER.—Clute (Belleville) and J. B. Clarke for plaintiff. A. H. Marsh for defendant. Trial of action of ejectment concluded from Belleville Assizes. Judgment reserved.

Not a Marchmont Boy.

Constable Banks, of Kemptville, sends the following communication: "The young lad Page, who took a free ride with horse and cutter, was not from Marchmont Home, Belleville, but from Hotel Dieu, Kingston. The farmer came and took the boy and rig back." This is the same little fellow who was recently before Magistrate Flint.

Police Court.

MONDAY, March 11.

DRUNK AND DISORDERLY.

John Ostrom for this offence was fined $8 or 60 days. He paid the fine.

PERJURY CASE.

Judgment was to have been given in the case of Jones Phillips, charged with this offence, but the case was further adjourned for one week.

Curliana.

A match was played on Saturday evening for the President's prize, between rinks skipped by Mr. J. D. Clarke and Col. S. S. Lazier. The first part of the game was one-sided, the Lazier rink being 7 to their opponents' 1. Then Mr. Clarke's rink pulled out of the hollow, and added 5 to his score before the others succeeded in obtaining any. The game then became more interesting, and finally resulted in a victory for the Colonel's rink. The score was as follows:

CLARKE'S RINK.	LAZIER'S RINK.
S. A. Spangenberg,	John Fenn,
W. S. Fellowes,	H. K. Smith,
M. D. Ward,	Wm. Webster,
Jos. D. Clarke, sk.—12.	S. S. Lazier, skip—14.

Two rinks from Peterborough will compete with two rinks from the local club at the rink this evening.

A Bar-Tender in Trouble.

Chief Huff, of Madoc, arrived in the city at an early hour yesterday morning, having in charge G. H. Candler, of that village, who has been committed for trial for presenting to one Fred. Simmons a worthless cheque, in payment of money which he had borrowed from him. The accused was for a time bar tender in the Simmons hotel, at that place, and on leaving, borrowed from the prosecutor $7, and filled out a cheque which he said he would get his mother to sign, she living up west. The cheque was returned to Simmons as worthless, and he caused the arrest of Candler, who had gone to Toronto, where he was captured on Thursday last by detective Davis, and taken to Madoc where he had a preliminary hearing, which resulted in his being committed for trial.

Personal.

Miss Canfield, Trenton, is in the city.

Capt. W. C. Nunn, Toronto, is in town.

Mr. Gladstone is rapidly recovering from the effects of a cold.

Major Saunderson, member of Parliament for Armagh, and leader of the Ulster Orangemen, is in bad health, and will shortly go to the south of France to recuperate. He will return after the Easter holidays.

The seventieth anniversary of the entry of Count Von Moltke into the Prussian Army was celebrated at Berlin yesterday. The Imperial and all the Royal families of the empire sent messages of congratulation and presents.

The Russian painter, M. Verestchagin, defends realistic paintings in an article in the *German Review*, and states therein that his American colleague, Frank Mills, has testified to the realism of his representation of prisoners in the Russo-Turkish war dropping by the roadside frozen to death.

Mr. Henry Pretty, who has been confined to his house for several weeks by an attack of gout, was dangerously ill during some days last week from pleurisy. He is now improving slowly.

Ald. J. W. Johnson has purchased the residence of Mr. C. F. Smith.

Mr. Harry Geary is reported dangerously ill.

Mr. William Alford, accompanied by Mr. G. Momson, arrived in the city on Saturday, the former on a visit to his brother, Mr. Walter Alford. Both of these gentlemen came from El Paso, Texas, where they have been residing. They leave to-morrow evening via New York for a trip to the Old Country.

The Prince of Wales has returned to London.

Congressman R. W. Townshend, representing the Eighteenth District, Illinois, died at Washington on Saturday.

Secretary Windom has selected Geo. C. Tichener, of Illinois, as his assistant in the Treasury Department.

AUSTIN FLINT, M. D., late professor of the principles of practice of medicine and of clinical medicine, in the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, says of Bright's Disease: "Pain in the loins is rarely a prominent symptom, and is often wanting. This statement also applies to tenderness on pressure over kidneys." It is not safe, therefore, to argue that you have not kidney disease because you have no local symptoms of it. Your only sure plan is to use Warner's Safe Cure as soon as the most remote symptoms appear.

EXCHANGE OF PULPITS.

According to the arrangement made some three weeks ago at a meeting of the Ministerial Association an exchange of pulpits took place yesterday morning, and was much appreciated by the various congregations. By this means the ministers of the different denominations are brought more closely together, and are better qualified to work harmoniously together in the work in which they are engaged. The following are the texts which were the foundation of the remarks of each of the Rev. gentlemen, and the churches in which they delivered the discourse:

HOLLOWAY STREET.

Rev. A. Browning delivered an earnest and practical discourse at this church, the theme of his remarks being conscience. His text was taken from Hebrews 9th chap. and 13th and 14th verses: "For if the blood of bulls and of goats, and the ashes of an heifer sprinkling the unclean, sanctifieth to the purifying of the flesh,

"How much more shall the blood of Christ, who through the eternal spirit offered himself without spot to God, purge your conscience from dead works to serve the living God?"

BLEECKER STREET.

Rev. Mr. Mihel occupied the pulpit and his discourse was an excellent one, founded upon the first clause of the 9th verse of the 3rd chapter of Phillipians, "And be found in Him."

BAPTIST CHURCH.

The Rev. R. M. Pope preached to this congregation, his theme being the building upon a solid foundation, showing that the religion of Jesus Christ had been tested and proved to have been founded upon a solid basis. His text was taken from Ephesians, 2nd chapter and 20th verse: "And are built upon the foundation of the apostles and prophets, Jesus Christ himself being the chief corner stone."

EMMANUEL—REFORMED EPISCOPAL.

Rev. M. W. Maclean occupied the pulpit at this church and preached a powerful discourse. His text was taken from the 11th chapter of Hebrews, verses 24th to 27th:

"By faith, Moses, when he was come to years, refused to be called the son of Pharaoh's daughter.

"Choosing rather to suffer affliction with the people of God than to enjoy the pleasure of sin for a season.

"Esteeming the reproach of Christ greater riches than the treasures in Egypt, for he had respect unto the recompense of the reward."

BRIDGE ST. CHURCH.

The Rev. Dr. George preached in this place of worship to a large congregation. The basis for his remarks was as follows: St. John 12th chapter and 32nd verse, "And I, if I be lifted up from the earth, will draw all men unto me."

TABERNACLE.

Rev. T. W. Bowen, pastor of the Congregational church, delivered an able address at this place. He chose for his text the 19th and 20th verses of the 5th chapter of James, "Brethren, if any of you do err from the truth, and one convert him,

"Let him know that he which converteth the sinner from the error of his ways shall save a soul from death, and shall hide a multitude of sins."

CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH.

Rev. G. H. Copeland, of the Tabernacle, occupied the pulpit in this place, and his discourse was an admirable one; the words of his text were found in the 31st Psalm and 18th v.: "Let the lying lips be put to silence, which speak grievous things proudly and contemptuously against the righteous."

ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH

The Rev. Mr. Whalley, of the Reformed Episcopal Church, occupied the pulpit at this place of worship, and delivered a masterly discourse. His text was taken from Ephesians, iv. 1: "I therefore, the prisoner of the Lord, beseech you that ye walk worthy of the vocation whereunto ye are called."

JOHN ST. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

Rev. J. Learoyd preached to this congregation, the theme of his remarks being the present and future privileges of the children of God. He chose for his text the 2d verse of the 1st Epistle of John: "Beloved, now are we the sons of God; and it doth not yet appear what we shall be, but we know that when he shall appear we shall be like him, for we shall see him as he is."

THE BRIDGE TENDERS.

Now Being Extended—When they will be Considered.

The tenders for the erection of the Bay bridge, which were opened on Saturday night, are now being extended by Engineer Keefer, who is here for that purpose. It is expected that several days will be required for that work, at the completion of which the Directors will meet and award the contract.

The wish has been expressed that, in coming to a decision, the directors will be guided by the fact that a great benefit to the public would ensue from having the work done here.

The Late Thomas Scott, Newburgh.

Newburgh lost one of its prominent and enterprising men on Thursday, Thomas Scott passing away suddenly. He had been in poor health for some time, and laid down after dinner to have a sleep. His family, observing unusual symptoms, endeavored to awake him, but could not. A physician was summoned, but before the medical man arrived he had passed away. Deceased was a very active man. He took a leading part in every interest concerning the village. He was a justice of the peace, high school trustee, president of one or more stock companies, an active politician of pronounced reform principles, and an earnest member of the Methodist church. Deceased was sixty years of age.

MINISTERS, LAWYERS, TEACHERS, and others whose occupation give but little exercise, should use Carter's Little Liver Pills for torpid liver and biliousness. One is a dose. Try them.

—Great meetings for the discussion of the Government's treatment of Ireland are to be held in London, Eng., on Wednesday.

—An Italian newspaper announces that King Menelek of Shoa has formally declared war against King John of Abyssinia.

—Col. Donald Campbell, of Nelson Township, has been appointed registrar of Halton County, in place of Francis Barclay, deceased.

—Another raid was made on wheat in Chicago on Saturday, the May option selling down to 98⅞c., June to 93c. and July to 86½c. There was a rally of ⅛c. to ⅞c. at the close.

—Five French tourists, three men and two women, are said to have been massacred by Indians in Yellowstone National Park. The story is telegraphed from Cheyenne, Wyoming.

—A special train on the M.C.R., with Cornelius Vanderbilt and party on board, ran from Windstor to St. Thomas, 112 miles in 165 minutes, on Saturday. The time from Windsor to Buffalo was five hours.

—Over 500 men left Los Angeles on Friday for the gold fields of Southern California. Mexican customs officials stopped a number of them at the boundary, but were unable to keep them in check. The latest news is that Mexico has sent troops to protect its frontier.

Tragedy at Watford.

A YOUNG WOMAN FATALLY SHOT.

The Murderer Still at Large.

WATFORD, Ont., March 11.—A fearful tragedy occurred last evening on the second line of Warwick North. Miss Sarah Marshall had just come out of the Methodist church, after the service, when Albert Wilson came up and asked if she would come with him. She answered, "Not to-night." He immediately drew a revolver and fired at her, the bullet striking her in the head, killing her instantly. Wilson fled and has not yet been captured.

ENORMOUS FORTUNES.

Notwithstanding the enormous fortunes accumulated through the use of printer's ink, large sums of money are annually wasted in ineffectual and unremunerative advertising.

The merits of a really valuable commodity properly portrayed in the columns of an influential and widely read newspaper like the INTELLIGENCER will speedily become generally known and appreciated, while the returns reaped by the advertiser will more than justify the amount expended.

Clearness, attractiveness, brevity and sincerity must characterize any announcement intended to catch the public eye and appeal to public confidence. An advertisement inserted in a London journal a few days ago brought instant and multitudinous replies accompanied by an almost unlimited supply of bank notes, simply because it touched the chord of nature which makes all mankind akin. Its simple pathos and self evident truthfulness appealed to every heart.

The advertiser sought for a lost relative, and, giving his name, said: "I am ill and "friendless. My last half crown is ex"pended in paying for this advertisement. "Write me at"—(giving the address). As already stated, nearly every one who read the announcement hastened to relieve the necessities of the sufferer.

Thus it is with a really meritorous commodity or preparation; if its virtues be properly and truthfully set forth in the public press, its success is prompt and certain.

On the other hand, the public is quick and unerring to detect deception and charlatanry; and accordingly, no amount of "puffery" will force a vile nostrum into public esteem and patronage.

Valuable medicines, like Warner's Safe Remedies, carry their own best commendation in their power to *cure* the particular disease for which they are a specific.

They require no labored panegyric to convince the people of their power and efficacy, for they have been tried and found perfect.

Rednerville Tea-Meeting.

Perhaps never before have the Rednerville people had such a treat in the way of a good entertainment. Their pastor, the Rev. Mr. Pickett, deserves great credit for his pushing energy and enterprise in securing such a good programme. Nothing was left undone to make the tea a success; even the ladies got there in excellent style; provisions of the very best were in abundance. The church was well-filled, and we may safely say that all enjoyed themselves to the utmost extent. The programme was opened with a song from the Albert College Glee Club. The boys were in excellent shape for singing, receiving tremendous applause, and every time they appeared, Mr. McBain's basso-profundo voice filled the church, whilst Mr. Hollinrake and Summers took the lead in excellent style. The tenors, Messrs. Floid and Dempsey, got down to fine singing, while the other boys, Messrs. Chant, McAmmond, McKenzie and Singleton together with their excellent accompanist, Miss Pickett, filled in their parts to perfection. A short address by the Rev. Mr. Steele, on Benevolence, was much appreciated. The rev. gentleman is quite at home on the platform. A recitation by little Nellie Roblin, who is quite a favorite, was well received, and in response to an encore gave Baby's First Xmas. Mr. Lee's recitations, Our Show, and Clippings from Artemus Ward, were much appreciated.

The fun seemed to be reserved for the last. Mr. Leitch, an A. C. student, who has appeared several times in Belleville as a ventriloquist, was present with his Mag, who appeared to be unusually loquative, giving some of the young people at Rednerville quite a rubbing up, much to the amusement of all present. In response to an encore Mr. Leitch called up Albert College. Hello, Albert! Hello, there, boys, how are you getting along? Oh, fine—having a big time. Some of the nicest young— Oh, never mind them. How about the viands—lots to eat? Well, I guess so. Say, can't you fetch a fellow some? Well, now, I guess I can. The ladies here will attend to that all right. Now, be sure! Good-bye. It is needless to say that the boys got a heaped-up, running-over basketfull of the very best that the Rednerville ladies could get up.

A vote of thanks was moved and seconded, thanking the performers and those connected with the entertainment for their liberality and services, which received the unanimous assent of those present, after which the Glee Club sang "Allow me to move a vote of thanks," and the programme was brought to a close by all singing "God Save the Queen."

DYSPEPSIA IN ITS WORST FORMS will yield to the use of Carter's Little Nerve Pills, aided by Carter's Little Liver Pills. They not only relieve present distress but strengthen the stomach and digestive apparatus.

The Duc D'Aumale.

The French Cabinet has rescinded the decree of exile against the Duc d'Aumale. The Duc is the fourth son of Louis Phillippe and was born in 1822. He was a general of division and very popular in the French army. When the decree expelling the Bourbons and Bonapartists from France was passed some time ago, he was included in the number of exiled princes; but numerous efforts have been made to have an exception made in his case, and it appears that these efforts have proved successful.

—A Board of Trade has been organized in Picton.

—Another manifesto has been issued by the Nihilist's Committee at St. Petersburg.

—The British Indians and the Zanzibar natives at Kilwa and Indi are on bad terms.

—A petition has been filed against the return of Mr. C. W. Colter, M. P. for Haldimand.

—At the sale of California-bred trotting stock in New York last week Mr. M Patterson, of Almonte, Ont., bought three head, two yearlings and a two-year-old, for $2,875.

—The Tuckett trophy at the Winnipeg curling bonspiel was won by the St. Paul Club, Lindsay being four shots behind. The international cups and medals were won by the Crusaders, of Portage, Wis.

—The German inhabitants of Constantinople and South Africa have sent silver representations of laurel wreaths, to be placed at the foot of the coffin of the late Emperor William I. of Germany, in commemoration of the anniversary of the death of that monarch.

AN INACTIVE or Torpid Liver must be aroused and all bad bile removed. Burdock Pills are best for old or young.

THE EIGHTY CLUB DINNER.

A REMARKABLE PASSAGE IN MR. PARNELL'S SPEECH.

Lord Randolph Churchill's Attack on the Admiralty Proposals—Conybeare's Conduct at the Cornish Dinner.

LONDON, March 10.—"I do not know," said Lord Rosebery Friday evening, "whether it may be the lot of the Tory party—but I feel it already not obscurely adumbrated by some of their organs—to offer Mr. Parnell and his party such a measure of Home Rule as they can accept. If they do, I am sure that we can only rejoice." That is the first response from any Liberal of Cabinet rank to Mr. Parnell's speech last week in the House of Commons.

What Lord Rosebery said was said at a dinner given by the Eighty Club to Earl Spencer. Mr. Parnell spoke just before Lord Rosebery. It was a purely political dinner, the guests all Gladstonians or Parnellites, and not, therefore, a moment to be holding out olive branches to the Tories. No fresh one was offered. But none the less remarkable was this passage of the speech:

> Lord Spencer has expressed to you his belief that Ireland is capable of self-government; that there is no such wrong in the minds or the genius of the Irish people that they cannot be trusted to do for themselves that which all your Colonies are trusted to perform, and that which every State of the American Union has the power to perform in the internal economy of that country, with advantage to itself and with increased strength to the Federal body of which it forms a part.

Now that is not a direct declaration of a willingness to accept Home Rule on either the Colonial or the American basis. Taken, hower, in connection with his House of Commons speech, it may show in what direction Mr. Parnell's mind is wearing. Mr. Chamberlain is never weary of pressing the Canadian parallel, but the American example and the relations of the American States to the American Union offer analogies so remote from Ireland that they have hitherto been left mainly to the amateur. It is not at all likely that Mr. Parnell will propose or accept what may be called American Home Rule, but a modification of Gladstonian Home Rule is certain, and particulars suggested by American experience would be a very different matter.

Earl Spencer, whose speech was of great weight and authority, spoke of a day coming when Mr. Gladstone should introduce a Home Rule measure, not in the same form, but on the same principles, probably in an improved form. This, too, is significant. It even begins to look as if others than Mr. Parnell might be ready for a new departure.

Canada and the States.

LONDON, March 10.—Fanatically Protectionist is the verdict of The Spectator on President Harrison's inaugural address, and this journal is, therefore, of the opinion that the new administration will try to bribe or compel Canada to enter a customs union.

The Admiralty Proposals.

LONDON, March 10.—Lord Randolph Churchill's first speech in the House of Commons on his return was an attack on the naval proposals of the Government. He follows it up yesterday with a hard-hitting letter in The Times. He condemns not merely this present scheme of Lord George Hamilton and his Admiralty colleagues; he protests that all schemes emanating from the Admiralty as at present constituted must be received with the gravest suspicion and mistrust. Lord Randolph is not the only critic of these proposals. The expenditure on announced additions to the navy amounts to $50,000,000, spread over seven years. The Gladstonians, probably with Mr. Gladstone at their head, will oppose this as a waste of public money. Lord Randolph promises them his best help, and there is every prospect of lively work.

Conybeare's Poor Taste.

LONDON, March 10.—Mr. Conybeare, M.P., attended the annual Cornish dinner at the Holborn restaurant Saturday. A toast was proposed to the Prince and Princess of Wales as the Duke and Duchess of Cornwall. All present with the exception of Conybeare rose and sang "God bless the Prince of Wales." Seeing Conybeare sitting the diners became furious and shouted "Stand up, Conybeare!" "He is disloyal!" "Turn him out!" etc. Conybeare finally rose.

The Floods in England.

LONDON, March 10.—Further damage by floods is reported in the Midland and Western counties of England.

Russia's Triumph in Servia.

LONDON, March 10.—King Milan's abdication is the visible sign and seal of Russia's triumph and of Austria's defeat in Servia. It is the end of a long game, played rather low down on both sides. Austria is Prince Bismarck's close ally; Russia is dreaded as a probable ally of France; and Prince Bismarck's policy is to postpone to the latest possible date the turning of that probability into fact. He has therefore every motive to keep on easy terms with both Russia and Austria. Russia's triumph is regarded at Vienna as momentary. Certain it is that Austria will not lightly relinquish her claim to ascendancy in Servia. What Russian intrigue has achieved Austrian intrigue is likely sooner or later to undo. The situation in the Balkans becomes in fact more critical than ever.

Received Quietly at Berlin.

BERLIN, March 10.—The abdication of King Milan of Servia, though not expected so soon, was received here very calmly, having been long considered inevitable. In foreign official circles no fears are entertained that the event will disturb the existing peace, Prince Bismarck having taken precautionary measures to restrain Austria from any precipitate action, and Russia having all to gain by maintaining a waiting attitude. The news that Servia had decided to reduce her a my further restores confidence that no adventurous policy will be pursued.

Won the Wager and Lost His Life.

LONDON, March 10.—A blacksmith in the town of Marne, Schleswig-Holstein, recently made a wager that he could eat three pounds of raw meat and one pound of raw sausages and drink six quarts of beer at one sitting. He accomplished the feat, but died almost immediately afterward. A post mortem examination of his body revealed the fact that his stomach had been rent by the pressure of its contents.

Sufficiently Punished.

PARIS, March 9.—The revocation by the government of the decree of exile against the Duke d'Aumale was accepted by the Chamber of Deputies to-day. The chamber, by a vote of 316 to 274, sustained the action of the government.

M. Millereaud demanded urgency for and the immediate discussion of the question of granting amnesty to persons imprisoned under the laws dealing with strikes, public speaking and press offences.

Premier Tirard accepted the proposal of urgency, but opposed an immediate debate. He stated that the Government was disposed to use largely its powers of clemency, but would not assent to amnesty.

The proposal for immediate discussion was negatived by a vote of 345 to 155.

Frozen to Death.

WINNIPEG, March 10.—The body of Archie Wilson, who disappeared from here a month or so ago, was found about five miles from the city frozen stiff and brought here. An inquest will be held.

Project For a Monster Bridge.

MONTREAL, March 9.—A deputation has gone to Ottawa to look after the project to construct a bridge across the St. Lawrence, from Longueuil to St. Helen's Island, with nine spans, and from the Island to Point St. Chales, with fourteen spans. Provisions will be made in the plan for a double track line of railway for tram cars as well as a roadway for vehicles and foot passengers. The estimated cost is $2,000,000.

Stole a Statue of St. Joseph.

OTTAWA, March 9.—A sensation has been caused here by an affair which eclipses anything of the kind ever heard of in Canada in the way of church robberies. [illegible] entered St. Anne's Catho-

SPRING STOCK

—OF—

BOOTS-AND-SHOES

—AT—

HAINES & LOCKETT'S.

We are determined to maintain our reputation for selling the best quality of Boots and Shoes in the city for the money.

HAINES & LOCKETT.

To Get the Best Value

in EMBROIDERIES, STEAM LOOMS, LACE CURTAINS, CRETONNES, TOWELLS, Prints, Cottons, etc., and general Small Wares, you will need to go to

HENNESSY'S.

INTERESTING ITEMS BY WIRE.

A party of 107 American pilgrims has arrived at Genoa from Marseilles.

Ninety-two thousand pilgrims visited the shrine of la bonne Ste. Anne at Beaupre last year.

The Salvation Army has been prohibited by the authorities from carrying on its work at Berlin.

Saturday was generally observed in Berlin as a day of prayer in memory of the death of Emperor William I.

Emigration statistics show that 2,500,000 emigrants have left Germany since 1871, of whom 2,000,000 have gone to America.

Mrs. Paulina King (colored) of Springfield, Ill., has just completed a 40 days' fast, undertaken in obedience to a "vision" from the Lord.

Peter Ralston & Sons, leather merchants of Montreal, were served Saturday with a demand of assignment by the Bank of Montreal, liabilities $75,000.

Despite excited cables from abroad in reference to the French syndicate's affairs, copper receives but little attention among metal brokers in New York.

The Mexican cabinet on Saturday discussed the Lower Californian troubles, and decided if necessary to declare martial law. Troops are being hurried forward to protect the frontier.

The level-crossing case of the widow of Edouard Lapointe, killed on the G.T.R. track at Channing-street, Montreal, was concluded last week, the jury awarding Mrs. Lapointe $4000 damages.

In the Lower Californian gold fields teams are paid $50 to haul provisions in, and if the influx continues a famine will follow. Flour sold last week at $50 a sack, and canned goods are worth more than their weight in gold.

A protest from the Cardinal, archbishops and bishops of the Province of Quebec against the recent law passed by the Italian Government aimed at the Pope's temporal power was forwarded to the Vatican authorities last week.

At Gallatzin, Pa., 100 deaths from diphtheria have occurred since November. The epidemic is attributed to the use of impure water. Black diphtheria has become epidemic in Clarion County in the same state, and many fatal cases are reported.

Japan has suffered severely from disastrous fires. On Feb. 1 fire broke out in Shidsnoka and destroyed 1000 buildings, including schools, hospitals, shrines, temples and other public buildings. On the same day at Yokosuka a fire gutted 500 houses.

The leading German authors, including Spielhagen, Freytag, Franzel and Wildenbruch, have signed a vigorous protest against the action of the league formed for the purpose of inducing the Government to assent to a measure for expunging from the German language all words of foreign origin.

J. E. Woodley, boot and shoe manufacturer of Quebec, is in financial difficulties arising out of the complications of an Ottawa jobber.

CONSUMPTION CURED.

An old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Asthma and all Throat and Lung Affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Complaints, after havidg tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive and a desire to relieve human suffering, I will send free of charge, to all who desire it, this receipt, in German, French or English, with full directions for preparing and using. Sent by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper. W. A. NOYES, *149 Power Block, Rochester, N. Y.*

Let not him who prays suffer his tongue to outstrip his heart, nor presume to carry a message to the throne of grace while that stays behind.—[South.

BIRTH.

At College St., Belleville, the wife of JAMES REID, G. T. R., of a daughter.

DIED.

In Sidney, March 6th 1889, WHITFIELD M. SANDERCOCK, son of the late William Sandercock, aged 20 years 9 months and 9 days.

IMPERIAL
CREAM TRADE MARK TARTAR
BAKING POWDER
PUREST, STRONGEST, BEST,
CONTAINS NO
Alum, Ammonia, Lime, Phosphates,
OR ANY INJURIOUS SUBSTANCE.
E. W. GILLETT, TORONTO, ONT. CHICAGO, ILL.
MANUFACTURER OF
THE CELEBRATED ROYAL YEAST CAKES.

At FISH'S.

New Kid Gloves,
New Neckwear,
New Regatta Shirts,
New White Shirts,
New Spring Shirting
IN STOCK TO-DAY.

A. E. FISH & CO.,
The noted Shirt Makers and Gents' Furnishers, 260 Front St.

OPERA -- HOUSE,
Tuesday, March 12.

GILLETTE'S

Held by the Enemy

From PALMER'S THEATRE, New York City.

An American Play!
An American Story!

Founded on the incidents of the Civil War. A Triumph of Honor and Devotion to Country. The Highest order of Military Drama. All the New York Scenery and Effects. A tender Love Tale. Notable War Scenes.

ENORMOUS SUCCESS.
MONSTER PRODUCTION.
STIRRING SCENES.
CHARMING COMEDY.

Interesting, Amusing and Engrossing.

Prices 25cts, 50cts and 75cts. Reserved seats at Holden's.

TENDERS WANTED.

TENDERS addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tenders for High School" will be received up to 6 o'clock, p. m.,

Thursday, March the 14th,

FOR THE

ERECTION OF A HIGH SCHOOL BUILDING

in the Town of Deseronto.

Plans and specifications may be seen at the offices of the Rathbun Co., Deseronto, or Thos. Hanley, architect, Belleville.

The committee does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

JOHN NEWTON, M. D.,
Chairman of the High School Board.
Deseronto. Mar. 6. 1889. 262dtd.

Stone Quarry for Sale.

I HAVE two first class Stone Quarries on my place for sale. There is only about 6 inches of soil over the rock, which lies about 200 yards from the Bay. I will lease it for a term of years.

THOS. McDONALD,
Of Point Ann, Belleville P. O.
March 5. 1889. 261d6tw3t

VETERINARY.

T. PURVIS, Veterinary Surgeon, Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College, Toronto, Member of Ontario Vet. Society. Office, rooms formerly occupied by Dr. Douglas, Front St. References—J. P. Wiser & Son, and Ed. Rooney, Prescott. 263d&wtf

BOARD OF TRADE.

A SPECIAL MEETING of the Board will be held in the Council Chamber, City Hall, on Monday next, 11th March, inst., at 8 o'clock p. m. sharp. A full attendance is requested, as matters of importance are to be taken up.

J. PARKER THOMAS,
Mar. 6, '89 dtd Secretary.

FOR SALE, CHEAP,

THE BRIDGEWATER HOTEL, in Bridgewater, comprising a large frame building, and adjoining stables and outhouses and 4 lots. Title perfect and without any restriction as to the right to sell liquors.

For terms apply to
GEO. J. SHERRY, Barrister,
Belleville, Ont.
Feb'y 2, 1889. w&d sat 6w

Lake Winnipeg White Fish
Salmon Trout,
Salt Water Salmon,
Finnan Haddies,
Boneless Codfish,
Roll Butter,
Fresh Eggs,
Sugar Syrups,
A. KNOX.

A Wrong Opinion.

Many a dollar is paid for prescriptions for some disease that never trouble the patient, and when the sole difficulty was worms, which a few of Freeman's Worm Powders would remove. These Powders are pleasant, safe, and sure, contain their own cathartic, and are adapted for children or adults.

WINTER SERVICE.

---ALLAN LINE---

Steamships	*Fr. Portland*	*Fr. Halifax*
Polynesian	21 Feb.	23 Feb.
Sardinian	7 Mar.	9 Mar.
Circassian	21 "	23 "
Parisian	4 April	6 April
Polynesian	18 "	20 "
Sardinian	2 May	4 May

Circassian from Quebec May 10th.

The steamers from Portland via Halifax call at Londonderry on their passage to and from Liverpool, to embark and land mails and passengers.

The steamers from Halifax via St. Johns, Nfd., call at Queenstown on their passages to and from Britain.

Steamers leave Portland on arrival of train leaving Belleville Wednesday noon, and Halifax on arrival of train leaving Belleville Thursday noon.

Passengers proceeding by steamers calling at St. Johns, Nfd., will leave Belleville on Friday noon train.

RATES OF OCEAN PASSAGE:

Cabin, $50.00, $65.00 and $75.00 according to accommodation. Intermediate, $30.00. Steerage, $20.00. Return Tickets, Cabin, $100, $125.00, $150.00. Intermediate, $60.00. Steerage $40.00.

Steerage passangers are booked to and from Queenstown, Derry, Belfast, London and Glasgow at same rates as Liverpool.

Intermediate passangers are forwarded to and from Glasgow and Liverpool by rail without extra charge.

CABIN PASSENGERS

are supplied with a very liberal table, and everything necessary except wines and liquors, which can be had on board at moderate prices.

Each passanger is allowed twenty cubic feet of baggage free.

THE INTERMEDIATE.

Superior accommodation is offered in the INTERMEDIATE, which in every respect is equal to what is called Second Cabin in some lines sailing from New York.

The Intermediate Cabins on all our ships are well situated, perfectly ventilated and are entirely distinct from the Steerage. Steward and Stewardesses to each vessel. Passangers in the Intermediate are found with everything.

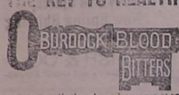
THE STEERAGES

are large and exceedingly well lighted and ventilated, are fitted up in rooms, each passanger having a seperate sleeping berth. A Stewardess s appointed to each steamer.

For tickets and all information apply to

U. E. THOMPSON,
General Ticket Agent,
Bridge St. Belleville.

THE KEY TO HEALTH.



Unlocks all the clogged avenues of the Bowels, Kidneys and Liver, carrying off gradually without weakening the system, all the impurities and foul humors of the secretions; at the same time Correcting Acidity of the Stomach, curing Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Headaches, Dizziness, Heartburn, Constipation, Dryness of the Skin, Dropsy, Dimness of Vision, Jaundice, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Scrofula, Fluttering of the Heart, Nervousness and General Debility; all these and many other similar Complaints yield to the happy influence of BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS.

Sample Bottles 10c; Regular size $1.

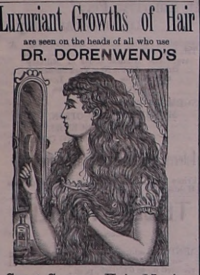
For sale by all dealers.

T. MILBURN & CO., Proprietors, Toronto.

Luxuriant Growths of Hair

are seen on the heads of all who use

DR. DORENWEND'S



Great German Hair Magic.

The equal of this great preparation is yet to be found. It is an unfailing restorer for Gray Hair. It stops and prevents all falling out of the hair. It removes all Dandruff and keeps the scalp clean. On Bald Heads (if there are but the faintest traces of roots) the "Magic" will produce a fine growth. Will you try it? or will you let your hair go and become prematurely old? What do you say?

All druggists, everywhere, have it for sale. Ask for it. Do not let the druggist tell you he has "something just as good." Many have dead stock of other hair tonics on hand and try to shove them off in this way.

See that each bottle bears seal and signature of

A. DORENWEND,
Sole Manufacturer,
Paris Hair Works, 103 & 105 Yonge St.,
Toronto, Ontario.

☞Bangs, Frontpieces, Waves, Wigs, Switches, Gents' Wigs, Toupees and Hair Goods of all kinds are supplied by A. Dorenwend. Send to above address for circulars and prices.

ARMBRECHT'S

TONIC COCA WINE

FOR

FATIGUE
OF MIND AND BODY
AND SLEEPLESSNESS.

"Experience and scientific analysis reveal to us in Coca the most tonic plant in the Vegetable Kingdom."—*Manuel Fuentes.*

"It (Coca) is, in a word, the most powerful restorer of the vital forces."—*Dr. Schmaltz.*

ARMBRECHT'S COCA WINE, though more tonic in its properties than Iron or Quinine,

NEVER CONSTIPATES.

See Medical Reviews. For sale by leading druggists throughout the world.

ARMBRECHT, NELSON & CO.
2 Duke St., Grosvenor Sq.,
LONDON.

Pond - Lily - Cream.

A delightful Toilet article. Not a face paint or powder; does not cover over but cures. Used in connection with Pond Lily Liver Pellets and Pond Lily Soap most effectually and positively removes Pimples, Freckles, Tan Black Specks, Blotches, allays all irritation after shaving, or any itchiness of the skin from whatever cause and all roughness from the face, hands, neck and arms, leaving them beautifully white and velvety. Sold by wholesale dealers and druggists everywhere. Pond Lily Cream, 25 cents; Pond Lily Liver Pellets, 25 cents; Pond Lily Skin Soap, 15 cents. S. PERRIN, Chemist, Manufacturer and Proprietor for Canada.

Partly Gave up.

"In the year 1885 I coughed for six months, and having unsuccessfully tried many remedies, I partly gave up, thinking I had consumption. At last I tried Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam, less than one bottle of which cured me, leaving me as well as ever I was." Henry W. Carns, Wabash, Ont.

Give Them a Chance ?

That is to say, your lungs. Also all your breathing machinery. Very wonderful machinery it is. Not only the larger air passages, but the thousands of little tubes and cavities leading from them.

When these are clogged and choked with matter which ought not to be there, your lungs cannot half do their work. And what they do they cannot do well.

Call it cold, cough, croup, pneumonia, catarrh, consumption or any of the family of throat and nose and lung obstructions, all are bad. All ought to be got rid of. There is just one sure way to get rid of them. That is to take Boschee's German Syrup, which any druggist will sell you at 75 cents a bottle. Even if everything else has failed you, you may depend upon this for certain.

Nothing Like It.

"I was troubled with liver complaint for a good many years, but was cured by one bottle of Burdock Blood Bitters. I have never found any medicine to help me like B. B. B., in fact one bottle made a complete cure." W. J. West, Parkhill, Ont.

FEVER AND AGUE AND BILIOUS DERANGEMENTS are positively cured by the use of Parmelee's Pills. They not only cleanse the stomach and bowels from all bilious matter, but they open the excretory vessels, causing them to pour copious effusions from the blood into the bowels, after which the corrupted mass is thrown out by the natural passage of the body. They are used as a general family medicine with the best results.

To lessen mortality and stop the inroads of disease, use Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and Dyspeptic Cure. For all diseases arising from Impure Blood, such as Pimples, Blotches, Biliousness, Indigestion, etc., etc., it has no equal. Mrs. Thomas Smith, Elm, writes: "I am using this medicine for Dyspepsia; I have tried many remedies, but this is the only one that has done me any good."

ADVICE TO MOTHERS. — MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP should always be used when children are cutting teeth. It relieves the little sufferer at once; it produces natural, quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakens as "bright as a button." It is very pleasant to taste. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP," and take no other kind. 3d&wly

Nothing so suddenly obstructs the perspiration as sudden transitions from heat to cold. Heat rarifies the blood, quickens the circulation and increases the perspiration, but when these are suddenly checked the consequences must be bad. The most common cause of disease is obstructed perspiration, or what commonly goes by the name of catching cold. Coughs, colds, sore throat, etc, if attended to in time are easily subdued, but allowed to run their own course, generally prove the fore-runner of more dangerous diseases. Nine-tenths of the consumptives date their affliction from a neglected cold, and the diseases that are caused by wet feet, damp clothes, or exposure are more numerous than are generally supposed. One of the most efficacious medicines for all diseases of the throat and lungs is Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup. It promotes a free and easy expectoration, which frees the lungs from viscid phlegm by changing he secretions from a diseased to a healthy stat

Rest and Comfort to the Suffering.

"Brown's Household Panacea" has no equa for relieving pain, both internal and externa It cures Pain in the Side, Back or Bowels, Sore Throat, Rheumatism, Toothache, Lumbago and any kind of a Pain or Ache. "It will most surely quicken the Blood and Heal, as its acting power is wonderful." "Brown's Household Panacea," being acknowledged as the great Pain Reliever, and of double the strength of any other Elixir or Liniment in the world, should be in every family handy for use when wanted, "as it really is the best remedy in the world for Cramps in the Stomach, and Pains and Aches of all kinds," and is for sale by all Druggists at 25 cts a bottle.

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, *Station* *New York City.*

COMING!
COMING!

RUPTURE

The last 25 years I have adjusted more Trusses than any man in America. Valuable Patents, my own invention, in Trusses, Spinal and Club Feet Instruments. Rupture—I will guarantee to hold largest Rupture without touching your hip, no straps whatsoever, waterproof. Largest stock of general Trusses, also the great Cluthe Spiral Trusses in stock. Reliable system for ORDERING BY MAIL. Spinal Instruments half the weight of other makes and more effective. CLUB FEET I claim the only mechanical system to straighten born Club Feet (Patented.) I will prove to any body that operation never did nor can straighten Club Feet. Send 6 cent stamps for Book. CHAS. CLUTHE, 118 King St. W., Toronto.

CHAS. CLUTHE,

of 118 King St. West, Toronto, Ontario, will be at the QUEEN'S HOTEL, BELLEVILLE, Friday and Saturday, MARCH 15TH and 16TH. Call early and avoid disappointment. NO FAILURE. Will hold the most OBSTINATE cases of RUPTURE WITH EASE AND COMFORT.

Manufacturers Life & Accident INSURANCE COMPANIES.

Combined authorized capital	$3,000,000
Combined subscribed capital	739,700
Combined cash capital	150,760
Combined insurance received (1888)	9,575,525

President - Sir John A. Macdonald.
Vice Presidents { Geo. Gooderham, Esq., William Bell, Esq.
Secretary and Treasurer—J. L. Kerr, Esq.
Managers for Eastern Ontario, Peterboro—Wilson & Morrison.

R. CROFT HULME
Agent, Belleville.

☞Agents wanted.

This Company wrote the largest amount of new business of any company in Canada in 1888. It has the largest capital and the strongest Board of Directors of any company in the Dominion.

Wood! Wood!

I AM now selling at the West Belleville Central Wood Yard all kinds of Hard and mixed wood, cut and uncut, which I will deliver to any part of the city. Remember the place, the West Belleville Central Wood Yard, just a few steps from the Foot Bridge.

EDWARD NEWMAN,

Railway Time Tables.

Grand Trunk Railway.

Trains arrive at and depart from Belleville Station as follows:

GOING EAST.

		Arrive.	Leave.
No. 1	Mail	12.25 p. m.	12.30 p. m.
No. 3	Mail Fast	12.45 a. m.	12.50 a. m.
No. 11	Mixed	8.05 p. m.	8.15 p. m.
No. 13	do		7.00 a. m.

GOING WEST.

		Arrive.	Leave.
No. 2	Mail	5.50 p. m.	5.55 p. m
No. 4	do	4.00 a. m.	4.05 a. m.
No. 6	do Fast	6.55 a. m.	7.00 a. m.
No. 14	Mixed	11.00 a. m.	11.55 a. m.
No. 16	do	11.10 p. m.	

MIDLAND RAILWAY.

GRAND JUNCTION DIVISION.

Going West. (Leave.)

Mail	5:45 a. m.
Mixed	4:30 p. m

Going East. (Arrive.)

Mail	4:30 p. m.
Mixed	11 50 a. m.

MADOC DIVISION.

Going North. (Leave.)

Mixed	12:25 p. m
Mixed	4:30 p. m.

Going South. (Arrive.)

Mixed	9:00 a. m.
Mixed	4 30 p. m.

CENTRAL ONTARIO RAILWAY.

PICTON DIVISION.

Leave G.T.R. Jct.	7:20 a.m.	12:50 p.m.
Arrive Picton	8:44 "	2:50 "
Leave Picton	9:05 "	3:45 "
Arrive G.T.R. Jct.	10:30 "	5:25 "

COE HILL DIVISION.

Train for Coe Hill 9:35 a m, 12:30 p m; Trenton Junction 15m. later; Mid. Ry. J'ct. 10:28 a m, 3:23 p m; C. P. R J'ct. 11 a m, 4:30 p m; ElDorado 11:45 a m, 5:15 p m. Arr. Coe Hill 1:30 p m, 6:50 p m. Coe Hill for Trenton: 6 a m, 2:20 p m; ElDorado 7:45 a m, 3:47 p m; C. P. R. Jc't 8:40 a m, 4:30 p m; Mid, Ry. J'ct. 9:15 a m, 4:57 p m; G. T. J'ct. 9:50 a m, 5:30 p m; arr. Trenton 10:05 a m, 5:42 p m.

Daily Intelligencer.

RIGHTED AT LAST.

A STORY OF NEW ENGLAND LIFE.

> A child of our grandmother Eve, a female;
> Or, for thy more sweet understanding, a woman.
> *Love's Labor Lost.*

‘Certainly not, but it is not the custom of people of our position, and a disregard of the laws of society argues a lack of self-respect. The cousin never rightly understood such matters.’

‘No; she was much troubled about you, and insisted on my coming, and, to confess the truth, mamma, I was a little *distrait*, and, moreover, was curious to see how the Hon. Lloyd looked at the country tavern.’

She gave a glance around the room, and, with an expressive shrug of the shoulders, added: ‘Really, mamma, it's too bad. I don't see how you have contrived to exist.’

I had approached to take her wraps, which she removed and threw over my arm, with no more apparent consciousness of my presence than if I had been a clothes-rack, and went on with the conversation. It turned upon family affairs, and, not receiving any intimation from Mrs. Lloyd to leave the room, but the room was not large, and I heard every word.

But they were not so unmindful as I thought; for when Mrs. Lloyd began urging pecuniary reasons for refusing to spend the coming season at Saratoga, Miss Lloyd, with a glance at me, replied in French, and the conversation was carried on in that language, which they both spoke admirably.

Having been accustomed to the fluent tongue of Mademoiselle Berthier, I had no difficulty in understanding them; therefore I arose, and, coming to Mrs Lloyd's side, said:

‘Excuse me, madam, but I think I ought to tell you that my knowledge of French enables me to understand all you say.’

They looked at me a second with an expression which, had it been on the face of a common mortal, I should have called surprise; then Miss Lloyd said, carelessly:

‘A French *bonne*, mamma! Quite a *coup de theatre*, though I wonder how she ever strayed here?’

‘I am not French, only familiar with that language.’

‘Your feeling is quite correct,’ said Mrs. Lloyd, loftily. ‘You can go down and tell them to send up dinner for two. I will ring when I want you.’

When the bell again summoned me to her presence, the saturnine composure of the elder lady seemed undisturbed; but the daughter's cheek was flushed, and her tone irritable and impatient, as she said:

‘To think of staying shut up at that horrid old country place! No society, no amusements. I shall die of *ennui* before the summer is half over! If the master were only at home, it would be a different thing.’

‘Yes I wish he were. But I have stated my reasons; besides, you seem to forget Grace. She must spend her vacation somewhere.’

‘Let her go to Highclift with cousin Anne, or accept the invitation of the Pyncheons to visit Northampton. Or, if you choose to remain with Cousin Anne, I can go with the Howards. But, *a propos* of Cousin Anne, did you find a companion for her?’

‘No. She must be getting into her dotage, or she never would have sent such a request to me! The person she spoke of is married. I know nothing of such people, and I certainly did not expect to look up servants for her, when I accepted her invitation. But she always lacked judgment.’

The young lady smiled satirically.

‘Yes; I thought when she spoke of it, that it would be a new *role* for the Hon. Mrs. Lloyd to be exploring Yankee lodging-houses in pursuit of reduced gentlewomen; people who have seen better days, as they term it. But, mamma, we must humor her, and, though I detest that sort of people, I really hope we will find some one, for, if we are to go to Highclift for the summer, I have no idea of playing the part of companion myself, and reading to her by the hour.’

Mrs Lloyd yawned as if tired of the subject, but my thoughts naturally reverted to it. Some lady wanted a companion: would she accept me? Would she require the usual credentials? If so, would my week's service with Mrs. Lloyd suffice? Who was Cousin Anne? Should I be brought into close and daily contact with these Lloyds, whose intolerable and intolerant pride might become unendurable?

All these queries, save the last, were solved on the following day: Mrs. Lloyd announced herself well enough to travel, and, when she came to pay me, I referred to the above conversation, and asked if she would be so kind as to recommend me to fill the place.

She lifted her eyebrows, and said, haughtily: ‘You might also have heard that it is a lady my cousin needs—a person of education and refinement—not an ordinary servant.’

‘I did, madam, but, having passed the last six years in school, either as pupil or teacher, I thought I might possess the requisite amount of culture.’

‘Mamma,’ said Miss Julia, ‘perhaps you had better give her a trial. It will save some explanations. If she does not suit, it's not your affair.’

‘Have you a character, ?’

‘None, save such as my week's service with you may entitle me to. The only friend in this place to whom I could refer is absent, and I must trust to your kindness.’

She looked at her daughter, who answered, with a curl of her rich, red lip:

‘It's not essential, mamma. Your word will be sufficient. These characters are simply humbug—excuse me, *chere maman*, but it's just the word—*au reste*, she looks quiet and unpresuming—so engage her.’

The matter was speedily settled. I was to receive a salary of one hundred and fifty dollars per annum, provided I gave satisfaction, Mrs. Lloyd assuming that her word would render any testimonials unecessary.

I had sufficient money for my travelling-expenses, and an inspection of the contents of my satchel led me to think that the under clothing and black-silk dress it contained might, with the delaine I had on, be made to cover me respectably until my first quarterly payment became due; and, with a lighter heart than I had known for many days, I bade the landlady ‘Good by,’ and followed the ladies to the station.

CHAPTER XXI.

COUSIN ANNE.

It was almost dark when the carriage containing Mrs. and Miss Lloyd, and, by sufferance, the ‘humble companion,’ drove up to a handsome but old-fashioned house in Bleecker Street, New York. A man-servant met us and conducted us across the hall into a pleasant apartment that opened into the dining-room, where the servants were laying the table for dinner.

Mrs. Lloyd and her daughter left the room very soon, bidding me wait until I was sent for. I had waited, it seemed to me, a long time, when a smartly-dressed young woman came tripping in, and, with rather a contemptuous look at me and my little baggage, said:

‘Mrs. Lloyd desires to see you in Miss Annesley's room, miss.’

‘Miss Annesley! Miss Anne Annesley!’ I exclaimed. It was the first time I had heard my new mistress's family name, the Lloyds always having spoken of her as Cousin Anne, and I had thought it best to ask no questions. I stood, therefore, staring the girl blankly in the face.

(*To be continued*).

A Dreadful Doom.

To be unable to satisfy hunger without being distressed by heartburn, indigestion, sick stomach, dizziness or faintnesss, seems a dreadful doom. All who suffer thus will find prompt relief and permanent cure in Burdock Blood Bitters. B.B.B. *positively cures* dyspepsia in any form.

The Loss of the Hair

Is a great misfortune and the sight of a bald head should be a warning to you to take the best possible care of your hair. A little of Dr. Dorenwend's "Hair Magic" used occasionally will prevent all chances of its falling out or turning gray, and will remove all traces of dandruff. Every druggist has it in stock. Ask for it.

Common Croup

Is often fatal when not remedied in time. Leslie B. Nicholson, Wellesley Ave., Toronto, says: "As a quick cure for croup, colds, sore throat, chilblains, etc., I can recommend Hagyard's Yellow Oil." It is a sure cure. Directions accompany each bottle

CANADIAN---
---PACIFIC
RAILWAY.

Tuesday, March 12th,

AND EVERY TUESDAY THEREAFTER

—DURING—

MARCH AND APRIL

—WILL RUN—

SETTLERS'--- TRAINS

Trough without change to

MANITOBA,
North-West Territories,
and British Columbia,

Leaving Toronto Union Depot at 9:00 p. m.
No Customs. No Transfers No Delays.
Full particulars from any agent of the company,

S. BURROWS,
Agent C. P. R., Belleville.

GERMAN SHEET MIRROR.

We can supply any of the regular stock sizes in German Sheet Mirror and cut these to replace breakages.

L. W. YEOMANS & CO.

NERVOUS DEBILITY.

NERVOUS DEBILITY, EXHAUSTING, Vital Drains (caused by early indiscretions), effectually cured. Syphilitic affections and all bad blood and skin diseases arising there from thoroughly eradicated. Varicocele cured without operation Impotence, or premature decline of the manly powers, and all diseases of the genito-urinary organs a specialty. It makes no difference who has failed to cure you. Skill and experience important. A friendly letter or call may save you a great deal of misery and add years to your life. Consultation FREE. Medicines sent to any addres. DR. REEVE, 337 Jarvis St., Toronto. 59d&wly

Montreal, Nov. 21, 1888.
MESSRS. WILLIS & CO., 1,824 NOTRE DAME ST., CITY.

DEAR SIRS.—After having played on the Piano of Messrs. Bell & Co., of Guelph, Ont., it is impossible not to bear testimony to the qualities which have acquired for them the good reputation which they already enjoy. The Pianos of their manufacture are exceedingly remarkable for their qualities of tone. The bass is powerful without harshness, and the upper notes sweet, clear and mellow. The Bell Pianos are unquestionably the best made in Canada, and I set up on my principle and give you to-day an order to furnish one for my own use. Canada is to be congratulated on having produced the Bell Piano.

J. B. LABELLE, Professor of Music]
Organist Notre Dame Cathedral.

H. BULL AGENT.
BELLEVILLE.

BELLEVILLE POST OFFICE.

MAILS	Close	Due for Delivery.
East per G. T. R., including Maritime Provinces, and Picton	11:45 a. m. 10:00 p. m.	6:00 p. m 7:30 a. m.
West per G. T. R., including Western States, Manitoba and the North-West Territories	5.05 p.m. 10.00 p.m.	1:00 p. m. 7:30 a. m.
East and West, per G. T. R., closes on Sunday at 10 p. m.		
Marysville, Shannonville, per G. T. R	11:45 a. m.	6:00 p. m
Belleville Station, postage one cent	7.30 a. m. 5.05 p. m.	8.30 a. m. 6.00 p. m.
G'd Junction Ry., main line, including Peterboro', Stirling,	10:00 p. m	5:00 p. m.
Madoc, per Grand Junction Ry, including Queensboro, Cooper, Rimington, Bridgewater, and the Flats	11:45 a. m.	5:00 p. m.
Madoc Route, per stage	1:00 p. m.	12:00 noon.
Bancroft, Coe Hill, Marmora and all offices in North Hastings per Trenton and Coe Hill Railway	5 05 p. m. 10:00 p. m.	:30 a. m.
Bridgewater Route per stage, including Stoco daily	1:00 p. m.	12:00 noon.
Moira, Phillipston, Bogart, on Monday, Wednesday and Friday	1:00 p. m.	12:00 noon.
Fuller, on Tuesday and Friday	1:00 p. m.	12:00 noon.
Wallbridge, on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
Ameliasburg Route, per stage, including Mountain View and Crofton	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
Albury on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
Sidney Crossing, Wednesday and Saturday	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
Bay Side, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
British Mails, via New York, Monday and Thursday	11:45 a. m	
" " via Halifax, Canadian line Thursday	11:45 a. m.	

Postage, 5c. per ½ oz. by each route. Registration fee, 5c.

Money Orders granted on all Money Order offices in Canada, the United Kidgdom, France and Algeria, the United States, Newfoundland, Jamaica, Victoria (Australia), New South South Wales, Queensland, New Zealand Tasinania, Constantinople (Turkey), Gibraltar, Smyrna, Panama (British agency), Austria, Hungary, Belgium, China (See Hong-Kong), Denmark, including Iceland and the Faroe Islands, Danish West Indies, Dutch, East Indies, Egypt, German empire (which includes 26 States), Holland, (Netherlands), Italy, Japan, Norway, Portugal, including Madiera and the Azores, Romania, Sweden, Switzerland, British India, including Aden, Bagdad, Bandor, Abas, Bushire, Busrah, Guadur, Jask, Linga, Muscat and Zanzibar, Ceylon, Hong Kong, including Amoy, Canton, Foo Chow, Han Kow Hoi-how, Ningpo Shanghai and Swatow, North Borneo, Strait Settlements, Bermuda, Falkland Islands, South and West Africa, including Cape Colony, Gambia, Gold Coast, Lagos, Mauritius Natal, St. Helena, Seychelles Islands, Sierra, Leone, West Indies including Antignu, Bahams, Barbadoes, British Guiana, Dominica, Grenada, Honduras, (British), Montserrat, Nevis, St. Kitts, St. Lucia, St. Vincent, Tobago, Trinidad, Turk's Islands, South Australia, Western Australia, Azores Islands, Madera Islands.

Deposits received, under the regulations of the Post Office Savings' Bank, between the hours of 9 a. m. and 4 p. m.

Registered Letters must be posted 15 minutes before the close of each mail

Street letter boxes emptied at 10 a. m. and 8 p. m.

Office hours, 7:30 a. m. to 6:30 p. m., Sundays excepted.

FOREIGN POSTAGE.

Canada having been admitted into the Postal Union, there is a re-arrangement of Postage rates, as follows:—

For Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Iceland, Egypt, France, Algeria, Germany, Gibraltar, Great Britain and Ireland, Greece, Italy, Luxembourg, Malta, Montenegro, Netherlands, Norway, Persia, Portugal, Azores, Roumania, Russia, St. Pierre, Servia, Spain, the Canary Islands, Sweden, Switzerland and Turkey. And via United States:—Bermuda, Bahamas, Cuba, Danish Colonies of St. Thomas, St. John, St. Croix, Jamaica, Japan and Porto Rico (Newfoundland is now in the Postal Union, but rates remain as before.) Letters, 5 cents per ½ oz. Postal cards, 2 cents each. Newspapers, 2 cents for 4 oz. Registration fee, 5 cents.

For Aden, Argentine Confederation, Brazil, British Guinea, Ceylon, Greenland, Freno Colonies in Asia, Africa, Oceanica and America, except St. Pierre and Miquelon, Persia, Persian Gulf, Portuguese Colonies in Asia, Africa and Oceanica, Trinidad, Spanish Colonies Africa, Oceanica and America, except Cuba and Porto Rico, Straits settlements in Singapor Penany and Malacca:—Letters, 10 cents per ½ oz. Post cards, 4 cents each. Newspapers, cents for 4 oz. Books, &c., 4 cents for 4 oz. Other Registration fees, 10 cents.

West India Islands, via Halifax, same rate as formerly. Prepayment by stamp in all cases.

J. H. MEACHAM
Postmaste

---NEW---
SPRING GOODS!

New Embroideries,
New Prints,
New Tweeds,
New Carpets,
New Curtain Materials,
New Cornice Poles,
New Window Shades.

GEORGE RITCHIE & CO'S.

California Evaporated Fruits!

NECTARINES.	PEACHES,
APRICOTS,	CHERRIES,
PRUNELLES, PLUMS,	CRYSTALIZED FIGS.

CONGER BROS.

Sun Life Assurance Company
—OF CANADA.—

I have great pleasure in announcing to the Policy-holders and friends of the Company that the Applications for New Life Assurances received during the year 1887 were again larger than in any previous year in the Company's history, being more than $3,500,000, on which policies were issued for over $3,000,000. The year's operations have also resulted in a large and very satisfactory addition to the assets, which now amount to over $1,750,000.

AGENTS WANTED ON SALARY.

W. T. MCINTYRE,
General Agent, elleville.

BURDOCK PILLS
SUGAR COATED

A SURE CURE
FOR BILIOUSNESS, CONSTIPATION, INDIGESTION, DIZZINESS, SICK HEADACHE, AND DISEASES OF THE STOMACH, LIVER AND BOWELS. THEY ARE MILD, THOROUGH AND PROMPT IN ACTION, AND FORM A VALUABLE AID TO BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS IN THE TREATMENT AND CURE OF CHRONIC AND OBSTINATE DISEASES.

SPECULATION!

Geo. A. Romer,
BANKER AND BROKER,
40 & 42 BROADWAY AND 51 NEW STREET,
New York City.

Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Provisions and ePetroleum

BOUGHT, SOLD AND CARRIED ON MARGIN

P. S.—Send for explanatory pamphlet.
Aug 30, '88, dly

NEUFCHATEL
CREAM
CHEESE!

JUST RECEIVED.

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE,
Grocers & Wine Merchants,
33 & 37, Bridge Street
Also Front St., opp. Ritchie's.

NEW LINES
—IN—
CAKES and PASTRY.

Angel Cake, Coffee Cake, Queen Victoria, Adelaide, and a great many other varieties.

Florida Oranges, Almeria Grapes and New Figs, just received at

DICKENS.

P. S.—We would respectfully ask all retailers to drop in and see us and the large line of Candies we are offering at wholesale.

DICKENS & SON.

Self-Raising
Buckwheat
Flour!

A FRESH SUPPLY JUST RECEIVED.

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE,
Grocers and Wine Merchants.
33 & 37 Bridge Street.
Also Front Street, Opp. Ritchie's.

NEW
Wall Paper!
—AT—
-S. A. LAZIER'S-
ROBERTSON'S BLOCK
October 16th

CALIFORNIA
EVAPORATED
FRUITS

NECTARINES,
APRICOTS,
PEACHES,
PLUMS.

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKF
Grocers & Wine Merchants,
33 & 37 Bridge Street.
Also Front St., opp. Ritchie's.

FOR MEN ONLY!

A POSITIVE CURE For LOST or FAILING MANHOOD; General and NERVOUS DEBILITY; Weakness of Body and Mind: Effects of Errors or Excesses in Old or Young. Robust, Noble MANHOOD fully Restored. How to Enlarge and Strengthen WEAK, UNDEVELOPED ORGANS & PARTS of BODY. Absolutely unfailing HOME TREATMENT—Benefits in a day. Men testify from 47 States, Territories, and Foreign Countries. You can write them. Book, full explanation, and proofs mailed (sealed) free. Address ERIE MEDICAL CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

BEFORE BUYING STOVES

Be sure to see our stock. We have in Coal Stoves the

Imperial Jewel,
Fancy Countess,
Art Favorite,
Fire King and others.

Also a great variety of RANGES and COOK STOVES, which we are selling at right prices.

C. F. SMITH & CO.
388, FRONT STREET.

To WATER Consumers

PLEASE call at the office and pay your Water Rate, which was due on the 1st of January.

Those in arrears for Plumbing will also please pay without further notice.

THE BELLEVILLE WATER WORKS CO

J. H. MILLS,
--Merchant: Tailor,--
OPPOSITE GEO. RITCHIE & CO'S

THE MAGOG TEXTILE & PRINT CO.

Will offer for Spring Trade the LARGEST, CHEAPEST and MOST VARIED range of Prints ever shown, including

SPRING NOVELTIES
—OF—
LATEST PARIS DESIGNS!

Merchants will do well to see their samples before buying elsewhere. Early advice will be given when Travellers will call.

St Peter Street, · Montreal.

HASTINGS
LOAN AND INVESTMENT SOCIETY
BELLEVILLE, ONT.

CAPITAL $250,000

MONEY TO LOAN on Farm or City property, at lowest current rates.

Payments can be made to fall due at any season of the year to suit borrowers. No delay in obtaining the money beyond the time necessary employed in the investigation of titles.

MORTGAGES PURCHASED.

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT.

FOUR PER CENT interest allowed on Deposit No notice required of withdrawal

OFFICE—Robertson's Block, east side of Front Street.

Straight loans at 7 per cent. No fines. No commissions.

J. P. C. PHILLIPS,
Manage
2d&wly

PARME LEE'S
Asphaltic ROOF PAINT.

It will entirely stop the rusting of tin and iron roofs.

It will entirely stop the wearing away and decay of the exposed wood of shingle roofs.

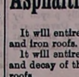
It has been accepted by the City, he County, and the chief Real Estate Owners of the City.

I will be glad to give estimates of cost at any time and anywhere.

H. S. PARMELEE,
Belleville.

432,000
FIRE CRACKERS
—AT THE—
—CITY BAKERY—
Wholesale and Retail.
JAS. WALLACE.

PENNYROYAL WAFERS.



Prescription of a physician who has had a life long experience in treating female diseases. Is used monthly with perfect success by over 10,000 ladies. Pleasant, safe, effectual. Ladies ask your druggist for Pennyroyal Wafers and take no substitute, or inclose postage for sealed particulars. Sold by all druggists, $1 per box. Address THE EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., DETROIT, MICH.

FOR SALE BY D. M. WATERS.

INTELLIGENCER PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY LIMITED.

J. C. JAMIESON, President.	J. W. LONDON, Secretary

THE Treasurer is the only person authorised to receive moneys for the Company, or to grant receipts for the same.

All Bills, Notes, Cheques, and other documents binding on the Company, will require the signature of the President, in addition to that of the Treasurer.

THE INTELLIGENCER is printed and published for the INTELLIGENCER Printing and Publishing Company (Limited) by JAMES C. JAMIESON, resident in Belleville, at their Office, Front St., south of Hotel St.

THE RATHBUN COMPANY,

Having transferred me to their Brockville branch, I beg to thank my friends and customers for the liberal patronage and kindness extended to me during my residence in Belleville, and also to bespeak the same treatment to Mr. R. C. Calhoun, my successor.

P. J. SHANNON.

The Daily Intelligencer.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL. 22. BELLEVILLE ONTARIO, TUESDAY MARCH 12, 1889. NO. 266

THE RATHBUN CO.

Having appointed me Agent for their Belleville branch, I take this opportunity of soliciting a continuance of the patronage which they have hitherto enjoyed through the popular management of Mr. Shannon. It will be my desire and aim to maintain and add to this patronage, which fair dealing and a thorough knowledge of the requirements of the trade leads me to hope for.—R. C. CALHOUN.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

G. DENMARK,

BARRISTER, Solicitor, etc. Office, Front Street.

W. B. NORTHRUP, M. A.,

BARRISTER, Solicitor, &c. Offices: North Bridge St., between Front St. and Lower Bridge.

Money to loan—private and company funds.

J. C. CONNELL, M.A., M.D., C.M.

DISEASES of the Eye, Ear, Throat and Nose. Surgeon to Kingston General Hospital. Office—No. 279, King Street, Kingston. Dr. Connell will be at the Queen's Hotel, Belleville, on the first Tuesday of each month. Sept. 5 d&wly

E. GUSS PORTER,

BARRISTER, Solicitor, Notary Public, &c. office in the Robertson Block, east side of Front Street.

Private Money to Loan. 371d&wl,

DR. ELIZABETH EMBURY,

GRADUATE of Queen's University, Licentiate of the College of Physicians and Surgeons, Ontario.

Office and residence—Harrison's Block, Front Street, across the hall from rooms formerly occupied by Dr. Farley, over Holland's jewellery store. Diseases of women and children a specialty. d&wtf

HENRY CARRE, C. E., M. C. Soc. C. E.,

DOM, and Prov'l Land Surveyor, late of the firm of Macleod & Carre, P. L. S. References: John Bell, Esq., Solicitor G. T. R., W. H. Ponton, Esq., Registrar of the County. Office—McAnnany Block, opposite Skinner & Redick's. Belleville, Ont., P. O. Box 203. 20d&w

J. F. WILLS,

BARRISTER, Solicitor, Notary Public, &c. Office, corner Front and Campbell Streets, Belleville, Ont. Money to loan, Company and private funds. 24d&w

J WALTER ROSS, M. D., C. M.

GRADUATE of the University of Trinity College, Toronto. Physician, surgeon, accoucheur. Office and residence West Front Street, one door north of entrance to Foot Bridge. d&wly

JOHN J. FARLEY, M. D., C. M., M. R. C. S., England.

OFFICE and Residence—corner of Bridge and George Streets—three streets east of the Post Office.

ROBERT BOGLE,

LOAN and real estate agent. MONEY TO LOAN at lowest rates. Office, opposite Roy's Brewry, Front St., Belleville.

GEO. CLINTON, M. D., C. M

OFFICE and residence Bridge St., between William and George Sts, third block east of Bridge Street Methodist Church. Telephone No. 44. d&w

GEO. J. SHERRY,

BARRISTER, &c. Office. Metropolitan Block, next door north of Dominion Bank, Front St. Branch Office, Stirling. 116

EDGAR M. COOK, M. D.,

HOMOEOPATHIC Physician and Surgeon. Office and residence, West Front Street, in the late Dr. Abbott's premises, over Brignall & Thompson's store. TELEPHONE. 175dtf

GEO. D. DICKSON, Q. C.,

BARRISTER, &c., Post Office Block, Bridge Street Belleville.

WILLIAM N. PONTON,

BARRISTER, Solicitor Notary Public, Conveyancer. Office, over Express and Telegraph Office, Thompson Block, Bridge St., Belleville. Money to loan—private funds. Agent of the Trust and Loan Company of Canada.

DR. BURDETT

IS pleased to inform his friends that he is again able to render his professional services as before. 176 6m

DRUNKENNESS

Or the Liquor Habit, Positively Cured by Administering Dr. Haines' Golden Specific.

It can be given in a cup of coffee or tea without the knowledge of the person taking it; is absolutely harmless, and will effect a permanent and speedy cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. It has been given in thousands of cases, and in every instance a perfect cure has followed. *It never fails.* The system once impregnated with the Specific, it becomes an utter impossibility for the liquor appetite to exist. For circular and full particulars address GOLDEN SPECIFIC CO., 185 Race St., Cincinnati, O.

BANKING OFFICE

—OF—

U. E. THOMPSON

BRIDGE STREET, BELLEVILLE, ON

American Currency and Drafts Bought and Sold.

Deposits received, subject to withdrawal without notice and interest allowed

EYE, EAR & THROAT

DR. RYERSON.

L. R. C. P., L. R. C. S. E., Lecturer on the Eye, Ear and Throat, Trinity Medical College, Toronto, and Surgeon to the Mercer Eye and Ear Infirmary.

60 College Avenue, Toronto.

M. C. ROBLIN

ISSUER OF

MARRIAGE LICENCES

and agent of the Lancashire Insurance Company. Office over Hooey & Sons, Front Street Belleville. 136d 1v

A. G. NORTHRUP,

Issuer of Marriage Licences,

OFFICE—SHIRE HALL, BELLEVILLE

November 10

The Great English Prescription.

A successful Medicine used over 30 years in thousands of cases. Cures *Spermatorrhea, Nervous Weakness, Emissions, Impotency* and all diseases caused by abuse. [BEFORE] indiscretion, or over-exertion. [AFTER] Six packages *Guaranteed to Cure when all others Fail.* Ask your Druggist for The Great English Prescription, take no substitute. One package $1. Six $5, by mail. Write for Pamphlet. Address Eureka Chemical Co., Detroit, Mich.

FOR SALE BY D. M. WATERS.

Try FROSTILLA.

It softens the roughest skin and keeps it in good condition.

It contains nothing greasy or sticky, is nicely perfumed, a lady's toilet not complete without it.

An elegant face dressing for gentlemen after shaving.

For sale at the PHARMACY,

D. M. WATERS,

NEVER ALLOW the bowels to remain constipated lest serious evil ensue. National Pills are unsurpassed as a remedy for constipation.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS. TRADE MARK

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

GREAT REDUCTION

—IN—

Sleighs & Baskets

—AT THE—

City Book Store.

Having decided to take Baskets from stock, will, for a week, offer them at cost.

Sleighs also for balance of season at bottom prices. Including a few Children's Cutters which should be seen by any who could use them.

C. B. SCANTLEBURY,

Headquarters for School Publications, New Music and Fine Stationery.

NEWCOMBE

PIANOFORTES

AWARDED FIRST SILVER MEDAL

WORLD'S EXPOSITION, NEW ORLEANS, U.S.A., 1884-5, in competition with the pianofortes of Europe and America. The only U.S. International Medal ever awarded to a Canadian pianoforte; also Medal and Diploma at the Colonial and Indian Exhibition, London, Eng., 1886, with the supreme honor of supplying Her Majesty the Queen with a Newcombe Grand, selected by Sir Arthur Sullivan. For Illustrated Catalogue, prices and terms,

Address Octavius Newcombe & Co.,

MANUFACTURERS

WAREROOMS, 107-109 CHURCH ST., TORONTO

FACTORY, 89 TO 97 BELLWOODS AVENUE

CLARKE'S

Glycerine .·. Jelly

For ROUGH SKIN, CHAPPED HANDS, SORE LIPS, etc.

It penetrates the skin, leaving it soft and white.

It is not sticky, and a glove can be put on immediately after using.

Price 20 cents, For sale by

-F. CHARLES CLARKE,-

CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST.

Telephone 138. Front Street.

DUNN'S BAKING POWDER

THE COOK'S BEST FRIEND

Gents' .·. Furnishings!

A FULL LINE of Gentlemen's Goods for the Fall and Winter.

Shirts made to order and a good fit guaranteed.

C. J. PANTER.

DR LOW'S WORM SYRUP

DESTROYS AND REMOVES WORMS OF ALL KINDS IN CHILDREN OR ADULTS SWEET AS SYRUP AND CANNOT HARM THE MOST DELICATE CHILD

PILES! PILES! PILES!

Dr. William's Indian Pile Ointment is a sure cure for Blind, Bleeding or Itching Piles. No one need suffer. Prepared for Piles only. It never fails to cure. Sold by druggists for $1.00, or mailed on receipt of price. WILLIAMS M'F'G Co., Cleveland, Ohio.

Daily Intelligencer.

NEWS OF THE OLD WORLD.

A BETTER FEELING PREVAILS ON THE PARIS BOURSE.

Sir Julian Pauncefote's Appointment as Minister at Washington Approved by the Queen.

PARIS, March 11.—Societe des Metaux shares at 4 p.m. were quoted at 110 francs, Comptoir d'Escompte 370 and Rio Tintos 318 francs 75c.

The bourse closed firmer and extensive purchases are reported to have been made by leading banks. At 5 o'clock Comptoir d'Escompte shares were quoted at 400f. Bears were buying, fearing a heavy reaction. It is persistently reported that the Comptoir d'Escompte will be reconstructed.

The Chamber of Deputies has authorized the Government to prosecute Senator Naquet and Deputies Laguerre, Turquet and Laisant, leaders of the Patriotic League, on the ground that the league had been converted into a secret society having, besides its public statutes, secret arrangements by which the league by sending telegrams could mobilize its members for opposing any measure the authorities decided upon and also for sending copies of the League's manifesto concerning the Atchinoff expedition to Generals Ignatieff and Tchernaieff and the mayor of Moscow, who are declared to be the leading repaesentatives of the league in Russia.

London Stock Market Firmer.

LONDON, March 11.—The stock market closed firmer in sympathy with the better prices on continental bourses.

Afghanistan and Russia.

LONDON, March 11.—The Ameer of Afghanistan denies that he has any designs against Russia. He declares that his enemies, wishing to embroil England, Afghanistan and Russia, originated the report.

The Times' Sacrifice.

LONDON, March 11.—Mr. Macdonald, the manager of The Times, has been made the scapegoat of that newspaper's fiasco. His resignation was accepted Saturday night.

Sir Julian's Appointment.

LONDON, March 11.—The Queen has approved the appointment of Sir Julian Pauncefote as British Minister to the United States.

The Cashmere Conspiracy.

CALCUTTA, March 11.—An official inquiry has been ordered into the charges that the Maharajah of Cashmere was implicated in a conspiracy to poison the British Resident and in other treasonable practices. The Maharajah is an imbecile and is wholly in the power of his ministers.

Millionaire Williamson's Wealth.

PHILADELPHIA, March 11.—The will of I. V. Williamson, the dead millionaire, was admitted to probate to-day. The estate amounts to between $8,000,000 and $9,000,000, exclusive of $2,250,000 for the mechanical school. The entire estate is [illegible] yield the state between $400,000 and $500,000. The cost of settling up the property will not fall short of $750,000.

Milwaukee's Bad Chinamen.

MILWAUKEE, March 11.—The examination of three of the Chinamen charged with ruining young girls was not concluded today. The testimony against them however is very strong. After smashing doors and windows of several Chinese laundries this afternoon the crowd dispersed. The feeling against the Chinese is growing in bitterness as the enormity of their crimes is being revealed by the testimony in court.

The Weavers' Strike.

FALL RIVER, Mass., March 11.—Three thousand weavers assembled in mass meeting in the park this morning. Reports to the executive committee of the union showed that the weavers in every print cloth mill in the city had quit work and that the strike was general. The agent of the Pocasset mill here offered to compromise with the strikers.

A Petty U. S. Customs Fee Abolished.

WASHINGTON, March 11.—The Treasury Department has directed a discontinuance of the practice at Burlington, Vt., and other ports of exacting a fee of 20 cents for a certificate of copies of invoices transmitted under the provisions of article 73, of the general regulations with triplicate copy of transportation entries.

Diphtheria in Cardwell.

CAMILLA, March 11.—Diphtheria has been very bad in the neighborhood of Mono Centre and Relessey. There have been over 35 cases in the past three months. The Mono Centre school has been closed for two months. Quite a number of deaths have occurred.

INTERESTING ITEMS BY WIRE.

The Halton assizes opened at Milton yesterday.

St. John, N.B., is preparing for a great demonstration at the opening of the Canadian Pacific Railway through to that city.

Two young lads have been arrested in Calais, Me., charged with entering and stealing from the stores of C. H. Smith & Co., and Inches & Grimmer, St. Stephen.

The court of review at Montreal has confirmed the judgment of the Superior Court, granting $200 damages in the case of Goyette, a candidate in the Laprairie election, against LeViollon for libel.

Wildcats must be rather plentiful in the vicinity of Middle Musquodobit, N.S. John Morris of that place recently snared eight, for which he received the Government bounty.

Another victim of the St. George disaster has died—the colored waiter Cooper, who was so terribly scalded in the dining car. He died in the Brantford general hospital on Sunday.

A contract with the Marine Transport Railway for $100,000 worth of sleepers, and for two residences ($5000) on the line of the Ship Railway has just been awarded to Rhodes, Curry & Co.

A boy named Wm. Campbell stole $35 from a miner named Henry Parker, who occupied a room with him in a Halifax boarding house. He was arrested, but as nobody prosecuted he was discharged.

Mr. C E. Freeman of Amherst from whom a customs detective seized a number of organs for undervaluation, and who deposited $4000, awaiting a decision from Ottawa, has had his money returned, everything being found correct.

The Canada Atlantic Railway has decided to build a branch line from Glen Robertson station to Hawkesbury, on the Ottawa River. Work will be begun in the spring, and it promises to kill the project to build the Ottawa and Vaudreuil railway.

A Westbrook correspondent of The Amherst Sentinel says: Alfred Fullerton threatens suit against the Cumberland Coal and Railway Company for neglecting to stop at Ewis' Crossing where he was waiting to board the train. It is rumored that he will sue for $10,000 damages.

MOTIVES OF KIDNAPERS.

WHY LITTLE CHILDREN ARE STOLEN FROM THEIR HOMES.

A Mental Derangement Which Prompts People to the Commission of the Crime.

Why are children stolen? Not many of them are kidnaped in the hope of pecuniary reward; cases of this sort, such as the Charley Ross abduction, are rare. Revenge may be the motive in exceptional instances, but usually it turns out that the parents of the stolen child were utterly unknown to the abductors. That the incentive is a pure love for children and the desire to have a child is disproved by the fact that nine times in ten the stolen one is wofully abused and maltreated. Probably the most satisfactory explanation is that certain people are affected by a peculiar mental derangement which prompts them to the commission of the crime without malice aforethought. It is, in fact, child-kleptomania, although this peculiar phase of mania has not been dignified with a scientific name of its own in the book.

Even this theory falls short when we think of the numerous cases in which, without apparent motive, two or three persons unite to do the stealing. They cannot each be afflicted simultaneously to such an extent.

CHARLEY ROSS.

That a child stolen by a partially insane person should be inhumanly treated is no cause for wonder; it naturally follows that any one with so distorted a sense of right and wrong, necessarily without a moiety of love or feeling, would not be capable of tenderness or even consideration.

In 1815 a child named Lambert was stolen from her parents in Baltimore by a young woman, apparently sane, purely because she wanted it to keep. She was arrested a few days later, and the child was found mangled and bleeding, and almost dead. The evidence showed that the child had been maltreated "because it wouldn't walk fast enough."

Of course, there are many cases when the abduction is due to abnormal love and yearning, pure and simple. A well known judge the other day said: "Last summer I sent my family to England. My little girl, 4 years old, being too young to stand the trip, was placed in the care of a friend of mine, whose family consists of a wife and one child. When the folks came back in the autumn I went to get the child, but do you think he was willing to give her up? Not much. He said: 'I've had this child six months now, and I don't propose to part with her. You have a large family, and can just as well spare that little girl as not. Now, if you go to law about it and recover the child, as I suppose you can, I shall regard you as unworthy of respect and will never speak to you as long as I live.' This from a friend of years standing! He was in earnest, too. I ultimately got the child, [illegible] Any mention of kidnaping always recalls the Charley Ross case. So celebrated was the affair that now, sixteen years after, it has not to a great degree faded out of the popular mind, though perhaps the details have.

Christian K. Ross lived in a handsome dwelling, isolated by a large yard, in Germantown, a Philadelphia suburb. One July afternoon all of the family happened to be absent save two young brothers, aged 4 and 8 years. They were playing together in the front street when two men drove up in a covered wagon. One of the men jumped out and addressed the little boys, offered them candy, and finally persuaded them to take a ride. After driving a short distance the elder brother was given some money and sent on an errand for more candy. He returned in a few minutes, but the wagon had disappeared, and Charley Ross has not been seen to this day. The crime was committed to extort a ransom for the return of the child, but the abductors' fear of capture was so great that no agreement between them and the father was ever successfully carried out. The search for the missing child was pursued unceasingly and thoroughly. Prominent Philadelphians interested themselves in the matter, and seemingly no stone was left unturned. Countless trips were made to Europe, every gipsy camp in the world was searched; the identity of over 400 children was investigated, but without avail. Two men were fatally shot while committing a burglary on Long Island the following year, and while dying confessed that they had stolen the child, but did not divulge its whereabouts. A third conspirator was subsequently convicted of complicity and sentenced to a long term in prison, protesting his innocence and denying all knowledge of the affair. It is the popular theory that the abductors, at last finding themselves close pressed, murdered the child. Mr. Ross is living down at Germantown, a wornout, heartbroken old man, but still hoping on that some day, somehow, the little fellow will come back—little no longer, but to his loving memory the same sunny-faced, golden-haired boy of sixteen years ago.

Bombs for Baseballists.

"Base hits."—Whacks below the belt.
"Never muffs a 'ball.'"—A toper
"Makes a home run."—A good husband.
"A regular sky-scraper."—A comet.
"Safe hitters."—Burglars.
"Caught napping."—Policemen.
"Lines 'er out."—Fishermen.
"Daisy-cutters."—Cattle.
"Out on strikes."—Dissatisfied workmen.
"A scratch hit."—Lighting a match.
"A man of sighs."—The umpire.
"Heavy hitters."—Lucky investors.
"On the fly."—Hotel beats.
"A fowl tip."—A chicken's tail.
"A double play."—Borrowing $5 to pay a $5 debt.
"Often 'caught at it.'"—Catchers.
"Rounds many a curve."—Pitchers.
"Resembles the comma."—Short stops.
"Lays them all out."—Undertakers.
"Makes the circuit."—A garter.
"An old ringer."—O.
"Familiar figures on the diamond."—0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0.

She Did Not Meet Them.

Caller (to Mrs. Von Moulten)—Did your trip to Honolulu benefit you, do you think?

Mr. Von Moulten—Yes: I think it did. Honolulu is delightful socially, but I went out very little.

Caller—Did you see any of the cannibals?

Mrs Von Moulten—No; but I met most of the old families, and heard the Cannibals spoken of as delightful people. As I said, however, I went out very little.—N. Y. Life.

AGRICULTURAL NOTES.

Watermelons seem to thrive better and produce more when grown on ridges instead of hills. Use plenty of manure on the ridges, with the ridges 6 feet apart and the plants 10 feet apart in the rows.

If a lawn is to be made, an important point is to have it made as smooth as possible after seeding. The better this is done the more easily the lawn mower can be used over the plot.

A blanket for the horse is a cheap article considering the food it saves and the colds and sickness it avoids. It is indispensable in well-regulated stables.

Do not delay burning the dried rubbish. Clear up all the decaying weeds, and get rid of all refuse matter that may interfere with spring work.

Look carefully over your evergreen hedges for the basket-worm which may be noticed by the little baskets hanging from the limbs.

THE NEW HOOP OF MEMORY.

IT WILL SERVE TO RECALL MANY BRIGHT AND HAPPY DAYS.

The Latest Fad Among the Young Girls—The Color-Blind Beau Will Become Distracted.

The latest fad evolved by feminine ingenuity is the "Memory Hoop," which is from eight to ten inches in diameter, and holds from thirty to forty bows of ribbon, contributed by gentlemen who desire to be remembered. The young man who aspires to have his image constantly recalled by means of a portion of a parlor ornament is now endeavoring to acquire an education in ribbons, in the wild hope that the bow he shall give his present adored one will not offend all the laws of taste and color combinations.

Between delicate pink, lavender, olive green, cardinal, light red, peacock blue, deep red, cream, orange, Prussian blue and various yellows, a general masculine insanity may be regarded as probable in the near future. The poor fellow who is color blind may escape distraction now, but his future reputation depends on such small things as miracles. The fact is a dear one to thousands of young ladies, and in obtaining exquisite pieces of bric-a-brac in forms of properly built memory hoops, masculine incompetence will be as utterly regarded as are other obstacles to what sweet girls make up their minds to have.

ASHES OF FORMER FLAMES.

The records which such a completed hoop of memory will show in after years, when the young lady whose friends it recalls shall and astonishing. Taking from the chandelier or mantel the beribboned hoop she may explain the significance of each bit of bright silk or satin somewhat after this fashion: "This bow was given to me by so-and-so; he married a cook, you know, and not long afterward committed suicide. This green and yellow one was presented by Smith, who took to drink, and now boards at the poor-house. Glad I didn't have him. So-and-so gave me this—that heavy theologian we hear of sometimes now as crusading against earrings and other ornaments. This other one—see what perfect tints and tasteful combination—was the gift of him who now considers me his better half and meekly accepts my advice and guidance. So-and-so, who married Dolly Jones, you know, and is the father of eight children, gave me this; nice fellow, but glad I wouldn't listen to him. This black and pink one Dick So-and-so, gave me, missionary now in Africa. Won't mind it much, I guess, as he's color-blind." And so on through the list of gentlemen "remembered."

THE UNITED KINGDOM.

Queer Fancy of an Inmate of an English Insane Asylum.

Dr. Shark is a gentleman who believes in the rational treatment of patients in his private lunatic asylum. He gives them picnics in summer and balls in winter and plenty of amusement all the year around. Taking one consideration with another I should imagine that lunacy, under these conditions, is rather a pleasant thing. I always look forward to the dances he gives, for after considerable experience I have come to the conclusion that idiotic partners are rather less idiotic than the commonplace misses one meets with at ordinary balls. She was sitting in a corner of the ballroom toying with a fan—a large and massive woman whom one would no more have suspected of being insane than of being consumptive. I asked the doctor to introduce me, for I admire fine women. He did so, and I sat down beside her. We spoke about the weather, as new acquaintances will. She was perfectly rational on that point, at any rate. She thought it was appalling. I mentioned casually that I had been to Torquay for a brief holiday.

"Do you know it?" I asked.

"Oh, yes—there it is," she replied.

I looked in the direction in which she pointed and saw a rather extensive foot incased in an irreproachable dancing shoe.

"That is the Land's End," she said, reflectively, indicating the place where the little toe of her right foot might be supposed to lie, "and that is the Lizard over there, I am the United Kingdom, you know," she added, with dignity.

I bowed in silence. Is was a colossal idea, and not to be comprehended all at once.

"There is the North Foreland over there," she went on, tapping her left foot. "I have had some trouble with it lately; and oh," and her voice became quite plaintive, "I was so afraid that they were going to take Ireland away from me," and she glanced affectionately at her left arm.

I thought it better that we should join in the dance, for these geographical confidences threatened to become embarrassing. So I put my arm round the top of Lincolnshire and the base of Yorkshire, and as far into Lancashire as I could get (for her waist was more than eighteen inches), and we danced. "My ear is burning so; I am afraid there must be a storm on the coast of Aberdeen," were the last words I heard her say as I led her to a seat.—London Figaro.

They Will be Formidable.

WASHINGTON, March 11.—Unless unforeseen obstacles are encountered within a few months after the beginning of the next fiscal year contracts will have been let for constructing new war vessels which will increase the tonnage of the navy by nearly 15,000 tons. Although the majority of the new vessels will be small compared with the monster ironclads of Europe, they will embody the latest approved ideas and from their high speed and heavy armament will be formidable vessels of war.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

FULL WEIGHT ROYAL BAKING POWDER ABSOLUTELY PURE

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall-st., N. Y.

A High Valuation.

"If there was only one bottle of Hagyard's Yellow Oil in Manitoba, I would give one hundred dollars for it," writes Philip H. Brant, of Monteith, Manitoba, after having used it for severe wound and for frozen fingers, with, as he says, "astonishing results."

Dangerous Counterfeits.

Counterfeits are always dangerous, the more so that they always closely IMITATE THE ORIGINAL IN APPEARANCE AND NAME. The remarkable success achieved by Nasal Balm as a positive cure for Catarrh and Cold in the Head has induced unprincipled parties to imitate it. The public are cautioned not to be deceived by nostrums imitating Nasal Balm in name and appearance, bearing such names as Nasal Cream, Nasal Balsam, etc. Ask for Nasal Balm and do not take any imitation dealers may urge upon you. For sale by all druggists or sent post-paid on receipt of price (50c. and $1,) by addressing Fulford & Co., Brockville, Ont.

Health Failing Fast.

I was swollen from head to foot from dropsy of six months' standing, and my health was failing fast, but after taking one bottle of Burdock Blood Bitters, I am quite well, and think there is no medicine equal to B. B.B., and to it I remain a true friend." Joseph Heric, Linwood, Ont.

There are a number of varieties of corns. Call on your druggist and get a bottle at once.

Orin Catlin, 49 Pearl Street Buffalo, N. Y., says: I tried various remedies for the piles but found no relief until I used Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, which entirely cured me after a few applications.

Do not delay in getting relief for the little folks. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is a pleasant and sure cure. If you love your child why do you let it suffer when a remedy is so near at hand?

The cheapest medicine in use is Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, because so very little of it is required to effect a cure. For croup, diphtheria, and diseases of the lungs and throat, whether used for bathing the chest or throat, for taking internally or inhaling, it is a matchless compound.

Mr. Thomas Ballard, Syracuse, N. Y., writes: 'I have been afflicted for nearly a year with that most-to-be dreaded disease Dyspepsia, and at times worn out with pain and want of sleep, and after trying almost everything recommended I tried one box of Parmelee's Valuable Pills. I am now nearly well, and believe they will cure me. I would not be without them for any money."

PARMELEE'S PILLS possess the power of acting specifically upon the diseased organs, stimulating to action the dormant energies of the system, thereby removing disease. In fact, so great is the power of this medicine to cleanse and purify, that diseases of almost every name and nature are driven from the body.' Mr. D. Carswell, Carswell P. O., Ont, writes: "I have tried Parmelee's Pills and find them an excellent medicine, and one that will sell well."

EXHAUSTED VITALITY.

THE SCIENCE OF LIFE, the great Medical Work of the age on Manhood, Nervous and Physical Debility, Premature Decline, Errors of Youth, and the untold miseries consequent thereon, 360 pages 8 vo., 125 prescriptions for all diseases. Cloth, full gilt, only $1, by mail, sealed. Illustrative sample free to all young and middle aged men. Send now. The Gold and Jewelled Medal awarded to the author by the National Medical Association. Address P. O. Box 1895, Boston, Mass., or Dr. W. H. PARKER, graduate of Harvard Medical College, 25 years' practice in Boston, who may be consulted confidentially. Specialty, Diseases of Men. Office, No. 4, Bulfinch Street.

J. M. FORTIER,

"Wholesale .·. Cigar .·. Manufacturer,

145 151 ST. MAURICE STREET,

MONTREAL

P. S.—Special and Private Brands a specialty.

A NASAL INJECTOR free with each bottle of Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. Price 50 cents. Sold by D. M. Waters.

NATIONAL COLONIZATION

LOTTERY

Under the patronage of the Rev. Father Labelle

Established in 1884, under the Act of Quebec 32 Vict, Chapt. 36, for the benefit of the Diocesan Societies of Colonization of the Province of Quebec.

Class D.—The 21st Monthly Drawing will take place Wednesday, March the 20th, at 2 p. m.

Prizes value $50,000 00

Capital Prize: One real estate worth $5,000 00

1	Real Estate worth........	$5,000	5,000
1	do	2 000	2,000
1	do	1,000	1,000
4	do	500	2,000
10	Real Estates	300	3.000
30	Furniture Sets	200	6,000
60	do	100	6,000
200	Gold Watches	50	10,000
1,000	Silver Watches	10	10,000
1,000	Toilet Sets	5	5,000

2,307 Prizes worth $50,000 00

TICKETS - - $1.00

Offers are made to all winners to pay their prizes cash, less a commission of 10 p. c.

Winners' names not published unless specially authorized

Drawings on the Third Wednesday of every Month.

S. E. LEFEBVRE, Secretary,

Offices, 19 St. James street, Montreal, Can.

192d1y

Economy, Equity, Stability.

Ontario Mutual Life Assurance Co.

(ESTABLISHED 1870.)

DOMINION DEPOSIT - $100,000.

Assurances in force, Jan. 1st, 1889..	$12,041,914
New Assurances written in 1888....	2,518,650
Cash Income for 1888..............	393,074
Assets, Dec 31st, 1888..............	1,313,853
Liabilities, as per Gov't Valuation..	1,223,516

SURPLUS, - - $90,337.00.

The New Business for January and February of this year is MUCH GREATER than was ever before written by the Company during the same months, while, with over $12,000,000 on our books, the death losses have been very moderate.

S. BURROWS,

General Agent Ontario Mutual Life Co'y.

S. ROUGHTON, W. E. HOLTON, } Special Agents.

Office, Front Street, next door to Dominion Bank, Belleville.

Two Years' Profits!

—"CANADA LIFE"—

before the 30th of April next will be entitled to two full years' profits in the division of April the 30th, 1890.

T. DONNELLY,

General Agent, Belleville.

AGENTS WANTED.

Feb'y 2, 1889. d&w1y

S. W. BRADSHAW

Wishes to inform the citizens of Belleville that he has BOUGHT OUT THE

GROCERY

(lately occupied by Mr. Arch. Wallace,)

CORNER OF HOTEL AND ANN STREETS!

where he intends to keep a full supply of the best of Groceries always fresh, and his stock of Provisions, such as Meats and Vegetables, will be especially fresh and in great variety and delivered with despatch. All orders by telephone No. 53) will be promptly delivered to any part of the city.

N. B.—Please remember Telephone No. 53.

BITTER----

----ORANGES

—FOR—

MARMALADE

JUST RECEIVED.

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE

Grocers and wine merchants, 35 & 37 Bridge Street.

Also Front Street, Opp. Ritchie's.

SPENCERIAN STEEL PENS

Are the Best,

IN THE ESSENTIAL QUALITIES OF

Durability, Evenness of Point, and Workmanship.

Works: Birmingham, England.

Sold by the leading Stationers.

----NEW-----

Sugar Cured Hams, Breakfast Bacon, Finnan Haddies, Boneless Codfish, New Walnuts, New Filberts, S. S. Almonds, Loose Muscatel Raisins, Black Basket Raisins, London Layer Raisins, Buckwheat Flour. Selfraising Buckwheat Flour, Roll Butter, Fresh Eggs

AT A. WALLACE'S.

RAYMOND C. ROLPH

SIGN PAINTER.

LETTERING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

Corner of Front and Campbell Streets.

80d1y

Daily Intelligencer.

THE DAILY INTELLIGENCER is published every evening except Sunday, and delivered by careful carriers in all parts of the city for Five Dollars a year, or Fifty Cents a month.

THE WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER is published every Thursday morning, and sent, postpaid, to any address in Canada, the United States or Great Britain for One Dollar a year.

ADVERTISEMENTS, first insertion, 10 cents per nonpareil line; each subsequent consecutive insertion, 5 cents per line; when not inserted every day, 10 cents per line each insertion.

READING MATTER NOTICES, 15 cents per line each insertion.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS, 50 cents each insertion. With notice of funeral added the charge for death notices is $1.

CONTRACTS made for business advertisements for one month or longer at reduced rates.

Remittances, Drafts, Cheques, and Post-Office Orders should be made payable to the order of
INTELLIGENCER PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO'Y (LIMITED),
Belleville, Ont.

Largest Daily Circulation in Belleville.

BELLEVILLE, TUESDAY, MAR. 12

THE GRAIN SWINDLERS.

When an agent of the so-called Crawford Seed Company commenced plying their nefarious trade in Chatham two years ago, farmers who had notes out arrested the agent at once, and thus not only saved the money that they would otherwise have lost, but rid the country as well of these sharks, who prey upon the greed of man. When our correspondent a few days since told the fact of the arrest of their agent at Chatham, the so called agents here were very voluble in their protestations, saying there was no truth in the assertion. To verify the statement, we give the following extract from the Chatham *Planet* dated 1st April, 1886:

R. C. READ.

A Former Chathamite Arrested for Fraud.

He Appears Before the Police Magistrate this Morning and is Released on Bail.

THE CASE ADJOURNED FOR ONE WEEK.

On Thursday afternoon R. C. Read, a former Chathamite, was arrested on complaint of Mr. John McGarvin on a charge of fraud, and when it was learned that several others were similarly situated with him the case excited considerable interest

It appears Mr. Read is representing himself as an agent for a company styling itself "The Crawford Henry & Williams Seed Company," with head office at Napoleon, Ohio They offer for sale what are purported to be fancy oats, peas and other grains which are supposed to produce unusual yields, and which are sold for ten dollars a bushel, with the understanding that only a limited quantity is sold in each township. The agent produces a handsomely printed bond from the company in which it agrees to purchase the yield at $7 50 per bushel, or in other words to realize for the farmer one hundred and fifty dollars on every bushel of seed grain. In consideration of such inducements several sales were effected, Mr. John McGarvin giving his notes for two hundred dollars, J. C. Bright for three hundred, Alonzo Crowe for two hundred, and a Mr. Corbett, of Florence, for eighty dollars. Mr. Read yesterday was endeavoring to realize on the notes, and had nearly succeeded in disposing of them, when the banker with whom he was dealing had his suspicion aroused, and upon making enquiries satisfied himself there was something crooked in the transactions.

In this way Mr. McGarvin was apprised and in order to test the reliability of the company represented, and the validity of the agreement, the matter was placed in the hands of the police.

Mr. Read was released on bail upon deliver-

adjourned for one week. Neither Bradstreet or Dun Wiman's commercial agencies, give reports of the existence of any such company, and the representations are at present of a most suspicious nature.

The agents in this city are issuing circulars broadcast, containing recommendations by farmers of their gambling scheme. To those who have so far escaped we would say, beware of the neighbor who recommends the scheme, as he has grain of his own that he wants to sell, and hence his recommendation. Those who recommend such a scheme are neither more nor less than gamblers' agents, and, if possible, worse in character than the chief gamblers themselves. Again we say, beware of the gamblers' agent.

ANOTHER "EDUCATIONAL CAMPAIGN."

The "great Yankee nation" having recently passed through an educational campaign on the tariff question, another campaign of an educational character has been entered upon. As Canada is interested in this latter, we append a telegram which appeared in Monday's issue of the *Mail*—and in the *Mail* alone of the Toronto morning papers—with regard to the matter:—

NEW YORK, March 10.—The interest in matters relating to Canada manifests itself in the United States in numerous ways. For instance in response to a letter from Mr. C. C. Bonney, Chicago, President of the Bar Association of Illinois, the editor of the *North American Review* has waived his exclusive rights under the copyright law to publish Erastus Wiman's article, "The Greater Half of the Continent," which appeared in the January number of that periodical. Mr. Bonney's request was preferred because, as he expressed it, he felt that "an article containing so much information, in such a compact shape, on a subject just now so interesting to the American people, should be published in pamphlet form, and thus secure a wider distribution than its appearance in the *Review* afforded." As if in furtherance of this desire, a gentleman in Ohio (who does not wish his name mentioned) has provided a sum to print a number of copies sufficient to reach every newspaper editor, writer, college professor, etc., in the country. To supply these an edition of ten thousand is now being printed in a shape most available for use by them Ten thousand copies of Mr. Hitt's speech on Commercial Union is also to be sent out in the same direction under frank through the mails.

That the information thus supplied to our neighbors, whose gross ignorance of Canada and all that concerns her is astonishing, will be of interest and of benefit to them we sincerely hope. They will find the owners of this greater half of the continent very reasonable people to deal with, considering the enormous advantages that we possess, when the time comes for negotiation as to the difficulties which at present exist between the countries—difficulties, we may add, which were created and have been fostered by the United States, and of which they last year rejected an honorable and just settlement.

BRITAIN'S RULE OF THE WAVES.

Recent advices from London state that the British Government, aroused into activity by the warnings of the most competent authorities in naval matters and by the result of the naval manœuvres last year, have asked parliament for authority to vote £21,500,000 for the construction of seventy war ships within the next four and a half years. Details of the Government plans have not as yet been given, but it is understood that the new vessels will in speed and armament be fully up to the requirement of the times.

The opposition have evinced the utmost hostility to the proposal, and Lord Charles Beresford and Lord Randolph Churchill have been alleged to be opposed to this project; but those gentlemen have declared, in letters to the *Times*, that their only grounds for opposition is to the methods of the Government.

There will no doubt be a hot fight in the Commons on the subject; but as public opinion is in favor of a thorough addition to the navy—as it is very strongly felt that Britain's supremacy on the ocean, which has of late been open to question, must be maintained—there can be no doubt that the proposals of the Government will be adopted, possibly with some modifications in detail.

ORGANIZE!

We have it on authority which seems to be beyond question, that the Ontario Legislature will be dissolved before the next session. In confirmation of this information is the fact that the Grit part are now more active than ever before in their history in the work of attending to the voters' lists in Belleville and in every party of the country. It is absolutely necessary, if our Conservatativatlve friends desire to retain their hold upon the constituenciesthat they shall at once organize and meet the efforts of their opponents. The time for action has arrived. Let there be no hanging back.

THE NEW MECCA.

In this age of misrepresentation, when the irrepressible Quack walks abroad through the medium of the printing press, and with an entire disregard of the consequences to humanity, seeks to impose his unskillful services or worthless decoctions upon the public, we take especial pleasure in saying a word in commendation of a reliable and justly-famous Institution of Healing.

We refer to Dr. R. V. Pierce's "World's Dispensary and Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institution," the pride of the good City of Buffalo and the "Mecca" of a multitude of invalids who owe recovery to the skillful treatment and attention there received. Dr. Pierce's establisment comprises two mammoth and artistic structures, connected by an open passage way: One an Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, presided over by a corps of Eighteen Celebrated Physicians and Surgeons, and provided throughout with the most luxurious appointments and conveniences that taste can suggest and money can supply.

Here are faultlessly furnished and decorated reception rooms, reading-rooms, spacious sleeping apartments, Turkish Baths, and every possible convenience of a magnificently constrated and liberally managed Hotel, with each and every department a marvel of artisic fitness and completness.

The adjoining structure is known as the "World's Dispensary." Upon each of its six immense floors a scene is presented which, when once observed, can never be forgotten.

In the Laboratory on the fifth floor, a large number of careful chemists are constantly employed in the preparation of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, Favorite Prescriptions, and other world-famed preparations, which, at all hours of the busy day, goes singing and gurgling through a system of tubing, from its birthplace on the fifth floor to the bottling and labeling department in the vast basement of the building. The intermediate floors are alive with printing presses, throwing off a countless variety of pamphlets, circulars, books, and labels, but of folding, pressing, and pasting machinery, all operated by the deft fingers of cleanly dressed and intelligent young ladies, all operating together and filling the place with the music of a well-diciplined activity second to none in our country. Dr. Pierce has done and is doing a great work for humanity, and can accept the honors and emolument of his recognized position with a knowledge that no success was ever more worthily attained.

To go through a detailed account of the myriad mechanical and electrical appliances and contrivances here to be found in perfection of construction and application, or to lead your observation through suit upon suit of cheerful and elegant consulting and treatment-rooms, and to dwell upon the other thousand-and-one attractive and useful features of the establishment, would be a pleasing task, but, at the present moment, for us an impossible one. Enough for us to say that the people of the country should be proud of this great success, built up, solely, on the element of true Americanism, viz, Pluck, Integrity and Ability.

Twenty-two years of the daily and hourly exercise of these characteristics has gained for Dr. Pierce the confidence of the entire public, and the heart felt thanks of the patrons of his skill, "whose name is Legion."

A Painter's Odd Request.

A German painter, named Kubell, lately dead, has left to his native town a large sum, the interest of which is to be devoted to giving a dowry yearly to some poor and deserving young girl, on condition that on the wedding-day the party must come and dance awhile, in token of gratitude, around his grave. The townspeople think dancing indecent, and purpose merely to walk around the tomb. But the lawyer declares that the conditions of the will must be carried out, and a lawsuit is now in progress.

Corn Sowing

Is a process conducted by the agency of tight boots all the year around. Corn reaping is best conducted through the agency of Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor, the only safe and sure-pop corn cure. Putnam's Extractor is now widely imitated. Beware of all poisonous and sore producing substitutes.

For lame back, side or chest, use Shiloh's Porous Plaster. Price 25 cents. Sold by D.M Waters.

—Mr. Justice Street has decided that County Court judges have no jurisdiction in municipal election cases.

—The threatened action of the G. N. W. Telegraph Company against the Montreal Company has been entered at Montreal.

FOR NETTLE RASH, Summer Heat and general toilet purposes, use Low's Sulphur Soap

—Teacher—"Correct the sentence, 'The liquor which the man bought was drunk.'" Smart boy—"The man which bought the liquor was drunk."

—May wheat sold down to 97¾c in Chicago yesterday, the lowest price for a month or six weeks. The July option is especially strong, with reports of turning May into July.

CATARRH CURED, health and sweet breath secured, by Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy Price 50 cents. Nasal Injector free. For sale by D. M. Waters.

—The *Mail* obtained its reports of the Jeffrey trial by hiring a room over that in which the proceedings took place and the reporters listened at two holes cut through the floor almost directly over the table at which the court sat.

THAT HACKING COUGH can be so quickly cured by Shiloh's Cure. We guarantee it. For sale by D. M. Waters.

TOPICS FROM THE CAPITAL

A NUMBER OF NEW BILLS INTRODUCED IN THE HOUSE.

Proposed Amendments to the Civil Service Act and to the Law of Conspiracy—Proceedings in the Senate.

OTTAWA, March 11.—In the House this afternoon half a dozen bills saw the light for the first time. Four of them are Government measures. The Postmaster-General sent up a bill to amend the Civil Service Act. It has for its object provisions that the salary of the clerk of the board of civil service examiners shall not exceed $700 per annum and that each examiner shall not be paid more than $400. This is a considerable reduction in the stipends of these gentlemen. The bill also provides that postoffice inspectors may be exempt from the provisions of the Civil Service Act, also in the postal service that the annual salaries of railway mail clerks shall be the same for night as for day work, and that each railway clerk may be paid a mileage rate of ½ cent for day and 1 cent for night work. The salary of the postmaster at Toronto, the bill further provides, shall be increased from $3000 to $4000 and of Ottawa from $2400 to $2600. The Montreal postmaster receives $4000. The condition of Postmaster Patteson's increase is that the annual receipts of his office exceed $250,000. That in the inland revenue service the annual salaries of accountants shall range from $600 to $1400 and of special excisemen who are chief officers in charge of distilleries from $1400 to $1600.

Sir John Thompson sent up his bill to amend the Canadian Copyright Act. The bill is in line with the recommendations of the Canadian Copyright Association and provides that a foreign author must publish or republish his works in Canada within three months after their appearance and have them copyrighted. In default of this the Government can grant a license to Canadian houses to publish such works on the payment of 10 per cent. royalty to the authors.

Dr. Wilson of Elgin introduced a bill of considerable importance to members of trades unions. It is an amendment to the act respecting threats and intimidation (Chap. 173, R.S.C.). Sub-section 2 of section 13 of said act reads:

No prosecution shall be maintainable against any person for conspiracy to any act or to cause any act to be done for the purposes of a trade combination, unless such act is an offence punishable by statute.

The Doctor proposes to amend that section thus:

No prosecution shall be maintainable against any person for conspiracy in refusing to work with or for any employer or workman, or for doing any act or causing any act to be done for the purpose of a trade combination, unless such act is an offence punishable by statute.

Dr. Wilson's bill is an outgrowth of the late trouble in Bricklayers' Union No. 1, three of whose members were convicted of conspiracy in the Court of Sessions at Hamilton and the conviction was afterwards held to be good in an elaborate decision given last month at Osgoode Hall by Chief Justice Armour. The act of conspiracy consisted in the union passing a resolution that none of its members should work with a "scab" named Buscombe, who was superintending certain corporation work for Contractor Piggot under the City Engineer. Buscombe was deprived of his means of livelihood by the action of the union and three of the members of No. 1 were convicted of conspiracy and heavily fined, the Chief Justice of the Queen's Bench subsequently holding the conviction to be good. The Doctor proposes to do away with the conspiracy clause under similar circumstances. His amendment proposes that if a trades union passes a resolution refusing to work with objectionable men or employers, and if the members act on such resolution, they may not be prosecuted for conspiracy.

There was a big question paper to-day. In answer to Mr. Mulock, the Minister of the Interior said the total amount of Northwest land scrip of all kinds outstanding was about $700,000. Mr. Carling told Sir Richard Cartwright that between July 1, 1888, and Feb. 1, 1889, $70,286 had been expended for all purposes on the experimental farm just outside this city. Mr. Dewdney informed Mr. Edgar that in future elections in the Northwest Territories would be by ballot.

Mr. McDonald of Nova Scotia had a lengthy question on the paper respecting the continued absence from duty of Mr. Justice James of the Supreme Court of that province. The Minister of Justice read a number of tele-

that he was a confirmed invalid and that he was doing what official duties his physicians would permit at his private residence at Dartmouth. Sir John Thompson also announced that he understood there was a remonstrance from the bar of Halifax against Mr. Justice James' absence and thus congesting judicial business in Nova Scotia.

It is said Mr. Justice James' condition is so serious that he may never be able to perform his full duties any more as judge of the Equity Court, and that he will be superannuated.

Mr. Charlton's resolution providing that the House of Commons should not sit after midnight was quietly dropped after a friendly talk across the floor between the leader of the Government and Mr. Laurier. Sir John Macdonald pointed out that while very late sessions were undesirable yet he did not think it was wise to pass such a dangerous resolution. "At my age," said Sir John, "I would sooner be in my bed at midnight than in my place in the House."

It is believed that arrangements are to be arrived at between the leaders to abolish peep-o'-day sessions except when important questions are before the House.

Nearly all of the balance of the sitting of the House was monopolized by the Nova Scotia members discussing railway matters in their province. The Nova Scotians, like many other people, suffer from "a long felt want," viz., a missing link in their railway system and they want it filled up. The missing link is from Digby to Annapolis, a distance of 18 miles. Nova Scotia sends men to Parliament who can talk and they made the fur fly for several hours. Banker Kenny of Halifax in a vigorous speech on another alleged species of Nova Scotia's railway grievances said the Canadian Pacific Railway had broken its sacred agreement in connection with the "short line" to the seaboard.

The House had a lively talk for an hour over the permit system in the Northwest Territories. From remarks dropped by some of the members from the rolling prairies it would seem that permit or no permit there is plenty of 4 per cent. grog and even 40 rod in the territories.

The House adjourned at 12.25.

The Senate.

OTTAWA, March 11.—The Senate this afternoon discussed Mr. Girard's notice of motion to have brought down all the papers and answers in the possession of the Government in reference to the questions sent to the officers of the Hudson Bay Company missionaries, Arctic explorers and others by the committee appointed by the Senate last session to inquire as to the value of that part of the Dominion lying north of the Saskatchewan watershed, east of the Rocky Mountains and west of Hudson Bay, comprising the great Mackenzie's basin, in view of completing the said report.

Mr. Abbott said that the answer to the questions were now in the possession of the House. He suggested that they should be laid on the table of the House to be dealt with as they might think proper, and when this is done the members can see this and decide upon the best mode of disposing of those papers, and with this reply Mr. Girard withdrew his motion.

Debate was resumed on Hon. John Macdonald's motion calling the attention of the House to the present condition of the trade of the country, import and export, in connection with the proposal of the Government to open up extended commercial relations with Australia, South America and the West Indies.

Mr. Hawthorne said that we already had a trade from the Maritime Provinces with Bermuda and the West Indies for many years, and on the whole it has been a self-supporting trade.

Senator Drummond criticised Senator Macdonald's speech, especially the nature of the anticipation which Senator Macdonald formed from the statistics of exports and imports. He pointed out that the volume of trade is the correct exponent of the real progress of the country and not the declared value. He instanced manufactures of cotton. Instead of importing the manufactured article why not import raw material and work it up in our own mills, paying our own people to do so? He also instanced sugar, which was imported refined in 1878 and previous years and is now imported raw. In 1887 we imported 97,000,000 pounds of sugar costing $5,500,000. In 1888 we imported 224,000 pounds, costing $5,750,000. The first year the sugar was manufactured and the second year it was raw. We were working up the raw material and adding value to it ourselves instead of paying outsiders for doing the work. In 1874 the total coal sold by the Nova Scotia mines was 750,000 tons, in 1887 the total production was over 1,500,000 tons. The export of coal had dropped from 195,000 tons in 1874 to 80,000 in 1887. Judged by exports the coal industry was in a bad state, judged by the sales the industry was in a prosperous condition. Why? Because though exports had decreased the internal consumption had vastly increased. The trade with the West Indies and Brazil, which had decreased under the policy of the Government between 1874 and 1878, had increased largely under the present policy.

Exterminating the "Lunge."

OTTAWA, March 11.—Mr. Smith of Ontario has received advices that the toothsome maskinonge is disappearing from Lake Scugog at the rate of nearly two tons per day by the indiscriminate use of snare nets. He laid the matter to-day before Major Tilton, Deputy Minister of Fisheries, to ascertain if this wholesale depletion of the "Lunge" cannot be checked.

ONTARIO LEGISLATURE.

Debate Resumed Touching the Teaching o French in Public Schools.

TORONTO, March 12.—In the Local House Mr. Awrey, in resuming the debate upon Mr. Craig's motion regarding the teaching of French in public schools, regretted that so dangerous an element as this should have been introduced into our politics. Mr. Meredith had asserted that he expected to derive no political capital from the position he had taken, but perhaps he had utilized this as a last chance to bring his party into place and power. In the past 16 years he had been sitting in the chamber, and if there be a wrong, if it was a wrong that the French and German schools should be treated with consideration, then Mr. Meredith had been culpably negligent of his duty in the past. Mr. Awrey proceeded to demonstrate how the French and English grammars in the public schools in question were being superseded by the English grammar. Continuing, Mr. Awrey said: "The member from South Durham made a charge the other day that the catechism was used as one of the text books in the school of L'Orignal. I had doubts then and I believe that honorable gentlemen on this side of the House had doubts as to whether the informations he had received was correct. I therefore took the trouble to find out if it was correct and I hold in my hands a telegram from the chairman of the school board of L'Orignal, which reads:

Catechism used twice a week, fifteen minutes each time, not as text book, simply religious instruction, under regulations. [Applause.]

Mr. E. F. Clarke followed Mr. Awrey. The direction, the control and the regulation to educational matters he believed to be the most important duty and the most sacred trust committed by the people to those who represented them. He would place himself on record against and protest against any change or innovation that might impair the usefulness or mar the efficiency of these educational institutions. He had not the privilege of attending school on this side of the Atlantic, and was therefore perhaps not as thoroughly acquainted with the curriculum and methods of instruction as were those Canadian-born; but he trusted that this disability would not make him less anxious for the prosperity and efficiency of our public schools.

He regretted exceedingly that all the children of Ontario of all creeds and of all nationalities were not educated at the same schools. The system under which our children are being educated did not in his judgment confer the best possible means of encouraging that harmony so essential to the progress of our institutions and so necessary to the welfare of our country. Reference had been made to the school system of our neighbors to the south and their liberality in permitting the teaching of a foreign language in thoseschools. But the instruction generally imparted in those schools was under special circumstances and was imparted as a special subject. He believed that one of the prime factors in the prosperity of the institutions to the south of us was the determination of the people of the United States that the language of their schools should be the English language and that the children attending those schools should be taught and educated in the English language. Another reason was that they had refused to grant money to aid or endow sectarian schools.

Mr. Balfour, as a representative of a constituency partly English partly French, said he had heard no word of complaint. He therefore thought it ill-became gentlemen on the floor of the House to bring up a question of which they had no practical knowledge. He wanted to know how French children could be instructed without the medium of the French language. In Essex, children learn their parents send them to school to learn English. But how could they learn English without a thorough knowledge of their own tongue? Such a thing would not be expected of an English child learning French.

The French children in the county of which he was speaking were all acquiring a knowledge of English. Mr. Balfour regretted that the only member on the Opposition side who had any experience of a French-Canadian constituency was absent from his place. He believed there was a good deal more of politics behind the attack than any desire to make this an English-speaking province. He hoped that the French-Canadians who were going southward to the United States would rather come to Ontario and we should be glad to welcome them.

Mr. H. E. Clarke said he learned for the first time that there are schools not only in Russell and Prescott, but also in Essex and Simcoe, and perhaps some other northern counties where French was and is now taught to the exclusion of English. The Hon. Mr. Ross had misrepresented the gentlemen of the Opposition when he charged them with making an attack upon the French-Canadian race. If there were any attack it was rather upon the hon. gentleman's administration.

Mr. Clarke asked: "Have we a number of our common schools run by the Separate School party? There was no getting over the fact that the Protestants support the public schools. But," asked he, "do we not permit the existence of the Catholic Separate Schools, which none will deny were detrimental to the public school system?" When further encroachments were made they should not be tolerated.

Mr. Murray next took part in the discussion and referred to a charge made from the pulpit that the Roman Catholic Church was assisting French Catholics in Quebec to purchase farms owned by Protestants, and also that the church aided French Catholics to settle and purchase lands in Renfrew. "I will give," said Mr. Murray, "$100 to the person who can prove that any Frenchman was assisted with money or means to buy a piece of property in the County of Renfrew."

Mr. Davis continued the debate, which was adjourned at 6 p.m.

In the evening the mover, Mr. Craig, continued the discussion. Mr. Hess followed and gave his views from a German standpoint. In this Province he believed that a larger German than French element existed. Though a German by birth he was a British subject and the Frenchman who came to Ontario would have to be a British subject also. "I am," he said, "surprised that the French are preferred before us. Are they better looking than we are? Are they much nicer than we are?" [Laughter.]

Mr. Pacaud following made his first speech this session.

The Commissioner of Public Works was next on his feet. He gave various reasons to show that this question had not been brought up on a previous occasion by gentlemen opposite on account of political reasons.

The discussion was continued by Mr. French and Mr. Smith (East York). The motion was at length passed and the House adjourned at 11 p.m.

TORONTO TOPICS.

Rev. T. W. Jeffery's $1000 Suit Withdrawn—A Bigamist Punished.

TORONTO, March 12.—Rev. T. W. Jeffery has withdrawn the suit for $1000 which was pending against Mr. C. R. S. Dinnick, as representing the trustees. The latter will pay over the amount without litigation, and both sides will adjust their claims amicably.

The death is announced at the residence of her son, Richard L. Denison, in the 71st year of her age, of the widow of Col. Richard L. Denison, and aunt of Lieut.-Col. George T. Denison, Police Magistrate, and Lieut.-Col. Fred. C. Denison, M. P.

The Police Magistrate yesterday sent Mary Sullivan to the Mercer for six months for theft of various articles from the Eye and Ear Infirmary. James Alexander Irwin was committed for 15 months for bigamy. He married a woman at Creemore, in the county of Simcoe last December, his former wife, whom he married in 1885 at Berkeley-street Methodist Church, being still alive. For borrowing a coat, ostensibly to get married in, but really to pawn for drink, Albert Lee will spend 60 days in jail.

At the morgue yesterday afternoon Coroner Duncan held an inquest on the body of James Kirk who was killed at Greenwood's side line Saturday night. The jury found a verdict of accidental death caused by being struck by an engine, no blame being attached to the railway company.

At the General Sessions yesterday Henry W. Simmons was tried and acquitted on the charge of stealing $20 from the trunk of Jas. Powers at 13 Temperance-street. He has already pleaded guilty to other charges of a similar nature and there are some others that will not be pressed against him. One of the witnesses against him was a girl named Rose Manning, who said she knew the prisoner, as she was engaged to be married to him after three days' acquaintance and that just after they got the marriage license Simmons was arrested.

At the meeting of the Board of Works yesterday Ald. Galbraith and Woods brought up the question of the two men, Mathew Brian and James Kirk, who had been killed by the cars at the Greenwood crossing, within the past four days. Ald. Galbraith stated that at the beginning of last year he had brought before the Board the great necessity of seeing the public property protected at these railroad crossings. There had been deputations, correspondence and promises, but nothing had been done and lives continued to be sacrificed. He moved that a deputation go down to Local Superintendent Wragge and demand that something be done to mend this sad state of affairs. Ald. Wood for the extreme west coincided with Ald. Galbraith. It was determined that the whole board would seek out the superintendent in a body as soon as possible and get him to answer yes or no whether the G.T.R. will take any action or not.

SLEEPLESS NIGHTS, made miserable by that terrible cough. Shiloh's Cure is the Remedy for you. Sold by D. M. Waters.

—The Norwegian barque "Ocean," Capt. Taraldsen, from Philadelphia January 29, arrived at Santander on March 4. On the 5th she was burned, and on the 6th the bodies of Capt. Taraldsen and a boy, who perished on the vessel, were found. Three of the crew were injured, two succeeded in reaching the shore, and nine are missing.

Only One Cent!
Only One Cent!

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

POOL TABLE, and all the fixtures, for sale. Is in first class order. Apply at Hub Hotel, Front Street, Belleville. 263d2w

APARTMENTS TO LET.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

BOARD AND ROOMS.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

HOUSES TO LET.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

FOR SALE or TO LET, the House formerly occupied by J. H. Simpson, Commercial Street Possession given immediately. Apply to P. R. PALMER. 263d3m

TO RENT—A two story brick house, corner Catherine and Yeomans Streets. Possession given April 1st. Apply to MRS. COCHRANE, Hotel Street. 262d1w

LOST AND FOUND.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

KEYS LOST—Lost, a bunch of keys. The finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving the same at the office of MR. H. CORBY, M. P. 266d2t

LIVE STOCK.

cent per word each insertion.

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

HOUSE FOR SALE on William St., two doors south of Bridge St., next the residence of Mrs. T. C. Wallbridge, best locality in the city, house new, comfortable, and commodious, hard and soft water, closets in all the rooms. Enquire of R. PURDY, Bridge St. 242d1m.

TO LET.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

WANTED.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

HOUSEKEEPER WANTED, middle aged woman preferred, to take charge of a family of six. Apply at HUGH WALKER'S grocery. 258dtf.

SALESMEN—We wish a few men to sell our goods by sample to the wholesale and retail trade. Large manufacturers in our line. Enclose 2-cent stamp. Wages $3 per day. Permanent position. No postals answered. Money advanced for wages, advertising, etc. CENTENNIAL MAN'F'G CO, CINCINNATI, OHIO 245d30teod

DOMESTICS WANTED.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

MECHANICS WANTED.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion,

IMPERIAL FEDERATION.

A PUBLIC MEETING will be held in the Opera House, on FRIDAY EVENING, THE 15TH INST., under the auspices of the Local Branch of the League, when an address will be delivered by the REV. G. M. GRANT, D. D, Principal of Queen's University; on "Australia, Canada and Great Britain." All are invited. Chair taken at 8 o'clock.

R PURDY, Secretary.
W. B. NORTHRUP, Chairman.
Belleville, March 11th, 1889. 266d3t

EXCURSION TO PETERBOROUGH.

On Thursday next, 15th Inst.,

Special Excursion Tickets will be issued by the
GRAND TRUNK R'Y
—TO—
Peterborough and Return to Belleville,
—FOR—
ONE DOLLAR!

Good to go by either of the regular trains, at 5:45 a. m. from Grand Trunk station or 4 p. m. from Pinnacle Street station.

A Special Train will leave Peterborough for Belleville at 11 p. m., or tickets will be good for regular trains to Belleville on Friday.

—NEW—
SPRING GOODS!

New Embroideries,
New Prints,
New Tweeds,
New Carpets,
New Curtain Materials,
New Cornice Poles,
New Window Shades.

GEORGE RITCHIE & CO'S.

NEW SPRING GOODS
—ARRIVING DAILY.—

New Prints,
New Shirtings,
New Dress Goods,
New Ginghams,
New Table Linens,
New Towel Linens,

Etc., etc., CHEAPER THAN EVER.

A. N. REID & CO.

NEW SPRING GOODS
—AT—
BRIGNALL & THOMPSON'S.

New Prints and Dress Goods,
New Embroideries,
New Cottons and Steam Looms,
New Table Linens and Sheetings,
New Goods in all departments arriving daily. Prices very low.

BRIGNALL & THOMPSON.

--50 MORE--
NEW HANGING LAMPS put in. Prices very much below anything we ever had.
W. J. REID & CO.

FANS
Suitable for WEDDINGS and BALLS. A splendid assortment at
J. C. OVERELL'S
FANCY EMPORIUM, BELLEVILLE.

CLEARING--SALE
—OF ALL—
BOOTS AND SHOES
Damaged by Fire and Water. Over $5,000 worth at less than half regular price.
A. W. VERMILYEA & SON.

NEW SEASON'S TEAS,
FRESH GROUND COFFEES,
Handsome Presents Given Away
—AT—
STROUD ∴ BROS.,
Front Street, Belleville,
and at Montreal, Ottawa, Kingston and Toronto.

RUBBER STAMPS! Send your name and address, with 30 cents, to the ONTARIO CARD CO.,' Belleville, Ont., and get a Pearl Pen and Pencil Stamp, complete.

NEW SPRING GOODS.

Bought very early and bought very cheap.

NEW PRINTS,
NEW TABLINGS,
NEW COTTONS,
NEW STEAMLOOMS,
NEW DRESSGOODS,
NEW EMBROIDERIES,
NEW SHIRTINGS,
NEW CRETONNES,
NEW SCRIMS,
NEW UNDERWEAR,
NEW TWEEDS,

See the new. They are better and cheaper than the old.

JAS. W. DUNNET.
GLASGOW WAREHOUSE
Belleville, Feb. 12, 1889.

Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, TUESDAY, MAR. 12

THE DUCHESS.

Every one has read the bewitching stories of "The Duchess," who has scored a phenomenal success as a writer of fiction. This celebrated authoress has favored the INTELLIGENCER with an article on "Dreams," in which she tells of dreams that have come to life; wild incalculable dreams that result in material beings; lordly halls that change into plain country houses; blissful dreams of fascinating moonshine—a story of dreamland that has since become famous; and lastly, but not least, the story of a dream that came to life. Her letter will appear in our issue of Saturday, 16th inst.

MERE MENTION.

No police court this morning.

FOR a disordered liver try Beecham's Pills.

MORGAN'S new Spring Hats are arriving daily. Call and see them. d1t

THE Committee of Supply of the County Council was in session to day.

THE cells were tenantless last night, there being neither prisoner or tramp in.

A COMMUNICATION from Mr. N. Vermilyea will appear in to-morrow's issue.

A LARGE number of vehicles upon wheels were to be seen on the streets to-day.

THE Prentice Boys will give an entertainment in their hall to-morrow evening.

A BOB SLEIGH was taken from two boys on Murney's hill last night, by the police.

THE market this morning was well attended. A large quantity of wood was offered for sale.

A TEAM of horses ran away on Pinnacle street this morning, but were captured before doing much damage.

THE John Ostrom who was fined yesterday for being drunk, was not the person of the same name who resides in this city.

ALL DISORDERS CAUSED by a bilious state of the system can be cured by using Carter's Little Liver Pills. No pain, griping or discomfort attending their use. Try them.

A MASS meeting of the Masonic Order will be held to-morrow evening at their hall, when a lecture will be delivered by Mr. J. Ross Robertson. Subject "An Hour with the Craft of One Hundred Years Ago.

A MATTER of interest to Organists, Organ Students and Teachers is a new patent organ pedal attachment for pianos manufactured by Messrs. Newcombe & Co., 107 Church st Toronto. Particulars on application.

COLD wet weather is very hard on sufferers from Neuralgia troubles, and to those Dyer's Quinine and Iron Wine is strongly recommended, it is palatable, easily assimilated, and can be safely taken by the weakest invalid. W. A. Dyer & Co., Montreal.

THE Imperial Oil Refining Company, of Petrolia, is the principal oil refining company in Canada. They send out about 60 per cent. of all Canadian oil used. One of their favorite brands is "Silver Star," for which A. L. Geen is their Belleville agent.

MOTHERS who have delicate children can see them daily improve and gain in flesh and strength by giving them that perfect food and medicine, *Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil, with Hypophosphites.* Dr. W. A. Hulbert, of Salisbury, Ills., says: "I have used Scott's Emulsion in cases of Scrofula and Debility. Results more gratifying. My little patients take it with pleasure." Sold by all druggists, 50c. and $1.00.

PROBABILITIES.

TORONTO, March 12.—Southwest to west winds; fair, mild weather.

TEMPERATURE,

As Registered by Dr. Bell's Self-Registering Thermometer.

TUESDAY, March 12.

Maximum 32; minimum 28.
Barometer 30.08.

Dominion Express Company.

Mr. Burrows informs us that the Dominion Express Company is daily receiving and shipping goods. Any of our readers having parcels to send off should not forget the Dominion Express office, next door north of the Dominion Bank.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Hold Your Sides.

Mr. Clute, a Belleville baker, is after the sergeant of the police force for slander.—*Kingston News.*

Marchmont Home.

The ladies' working party will be held on Thursday afternoon, at the Marchmont Home, at 3 o'clock.

"A Barrel Full of Money"

is a good thing to have, but what's it good for if your health is poor? Preserve your health by using Imperial Cream Tartar Baking Powder.

The Bay Bridge.

It is currently reported that the lowest tenders for the Bay bridge are those of the Brown Manufacturing Company and of a Peterborough company.

Sudden Death.

Mr. Stephen Cook, brother of constable H. P. Cook, died suddenly yesterday at his home in the 7th concession of Tyendinaga, from hemorrhage of the lungs, from which he had suffered at intervals for the past ten years.

For Peterborough on Thursday.

The Grand Trunk Railway have given special privileges for the $1 excursion to Peterborough on Thursday, as those who wish can spend two days in Peterborough, by leaving here on Thursday morning at 5:45 and need not return until Friday afternoon.

Held by the Enemy.

To night will be presented one of the most successful of American plays, William Gillett's "Held by the Enemy." The play comes here with the same cast and appointments as during its long runs in New York, Boston and San Francisco. The sale of seats is reported as being unusually large, and doubtless a brilliant audience will welcome this phenomenally successful.

Improvements to the Tabernacle.

The contract for the improvements in the Sunday School room of the Tabernacle are let and the work is in progress. These improvements were greatly needed and, when completed, the Tabernacle people will have one of the best set of Sunday School rooms in "the Bay Conference." The change will add very much to the facilities for church work in general. The school management is to be complimented for this praiseworthy enterprise.

Narrow Escape.

This morning Mrs. T. P. Pearce and another lady were driving down Front street, near the market, in a cutter, and close behind them was a sleigh. Not knowing this, Mrs. Pearce stopped her horse suddenly, when the tongue of the vehicle behind them pushed forcibly between the two ladies. Had it struck either of them it would doubtless have injured her. The escape was a narrow one.

Personal.

Rev. G. H. Copeland is conducting special services in the University church.

The Hon. T.B. Pardee has taken a change for the better, and there is now a possibility of his recovery.

Mr. Wm. Johnson, Weights and Measures Inspector, paid an official visit to Port Hope to day.

Col. Elizah Ketcheson was much better this morning, when he took his usual place at the breakfast table.

A Successful Lecture.

The Rev. Mr. Hall, of Kingston, Superintendent of the Congregational Missions in Canada, delivered a very interesting lecture last night, in the Congregational Church, Canifton. The subject was "Ocean to Ocean" and was replete with facts and figures showing the greatness of "this Canada of ours." The rev. lecturer has travelled and viewed for himself the "whole land" and what he speaks of comes with more force than from the ordinary lecturer. The lecturer impressed his hearers with the idea that Canada was great in resources and prosperity.

Mayor Diamond occupied the chair.

Ordained a Minister.

From the South London *Mail* we learn that at a meeting held in Mr. Spurgeon's Tabernacle, London, lately, Mr. Robert Wallace of the Marchmont Home of this city was ordained as a minister to the work of the ministry in this county. In the course of his remarks Mr. Wallace spoke of the numbers sent out each year to the Marchmont Home, Belleville, Ontario, and how well, as a rule, they turned out. The children are adopted by farmers and others, and are constantly visited in their homes, and a kindly Christian influence brought to bear on them. Mr. Wallace stated that there was a great demand for them, and their position and prospects were infinitely better than they could possibly be in that country.

Curliana.

Belleville Beaten by Peterborough.

Two rinks from Peterborough arrived in the city yesterday afternoon, and engaged in a friendly contest with the local club last evening. A large number of spectators were present, and much interest was centered in the match. The ice, at the fore part of the game, was good, but after a few ends had been played it became tough, and it was with difficulty that Judge Weller, one of the Peterborough skips, could, for a number of ends, play up to the rings. The result was that the local rinks were defeated by one shot, after a most stubborn contest. The following score tells the tale:

RINK NO 1.

Peterborough.	*Belleville.*
J. McLelland,	John Bonar,
G Edmison,	James Jenkins,
T. E. Bradburne,	Thos. Thomson,
Judge Weller, skip—13	W. H. Biggar, skip—22.

RINK NO. 2.

J. H. Burnham,	Geo. Easton,
T. P. Attrill,	R. S. Bell,
W. H. Budden,	J. D. Clarke,
Dr. Boucher, skip—21	S. S. Lazier, skip — 11.
34	33

Majority for Peterborough, 1 shot.

The foregoing is not the first game between the Belleville and Peterborough clubs that has been won by a single shot. Some years since—before Belleville had adopted the granites—a home and home match was played between the clubs, one half to be played in Peterborough with granite and the other half in Belleville with iron. The granite game was won by Peterborough, which had a majority of 28 on one rink and was in a minority of two on the other, giving them 26 majority. The iron game was in favor of Belleville by 27 shots and the local club thus won by one shot.

After the play last night the visitors were entertained in the club room and a very pleasant gathering there was, at which speeches were made by President Biggar and by Dr. Boucher of Peterborough, Second Vice President of the Ontario branch, As a result of the friendly sentiments expressed, it was resolved to have annual home and home matches between Peterborough and Belleville in the future.

The Campbellford curlers arrived in the city at noon, but owing to water on the ice on the south side of the rink, but one rink was able to play.

DYSPEPSIA IN ITS WORST FORMS will yield to the use of Carter's Little Nerve Pills, aided by Carter's Little Liver Pills. They not only relieve present distress but strengthen the stomach and digestive apparatus.

The Manufacturing Boom

FAIRLY LAUNCHED WITH FLATTERING PROSPECTS.

Business and Railway Interests Considered by a Large Gathering.

Practical Methods Resorted to.

A joint meeting of the Board of Trade and a committee of the City Council was held in the council chamber last night for the purpose of discussing the best means of inducing manfacturers to locate in the city. The Board of Trade was represented by Messrs. Thos. Ritchie, G. S. Tickell, C. F. Smith, L. W. Yeomans, Col. Brown, A. Robinson, J. P. Thompson, A. N. Reid, H. Corby, M. P., and other members were also in attendance among the large number of people who were present. The City Council was represented by Ald. J. W. Johnson, Petrie, L. Johnson, Collins, Ross, Macoun and Graham.

Mr. Thos. Ritchie, President of the Board of Trade occupied the chair.

He said he was pleased to see so many present, and was also pleased that the City Council had appointed a committee to meet with the Board of Trade. He had called the Board together for the purpose of conferring with that committee to see what might be done towards bringing manufacturers to the city. Belleville, he said, was destined to be a great manufacturing place. A committee, he thought, ought to be appointed from the Board to work with the committee appointed by the Council. He then read a letter from Col. Lazier, regretting his inability to be present, but expressing his determination to assist in anything that might be brought forward.

Ald. Collins said he was the mover in the Council to have the committee appointed. He thought that something should be done to promote the interest of the city commercially. It was one of the finest places in the land, and he thought it could be made one of great commercial advantage.

Mr. H. Corby, M. P., said that a deputation from the Knights of Labor was present, and he thought that they should be heard, when on motion they were.

Mr. Hyde, as a representative of the Knights of Labor, said it was the wish of the society that something should be done to induce manufacturers to locate in this city, and he hoped that something definite would result from this meeting. Belleville had many advantages which other places had not.

Mr. Wm. Stock suggested that street car works be induced to locate here, as he thought it would be a profitable investment.

Mr. G. A. Skinner suggested that the city set apart $50,000 for the purposes of bonusing industries. If the Crossen car works at Cobourg were going to be removed from that town he was in favor of inducing the company to locate their works in this city.

Ald. J. W. Johnson moved, seconded by Mr. A. Robinson, That this joint committee of the Board of Trade and City Council of Belleville, deem it desirable that steps be taken to establish new manufacturing industries in the city.

The mover said that similar meetings to the present one had been held and success had attended the effort. It was owing to the joint meeting of the Board of Trade and City Council that the Grand Trunk Railway were induced to run a train down to the market on market days. The establishment of the Bay of Quinte District Fair, which was a credit to the city and district, was brought about by the joint committees, and he hoped the fair would be sustained. He was in favor of bonuses. The bonuses given to the railway were, he said, not detrimental to the city. He was willing to have his taxes increased if manufacturers could be brought to the city.

Mr. G. S. Tickell thought that the principle of subsidising should be carried out. The Dominion and Local Governments carry out the principle in order to promote the interest of the country. The present Council was an enterprising one. He had been in the city for 30 years and was much interested in its prosperity. The bridge, he thought, would prove a great boom to the place. He was in favor of bonusing. He had no doubt that, by a judicious expenditure of money, the city could be made to prosper. It was a good manufacturing centre, and the railway and water faculties were excellent. Build up manufactnring and railways will also come in.

Mr. H. Corby, M.P., said he had applied to Sir John Macdonald for a subsidy to the Belleville and Lake Nipissing Railway. He hoped to get it this session, but if he did not succeed at the present session, he was certain to get it at the next sitting. He hoped the meeting would assist him in procuring the grant.

Mr. A. Robinson said he had been a resident of Listowell for some time, and had seen a number of manufactories bonused which had proved to be a benefit to the place, and he thought it would be a good thing for this city to bonus some enterprising concern. He was in favor of giving the stove foundry some assistance, and get it to work again.

Ald. Collins said he was a member of the Council of the village of Campbellford when a bonus was given to the Galt Bros. to establish the woollen mills there, and it had proved to be a great boon to the place; he thought new industries should be brought to the city and encouraged.

Ald. Johnson's resolution was at this stage unanimously carried.

Ald. Ross said he was not in favor of giving bonuses, as he had lived in Oshawa, where it proved to be disastrous; he thought that the city should put up a building and insure it, and let a manufacturer come in and possess it. If he should become insolvent, the city could take the building back. Many, he said, were looking for bonuses. We have good railway facilities, and the C. P. R. should also have connection with the city.

Mr. G. S. Tickell said Oshawa had many disadvantages. That town had, however, offered him $15,000 as a bonus to establish his furniture factory in it.

Mr. L. W. Yeomans thought that the best way was to appoint a sub committee. Something should be done to attract industries to the city. Successful industries cannot entirely depend upon the bonus granted to them. The city was now alive to the fact that something must be done to induce manufacturers to locate here. He moved the following resolution:

That, while we are sensible of the necessity of adopting some measures to attract manufacturing industries to our city, we feel the advisability of securing such concerns as will prove to the permanent and substantial advantage of our community. To assist this committee in arriving at a conclusion as to the best means of ataracting these industries, and at the same time time of protecting the interests of the city, it is advisable that a sub-committee be appointed to make a recommendation to an adjourned meeting of the parent body.

Mr. G. D. Dickson said he was in accord with the resolution. He was pleased to see such a representative gathering, as it augured well for the success of the scheme. He thought that we should move carefully and prudently in this matter.

Mr. Wm. Smeaton thought that something definite should be done, and he moved that $10,000 be granted to any manufacturers who would locate in the city and employ 100 or 150 men, and that the factory premises also be exempt from taxation for a period of 10 years.

Mr. L. W. Yeomans said if the stove foundry could again be placed on its feet it would be a good thing for the city.

Mr. Yeomans' resolution was carried.

Mr. Smeaton's was dropped, as no person seconded it.

Mr. Ritchie said he was pleased at the course which Mr. Corby had taken in Parliament, as the representative of this constituency. He had proved to be an efficient representative. He was not afraid of competition, as it would increase the trade of the merchants instead of decreasing it.

Ald. J. W. Johnson moved, seconded by Col Brown, At a joint meeting of the Board of Trade, and a committee from the City Council of Belleville, and a mass meeting of citizens held on the 11th day of March 1889, it was resolved that Mr. H. Corby, M. P., be thanked for the exertion he has already made to obtain a bonus from the Dominion Government, to aid in the building of the Belleville and Lake Nipissing Railway, and that he be requested to continue his efforts in that direction, and place the claims of this locality for public aid to this railway, which is so much needed in the interest of the residents of this section of Ontario, before the Government.

Col. Brown was not in favor of the bonus system. He was not afraid of competition, as it would increase trade in all its branches. He hoped that manufacturers would be induced to come to the city. The stove foundry, he thought, should be again set going, as it was, and could yet be made to be a benefit to the city. He was willing to assist in any industry which might be brought into this place. He complimented Mr. Corby on the manner in which he had performed his duties.

Moved by Mr. C. F. Smith, seconded by Ald. Ross, that the sub-committee be as follows: Thos. Ritchie, Ald. J. W. Johnson, Ald. Collins, Col. Jas. Brown, Geo. H. Pope, Jas. St. Charles, J. P. Thompson, Jas. Macoun, L. W. Yeomans, G. S. Tickell, A. Robinson, G. D. Dickson, Ald. L. Johnson, Henry Pringle, Ald. Graham and Ald. LaRoche.

The meeting then adjurned.

G. T. R. Notes.

A number of new passenger coaches arrived from the workshop to-day and were forwarded westward. They are of the latest design.

The ticket office has been supplied with a new ticket case and desk that is much appreciated by the agents. It adds to the appearance of the office.

Another large consignment of wood came in over the Grand Junction this morning. Nearly every day wood is brought in from this direction.

A sleigh load of wood became fast upon the Canifton road crossing this morning, and remained there until the arrival of another team, it requiring four horses to take it off the rails.

Business is reported to be brisk both in passenger and freight traffic.

MINISTERS, LAWYERS, TEACHERS, and others whose occupation give but little exercise, should use Carter's Little Liver Pills for torpid liver and biliousness. One is a dose. Try them.

Chamberlain's Wooing.

HIS SON HAD FIRST BEEN SMITTEN BY MISS ENDICOTT.

LONDON, March 9.—A story is now going the rounds about Joseph Chamberlain's recent wooing and marriage that may interest American readers. By a romantic coincidence Mr. Chamberlain's son Austin played an important part in his father's marriage to Miss Endicott. The young man had met the young woman at Washington the year before Mr. Chamberlain went there to negotiate the fisheries treaty.

On his return he gave such glowing accounts of Miss Endicott that his father determined to meet the secretary's family, and took an introduction from his son for this purpose. The sequel is known. The spell of fascination was cast over the father as it had been over the son, and the older man, perhaps by experience bolder in matters of the heart, wooed and won the woman, who is younger than any of his children, for his bride.

Disappointed in Love.

A MINNESOTA GIRL SUICIDES BECAUSE HER LOVER WAS HANGED.

BRANDON, Minn., March 9.—Annie Roche, of Ida, Douglas county, committed suicide to-day by hanging. The cause was disappointment in love. Her friends have noticed of late that she was acting very despondent. Some friends went to call on her to-day but she did not answer, and on opening the door they saw her suspended by a sheet tied to a hook in the ceiling. she was formerly the sweetheart of Lee, who was hanged recently at Alexandria. Ever since the hanging Miss Roche has been exceedingly despondent.

Attempt to Murder a Landlord.

DUBLIN, March 11.—While Mr. Creagh, a landlord in County Clare, and his sister were driving to church yesterday, they were fired upon by unknown persons. Creagh and his sister were hit by bullets, the nose of the latter being shot off. Both are in a critical condition.

News Condensed.

—One hundred and thirty Arab immigrants arrived in New York last week.

—The reported massacre in Yellowstone National park is now said to be a canard.

CROUP, WHOOPING COUGH and Bronchitis immediately relieved by Shiloh's Cure. For sale by D. M. Waters.

—Police Magistrate Daly, Napanee, imposed a fine of $4 and costs on W. A. Taylor for allowing minors to play billiards in his house. He will appeal.

—On June 11th, 12th and 18th horse races will be held in Kingston, when about $2,000 will be given away in purses. Entries for the races will close in May.

AS A PICK-ME-UP after excessive exertion or exposure, Milburn's Beef, Iron and Wine is grateful and comforting.

—Dr. Sellon, who, in January, eloped from Nice with Miss Ida Wilcox, an American, has been sentenced by a Nice court to eight months' imprisonment for appropriating a cheque which Miss Wilcox took from her mother.

WILL YOU SUFFER with Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint? Shiloh's Vitalizer is guaranteed to cure you. Sold by D. M. Waters.

—The minority in the French Chamber of Deputies against the recall of the Duc D'Aumale consisted of 15 Boulangists and 14 members of the right, the remainder being radicals and revolutionists. Fifty-four Conservatives abstained from voting.

SHILOH'S COUGH and Consumption Cure is sold by us on a guarantee. It cures consumption. Sold by D. M. Waters.

—The Canadian Pacific Railway Company's earnings for the week ending March 8 were $229,000; for the same week of last year, $211,000. The above does not include earnings on the South-Eastern railway.

—A passenger train on the Transcaspian railway in Russia was thrown from a track in a tunnel owing to the removal of rails by train wreckers. The result of the derailment was frightful. The killed and injured numbered fifty. The band of robbers who tore up the track have been captured.

AN INACTIVE or Torpid Liver must be aroused and all bad bile removed. Burdock Pills are best for old or young.

THE TRUNK IN HARD LUCK

A MISHAP TO THE MONTREAL EXPRESS NEAR LUCAN.

Two Passenger Cars Rolled Down an 18-foot Embankment—What a Broken Rail Did—No Lives Lost.

LUCAN, March 11.—The Grand Trunk, to say the least, is in hard luck. A week ago last Wednesday all Ontario was startled by the news of the terrible disaster at St. George. The excitement had not subsided when there was flashed over the wires the intelligence of the fatal collision at Paris. To-day rounds up the chapter of accidents with a mishap which occurred near here at 5 o'clock this morning.

The Montreal express that left Detroit last night made fast time without mishap until it had reached a point one and a half miles west of this village. Here a broken rail blocked the way. The locomotive passed over the obstacle safely, as did also the baggage car and smoker, but the two passenger cars left the track and rolled down the eighteen foot embankment. The Pullman coaches on the rear end of the train remained on the track. The passengers in the derailed cars were terribly frightened, and filled the air with their lamentations. To release them from their imprisonment was a work that occupied forty minutes, and when all were free the muster roll showed these victims:

James Wray, Grand Trunk bridgeman at Point Edward, slight scalp wound, ankle badly cut and otherwise shaken up.

Edwin Houghton of Baird's Dramatic Company, foot crushed and slight bruises on body.

Mrs. James H. Rowland of Baird's Dramatic Company, head bruised and arm hurt.

Another lady who is a member of the dramatic company was slightly injured, but the rest of the passengers in the two cars were more frightened than hurt.

Barrister W. G. Murdoch of Toronto was a passenger on the unlucky train. He was in the rear sleeper when he was aroused by the lurching and jumping of the car. When he got out of the car the passengers in the two coaches that had left the track were crawling out. In the rear sleeper there were six passengers, nine in the first sleeper, eleven in the coach that rolled down the embankment and twenty in the coach that lodged on the side of the track and pulled the front end of the first sleeper off the track. Of the eleven passengers in the coach that rolled down the embankment, which was 18 feet high, eight were members of the Baird Dramatic Co., who were taken on board at Parkhill, Edwin Houghton, a member of the company, was thrown across the car as it rolled down the embankment, and had one of his feet badly crushed. The injured member was caught in such a position that the rescuers had to cut and saw through a mass of timber to release him from his painful position. Mrs. J. H. Rowland, also a member of the Baird Company, sustained severe bruises about the head and arms. Little Maudie Baird, daughter of R. L. Baird of Toronto, the proprietor of the show, was sitting at the side of Mrs. Rowland, but escaped injury.

After the passengers were all rescued the engineer proceeded to Stratford and returned with extra coaches in which the passengers were brought on to Toronto. The broken rail that caused the wreck was ground almost into atoms. Mr. Murdoch has a specimen of the rail, about the size of a quail's egg, which he is keeping as a souvenir of the occasion.

James E. Steen, the editor of The Winnipeg Commercial, was a passenger on the train. He says he wasn't scared at all, but came away with the impression that every one else was. "The first man I saw when I came out of the sleeper," said Mr. Steen, "was a big burly fellow who was smothered in a fur coat. He had the physique of a Hercules and the intellect of a goat. He was making more noise than all of the ladies on the train. The porter pulled him up on to the platform of the sleeper and asked him if he was hurt. 'Am I hurt?' he exclaimed, 'Great Heaven, man, I'm killed!' I looked expecting to see blood running, but he didn't have a scratch on him. Still he may die of fright. The wounded stood it finely. "Houghton laughed over his crushed foot as though it were a distinction that could not be enjoyed by everyone. He will probably try to make the G.T.R. folks pay for his laugh. The wonder is, though, that all the passengers in the first coach were not killed."

The Mud Run Disaster.

MAUCH CHUNK, Pa., March 11.—The trial of Engineers Cook and Major and Flagman Hanningan, the Lehigh Valley employes charged with having caused the Mud Run disaster on Oct. 10 by which 60 lives were lost and many persons injured, was commenced here to-day. The first case called was that of Engineer Cook.

Fatality on the Reading.

READING, Pa., March 11.—The locomotive of a freight train on the Reading Railroad ran off the track at St. Nicholas yesterday. The engine and twelve cars were wrecked. Benjamin Walker, the fireman, was killed, and Conductor John Gilkner has died from his injuries. A brakeman had his shoulder broken.

CUTTING DOWN EXPENSES.

The Michigan Central Lays Off About 90 Employes.

ST. THOMAS, March 11.—An order has been issued to reduce expenses 10 per cent. in all departments of the Michigan Central Railway and is being enforced on this division. The services of 50 section men have been dispensed with and 30 or 40 men in the car shops have been laid off. A number of operators have been laid off, and in many cases the agents are obliged to perform the duties.

The Interstate Commerce Commission.

WASHINGTON, March 11.—The Interstate Commerce Commission has issued an order which says that all advances and reductions in joint rates, fares and charges shown upon joint tariffs established by common carriers shall be made public. Every advance or reduction shall be plainly printed in large type, two copies of which shall be posted in two public and conspicuous places in every depot, station or office of such carrier where passengers or freight are received for transportation, in such form that they can be conveniently inspected by the public. Such schedules shall be posted ten days prior to the taking effect of any advance and three days prior to the taking effect of any reduction in rates. The railways in the trunk line association have been notified to appear before the Interstate Commerce Commission at Washington on March 16 for the purpose of showing what their export rates are, and how made and in what manner they are published.

Sudden Death at Rothesay.

ROTHESAY, March 11.—Mrs. Thomas Mitchell, while attending the Presbyterian tea meeting in this place this evening, appeared in her usual health. Suddenly she fell down apparently in a fit and expired a few minutes after.

SEVEN ATTEMPTS AT SUICIDE.

Death Was Not For That Disconsolate Colored Girl.

ATLANTA, March 11.—Sallie Solomon, a mulatto girl, made seven attempts at suicide to-day. She learned that a man with whom she had been living had died in Birmingham and she made an effort to raise money and go and bury him. She could not do this and became desperate. She made a break for a well, going head foremost into the opening, which was too small, and neighbors caught her.

Half an hour later she tied a rope around her neck, tied the other end over a beam, kicked a chair from under her and when found she was unconscious, but was resuscitated. She made three other attempts to drown herself in the well, failing each time. Once more she tried to hang herself, but a policeman saved her. Then a dozen neighbors were placed as a watch over her. While they were all in the room, she grabbed a lamp from the mantel piece, broke it over her own head and then jumped headlong into an open fireplace. She was pulled out before any serious damage was done and was locked up.

A WISE CONCLUSION.

Years ago we decided that we would handle only such goods as we could recommend to our customers as good value for the money. The result is we have established a reputation for selling the best wearing Boots and Shoes in the locality, and our trade has increased while others have decreased. Our new Spring Stock has again been selected with the same care.

HAINES & LOCKETT.

To Get the Best Value

in EMBROIDERIES, STEAM LOOMS, LACE CURTAINS, CRETONNES, TOWELLS, Prints, Cottons, etc., and general Small Wares, you will need to go to

HENNESSY'S.

A TRAGEDY IN LAMBTON.

Miss Sarah Marshall Killed by a Jealous Young Man.

WATFORD, March 11.—A fearful tragedy occurred last evening after the services in the Methodist Church on the second line of Warwick North. Miss Sarah Marshall had just come out from the Church, accompanied by a friend, when Albert Wilson came up and asked if she would come with him. She answered, "Not to-night." He then drew a revolver, saying, "Take that," and fired, the bullet striking her in the head and killing her instantly. He immediately made off, and set fire to a straw stack adjoining a barn near by, so as to draw attention away from his tracks. Numbers of people have been out in all directions, but have failed to trace him.

Dancing and Card Playing.

MONCTON, March 11.—Attendants at the Moncton Baptist Church have been allowed the privilege of mailing questions during the week to be answered by the pastor. Rev. Mr. Hinson spoke last night in answer to questions as to whether it was right for church members to dance and play cards, or to frequent places where such amusements were carried on. He condemned both amusements and said it was absolutely wrong for members of any church to dance or play cards or to attend places where those things are, as it was a great hindrance to the influence of the church. The tendency to-day was, to see how near hell we could get and yet reach heaven.

The Ghost of Riel.

WASHINGTON, D.C., March 11.—In the Executive session of the Senate to-day a message from the President, transmitting correspondence in reponse to a Senate resolution, in regard to the execution of Louis Riel by Canadian authorities, and who claimed to be an American citizen, was laid before the Senate.

The Sugar Swindlers.

NEW YORK, March 11.—Recorder Smith to-day fixed bail in the cases of the electric sugar swindlers at $7000 on each indictment. This makes $21,000 bail to be given for each prisoner.

Love's Logic.

BY CLARENCE H. PEARSON.

A coal king's heiress, Anna Drew,
  Her lover did abuse
On hearing him give utt'rance to
  Some socialistic views.

He passed his arm her waist around—
  She did not long resist—
And soon the little maiden found
  Herself an Anna kissed.

—Six thousand weavers went out on strike yesterday at Fall River, Mass., the weaving departments in fifty mills being closed up.

—Miss Eliza Prosser, of 100 Manning avenue, Toronto, was struck by the C. P. R. express at West Toronto Junction last evening and instantly killed.

—It is said a busy doctor sent in a certificate of death the other day and inadvertently signed his name in the space for "cause of death."

DIED.

At her residence in the 7th concession of Tyendinaga, on Tuesday, March 12th, MARGARET LATCHFORD, widow of the late Patrick Hamilton, aged 87 years.

Funeral on Thursday, 14th inst., at 10 o'clock, a.m., to the Roslin cemetery.

IMPERIAL CREAM TRADE MARK TARTAR BAKING POWDER

PUREST, STRONGEST, BEST,
CONTAINS NO
Alum, Ammonia, Lime, Phosphates,
OR ANY INJURIOUS SUBSTANCE.

E. W. GILLETT, TORONTO, ONT. CHICAGO, ILL.
MANUFACTURER OF
THE CELEBRATED ROYAL YEAST CAKES.

Perkins' Indian Medicines.

Yeoman Gibson, Whitby, Ont., writes and says that Perkins' Cramp and Pain Alleviator was the only remedy that would cure him. He spent hundreds of dollars with the doctors; only relief he could get was using morphine. Now he has not felt it for the past 6 years. Dr. Wilson's British Cough Balsam is known and extolled as the great English remedy for curing Bronchitis and Lung disease. Perkins' Indian Herb Ointment will positively cure erysipelas, salt rheum, and fever sores; and for burns and scalds, it is the boss of the world, as it cures without leaving any marks. The above remedies are manufactured by D. H. Perkins, St. John, N.B.

ALBERT L. GEEN, Agent for Belleville,
Wholesale and Retail Druggist.
Feb'y 19, 1889. 1taw3m

Stone Quarry for Sale.

I HAVE two first class Stone Quarries on my place for sale. There is only about 6 inches of soil over the rock, which lies about 200 yards from the Bay. I will lease it for a term of years.

THOS. McDONALD,
Of Point Ann, Belleville P. O.
March 5, 1889. 261d6tw3t

VETERINARY.

T. PURVIS, Veterinary Surgeon, Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College, Toronto, Member of Ontario Vet. Society. Office, rooms formerly occupied by Dr. Douglas, Front St.

References—J. P. Wiser & Son, and Ed. Rooney, Prescott. 263d&wtf

At FISH'S.

New Kid Gloves,
New Neckwear,
New Regatta Shirts,
New White Shirts,
New Spring Shirting
IN STOCK TO-DAY.

A. E. FISH & CO.,
The noted Shirt Makers and Gents' Furnishers, 260 Front St.

OPERA -- HOUSE,
Tuesday, March 12.

GILLETTE'S

Held by the Enemy

From PALMER'S THEATRE, New York City.

An American Play!
An American Story!

Founded on the incidents of the Civil War. A Triumph of Honor and Devotion to Country. The Highest order of Military Drama All the New York Scenery and Effects. A tender Love Tale. Notable War Scenes.

ENORMOUS SUCCESS.
MONSTER PRODUCTION.
STIRRING SCENES.
CHARMING COMEDY.

Interesting, Amusing and Engrossing.

Prices 25cts, 50cts and 75cts. Reserved seats at Holden's.

TENDERS.

TENDERS will be received by the undersigned up to

12 o'clock noon, March 14th,

INST., for the

ERECTION OF TABLES IN THE BUTTER MARKET.

City of Belleville. Plans and specifications can be seen at the City Clerk's office.

Tenders are to be addressed to Mr. D. B. Robertson and marked "TENDERS FOR BUTTER MARKET."

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

J. M. ROSS,
Chairman Market Committee.
Belleville, March 5, 1889 260d4t, 5,7,9,12

TENDERS WANTED.

TENDERS addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tenders for High School" will be received up to 6 o'clock, p. m.,

Thursday, March the 14th,

FOR THE

ERECTION OF A HIGH SCHOOL BUILDING

in the Town of Deseronto.

Plans and specifications may be seen at the offices of the Rathbun Co., Deseronto, or Thos. Hanley, architect, Belleville.

The committee does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

JOHN NEWTON, M. D.,
Chairman of the High School Board.
Deseronto. Mar. 6. 1889. 262dtd.

FARMS FOR SALE.

THE undersigned is instructed to sell on EASY TERMS the following FARMS, situated in the County of Hastings:

TOWNSHIP OF TUDOR.
Lots Nos. 27 and 28, South-west side of Hastings Road, 100 acres.

LIMERICK.
Lots Nos. 53 and 54, 2nd con., east Hastings Road, 100 acres.

MONTEAGLE.
Lot No. 30, 16th con., 101 acres.

WICKLOW.
Lot No. 29, 1st con., 101 acres.

CARLOW.
Lots Nos. 24 and 25, 7th con., 200 acres. Lots Nos 24 and 25, 8th con., 200 acres. Lot No 28, 8th con., 100 acres. Lots Nos. 24 and 25, 15th con., 199 acres.

Titles are perfect. Apply to

JAMES BOOTH,
Real Estate Agent, Belleville.
Office corner Pinnacle and Bridge Sts., up stairs.
Feb. 28, '89. d30tw3m

Lake Winnipeg White Fish
Salmon Trout,
Salt Water Salmon,
Finnan Haddies,
Boneless Codfish,
Roll Butter,
Fresh Eggs,
Sugar Syrups,
A. KNOX.

FOR SALE, CHEAP,

THE BRIDGEWATER HOTEL, in Bridgewater, comprising a large frame building, and adjoining stables and outhouses and 4 lots. Title perfect and without any restriction as to the right to sell liquors.

For terms apply to
GEO. J. SHERRY, Barrister,
Belleville, Ont.
Feb'y 2, 1889. w&d sat 6w

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

WINTER SERVICE.

---ALLAN LINE----

Steamships	Fr. Portland	Fr. Halifax
Polynesian	21 Feb	23 Feb.
Sardinian	7 Mar.	9 Mar.
Circassian	21 "	23 "
Parisian	4 April	6 April
Polynesian	18 "	20 "
Sardinian	2 May	4 May

Circassian from Quebec May 10th.

The steamers from Portland via Halifax call at Londonderry on their passage to and from Liverpool, to embark and land mails and passengers.

The steamers from Halifax via St. Johns, Nfd., call at Queenstown on their passages to and from Britain.

Steamers leave Portland on arrival of train leaving Belleville Wednesday noon, and Halifax on arrival of train leaving Belleville Thursday noon.

Passengers proceeding by steamers calling at St. Johns, Nfd., will leave Belleville on Friday noon train.

RATES OF OCEAN PASSAGE:

Cabin, $50.00, $65.00 and $75.00 according to accommodation. Intermediate, $30.00. Steerage, $20.00. Return Tickets, Cabin, $100, $125.00, $150.00. Intermediate, $60.00. Steerage $40.00.

Steerage passangers are booked to and from Queenstown, Derry, Belfast, London and Glasgow at same rates as Liverpool.

Intermediate passengers are forwarded to and from Glasgow and Liverpool by rail without extra charge.

CABIN PASSENGERS

are supplied with a very liberal table, and everything necessary except wines and liquors, which can be had on board at moderate prices.

Each passanger is allowed twenty cubic feet of baggage free.

THE INTERMEDIATE.

Superior accommodation is offered in the INTERMEDIATE, which in every respect is equal to what is called Second Cabin in some lines sailing from New York.

The Intermediate Cabins on all our ships are well situated, perfectly ventilated and are entirely distinct from the Steerage. Steward and Stewardesses to each vessel. Passangers in the Intermediate are found with everything.

THE STEERAGES

are large and exceedingly well lighted and ventilated, are fitted up in rooms, each passanger having a seperate sleeping berth. A Stewardess s appointed to each steamer.

For tickets and all information apply to

U. E. THOMPSON,
General Ticket Agent,
Bridge St. Belleville.

THE KEY TO HEALTH.

BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS

Unlocks all the clogged avenues of the Bowels, Kidneys and Liver, carrying off gradually without weakening the system, all the impurities and foul humors of the secretions; at the same time **Correcting Acidity** of the Stomach, curing **Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Headaches, Dizziness, Heartburn, Constipation, Dryness** of the Skin, **Dropsy, Dimness** of Vision, **Jaundice, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Scrofula, Fluttering of** the Heart, **Nervousness and General Debility**; all these and many other similar Complaints yield to the happy influence of **BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS.**

Fample Bottles 10c; Regular size $1.

For sale by all dealers.

[illegible] & CO., Proprietors, Toronto

Luxuriant Growths of Hair

are seen on the heads of all who use

DR. DORENWEND'S

Great German Hair Magic.

The equal of this great preparation is yet to be found. It is an unfailing restorer for Gray Hair. It stops and prevents all falling out of the hair. It removes all Dandruff and keeps the scalp clean. On Bald Heads (if there are but the faintest traces of roots) the "Magic" will produce a fine growth. Will you try it? or will you let your hair go and become prematurely old? What do you say?

All druggists, everywhere, have it for sale. Ask for it. Do not let the druggist tell you he has "something just as good." Many have dead stock of other hair tonics on hand and try to shove them off in this way.

See that each bottle bears seal and signature of

A. DORENWEND,
Sole Manufacturer,
Paris Hair Works, 103 & 105 Yonge St.,
Toronto, Ontario.

☞Bangs, Frontpieces, Waves, Wigs, Switches, Gents' Wigs, Toupees and Hair Goods of all kinds are supplied by A. Dorenwend. Send to above address for circulars and prices.

ARMBRECHT'S

TONIC COCA WINE

FOR

FATIGUE
OF MIND AND BODY
AND SLEEPLESSNESS.

"Experience and scientific analysis reveal to us in Coca the most tonic plant in the Vegetable Kingdom."—*Manuel Fuentes.*

"It (Coca) is, in a word, the most powerful restorer of the vital forces."—*Dr. Schwalk.*

ARMBRECHT'S COCA WINE, though more tonic in its properties than Iron or Quinine,

NEVER CONSTIPATES.

See Medical Reviews. For sale by leading druggists throughout the world.

ARMBRECHT, NELSON & CO.
2 Duke St., Grosvenor Sq.,
LONDON.

Pond - Lily - Cream.

A delightful Toilet article. Not a face paint or powder; does not cover over but cures. Used in connection with Pond Lily Liver Pellets and Pond Lily Soap most effectually and positively removes Pimples, Freckles, Tan Black Specks, Blotches, allays all irritation after shaving, or any itchiness of the skin from whatever cause and all roughness from the face, hands, neck and arms, leaving them beautifully white and velvety. Sold by wholesale dealers and druggists everywhere. Pond Lily Cream, 25 cents; Pond Lily Liver Pellets, 25 cents; Pond Lily Skin Soap, 15 cents. S. PERRIN, Chemist, Manufacturer and Proprietor for Canada.

Partly Gave up.

"In the year 1885 I coughed for six months, and having unsuccessfully tried many remedies, I partly gave up, thinking I had consumption. At last I tried Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam, less than one bottle of which cured me, leaving me as well as ever I was." Henry W. Carns, Wabash, Ont.

Give Them a Chance ?

That is to say, your lungs. Also all your breathing machinery. Very wonderful machinery it is. Not only the larger air-passages, but the thousands of little tubes and cavities leading from them.

When these are clogged and choked with matter which ought not to be there, your lungs cannot half do their work. And what they do they cannot do well.

Call it cold, cough, croup, pneumonia, catarrah, consumption or any of the family of throat and nose and lung obstructions, all are bad. All ought to be got rid of. There is just one sure way to get rid of them. That is to take Boschee's German Syrup, which any druggist will sell you at 75 cents a bottle. Even if everything else has failed you, you may depend upon this for certain.

Nothing Like It.

"I was troubled with liver complaint for a good many years, but was cured by one bottle of Burdock Blood Bitters. I have never found any medicine to help me like B. B. B., in fact one bottle made a complete cure." W. J. West, Parkhill, Ont.

FEVER AND AGUE AND BILIOUS DERANGEMENTS are positively cured by the use of Parmelee's Pills. They not only cleanse the stomach and bowels from all bilious matter, but they open the excretory vessels, causing them to pour copious effusions from the blood into the bowels, after which the corrupted mass is thrown out by the natural passage of the body. They are used as a general family medicine with the best results.

To lessen mortality and stop the inroads of disease, use Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and Dyspeptic Cure. For all diseases arising from Impure Blood, such as Pimples, Biotches, Biliousness, Indigestion, etc., etc., it has no equal. Mrs. Thomas Smith, Elm, writes: "I am using this medicine for Dyspepsia; I have tried many remedies, but this is the only one that has done me any good."

ADVICE TO MOTHERS. — MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP should always be used when children are cutting teeth. It relieves the little sufferer at once; it produces natural, quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakens as "bright as a button." It is very pleasant to taste. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP," and take no other kind. 3d&w1y

Nothing so suddenly obstructs the perspiration as sudden transitions from heat to cold. Heat rarifies the blood, quickens the circulation and increases the perspiration, but when these are suddenly checked the consequences must be bad. The most common cause of disease is obstructed perspiration, or what commonly goes by the name of catching cold. Coughs, colds, sore throat, etc, if attended to in time are easily subdued, but allowed to run their own course, generally prove the fore-runner of more dangerous diseases. Nine-tenths of the consumptives date their affliction from a neglected cold, and the diseases that are caused by wet feet, damp clothes, or exposure are more numerous than are generally supposed. One of the most efficacious medicines for all diseases of the throat and lungs is Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup. It promotes a free and easy expectoration, which frees the lungs from viscid phlegm by changing the secretions from a diseased to a healthy stat

Rest and Comfort to the Suffering.

"Brown's Household Panacea' has no equal for relieving pain, both internal and external. It cures Pain in the Side, Back or Bowels, Sore Throat, Rheumatism, Toothache, Lumbago and any kind of a Pain or Ache. "It will most surely quicken the Blood and Heal, as its acting power is wonderful." "Brown's Household Panacea," being acknowledged as the great Pain Reliever, and of double the strength of any other Elixir or Liniment in the world, should be in every family handy for use when wanted, "as it really is the best remedy in the world for Cramps in the Stomach, and Pains and Aches of all kinds, 'and is for sale by all Druggists at 25 cts a bottle.

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, *Station D, New York City.*

COMING!

COMING!

RUPTURE

The last 25 years I have adjusted more Trusses than any man in America. Valuable Patents, my own invention, in Trusses, Spinal and Club Feet Instruments. **Rupture**—I will guarantee to hold largest Rupture without touching your hip, no straps whatsoever, waterproof. Largest stock of general Trusses, also the great Cluthe Spiral Trusses in stock. Reliable system for ORDERING BY MAIL.

Spinal Instruments half the weight of other makes and more effective.

CLUB FEET I claim the only mechanical system to straighten born Club Feet (Patented.) I will prove to anybody that operation never did nor can straighten Club Feet. Send 6 cent stamps for Book.

CHAS. CLUTHE, 118 King St. W., Toronto.

CHAS. CLUTHE,

of 118 King St. West, Toronto, Ontario, will be at the QUEEN'S HOTEL, BELLEVILLE, Friday and Saturday, MARCH 15TH and 16TH. Call early and avoid disappointment. No FAILURE. Will hold the most OBSTINATE cases of RUPTURE WITH EASE AND COMFORT.

Manufacturers Life & Accident INSURANCE COMPANIES.

Combined authorized capital	$3,000,000
Combined subscribed capital	739,700
Combined cash capital	150,760
Combined insurance received (1888)	9,575,525

President—Sir John A. Macdonald.
Vice Presidents { Geo. Gooderham, Esq., William Bell, Esq.
Secretary and Treasurer—J. L. Kerr, Esq.
Managers for Eastern Ontario, Peterboro—Wilson & Morrison.

R. CROFT HULME
Agent, Belleville.

☞Agents wanted.

This Company wrote the largest amount of new business of any company in Canada in 1888. It has the largest capital and the strongest Board of Directors of any company in the Dominion.

Wood! Wood!

I AM now selling at the West Belleville Central Wood Yard all kinds of Hard and mixed wood, cut and uncut, which I will deliver to any part of the city. Remember the place, the West Belleville Central Wood Yard, just a few steps from the Foot Bridge.

EDWARD NEWMAN.

Railway Time Tables.

Grand Trunk Railway.

Trains arrive at and depart from Belleville Station as follows:

GOING EAST.	Arrive.	Leave.
No. 1 Mail	12.25 p. m.	12.30 p. m.
No. 3 Mail Fast	12.45 a. m.	12.50 a. m.
No. 11 Mixed	8.05 p. m.	8.15 p. m.
No. 13 do		7.00 a. m.

GOING WEST.	Arrive.	Leave.
No. 2 Mail	5.50 p. m.	5.55 p. m
No. 4 do	4.00 a. m.	4.05 a. m.
No. 6 do Fast	6.55 a. m.	7.00 a. m.
No. 14 Mixed	11.00 a. m.	11.55 a. m.
No. 16 do	11.10 p. m.	

MIDLAND RAILWAY.

GRAND JUNCTION DIVISION.

Going West. (Leave.)

Mail.......... 5:45 a. m.
Mixed.......... 4:30 p. m

Going East. (Arrive.)

Mail.......... 4 30 p. m.
Mixed.......... 11 50 a. m

MADOC DIVISION.

Going North. (Leave.)

Mixed.......... 12.25 p. m
Mixed.......... 4:30 p. m.

Going South. (Arrive.)

Mixed.......... 9:00 a. m.
Mixed.......... 4 30 p. m.

CENTRAL ONTARIO RAILWAY.

PICTON DIVISION.

Leave G.T.R. Jct.	7:20 a.m.	12:50 p.m.
Arrive Picton	8:44 "	2:59 "
Leave Picton	9:05 "	3:45 "
Arrive G.T.R. Jct.	10:30 "	5:25 "

COE HILL DIVISION.

Train for Coe Hill 9:35 a m, 12:30 p m; Trenton Junction 15m. later; Mid Ry. J'ct. 10:28 a m, 3:23 p m; C. P. R J'ct. 11 a m, 4:30 p m; ElDorado 11:45 a m, 5:15 p m. Arr. Coe Hill 1:30 p m, 6:50 p m. Coe Hill r Trenton: 6 a m, 2:20 p m; ElDorado 7:45 a m, 3:47 p m; C. P. R. Jc't 8:40 a m, 4:30 p m; Mid, Ry. J'ct. 9:15 a m, 4:57 p m; G. T. J'ct. 9:50 a m, 5:30 p m; arr. Trenton 10:05 a m, 5:42 p m.

Daily Intelligencer.

RIGHTED AT LAST.

A STORY OF NEW ENGLAND LIFE.

> A child of our grandmother Eve, a female;
> Or, for thy more sweet understanding, a woman.
> *Love's Labor Lost.*

'Yes; I'm sure I spoke plainly enough!' she said, impatiently. 'You had better hurry, miss, for Mrs. Lloyd isn't fond of waiting, and the dinner-bell will ring soon. You can leave your bundles in the hall.'

I did as she directed, and followed her up a flight of stairs, like one walking in a dream, through a small ante-room into a large chamber, where Mrs. Lloyd and her daughter in fresh costumes, sat talking with one whose face and almost her whole figure, was hidden from me by the high back of the capacious easy-chair in which she reclined. At a sign from Mrs. Lloyd, I advanced to her side, and, with a very perceptible abatement of her usual *hauteur*, she said:

'Anne, dear, this is the young person of whom I was speaking—Ray—Lina Ray is the name, I think. Of course, you take her only on trial, for of that class of people I absolutely know nothing.'

During the week passed at the hotel Mrs. Lloyd had persisted in calling me Ray, and, after one or two attempts to correct her, I had let it pass as a matter of no account; now, I felt inwardly grateful for an error which would leave me to conceal or disclose my real name, as circumstances might dictate. I bowed, therefore, and the small, delicate, elderly lady in the chair said, with a pleasant smile:

'Thank you, cousin; the young lady is very welcome. You look weary, my dear; sit down, and I will ring for Jane to attend to you.'

There are moments when the most complete self-control is hardly proof against a simple word uttered in a loving tone, and I felt the tears spring to my eyes while the lady spoke. Nor were they frozen by the knowledge that Mrs. Lloyd elevated her eyebrows and chin with marked significance at the tone, nor by Miss Julia's emphatic shrug of her fair shoulders, as she said:

'Mamma, with Cousin Anne's permission, we will retire. I wish to give Laura some directions about unpacking, before we go to dinner.'

Both ladies arose, and Miss Annesley said, hastily:

'Don't let me detain you, ladies. Cousin Lloyd, I trust you will find your rooms comfortable. If there is any thing wanting, let Mrs. Price know. Make yourselves entirely at home, and don't trouble yourself about me. I didn't invite you here to keep you shut up with a cripple. For the present, you must be the hostess, and I the guest, and some evening, before long, I shall come down and take tea with you. Now, I eat here, and this young lady shall be my guest to-night.'

She rang a silver bell upon the table within her reach, as the ladies swept out, and a servant entered and waited for my hat and cape. My fingers were strangely tremulous, and, seeing me pull vainly at the string of my veil, Miss Annesley bade the girl help me.

'Now,' she began, but, interrupting herself with a smile, she said: 'Pardon me, dear, I forgot that you had been kept waiting while my guests dressed.—Jane, show Miss Ray to her room, the one formerly occupied by Miss Lee, and see that she has everything she needs.—When you have dressed, child, you will return to this room and dine with me. Dinner will be sent up,' she turned her eye to her watch upon the table, 'in just twenty-five minutes.—Jane, you see that her baggage is carried up.'

My baggage! I could not but smile when I thought of it. Unwilling that it should be the subject of further comment by the servants, I said to Jane as the door closed upon us, that I would go for my satchel myself.

'No, Miss. Miss Annesley would be displeased if I permitted it. If you have nothing but a satchel, I will bring it up,'

I told her where I had left it with my small bundle, and was amused at seeing her bring them to my room, and put them down as respectfully as if they contained a queen's outfit. I was glad to be left alone a moment, that I might consider the peculiar circumstances in which I was placed; for that this was the old Annesley house, and the lady in yonder room, awaiting my return, was the relative of whom Miss Agnes had spoken as always residing there, I had not the slightest doubt.

I did not forget that her words had been: 'When you are dressed,' but, fortunately, my toilet did not require much thought, and all the while I was binding up my hair, and brushing out the obstinate crimps, I was querying whether, in devising my own way, I had not walked very nearly, if not right into the lion's mouth. Ralph Annesley was one of the executors of my uncle's will; he was the dear friend and cousin of both Rothsay and Philip Cavendish, and would he not, when a knowledge of the circumstances reached him, strain every nerve to ferret out the missing claimant, and make her either prove her claim or cover her with ignominy as an impostor? I had not thought of this before, and now I half wished that I had stayed at Oaklawn and faced him there, if necessary, for he would never understand the mood in which I had left that place; and the very fact of my leaving as I did would be construed as an evidence of my guilt. Should I remain under this roof to be discovered and impaled by his keen eyes as swindler—a deliberate cheat? I let my black silk dress, from which I was smoothing the folds, fall from my hands, body and soul shrinking before that thought. It may be that—

> 'To those who are sad already, it seems sweet;
> By clear foreknowledge, to make perfect pain;'

but I had not attained that state, and, for some moments, I sat dumbly pitying myself. Then, half in shame of my cowardice, I rose up, saying to myself:

'You acted for the best, Lina, and you must not shrink from the result. He may not return before you have earned enough to procure the proof, if proof there be, of your birth, and, if he does, men don't seek the missing at their own hearth-stones; besides, he believed you once without pledge or witness, why should he not again? If he does not, the truth will remain the same, and with and toil you can still continue to live.'

The black silk dress went on, and I was ready for Miss Annesley.

She received me with the same pleasant smile; a servant brought up the dinner, the girl Jane arranged the tray upon a small table, by the side of her mistress, placed a chair for me, and withdrew.

During dinner, my mistress questioned me about my journey, not curiously, but from a simple desire to put me at ease. Then she spoke of herself, and my duties. By a fall, last autum, she had injured her knee, and been confined to the house all winter in consequence. Just before that accident, the young lady, who had been with her several years, sickened and died, while on a visit to her parents, and she had been alone, until Miss Julia Lloyd came on with her sister Grace, who was a member of Madame Chegary's school. She liked to have young ladies about her; they made a stir of life in the old house; and as her mother had broken up her establishment, she had invited them to spend the summer with her. She had hoped to be able to go down stairs to receive Mrs. Lloyd herself, but that, she had found, was out of the question. She was so glad that Cousin Lloyd had been able to bring me with her! Wa I fond of reading aloud?

(*To be continued*).

A Dreadful Doom.

To be unable to satisfy hunger without being distressed by heartburn, indigestion, sick stomach, dizziness or faintness, seems a dreadful doom. All who suffer thus will find prompt relief and permanent cure in Burdock Blood Bitters. B.B.B. *positively cures* dyspepsia in any form.

The Loss of the Hair

Is a great misfortune and the sight of a bald head should be a warning to you to take the best possible care of your hair. A little of Dr. Dorenwend's "Hair Magic" used occasionally will prevent all chances of its falling out or turning gray, and will remove all traces of dandruff. Every druggist has it in stock. Ask for it.

Common Croup

Is often fatal when not remedied in time. Leslie B. Nicholson, Wellesley Ave., Toronto, says: "As a quick cure for croup, colds, sore throat, chilblains, etc., I can recommend Hagyard's Yellow Oil." It is a sure cure. Directions accompany each bottle

CANADIAN---PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Tuesday, March 12th,

AND EVERY TUESDAY THEREAFTER

—DURING—

MARCH AND APRIL

—WILL RUN—

SETTLERS'--- TRAINS

Trough without change to

MANITOBA,
North-West Territories,
and British Columbia,

Leaving Toronto Union Depot at 9:00 p. m. No Customs. No Transfers. No Delays. Full particulars from any agent of the company,

S. BURROWS,
Agent C. P. R., Belleville.

Office—Front St., one door north of Dominion Bank.

GERMAN SHEET MIRROR.

We can supply any of the regular stock sizes in German Sheet Mirror and cut these to replace breakages.

L. W. YEOMANS & CO.

NERVOUS DEBILITY.

NERVOUS DEBILITY, EXHAUSTING, Vital Drains (caused by early indiscretions), effectually cured. Syphilitic affections and all bad blood and skin diseases arising there from thoroughly eradicated. Varicocele cured without operation. Impotence, or premature decline of the manly powers, and all diseases of the genito-urinary organs a specialty. It makes no difference who has failed to cure you. Skill and experience important. A friendly letter or call may save you a great deal of misery and add years to your life. Consultation FREE. Medicines sent to any address. DR. REEVE, 337 Jarvis St., Toronto. 59d&w1y

Montreal, Nov. 21, 1888.

MESSRS. WILLIS & Co, 1,824 NOTRE DAME ST., CITY.

DEAR SIRS,—After having played on the Piano of Messrs. Bell & Co., of Guelph, Ont, it is impossible not to bear testimony to the qualities which have acquired for them the good reputation which they already enjoy. The Pianos of their manufacture are exceedingly remarkable for their qualities of tone. The bass is powerful without harshness, and the upper notes sweet, clear and mellow. The Bell Pianos are unquestionably the best made in Canada, and I act up on my principle and give you to-day an order to furnish one for my own use. Canada is to be congratulated on having produced the Bell Piano.

J. B LABELLE, Professor of Music
Organist Notre Dame Cathedral.

H. BULL AGENT.
BELLEVILLE.

BELLEVILLE POST OFFICE.

MAILS	Close	Due for Delivery.
East per G. T. R., including Maritime Provinces, and Picton	11:45 a. m. 10:00 p. m.	6:00 p. m 7:30 a. m.
West per G. T. R., including Western States, Manitoba and the North-West Territories	5.05 p.m. 10.00 p.m.	1:00 p. m. 7:30 a. m.
East and West, per G. T. R., closes on Sunday at 10 p. m.		
Marysville, Shannonville, per G. T. R	11:45 a. m.	6:00 p. m
Belleville Station, postage one cent	7.30 a. m. 5.05 p. m.	8.30 a. m. 6.00 p. m.
G'd Junction Ry., main line, including Peterboro', Stirling,	10:00 p. m	5:00 p. m.
Madoc, per Grand Junction Ry, including Queensboro, Cooper, Rimington, Bridgewater, and the Flats	11:45 a. m.	5:00 p. m.
Madoc Route, per stage	1:00 p. m.	12:00 noon.
Bancroft, Coe Hill, Marmora and all offices in North Hastings per Trenton and Coe Hill Railway	5 05 p. m. 10:00 p. m.	:30 a. m.
Bridgewater Route per stage, including Stoco daily	1:00 p. m.	12:00 noon.
Moira, Phillipston, Bogart, on Monday, Wednesday and Friday	1:00 p. m.	12:00 noon.
Fuller, on Tuesday and Friday	1:00 p. m.	12:00 noon.
Wallbridge, on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
Ameliasburg Route, per stage, including Mountain View and Crofton	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
Albury on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
Sidney Crossing, Wednesday and Saturday	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
Bay Side, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
British Mails, via New York, Monday and Thursday	11:45 a. m	
" " via Halifax, Canadian line Thursday	11:45 a. m.	

Postage, 5c. per ½ oz. by each route. Registration fee, 5c.

Money Orders granted on all Money Order offices in Canada, the United Kidgdom, France and Algeria, the United States, Newfoundland, Jamaica, Victoria (Australia), New South South Wales, Queensland, New Zealand Tasinania, Constantinople (Turkey), Gibraltar, Smyrna, Panama (British agency), Austria, Hungary, Belgium, China (See Hong-Kong), Denmark, including Iceland and the Faroe Islands, Danish West Indies, Dutch, East Indies, Egypt, Germam empire (which includes 26 States), Holland, (Netherlands), Italy, Japan, Norway, Portugal, including Madiera and the Azores, Romania, Sweden, Switzerland, British India, including Aden, Bagdad, Bandor, Abas, Bushire, Busrah, Guadur, Jask, Linga, Muscat and Zanzibar, Ceylon, Hong Kong, including Amoy, Canton, Foo Chow, Han Kow Hoi-how. Ningpo Shanghai and Swatow, North Borneo, Strait Settlements, Bermuda, Falkland Islands, South and West Africa, including Cape Colony, Gambia, Gold Coast, Lagos, Mauritius Natal, St. Helena, Seychelles Islands, Sierra, Leone, West Indies including Antignu, Bahams, Barbadoes, British Guiana, Dominica, Grenada, Honduras, (British), Montserrat, Nevis, St. Kitts, St. Lucia, St. Vincent, Tobago, Trinidad, Turk's Islands, South Australia, Western Australia, Azores Islands, Madera Islands.

Deposits received, under the regulations of the Post Office Savings' Bank, between the hours of 9 a. m. and 4 p. m.

Registered Letters must be posted 15 minutes before the close of each mail.

Street letter boxes emptied at 10 a. m. and 8 p. m.

Office hours, 7:30 a. m. to 6:30 p. m., Sundays excepted.

FOREIGN POSTAGE.

Canada having been admitted into the Postal Union, there is a re-arrangement of Postage rates, as follows:—

For Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Iceland, Egypt, France, Algeria, Germany, Gibraltar, Great Britain and Ireland, Greece, Italy, Luxembourg, Malta, Montenegro, Netherlands, Norway, Persia, Portugal, Azores, Roumania, Russia, St. Pierre, Servia, Spain, the Canary Islands, Sweden, Switzerland and Turkey. And via United States:—Bermuda, Bahamas, Cuba, Danish Colonies of St. Thomas, St. John, St. Croix, Jamaica, Japan and Porto Rico (Newfoundland is now in the Postal Union, but rates remain as before.) Letters, 5 cents per ½ oz. Postal cards, 2 cents each. Newspapers, 2 cents for 4 oz. Registration fee, 5 cents.

For Aden, Argentine Confederation, Brazil, British Guinea, Ceylon, Greenland, Frenc Colonies in Asia, Africa, Oceanica and America, except St. Pierre and Miquelon, Persia, Persian Gulf, Portuguese Colonies in Asia, Africa and Oceanica, Trinidad, Spanish Colonies Africa, Oceanica and America, except Cuba and Porto Rico, Straits settlements in Singapor Penany and Malacca:—Letters, 10 cents per ½ oz. Post cards, 4 cents each. Newspapers, cents for 4 oz. Books, &c., 4 cents for 4 oz. Other Registration fees, 10 cents.

West India Islands, via Halifax, same rate as formerly. Prepayment by stamp in all cases.

J. H. MEACHAM
Postmaste

Do you suffer from disease of the Liver, Stomach, Kidneys or Bowels? Try them and be cured. Do you suffer from Rheumatism or Gout? Try them. Do you suffer from Skin Disease, Boils, Sores, Bad Legs, Wounds or Ulcers? Try them and be healed.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS & OINTMENT

This is the result of their use in every part of the world. They are genuine remedies, used by rich and poor with never-failing success.

MANUFACTURED ONLY AT
THOMAS HOLLOWAY'S Establishment,
78, NEW OXFORD ST.,
LONDON.

☞ Purchasers should look to the Label on the Boxes and Pots. If the address is not 533, OXFORD STREET, LONDON, they are spurious.

California Evaporated Fruits!

NECTARINES.	PEACHES,
APRICOTS,	CHERRIES,
PRUNELLES, PLUMS,	CRYSTALIZED FIGS.

CONGER BROS.

Sun Life Assurance Company

—OF CANADA.—

I have great pleasure in announcing to the Policy-holders and friends of the Company that the Applications for New Life Assurances received during the year 1887 were again larger than in any previous year in the Company's history, being more than $3,500,000, on which policies were issued for over $3,000,000. The year's operations have also resulted in a large and very satisfactory addition to the assets, which now amount to over $1,750,000.

W. T. MCINTYRE,
General Agent, Belleville.

AGENTS WANTED ON SALARY.

BURDOCK PILLS

SUGAR COATED.

A SURE CURE

FOR BILIOUSNESS, CONSTIPATION, INDIGESTION, DIZZINESS, SICK HEADACHE, AND DISEASES OF THE STOMACH, LIVER AND BOWELS. THEY ARE MILD, THOROUGH AND PROMPT IN ACTION, AND FORM A VALUABLE AID TO BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS IN THE TREATMENT AND CURE OF CHRONIC AND OBSTINATE DISEASES.

SPECULATION!

Geo. A. Romer,

BANKER AND BROKER,

40 & 42 BROADWAY AND 51 NEW STREET,
New York City.

Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Provisions and Petroleum

BOUGHT, SOLD AND CARRIED ON MARGIN

P. S.—Send for explanatory pamphlet.

Aug 30, '88, d1y

NEUFCHATEL CREAM CHEESE!

JUST RECEIVED.

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE,
Grocers & Wine Merchants,
33 & 37, Bridge Street

Also Front St., opp. Ritchie's.

NEW LINES

—IN—

CAKES and PASTRY.

Angel Cake, Coffee Cake, Queen Victoria, Adelaide, and a great many other varieties.

Florida Oranges, Almeria Grapes and New Figs, just received at

DICKENS.

P. S.—We would respectfully ask all retailers to drop in and see us and the large line of Candies we are offering at wholesale.

DICKENS & SON.

Self-Raising Buckwheat Flour!

A FRESH SUPPLY JUST RECEIVED.

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE,
Grocers and Wine Merchants.
33 & 37 Bridge Street.

Also Front Street, Opp. Ritchie's.

NEW Wall Paper!

—AT—

--S. A. LAZIER'S--
ROBERTSON'S BLOCK

October 16th

CALIFORNIA EVAPORATED FRUITS

NECTARINES,
APRICOTS,
PEACHES,
PLUMS.

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKF
Grocers & Wine Merchants,
33 & 37 Bridge Street.

Also Front St., opp. Ritchie's.

FOR MEN ONLY!

A POSITIVE CURE For LOST or FAILING MANHOOD; General and NERVOUS DEBILITY; Weakness of Body and Mind; Effects of Errors or Excesses in Old or Young. Robust, Noble MANHOOD fully Restored. How to Enlarge and Strengthen WEAK, UNDEVELOPED ORGANS & PARTS of BODY. Absolutely unfailing HOME TREATMENT—Benefits in a day. Men testify from 47 States, Territories, and Foreign Countries. You can write them. Book, full explanation, and proofs mailed (sealed) free. Address ERIE MEDICAL CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

BEFORE BUYING STOVES

Be sure to see our stock. We have in Coal Stoves the

Imperial Jewel,
Fancy Countess,
Art Favorite,
Fire King and others.

Also a great variety of RANGES and COOK STOVES, which we are selling at right prices.

C. F. SMITH & CO.
388, FRONT STREET.

To WATER Consumers

PLEASE call at the office and pay your Water Rate, which was due on the 1st of January.

Those in arrears for Plumbing will also please pay without further notice.

THE BELLEVILLE WATER WORKS CO

J. H. MILLS,

--Merchant: Tailor,--

OPPOSITE GEO. RITCHIE & CO'S

THE MAGOG TEXTILE & PRINT CO.

Will offer for Spring Trade the LARGEST, CHEAPEST and MOST VARIED range of Prints ever shown, including

SPRING NOVELTIES
—OF—
LATEST PARIS DESIGNS!

Merchants will do well to see their samples before buying elsewhere. Early advice will be given when Travellers will call.

St Peter Street, - Montreal.

HASTINGS LOAN AND INVESTMENT SOCIETY

BELLEVILLE, ONT.

CAPITAL $250,000

MONEY TO LOAN on Farm or City property, at lowest current rates.

Payments can be made to fall due at any season of the year to suit borrowers. No delay in obtaining the money beyond the time necessary employed in the investigation of titles.

MORTGAGES PURCHASED.

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT.

FOUR PER CENT interest allowed on Deposit No notice required of withdrawal

OFFICE—Robertson's Block, east side of Front Street.

Straight loans at 7 per cent. No fines. No commissions.

J. P. C. PHILLIPS,
Manager

3d&w1y

PARMELEE'S Asphaltic ROOF PAINT.

It will entirely stop the rusting of tin and iron roofs.

It will entirely stop the wearing away and decay of the exposed wood of shingle roofs.

It has been accepted by the City, the County, and the chief Real Estate Owners of the City.

I will be glad to give estimates of cost at any time and anywhere.

H. S. PARMELEE,
Belleville.

432,000 FIRE CRACKERS

—AT THE—

—CITY BAKERY—

Wholesale and Retail.

JAS. WALLACE.

PENNYROYAL WAFERS.

Prescription of a physician who has had a life long experience in treating female diseases. Is used monthly with perfect success by over 10,000 ladies. Pleasant, safe, effectual. Ladies ask your druggist for Pennyroyal Wafers and take no substitute, or inclose postage for sealed particulars. Sold by all druggists, $1 per box. Address THE EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., DETROIT, MICH.

FOR SALE BY D. M. WATERS.

INTELLIGENCER PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY LIMITED.

J. C. JAMIESON, President. | J. W. LONDON, Secretary

THE Treasurer is the only person authorised to receive moneys for the Company, or to grant receipts for the same.

All Bills, Notes, Cheques, and other documents binding on the Company, will require the signature of the President, in addition to that of the Treasurer.

THE INTELLIGENCER is printed and published for the INTELLIGENCER Printing and Publishing Company (Limited) by JAMES C. JAMIESON, resident in Belleville, at their Office, Front St., south of Hotel St.

THE RATHBUN COMPANY,

Having transferred me to their Brockville branch, I beg to thank my friends and customers for the liberal patronage and kindness extended to me during my residence in Belleville, and also to bespeak the same treatment to Mr. R. C. Calhoun, my successor.

P. J. SHANNON.

The Daily Intelligencer.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL. 22. BELLEVILLE ONTARIO, WEDNESDAY MARCH 13, 1889. NO. 267

THE RATHBUN CO.

Having appointed me Agent for their Belleville branch, I take this opportunity of soliciting a continuance of the patronage which they have hitherto enjoyed through the popular management of Mr. Shannon. It will be my desire and aim to maintain and add to this patronage, which fair dealing and a thorough knowledge of the requirements of the trade leads me to hope for.—R. C. CALHOUN.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

G. DENMARK.

BARRISTER, Solicitor, etc. Office, Front Street.

W. B. NORTHRUP, M. A.,

BARRISTER, Solicitor, &c. Offices: North Bridge St., between Front St. and Lower Bridge.
Money to loan—private and company funds.

J. C. CONNELL, M. A., M. D., C. M.

DISEASES of the Eye, Ear, Throat and Nose. Surgeon to Kingston General Hospital. Office—No. 279, King Street, Kingston. Dr. Connell will be at the Queen's Hotel, Belleville, on the first Tuesday of each month. Sept. 5 d&wly

E. GUSS PORTER,

BARRISTER, Solicitor, Notary Public, &c. office in the Robertson Block, east side of Front Street.
Private Money to Loan. 371d&wl.

DR. ELIZABETH EMBURY,

GRADUATE of Queen's University, Licentiate of the College of Physicians and Surgeons, Ontario.
Office and residence—Harrison's Block, Front Street., across the hall from rooms formerly occupied by Dr. Farley, over Holland's jewellery store. Diseases of women and children a specialty. d&wtf

HENRY CARRE, C. E.,
M. C. Soc. C. E.,

DOM, and Prov'l Land Surveyor, late of the firm of Macleod & Carre, P. L. S. References: John Bell, Esq., Solicitor G. T. R., W. H. Ponton, Esq.. Registrar of the County. Office—McAnnany Block, opposite Skinner & Redick's. Belleville, Ont., P. O. Box 203. 20d&w

J. F. WILLS,

BARRISTER, Solicitor, Notary Public, &c. Office, corner Front and Campbell Streets, Belleville, Ont. Money to loan, Company and private funds. 24d&w

J WALTER ROSS, M. D., C. M.

GRADUATE of the University of Trinity College, Toronto. Physician, surgeon, accoucheur. Office and residence West Front Street, one door north of entrance to Foot Bridge. d&wly

JOHN J. FARLEY, M. D., C. M., M. R. C. S., England.

OFFICE and Residence—corner of Bridge and George Streets—three streets east of the Post Office.

ROBERT BOGLE,

LOAN and real estate agent. MONEY TO LOAN at lowest rates. Office, opposite Roy's Brewry, Front St., Belleville.

GEO. CLINTON, M. D., C. M

OFFICE and residence Bridge St., between William and George Sts, third block east of Bridge Street Methodist Church. Telephone No. 44. d&w

GEO. J. SHERRY,

BARRISTER, &c. Office. Metropolitan Block, next door north of Dominion Bank, Front St. Branch Office, Stirling. 116

EDGAR M. COOK, M. D.,

HOMOEOPATHIC Physician and Surgeon. Office and residence, West Front Street, in the late Dr. Abbott's premises, over Brignall & Thompson's store. TELEPHONE. 175dtf

GEO. D. DICKSON, Q. C.,

BARRISTER, &c., Post Office .ook Bridge Street Belleville.

WILLIAM N. PONTON,

BARRISTER, Solicitor Notary Public, Conveyancer. Office, over Express and Telegraph Office, Thompson Block, Bridge St., Belleville. Money to loan—private funds. Agent or the Trust and Loan Company of Canada.

DR. BURDETT

IS pleased to inform his friends that he is again able to render his professional services as before. 176 6m

DRUNKENNESS

Or the Liquor Habit, Positively Cured by Administering Dr. Haines' Golden Specific.

It can be given in a cup of coffee or tea without the knowledge of the person taking it; is absolutely harmless, and will effect a permanent and speedy cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. It has been given in thousands of cases, and in every instance a perfect cure has followed. It never fails. The system once impregnated with the Specific, it becomes an utter impossibility for the liquor appetite to exist. For circular and full particulars address GOLDEN SPECIFIC CO., 185 Race St., Cincinnati, O.

BANKING OFFICE
—OF—
U. E. THOMPSON
BRIDGE STREET, BELLEVILLE, ON

American Currency and Drafts Bought and Sold.

Deposits received, subject to withdrawn without notice and interest allowed

EYE, EAR & THROAT
DR. RYERSON.

L. R. C. P., L. R. C S. E., Lecturer on the Eye, Ear and Throat, Trinity Medical College, Toronto, and Surgeon to the Mercer Eye and Ear Infirmary.
60 College Avenue, Toronto.

M. C. ROBLIN
ISSUER OF
MARRIAGE LICENCES

and agent of the Lancashire Insurance Company. Office over Hooey & Sons, Front Street Belleville. 135d 1y

A. G. NORTHRUP,
Issuer of Marriage Licences,
OFFICE—SHIRE HALL. BELLEVILLE
November 10

The Great English Prescription.

A successful Medicine used over 30 years in thousands of cases. Cures Spermatorrhea, Nervous Weakness, Emissions, Impotency and all diseases caused by abuse. [BEFORE] indiscretion, or over-exertion. [AFTER] Six packages Guaranteed to Cure when all others Fail. Ask your Druggist for The Great English Prescription, take no substitute. One package $1. Six $5, by mail. Write for Pamphlet. Address Eureka Chemical Co., Detroit, Mich.
FOR SALE BY D. M. WATERS.

Try FROSTILLA.

It softens the roughest skin and keeps it in good condition.
It contains nothing greasy or sticky, is nicely perfumed, a lady's toilet not complete without it.
An elegant face dressing for gentlemen after shaving.
For sale at the PHARMACY.

D. M. WATERS.

NEVER ALLOW the bowels to remain constipated lest serious evil ensue. National Pills are unsurpassed as a remedy for constipation.

DISEASED .˙. BLOOD

SCROFULOUS, INHERITED AND CONTAGIOUS HUMORS CURED BY CUTICURA.

Through the medium of one of your books received through Mr. Frank T. Wray, Druggist, Apollo, Pa., I became acquainted with your CUTICURA REMEDIES, and take this opportunity to testify to you that their use has permanently cured me of one of the worst cases of blood poisoning, in connection with erysipelas, that I have ever seen, and this after having been pronounced incurable by some of the best physicians in our country. I take great pleasure in forwarding to you this testimonial, unsolicited as [illegible] by you, in order that others suffering from similar maladies may be encouraged to give your CUTICURA REMEDIES a trial.

P. S. WHITLINGER, Leechburg, Pa.

Reference: F. T. WRAY, Druggist, Apollo, Pa.

SCROFULOUS ULCERS.

James E. Richardson, Custom House, New Orleans, on oath says: "In 1870 Scrofulous Ulcers broke out on my body until I was a mass of corruption. Everything known to the medical faculty was tried in vain. I became a mere wreck. At times could not lift my hands to my head, could not turn in bed; was in constant pain, and looked upon life as a curse. No relief or cure in ten years. In 1880 I heard of the CUTICURA REMEDIES, used them, and was perfectly cured."

Sworn to before U. S. Com. J. D. CRAWFORD.

ONE OF THE WORST CASES.

We have been selling your CUTICURA REMEDIES for years, and have the first complaint yet to receive from a purchaser. One of the worst cases of Scrofula I ever saw was cured by the use of five bottles of CUTICURA RESOLVENT, CUTICURA, and CUTICURA SOAP. The Soap takes the "cake" here as a medicinal soap.

TAYLOR & TAYLOR, Druggists,
Frankfort, Kan.

SCROFULOUS, INHERITED,

And Contagious Humors, with Loss of Hair, and Eruptions of the Skin, are positively cured by CUTICURA and CUTICURA SOAP externally, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT internally, when all other medicines fail.

Sold everywhere. Price, CUTICURA 75c; SOAP 35c.; RESOLVENT, $1.50. Prepared by the POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO., Boston, Mass.
Send for "How to Cure Skin Diseases," 64 pages, 50 illustrations, and 100 testimonials.

PIMPLES, black heads, chapped and oily skin prevented by CUTICURA MEDICATED SOAP.

UTERINE PAINS

And Weakness instantly relieved by the CUTICURA ANTI-PAIN PLASTER a Perfect Antidote to Pain, Inflammation and Weakness. A new, instantaneous and infallible pain-killing plaster. 30 cents.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

TRADE MARK

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

CLARKE'S
Glycerine .˙. Jelly

For ROUGH SKIN, CHAPPED HANDS, SORE LIPS, etc.
It penetrates the skin, leaving it soft and white.
It is not sticky, and a glove can be put on immediately after using.
Price 20 cents. For sale by

-F. CHARLES CLARKE,-
CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST.
Telephone 138. Front Street.

NEWCOMBE
PIANOFORTES
AWARDED FIRST SILVER MEDAL

WORLD'S EXPOSITION, NEW ORLEANS, U.S.A., 1884-5, in competition with the pianofortes of Europe and America. The only U.S. International Medal ever awarded to a Canadian pianoforte; also Medal and Diploma at the Colonial and Indian Exhibition, London, Eng., 1886, with the supreme honor of supplying Her Majesty the Queen with a Newcombe Grand, selected by Sir Arthur Sullivan. For Illustrated Catalogue, prices and terms,

Address Octavius Newcombe & Co.,
MANUFACTURERS
WAREROOMS, 107-109 CHURCH ST., TORONTO
FACTORY, 89 TO 97 BELLWOODS AVENUE

Gents' .˙. Furnishings!

A FULL LINE of Gentlemen's Goods for the Fall and Winter.
Shirts made to order and a good fit guaranteed.

C. J. PANTER.

Daily Intelligencer.

OH! OLGA, BE MY BALM!

A WOODSTOCK DOCTOR WHO SAID HE WAS LIKE A SPONGE.

Miss Niemier of Neustadt Squeezes Him $1500 Worth—A Spicy Breach of Promise Trial at Walkerton.

WALKERTON, March 12.—The spring session of the High Court of Justice for the County of Bruce opened here to-day before Mr. Justice Street. Mr. King of Berlin has charge of the Crown business, on which however he won't get fat, as there are only four cases, but one of which is of any consequence. There are 13 civil cases, several of which were disposed of to-day and none of which are out of the ordinary run excepting a breach of promise suit between a young lady named Miss Olga Niemier, daughter of Dr. Niemier of Neustadt, and Dr. Charles Karn of Woodstock.

Miss Niemier is rather a good looking young girl of 18 and has hitherto been a student at the Walkerton High School. D. Karn admitted his intention of marrying her, but he changed his mind when another girl got after him. He married the other girl and then pleaded that Miss Niemier did not grow big enough to suit his æsthetic taste.

As a means of enabling the jury to fix the damages, Dr. Karn's love letters to the young lady were read in Court to the great amusement of the crowd. They are daisies. Here are a few extracts:

MY DEAR OLGA: I received your sweet, sweet little letter on Thursday evening and was more than usually struck with its goodness and purity. My sweet, kind, generous Olga, I can't help thinking that, like a sponge, I am good at absorbing but very poor at giving anything out, but when you see me again you must squeeze me and, like the sponge with its moisture, so I with the sweetness you have given me, squeeze me and you will get it all back.

I got just a lovely Christmas card, my dear Olga. You must have extra good taste to pick out such a beautiful card. The color means love, the wishes were love, the roses mean love, the forget-me-nots mean true love, the lily-of-the-valley indicates a return of friendship. My darling Olga, I will always keep the card and remember it as a love offering. * * *

My own darling Olga, I love you more and more every time I hear from you. There is no room in my heart for any other lady and never will be.

When I decided to go to Neustadt I little expected to be all broken up in small pieces, but in that respect was agreeably surprised. I have wandered in society a good deal and was never before able to draw any distinction between my lady friends, but at last I have found the lady of my dreams. As some author puts it, "there is balm in Gilead," there is a physician then. Oh! Olga, be my balm. You will never have cause to regret it. Here is five lines of poetry:

How dreary and lone
The world would appear,
If women were none;
It would be like a fair
With neither fun nor business there.

You are the very light of my life and no matter where I go your sweet and loving nature seems to follow me like the spirit of a dream, loving, loving, loving.

Beecher says that when there is love in the heart there are rainbows in the eyes which cover every black cloud with gorgeous hues. * * Common as light is, love and its familiar voice wearies not ever. * *

I met a golden haired boy and a golden haired maid on the train, and they were as spooney as spooney could be. I like a little of that kind of thing myself, but I like it strictly private.

Where thy shadow falls,
Beauty sits and music calls,
Where thy form and favor come,
All good creatures have their home.

Like the lily-of-the-valley if you live at all it must be in an atmosphere congenial to your nature on which you cherished the sweetness of your nature on all.

You send a kiss by letter,
Like other fruit, to me,
It sweeter tastes and better
Fresh gathered from the tree.

I appreciate the kiss the more, for I know if it were possible you would help me to gather the fruit. Dearest Olga, I have been trying for about five minutes to express a thought: how much and how dearly I love you, but words seem to be meaningless symbols in expressing such depths of thought and feeling. * * *

Dear Olga, although I am not pretty I try to be good, and earnestly each day ask God to make me better. Dear Olga, my heart is yours with the same burning, ardent love which I have always cherished for you since our acquaintance. * * * We had a patient in the Hospital to-day from Carlsruhe complaining of constriction of the œsophagus. * * *

Sam Jones, the evangelist, is getting along well. It is reported that over 200 were converted at the last night meeting.

Olga, when the storms are long,
Will you sing a cheerful song;
When the rude winds rock the tree,
Will you closer cling to me?

Never before have I been able to so thoroughly appreciate the worthlessness of words in expressing the deep regret one has at parting with the one he loves above all others. Although the parting was a simple kiss and a good-bye, still my heart is left with you. It is yours, my dear, and yours alone forever.

When you get back to Walkerton don't study too hard. The kiss you sent me was very nice, although it was indirect, but when I think of the direct one I got while in Neustadt I can't help saying:

You sent a kiss by letter,
Like other fruit, to me;
It sweeter tastes and better
Fresh gathered from the tree.

Notwithstanding the eloquence of Mr. Blackstock on behalf of Dr. Karn, the jury gave a verdict of $1500 for the young lady.

SCOTT ACT REPEAL.

The County of Oxford Petition Contains 4000 Names—Woodstock Jottings.

WOODSTOCK, March 12.—The Woodstock Town Council is at present in a sadly demoralized condition as one of the disastrous results of the St. George accident. At the regular meeting last night there were seven vacant chairs. It is impossible to get a quorum together, but necessary business is transacted and will be ratified in the future. The session last night was the shortest and dullest on record, the surviving members apparently not yet having recovered from the shock.

The nomination to fill the vacant seats is announced for next Monday. It is not likely an election will be demanded.

The petition for the repeal of the Scott Act in the County of Oxford was deposited in the registry office to-day. It is claimed by the repealers to contain about 4000 signatures, while only 3000 are necessary. A committee from each township is to examine the petition on behalf of the anti-repealers, and there is some talk of publishing the whole list.

A $100,000 BLAZE.

James Harris & Co.'s Rolling Mill at Portland, N.B., Burnt.

ST. JOHN, N.B., March 12.—James Harris & Co.'s rolling mill at Portland was burnt to the ground this evening throwing 100 men out of employment. The loss is over $100,000, insurance $30,000.

Disastrous Fire at Syracuse.

SYRACUSE, March 12.—Fire and water ruined the wholesale grocery house of Gates Thalheimer in Water-street this morning. Loss, $50,000; insurance, $54,000. The building, owned by John Crouse, was damaged to the extent of $10,000; insurance, $18,000.

Big Wheat Deals in Chicago.

CHICAGO, March 12.—The aggregate of transactions in wheat here to-day was very heavy, sales of May ran away up into the tens of millions of bushels. The total stock of contract wheat in store here is 3,531,172 bushels, and any one of half-a-dozen houses traded in as much or more wheat than that to-day.

From Fortune's Urn.

NEW ORLEANS, La., March 12.—2887. 10420. 39823. 19694. 3499.

OUR BARLEY TRADE GONE.

THE CANADIAN BARLEY HAS ADMITTEDLY LOST ITS HOLD.

Americans Have a New Process of Making Beer and Don't Want Canadian Barley as Formerly—The Trade Fallen Off—What Can be Done to Resuscitate It?—A Suggestion Worthy of Note.

One of the most important branches of the Toronto commission business is the barley trade, and in it are engaged more than a score of men, some numbering their capital in business by thousands, others by tens of thousands, and a very few by hundreds of thousands of dollars.

In the past, their business has been one of the greatest industries in Ontario. Their immense aggregate capital has been engaged in buying from the farmer in small quantities and holding until large shipments were accumulated. Then at a seasonable time transactions have been consummated with the big brewers of American cities and the good money of the Yankee brewer has really found its way into the pocket of the Canadian farmer.

Things Have Changed.

During the past year, unfortunately, things have changed. The American brewer no longer needs the Canadian barley, for by a new process of brewing in its place he is today using the dark and lower priced Western States barley, and brightens his product by the use of cheap rice. The beer thus made is not quite as nourishing and not nearly as wholesome as the beer made from Canadian or other high class barley, but it is sparkling and bright and answers the purposes of the general public just as well, and also has the advantage of being cheaper.

This change in the manufacturing of American beer is having a most peculiar effect on our Canadian business, as well as on the business of brokers in border American cities, who have heretofore been engaged in handling Canadian barley extensively. To-day in Toronto there is barley stored, and in large quantities, too, out of which the barley buyers will never get cost price, let alone the thought of making any profit out of the transaction. Long before Jan. 1, 1889, complaints were heard, and heard with alarming frequency, that there was not that demand for choice Canadian barley that there had been in former years. The new year saw no change for the better. Day by day, instead of having an increase of business, now almost stagnant, barley brokers are looking with anxious eye towards the American sources of demand. But no change has yet come, except a change for the worse.

Outside Opinion.

The feeling in American centres is as adverse as it is here. As late as last Monday a well-known Buffalo commission man who has in past years handled millions of bushels of barley, writes to his Toronto agents and says: "There's no use in your sending us on samples and asking us to quote you a price. We must now be plain with you and tell you there is no barley selling and no prospect of any business at all. The simple truth is, your barley has lost its grip on our market." Another firm with a first-class connection thus writes to a Toronto house from which a telegram had been received asking for a quotation for No. 1 barley: "We have to acknowledge receipt of your telegram asking us to quote a price for No. 1 barley. This, we are sorry to say, we are unable to do and should advise you not to ship on consignment as we frankly admit we do not believe if 50 cars No. 1 barley were offered at 65 cents here to-morrow, and consignee exhibited a determination to sell, he would be able to get that price for it. The barley trade, so far as your Canadian barley is concerned, is gone to the dogs."

The Effect in Ontario.

Since this state of affairs has been known in Ontario, the effect has been most disastrous. Instead of buyers seeking to get hold of the farmers' barley, they have been holding off, and this policy, by force of intuition, has communicated itself to the farmers. At points where in former years weekly receipts have amounted to an average of 10,000 bushels during the period of barley buying, not more than one-fifth of that quantity has been received for corresponding weeks in 1889. At first it was feared the barley was not in the country and that the crop was estimated greatly in excess of the actual crop. Recent returns and reports from various sections have shown that the farmers have the barley and are holding it. When we say that farmers for 45 miles around Toronto are teaming their barley here and selling it at street prices to local brewers rather than endeavor to sell at buying points very much nearer home the desperate state of the trade is established.

Reciprocity Not a Remedy.

The advocates of Commercial Union or Unrestricted Reciprocity have loudly claimed that were Canadian farmers able to send their barley into the American markets free of duty, all difficulty would be removed. Toronto brokers almost unanimously say not, for the principle is an established one that Americans will not pay more for barley, or anything else in fact, than it is worth to them, and they are not now compelled to purchase Canadain barley. The idea that reciprocity would be a panacea is ridiculed.

We Give You a Solution.

Farmers, we give you a solution of the difficulty. In the future do not grow six-row or four-row barley, but grow nothing but two-row barley, and you will find a market, and you will find a price in that market that will give you a handsome profit. In the future let your efforts be directed along this line and you will see that our solution is the correct one.

And why the correct one? Where do you propose to find your market? How do you propose to get us a good price? Let us explain. In the manufacture of beer in England large quantities of two-row barley are used, and the demand from that quarter is enormous. The reason why two-row barley is so universally used there is that no other grade has so great strength, or produces such a quantity of saccharine matter, so necessary in the brewing process. The result is that the price paid is relatively higher in England than in the United States and then there is no duty to pay, while freights to England are, in the fall of the year, when most of the barley is handled, lower than to American centres. Thus it will be seen that the price to be obtained in England would be greatly in excess of that now paid, and the farmer would reap the direct benefit.

The above embodies the opinion of Toronto barley men whose opinions always pass at par. To-day the barley trade is simply demoralised, and it is worth a huge effort to endeavor to revive and to stimulate it as we have said.

Editor Wilson of Richmond, Va., has been arrested, charged with being about to engage in a duel.

Notwithstanding the blockade of the African coast arms are being imported there in large quantities.

On Monday next the big attack on the Attorney-General will be made in the British House of Commons.

Nearly 5000 tailors in and near Boston are out of work. New York's cheap labor tenement district is in competition.

The rolling mills in Reading, Pa., are steadily closing down, and 1800 men were thrown out of work yesterday.

A family of five persons of Rainburg, Australia, all of whom have become insane, prayed continuously three days and nights.

Among the President's nominations yesterday were Arthur C. Melette of Watertown, Dak., to be Governor of Dakota; Albert G. Porter of Indiana to be Minister to Italy, and John A. Enander of Illinois to be Minister to Denmark.

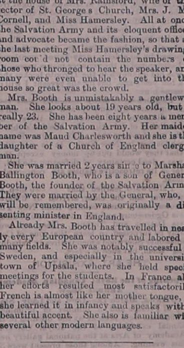
A SALVATION LEADER.

MRS. BALLINGTON BOOTH'S WORK IN NEW YORK.

A Salvation Army Lass who is Interesting the Leaders of New York Society in Army Work.

The bare mention of the Salvation Army awakens prejudice, says the New York World. In the popular mind it is associated with the scum of the earth and naught else. Its followers occupy in patrician esteem today pretty much the same place as that to which the dwellers in despised Nazareth were relegated eighteen centuries ago.

For this reason, when a short time since a society woman issued cards of invitation to meet Mrs. Ballington Booth, "who will give an account of the work of the Salvation Army," astonishment fell upon those who were bidden, and also seized all the friends to whom they imparted the fact. About 300 invitations were sent out, but scarcely eighty people responded. Three went away from the meeting profoundly impressed. The speaker had proved to be a refined woman of singularly winning personality, and so young as to be almost childish in appearance. She spoke without notes and evidently from the inspiration of the moment. Her presentation of her subject was a revelation. She was wonderfully apt in illustration and graceful in expression. Above all, her simplicity and entire freedom from self-conciousness astonished and fascinated her hearers.



MRS. BALLINGTON BOOTH.

Subsequently Mrs. Booth was asked to deliver other addresses upon the same theme at the house of Mrs. Rainsford, wife of the rector of St. George's Church, Mrs. J. M. Cornell, and Miss Hamersley. All at once the Salvation Army and its eloquent officer and advocate became the fashion, so that at the last meeting Miss Hamersley's drawing-room could not contain the numbers of those who thronged to hear the speaker, and many were even unable to get into the house so great was the crowd.

Mrs. Booth is unmistakably a gentlewoman. She looks about 19 years old, but is really 23. She has been eight years a member of the Salvation Army. Her maiden name was Maud Charlesworth and she is the daughter of a Church of England clergyman.

She was married 2 years since to Marshall Ballington Booth, who is a son of General Booth, the founder of the Salvation Army. They were married by the General, who, it will be remembered, was originally a dissenting minister in England.

Already Mrs. Booth has travelled in nearly every European country and labored in many fields. She was notably successful in Sweden, and especially in the university town of Upsala, where she held special meetings for the students. In France also her efforts resulted most satisfactorily. French is almost like her mother tongue, as she learned it in infancy and speaks with a beautiful accent. She also is familiar with several other modern languages.

AT A DENVER HOTEL.

The Peculiar Experience of Mr. Julius H. Cavvyo in the Planter House.

Mayor Weston, now of Grand Rapids, before he became wealthy was a newspaper man in Denver and used to stop at the old Planter's Hotel. He had a mining deal to write up for the paper, and connected with the deal was a Georgetown superintendent whom we will address at Julius H. Cavvyo. Mr. Cavvyo was to furnish the particulars to Mr. Weston, but early in the day he began to meet old acquaintances and to cement their friendship by means of a powerful solution known as embalming fluid.

So, at 11 o'clock, Mr. Weston put Julius H. Cavvyo to rest on his own little bed at the Planters and went out to prosecute his researches in relation to the Hold-Up Mining and improvement Company. The old Planter's Hotel was not exactly like the Hoffman House or the Gilsey House. You could tell the difference almost as soon as you sat down at the table. If you spoke to the waiter about the tenacity of the steak or the longevity of the butter, he would give you a tart reply, and you would have to get along with that for dessert. One man murmured about the steak and said it was too tough, so therefore he would not eat it.

"You won't eat it?" calmly replied the loose-jointed waiter. "You say you won't eat it?"

"I say so because I can't cut it. No man can cut that steak. You can't cut it with acids. So I won't eat it."

"Well, you will eat it," said the waiter, reaching around as if in the act of adjusting his bustle. "You will eat it or I'll wear it out on you!"

He ate it.

But, among other things there was a big alarm bell in the tower of the Planter's, which was wont to ring for fires, funerals and other entertainments. The rope hung in the hall and when the help of the populace was required in order to supress a fire or a riot, the first man to the bell rope saluted the snowy summits of the Rocky Mountains with this wild alarm.

While Mr. Weston was getting his information on the streets, the great bell awoke the echoes in the fastnesses of the canyons twenty miles away, and the excited populace swarmed to the Planter's to learn what great calamity had befallen the new city. Mr. Weston got there at last, and, out of breath, rushed up to his room. In the hall he found Julius H. Cavvyo ringing the bell. His suspenders were draped and soapsuds were dripping from his chin and the tip of his Venetian red nose.

"What has happened?" panted Weston. "What are you ringing that bell for, Julius?"

"Well, what do you s'pose I'm ringing the bell for? I am ringing for a clean towel or a funeral. If I get the towel there will be no funeral, but if I fail, you just wait here a minute and I'll give you the first view of the corpse for your bright and racy paper."—Bill Nye, in N. Y. World.

The sooner an animal is matured the sooner it will be ready for the market and the cost of production diminished. The quickest growth is when the animal is very young. It should be forced at the beginning.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure.

FULL WEIGHT ROYAL BAKING POWDER ABSOLUTELY PURE

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall-st., N. Y.

A High Valuation.

"If there was only one bottle of Hagyard's Yellow Oil in Manitoba, I would give one hundred dollars for it," writes Philip H. Brant, of Monteith, Manitoba, after having used it for severe wound and for frozen fingers, with, as he says, "astonishing results."

Dangerous Counterfeit

Counterfeits are always dangerous more so that they always closely IMITATE THE ORIGINAL IN APPEARANCE AND NAME. The remarkable success achieved by Nasal Balm as a positive cure for Catarrh and Cold in the Head has induced unprincipled parties to imitate it. The public are cautioned not to be deceived by nostrums imitating Nasal Balm in name and appearance, bearing such names as Nasal Cream, Nasal Balsam, etc. Ask for Nasal Balm and do not take any imitation dealers may urge upon you. For sale by all druggists or sent post-paid on receipt of price (50c. and $1,) by addressing Fulford & Co., Brockville, Ont.

Health Failing Fast.

I was swollen from head to foot from dropsy of six months' standing, and my health was failing fast, but after taking one bottle of Burdock Blood Bitters, I am quite well, and think there is no medicine equal to B. B.B., and to it I remain a true friend." Joseph Herio, Linwood, Ont.

There are a number of varieties of corns. Holloway's Corn Cure will remove any of them Call on your druggist and get a bottle at once.

Orin Catlin, 49 Pearl Street Buffalo, N. Y., says: I tried various remedies for the piles but found no relief until I used Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, which entirely cured me after a few applications.

Do not delay in getting relief for the little folks. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is a pleasant and sure cure. If you love your child why do you let it suffer when a remedy is so near at hand?

The cheapest medicine in use is Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, because so very little of it is required to effect a cure. For croup, diphtheria, and diseases of the lungs and throat, whether used for bathing the chest or throat, for taking internally or inhaling, it is a matchless compound.

Mr. Thomas Ballard, Syracuse, N. Y., writes: 'I have been afflicted for nearly a year with that most-to-be dreaded disease Dyspepsia, and at times worn out with pain and want of sleep, and after trying almost everything recommended I tried one box of Parmelee's Valuable Pills. I am now nearly well, and believe they will cure me. I would not be without them for any money."

PARMELEE'S PILLS possess the power of acting specifically upon the diseased organs, stimulating to action the dormant energies of the system, thereby removing disease. In fact, so great is the power of this medicine to cleanse and purify, that diseases of almost every name and nature are driven from the body.' Mr. D. Carswell, Carswell P. O., Ont., writes: "I have tried Parmelee's Pills and find them an excellent medicine, and one that will sell well."

EXHAUSTED VITALITY.

THE SCIENCE OF LIFE, the great Medical Work of the age on Manhood, Nervous and Physical Debility, Premature Decline, Errors of Youth, and the untold miseries consequent thereon, 360 pages 8 vo., 125 prescriptions for all diseases. Cloth, full gilt, only $1, by mail, sealed. Illustrative sample free to all young and middle aged men. Send now, The Gold and Jewelled Medal awarded to the author by the National Medical Association. Address P. O. Box 1895, Boston, Mass., or Dr. W. H. PARKER, graduate of Harvard Medical College, 25 years' practice in Boston, who may be consulted confidentially. Specialty, Diseases of Men. Office, No. 4, Bulfinch Street,

J. M. FORTIER,
Wholesale .˙. Cigar .˙. Manufacturer,
145 151 ST. MAURICE STREET,
MONTREAL
P. S.—Special and Private Brands a specialty.

A NASAL INJECTOR free with each bottle of Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. Price 50 cents. Sold by D. M. Waters.

NATIONAL COLONIZATION
LOTTERY

Under the patronage of the Rev. Father Labelle
Established in 1884, under the Act of Quebec 32 Vict., Chapt. 36, for the benefit of the Diocesan Societies of Colonization of the Province of Quebec.

Class D.—The 21st Monthly Drawing will take place Wednesday, March the 20th, at 2 p. m.

Prizes value $50,000 00
Capital Prize: One real estate worth $5,000 00

1 Real Estate worth	$5,000	5,000
1 do	2,000	2,000
1 do	1,000	1,000
4 do	500	2,000
10 Real Estates	300	3,000
30 Furniture Sets	200	6,000
60 do	100	6,000
200 Gold Watches	50	10,000
1,000 Silver Watches	10	10,000
1,000 Toilet Sets	5	5,000

2,307 Prizes worth $50,000 00

TICKETS - - $1.00

Offers are made to all winners to pay their prizes cash, less a commission of 10 p. c.
Winners' names not published unless specially authorized.
Drawings on the Third Wednesday of every Month.

S. E. LEFEBVRE, Secretary,
Offices, 19 St. James street, Montreal, Can.
192dly

Economy, Equity, Stability.

Ontario Mutual
Life Assurance Co.
(ESTABLISHED 1870.)
DOMINION DEPOSIT - $100,000.

Assurances in force, Jan. 1st, 1889	$12,041,914
New Assurances written in 1888	2,518,650
Cash Income for 1888	393,074
Assets, Dec 31st, 1888	1,313,853
Liabilities, as per Gov't Valuation	1,223,516

SURPLUS, - - $90,337.00.

The New Business for January and February of this year is MUCH GREATER than was ever before written by the Company during the same months, while, with over $12,000,000 on our books, the death losses have been very moderate.

S. BURROWS,
General Agent Ontario Mutual Life Co'y.
S. ROUGHTON, } Special Agents.
W. E. HOLTON, }
Office, Front Street, next door to Dominion Bank, Belleville.

Two Years' Profits!

THOSE INSURING IN THE
—"CANADA LIFE"—
before the 30th of April next will be entitled to two full years' profits in the division of April the 30th, 1890.

T. DONNELLY,
General Agent, Belleville.

AGENTS WANTED.
Feb'y 2, 1889. d&wly

S. W. BRADSHAW

Wishes to inform the citizens of Belleville that he has BOUGHT OUT THE

GROCERY
(lately occupied by Mr. Arch. Wallace,)
CORNER OF HOTEL AND ANN STREETS

where he intends to keep a full supply of the best of Groceries always fresh, and his stock of Provisions, such as Meats and Vegetables, will be especially fresh and in great variety and delivered with despatch. All orders by telephone No. 53) will be promptly delivered to any part of the city.
N. B.—Please remember Telephone No. 53.

BITTER----
---ORANGES
—FOR—
MARMALADE
JUST RECEIVED.
WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE
Grocers and wine merchants,
35 & 37 Bridge Street.
Also Front Street, }
Opp. Ritchie's. }

SPENCERIAN
STEEL PENS
Are the Best,
IN THE ESSENTIAL QUALITIES OF
Durability, Evenness of Point, and Workmanship.
Works: Birmingham, England.
Sold by the leading Stationers.

-----NEW-----

Sugar Cured Hams, Breakfast Bacon, Finnan Haddies, Boneless Codfish, New Walnuts, New Filberts, S. S. Almonds, Loose Muscatel Raisins, Black Basket Raisins, London Layer Raisins, Buckwheat Flour, Selfraising Buckwheat Flour, Roll Butter, Fresh Eggs

AT A. WALLACE'S.

RAYMOND C. ROLPH
SIGN PAINTER.

LETTERING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.
Corner of Front and Campbell Streets.
80dly

Daily Intelligencer.

THE DAILY INTELLIGENCER is published every evening except Sunday, and delivered by careful carriers in all parts of the city for Five Dollars a year, or Fifty Cents a month.

THE WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER is published every Thursday morning, and sent, postpaid, to any address in Canada, the United States or Great Britain for One Dollar a year.

ADVERTISEMENTS, first insertion, 10 cents per nonpareil line; each subsequent consecutive insertion, 5 cents per line; when not inserted every day, 10 cents per line each insertion.

READING MATTER NOTICES, 15 cents per line each insertion.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS, 50 cents each insertion. With notice of funeral added the charge for death notices is $1.

CONTRACTS made for business advertisements for one month or longer at reduced rates.

Remittances, Drafts, Cheques, and Post-Office Orders should be made payable to the order of
INTELLIGENCER PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO'Y (LIMITED),
Belleville, Ont.

Largest Daily Circulation in Belleville.

BELLEVILLE, WEDNESDAY, MAR. 13

WORK FOR A "REFORMER."

The letters from Mr. N. Vermilyea which have appeared in our columns from time to time would indicate that that gentleman is a very determined opponent of electoral impurity, and especially of that form of dishonesty which consists in placing upon the voters' lists the names of persons who are not possessed of the qualification required by law. To this subject Mr. Vermilyea has devoted his spare time, which is very considerable, and his ability, which we will not call in question, and the result of his labors in connection with the voters lists in East Hastings and in Belleville has been such as to swell his bosom with pardonable pride and to cause him to regard himself as a sort of modern Bayard on a small scale. But there is one characteristic in which Mr. Vermilyea fails to fill the *role* which he has undertaken. He has not, like the French knight errant, redressed wrong wherever he found it. He has, while vigilant in the detection and speedy in the redress of wrongs committed by the Conservatives, shut his eyes to those which have been perpetrated by the Grits.

It is not too late for Mr. Vermilyea to retrieve his character in this respect. He cannot plead ignorance. He, better than any other man, knows the illegal votes for which his party is responsible, because he has for years made a study of the assessment rolls and the voter's lists and has been in the inner councils of the Grit party—known to and trusted by them. Here, then, is a glorious chance for Mr. Vermilyea to prove his honesty in declaring, as he has many times declared, that he desires a pure voters' list—that no man should be given a vote to which he is not entitled and that no one should be deprived, by dishonest means or trickery, of the franchise. He must either avail himself of the opportunity or cease to represent himself or to be considered other than a mere partizan, who will endeavor to win at the polls by means which he knows to be dishonest.

IT ALL DEPENDS.

The contracts for the Bay bridge have been let to able and responsible contractors, but subject to the passage by Ameliasburg of a by-law for the taking of $15,000 stock in the company. Everything, therefore, depends upon the action of Ameliasburg, after the law has been amended by the Ontario Legislature.

An effort is being made, by enemies of the bridge, to induce the Township Council of Ameliasburg to submit a by-law proposing a bonus; but, we advise the gentlemen composing that body, to pay no attention to such a request. By taking stock the municipality will have nothing to pay for interest, after the opening of the bridge, the dividends from which will meet that charge, and at the expiration of twenty years the township will, for a small annual outlay, be possessed of a valuable asset in the bridge.

As we have said, everything depends upon the action of Ameliasburg, but there is no reason for doubting that the ratepayers of that township will give a largely increased majority in favor of permanent connection with Belleville.

PARNELL AND BALFOUR.

Mr. Parnell has taken with such moderation his vindication from the villainous inventions of Pigott as to have won the admiration of the public. Mr. Parnell has wonderful powers of self-restraint; but he showed that the fires of passion burn fiercely beneath his icy exterior by saying, at the banquet of the Eighty Club, that Mr. Gladstone's opinion "was worth more than the judgment of a hundred mushrooms like Mr. Balfour, who brought to the task of governing Ireland not a single characteristic of statesmanship or genius." Mr. Balfour is a "mushroom" politician in the sense that he attained to eminence with extraordinary rapidity; but that he is a "stupid" such as Mr. Parnell alleges, is far from the truth. Mr. Balfour is the ablest man with whom Mr. Gladstone and Mr. Parnell have had to deal, and that the leader of the Irish home ruler hates him is very good testimony to his ability. As to Mr. Gladstone, it is not very long since Mr. Parnell had a less exalted appreciation of the opinions of that eminent whiffler.

Corn Sowing

Is a process conducted by the agency of tight boots all the year around. Corn reaping is best conducted through the agency of Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor, the only safe and sure-pop corn cure. Putnam's Extractor is now widely imitated. Beware of all poisonous and sore producing substitutes.

Perfectly Safe.

Wife, petulantly—Such a lump of selfishness! The house was full of strange noises last night, and I didn't dare close my eyes once; and there you were sleeping like a log. Burglars might have carried us both off and you wouldn't have known it.

Husband, wearily—Don't fret, dear, if they ever carry you off they'll bring you back.—*New York Weekly.*

CROUP, WHOOPING COUGH and Bronchitis immediately relieved by Shiloh's Cure. For sale by D. M. Waters.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Correspondence.

Whilst correspondents will be accorded space for the expression of their ideas on topics of public interest, it must be in all cases understood that the views so expressed are simply those of the correspondents themselves.

To the Editor of the Intelligencer.

DEAR SIR,—Mr. Henry Hudson's repeated denials that his vote was a bogus one, only adds to his shame. The stubborn fact remains that he was assessed as joint owner with his brother upon his brother's shop and residence, from 1876 to 1882. No record of a conveyance of a joint interest to him can be found in the registry office, and as W. P. Hudson occupied the property, Henry Hudson could not have been legally assessed as either tenant or occupant, or owner. W. P. Hudson, on the evening of Jan. 7th, gave as a reason why his brother could qualify, that he left some money with him when he went to Manitoba. No one in Thurlow is deceived by those statements or denials. It was Jas. Hudson's vote, not Henry's, that was struck off by Judge Fraleck, on Charles Hudson's oath. I have said nothing contrary to this.

The assessors dropped Henry Hudson's name because they found out he was not owner. If Mr. H'y Hudson—or perhaps Charles—instead of charging falsehood repeatedly, would plainly state what qualification he (H. Hudson) had from '76 to '82, he would, if it were true, remove the cloud from his character, and I should be very glad to confess that I was in the wrong.

I think, Mr. Editor, you do me wrong in stating that I am fond of aspersing Conservatives. The facts are, that some of my most trusted friends belong to that party, and I long ago learned better than to condemn or approve all the doings of either party; while at the same time I am, like yourself, warmly attached to my own.

Yours truly,

N. VERMILYEA.

To the Editor of the Intelligencer.

DEAR SIR,—Any man that desires to wager $2,000 cash that Haws, representing the Ohio Henry Crawford Grain and Seed Co'y, did not go to Markham, bond $3,000 in grain under the above bonds, give no grain, discounted their notes, left bonds unredeemed, let either Emrick or Haws put up their money. I am also prepared to show that what is stated about R. C. Reid is true. I know that the farmers in Waterloo County were swindled with Ohio bonds (you can now buy their bonds for old paper). I did hear the same old game was working east, and after the country becoming aroused, and when the farmers came complaining that Emrick and Haws pull their men in, Emrick remains in his room, Haws takes complainants up stairs, and the farmer is put farther in the deal—signs testimonials, leaving himself in such a shape that he cannot prosecute. This is done through local cappers, or would-be wheat sellers. The same business was worked successfully west, and many more farmers bought on those testimonials which they so foolishly signed. Believe me, the farmers that advocated their honesty—I have reference to the prime movers representing the Henry Crawford Grain and Seed Co. will have the same experience as farmers in Waterloo—where one farmer in particular left the County, as he could not live in Waterloo, insulted every day by his brother farmers, who blamed him for their ruin.

JOHN CHARLES.

MINISTERS, LAWYERS, TEACHERS, and others whose occupation give but little exercise, should use Carter's Little Liver Pills for torpid liver and biliousness. One is a dose. Try them.

The Jesuits' Vow.

As Contained in the "Constitution of the Society of Jesus."

The much talked of oaths, or rather vows made by the members of the Jesuit order on their full admission into the community are found in the "Constitution of the Society of Jesus," issued by order of the fourteenth General Assembly, revised vol. I., p. 408, Edition of Prague, printed in the College of the Society of Jesus at the University of Charles Ferdinand, A. D. 1705. The vows consist of two parts; the first being those of poverty, chastity and obedience, taken by all the members of the order, and constituting also the final vows of the so-called spiritual co-adjutors, the great majority of the priests of the order. The second portions is the vow of the so-called "professed" priests, namely these few who being "eminent in talent and virtue" as the rules say, were given a larger and more complete course of studies ! and who, after making this last vow, become the actual directors of the order for which they manage all financial matters. Only a "professed" priest can become the general of the order, and all rectors of colleges are of that number.

The following is the Latin text of the vows, with a literal translation of it:

Ego N. professionem facio, et promitto omnipotenti Deo coram ejus Virgine Matre et universa coelesti curia ac omnibus circumstantibus; et tibi Patri Reverendo N—, Præpos ito Generali Societatis Jesu, locum Dei tenenti, et successoribus tuis; vel tibi Reverendo Patri vice Præpositi Generalis Societatis Jesu, et successorum ejus, locum Dei tenenti, perpetuam Paupertatem Castitatem, et Obdientiam; et secundum eam, peculiarem curam circa puerorum eruditionem; juxta formam vivendi, in Litteris Apostolicis Societatis Jesu, et in ejus Constitutionibus contentam.

Insuper promitto specialem obedientiam Summo Pontifici circa missiones; prout in eisdem Litteris Apostolicis et Constitutionibus continetur. Romae vel alibi, tali die, mense, et lanno, et in tali ecclesia.

TRANSLATION.

I, N——profess and promise to Almighty God, before His Virgin Mother, the entire heavenly court and all those present, and to the Rev. Father N——, General of the Society of Jesus, holding God's place, and to thy su cessors, or to thee, Rev. Father, Vice-General of the Society of Jesus, and his successors holding God's place; perpetual poverty, chastity and obedience, and accordingly a special cure for the instruction and education of children, after a mode of life prescribed in the apostolical letters of the Society of Jesus, and in its constructions and rules.

Furthermore, I promise a special obedience to the Sovereign Pontiff regarding missions, as it is put forth in those same apostolical letters and constructions.

Rome (or any other place), such a date, month, year, and in such a church.

For lame back, side or chest, use Shiloh's Porous Plaster. Price 25 cents. Sold by D.M Waters.

—Twenty three tenants on the Olphert estates in Ireland, who were tried for resisting officers sent to evict them, were sentenced to imprisonment at Enniskillen for terms ranging from 5 to 8 months.

CATARRH CURED, health and sweet breath secured, by Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy Price 50 cents. Nasal Injector free. For sale by D. M. Waters.

—Jas. Brickwood tells the *News* that a sample of gold quartz which he has was found about ten miles from Kingston. In a piece of quartz taken off the same rock there is a nugget of gold as big as a thimble. Mr. Brickwood states that there is quite a romance in connection with the finding of the quartz.

THAT HACKING COUGH can be so quickly cured by Shiloh's Cure. We guarantee it. For sale by D. M. Waters.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

HOURS OF SPEECHMAKING

THE DEBATE ON THE BUDGET CONTINUED IN THE HOUSE.

Mr. Cook's Bill to Amend the Civil Service Act—The Advance Guard of the Boodle Brigade in the Lobby.

OTTAWA, March 13.—In the House yesterday Mr. Cook introduced a bill to amend the Civil Service Act. Mr. Cook said his bill was for the purpose of giving Canadians the preference in civil service appointments and that foreigners, "even though they came from the British Islands," shall take a back seat. "This bill," said Mr. Cook, will prevent anyone from getting into the civil service who has not lived in Canada at least five years."

Sir John Thompson sent up a bill amending the Supreme and Exchequer Courts Act, providing that where a judge from a court below who had been appointed to a place on the bench of the Supreme Court and who had heard any action in the court below that was on appeal in the Supreme Court, then four judges would constitute a quorum for hearing the case. There was also a provision for appeals on assessment from British Columbia.

The debate on the Budget was opened by Dr. John Ferguson of Welland. He said that he knew the Americans and their institutions well and while he had the greatest admiration for their progressiveness yet he would not admit that they were the only nation on earth which had been visited with prosperity. Canada had advanced marvellously during the past two decades and she was advancing still. If the Canadians would join hand in hand and be true to themselves within the life of the average middleaged men we would see this country expanded into one of the finest lands on earth. "It might not be as populous, but it certainly would be as rich and as prosperous as any of them."

Mr. Colter of Haldimand, made his first speech in Parliament in answer to Dr. Ferguson. Mr. Colter's address was delivered with effect. He was accorded the earnest ear of his party and a great many of the Government benches. Mr. Colter followed the arguments of Sir Richard Cartwright and other Liberal leaders in favor of the freest trade with the United States.

Mr. Landry of New Brunswick spoke at length, dwelling on the advancement of Canada.

Mr. Perry of Prince Edward Island said that just as soon as the sun would rise and set to morrow there would be a change of Government within a very short time. "It cannot come any too soon, either," he remarked.

Mr. Daly of Manitoba talked Canada forever for over half an hour.

Mr. Campbell of Kent made a lively attack on the alleged extravagance of the Government, and he said the proposal to add $71,000 of taxes annually to the burdens of the people by increasing the salaries of the judges was the most diabolical measure that the Minister of Justice ever submitted to this Parliament.

Mr. Wood of Westmoreland moved the adjournment of the debate.

The House adjourned at midnight.

THE BOODLE BRIGADE.

Arrival of the Advance Guard of Bribers at the Capital.

OTTAWA, March 12.—The advance guard of Jack Keenan's brigade of boodlers, who are coming over to buy up the Canadian Parliament against Dr. Weldon's surrender of Crooks Bill, arrived in Ottawa to-night from the west. He at once proceeded to the Parliament Buildings and readily gained admission to the Speaker's gallery. He is a handsome-looking man of about 32, and shortly after his arrival in the gallery was joined by an elderly, gray-haired gentleman. I recognized in the younger man a person who was not unknown in the Toronto bucket shops a few years ago, but for the present I will not name him.

I learned on worthy authority that these two workers will quietly and calmly survey the situation, and if they think there is any possibility of defeating Dr. Weldon's bill by the use of money they will inform Keenan, who is now in New York. It is not likely that they would put up money except there was a dead certainty of defeating the bill, as far as its retroactive clauses are concerned at least.

I afterward learned that the two men, the younger and the elder, arrived by different routes, one of them coming from New York via Ogdensburg and the other from Chicago via Detroit and Toronto. They will probably be surprised to learn that one of Commissioner Sherwood's men is already "shadowing" them, but such is a fact.

THE ART EXHIBITION.

Opening of the Royal Canadian Academy's Annual Show.

OTTAWA, March 12.—Lord and Lady Stanley of Preston and a number of prominent Canadians were present at the opening of the annual exhibition of the Royal Canadian Academy of Arts at the national gallery here this evening. Among those present were Sir Charles and Lady Tupper, Lady Macdonald, Sir James Grant and Hon. G. W. Allan.

Mr. L. R. O'Brien of Toronto, the president of the Academy, made an address of welcome to Their Excellencies, in reply to which Lord Stanley said he hoped that those who were connected with the management of the Academy would endeavor to encourage its members to attain to that due study and recognition of artistic principles that lead to artistic fame. He could not sit down without saying that he hoped the walls of this academy would soon be filled with the best works of Canadian artists marked by a distinct Canadian type. In this country they had landscapes which would tempt the pencil of any artist. Surely with such materials before them he had no doubt they would in time be able to furnish their academy with a collection that would be worthy of the proud place which they all hoped to see their Dominion attain among the nations of the world.

A vote of thanks to the Government for the use of the national gallery for the exhibition of the academy was moved by Senator Allan. Sir Charles Tupper, who seconded the motion, said he thought the Government was doing no more than its duty in giving its countenance and aid to this academy. The time had come when the condition of a country was measured by its art, literature and science. When a country had reached the development that Canada had the time had come when there must be progress in art, literature and science. There was no more appropriate occasion than this, he said in conclusion, to repeat the last words which the Princess Louise had said to him on leaving England. She had asked him to say to all Canadians that she still continued to have a deep interest in Canada and Canadians, and to remember her in the kindest and warmest terms to her friends in Canada. [Applause.]

The collection of oil and water colors which the Governor-General and Lady Stanley inspected afterward included pictures by these artists of Montreal: W. Raphael, R. Harris, W. Brimner, O. R. Jacobi, A. T. Taylor.

Among the Toronto exhibitors are: L. R. O'Brien in oil, water colors, etchings, statuary, etc.; J. T. Rolph, J. K. Lawson, J. C. Forbes, W. A. Sherwood, G. A. Reid, Hamilton McCarthy, (in statuary), Strickland and Symons, M. Matthews, Seymour Penson and others.

Sixteen torpedo boats for the German navy are now in course of construction.

President Harrison has outlined a civil service reform policy for his administration.

TORONTO TOPICS.

An Alleged Bucket Shop Raided and Eight Inmates Arrested.

TORONTO, March 13.—Acting on the authority of Police Magistrate Denison, Staff Inspector Archibold and a posse of detectives and policemen yesterday morning visited the office of Joseph Priestman, the King-street broker, and arrested all the occupants. The names as registered at police headquarters are these:

Joseph Priestman, broker; Francis J. Spears, telegraph operator; Charles Priestman, clerk; J. C. Miller alias Millichamp, commission merchant; Thomas Galbraith, reporter; George Barret Foster, clerk; Walter Armour, William McBroom, insurance agent.

The Police Magistrate fixed bail at two sureties of $100 each, which was promptly forthcoming. In addition to making the arrests, the Inspector seized the entire office outfit, consisting of telegraphic apparatus, telephone, forms for making and annulling contracts, etc. Inspector Archibold says the case is a good one and will come up under the Abbott Act. Mr. Galbraith, commercial editor of The Globe, who went there for quotations for his regular market report, is not a bit tickled over the joke of being arrested. Mr. E. S. Cox, who was just going upstairs when the detectives with their prisoners were coming down, thought he had a lucky escape, and the general public will watch the proceedings with particular interest to see if the case will end in as complete a fiasco as the previous experience of Inspector Archibold with the bucket shop business.

Arbitrations seem to be the order of the day. The municipal authorities have half a dozen in hand and now the Ontario Government's Department of Education takes a hand in one. This is one between the department and the various large publishing houses with a view to fixing upon a definite price for school books so that for some years to come this important branch of the department will be managed satisfactorily, alike to the Government and the publishers. Every night the arbitrators meet at the Educational Department and will continue sitting nightly as far as possible, till their labors are finished.

The north platform at the Union Station was thronged last night as the C.P.R. emigrant trains for Manitoba and the Northwest pulled out sharp at 11 o'clock. The monster excursion was composed of nine freight and two passenger trains, containing 120 cars, 14 sleepers and 512 passengers, principally from the western part of Ontario and west of Toronto. It is expected that a still larger number will leave next Tuesday night. The passengers are all residents of Ontario and bound mostly for distant points.

A morning paper says that inner political circles were agitated yesterday by the rumor that Hon. A. M. Ross was about to resign the Provincial Treasurership. It was stated that on account of impaired hearing and a weariness of public life Mr. Ross would retire from the cabinet. He was to re-enter private life, and as soon as the Huron registrarship was vacant he would be presented with the office.

Saywood Roman, a colored man residing at 164 Centre-street, is under arrest at Headquarters, charged with attempting to kill another colored man named Henry Harris by shooting him on Monday night. The row occurred on Centre-street and was caused by both attempting to court the same girl.

An inquest will be held to-day touching the death of Miss Eliza Prosser of Manning-avenue, who was killed Monday night at the Keele-street crossing at West Toronto Junction.

Before the Police Magistrate yesterday John Kelly, Thomas Sheehan and Timothy Sheehan were charged with assaulting and robbing Alonzo H. Nixon in the saloon corner of King and Princess-streets. Kelly was dismissed and called as a witness; Thomas Sheehan, an old offender, was sent to Penitentiary for three years, and Timothy was acquitted.

ONTARIO LEGISLATURE.

Bills Passed in Committee—A Division on the Registry Act.

TORONTO, March 13.—These bills passed their third reading in the Local Legislature yesterday: To incorporate the Toronto Belt Line Railway Company; respecting the Yorkville Loop Line Railway Company; respecting St. James' Cathedral, Toronto; to revive and amend the act incorporating the Sarnia and Lambton Southern Railway Company; respecting the Toronto, Hamilton and Buffalo Railway Company.

The following bills were passed in committee: Respecting appeals or prosecutions to enforce penalties and offences under Provincial Acts; to amend the Pharmacy Act; respecting damage to lands by flooding in the new districts; respecting oaths under the Manhood Suffrage Act.

At the evening session the House passed in committee Mr. Drury's bill respecting steam threshing machines.

The Minister of Education moved the second reading of the bill validating the agreement between the University of Toronto and municipal corporation of Toronto, and it was accordingly done.

The Attorney-General moved the second reading of the bill respecting the administration of justice in certain cases. The measure was at length passed as was also that respecting the conveyance of lands granted under the Free Grants and Homestead Act.

The House went into committee on Mr. Hardy's bill to give representation in the Legislative Assembly to the District of Nipissing. This measure also went through.

The Attorney-General moved the House into committee on the bill respecting registry offices. Mr. Meredith objected.

The House divided and the Attorney-General's motion to go into committee on the bill was carried by a vote of 51 to 31. The measure was passed in committee.

A RAILWAY BONUS GRANTED.

Another $20,000 for the Kingston and Smith's Falls Road.

KINGSTON, March 12.—The bylaw granting $20,000 to the Kingston, Smith's Falls and Ottawa Railway Company was passed in the townships of Leeds and Lansdowne rear by a majority of 256.

Rev. F. Prime, incumbent of All Saints' Church, conducted a service this morning of communion and intercession on behalf of the accused Bishop of Lincoln.

Mrs. James Smith of the village of Sunbury was fined $50 to-day for violation of the Scott Act.

A Carolina Editor Murdered.

CHARLESTON, S.C., March 12.—Captain T. W. Dawson of The News and Courier was shot and killed this evening by Dr. F. B. McDow.

The trouble arose over an alleged undue intimacy of the doctor with a girl in the employ of Dawson. There is talk of lynching.

The Weavers' Strike.

FALL RIVER, Mass., March 12.—The strike situation is not greatly changed, but appears to favor the weavers. Only 1000 out of 4000 looms are running. Both sides are firm.

A RANK SWINDLE.

How a Middlesex Farmer Was Let in for $440—The "Red Lion" Discounted.

AVON, March 12.—A swindle that leaves the "Red Lion" a long way behind happened near this place not long ago. On Jan. 23 an elegantly dressed young couple, handsome and gay, drove up to a wealthy farmer's residence accompanied by a young man whom he introduced as Rev. B. L. Simes. The young man told the farmer that he was on his road to Ingersoll to be married, but just a short distance from here they met the minister, and noticing your beautiful place the bride remarked that she would rather be married out there than go into Ingersoll, and if he would allow them to be united in marriage in his house and be provided with a wedding dinner he would be well rewarded.

The farmer, being an accommodating man, readily consented and preparations soon began. A groomsman and bridesmaid were furnished from the good man's family and the marriage ceremony performed by the man of much grace, who gave the blushing bride a certificate, but before doing so he asked the obliging host to sign as a witness, which of course was done. A jollier party never sat down to a wedding dinner than they, in fact, everybody enjoyed a rare treat. They stayed until about 4 o'clock, when the groom handed the farmer $40 in gold to compensate him for his trouble and took his departure, accompanied by his new wife and the minister.

Everything passed off lovely for about a week, when a collector presented a $440 note due on Feb. 1. The farmer was greatly surprised and it was some time before he could think what note it could be. However, it came to his memory that he had a wedding at his house a while ago, and now he had to foot up to the tune of $440. There is no doubt but this whole affair was a deep-laid plot, and had been some time in maturing. The young married couple and the minister are away on a visit, and it is not likely they will return very soon.

ORANGE GRAND LODGE.

Opening of an Important Session in the Ambitious City.

HAMILTON, March 12.—The thirtieth annual meeting of the Provincial Grand Orange Lodge of Ontario West convened this afternoon in the court house, and it promises to be one of the most important sessions of the body that has been held in Canada for many years. About 300 members are present, and the session will last until Thursday, during which time the Jesuits Estate bill will be fully considered and definite action taken by this important and representative body.

W. W. Fitzgerald, barrister, London, Right Worthy Grand Master, presides at the meeting and he is ably assisted by R. W. Grand Secretary Robert Birmingham of Toronto. This afternoon the grand officers' addresses were delivered and other routine business carried out. To-morrow the Jesuit bill will likely come up for discussion.

—The Kingston Street Railway has been sold to B. W. Folger for $9,000

—A fine horse died in Bibby's livery stable, Kingston, on Tuesday morning of a disease which caused the animal to swell to an enormous size. The swelling began in the legs, and, reaching the throat, caused death.

FOR NETTLE RASH, Summer Heat and general toilet purposes, use Low's Sulphur Soap

—An official enquiry has been ordered into the charges that the Maharajah of Cashmere was implicated in a conspiracy to poison the British resident and in other treasonable practices. The Maharajah is an imbecile and is wholly in the power of his ministers.

SLEEPLESS NIGHTS, made miserable by that terrible cough. Shiloh's Cure is the Remedy for you. Sold by D. M. Waters.

—A movement is taking shape in London to subsidize a line of steamers which will run between Liverpool and Canadian ports, and from Vancouver to Yokohama and Hong Kong. These steamers will be of immense advantage to the Canadian Pacific road, as they will be feeders to that line.

AN INACTIVE or Torpid Liver must be aroused and all bad bile removed. Burdock Pills are best for old or young.

—The extension of British trade in Canadian barley is exciting attention. The High commissioner has received excellent samples of Ontario and manitoba barley, submitting the same to British experts to ascertain its fitness for the British markets, in order to stimulate in Canada growth of the right varieties.

—Wreckage and cargo identified as coming from the British steamer "Duke of Buccleuch" is strewn along the British Channel coast. This strengthens the belief that the "Buccleuch" was the vessel which collided with the British ship "Vandalia," and that she has been lost. The "Buccleuch" was bound from Antwerp for Calcutta.

Only One Cent!
Only One Cent!

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

POOL TABLE, and all the fixtures, for sale. Is in first class order. Apply at Hub Hotel, Front Street, Belleville. 263d2w

APARTMENTS TO LET.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

BOARD AND ROOMS.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

HOUSES TO LET.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

FOR SALE or TO LET, the House formerly occupied by J. H. Simpson, Commercial Street Possession given immediately. Apply to P. R. PALMER 263d3m

TO RENT—A two story brick house, corner Catherine and Yeomans Streets. Possession given April 1st. Apply to MRS. COCHRANE, Hotel Street. 262d1w

LOST AND FOUND.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

KEYS LOST—Lost, a bunch of keys. The finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving the same at the office of MR. H. CORBY, M. P. 266d2t

LIVE STOCK.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

HOUSE FOR SALE on William St., two doors south of Bridge St., next the residence of Mrs. T. C. Wallbridge, best locality in the city, house new, comfortable, and commodious, hard and soft water, closets in all the rooms. Enquire of R. PURDY, Bridge St. 242d1m.

TO LET.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

WANTED.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

HOUSEKEEPER WANTED, middle aged woman preferred, to take charge of a family of six. Apply at HUGH WALKER'S grocery. 258dtf.

SALESMEN—We wish a few men to sell our goods by sample to the wholesale and retail trade. Large manufacturers in our line. Enclose 2-cent stamp. Wages $3 per day. Permanent position. No postals answered. Money advanced for wages, advertising, etc. CENTENNIAL MAN'F'G CO., CINCINNATI, OHIO 245d30teod

DOMESTICS WANTED.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

MECHANICS WANTED.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

Belleville Hospital and Home for the Friendless.

TENDERS,

Addressed to the undersigned, are invited up to the THIRTIETH OF MARCH for the supply of

BREAD, AND ALSO MILK,

for the above Hospital and Home.

The quantity of Bread to be at least five four-pound loaves per day, and the Milk at least twelve quarts per day—both Bread and Milk must be of the best quality. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

J. E. MACLEAN,
President.

Mar. 14, '89 d3t

---NEW---
SPRING GOODS!

New Embroideries,
New Prints,
New Tweeds,
New Carpets,
New Curtain Materials,
New Cornice Poles,
New Window Shades.

GEORGE RITCHIE & CO'S.

NEW SPRING GOODS
—ARRIVING DAILY.—

New Prints,
New Shirtings,
New Dress Goods,
New Ginghams,
New Table Linens,
New Towel Linens,

Etc., etc., CHEAPER THAN EVER.

A. N. REID & CO.

NEW SPRING GOODS
—AT—
BRIGNALL & THOMPSON'S.

New Prints and Dress Goods,
New Embroideries,
New Cottons and Steam Looms,
New Table Linens and Sheetings,
New Goods in all departments arriving daily. Prices very low.

BRIGNALL & THOMPSON.

--50 MORE--
NEW HANGING LAMPS put in. Prices very much below anything we ever had.
W. J. REID & CO.

FANS
Suitable for WEDDINGS and BALLS. A splendid assortment at
J. C. OVERELL'S
FANCY EMPORIUM, BELLEVILLE.

CLEARING--SALE
—OF ALL—
BOOTS AND SHOES
Damaged by Fire and Water. Over $5,000 worth at less than half regular price.
A. W. VERMILYEA & SON.

NEW SEASON'S TEAS,
FRESH GROUND COFFEES,
Handsome Presents Given Away
—AT—
STROUD .: BROS.,
Front Street, Belleville,
and at Montreal, Ottawa, Kingston and Toronto.

RUBBER STAMPS! Send your name and address, with 30 cents, to the ONTARIO CARD CO.,' Belleville, Ont., and get a Pearl Pen and Pencil Stamp, complete.

NEW SPRING GOODS.

Bought very early and bought very cheap.

NEW PRINTS,
NEW TABLINGS,
NEW COTTONS,
NEW STEAMLOOMS,
NEW DRESSGOODS,
NEW EMBROIDERIES,
NEW SHIRTINGS,
NEW CRETONNES,
NEW SCRIMS,
NEW UNDERWEAR,
NEW TWEEDS,

See the new. They are better and cheaper than the old.

JAS. W. DUNNET.
GLASGOW WAREHOUSE
Belleville, Feb. 12, 1889.

Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, WEDNESDAY, MAR. 13

THE DUCHESS.

Every one has read the bewitching stories of "The Duchess," who has scored a phenomenal success as a writer of fiction. This celebrated authoress has favored the INTELLIGENCER with an article on "Dreams," in which she tells of dreams that have come to life; wild incalculable dreams that result in material beings; lordly halls that change into plain country houses; blissful dreams of fascinating moonshine—a story of dreamland that has since become famous; and lastly, but not least, the story of a dream that came to life. Her letter will appear in our issue of Saturday, 16th inst.

MERE MENTION.

No police court to-day.

FOR a disordered liver try Beecham's Pills.

ONE tramp was the only occupant of the cells last night.

A LARGE quantity of wood was offered for sale on the market to-day.

REMEMBER the excursion to Peterborough to-morrow afternoon. One dollar the round trip.

A LOAD of wood upset near the post office this morning. The driver narrowly escaped being hurt.

THE "Held by the Enemy" Company left on the mixed this morning for Kingston, where they will play this evening.

ALL DISORDERS CAUSED by a bilious state of the system can be can be cured by using Carter's Little Liver Pills. No pain, griping or discomfort attending their use. Try them.

A MATTER of interest to Organists, Organ Students and Teachers is a new patent organ pedal attachment for pianos manufactured by Messrs. Newcombe & Co., 107 Church at Toronto. Particulars on application.

COLD wet weather is very hard on sufferers from Neuralgia troubles, and to those Dyer's Quinine and Iron Wine is strongly recommended, it is palatable, easily assimilated, and can be safely taken by the weakest invalid. W. A. Dyer & Co., Montreal.

THE Imperial Oil Refining Company, of Petrolia, is the principal oil refining company in Canada. They send out about 60 per cent. of all Canadian oil used. One of their favorite brands is "Silver Star," for which A. L. Geen is their Belleville agent.

THE Brompton Hospital for Consumptives, London, Eng., published a statement that fifty-two (52) per cent. of the patients of that institution have unsuspected kidney disorder. Prof. Wm. H. Thompson, of the University of the City of New York, says: "More adults are carried off in this country by chronic kidney disease than by any other one malady except consumption." The late Dr. Dio Lewis, in speaking of Warner's Safe Cure, says over his own signature: "If I found myself the victim of a serious kidney trouble, I would use Warner's Safe Cure."

MOTHERS who have delicate children can see them daily improve and gain in flesh and strength by giving them that perfect food and medicine, *Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil, with Hypophosphites.* Dr. W. A. Hulbert, of Salisbury, Ills., says: "I have used Scott's Emulsion in cases of Scrofula and Debility. Results more gratifying. My little patients take it with pleasure." Sold by all druggists, 50c. and $1.00.

PROBABILITIES.

TORONTO, March 13.—Moderate winds; fine, continued mild weather.

Personal.

Mr. L. W. Massey, of Sidney, who has been attending the farmers' institute for Frontenac County, held at Sydenham, returned home this morning. He reports a very successful meeting.

TEMPERATURE.

As Registered by Dr. Bell's Self-Registering Thermometer.

WEDNESDAY, March 13.

Maximum 42; minimum 19.
Barometer 30.05.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria,

"A Barrel Full of Money"

is a good thing to have, but what's it good for if your health is poor? Preserve your health by using Imperial Cream Tartar Baking Powder.

Curliana.

The game with Campbellford yesterday afternoon was confined to one rink, as the south rink was overflowed with water. The match, which was a test of strength rather than of skill, resulted in a tie—11 shots for each ride.

The Bridge By-law.

A telegram from Mr. H. Corby, M. P., informs us that the Bridge By-law has passed the Private Bills Committee, and will receive its third reading on Friday and on Monday next will be sent to the Senate. This will be received with general satisfaction.

Mock Parliament.

Mock Parliament will meet to-morrow night. A division will be taken by the House on the Imperial Federation resolution, and a resolution, favoring commercial reciprocity with the United States, will be introduced by Mr. Lyons, the member for East Hastings.

University Church.

There was a good attendance at the meeting held in the University church last night. There is every prospect of a powerful revival in that part of the city. Rev. Mr. Copeland, last evening, delivered an earnest and practical discourse from the 16th verse of the 66th Psalm. All are invited to attend the meetings.

Board of Health.

The Board of Health for the city will meet in the council chamber on Friday afternoon at 3 p. m., for the purpose of organizing.

The following gentlemen constitute the Board this year: Mayor Diamond, Dr. Tracy, William Blaind, S. A. Moore, W. S. Hunter, Richard Taylor, James Meagher, Joseph Fox and Horace Yeomans.

Coming Events.

Mr. J. Ross Robertson will deliver a lecture this evening in the Masonic temple.

The Knights of Labor will give an entertainment in their hall this evening.

Rev. Father Chiniquy will deliver a lecture in the Opera House on the 28th inst.

On Friday evening Principal Grant of Queen's College, Kingston, will lecture in the Opera House under the auspices of the Imperial Federation League.

District Intelligence.

The effort to obtain a license for the sale of intoxicants in Bridgewater is by the residents of that village strongly opposed. A petition against such action will be placed in the hands of the Commissioners.

The Brockville *Times* urges the Board of Trade of that town to try and induce the Crossen car works to locate there, and also Mr. Weddell, of the Trenton bridge works.

About 100 men left Peterborough yesterday for the Scott timber limits, over which litigation has just been completed.

Board of Education.

A regular meeting of the Board should have been held last night, but at 8 o'clock only three members were present, namely Rev. J. W. Burke and Messrs. T. Wills and H. W. Taylor. Mr. John Johnston, Inspector, and the Secretary-Treasurer, Mr. W. J. Diamond, were also present.

On Monday afternoon next the committee of Sites, Buildings and Repairs will meet at the Central school at 2 o'clock and proceed to the different schools for the purpose of estimating what will be required for the maintenance of the schools during the present year.

To-morrow's Excursion.

The prospects of meeting Messrs. Crossley and Hunter again; the low rates for tickets; and its being the first excursion of the season, all these inducements are deciding a large number of our citizens to go to Peterboro to morrow. A number will go by train at 5:45 to-morrow morning, thus enabling them to visit friends and take in two meetings. At the evening meeting a number of front seats in the church are to be reserved for the visitors and afterwards an opportunity will be given in the Sunday School rooms of spending a social half hour with the evangelists. Tickets can be had at the office of Mr. U. E. Thompson.

Held by the Enemy.

The Opera House was well filled last night to witness Gillette's celebrated play "Held by the Enemy." The performance was excellent and did not flag from beginning to end. It is an American drama and illustrates incidents and scenes down south during the late war in that country. Mr. J. W. Rennie, in the role of Major-General of the Army, rendered his part in a dignified manner. The part of the rebel spy, personated by Mr. Fitz Hugh Owsley, was excellent. Mr. John E. Kellerd takes the leading character in the play, Colonel Prescott. His soldierly appearance and strong voice, makes him well fitted for the part he has to perform. The trying position in which he is placed by the action he takes excites for him the sympathy of the audience throughout the play. As Susan, Ethelyn Friend gave an excellent impersonation that was both original and funny, and she created much merriment, especially in the last act. Miss Alice Grey also gave a good interpretation of the part of the elderly female of the McCreedy household. Mr. J. Farrell as the "special artist" portrayed the reporter and sketch artist in a faithful manner. The other characters were also well taken, and the scenery used was fine. Should the company return to the city they would be greeted with even a larger house than that to which they played last night.

Wedding Bells.

A pleasant event took place at Elmview, the residence of Mr. Alfred Phelps, third concession of Thurlow, on the 7th inst., being the marriage of their daughter, Sarah A., to Mr. Thos. Bell, of Quebec. The ceremony was performed at 8 p. m. by the Rev. R. T. Courtice, Canifton. The bride was eleganaly attired in fawn Henrietta trimmed with cream lace. Mr. Bell was assisted by Mr. S. W. Lazier, of Belleville, while Miss Laura Phelps, sister of the bride, acted as bridesmaid. After the ceremony all sat down to a sumptuous repast. After ample justice had been done to the well-selected viands, toasts were in order. R. L. Lazier, Esq., proposed the health of the bride and associated with the toast the name of the groom, who responded in appropriate terms. W. A. Potter, Esq., then proposed a toast to the bridesmaid, which was responded to by the groomsman. Geo. Noble, Esq., then proposed a toast to the young ladies, accompanying with it the name of Rev. R. T. Courtice, who replied in a fitting address. Many valuable presents were given and about fifty guests were present. Mr. and Mrs. Bell intend returning to their home in the east after visiting among their friends. They carry with them the warm congratulations of their many friends.

WM. ROBERTS, M.D., Physician to the Manchester, Eng., Infirmary and Lunatic Hospital, Professor of Medicine in Owen's College, says: "In a great majority of cases Bright's Disease begins slowly and imperceptibly." This is sufficient warning, and justifies you in using Warner's Safe Cure before your kidney trouble becomes chronic, or pronounced Bright's Disease.

Dail

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THING

BELLEVILLE ON

Daily Intelligencer

AN OVATION TO PARNELL

THE IRISH LEADER GREETED BY A IMMENSE THRONG.

John Morley's Characteristic Speech—Mr Parnell's Arraignment of the Govern ment.

LONDON, March 13.—St. James' Hal was crowded this evening with peopl anxious to hear Mr. Parnell's speech. Mr Morley presided. The committee in charg were yesterday compelled to suspend the issue of tickets for the meeting.

The hall was handsomely decorated with flags and mottoes. Among the inscription were: "Freedom for England and Ire land." "No Coercion, No Forgery, No Slander." "Humanity, Union, Justice Peace, Liberty."

On shamrock-entwined flagstaffs was a ture representing Britannia with her left arm encircling Erin's waist and an angel overhead bearing the motto, "Peace and Good-Will towards All Men."

Among the prominent men present were Messrs. A. J. Mundella, Shaw-Lefevre, H. H. Fowler, James Stansfeld, H. H. Asquith, W. B. Rowland, Arnold Morley and many Parnellite members of Parliament.

In opening the meeting Chairman John Morley said he could not refuse when aske to preside, because the meeting was of su a remarkable character. He felt that it h presence would be of the slightest use

The Late K. Graham.

SIDNEY COUNCIL, Mar. 11th, 1889.

Moved and seconded that whereas the members of this Council, on account of the particular nature of the business of this day, cannot absent themselves to attend to pay the last respects to the late Ketchan Graham, Esq.; and whereas Mr. Graham, from his long services to the public not only as a member of this Council Board and for several years the head thereof, and also as a member of the Legislative Assembly of Ontario, which position he served the public, as representative from the West Riding of Hastings, and as a true friend and citizen he is worthy of our respect. Be it therefore resolved, that this Council hereby desire to express our sympathy for the afflicted family in their bereavement and also accept this our only opportunity of rendering that respect due the departed by the individual members of this Board, and the clerk transmit a copy of this resolution to Mr. R. J. Graham.—Carried.

SOME SYMPTOMS OF WORMS are:—Fever, colic, variable appetite, restlessness, weakness and convulsions. The unfailing remedy is Dr. Low's Worm Syrup.

TWEED.

Obituary Notices—Two Sisters Widowed in One Week—Personal—Building Operations.

(From our own Correspondent.)

TWEED, March 12.—The many friends of Mr. Felix Gabourie will be sorry to learn that he died last Saturday. He had been ill for some little time. Mr. Gabourie was well and favorably known by the public as a kind and accommodating hotel keeper. He was fifty-two years old. His funeral was one of the largest seen here for some time. His remains were interred in the R. C. burying ground on Sugar Island on Monday.

Mr. D. Meagher, of Peterborough, died suddenly in Montreal last Wednesday. He was a brother-in-law of Mr. Gabourie. They married two sisters, consequently these ladies were left widows in the same week. Mr. Meagher was well known in this vicinity as an extensive cattle buyer.

Miss Kate Hate, daughter of Mr. John Hate, died on Sunday last. This young lady has been ill for one or two years. She was a great sufferer for a long time till death ended her bodily pain on Sunday.

Mr. John Campbell and sister, who have been here visiting their brother, Mr. W.F. Campbell, returned to their home in Glenboro, Manitoba, on Monday, accompanied by Miss Mary Jane, daughter of Robert Gordon, Esq., who has gone to visit her uncle, Rev. A. Gordon. Mr. Campbell speaks very highly of the country.

The contractors are busy getting out and drawing the stone for the R. R. bridges at Stoco and still house at Stoco Lake.

MADOC.

Fighting.—Gold Mining.—Fire.—Sudden Death.—Weather.

(From our own Correspondent.)

MADOC, March 12th.

For the past week shanty teams have been returning homeward. On Monday night a large number remained here over night, and several fights were engaged in by local and outside sports.

Mr. Charles Taylor has completed a fine stamp mill at Flinton. He was here on Friday, and showed your correspondent the first gold brick from the mine. The ore gives $7 to the ton free gold. The crusher was manufactured by Messrs. J. & J. White, and is the eighth one made by the firm.

Last Thursday the residence of Mr. Chas. Green, about three miles from here, was destroyed by fire, caused by a defective flue. No insurance.

Richard Walker, engineer at the works of the North Hastings Manufac'g Co., died rather suddenly. Deceased remained at his post to within a short time of his death.

Weather fine; sleighing gone; our local weather prophets are predicting an early spring.

DYSPEPSIA IN ITS WORST FORMS will yield to the use of Carter's Little Nerve Pills, aided by Carter's Little Liver Pills. They not only relieve present distress but strengthen the stomach and digestive apparatus.

—A large delgation of Pictonites is at Ottawa to interview Sir Hector Langevin in reference to securing an appropriation for dredging the harbor.

—The Germans had to pay a ransom of $3,000 and surrender twelve slaves to the Arabs before the latter would release the missionaries.

WILL YOU SUFFER with Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint? Shiloh's Vitalizer is guaranteed to cure you. Sold by D. M. Waters.

—A party of 512 emigrants left Toronto last night for Manitoba. It took nine trains with 129 cars to convey the passengers, live stock and household effects.

—Between forty and fifty crofter families selected under the State-aided scheme will leave Glasgow for Halifax on April 3 per steamer Corean. Every precaution is being taken to ensure no repetition of last year's blunder.

AS A PICK ME-UP after excessive exertion or exposure, Milburn's Beef, Iron and Wine is grateful and comforting.

HONESTY AND INTELLIGENCE.

It pays to be honest, you say.

Granted.

Yet how many are dishonest through ignorance, expediency, or intentionally. One can be dishonest and yet say nothing.

A clerk who lets a customer buy a damaged piece of goods, a witness who holds back the truth which would clear a prisoner, a medical practitioner who takes a patient's money when he knows he is doing him no good,—all are culpably dishonest.

It is generally known that doctors bind themselves by codes, resolutions and oaths not to use any advertised medicines. Now, there is a medicine on the market which, for the past ten years, has accomplished a marvellous amount of good in the cure of Kidney and Liver diseases, and diseases arising from the derangement of these great organs,—we refer to Warner's Safe Cure. So widespread are the merits of this medicine that the majority of the doctors in this country know by actual evidence that it will cure Advanced Kidney Disease, which is but another name for Bright's Disease.

The medical profession admits that there is no cure for this terrible malady, yet there are physicians dishonest enough to procure Warner's Safe Cure, put the same into plain, four-ounce vials, and charge their patients $2.00 per vial, when a sixteen-ounce bottle of the remedy, in its original package, can be bought at any drug store in the world for $1.25.

Perhaps the doctor argues that the cure of the patient justifies his dishonesty, yet he will boldly stand up at the next local medical meeting and denounce Warner's Safe Cure as a patent medicine, and one which he cannot and will not use.

The people are waking up to the truth that the medical profession is far from honest, and that it does not possess a monopoly of wisdom in the curing of disease, doctoring the many symptoms of kidney disease, instead of striking at the seat of disease—the kidneys themselves—allowing patients to die rather than use a remedy known to be a specific, simply because it has been advertised, and when patients are dead from Advanced Kidney Disease, still practicing deception by giving the cause of death in their certificate as pneumonia, dropsy, heart disease, or some other accompanying effect of Bright's Disease.

THE GREAT CHURCH TRIAL

Dr. King, Bishop of Lincoln, Before the Primate.

Summary of the Charges.

LONDON, March 12.—The trial of the Right Rev. Dr. King, Bishop of Lincoln, is to be resumed to day at Lambeth Palace, where the Archbishop's court held its sittings a month ago, when the Bishop of Lincoln appeared before the Archbishop of Canterbury and the Bishops of London, Winchester, Oxford and Salisbury. He is prosecuted by the Church Association, and a court of this kind has not been held for about two centuries. Last month all the state possible was observed, and the archbishop had a silver mitre carried before him. Sir W. Phillimore appeared as counsel for the Bishop of Lincoln and handed in a protest against the composition of the court. With a view to afford time to all parties to bring in their pleadings, the next sitting of the court was fixed for to-day.

What Dr. King is charged with is transcending the legal forms of ritual directed and allowed by the church of England. His Grace the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, the Most Reverend Edward White Benson, D. D., as his full style is, issued a citation, of which the following is the condensed text:

"We, Edward White, by Divine Providence Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, Primate of all England and Metropolitan—To all clerks and literate persons in and throughout the whole province of Canterbury, greeting: Whereas the Right Reverend Edward, Lord Bishop of Lincoln, of the palace in the city and diocese of Lincoln and county of the same city, a suffragan of the province of Canterbury, is charged by certain members of the Church of England and residents in the diocese of Lincoln with having, within two years last past, offended against the laws ecclesiastical in the diocese of Lincoln and Province of Canterbury as follows, that is to say—(1) By having, in the Church of St. Peter, at Gowts, on the morning of the 4th day of December, 1887, when he was officiating as bishop and the principal celebrant in the service for the administration of the Holy Communion in the same church, used and permitted to be used lighted candles on the communion table, or on a ledge immediately over the said table, and so constructed as to appear to form a part of the said communion table, during such service, as a matter of ceremony, and when such candles were not required for the purpose of giving light; (2) Mixing water with the sacramental wine, consecrating and administering the said water and wine so mixed; (3) Stood, while reading the prayer of consecration in such service, between the people and the holy table with his back to the people in such wise that the communicants present could not see him break the bread and take the cup into his hand, according to the directions in that behalf contained in the rubric immediately before the prayer of consecration; (4) caused or permitted to be sung the 'Agnus,' that is to say, 'O Lamb of God that takest away the sins of the world, have mercy on us;' (5) While pronouncing the absolution and while pronouncing the benediction made the sign of the cross; (6) Pouring wine and water into the paten and chalice, drinking up such wine and water in the face of the congregation; (7) Stood on the west side of the holy table and not on the north side thereof."

Then follow other counts in reference to another church.

Mr. Wiman's Action.

GREAT NORTH-WESTERN VERSUS MONTREAL.

The long threatened suit of the Great North-Western Telegraph Company against the Montreal Telegraph Company has at last been filed in court at Montreal. The action is taken under the Lessor and Lessee's act, and may be expected to come up for hearing at an early date. The public are familiar with the nature of the action, which is to force a reduction in the dividend paid to the Montreal Telegraph Company, on the ground of damages suffered by the plaintiff through defendant's neglect to take action against the Canadian Pacific Railway Company for alleged violation of rights and privileges. The Great North-Western claim $80,000, amount paid by them under protest over and above what they allege the Company defendant is entitled to, owing to the diminution in the enjoyment of the property leased.

Annexation Discussed.

The subject of annexation was discussed in a pretty lively fashion by the United States Senate on Tuesday. All the Senators who spoke would like to have Canada join them, but Mr. Morrill thought the agitation of the subject would strengthen the Tory Government in England, and the introduction of the matter was injudicious. Mr. Sherman regretted that the question had been raised. Mr. Frye said:—"If any one supposes annexation with Canada is to be had by any movement on the part of the United States, he is most profoundly mistaken."

SHILOH'S COUGH and Consumption Cure is sold by us on a guarantee. It cures consumption. Sold by D. M. Waters.

THE MONEY OF THE LEAGUE.

A FRESH REPORTER FROM CORK GETS INTO TROUBLE.

His Arrest Ordered by Justice Hannen of the Parnell Commission—The First of a Series of Libel Suits.

LONDON, March 12.—The Parnell Commission resumed its sitting to-day. An accountant testified to having examined the books of the Hibernian Bank, but was unable to trace the persons to whom the money or checks were paid, or whence the checks came. Between November, 1879, and September, 1882, the League received £261,269, and paid out £261,276. The bank refused to allow witness to examine its lodgment slips. The League paid to the Ladies' League £12,306, and to the Relief Fund £2025, and disbursed £10,000 in the defence of prisoners.

Witness further testified that he had examined the League's books. The total receipts in 1883 amounted to £11,069, of which America sent £1000 and Australia and New Zealand £8000. In 1884 the receipts were £11,508, in 1885 £18,000, and in 1886 £17,615. The National League's total receipts amounted to £100,613.

Sir Henry James, counsel for The Times, applied for an order for the examination of Mr. Parnell's private account with the National Bank.

Mr. Parnell gave assent to such an examination.

Mr. Coffee, a reporter from Cork, testified that he had made a statement to a policeman who promised him that he should be paid beyond his greatest expectations. Witness declared that that statement was absolutely false. This evidence created a sensation. Coffee said he purposely made the statement he gave to the policeman sensational, because he knew it would take. He received £115 from The Times.

Justice Hannen repeatedly rebuked the witness for contempt and finally ordered his arrest.

He Proved Them Forgeries.

BRUSSELS, March 12.—In a trial of a will suit here to-day the English handwriting expert Netherclift caused a sensation by stating he had proved to Mr. Parnell the Pigott letters were forgeries.

One of Many.

LONDON, March 12.—Henry Campbell, M.P., the private secretary of Mr. Parnell, has brought suit for libel against The London Times. The trial will probably take place in May. The suit is founded partly on the opening speech by Attorney-General Webster in the case of O'Donnell v. Walter and partly on a leading editorial in The Times of July 7 last. This suit is the first of a series to be brought against The Times.

Adopted the Plan.

LONDON, March 12.—Right Hon. Charles Villiers, the oldest member of the House of Commons, has, in spite of his 87 years and his politics, adopted the Plan of Campaign. He lives in a house at Chelsea, owned by Earl Cadogan, and as the old mansion stands in the way of certain street improvements, His Lordship wants to pull it down. A notice of eviction has been served upon Villiers, and he declines to recognize it in any way. The old chap has taken to his bed, and says he will remain there until his noble landlord shall consent to take a more reasonable view of his right.

A Gladstonian Elected.

LONDON, March 12.—The election in the Barnsley division of Yorkshire, to fill the vacancy in the House of Commons caused by the retirement of Mr. Kenny (Liberal), resulted in the return of Lord Compton (Gladstonian), who received 6332 votes, against 3781 for his opponent, Mr. Wentworth (Conservative). At the last election Kenny received 5425 and Wentworth 2917.

The National Defences.

LONDON, March 12.—In the House of Commons last evening Hon. Edward Stanhope, Secretary for War, said, in explanation of the army estimates, that owing to the increased protection which had been afforded to the colonies the Government had provided for an increase of the colonial contributions to the national defences.

Stanley Marching On.

BERLIN, March 12.—Private letters from Zanzibar state that Stanley, according to native reports, is marching rapidly towards the east coast of Africa.

Carnot Thanked by the Duc d'Aumale.

PARIS, March 11.—The Duc d'Aumale had an interview to-day with President Carnot. He warmly thanked the President for rescinding the decree of exile against him.

Down Goes Coal.

NEW YORK, March 12.—Representatives of the great coal producing companies met here to-day and reduced the price of stove coal 50 cents per ton and other grades proportionately. The new prices are: Grate $3.75, egg $3.90, stove $4.15, chestnut $4. The new schedule is from 10 to 15 cents lower than the spring prices of 1888.

QUEBEC LEGISLATURE.

A Motion of Want of Confidence Defeated by a Vote of 34 to 24.

QUEBEC, March 12.—In the Legislative Assembly this afternoon a motion of non-confidence was made by Mr. Leblanc, the member for Laval, blaming the Government for allowing C. Beausoleil, the Premier's partner, to retain $31,000 on a collection of $519,000 made in two months on the commercial corporations tax, which were claimed to be for his disbursements, while there is a paid officer, M. H. Lamb, as collector of revenue.

Messrs. Lussier, Lafontaine and Lareau, Government supporters, voted with the Opposition and Messrs. Bourbonnais and Pelletier, also Government supporters, who were said to be in the building, abstained from voting.

The vote stood 24 to 34.

Royal Black Knights.

HAMILTON, March 12.—The Grand Black Chapter of the Royal Black Knights resumed its session this morning. The report of the grand treasurer was a gratifying one, and showed that the order was in good condition financially. The following officers were elected: John Graham, Toronto, grand master; Wm. Magness, St. Catharines, deputy grand master; John. L Wilson, Wilsoncroft, associate deputy grand master; Rev. Rural Dean Cooper, Invermay, grand chaplain; S. R. Hammond, Hamilton, grand registrar; E. Metcalf, Toronto, grand treasurer; W. M. Lockhart, Everett, deputy grand registrar; Geo. Nicholson, Hamilton, deputy grand treasurer; W. L. Bell and W. J. Dunlop, Toronto, grand lecturers; Jno. McCaffrey, Toronto, and J. Dunlop, St. Catharines, grand standard bearers; R. Ailles, Hamilton, and J. McAllen, Toronto, grand censors; E. Floody, Clinton, grand pursuivant; grand committee, Jno. Low, E. T. Richards, B. H. Scott, T. Gillray, M. Baldwin, Capt. Wetmore and Jno. Bird. The officers were installed this evening.

Game Cocks Confiscated.

HAMILTON, March 12.—On Feb. 16 a raid was made on a barn owned by Mrs. E. Taylor, 374 Hughson-street north, suspecting that a cock-fight was being held there. The constables did not arrive in time to capture the sports, they having escaped over a fence, but they captured eleven game cocks and a lot of paraphernalia that were to be used in the battle. The police have since retained possession of the chickens. At the police court this morning Mrs. Taylor was charged with allowing a cock-pit on her premises. She admitted that the pit was there, but claimed that she had no knowledge of it until the police made the raid. The magistrate fined her $2. He confiscated the eleven game cocks, and ordered that they be sold.

Toronto Aldermen Abroad.

BUFFALO, March 12.—Ald. Tait, Baxter and Carlyle and City Engineer Sproatt of Toronto are registered at the Mansion House, and spent the day in viewing the local sights. The first-named said: "The object of our visit is to study the underground wire problem and to examine the progress made in that direction by our American cousins. We also intend to scrutinize your asphalt street pavements. We have made a start in that direction and shall enquire into the durability of asphalt more particularly. It is quite likely that we shall go to Rochester and thence to New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Washington and Baltimore. We expect to be from home about ten days."

The Milwaukee Sensation.

MILWAUKEE, March 12.—The names of at least twenty victims of the two arrested Chinamen are known, and their ages range from 9 to 13. Three of them told their stories in court yesterday, the disclosures were revolting. Ten of the little witnesses were in court, accompanied by their mothers. Two Chinese laundrymen here have closed their places and disappeared.

Sudden Death at Hamilton.

HAMILTON, March 12.—Jonathan Davis, secretary of the board of directors of the Great Central Fair, and license inspector for South Wentworth, died very suddenly between 10 and 11 o'clock this morning at his residence, from heart disease.

New discoveries of oil have been made in the vicinity of Pittsburg.

BELLEVILLE MARKETS.

INTELLIGENCER OFFICE,
Belleville, March 13, 1889.

Barley continues to move very freely and prices are entirely without change. Receipts by road, which have averaged 2,500 bushels per day, reached 3,000 bushels yesterday, whilst the receipts by rail have averaged five cars per day.

The produce market is well supplied. Butter is lower than usual at this time of the year, selling at 18c to 20c per lb. Fresh eggs are the same price per doz. Lard 12c to 13c per lb. Chickens 50c to 70c per pair. Turkeys sold yesterday at 12½c per lb. Dressed hogs are selling up to 8c per lb. to butchers. Green pork, cut, at 8c. A lot of Toronto hogs, very fine, were offered yesterday and sold from 7c to 8c per lb, the latter an extreme price. No seeds offering. Timothy is sold at $2 50 per bushel and clover at $5.50 per bushel. Apples and potatoes 40c to 50c per bag. Hay, by the load, at $16 to $18 per ton.

WHEAT—95c. to $1 00.
BARLEY—50c. to 52c.
RYE—50c.
OATS—38c 40c.
PEAS—60c. to 65c.
BUCKWHEAT—40c. to 45c.
BUTTER—Roll 18 to 20c.
BEEF—$4 00 to $5 00.
PORK—$7 to $8.00.
MUTTON—5c. to 6c.
LAMB—6c. to 8c.
EGGS—15c. to 20c. per doz.
HIDES—Rough $4.00, inspected No. 1, $4 50
CALF SKINS—5c. per lb.
SHEEPSKINS—90c. to $1.20 for fresh taken off.
TALLOW—Rough, 3c.
TALLOW—Rendered. 5c.
POTATOES—40c. to 50c.
LARD—11c to 13c.
HAY—$15 to $18 per ton.
CHICKENS—45c to 70c per pair.
GEESE—40c to 60c.
TURKEYS—50c to $1.50.
DUCKS—40c. to 75c.

BIRTH.

At College St., Belleville, the wife of ALFRED PAGE, barber, of a son

A WISE CONCLUSION.

Years ago we decided that we would handle only such goods as we could recommend to our customers as good value for the money. The result is we have established a reputation for selling the best wearing Boots and Shoes in the locality, and our trade has increased while others have decreased. Our new Spring Stock has again been selected with the same care.

HAINES & LOCKETT.

To Get the Best Value

in EMBROIDERIES, STEAM LOOMS, LACE CURTAINS, CRETONNES, TOWELLS, Prints, Cottons, etc., and general Small Wares, you will need to go to

HENNESSY'S.

IMPERIAL CREAM TARTAR BAKING POWDER

TRADE MARK

PUREST, STRONGEST, BEST,
CONTAINS NO
Alum, Ammonia, Lime, Phosphates,
OR ANY INJURIOUS SUBSTANCE.
E. W. GILLETT, TORONTO, ONT. CHICAGO, ILL.
MANUFACTURER OF
THE CELEBRATED ROYAL YEAST CAKES.

IMPERIAL FEDERATION.

A PUBLIC MEETING will be held in the Opera House, on FRIDAY EVENING, THE 15TH INST., under the auspices of the Local Branch of the League, when an address will be delivered by the REV. G. M. GRANT, D. D., Principal of Queen's University; on "Australia, Canada and Great Britain." All are invited. Chair taken at 8 o'clock.

R. PURDY, Secretary. W. B. NORTHRUP, Chairman.
Belleville, March 11th, 1889. 266d3t

TENDERS WANTED.

TENDERS addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tenders for High School" will be received up to 6 o'clock, p. m.,

Thursday, March the 14th,

FOR THE

ERECTION OF A HIGH SCHOOL BUILDING

in the Town of Deseronto.

Plans and specifications may be seen at the offices of the Rathbun Co., Deseronto, or Thos. Hanley, architect, Belleville.

The committee does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

JOHN NEWTON, M. D.,
Chairman of the High School Board.
Deseronto. Mar. 6, 1889. 262dtd.

VETERINARY.

T. PURVIS, Veterinary Surgeon, Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College, Toronto, Member of Ontario Vet. Society. Office, rooms formerly occupied by Dr. Douglas, Front St.

References—J. P. Wiser & Son, and Ed. Rooney, Prescott. 263d&wtf

At FISH'S.

New Kid Gloves,
New Neckwear,
New Regatta Shirts,
New White Shirts,
New Spring Shirting
IN STOCK TO-DAY.

A. E. FISH & CO.,
The noted Shirt Makers and Gents' Furnishers, 260 Front St.

EXCURSION TO PETERBOROUGH.

On Thursday next, 15th Inst.,

Special Excursion Tickets will be issued by the

GRAND TRUNK R'Y

—TO—

Peterborough and Return to Belleville,

—FOR—

ONE DOLLAR!

Good to go by either of the regular trains, at 5:45 a. m. from Grand Trunk station or 4 p. m. from Pinnacle Street station.

A Special Train will leave Peterborough for Belleville at 11 p. m., or tickets will be good for regular trains to Belleville on Friday.

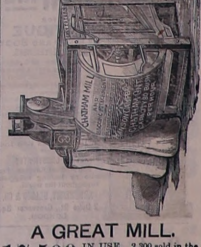
FARMS FOR SALE.

THE undersigned is instructed to sell on EASY TERMS the following FARMS, situated in the County of Hastings:

TOWNSHIP OF TUDOR.
Lots Nos. 27 and 28, South-west side of Hastings Road, 100 acres.
LIMERICK.
Lots Nos. 53 and 54, 2nd con., east Hastings Road, 100 acres.
MONTEAGLE.
Lot No. 30, 16th con., 101 acres.
WICKLOW.
Lot No. 29, 1st con., 101 acres.
CARLOW.
Lots Nos. 24 and 25, 7th con., 200 acres. Lots Nos. 24 and 25, 8th con., 200 acres. Lot No. 28, 8th con., 100 acres. Lots Nos. 24 and 25, 15th con., 199 acres.

Titles are perfect. Apply to
JAMES BOOTH,
Real Estate Agent, Belleville.
Office corner Pinnacle and Bridge Sts., up stairs.
Feb. 28, '89. d30tw3m

Lake Winnipeg White Fish
Salmon Trout,
Salt Water Salmon,
Finnan Haddies,
Boneless Codfish,
Roll Butter,
Fresh Eggs,
Sugar Syrups,
A. KNOX.



A GREAT MILL.

17,500 IN USE. 2,300 sold in the last year. See them, at VANTASSEL'S Footbridge Warerooms, Belleville, or THOS. DUNN'S, Madoc.

FOR SALE, CHEAP,

THE BRIDGEWATER HOTEL, in Bridgewater, comprising a large frame building, and adjoining stables and outhouses and 4 lots. Title perfect and without any restriction as to the right to sell liquors.

For terms apply to
GEO. J. SHERRY, Barrister,
Belleville, Ont.
Feb'y 2, 1889. w&d sat 6w

DR. LOW'S WORM SYRUP
DESTROYS AND REMOVES WORMS OF ALL KINDS IN CHILDREN OR ADULTS SWEET AS SYRUP AND CANNOT HARM THE MOST DELICATE CHILD

Wood! Wood!

I AM now selling at the West Belleville Central Wood Yard all kinds of Hard and mixed wood, cut and uncut, which I will deliver to any part of the city. Remember the place, the West Belleville Central Wood Yard, just a few steps from the Foot Bridge.

EDWARD NEWMAN.

WINTER SERVICE.

---ALLAN LINE---

Steamships	Fr. Portland	Fr. Halifax
Polynesian	21 Feb.	23 Feb.
Sardinian	7 Mar.	9 Mar.
Circassian	21 "	23 "
Parisian	4 April	6 April
Polynesian	18 "	20 "
Sardinian	2 May	4 May

Circassian from Quebec May 10th.

The steamers from Portland via Halifax call at Londonderry on their passage to and from Liverpool, to embark and land mails and passengers.

The steamers from Halifax via St. Johns, Nfd., call at Queenstown on their passages to and from Britain.

Steamers leave Portland on arrival of train leaving Belleville Wednesday noon, and Halifax on arrival of train leaving Belleville Thursday noon.

Passengers proceeding by steamers calling at St. Johns, Nfd., will leave Belleville on Friday noon train.

RATES OF OCEAN PASSAGE:

Cabin, $50.00, $65.00 and $75.00 according to accommodation. Intermediate, $30.00. Steerage, $20.00. Return Tickets, Cabin, $100, $125.00, $150.00. Intermediate, $60.00. Steerage $40.00.

Steerage passangers are booked to and from Queenstown, Derry, Belfast, London and Glasgow at same rates as Liverpool.

Intermediate passangers are forwarded to and from Glasgow and Liverpool by rail without extra charge.

CABIN PASSENGERS

are supplied with a very liberal table, and everything necessary except wines and liquors, which can be had on board at moderate prices.

Each passanger is allowed twenty cubic feet of baggage free.

THE INTERMEDIATE.

Superior accommodation is offered in the INTERMEDIATE, which in every respect is equal to what is called Second Cabin in some lines sailing from New York.

The Intermediate Cabins on all our ships are well situated, perfectly ventilated and are entirely distinct from the Steerage. Steward and Stewardesses to each vessel. Passangers in the Intermediate are found with everything.

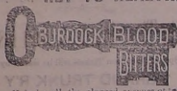
THE STEERAGES

are large and exceedingly well lighted and ventilated, are fitted up in rooms, each passanger having a seperate sleeping berth. A Stewardess is appointed to each steamer.

For tickets and all information apply to

U. E. THOMPSON,
General Ticket Agent,
Bridge St. Belleville.

KEY TO HEALTH.



Unlocks all the clogged avenues of the Bowels, Kidneys and Liver, carrying off gradually without weakening the system, all the impurities and foul humors of the secretions; at the same time Correcting Acidity of the Stomach, curing Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Headaches, Dizziness, Heartburn, Constipation, Dryness of the Skin, Dropsy, Dimness of Vision, Jaundice, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Scrofula, Fluttering of the Heart, Nervousness and General Debility; all these and many other similar Complaints yield to the happy influence of BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS.

Sample Bottles 10c; Regular size $1.

For sale by all dealers.

T. MILBURN & CO., Proprietors, Toronto.

Manufacturers Life & Accident INSURANCE COMPANIES.

Combined authorized capital	$3,000,000
Combined subscribed capital	739,700
Combined cash capital	150,760
Combined insurance received (1888)	9,575,525

President—Sir John A. Macdonald.
Vice-Presidents { Geo. Gooderham, Esq., William Bell, Esq.
Secretary and Treasurer—J. L. Kerr, Esq.
Managers for Eastern Ontario, Peterboro—Wilson & Morrison.

R. CROFT HULME
Agent, Belleville.

☞ Agents wanted.

This Company wrote the largest amount of new business of any company in Canada in 1888. It has the largest capital and the strongest Board of Directors of any company in the Dominion.

ARMBRECHT'S

TONIC COCA WINE

FOR FATIGUE OF MIND AND BODY AND SLEEPLESSNESS.

"Experience and scientific analysis reveal to us in Coca the most tonic plant in the Vegetable Kingdom."—*Manuel Fuentes.*

"It (Coca) is, in a word, the most powerful restorer of the vital forces."—*Dr Schwalk.*

ARMBRECHT'S COCA WINE, though more tonic in its properties than Iron or Quinine,

NEVER CONSTIPATES.

See Medical Reviews. For sale by leading druggists throughout the world.

ARMBRECHT, NELSON & CO.
2 Duke St., Grosvenor Sq.,
LONDON.

Pond-Lily-Cream.

A delightful Toilet article. Not a face paint or powder; does not cover over but cures. Used in connection with Pond Lily Liver Pellets and Pond Lily Soap most effectually and positively removes Pimples, Freckles, Tan, Black Specks, Blotches, allays all irritation after shaving, or any itchiness of the skin from whatever cause and all roughness from the face, hands, neck and arms, leaving them beautifully white and velvety. Sold by wholesale dealers and druggists everywhere. Pond Lily Cream, 25 cents; Pond Lily Liver Pellets, 25 cents; Pond Lily Skin Soap, 15 cents. S. PERRIN, Chemist, Manufacturer and Proprietor for Canada.

PILES! PILES! PILES!

Dr. William's Indian Pile Ointment is a sure cure for Blind, Bleeding or Itching Piles. No one need suffer. Prepared for Piles only. It never fails to cure. Sold by druggists for $1.00, or mailed on receipt of price. WILLIAMS M'F'G Co., Cleveland, Ohio.

Partly Gave up.

"In the year 1885 I coughed for six months, and having unsuccessfully tried many remedies, I partly gave up, thinking I had consumption. At last I tried Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam, less than one bottle of which cured me, leaving me as well as ever I was." Henry W. Carns, Wabash, Ont.

Give Them a Chance ?

That is to say, your lungs. Also all your breathing machinery. Very wonderful machinery it is. Not only the larger air-passages, but the thousands of little tubes and cavities leading from them.

When these are clogged and choked with matter which ought not to be there, your lungs cannot half do their work. And what they do they cannot do well.

Call it cold, cough, croup, pneumonia, catarrh, consumption or any of the family of throat and nose and lung obstructions, all are bad. All ought to be got rid of. There is just one sure way to get rid of them. That is to take Boschee's German Syrup, which any druggist will sell you at 75 cents a bottle. Even if everything else has failed you, you may depend upon this for certain.

Nothing Like it.

"I was troubled with liver complaint for a good many years, but was cured by one bottle of Burdock Blood Bitters. I have never found any medicine to help me like B. B. B., in fact one bottle made a complete cure." W. J. West, Parkhill, Ont.

FEVER AND AGUE AND BILIOUS DERANGEMENTS are positively cured by the use of Parmelee's Pills. They not only cleanse the stomach and bowels from all bilious matter, but they open the excretory vessels, causing them to pour copious effusions from the blood into the bowels, after which the corrupted mass is thrown out by the natural passage of the body. They are used as a general family medicine with the best results.

To lessen mortality and stop the inroads of disease, use Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and Dyspeptic Cure. For all diseases arising from Impure Blood, such as Pimples, Blotches, Biliousness, Indigestion, etc., etc., it has no equal. Mrs. Thomas Smith, Elm, writes: "I am using this medicine for Dyspepsia; I have tried many remedies, but this is the only one that has done me any good."

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP should always be used when children are cutting teeth. It relieves the little sufferer at once; it produces natural, quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakens as "bright as a button." It is very pleasant to taste. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP," and take no other kind. 3d&w1y

Nothing so suddenly obstructs the perspiration as suddent transitions from heat to cold. Heat rarifies the blood, quickens the circulation and increases the perspiration, but when these are suddenly checked the consequences must be bad. The most common cause of disease is obstructed perspiration, or what commonly goes by the name of catching cold. Coughs, colds, sore throat, etc, if attended to in time are easily subdued, but allowed to run their own course, generally prove a fore-runner of more dangerous diseases. Nine-tenths of the consumptives date their affliction from a neglected cold, and the diseases that are caused by wet feet, damp clothes, or exposure are more numerous than are generally supposed. One of the most efficacious medicines for all diseases of the throat and lungs is Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup. It promotes a free and easy expectoration, which frees the lungs from viscid phlegm by changing the secretions from a diseased to a healthy stat

Rest and Comfort to the Suffering.

"Brown's Household Panacea" has no equal for relieving pain, both internal and external. It cures Pain in the Side, Back or Bowels, Sore Throat, Rheumatism, Toothache, Lumbago and any kind of a Pain or Ache. "It will most surely quicken the Blood and Heal, as its acting power is wonderful." "Brown's Household Panacea," being acknowledged as the great Pain Reliever, and of double the strength of any other Elixir or Liniment in the world, should be in every family handy for use when wanted, "as it really is the best remedy in the world for Cramps in the Stomach, and Pains and Aches of all kinds," and is for sale by all Druggists at 25 cts a bottle.

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, *Station D, New York City.*

COMING! COMING!

RUPTURE

The last 25 years I have adjusted more Trusses than any man in America. Valuable Patents, my own invention, in Trusses, Spinal and Club Feet Instruments. Rupture—I will guarantee to hold largest Rupture without touching your hip, no straps whatsoever, waterproof. Largest stock of general Trusses, also the great Cluthe Spiral Trusses in stock. Reliable system for ORDERING BY MAIL.

Spinal Instruments half the weight of other makes and more effective.

CLUB FEET I claim the only mechanical system to straighten born Club Feet (Patented.) I will prove to anybody that operation never did nor can straighten Club Feet. Send 6 cent stamps for Book. CHAS. CLUTHE, 118 King St. W., Toronto

CHAS. CLUTHE,

of 118 King St. West, Toronto, Ontario, will be at the QUEEN'S HOTEL, BELLEVILLE, Friday and Saturday, MARCH 15TH and 16TH. Call early and avoid disappointment. No FAILURE. Will hold the most OBSTINATE cases of RUPTURE WITH EASE AND COMFORT.

DUNN'S BAKING POWDER

THE COOK'S BEST FRIEND

GREAT REDUCTION
—IN—

Sleighs & Baskets

—AT THE—

City Book Store.

Having decided to take Baskets from stock, will, for a week, offer them at cost.

Sleighs also for balance of season at bottom prices. Including a few Children's Cutters which should be seen by any who could use them.

C. B. SCANTLEBURY,
Headquarters for School Publications,
New Music and Fine Stationery.

Railway Time Tables.

Grand Trunk Railway.

Trains arrive at and depart from Belleville Station as follows:

GOING EAST.

		Arrive.	Leave.
No. 1	Mail	12.25 p. m.	12.30 p. m.
No. 3	Mail Fast	12.45 a. m.	12.50 a. m.
No. 11	Mixed	8.05 p. m.	8.15 p. m.
No. 13	do		7.00 a. m.

GOING WEST.

		Arrive.	Leave.
No. 2	Mail	5.50 p. m.	5.55 p. m
No. 4	do	4.00 a. m.	4.05 a. m.
No. 6	do Fast	6.55 a. m.	7.00 a. m.
No. 14	Mixed	11.00 a. m.	11.55 a. m.
No. 16	do	11.10 p. m.	

MIDLAND RAILWAY.

GRAND JUNCTION DIVISION.

Going West. (Leave.)

Mail	5:45 a. m.
Mixed	4:30 p. m

Going East. (Arrive.)

Mail	4:30 p. m.
Mixed	11 50 a. m.

MADOC DIVISION.

Going North. (Leave.)

Mixed	12:25 p. m
Mixed	4:30 p. m.

Going South. (Arrive.)

Mixed	9:00 a. m.
Mixed	4 30 p. m.

CENTRAL ONTARIO RAILWAY.

PICTON DIVISION.

Leave G.T.R. Jct	7:20 a.m.	12:50 p.m.
Arrive Picton	8:44 "	2:59 "
Leave Picton	9:05 "	3:45 "
Arrive G.T.R. Jct	10:30 "	5:25 "

COE HILL DIVISION.

Train for Coe Hill 9:35 a m, 12:30 p m; Trenton Junction 15m. later; Mid. Ry. J'ct. 10:28 a m, 3:23 p m; C. P. R. J'ct. 11 a m, 4:30 p m; ElDorado 11:45 a m, 5:15 p m. Arr. Coe Hill 1:30 p m, 6:50 p m. Coe Hill for Trenton: 6 a m, 2:20 p m; ElDorado 7:45 a m, 3:47 p m; C. P. R. Jc't 8:40 a m, 4:30 p m; Mid. Ry. J'ct. 9:15 a m, 4:57 p m; G. T. J'ct. 9:50 a m, 5:30 p m; arr. Trenton 10:05 a m, 5:42 p m.

Daily Intelligencer.

RIGHTED AT LAST.

A STORY OF NEW ENGLAND LIFE.

> A child of our grandmother Eve, a female;
> Or, for thy more sweet understanding, a woman.
> *Love's Labor Lost.*

'Yes.'

'Was I sure it did not tire me—injure my chest?'

'Quite sure. It had been part of my duties for several years.'

'That was fortunate. Her eyes were poor, and she was so fond of reading. Miss Lloyd read well—remarkably well, as, indeed, she did everything she undertook, but she could not think of pressing her guests into her service. But we should not do much until we got settled at Highcliff.—That was another thing. Mrs. Lloyd had, of course, told me that she spent her summers in the country—perhaps I did not like the country?'

'I did, indeed; my whole life had been passed there.'

'Ay, then I must be fond of gardening. I could help her; she was so fond of flowers, and she had so many at Highcliff—old-fashioned things like herself; but she liked them, and she thought I would—they might remind me of my mother's garden.'

'I had no mother!' I might have added that my dreams of what a mother's voice might be had been more nearly realized than ever before, while she was speaking, but I kept silent.

She looked at me pityingly. 'That was sad—she knew all about that! So young, too! Would I have a peach? Her peaches were raised at Highcliff. Peter told her, when last in town, that the trees had been full of blossoms this spring; please heaven, we would watch there ripening ourselves.'

'Is Highcliff far from here?' I asked.

'No; it's among the Bedford hills in Westchester County, a place that had belonged to Mr. Annesley's father—Mr. Ralph Saville Annesley I mean, to whom this place also belongs.'

'Is he often here, ma'am?'

'Not often; I always keep his rooms ready, for no one knows when he may come—perhaps from Egypt or Lapland, for Cousin Ralph is a great traveller.'

'Where is he now?'

'He spent the winter in Paris, I hear from his lawyer, Mr. Spencer. He never writes except on business, and then to Mr. Spencer.'

'He has no family?'

'No; he and I are the last of our race.' She pushed back her plate with a sigh, and was silent for some minutes, saddened, as it seemed, by the thought, ; then, rousing herself, she added:

'It is sad to contemplate the extinction of an old family like ours; but Mr. Annesley has never married, and probably never will.'

'Is he so very fastidious, then?'

'Not more so, perhaps, than any gentleman of his age and experience. He is a great favorite with the ladies, but as soon as he leaves their presence he forgets al about them, and is, in reality, more devoted to an old woman like me than to the most brilliant of them all. I don't think he cares much for domestic life, and perhaps the unfortunate experience of his youth has made him sceptical.'

I wandered what that experience was. Had he been 'dis'p'inted,' like Polly Maria? If so, he certainly did not, as Uncle Steve said, 'take to it nat'rally.' But the lady did not seem inclined to speak, so I ventured to ask:

'Has he suffered, then, very much?'

'I hardly know. When quite young, he became very much attached to a young lady, but was superseded in the good graces of parents, and, it is said, in the affections of the lady, by a half-brother, some years his senior, whose great wealth, inherited from his mother, weighed largely in his favor. Ralph went to England, but, before the marriage took place, he was recalled by his brother's sudden death. Then, the parents of the lady were very courteous to him, and it was even said that their daughter's feelings towards him had remained unchanged, her acceptance of the brother having been in obedience to filial duty; but he treated them with most friendly but profound indifference, and the lady soon married into one of our wealthiest families. They are on friendly terms, and most his friends doubt if he ever cared for her at all.'

'I should not think her worth caring for,' I said, bluntly.

She smiled. 'That is the judgment of youth, and, at your age, I should have thought so too. But her chief fault was one which older eyes are inclined to view with more leniency—deference to her parents' will. She is one of the most elegant ladies in the city, her house is the centre of attraction.'

'And you think this is the reason of his remaining unmarried?'

'It is the only reason I can give for his restless, wandering life—so unlike the habits of his family; and when I see Mrs. Lincoln—that is the lady, dear—I cannot but think how different his life would have been if he had married her.'

She rang for Jane to remove the table, asked me to replenish the wood-fire in the grate, a task which I had only just performed when the Lloyds came up from dinner, and, receiving no orders to withdraw, I took a low seat, and sat trying to picture to myself Mr. Annesley, with his keen ey and abrupt, independent speech and ma ners, as the husband of that elegant ladi dispensing the honors of a mansion whi was the 'centre of attraction' to the mo aristocratic and fashionable people in tl city. But, somehow, I did not succeec the surroundings, though I painted the gorgeously enough, were too light and co ventional—his dark face and lithe figu would not harmonize with them; and satisfy myself, I had to place him alon beneath an Eastern palm, with no bac ground save the line of distant horizo where limitless expanse of sky came dow to meet the limitless expanse of arid deser sand below, with no accessories save th group of Arab attendants and their patie camels. Had I crayon and paper, I coul not have drawn the lines or worked in th shades more carefully; and so intent w my thought on this, that I scarcely note aught of the presence of the ladies, sa the intermediate ripple of their low voice until they rose to withdraw, and Miss Lloy said, laughing:

'Don't be too sanguine, cousin Ann Perfection does not usually take th form!'

Miss Annesley glanced hurriedly tow me; the lady shrugged her shoulders a swept out of the room, followed by l mamma.

As soon as they were gone, Miss Ann ley turned to me and said:

'Pardon me, dear. I ought to have d missed you before. You must be so wea

'Is there nothing I can do for you m am?'

'No, Jane attends to me. To-morrow will talk over our plans. Good night.'

When I entered my room and saw (to me) elegant furniture—the bed with snowy drapery—and thought how rece I had been houseless and homeless, d heart was filled with gratitude to ' Father' for this haven of rest. All doubts seemed to vanish; I felt tha could leave my future in His hands, o praying for grace and strength to meet trials and perform its duties, whatever th might be; and very sweet and sound w the rest I enjoyed that first night in m new home.

(To be continued).

A Dreadful Doom.

To be unable to satisfy hunger without being distressed by heartburn, indigestion, sick stomach, dizziness or faintness, seems a dreadful doom. All who suffer thus will find prompt relief and permanent cure in Burdock Blood Bitters. B.B.B. *positively cures* dyspepsia in any form.

The Loss of the Hair

Is a great misfortune and the sight of a bald head should be a warning to you to take the best possible care of your hair. A little of Dr. Dorenwend's "Hair Magic" used occasionally will prevent all chances of its falling out or turning gray, and will remove all traces of dandruff. Every druggist has it in stock. Ask for it.

Common Croup

Is often fatal when not remedied in time. Leslie B. Nicholson, Wellesley Ave., Toronto, says: "As a quick cure for croup, colds, sore throat, chilblains, etc., I can recommend Hagyard's Yellow Oil." It is a sure cure. Directions accompany each bottle

CANADIAN— —PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Tuesday, March 12th,

AND EVERY TUESDAY THEREAFTER

—DURING—

MARCH AND APRIL

—WILL RUN—

SETTLERS' --- TRAINS

Through without change to

MANITOBA,
North-West Territories,
and British Columbia,

Leaving Toronto Union Depot at 9:00 p. m.
No Customs. No Transfers. No Delays.
Full particulars from any agent of the company,

S. BURROWS,
Agent C. P. R., Belleville.
Office—Front St., one door north of Dominion Bank.

GERMAN SHEET MIRROR.

We can supply any of the regular stock sizes in German Sheet Mirror and cut these to replace breakages.

L. W. YEOMANS & CO.

NERVOUS DEBILITY.

NERVOUS DEBILITY, EXHAUSTING, Vital Drains (caused by early indiscretions), effectually cured. Syphilitic affections and all bad blood and skin diseases arising there from thoroughly eradicated. Varicocele cured without operation. Impotence, or premature decline of the manly powers, and all diseases of the genito-urinary organs a specialty. It makes no difference who has failed to cure you. Skill and experience important. A friendly letter or call may save you a great deal of misery and add years to your life. Consultation FREE. Medicines sent to any address. DR. REEVE, 337 Jarvis St., Toronto. 59d&w1y

Montreal, Nov. 21, 1888.

MESSRS. WILLIS & CO., 1,824 NOTRE DAME ST., CITY.

DEAR SIRS,—After having played on the Piano of Messrs. Bell & Co., of Guelph, Ont., it is impossible not to bear testimony to the qualities which have acquired for them the good reputation which they already enjoy. The Pianos of their manufacture are exceedingly remarkable for their qualities of tone. The bass is powerful without harshness, and the upper notes sweet, clear and mellow. The Bell Pianos are unquestionably the best made in Canada, and I act up on my principle and give you to-day an order to furnish one for my own use. Canada is to be congratulated on having produced the Bell Piano.

J. B. LABELLE, Professor of Music]
Organist Notre Dame Cathedral.

H. BULL AGENT.
BELLEVILLE.

ing. The young married couple and the minister are away on a visit, and it is not likely they will return very soon.

ORANGE GRAND LODGE.

Opening of an Important Session in the Ambitious City.

HAMILTON, March 12.—The thirtieth annual meeting of the Provincial Grand Orange Lodge of Ontario West convened this afternoon in the court house, and it promises to be one of the most important sessions of the body that has been held in Canada for many years. About 300 members are present, and the session will last until Thursday, during which time the Jesuits Estate bill will be fully considered and definite action taken by this important and representative body.

W. W. Fitzgerald, barrister, London, Right Worthy Grand Master, presides at the meeting and he is ably assisted by R. W. Grand Secretary Robert Birmingham of Toronto. This afternoon the grand officers' addresses were delivered and other routine business carried out. To-morrow the Jesuit bill will likely come up for discussion.

—The Kingston Street Railway has bee sold to B. W. Folger for $9,000

—A fine horse died in Bibby's liver stable, Kingston, on Tuesday morning of disease which caused the animal to swell t an enormous size. The swelling began in the legs, and, reaching the throat, caused death.

FOR NETTLE RASH, Summer Heat and general toilet purposes, use Low's Sulphu Soap

—An official enquiry has been ordere into the charges that the Maharajah o Cashmere was implicated in a conspiracy t poison the British resident and in othe treasonable practices. The Maharajah is a imbecile and is wholly in the power of hi ministers.

SLEEPLESS NIGHTS, made miserable b that terrible cough. Shiloh's Cure is the Rem edy for you. Sold by D. M. Waters.

—A movement is taking shape in Londo to subsidize a line of steamers which wil run between Liverpool and Canadian ports and from Vancouver to Yokohama an Hong Kong. These steamers will be of im mense advantage to the Canadian Pacifi

POST OFFICE.

	Close	Due for Delivery.
oes, and Picton	11:45 a. m. 10:00 p. m.	6:00 p. m 7:30 a. m.
ates, Manitoba and the	5.05 p.m. 10.00 p.m.	1:00 p. m. 7:30 a. m.
y at 10 p. m.		
	11:45 a. m.	6:00 p. m
	7.30 a. m. 5.05 p. m.	8.30 a. m. 6.00 p. m.
oro', Stirling,	10:00 p. m	5:00 p. m.
g Queensboro, Cooper, ts	11:45 a. m. 1:00 p. m.	5:00 p. m. 12:00 noon.
North Hastings per	5 05 p. m. 10:00 p. m.	 :30 a. m.
co daily	1:00 p. m.	12:00 noon.
dnesday and Friday	1:00 p. m.	12:00 noon.
	1:00 p. m.	12:00 noon.
rday	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
ntain View and Crofton	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
hursday	11:45 a. m	
hursday	11:45 a. m.	

istration fee, 5c.

er offices in Canada, the United Kidgdom, France
nd, Jamaica, Victoria (Australia), New South
ania, Constantinople (Turkey), Gibraltar, Smyrna,
Belgium, China (See Hong-Kong), Denmark, in-
ish West Indies, Dutch, East Indies, Egypt, Ger-
nd, (Netherlands), Italy, Japan, Norway, Portugal,
, Sweden, Switzerland, British India, including
h, Guadur, Jask, Linga, Muscat and Zanzibar, Cey-
, Foo Chow, Han Kow, Hoi-how, Ningpo, Shang-
ents, Bermuda, Falkland Islands, South and West
Coast, Lagos, Mauritius Natal, St. Helena, Sey-
including Antigua, Bahams, Barbadoes, British
itish), Montserrat, Nevis, St. Kitts, St. Lucia, St.
South Australia, Western Australia, Azores Islands,

f the Post Office Savings' Bank, between the hours

utes before the close of each mail.
d 8 p. m.
6:30 p. m., Sundays excepted.

POSTAGE.

ostal Union, there is a re-arrangement of Postage

d, Egypt, France, Algeria, Germany, Gibraltar,
Luxembourg, Malta, Montenegro, Netherlands,
, Russia, St. Pierre, Servia, Spain, the Canary
And via United States:—Bermuda, Bahamas,
hn, St. Croix, Jamaica, Japan and Porto Rico
(Newfoundland is now in the Postal Union, but rates remain as before.) Letters, 5 cents per ½ oz. Postal cards, 2 cents each. Newspapers, 2 cents for 4 oz. Registration fee, 5 cents.

For Aden, Argentine Confederation, Brazil, British Guinea, Ceylon, Greenland, French Colonies in Asia, Africa, Oceanica and America, except St. Pierre and Miquelon, Persia, Persian Gulf, Portuguese Colonies in Asia, Africa and Oceanica, Trinidad, Spanish Colonies Africa, Oceanica and America, except Cuba and Porto Rico, Straits settlements in Singapor Penany and Malacca:—Letters, 10 cents per ½ oz. Post cards, 4 cents each. Newspapers, cents for 4 oz. Books, &c., 4 cents for 4 oz. Other Registration fees, 10 cents.'

West India Islands, via Halifax, same rate as formerly. Prepayment by stamp in all cases.

J. H. MEACHAM
Postmaster

Do you suffer from disease of the Liver, Stomach, Kidneys or Bowels? Try them and be cured. Do you suffer from Rheumatism or Gout? Try them. Do you suffer from Skin Disease, Boils, Sores, Bad Legs, Wounds or Ulcers? Try them and be healed.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS & OINTMENT

This is the result of their use in every part of the world. They are genuine remedies, used by rich and poor with never-failing success.

MANUFACTURED ONLY AT THOMAS HOLLOWAY'S Establishment, 78, NEW OXFORD ST., LONDON.

☞ Purchasers should look to the Label on the Boxes and Pots. If the address is not 533, OXFORD STREET, LONDON, they are spurious.

California Evaporated Fruits!

NECTARINES, APRICOTS, PRUNELLES, PLUMS,	PEACHES, CHERRIES, CRYSTALIZED FIGS.

CONGER BROS.

Sun Life Assurance Company

—OF CANADA.—

I have great pleasure in announcing to the Policy-holders and friends of the Company that the Applications for New Life Assurances received during the year 1887 were again larger than in any previous year in the Company's history, being more than $3,500,000, on which policies were issued for over $3,000,000. The year's operations have also resulted in a large and very satisfactory addition to the assets, which now amount to over $1,750,000.

AGENTS WANTED ON SALARY.

W. T. McINTYRE,
General Agent, Belleville.

BURDOCK PILLS

SUGAR COATED.

A SURE CURE FOR BILIOUSNESS, CONSTIPATION, INDIGESTION, DIZZINESS, SICK HEADACHE, AND DISEASES OF THE STOMACH, LIVER AND BOWELS. THEY ARE MILD, THOROUGH AND PROMPT IN ACTION, AND FORM A VALUABLE AID TO BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS IN THE TREATMENT AND CURE OF CHRONIC AND OBSTINATE DISEASES.

SPECULATION!

Geo. A. Romer,
BANKER AND BROKER,
40 & 42 BROADWAY AND 51 NEW STREET,
New York City.

Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Provisions and Petroleum

BOUGHT, SOLD AND CARRIED ON MARGIN

P. S.—Send for explanatory pamphlet.
Aug 30, '88, d1y

NEUFCHATEL CREAM CHEESE!

JUST RECEIVED.

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE,
Grocers & Wine Merchants,
33 & 37, Bridge Street
Also Front St., opp. Ritchie's.

NEW LINES —IN— CAKES and PASTRY.

Angel Cake, Coffee Cake, Queen Victoria, Adelaide, and a great many other varieties. Florida Oranges, Almeria Grapes and New Figs, just received at

DICKENS.

P. S.—We would respectfully ask all retailers to drop in and see us and the large line of Candies we are offering at wholesale.
DICKENS & SON.

Self-Raising Buckwheat Flour!

A FRESH SUPPLY JUST RECEIVED.

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE,
Grocers and Wine Merchants,
33 & 37 Bridge Street.
Also Front Street, Opp. Ritchie's.

NEW Wall Paper!

—AT—

-S. A. LAZIER'S-
ROBERTSON'S BLOCK
October 16th

CALIFORNIA EVAPORATED FRUITS

NECTARINES,
APRICOTS,
PEACHES,
PLUMS.

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE
Grocers & Wine Merchants,
33 & 37 Bridge Street.
Also Front St., opp. Ritchie's.

FOR MEN ONLY!

A POSITIVE CURE For LOST or FAILING MANHOOD; General and NERVOUS DEBILITY; Weakness of Body and Mind: Effects of Errors or Excesses in Old or Young. Robust, Noble MANHOOD fully Restored. How to Enlarge and Strengthen WEAK, UNDEVELOPED ORGANS & PARTS of BODY. Absolutely unfailing HOME TREATMENT—Benefits in a day. Men testify from 47 States, Territories, and Foreign Countries. You can write them. Book, full explanation, and proofs mailed (sealed) free. Address ERIE MEDICAL CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

BEFORE BUYING STOVES

Be sure to see our stock. We have in Coal Stoves the

Imperial Jewel,
Fancy Countess,
Art Favorite,
Fire King and others.

Also a great variety of RANGES and COOK STOVES, which we are selling at right prices.

C. F. SMITH & CO.
388, FRONT STREET.

To WATER Consumers

PLEASE call at the office and pay your Water Rate, which was due on the 1st of January.

Those in arrears for Plumbing will also please pay without further notice.

THE BELLEVILLE WATER WORKS CO

J. H. MILLS,

--Merchant .·. Tailor,--

OPPOSITE GEO. RITCHIE & CO'S

THE MAGOG TEXTILE & PRINT CO.

Will offer for Spring Trade the LARGEST, CHEAPEST and MOST VARIED range of Prints ever shown, including

SPRING NOVELTIES
—OF—
LATEST PARIS DESIGNS!

Merchants will do well to see their samples before buying elsewhere. Early advice will be given when Travellers will call.

St Peter Street, - Montreal.

HASTINGS LOAN AND INVESTMENT SOCIETY

BELLEVILLE, ONT.

CAPITAL $250,000

MONEY TO LOAN on Farm or City property, at lowest current rates.

Payments can be made to fall due at any season of the year to suit borrowers. No delay in taining the money beyond the time necessary employed in the investigation of titles.

MORTGAGES PURCHASED.

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT.

FOUR PER CENT interest allowed on Deposit No notice required of withdrawal

OFFICE—Robertson's Block, east side of Front Street.

Straight loans at 7 per cent. No fines. No commissions.

J. P. C. PHILLIPS,
1d&w1y Manager

PARMELEE'S Asphaltic ROOF PAINT.

It will entirely stop the rusting of tin and iron roofs.

It will entirely stop the wearing away and decay of the exposed wood of shingle roofs.

It has been accepted by the City, the County, and the chief Real Estate Owners of the City.

I will be glad to give estimates of cost at any time and anywhere.

H. S. PARMELEE,
Belleville.

432,000 FIRE CRACKERS

—AT THE—

—CITY BAKERY—

Wholesale and Retail.

JAS. WALLACE.

PENNYROYAL WAFERS.

Prescription of a physician who has had a life long experience in treating female diseases. Is used monthly with perfect success by over 10,000 ladies. Pleasant, safe, effectual. Ladies ask your druggist for Pennyroyal Wafers and take no substitute, or inclose postage for sealed particulars. Sold by all druggists, $1 per box. Address THE EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., DETROIT, MICH.

FOR SALE BY D. M. WATERS.

INTELLIGENCER PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY. LIMITED.

J. O. JAMIESON, President. | J. W. LONDON, Secretary

THE Treasurer is the only person authorised to receive moneys for the Company, or to grant receipts for the same.

All Bills, Notes, Cheques, and other documents binding on the Company, will require the signature of the President, in addition to that of the Treasurer.

THE INTELLIGENCER is printed and published for the INTELLIGENCER Printing and Publishing Company (Limited) by JAMES O. JAMIESON, resident in Belleville, at their Office, Front St., south of Hotel St.

THE RATHBUN COMPANY,

Having transferred me to their Brockville branch, I beg to thank my friends and customers for the liberal patronage and kindness extended to me during my residence in Belleville, and also to bespeak the same treatment to Mr. R. C. Calhoun, my successor.

P. J. SHANNON.

The Daily Intelligencer.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL. 22. BELLEVILLE ONTARIO, THURSDAY MARCH 14, 1889. NO. 26

THE RATHBUN CO.

Having appointed me Agent for their Belleville branch, I take this opportunity of soliciting a continuance of the patronage which they have hitherto enjoyed through the popular management of Mr. Shannon. It will be my desire and aim to maintain and add to this patronage, which fair dealing and a thorough knowledge of the requirements of the trade leads me to hope for.—R. C. CALHOUN.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

G. DENMARK,

BARRISTER, Solicitor, etc. Office, Front Street.

W. B. NORTHRUP, M. A.,

BARRISTER, Solicitor, &c. Offices: North Bridge St., between Front St. and Lower Bridge.
Money to loan—private and company funds.

J. C. CONNELL, M.A., M.D., C.M.

DISEASES of the Eye, Ear, Throat and Nose. Surgeon to Kingston General Hospital. Office—No. 279, King Street, Kingston. Dr. Connell will be at the Queen's Hotel, Belleville, on the first Tuesday of each month Sept. 5 d&wly

E. GUSS PORTER,

BARRISTER, Solicitor, Notary Public, &c. office in the Robertson Block, east side of Front Street.
Private Money to Loan. 371d&wl

DR. ELIZABETH EMBURY,

GRADUATE of Queen's University, Licentiate of the College of Physicians and Surgeons, Ontario.
Office and residence—Harrison's Block, Front Street., across the hall from rooms formerly occupied by Dr. Farley, over Holland's jewellery store. Diseases of women and children a specialty. d&wtf

HENRY CARRE, C. E.,
M. C. Soc. C. E.,

DOM, and Prov'l Land Surveyor, late of the firm of Macleod & Carre, P. L. S. References: John Bell, Esq., Solicitor G. T. R., W. H. Ponton, Esq., Registrar of the County. Office—McAnnany Block, opposite Skinner & Redick's. Belleville, Ont., P. O. Box 203. 20d&w

J. F. WILLS,

BARRISTER, Solicitor, Notary Public, &c. Office, corner Front and Campbell Streets, Belleville, Ont. Money to loan, Company and private funds. 24d&w

J WALTER ROSS, M. D., C. M.

GRADUATE of the University of Trinity College, Toronto. Physician, surgeon, accoucheur. Office and residence West Front Street, one door north of entrance to Foot Bridge. d&wly

JOHN J. FARLEY, M. D., C. M., M. R. C. S., England.

OFFICE and Residence—corner of Bridge and George Streets—three streets east of the Post Office.

ROBERT BOGLE,

LOAN and real estate agent. MONEY TO LOAN at lowest rates. Office, opposite Roy's Brewry, Front St., Belleville.

GEO. CLINTON, M. D., C. M

OFFICE and residence Bridge St., between William and George Sts, third block east of Bridge Street Methodist Church. Telephone No. 44. d&w

GEO. J. SHERRY,

BARRISTER, &c. Office. Metropolitan Block, next door north of Dominion Bank, Front St. Branch Office, Stirling. 116

EDGAR M. COOK, M. D.,

HOMOEOPATHIC Physician and Surgeon. Office and residence, West Front Street, in the late Dr. Abbott's premises, over Brignall & Thompson's store. TELEPHONE. 175dtf

GEO. D. DICKSON, Q. C.,

BARRISTER, &c., Post Office Block Bridge Street Belleville.

WILLIAM N. PONTON,

BARRISTER, Solicitor Notary Public, Conveyancer. Office, over Express and Telegraph Office, Thompson Block, Bridge St., Belleville. Money to loan—private funds. Agent or the Trust and Loan Company of Canada.

DR. BURDETT

IS pleased to inform his friends that he is again able to render his professional services as before. 176 6m

DRUNKENNESS

Or the Liquor Habit, Positively Cured by Administering Dr. Haines' Golden Specific.

It can be given in a cup of coffee or tea without the knowledge of the person taking it; is absolutely harmless, and will effect a permanent and speedy cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. It has been given in thousands of cases, and in every instance a perfect cure has followed. It never fails. The system once impregnated with the Specific, it becomes an utter impossibility for the liquor appetite to exist. For circular and full particulars address GOLDEN SPECIFIC CO., 185 Race St., Cincinnati, O.

BANKING OFFICE
—OF—
U. E. THOMPSON
BRIDGE STREET, BELLEVILLE, ON

American Currency and Drafts Bought and Sold.

Deposits received, subject to withdrawal without notice and interest allowed

EYE, EAR & THROAT
DR. RYERSON.

L. R. C. P., L. R. C. S. E., Lecturer on the Eye, Ear and Throat, Trinity Medical College, Toronto, and Surgeon to the Mercer Eye and Ear Infirmary.
60 College Avenue, Toronto.

M. C. ROBLIN
ISSUER OF
MARRIAGE LICENCES

nd agent of the Lancashire Insurance Company. Office over Hooey & Sons, Front Street elleville. 186d 1y

A. G. NORTHRUP,
Issuer of Marriage Licences,
OFFICE—SHIRE HALL, BELLEVILLE
November 10

The Great English Prescription.

A successful Medicine used over 30 years in thousands of cases. Cures Spermatorrhea, Nervous Weakness, Emissions, Impotency and all diseases caused by abuse. [BEFORE] indiscretion, or over-exertion. [AFTER] Six packages Guaranteed to Cure when all others Fail. Ask your Druggist for The Great English Prescription, take no substitute. One package $1. Six $5, by mail. Write for Pamphlet. Address Eureka Chemical Co., Detroit, Mich.
FOR SALE BY D. M. WATERS.

Try FROSTILLA.

It softens the roughest skin and keeps it in good condition.
It contains nothing greasy or sticky, is nicely perfumed, a lady's toilet not complete without it.
An elegant face dressing for gentlemen after shaving.
For sale at the PHARMACY.
D. M. WATERS.

NEVER ALLOW the bowels to remain constipated lest serious evil ensue. National Pills are unsurpassed as a remedy for constipation.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.
CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.
CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.
Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

GREAT REDUCTION
—IN—
Sleighs & Baskets
—AT THE—
City Book Store.

Having decided to take Baskets from stock, will, for a week, offer them at cost.
Sleighs also for balance of season at bottom prices. Including a few Children's Cutters which should be seen by any who could use them.
C. B. SCANTLEBURY,
Headquarters for School Publications, New Music and Fine Stationery.

NEWCOMBE PIANOFORTES
AWARDED FIRST SILVER MEDAL

WORLD'S EXPOSITION, NEW ORLEANS, U.S.A., 1884-5, in competition with the pianofortes of Europe and America. The only U.S. International Medal ever awarded to a Canadian pianoforte; also Medal and Diploma at the Colonial and Indian Exhibition, London, Eng., 1886, with the supreme honor of supplying Her Majesty the Queen with a Newcombe Grand, selected by Sir Arthur Sullivan. For Illustrated Catalogue, prices and terms,
Address Octavius Newcombe & Co.,
MANUFACTURERS
WAREROOMS, 107-109 CHURCH ST., TORONTO
FACTORY, 89 TO 97 BELLWOODS AVENUE

CLARKE'S
Glycerine .·. Jelly

For ROUGH SKIN, CHAPPED HANDS, SORE LIPS, etc.
It penetrates the skin, leaving it soft and white.
It is not sticky, and a glove can be put on immediately after using.
Price 20 cents. For sale by
-F. CHARLES CLARKE,-
CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST.
Telephone 138. Front Street.

DUNN'S BAKING POWDER
THE COOK'S BEST FRIEND

Gents' :: Furnishings!

A FULL LINE of Gentlemen's Goods for the Fall and Winter.
Shirts made to order and a good fit guaranteed.
C. J. PANTER.

DR LOW'S WORM SYRUP
DESTROYS AND REMOVES WORMS OF ALL KINDS IN CHILDREN OR ADULTS SWEET AS SYRUP AND CANNOT HARM THE MOST DELICATE CHILD

A Wrong Opinion.

Many a dollar is paid for prescriptions for some disease that never trouble the patient, and when the sole difficulty was worms, which a few of Freeman's Worm Powders would remove. These Powders are pleasant, safe, and sure, contain their own cathartic, and are adapted for children or adults.

Daily Intelligencer.

AN OVATION TO PARNELL.

THE IRISH LEADER GREETED BY AN IMMENSE THRONG.

John Morley's Characteristic Speech—Mr. Parnell's Arraignment of the Government.

LONDON, March 13.—St. James' Hall was crowded this evening with people anxious to hear Mr. Parnell's speech. Mr. Morley presided. The committee in charge were yesterday compelled to suspend the issue of tickets for the meeting.

The hall was handsomely decorated with flags and mottoes. Among the inscriptions were: "Freedom for England and Ireland." "No Coercion, No Forgery, No Slander." "Humanity, Union, Justice, Peace, Liberty."

On shamrock-entwined flagstaffs was a picture representing Britannia with her left arm encircling Erin's waist and an angel overhead bearing the motto, "Peace and Good-Will towards All Men."

Among the prominent men present were Messrs. A. J. Mundella, Shaw-Lefevre, H. H. Fowler, James Stansfeld, H. H. Asquith, W. B. Rowland, Arnold Morley and many Parnellite members of Parliament.

In opening the meeting Chairman John Morley said he could not refuse when asked to preside, because the meeting was of such a remarkable character. He felt that if his presence would be of the slightest use he was bound to attend. [Cheers.] He said he never saw so great a meeting as this nor one on behalf of a nobler cause. "I bear a message," said Mr. Morley, "from the great chief, who despite his years would have attended this meeting had he not been entreated to spare himself. [Cheers.] He would not spare himself of his own free will because he sees the time rapidly, almost momentarily, approaching when we shall cautiously and deliberately, step by step but surely, unfalteringly and unflinchingly get to the bottom of these Irish proceedings. [Cheers.] The resolutions which our committee have framed express the deliberate judgment, deep feeling and stern, resolute, deliberate purpose of a great party which has not yet taken up a cause without carrying it through. [Cheers.] It may be that the Tories will carry Home Rule. [Laughter.] I do not want to understand Mr. Parnell's presence to-night as binding him and his friends and countrymen to our party. It is a case of alliance rather than of fusion. Mr. Parnell's first duty is to Ireland. He has no right to think of our parties except in relation to Ireland. [Cheers.] But I look forward to the day when, still remaining first an Irish leader and statesman, Mr. Parnell will be able to partake and draw a united Ireland to partake in the great fabric of the free government of the Empire of which we are striving to make Ireland an integral, incorporated, united, reconciled and equal member." [Cheers.]

Mr. Morley reminded his hearers that the whole matter rested with the nation and that a triumph depended upon each one's making himself a centre for right ideas. "If we do this," he declared, "the time is not distant when we shall see the false image with a front of Tory brass and feet of Dissentient clay trampled in the dust under the feet of the honest citizens of England, Scotland and Ireland." [Loud cheers.]

Mr. Parnell was unable to speak for several minutes owing to volleys of cheers, the singing of "He's a Jolly Good Fellow," etc. When quiet was restored he said:

I cannot attempt to describe my gratification and delight at the reception given me. Such evenings will do more for the union than twenty centuries of the firm government—[laughter]—of Salisbury and Balfour. I am sure my countrymen throughout the world will be equally honored with me by your reception of their cause. I prefer to draw lessons from passing events. This great meeting is assembled to protest against the petty and malignant meanness of Mr. Balfour's government in Ireland. The chairman expressed hope that I would be a privy councillor. On that point I must be pardoned for saying nothing, but it is legitimate to enquire whether there is not something rotten in a system of government which compels the ostracism from the affairs of your empire of 86 of the 103 Irish members. That is one of the first results of seven centuries of firm government, much firmer than we are ever likely to see again—[cheers]—a government under which it was only necessary to get up forged letters against a man and not to prove them to enable the Lord-Lieutenant to have him beheaded. Fortunately they cannot do such things now-a-days.

What then has been one of the results of that system? That we Irish members from the very necessity of our position are unable to take that share in the duties of government which is one of the natural and justifiable hopes of all men entering Parliament. If we violated the pledges upon which alone we obtained the trust of our constituencies, namely, that we should refuse to accept place or office for ourselves or others from any English Government as long as the just rights of Ireland were not conceded, were we so base and mean we should fail to find a single constituency to re-elect us. Well, then, is it not a matter for inquiry why Mr. Balfour cannot govern Ireland two years without imprisoning 24 Irish members of Parliament as common felons for offences unknown to our law in England, mainly for speaking and writing in the newspapers? [Cries of "Shame."]

We now come to another question. I will not enter into the details of the charges and allegations made by The Times, but speaking generally I want to know why, if the charges and allegations had any foundation, the Government of the country did not take them up themselves and investigate them to their source by the machinery at their command and if they wanted special machinery why did not they construct it with the power at their command? They had all the machinery in Ireland they required for the detection of crime, especially constructed for them by Parliament. If they wanted extra power they could have obtained it.

When were these charges first started? When was the command first given to the forger and perjurer to obtain or invent evidence which would result in putting us on trial on criminal charges, the punishment for which was penal servitude for life? It was at the very moment when Lord Carnarvon was inviting us to confer with him on the future government of Ireland as to a new constitution—for these were his words in opening the conversation—which was to be given to Ireland, establishing her Parliament. That was one of the reasons why this business of unearthing crime was left to amateurs—[laughter]—and a pretty mess they made of it.

Fatal Colliery Explosion.

LONDON, March 13.—A terrible explosion occurred in the Brynnally colliery at Wrexham to-day, resulting in a great loss of life. Eleven dead bodies have been taken from the pit and three miners have been rescued.

FARM, FIELD AND GARDEN.

MATTERS OF INTEREST TO AGRICULTURISTS.

A Cheap and Practicable Method of Obtaining a Supply of Surface Water—Echoes From Field and Meadow.

The accompanying illustration shows a cheap and practicable method of obtaining a supply of surface water. A narrow place is found in a shallow slough, such as abound in the flat regions. The site of the proposed dam is marked by short stakes, the surface soil removed, and the dam constructed of puddled clay. It is two feet wide on the surface, with sides sloping at an angle of about fifty degrees. At one end of the dam a trough is fixed to act as a waste-weir. To make it, two pieces of scantling four by four inches and six feet long are imbedded lengthwise of the dam, to which the boards that are to form the bottom of the weir are firmly nailed. The sides of the trough, six inches wide, are then nailed in place. The scantlings being firmly imbedded in the dam, seven inches below the surface, hold the trough from washing out. Field bowlders are piled up at the lower end of the weir, to keep the waste water from washing away the earth and undermining the dam. All this work is done in summer, while the slough is dry. The rains and melting snows will soon fill the slough, making a surface pond.

FARM WATER RESERVOIR.

Apples for Ontario.

The Canadian Horticulturist says: Remarks about the most profitable varieties must be considered with reference to locality; and those who succeed in Massachusetts might be wholly unsuited to many parts of Ontario. The Baldwin, King and Westfield Seek-No-Further succeed well in Southern Ontario. The Baldwin is unequalled for productiveness, unless by the Greening, frequently yielding eight barrels to a single tree; the King is a very scanty bearer, otherwise its large, beautiful fruit, so well flavored and delicately perfumed, would stand far ahead of every variety, either for home use or for market. No apple, except the Newton Pippin, now commands so high a price in the English market. Among other profitable market varieties for Southern Ontario, we find from this season and last season's shipments to Britain, that the Gravenstein, Ribston, Blue Pearmain (also a scanty bearer,) Blenheim Orange and Golden Russet bring the highest prices. Large, fine-colored apples are much sought for, but the Northern Spy, though in this respect it is all that can be desired, has disappointed us. It is tender, and subject to rapid decay under unfavorable circumstances; and in consequence it arrived in Covent Garden wet and slack, though most carefully and tightly packed. The old "Greening" is constantly advancing in the estimation of the English public. Although, as a rule colored apples are sought for, this variety forms a worthy exception, and promises to bring even better prices than that staple variety, the Baldwin, of which probably more barrels are exported than of any other one kind. The whole business of foreign shipments has this winter received a most decided reverse. About 1,000,000 barrels had gone forward, up to Christmas, piling up the Liverpool docks until the market thoroughly broke down, and the best apples could scarcely be sold for enough to pay charges. We still have faith in apple culture as one of the farm crops, but have learned that it is unsafe to "put all one's eggs in one basket," and that the wisest way is to divide one's ventures.

THE STILL HOUR.

Cobwebs

Filmy meshes all woven with mist
 Till sheer enough for the ghosts of fairies;
Gossamer forms that the vapor kissed
 To the verge of a dream as light as the air is;

Dices of pearl from the fences that swing;
 Yards and yards of veiling drawn over
Meadow grasses where night-damps cling;
 Silvery drapings that frost the clover;

Thin transparencies seeking to screen
 Deep, dark hollows and clefts unsightly,
Where diamonds, thrilling with liquid sheen,
 Tremble in nets that hold them lightly.

Lone and deserted each shining abode—
 Splendor has frightened their tenants away—
Gifts of such beauty seem illy-bestowed
 On ugly black spiders, that live by prey.

Yet, after all, what is man, himself,
 But just such an ogre, who love to subsist
On his unwary brother, nay, plunder and pelf,
 In this web of a world that hangs in the mist?

Piety on Sundays, worldliness on week-days, sweetness at prayer meeting, acidity at home, is the denial of one's professions.

The men who are serving the Lord and are not slothful in business must be looked to for the real civil service reforms.—Chimes.

The widow's mite that went tinkling through the brazen throat of the Treasury is sounding yet; the escaping fragrance of the alabaster box fills the world with sweetness.—H. W. Beecher.

The outside which man sees; the inside which God knows—how they may differ? Splendid exterior, impressive presence—within a meagre moral life, pitiful purposes, a low, enfeebled spiritual understanding.

You carry a compass-conscience. Do not abuse it. Do not dull its sensitiveness. Do not deflect it by the iron of self-interest. Let it be free to answer to the electric current of the Divine Spirit—and follow where it points.

From care and sorrow, from the misapprehension of our fellow-man, from the loneliness of the uncaring crowd, from the accusations of conscience, from the anxieties born of distrust, from the fears that lurk in the valley of death, and the shrinking that turns from a stranger eternity, the soul that sits in the shadow of the "Rock of Ages" finds deliverance.—C. C. Salter.

A Distinction With a Difference.

"I have quarreled with those people," said an indigant Harlem man, bursting out of the doors of the Dish Cover Bank and almost knocking over a somewhat impecunious neighbor who was passing with a swift, not to say furtive, step. "I have quarreled with those people," repeated the Harlem man, shaking an irate umbrella at the doors of the bank; "and I've withdrawn my account."

"I've quarreled with them, too," answered Mr. Impecunious, gathering himself up.

"Have you withdraw yours?"

"No; I've overdrawn it."

A Bachelor's Verdict.

The can play the scales on the piano,
 But she can't scrape them off from a shad,
And her notes are not higher soprano
 Than the bank-notes she coaxes from dad.

She decorates many a panel,
 While the door panels yearn to be scrubbed;
A rubber of whist she can handle,
 While her clothes by her mother are rubbed.

They tell me she wants to get married;
 Such a wife would be really a joke.
There! I'm tired of this talking 'bout women;
 Come along, Ben, let's both have a smoke.

SHAVEN-HEADED BABIES.

How Japanese Mothers Treat Their Offspring.

A Japanese baby is not offered its natural nourishment for three days. During this time the liquor of boiled rice is fed to it. And it is not tucked daintily up in soft white blankets, but set up in a tub and covered with coarse, dark comforts. The only relief it has during its infancy from this uncomfortable position is when it is put on its mother's or some one else's back, inside their clothes, and taken out for an airing.

It is claimed by the more enlightened now that this constant sitting position, or being crowded against some one, with shoulders thrown forward and chest pressed in, is one reason why all Japanese are so extremely narrow-chested, says a writer. It is anything but pleasant to see a two-year-old strapped on the back of a four-year-old, with head (shaven, of course) thrown way over to one side, the unhappy little victim fast asleep, with the hot sun streaming on it and flies feasting on the dirt which is almost invariably part of a Japanese baby's face.

For seven days after the birth, according to the custom of the country, visitors are constantly present, night and day, that the mother may not be "lonely." At the expiration of that time the mother's relatives send very many things for baby, and a feast is given, when any one is at liberty to present clothes, etc., to baby.

A boy baby is the thing, and girls are regarded with decided disfavor. All preparations are much more elaborate if the child is a boy. At this seven-day feast fish, fruit, flowers, etc., are also presented. For seventy-five days the mother's food is very simple, principally rice, very softly boiled. For twenty-one days no fatty fish is eaten. After the seventy-five days the food is the same as usual. At the expiration of twenty-one days the bed (thick comforts on the floor) is removed, and again a feast is given.

Mother and baby enjoy their first outing at thirty-three days, when a visit is made to some temple. In some parts of the country a cross is painted on the infant's forehead at the time to ward off evil spirits. The hair is shaven at seven days and in olden times was kept so three years, but now is allowed to grow sooner.

Girl babies from 110 and boy babies from 120 days old are fed very soft-boiled rice and fish without reference to the supply of breast milk. The babies of Japan are sometimes very large, and I have seen some as old as six years. One day at preaching service I saw a mother with three children looking to be six, four and two years old. She nursed each one a couple of times during the hour. It is needless to add that her appearance was distressing—colorless, emaciated and listless.

Age is counted by the day rather than the week or month, and when a baby is one hundred days old it is a great event. Weight is calculated by mome. One baby weighed at birth 1,008 mome (120 mome equal one pound. It seems to me the most curious custom in Japan is the way age is counted. If a child is born the 30th of December—or no matter what time in the year it is born—on the ensuing New Year's Day it is called two years old!

VIOLETS AND CLAMS.

There are just five bedrooms in the White House.

Miss Sweetlips—"Ever since I was a little girl my papa has sent me a valentine and I've saved them all." Mr. Bludderby—"By Jove; what a lot you must have!" Then he was sorry for what he said.

There is one thing connected with your tables," said a drummer to the landlord of a Bridgeport hotel, "that is not surpassed by even the best hotels in New York." "Yes," replied the pleased landlord; "and what is that?" "The salt, sir."

"Why, Charles, what's the matter?" "Matter! Why, I've just met that young puppy Jones that I lent that five dollars to, and he said he'd pull my nose for me if I bothered him again? What do you think of that?" "I think he'll have his hands full if he does, Charles." And now there is a coolness between them.

"And this is silver ore, is it?" said Mrs. Snaggs as she examined a piece of curious-looking mineral in a Denver smelter. "Yes, my dear," said her husband. "And how do they get the silver out?" "They smelt it." "Well, that's queer," after applying her nose to the ore. "I smelt it, too, but didn't get any silver."

What Came from Rolling a Snowball.

During the recent dredging of Fox River, in Tennessee, the sunken remains of the once nervous little gunboat, the Yellow Jacket were discovered. The sinking of the Yellow Jacket was one of the most remarkable accidents that ever occurred in this country. The complete details of the affair could not be obtained at the time, in fact, we are in possession of the only authentic account. Here it is, told by John P. McLuskin, now a well-known physician of Coffee County, Tennessee:

"It occurred," says the doctor, "when I was a lad. There had been a heavy snow, and several boys, including myself, were prowling about hunting rabbits. Along in the afternoon a thaw set in, and, as we could find no rabbits, we began to amuse ourselves by rolling a snowball. We were, at this time, on the long hill known as Benson's Slope. We rolled the ball until it got to be as large as a hogshead; and then, as it was easy to roll down hill, continued to turn it over. To our great delight it became easier and easier to roll and, suddenly, to our great surprise, it broke away from us and went bounding down the slope. Then we beheld a startling sight. The ball grew so rapidly that it soon looked like a rolling mountain. It picked up a wagon and team, took up a negro cabin, and then, with a tremendous bound, fell into the river just in time to strike and completely bury the gunboat Yellow Jacket. Not a soul on board escaped."—Christian Observer.

Riel's Citizenship.

WASHINGTON, March 13.—The President's message on the Riel case states that Riel's friends were informed by the United States Government that his alleged United States citizenship did not give him immunity from Canadian laws for offences committed within British territory.

A Boston Failure.

BOSTON, March 13.—Noyes & Fish, boot and shoe jobbers, have assigned with liabilities of $110,000.

Cuba's New Captain-General.

HAVANA, March 13.—Gen Salamanca, the new Captain-General of Cuba, arrived to-day from Spain.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall-st., N. Y.

A High Valuation.

"If there was only one bottle of Hagyard's Yellow Oil in Manitoba, I would give one hundred dollars for it," writes Philip H. Brant, of Monteith, Manitoba, after having used it for severe wound and for frozen fingers, with, as he says, "astonishing results."

Dangerous Counterfeits.

Counterfeits are always dangerous, the more so that they always closely IMITATE THE ORIGINAL IN APPEARANCE AND NAME. The remarkable success achieved by Nasal Balm as a positive cure for Catarrh and Cold in the Head has induced unprincipled parties to imitate it. The public are cautioned not to be deceived by nostrums imitating Nasal Balm in name and appearance, bearing such names as Nasal Cream, Nasal Balsam, etc. Ask for Nasal Balm and do not take any imitation dealers may urge upon you. For sale by all druggists or sent post-paid on receipt of price (50c. and $1,) by addressing Fulford & Co., Brockville, Ont.

Health Failing Fast.

I was swollen from head to foot from dropsy of six months' standing, and my health was failing fast, but after taking one bottle of Burdock Blood Bitters, I am quite well, and think there is no medicine equal to B. B.B., and to it I remain a true friend." Joseph Heric, Linwood, Ont.

There are a number of varieties of corns. Holloway's Corn Cure will remove any of them Call on your druggist and get a bottle at once.

Orin Catlin, 49 Pearl Street Buffalo, N. Y., says: I tried various remedies for the piles but found no relief until I used Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, which entirely cured me after a few applications.

Do not delay in getting relief for the little folks. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is a pleasant and sure cure. If you love your child why do you let it suffer when a remedy is so near at hand?

The cheapest medicine in use is Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, because so very little of it is required to effect a cure. For croup, diphtheria, and diseases of the lungs and throat, whether used for bathing the chest or throat, for taking internally or inhaling, it is a matchless compound.

Mr. Thomas Ballard, Syracuse, N. Y., writes: 'I have been afflicted for nearly a year with that most-to-be dreaded disease Dyspepsia, and at times worn out with pain and want of sleep, and after trying almost everything recommended I tried one box of Parmelee's Valuable Pills. I am now nearly well, and believe they will cure me. I would not be without them for any money."

PARMELEE'S PILLS possess the power of acting specifically upon the diseased organs, stimulating to action the dormant energies of the system, thereby removing disease. In fact, so great is the power of this medicine to cleanse and purify, that diseases of almost every name and nature are driven from the body.' Mr. D. Carswell, Carswell P. O., Ont., writes: "I have tried Parmelee's Pills and find them an excellent medicine, and one that will sell well."

EXHAUSTED VITALITY.

THE SCIENCE OF LIFE, the great Medical Work of the age on Manhood, Nervous and Physical Debility, Premature Decline, Errors of Youth, and the untold miseries consequent thereon, 360 pages 8 vo., 125 prescriptions for all diseases. Cloth, full gilt, only $1, by mail, sealed. Illustrative sample free to all young and middle aged men. Send now. The Gold and Jewelled Medal awarded to the author by the National Medical Association. Address P. O Box 1895, Boston, Mass., or Dr. W H. PARKER, graduate of Harvard Medical College, 25 years' practice in Boston, who may be consulted confidentially. Specialty, Diseases of Men. Office, No. 4, Bulfinch Street,

J. M. FORTIER,
Wholesale :. Cigar :. Manufacturer,
145 151 ST. MAURICE STREET,
MONTREAL
P. S.—Special and Private Brands a specialty.

CROUP, WHOOPING COUGH and Bronchitis immediately relieved by Shiloh's Cure. For sale by D. M. Waters.

NATIONAL COLONIZATION
LOTTERY

Under the patronage of the Rev. Father Labelle
Established in 1884, under the Act of Quebec 32 Vict., Chapt. 36, for the benefit of the Diocesan Societies of Colonization of the Province of Quebec.
Class D.—The 21st Monthly Drawing will take place Wednesday, March the 20th, at 2 p. m.

Prizes value		$50,000 00
Capital Prize: One real estate worth		$5,000 00
1 Real Estate worth	$5,000	5,000
1 do	2,000	2,000
1 do	1,000	1,000
4 do	500	2,000
10 Real Estates	300	3,000
30 Furniture Sets	200	6,000
60 do	100	6,000
200 Gold Watches	50	10,000
1,000 Silver Watches	10	10,000
1,000 Toilet Sets	5	5,000
2,307 Prizes worth		$50,000 00

TICKETS - - $1.00

Offers are made to all winners to pay their prizes cash, less a commission of 10 p. c.
Winners' names not published unless specially authorized
Drawings on the Third Wednesday of every Month.
S. E. LEFEBVRE, Secretary,
Offices, 19 St. James street, Montreal, Can.
192d1y

Economy, Equity, Stability.

Ontario Mutual
Life Assurance Co.
(ESTABLISHED 1870.)
DOMINION DEPOSIT - $100,000.

Assurances in force, Jan. 1st, 1889	$12,041,914
New Assurances written in 1888	2,518,650
Cash Income for 1888	393,074
Assets, Dec 31st, 1888	1,313,853
Liabilities, as per Gov't Valuation	1,223,516

SURPLUS, - - $90,337.00.

The New Business for January and February of this year is MUCH GREATER than was ever before written by the Company during the same months, while, with over $12,000,000 on our books, the death losses have been very moderate.

S. BURROWS,
General Agent Ontario Mutual Life Co'y.
S. ROUGHTON, W. E. HOLTON, } Special Agents.
Office, Front Street, next door to Dominion Bank, Belleville.

Two Years' Profits!

THOSE INSURING IN THE
—"CANADA LIFE"—
before the 30th of April next will be entitled to two full years' profits in the division of April the 30th, 1890.
T. DONNELLY,
General Agent, Belleville.
AGENTS WANTED.
Feb'y 2, 1889. d&wly

S. W. BRADSHAW

Wishes to inform the citizens of Belleville that he has BOUGHT OUT THE
GROCERY
(lately occupied by Mr. Arch. Wallace,)
CORNER OF HOTEL AND ANN STREETS
where he intends to keep a full supply of the best of Groceries always fresh, and his stock of Provisions, such as Meats and Vegetables, will be especially fresh and in great variety and delivered with despatch. All orders by telephone No. 53) will be promptly delivered to any part of the city.
N. B.—Please remember Telephone No. 53.

BITTER----
----ORANGES
—FOR—
MARMALADE
JUST RECEIVED.
WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE
Grocers and wine merchants, 35 & 37 Bridge Street.
Also Front Street, Opp. Ritchie's.

SPENCERIAN STEEL PENS
Are the Best,
IN THE ESSENTIAL QUALITIES OF
Durability, Evenness of Point, and Workmanship.
Works: Birmingham, England.
Sold by the leading Stationers.

-----NEW-----

Sugar Cured Hams, Breakfast Bacon, Finnan Haddies, Boneless Codfish, New Walnuts, New Filberts, S. S Almonds, Loose Muscatel Raisins, Black Basket Raisins, London Layer Raisins, Buckwheat Flour, Selfraising Buckwheat Flour, Roll Butter, Fresh Eggs

AT A. WALLACE'S.

RAYMOND C. ROLPH
SIGN PAINTER.

LETTERING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.
Corner of Front and Campbell Streets.
80d1y

Daily Intelligencer.

THE DAILY INTELLIGENCER is published every evening except Sunday, and delivered by careful carriers in all parts of the city for Five Dollars a year, or Fifty Cents a month.

THE WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER is published every Thursday morning, and sent, postpaid, to any address in Canada, the United States or Great Britain for One Dollar a year.

ADVERTISEMENTS, first insertion, 10 cents per nonpareil line; each subsequent consecutive insertion, 5 cents per line; when not inserted every day, 10 cents per line each insertion.

READING MATTER NOTICES, 15 cents per line each insertion.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS, 50 cents each insertion. With notice of funeral added the charge for death notices is $1.

CONTRACTS made for business advertisements for one month or longer at reduced rates.

Remittances, Drafts, Cheques, and Post-Office Orders should be made payable to the order of

INTELLIGENCER PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO'Y (LIMITED),
Belleville, Ont.

Largest Daily Circulation in Belleville.

BELLEVILLE, THURSDAY, MAR 14

A CURIOUS PROPOSAL.

The Grits and the Commercial Unionists pose as the friends of the farmer, whom they represent as oppressed by our tariff. Yet they propose to benefit the farmer by adding twenty per cent. to the tariff and opening our market to the grain and flour of the United States, thus nearly doubling his taxation and destroying his home market; and besides, we may add, taking several dollars from the value of every fat steer and a dollar from the price of every fat sheep sold for export to England.

THE BRIDGE IN THE LEGISLATURE.

The following "Act to amend the Municipal Act" has been introduced into the Legislature by Mr. A. F. Wood: "The council of every county, township, city, town and incorporated village, may pass by-laws for subscribing for any number of shares in the capital stock of, or for lending to or guaranteeing the payment of any sum of money borrowed by any incorporated bridge company, and all the sub-sections of section 634 of *The Municipal Act* shall apply in the same manner, and with the same effect, as if the words 'or bridge company' were inserted in sub-section 4, in the first line after the words 'railway company,' and the words 'or bridge' were inserted after the word 'railway,' in the second line of the said sub-section."

TRANSPARENT HUMBUG.

The Montreal *Witness* remarks, in its issue of the 12th inst.:

> "I should rather have the saloons on my side any day than the churches," said an eminent and eminently practical American politician, Mr. Mercier has boldly proclaimed the same doctrine. He practically owns that the clergy of all denominations are solid against his policy with regard to the license law. He knows that all the best elements of society are equally against him. He would like to have both them and the liquor men on his side, but if he is forced to choose he must choose the liquor men. They are a mobilized force, who can afford to spend time and money, and they have the most valuable machinery for election purposes, while the clergy are handicapped at election time, and "the best elements" are not in motion. Give me the saloon then, says Mr. Mercier, in no sneaking tone. I cast in my lot with the liquor men, we stand and fall together.

The *Witness* frequently berates Mr. Mercier; but, strange to say, when it comes to the pinch, "the only religious" champion of Protestantism and Temperance is always found supporting the man who incorporated the Jesuits, the father of the Jesuit Estates bill, and the champion of the saloon. The fact is that the *Witness*' reprobation of Mr. Mercier is simply a piece of comedy, which is perfectly understood by the wily politician and his journalistic friend—and, we may add, by the public as well. The *Witness*, in this matter, resembles an amiable spaniel which, whilst growling most fiercely at its master when he attempts to deprive it of a bone, assures him, by the wagging of its tail and the amiable expression of its eye, that no harm is intended by it.

EDITORIAL BREVITIES.

A Canadian who some months ago went to California writes to a contemporary that times are dull and numbers are leaving for the East. He advises those leaving good homes in Canada for the Eldorado of the world to consider before taking the step. The conclusion is Canada for the Canadians.

There is one commercial unionist in the Commons, namely Mr. Armstrong, the Grit member for South Middlesex. In a recent speech Mr. Armstrong sarcastically referred to the members of his party, who support free trade with the United States as "the weaker brethren."

According to a contemporary, J. Hudson Taylor's China Inland Mission, in which the people of Belleville have an interest from the fact that Mr. Taylor secured an assistant in Belleville, has extended to fifteen provinces. It has 66 organized churches, 294 missionaries and associates, and 132 native helpers; and last May the estimated conversions were 4,000. The missionaries generally adopt the native costume.

Australia is developing its railway system with great rapidity. The Government of Western Australia has made a contract for the building of a railroad 800 miles in length through an unexplored region, and will pay the contractors in land at the rate of 20,000 acres per mile. The chief exports of the colony are wool and lead ore, and the country is believed to be very rich in minerals.

The renaming of Hotel street was a "burning question" towards the end of the last municipal year, but it has not of late been mentioned. The time is opportune for its renewal, and we trust that the suggestion made in these columns, that the name of Senator and ex-Mayor Flint be bestowed upon the handsome avenue in question, may be acted upon.

CATARRH CURED, health and sweet breath secured, by Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy Price 50 cents. Nasal Injector free. For sale by D. M. Waters.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Disease and Remedy.

The Montreal *Herald* calls attention to the sad condition in which the farmers of Nebraska find themselves. Nebraska is a part of the paradise so lavishly praised by Mr. Blake; but the *Herald* shows that it is anything but a paradise. "The farmers there," it says, "are in a bad state, eaten up by mortgages;" and it quotes from a document in which those farmers themselves say: "There is in the whole State scarcely a farm that is not burdened with a mortgage," and that they "are sinking deeper and deeper in debt."

Under these circumstances the *Herald* thinks the farmers of Canada ought to be placed on a level with those of Nebraska. It can prove that while the Nebraska farmer is "eaten up by mortgages," and is "sinking deeper and deeper in debt," the Canadian farmer would in the same circumstances be able to raise himself to fortune in a very few years. That is the manner in which a faddist reasons.

It is true enough that the *Herald* thinks the sad condition of the Nebraska farmers is due to the protective policy of the United States. The "pitiable ignorance" of economic philosophy shown by the people of that country has brought all this distress upon the farmers. Well, let us, just for the sake of argument, assume that this is so, how will the Canadian farmer be benefited by having the Dominion tariff raised to an equality with that of the United States? The proposition is this: A high tariff injures the farmer; therefore the tariff ought to be made twice as high as it now is.—*Spectator.*

Swindling Extraordinary.

Innocent Habitants Victimized by a Smooth Tongued Rogue.

Two farmers from St. Janvier have lately been fleeced by a Montreal crook, in a manner which is probably unparalleled in the annals of the criminal history of Montreal. On Friday last, a farmer from that parish came here and on his way to Bonsecours market was accosted by a young man, who found no difficulty in winning the habitant's confidence, and then told him that it was foolish for him to stand in the market with his 18 bags of potatoes. If he came with him he would sell the lot to better advantage and more speedily. The farmer assented and the waggon was stopped before a house on Craig street east. The bags were carried in, and whilst the farmer was in the cellar depositing the bags his friend collected the money and went away. This morning the farmer, who had reported the case to the police, came to town once more with a neighbor and saw his man on the street. The horse was whipped up, and finally the indignant *habitant*, followed by his brother in the same calling, had the miscreant by the coat collar, and gave him in charge of his *confrere* until he would be able to get a policeman. In his absence the crook made friends with his captor and induced him to sell the potatoes at the house of a friend. The *habitant* again carried the bags to the collar, and the sharper again collected the money. An hour later both *habitants* met at the central station and poured out their mutual sorrow into the ears of a detective.—*Montreal Star, Mar. 12.*

A Keen Judge.

One of the keenest things ever said on the Bench is attributed to Judge Walton, of Georgia. While holding a term of the Supreme Court at Augusta he sentenced a man to seven years in prison for a grave crime. The prisoner's counsel asked for a mitigation of the sentence on the ground that the prisoner's health was very poor. "Your Honor," said he, "I am satisfied that my client cannot live out half that term, and I beg of you to change the sentence." "Well, under those circumstances," said the Judge, "I will change the sentence. I will make it for life instead of seven years." The prisoner chose to abide by the original sentence, which the Judge permitted him to elect.

A Shocking Tragedy.

Signor Romano, a painter of some note in Austria and Italy, has committed suicide in Vienna. Two years ago two daughters of Romano and an architect named Arnoni committed suicide by poisoning themselves in Rome. Both of the girls were in love with Arnoni and the affair became so complicated that all three resolved to solve the difficulty in death.

Corn Sowing

Is a process conducted by the agency of tight boots all the year around. Corn reaping is best conducted through the agency of Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor, the only safe and sure-pop corn cure. Putnam's Extractor is now widely imitated. Beware of all poisonous and sore producing substitutes.

FOR NETTLE RASH, Summer Heat and general toilet purposes, use Low's Sulphur Soap

—The Colonial Institute celebrated its twenty-first anniversary by a grand dinner in London last evening, the Prince of Wales presiding.

—There was a turn in the Chicago wheat market yesterday, May advancing to 97⅝c, which is nearly three cents above Monday's lowest price.

—It is reported that the prosecution of the Bishop of Lincoln for Ritualistic practices is being conducted in a very half-hearted way.

For lame back, side or chest, use Shiloh's Porous Plaster. Price 25 cents. Sold by D.M Waters.

—An oyster recently dredged up in English waters measured 7 inches in length, the same in breath and 20½ inches around the outside edge, and weighed 8½ pounds.

—Rich aunt—Why do you bring me this grass, Tommy? Tommy—Because I want you to bite it. Why do you want me to bite it? Because I heard pa say that when you bite the grass we will get $40,000.

SLEEPLESS NIGHTS, made miserable by that terrible cough. Shiloh's Cure is the Remedy for you. Sold by D. M. Waters.

—A St. Louis man detected the deceit of an expounder of spiritualism and gave the latter a trouncing. He afterwards remarked that he did not think the punishment extreme, as he simply struck the medium.

—A strange incident has befallen a young lady of Cherveux, France. She was playing with a little child on her lap, when she suddenly threw back her head and remained motionless. A hairpin had penetrated her skull. She never recovered consciousness and expired a short time afterwards.

AN INACTIVE or Torpid Liver must be aroused and all bad bile removed. Burdock Pills are best for old or young.

—A Rochester man has unearthed a letter dated Buffalo, May 20, 1870, directed to D. A. Curran, Rochester, N.Y., and signed by John O'Neil, President F. B., and H. Le Caron, Adjutant-General, ordering all men willing to fight for Ireland to assemble at Malone, N.Y.

—A New Jersey bird dog went into a room where a parrot was at liberty, when he stopped and pointed. The bird approached, looked the dog square in the eye, and said: "You're a rascal!" The dog was so surprised at hearing the bird speak that he dropped his tail, wheeled and ran away, and from that day to this he has never been known to point a bird.

THAT HACKING COUGH can be so quickly cured by Shiloh's Cure. We guarantee it. For sale by D. M. Waters.

NEWS OF THE DOMINION

MEETING OF THE ORANGE GRAND LODGE IN HAMILTON.

Resolutions Passed Denouncing the Grant to the Jesuits—The Bucket Shop Cases at Toronto.

HAMILTON, March 13.—The Grand Lodge of Ontario West resumed at 9.15 o'clock this morning with Grand Master R. W. Bro. W. W. Fitzgerald in the chair. An address of welcome was read from the Hamilton District and Wentworth County Orangemen. An address from the Ladies Protestant Association was also read. It asked that the association be given the privilege of organizing ladies' lodges under the jurisdiction of the Grand Lodge of Ontario West. A committee consisting of Messrs. Thomas Keyes, Grand Secretary of the Grand Lodge of British America; Ald. John McMillan, D.M. of Toronto, and W. H. Scott, W.M. of Toronto, was appointed to consider the address from the ladies.

The report of the Credential Committee was presented and adopted. The auditors presented their report, congratulating the Grand Lodge upon the progress make during the year, and certifying to the correctnes of the Treasurer's report. The Committee on Correspondence, to which was referred the Grand Master's and the Grand Secretary's reports, presented their report, which was taken up clause by clause and a number of clauses were adopted. The reports of the Committees on Petitions and Appeals, Suspensions and Expulsions and on Finance were presented and adopted.

This evening a sermon was preached by Bro. Perry, the Grand Chaplain, and the Grand Lodge met after the service.

The old officers were re-elected.

A series of strong resolutions was unanimously passed condemning the grant to the Jesuits and calling upon the representatives of Ontario in the Dominion Parliament to exercise all means in their power for its disallowance and to support any measure introduced to that end, irrespective of party affiliations.

TORONTO TOPICS.

Rev. "Move-on" Wilson Vindicated—The Bucket Shop Case.

TORONTO, March 14.—The case of Rev. W. F. Wilson, who was convicted by Police Magistrate Denison last summer of disorderly conduct, is ended after much airing in the courts. Yesterday Mr. Wilson's appeal from the conviction came before Judges McDougall and Morgan City Solicitor Biggar referred to the disagreement of the jury last sesson, and as Jarvis, the policeman who arrested Mr. Wilson, had been dismissed from the force, and as no one doubted the excellence of Mr. Wilson's character he thought the quickest way to settle the matter was the best. Their Honors accordingly quashed the conviction, but without costs.

An unusually large number of failures in Ontario and Quebec was reported yesterday.

There was a crowd at the Police Court yesterday to hear the charge under the Abbott Act against Joseph Priestman, Charles Priestman, J. C. Millichamp, Francis J. Spear, Walter Armour, Thomas Galbraith, George B. Foster and William McBroom. Joseph Priestman was arraigned on two charges; first, of keeping a common gaming house for the purpose of making lucre at 71 Yonge-street, and, secondly, with having made a fraudulent transaction to deliver 100 bushels of wheat, which there was no intention of delivering. He pleaded not guilty, and both charges were enlarged until next Monday. The other defendants were then arraigned on the charge that on March 12, with intent to make profit they did enter into a non-bona fide transaction, to wit, the delivery of 1000 bushels of wheat, and also with being frequenters of a common gaming house. McBroom explained that he had never been in Priestman's office before. He went there to collect a note for the Equitable Insurance Company arrived there just as the raid was being made. Inspector Archabold was willing to let the case against Mr. McBroom drop, as he had no evidence that he was a frequenter of the place. McBroom was accordingly discharged. The defendants were then bailed, the hearing to take place on Monday.

MANITOBA MATTERS.

Haffield Likely to Swing for the Murder of His Wife.

WINNIPEG, March 13.—In all probability Haffield, now on trial for wife murder at Holland last Christmas, will swing. The evidence is pretty strong against him, one of the witnesses being his own boy. Haffield and his wife quarrelled over his sister-in-law, with whom he was intimate, and he admitted to neighbors having killed his wife.

A case of attempted incendiarism in Roberts' tobacco store will be investigated to-morrow. The companies have cancelled several policies in the neighborhood.

The bodies of a large number of valuable dogs missing during the winter have been found, they having been snared and killed for their skins.

Two trappers named Finlayson starved to death near Deer Lake, north of Prince Albert, having lost their way.

The wife of James Moore, who while supposed to be in Orillia was really living with a man in St. Paul, refused to return home with her husband, but allowed him to take back her child.

Chester Glass of Winnipeg has been admitted to the Minnesota Bar.

The first lodge Daughters of Rebekah was instituted here last night.

Ambitious City Notes.

HAMILTON, March 14.—The woman Annie Russell, who took poison through grief on discovering that the man to whom she had been married had another wife living, is still in the City Hospital. She is a great sufferer, and Dr. Beemer says her condition is serious. It is an extremely bad case, and her recovery now is very doubtful.

A deputation of five members of the Peterboro Council visited this city yesterday and were shown through the market buildings, weigh house and market stalls by Mayor Doran. The Peterboro Council is thinking of building a new market hall, and the deputation came here to get pointers.

Detective Campbell and yesterday arrested David Graham on a charge of obtaining goods under false pretences. Graham is suspected of other offences. He has been in the hands of the police before.

Yesterday morning about 3 o'clock Mrs. Scott, wife of Samuel Scott, corner of Victoria-avenue and Robert-street, had occasion to go for a doctor. She left the door open and during her absence a sneak thief entered and carried away $2.50 in cash from the till.

THE CHARLESTON MURDER.

Popular Indignation Intense—The Assassin's Story.

CHARLESTON, S. C., March 13.—The murder of Captain Dawson was the most brutal and atrocious ever committed in Charleston. The popular indignation is intense, and the people would lynch the murderer if they could get him out of jail. Dr. McDow, Capt. Dawson's assassin, was called upon last night in jail and asked to explain the circumstances of the tragedy. He said: "Capt. Dawson entered my office, used abusive language and knocked me down with his cane. I got up, and he was about to strike me again when I shot him."

Dr. McDow then went on to stay that Capt. Dawson was not killed instantly, that he remained alive for a half to three quarters of an hour, during which time McDow remained in the room with the man whose life was fast ebbing away, making up his mind what to do, but there is the strongest proof that McDow remained in the room at least an hour after the death of Capt. Dawson, planning how he might dispose of the body. The mould was observed to be freshly turned up and to a depth which was only limited by a quantity of bricks and other materials impassable to the spade or whatever instrument was used in the attempt to dig a grave. The closet door was found nailed last night, although it had evidently formerly been laid up against the opening into the closet.

It is therefore almost absolutely certain that the assassin endeavored during his long occupancy of the room with the murdered man to dig his grave and thus forever bury all proof of his crime with his victim. Dr. McDow, after finding his efforts futile, determined to set up the plea of self-defence, and went out and delivered himself to the police.

THE GOLD FEVER.

Conflicting Reports From the Lower California Fields.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 13.—It is said the mining excitement in Lower California is a fraudulent scheme, deliberately planned by real estate men of Southern California, who are anxious to put new bottom in their boom. An Eastern gentleman, who has been several months in that country, says that no bona fide discovery of gold has been made, although much prospecting has been done and that this is the most brazen of all frauds Southern California has perpetrated. On the other hand, favorable reports continue to come from sources that could not be influenced by such a villainous scheme. Dr. Garcia DeLeon of San Diego, who explored Lower California for the Mexican Government two years ago, says the Peninsula is exceedingly rich not only in gold but also in other valuable minerals.

The Situation Threatening.

CHICAGO, March 13.—A special from Los Angeles to The Daily News says: Great excitement exists in the Lower California gold mining camps, and thousands of desperate gold hunters are breathing vengeance against the international company of English capitalists, whose agents lay claim to the mines and are trying to shut out Americans and others. It became known yesterday that the company had sent to San Francisco for 5000 Chinamen to work the mines, and last night the American and Mexican miners held a mass meeting and determined not to submit to the coming of coolies. They also framed a petition to the American Congress asking protection. The situation looks threatening, and a battle between the independent miners and the English company's men is looked for. Blood will certainly be shed if the company insist on bringing coolies to the camp.

The Situation in Panama.

PANAMA, March 13.—Following fast on the floods on the other side comes the stoppage of work on the canal. It is true that on some sections work has been partially resumed, but on the whole little work is in progress. This stoppage of active operations has been a severe blow to many, and while merchants are reshipping their merchandise and closing their stores in Colon, all mechanics and laborers who can leave are doing so. There is much destitution and suffering along the line of the canal and the sooner those unemployed succeed in leaving here the better it will be for them. The canal is certainly in a critical situation. An excellent idea of the change now taking place in canal management can be obtained from the fact that out of 600 men formerly employed by the Canal Company, not by contractors, only 140 are now on the books, and out of 28 doctors formerly on the Canal Company's roll, 16 have been discharged. As already announced, the Chilian Government is paying the passage of all Chilians who are desirous of returning home. Now it has been determined to take a step further, and the corners of the streets in Panama are plastered with handbills offering free conveyance to Chili for 1000 citizens of the United States or Europeans, who are engineers or laborers. This step is evidently taken in view of the proposed railroad construction or the possibility of an outbreak in consequence of the recent developments on the southeast coast.

Pennsylvania Train Robbers.

PITTSBURG, March 13.—A gang of robbers boarded a freight train near Shamnopin, on the Pittsburg and Lake Erie Railroad, last evening and beat Brakeman Cleary into insensibility. They were driven off by the other trainmen before they secured any booty. A special train was telegraphed for and a posse under Lieut. Booker of this city left for the scene. Nine of the men were surrounded near Phillipsburg and captured. They were heavily armed and carried revolvers and knives. The party was brought to this city at 2 o'clock this morning and lodged in jail. An organized gang is believed to exist along the Pittsburg and Lake Erie road, as the company has been annoyed by persistent freight car robberies for six months. Brakeman Cleary may die.

Plums for the Boys.

WASHINGTON, March 13.—The President to-day sent the following nominations to the Senate: Eugene Schuyler, of New York, to be Assistant Secretary of State; Walker Blaine of Maine, to be Examiner of Claims for the Department of State; and Cyrus Bussy of New York City, to be Assistant Secretary of the Interior.

The President to-day signed the commissions of Messrs. Palmer, Washburn and Swift as Ministers to Spain, Switzerland and Japan respectively, and that of Mr. Tichenor as Assistant Secretary of the Treasury.

Trouble in a K. of L. Assembly.

CHICAGO, March 13.—In the presence of General Worthy Foreman Wheal and District Master Workman Mrs. Rogers, Worthy Foreman Linholm, of District Assembly 24, Knights of Labor, was yesterday forcibly ejected from a meeting of Waiters' Local Assembly 7475. Mr. Wheal and Mrs. Rogers were then told by the irate waiters to "get out." The two retired, after suspending the Assembly, which now proposes to secede permanently and join T. V. Barry's Brotherhood of United Labor.

THE CANADIAN PACIFIC.

Surveys Made for a Line From Niagara Falls to Buffalo.

BUFFALO, March 13.—After many months' consideration of the matter, it is now quite probable that the Canadian Pacific will extend its tracks from Niagara Falls, Ont., and come into Buffalo by way of Tonawanda, using either the Lackawanna or the Lehigh Valley tracks to get down town. For some weeks surveys have been in progress. The surveys are from the overhead crossing of the Lackawanna and the New York Central beyond North Buffalo Junction, to below Niagara Falls. Instead of following the New York Central tracks to Tonawanda, the new line will run around the bend in the river, and a station will be placed near the Bedell ferry. This change will greatly accommodate the immense lumber interests which already have extended nearly three miles south of Tonawanda Creek, and which, it is believed, are destined to connect Buffalo with Tonawanda. Below Tonawanda the Canadian Pacific will run parallel with the New York Central and between it and the river. The crossing to Canada below Niagara Falls has not been decided upon, and this part of the plan is believed to be a blind, as it is thought the real intention of the projectors is to bridge the river much farther up the stream. A company will be incorporated with a capital stock of about $300,000, and the line will then either be sold or permanently leased to the Canadian Pacific.

TERRIFIC BOILER EXPLOSION.

Many Persons Scalded and Seriously Injured—A Child Killed.

READING, Pa., March 13.—A nest of three boilers at the St. Nicholas Colliery near Mahoney City exploded at 11 o'clock this morning with terrific effect. One of the boilers was blown 500 yards, another was hurled through a blacksmith shop and the other was torn into fragments. The boiler house and blacksmith shop were wrecked. Mrs. Louisa Hoffman with her child in her arms was passing at the time. A fragment of iron broke her hip and killed the child. James Delaney, a driver passing with his team, had his skull fractured. Michael Warren, a lad of 13 on the same wagon, had his thigh broken and leg crushed. Edward Seltzer, a painter at work on the breaker, had his skull crushed. Patrick Warner and Edward Watts were terribly injured by flying pieces of iron. Others were scalded and injured.

Falling off in U. S. Exports.

WASHINGTON, March 13.—The Bureau of Statistics reports the total value of the exports of domestic breadstuffs from the United States during February was $8,293,765 against $10,160,889 in February, 1888; for the eight months ended with February $82,108,465, against $92,714,324 during the same period in the previous year.

Small Favors Thankfully Received.

NEW YORK, March 13.—Ex-President Cleveland to-day accepted the invitation of the Friendly Sons of St. Patrick to respond to one of the toasts at the annual dinner of the society.

SOME SYMPTOMS OF WORMS are:—Fever, colic, variable appetite, restlessness, weakness and convulsions. The unfailing remedy is Dr. Low's Worm Syrup.

—The Paradise Club of Anglers, of New York, has purchased 70,000 acres of forest and 50 trout lakes in various parts of the States, making the largest fish and game preserve in the world.

Only One Cent!
Only One Cent!

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

TO SPORTSMEN—For sale, a double-barrel Breech-loader, 12 bore, 7½ lbs. weight, made to order by Holland, Bond street, best maker in London, with all necessary fittings. Can be seen at office H. E. Holden, Bridge St. In order—good as new. Lowest price Sixty-Five Dollars—less than half cost. 268th&sat

POOL TABLE, and all the fixtures, for sale. Is in first class order. Apply at Hub Hotel, Front Street, Belleville. 263d2w

APARTMENTS TO LET.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

BOARD AND ROOMS.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

HOUSES TO LET.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

FOR SALE or TO LET, the House formerly occupied by J. H. Simpson, Commercial Street Possession given immediately. Apply to P. R. PALMER 263d3m

TO RENT—A two story brick house, corner Catherine and Yeomans Streets. Possession given April 1st. Apply to MRS. COCHRANE, Hotel Street. 262d1w

LOST AND FOUND.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

LIVE STOCK.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

HOUSE FOR SALE on William St., two doors south of Bridge St., next the residence of Mrs. T. C. Wallbridge, best locality in the city, house new, comfortable, and commodious, hard and soft water, closets in all the rooms. Enquire of R. PURDY, Bridge St. 242d1m.

TO LET.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

WANTED.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

HOUSEKEEPER WANTED, middle aged woman preferred, to take charge of a family of six. Apply at HUGH WALKER'S grocery. 258dtf.

SALESMEN—We wish a few men to sell our goods by sample to the wholesale and retail trade. Large manufacturers in our line. Enclose 2 cent stamp. Wages $3 per day. Permanent position. No postals answered. Money advanced for wages, advertising, etc. CENTENNIAL MAN'F'G CO, CINCINNATI, OHIO 245d30teod

DOMESTICS WANTED.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

MECHANICS WANTED.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion,

Belleville Hospital and Home for the Friendless.

TENDERS,

Addressed to the undersigned, are invited up to the THIRTIETH OF MARCH for the supply of

BREAD, AND ALSO MILK,

for the above Hospital and Home.

The quantity of Bread to be at least five four-pound loaves per day, and the Milk at least twelve quarts per day—both Bread and Milk must be of the best quality. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

J. F. MACLEAN,
President.

Mar. 14, '89 d3t

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

CALLAWAY'S

Popular .·. Excursions

—TO—

VANCOUVER,
VICTORIA,
and all points in
WASHINGTON
TERRITORY,
and CALIFORNIA

LEAVE .·. TORONTO

On FRIDAY, MARCH 22nd
12th APRIL 26th
10th MAY 24th

In the CELEBRATED TOURIST SLEEPERS. Each party is accompanied to destination by special courier.

Full particulars from any agent of the Company.

PAINLESS **BEECHAM'S PILLS** EFFECTUAL
THE GREAT ENGLISH MEDICINE — WORTH A GUINEA A BOX

For Bilious and Nervous Disorders, such as Wind and Pain in the Stomach, Sick Headache, Giddiness, Fulness, and Swelling after Meals, Dizziness and Drowsiness, Cold Chills, Flushings of Heat, Loss of Appetite, Shortness of Breath, Costiveness, Scurvy, Blotches on the Skin, Disturbed Sleep, Frightful Dreams, and all Nervous and Trembling Sensations, &c. THE FIRST DOSE WILL GIVE RELIEF IN TWENTY MINUTES. This is no fiction. Every sufferer is earnestly invited to try one Box of these Pills, and *they will be acknowledged to be a Wonderful Medicine.*—"Worth a guinea a box."—BEECHAM'S PILLS, taken as directed, will quickly *restore females* to complete health. For a

WEAK STOMACH; IMPAIRED DIGESTION; DISORDERED LIVER;

they ACT LIKE MAGIC:—*a few doses* will work wonders upon the Vital Organs; Strengthening the muscular System; restoring long-lost Complexion; bringing back the keen edge of appetite, and arousing with the ROSEBUD OF HEALTH the *whole physical energy* of the human frame. These are "facts" admitted by thousands, in all classes of society, and one of the best guarantees to the Nervous and Debilitated is that BEECHAM'S PILLS HAVE THE LARGEST SALE OF ANY PATENT MEDICINE IN THE WORLD. Full directions with each Box.

Prepared only by THOS. BEECHAM, St. Helens, Lancashire, England.

Sold by Druggists generally.

EVANS & SONS, [LIMITED], Montreal,
Sole Agents for the Dominion of Canada.

NEW SPRING GOODS

—ARRIVING DAILY.—

New Prints,
New Shirtings,
New Dress Goods,
New Ginghams,
New Table Linens,
New Towel Linens,

Etc., etc., CHEAPER THAN EVER.

A. N. REID & CO.

NEW SPRING GOODS

AT

BRIGNALL & THOMPSON'S.

New Prints and Dress Goods,
New Embroideries,
New Cottons and Steam Looms,
New Table Linens and Sheetings,
New Goods in all departments arriving daily. Prices very low.

BRIGNALL & THOMPSON.

--50 MORE--

NEW HANGING LAMPS put in. Prices very much below anything we ever had.

W. J. REID & CO.

FANS

Suitable for WEDDINGS and BALLS. A splendid assortment at

J. C. OVERELL'S

FANCY EMPORIUM, BELLEVILLE.

CLEARING--SALE

OF ALL

BOOTS AND SHOES

Damaged by Fire and Water. Over $5,000 worth at less than half regular price.

A. W. VERMILYEA & SON.

NEW SEASON'S TEAS,
FRESH GROUND COFFEES,
Handsome Presents Given Away

AT

STROUD .·. BROS.,

Front Street, Belleville,

and at Montreal, Ottawa, Kingston and Toronto.

RUBBER STAMPS! Send your name and address, with 30 cents, to the ONTARIO CARD CO., Belleville, Ont., and get a Pearl Pen and Pencil Stamp, complete.

NEW
SPRING
GOODS.

Bought very early and bought very cheap.

NEW PRINTS,
NEW TABLINGS,
NEW COTTONS,
NEW STEAMLOOMS,
NEW DRESS GOODS,
NEW EMBROIDERIES,
NEW SHIRTINGS,
NEW CRETONNES,
NEW SCRIMS,
NEW UNDERWEAR,
NEW TWEEDS,

See the new. They are better and cheaper than the old.

JAS. W. DUNNET.

GLASGOW WAREHOUSE
Belleville, Feb. 12, 1889.

Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, THURSDAY MAR. 14

THE DUCHESS.

Every one has read the bewitching stories of "The Duchess," who has scored a phenomenal success as a writer of fiction. This celebrated authoress has favored the INTELLIGENCER with an article on "Dreams," in which she tells of dreams that have come to life; wild incalculable dreams that result in material beings; lordly halls that change into plain country houses; blissful dreams of fascinating moonshine—a story of dreamland that has since become famous; and lastly, but not least, the story of a dream that came to life. Her letter will appear in our issue of Saturday, 16th inst.

MERE MENTION.

No police court to-day.

THE market this morning was well attended.

Two tramps were sheltered by the police last night.

THE ice along the edges of the river shows signs of going.

A STREET preacher held forth on the market this morning.

SLEIGHING is bad, the roads being bared of snow in many places.

THE city solicitor, Mr. L. H. Henderson, has had a fine bull dog poisoned.

ALL the committees, with the exception of the Executive, will meet to-night.

MOCK Parliament to-night. An interesting discussion will doubtless take place.

BUILDING operations are not as yet very brisk, but an improvement will shortly take place.

TENDERS are asked for the supplying of the Home for the Friendless with bread and milk.

A MEETING of the Harbor Committee was held this afternoon to consider the Harbor Commission bill.

THE foot bridge will be open for traffic to-morrow. An excellent job has been done by the contractor, Mr. Geo. Bennett.

ALL DISORDERS CAUSED by a bilious state of the system can be can be cured by using Carter's Little Liver Pills. No pain, griping or discomfort attending their use. Try them.

AT the request of some of the members of the joint committee of the Council and the Board of Trade, the meeting which was to have been held last night was postponed until Tuesday night.

A MATTER of interest to Organists, Organ Students and Teachers is a new patent organ pedal attachment for pianos manufactured by Messrs. Newcombe & Co., 107 Church at Toronto. Particulars on application.

COLD wet weather is very hard on sufferers from Neuralgia troubles, and to those Dyer's Quinine and Iron Wine is strongly recommended, it is palatable, easily assimilated, and can be safely taken by the weakest invalid. W. A. Dyer & Co., Montreal.

THE Imperial Oil Refining Company, of Petrolia, is the principal oil refining company in Canada. They send out about 60 per cent. of all Canadian oil used. One of their favorite brands is "Silver Star," for which A. L. Geen is their Belleville agent

MOTHERS who have delicate children can see them daily improve and gain in flesh and strength by giving them that perfect food and medicine, *Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil, with Hypophosphites.* Dr. W. A. Hulbert, of Salisbury, Ills., says: "I have used Scott's Emulsion in cases of Scrofula and Debility. Results more gratifying. My little patients take it with pleasure." Sold by all druggists, 50c. and $1.00.

PROBABILITIES.

TORONTO, March 14.—North and northeast winds; fair, decidedly colder weather.

"A Barrel Full of Money"

is a good thing to have, but what's it good for if your health is poor? Preserve your health by using Imperial Cream Tartar Baking Powder.

TEMPERATURE.

As Registered by Dr. Bell's Self-Registering Thermometer.

THURSDAY, March 14.
Maximum 40; minimum 16.
Barometer 30.48.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria,

Early Birds.

About twenty excursionists left for the Crossley and Hunter meetings at Peterborough this morning at 5:45.

Book Notice.

"Rose Wood; or, the Octoroon's Bride," by Jean Fairweather, has been issued by the Montreal News Company. It is on sale at the book stores; price 30c.

Imperial Federation.

Don't forget Rev. Principal Grant's lecture on "Australia, Canada and Great Britain" in the Opera House Friday evening, 15th inst., at 8 o'clock. Ladies cordially invited. Admission free.

A Horse Shot.

A horse, the property of Mr. Clapper, whilst drawing a sleigh on Pine street last night, fell to the ground and was unable to rise. The animal was allowed to remain there until this morning, when an officer of the police force killed it.

Curling.

The final game for the medal offered by Mr. Thos. Ritchie for competition amongst the junior players of the Curling club, was played this morning, the contestants being Messrs. Joseph Ward and Thos Thompson. Mr. Ward won by 13 to 6.

Kicked by a Horse.

The Rev. J. A. Henderson, of Caledonia, New York, who was some months ago married to Miss Loucks, of Thurlow, was kicked on the left leg by his horse on the 1st inst., and is so badly hurt that he will be confined to his house for several weeks.

Next Tuesday Evening.

Bridge Street Sunday School holds its anniversary meeting on next Tuesday evening. A chorus of nearly 700 voices; an orchestra of ten instruments; motion songs by the primary class; class choruses and solos, reading and recitations by a number of the scholars will be features of the event.

Almost Poisoned.

We regret to learn that Mr. and Mrs. W. H. (Harry) Holden, of Detroit, were almost poisoned on last Sunday by partaking of some canned vegetables, which had been eaten at dinner. The timely arrival of the doctor, however, prevented any serious results, and both are now almost recovered from the effects.

A Disorderly Woman.

The police received a call from a house on Pinnacle street last night, asking for the arrest of a woman who was intoxicated. She was, however, taken care of by some parties before the officer arrived. She is said to be a Mrs. Derrick, who resides across the bay, and has been in the city for some time soliciting alms.

The Street Railway.

It is the intention of the present owner of the Street railway, Mr. Lockwood, to materially improve the condition of the service the coming season. The road-bed will be put in good condition, the cars will be overhauled, and a number of new horses are being purchased. A time-table will also be issued, so that the public may look forward to being greatly benefitted by the proposed improvements.

Trade Very Brisk.

A representative of this journal yesterday paid a visit to the Smith Manufacturing Company's tin shop, Front street. This firm are so pushed with orders that they have been compelled to increase their staff of employes and are still unable to manufacture fast enough the articles required. They were then preparing a large order to be sent to the Muskoka District. In conversation with the foreman he said that since he had been in their employment they were never so busy as at present. This is very encouraging to the firm.

A Runaway.

Mr. Kleingbeil will keep fast horses, or else his horses believe in delivering milk much more rapidly than he does, for we record more runaways of his than anybody else's. This morning at nine o'clock there was a commotion at the Merchants Bank corner when Mr. Kleingbeil's waggon, with its contents, was upset. The horse had started down Pinnacle street somewhere, and having got good momentum by the time it got to Campbell street, the horse started up the hill and overturned the waggon so forcibly that it upset the horse, so that waggon, horse and milk all gave evidences of the law of gravitation.

Lecture.

Mr. J. Ross Robertson, D. G. M., G. L. C., of the Masonic Order, of Toronto, delivered a lecture last night in the Masonic Hall in this city. His subject was "An Hour with the Craft of One Hundred Years Ago." The lecturer gave a general history of the Order, its organization, objects and the many works which it has accomplished. At times the speaker grew eloquent while giving glowing accounts of Masonry. He has made a thorough study of the subject of his lecture, which he demonstrated to those present by relating numerous events in its history of 100 years ago. At the conclusion of the lecture a repast was partaken of and an enjoyable time was spent by all who were present. Mr. Robertson delivers the same lecture at Port Hope this evening.

Thought He had Triplets.

It is said that a gentleman well known where he lives, married a little of a year, and one day last week his wife had twin babies. Next door to him lived a family which also had added another to its number quite recently, and it was thought it would be a good joke when the new father came home to dinner to give him a good surprise party. Accordingly the baby from the other house was brought in, and when he arrived home he was met and congratulated on the happy event, and on being ushered into an apartment there lay *three* babies. The gentleman stood aghast, while all the ladies who had been apprised of the joke tendered their sincere congratulations, and wished him many happy returns. In the ecstacy (?) of the moment the bewildered parent rushed into his wife's room exclaiming, "Why, Sally, what do you mean!" Subsequent explanations ensued, and he is now quite reconciled to the twins.

Prentice Boys' Entertainment.

Maiden Lodge No. 13 Prentice Boys, gave a literary and musical entertainment in their hall, on Front St., last night. The attendance was large, and the programme excellent. Mayor Diamond occupied the chair, and made a few practical remarks. Recitations were given by Misses Maggie McCrudden and Edwards; songs were rendered by Miss McPherson (who was a great favorite), and Messrs. Charles Vandervoort and George Caverly; duets by Prof. Smith and wife, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Vandervoort, and Misses M. Lang and M. Duffy, were given with good effect. Quartettes were admirably rendered by Messrs. Wensley, Johnson, Vandervoort, and Shorts. A stump speech by Mr. Lockwood was much appreciated. Prof. G. Brooker gave a musical solo on the saxophone, and was heartily encored. Mr. Tobias gave two selections on the mouth-organ, after which the proceedings closed by the singing of the national anthem.

MINISTERS, LAWYERS, TEACHERS, and others whose occupation give but little exercise, should use Carter's Little Liver Pills for torpid liver and biliousness. One is a dose. Try them.

K. of L. Entertainment.

The Bay Quinte Local Assembly No. 2,-900 Knights of Labor, gave an entertainment in their Hall last evening. The attendance was large, a number having to stand. The programme presented was of a varied character, and very good. It was opened by a warble by Mr. Wm. Meagher, followed by a drama entitled "Freezing a Mother-in law," in which Messrs. G. Bennett, A. Artis, F. Barrager, and Misses Della Graydon and Jennie Bennett took part. Each performer took their part well, and the rendition at times aroused much merriment. Mr. G. Rowland gave two songs in good taste and was each time compelled to respond to an encore. Mr. C. McCaw appeared twice upon the programme, first giving a recitation entitled, "The last hours of a condemned man," and the second time a lecture on "Patent Medicine," the latter being well given. Mr. Wm. Meagher, in his Irish reels, took down the house, and was called to the platform three times, to which he responded. Mr. J. M. Hyde recited in a stirring manner "The Charge of the Light Brigade," and also rendered a song. Recitations were given by Mr. Mark Graydon and Misses J. Bennett and Emma Barrager, all of which were well rendered and received. A song by Miss Della Graydon was given with good effect. Political speeches given by Messrs. Graydon and Geo. Bennett were much appreciated by the manner in which the speakers handled the subject. Mr. Wm. Meagher, as Prof. Howe, delighted the audience with a number of comic selections, in negro costume. The singing of the National Anthem brought the evening's entertainment to a close. It is the intention of the society to have these entertainments frequently.

The accompaniments were played by Mr. J. Meagher on the violin and Miss Pringle presided at the organ.

District Intelligence.

The total population of Colborne is 1034 and the assessed valuation $271,550.

The Scott Act returning officer in Northumberland, Mr. D. Ewing, has his hands full—110 polling places to put in proper motion.

R. W. Bro. Smeaton, D. D. G. M., visits Colborne Lodge, No. 91, to morrow (Friday) evening—officially.

A car-load of brood mares, 16 in number, was shipped from Colborne station on Monday last for Manitoba, evidence of the growing importance of farming up there.

Mr. Thos. Lilley, aged 23, a son of Mr. Dennis Lilley, of Cramahe, died in Toronto on Saturday last. The remains were brought home and interred in Grafton on Monday.

Mr. A. Speirs, Percy, met with a heavy loss by fire last Friday morning on his farm known as the "old Spencer farm." The fire originated in the woodshed from some cause unknown. The tenant saved nearly all the contents, except what the cellar contained. Loss about $1200, insurance about $700.

Eight settlers from near Bobcaygeon, left Peterborough yesterday for the North-West, taking with them two car loads of effects.

Barbara Grant, of Warkworth, a girl sixteen years of age, disappeared from that place about the middle of October, 1885, since which time nothing has been heard of her. If she could be found now it would be to her advantage.

Personal.

A private letter states that Hon. J. H. Pope is in a very critical condition.

The Prince of Wales wore pearl gray gloves with black stripes at a Paris theatre a few nights ago, and the Paris papers announce that gloves are henceforth de rigeuer at the theatre.

Queen Victoria, who travelled to France as Countess of Balmoral, took her own bed and bedding with her, a custom which her Majesty never breaks, even if invited to stay in a royal palace.

The Empress Dowager of China, who still remains Empress Regent, has ruled China for 25 years. She is now over 50. She is a skilful archer, she boxes and in other ways exhibits her independence of character.

At the marriage of Lady Idina Nevill to Mr. Brassey, in England, the bridesmaids wore cricketing costumes, the colors being carnation pink, green and white. Their bouquets were of pink carnation and green orchids tied with white ribbons.

Hon. John L. Stone, of Liberty, Ind., was married a few days ago to Mrs. Malinda Thompson. Mr. Stone is 76 years old and has been married three times. His marriages occurred on the 26th, 27th and 28th of February successively.

John Jacob Astor has all his life been a firm believer in the efficacy of pedestrian exercise as a means of health. He rarely enters a public vehicle, no matter what the weather may be, and seldom makes use of his own private carriage, one of the plainest and inconspicuous of all the millionaires' in New York.

The Duke of Devonshire has granted the use of his seat, Devonshire house, for a private performance of Robert Goldbeck's new opera, entitled "New York."

The report of Lord Tennyson's serious illness is refuted by the announcement that he has been out of danger for some time past, and is slowly progressing.

It is announced that Queen Victoria will shortly go to San Sebastian to pay a visit to the cemetery where lie the British soldiers who fell in the Peninsular war, resulting in the British conquest of that place.

It is announced that after the marriage of his sister, Princess Sophie of Russia, to the Crown Prince of Greece, which will take place in October, Emperor William will visit Constantinople.

Rear Amiral Davis, retired, died at Washington on Tuesday aged 64 years, forty of which had been spent in the service of the United States.

When Neptune tires of being temperate he brings on groggy weather, and soon gets half seas over.

Lord Ashtown is understood to be the richest man in the peerage of Ireland. The late peer, it is stated, left over a million of money, and the landed estates produce between £30,000 and £40,000 a year.

The Nawab of Rampur recently paid Major Freyer, a surgeon in the British army, the princely fee of £10,000 for having brought him safely through a three months' illness from malignant rheumatic fever.

Picton Harbor.

The deputation from Picton, consisting of Messrs. S. M. Conger, J. N. Carter, W. Boulter, W. H. Williamson, J. H. Allan and W. T. Crandell, accompanied by Dr. Platt, M. P., had an interview with the First Minister yesterday relative to securing an appropriation for the purpose of dredging Picton harbor. Sir John promised to give the matter his consideration.

DYSPEPSIA IN ITS WORST FORMS will yield to the use of Carter's Little Nerve Pills, aided by Carter's Little Liver Pills. They not only relieve present distress but strengthen the stomach and digestive apparatus.

—Orangemen employed in the Kingston penitentiary will be allowed to participate in the Twelfth of July demonstrations by giving two days' notice of their intention.

—At a meeting of Parnellite sympathizers in Philadelphia on Tuesday evening, $8,000 was subscribed, including $500 each from Mr. Geo. W. Childs and Mr. A. J. Drexel.

SHILOH'S COUGH and Consumption Cure is sold by us on a guarantee. It cures consumption. Sold by D. M. Waters.

Excursion to Washington.

The Rome, Watertown and Ogdensburg R. R. Company has arranged its third annual grand excursion to Washington and return, and no cheaper or more attractive excursion could be offered to the people at this season than this admirably arranged trip to the National capital of the United States. The fare to Washington and return is only ten dollars from any station on the line of the R. W. & O. R. R. at which excursion tickets are on sale.

Special trains of elegant West Shore coaches will run through to Jersey City, where transfer will be made to new and clean Pennsylvania R. R. coaches. Wagner palace sleeping cars will be attached to all special trains, and run through from R. W. & O. R. R. stations to Washington without change.

The price for double berth in sleeping car is $3.50, section $7.00, from any station on line of R. W. & O. R. R. ticket agent. The sale of these tickets closes Saturday, March 23rd, 1889.

The route is via Rome, Watertown & Ogdensburg R. R., West Shore & Pennsylvania Railroads, passing the cities of New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore, as well as many other places of interest. The excursion starts from the line of the R. W. & O. R. R., in the afternoon and evening of Tuesday, March 26th. A stop will be made at Jersey City for breakfast and at Philadelphia for lunch, arriving in Washington early in the afternoon, Wednesday, March 27th, the time not exceeding twenty hours from any station in Northern New York to Washington. Tickets are good until April 10th, inclusive, and allow a sojourn of ten days in Washington, giving ample time to visit Mt. Vernon and other historic places in the vicinity of Washington, as well as some of the memorable battlefields in Virginia.

Side trip excursions from Washington may be made at the following round trip rates: To Mt. Vernon 75 cents, Richmond Va., $4.00, Petersburg, Va., $5.00.

Reduced rates have been arranged at sixteen hotels in Washington.

Special tourists agents will accompany the excursionists to Washington and give personal attention to the wants of passengers. With such complete arrangements for careful supervision, the excursion will be conducted in a manner to please the most refined and fastidious taste.

The ceremonies of Inauguration being just ended, the capital of the United States at this particular time will offer special attractions, on account of the interest awakened by the incoming of a new administration. Washington is a remarkably beautiful city, and presents many interesting and attractive features, aside from those of a strictly national character. The Capitol building is the largest and finest public edifice in the world. The state departments and all other public buildings are grand and imposing, of great interest, and are open to the public every day except Sunday, from 9 or 10 a. m. to 3 or 4 p. m. No fees are asked or expected for showing them.

Excursion tickets, sleeping car tickets, time-tables and descriptive circulars, giving full and detailed information, can be obtained from any R. W. & O. R. R. ticket agent, or from Gen'l Passenger agent, Oswego, N.Y.

A Dreadful Doom.

To be unable to satisfy hunger without being distressed by heartburn, indigestion, sick stomach, dizziness or faintness, seems a dreadful doom. All who suffer thus will find prompt relief and permanent cure in Burdock Blood Bitters. B.B.B. *positively cures* dyspepsia in any form.

Fraudulent Milk.

Mr. Burdett's bill to provide against frauds in the supplying of milk to cheese and butter factories was partially considered by a special committee on Wednesday. A clause providing that every owner or manager of a cheese or butter manufactory or maker of butter or cheese thereat, or inspector of a dairyman's association, may compel the owner of a cow, the milk of which is being supplied to a factory, to submit the animal to a test, and specifying penalties for a refusal to submit or an interference with the test, was eliminated, as was also a clause empowering the owner or manager of a factory or any officer or inspector of cheese or butter of any dairyman's association to enter upon the premises of a suspected person and milk his cows in order to procure samples of the milk supplied the factory.

Adulterated Lard.

The Inland Revenue Department has just issued a bulletin containing the result of the analyses by Mr. T. Macfarlane, chief analyst, and Dr. W. H. Ellis, of Toronto. The tables contain the results of the examination of 109 different samples of lard, of which 38 were of native, 11 unknown, and 60 of American origin. Among the samples of American lards mentioned, there appears to be only one which is genuine. The chief adulterant found is cotton seed oil, but in a great many cases, no doubt, beef tallow should also have been mentioned. With regard to the samples of native lard, excluding those which have only been derived from trading firms not concerned in the packing business and which may, therefore, be of American origin, out of 35 samples examined, 3 were adulterated.

Fast Mail Service.

The *Canadian Gazette* publishes details regarding the mail subsidies, some of which are probably unknown publicly in Canada. The Dominion Government, it says, has decided to secure a service quite equal to the New York Service, and offer an annual subsidy of £100,000 for ten years. The British and Dominion Governments will join and subsidize a fortnightly service from Vancouver to China, Japan and Australia. New Zealand will also subsidize this service in order to secure its extention to Australian points. The aggregate subsidies for the Atlantic and Pacific service will reach £250,000 per annum. It is proposed to form an independent company; and it will not therefore be necessary for the Canadian Pacific to undertake any part of the service.

WILL YOU SUFFER with Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint? Shiloh's Vitalizer is guaranteed to cure you. Sold by D. M. Waters.

—The Minneapolis mills ground last week 97,620 barrels of flour, against 86,700 barrels the previous week. The tone of the market is stronger.

—In the Quebec Legislature last night, after a hot debate in the scandal matters, the Government secured an adjournment by the narrow majority of 29 to 25.

—The emigration season grows well in Britain. The Parisian sails for Halifax today with 100 saloon and 900 emigrant passengers of a superior class. The great majority are destined for the Northwest.

AS A PICK ME-UP after excessive exertion or exposure, Milburn's Beef, Iron and Wine is grateful and comforting.

BIRTH.

Born at Kansas City, Mo., on Wednesday, February 27, a daughter to Mrs. and Mr. W. E. WILSON.

MARRIED.

On the 13th inst., by the Rev'd R. Allin, Mr. GEORGE W. WEESE, of Ameliasburg, to Miss MARTHA E HARRY, of Sidney.

DIED.

In Belleville, on Wednesday, March 13th, WILLIAM SUTHERLAND, aged 65 years.

The funeral will take place from his late residence, Albert St., on Friday afternoon, March 15th, at 3 o'clock. Service at the house at 2:30. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend.

DEATH OF THE BIRD BILL.

MR. BROWN'S MEASURE SLAUGHTERED IN COMMITTEE.

The Member for Lambton Accuses the Manufacturers' Life Insurance Company of Making False Returns.

OTTAWA, March 14.—The main feature of yesterday's session of the House was the slaughter in committee of the whole of Mr. Brown's bird bill. The House made very short work of it by going into committee and sitting for about ten minutes. There was little or no discussion. Col. Tisdale moved that the committee rise, and this was carried by a vote of 67 to 60. It is not probable that Mr. Brown will attempt to "re-committee" the bill again this session. This is the course he pursued the last time the committee arose without reporting the bill.

In the House yesterday Mr. Lister moved for copies of correspondence between the Manufacturers' Insurance Company and the Superintendent of Insurance respecting the list of stockholders of said company in accordance with the statute in that behalt. Mr. Lister said he knew very little about the Manufacturers' Life, but he believed that the statutory returns made to the Superintendent of Insurance were not correct in many particulars.

Sir John Macdonald, President of the company, told the House that the gentlemen who composed the Board of Directors of the Manufacturers' Life were among the most wealthy and substantial in the country. When he made this statement he did not include himself. "My standing," said Sir John, "is political and not financial." He had nothing to shield in the company's affairs, and he promised that the papers would be brought down at once. "I am anxious," continued the Premier, "that if there is anything wrong that the fullest investigation should be made." The motion then passed.

The House had an extended sitting in committee on Mr. Kirkpatrick's reciprocal wrecking bill, and the bill now stands for a third reading. The bill since its introduction has been before a special committee and has been very much remodelled. The Committee of the Whole, after a long discussion, decided to adopt the amendment of the special committee and the bill will be reprinted to enable the members to understand it thoroughly.

Mr. Barron got his answer yesterday about Horse Island in Georgian Bay. Sir John Macdonald said that the island which contained 15,000 acres had been sold to a Mr. Cousens for $2000. The island contained a great deal of timber. It was sold under the provisions of the Manitoulin treaty of 1861. It is said that the purchaser had a great profit on his investment.

The House adjourned at midnight.

MINISTERS' EXPENSES.

A Lively Time in the Public Accounts Committee—Militia Clothing.

OTTAWA, March 13.—There was a field day in the Public Accounts Committee this morning. Seven members of the Cabinet were present to defend the various items which appear in the Auditor-General's report for their personal expenses when traveling. The Minister of Militia's expenses was the subject of a lively criticism from the Liberal members of the committee. His trip to British Columbia last summer cost $800. Auditor-General McDougall told the committee that he never asked a minister for vouchers or the details of their expenses when on Government business. He took it for granted that they only drew their actual expenditure.

Mr. Mulock called up the matter of supplying clothing to the militia of the Dominion. A great bundle of contracts and vouchers from the Department were placed on the table. Mr. Mulock questioned Col. Walker Powell, Adjutant-General, at length on the quality of clothing supplied the volunteers. Col. Powell said that while the clothing furnished by the Canadian manufacturers was not nearly as good as the English article, yet it was yearly becoming better. The Colonel said the principal trouble was in the dye. It appears that a great many complaints have been made against the quality of the clothing supplied and the Queen's Own of Toronto have ordered new uniforms from England. Mr. Mulock and his friends are evidently attempting to show that the supply of militia clothing in Canada is held by a monopoly and that in consequence the volunteers of the different regiments are the sufferers. The Minister of Militia maintains that the volunteers now are as well uniformed as to durability as when the goods came from England. More evidence is to be taken to-morrow.

The special committee to whom was referred Herman Cook's bill to compel railway companies to land their passengers in all cases on a platform and to call down the athletic baggage smasher this morning decided not to report the bill. The Minister of Justice set his seal of disapproval to the measure.

The bill of Mr. Burdett relating to the supply of skim milk to cheese and butter factories was also before the committee but no decision was arrived at.

Mr. Smith, M.P., president of the Canadian Clydesdale Association left for Toronto to-night to attend the annual fair of the association in the Queen City.

The Senate continued the debate to-day on Hon. John Macdonald's motion on extended trade with the West Indies and South America.

To-day the Speaker of the Senate entertained at luncheon the president and members of the Royal Canadian Academy of Art, at present in Ottawa, and the president and secretary and the officers of the Art Association of Ottawa.

MONTREAL MATTERS.

Another Circular From Mr. Wiman in the Telegraph Business.

MONTREAL, March 13.—The trial of John Benson for the murder of his wife, Bridget Doyle, was commenced in the Court of Queen's Bench to-day.

Frank Varey, an accountant in the employ of the liquidators of the Exchange Bank, is missing and so are the proceeds of an $800 check which he was sent to the Quebec Bank to deposit.

Erastus Wiman has issued another circular to the shareholders of the Montreal Telegraph Company, in which with a whine on one hand and a threat on the other he offers to pay a 6 per cent. dividend to settle all difficulties.

Southwold's Scourge.

ST. THOMAS, March 13.—Smallpox in Southwold continues its ravages. Notwithstanding the precautions of the Local Board of Health the latest reports state that there have been 31 cases to date and eleven deaths. The St. Thomas Board of Health has also made vigorous efforts to stamp out the disease and Assistant Superintendent Larmour of the G. T. R. has instructed conductors to guard against the spread of this disease by persons getting aboard the trains from infected districts.

The Case for The Times Closed.

LONDON, March 13.—At the sitting of the Parnell Commission to-day, Mr. Soames, solicitor for The Times, testified that he had found that the police of Cork believed Coffee, the Cork reporter, who testified yesterday that a statement he had made to a policeman was absolutely false. Coffee signed the statement in witness' office, and said he would testify that it was true. Coffee had not received the full sum to which he was entitled. Witnesses for The Times received from 10s to £3 3s daily.

On cross-examination by Mr. Biggar, Mr. Soames testified that he sent Kirby to America to see Sheridan, who asked £20,000 to come to London and testify for The Times. Witness on receipt of this information immediately recalled Kirby.

Levy, formerly a member of the Fenian Supreme Council, testified as to his experience as a member of that body. On cross-examination he admitted he had been imprisoned for a year for embezzling his employer's money. [Laughter.]

Attorney-General Webster then announced that the case for The Times was finished.

At the request of Sir Charles Russell, Justice Hannen ordered the release from prison of William O'Brien and Timothy Harrington, whom it is necessary for Sir Charles to consult, on condition that they abstained from agitation during their liberty.

Prior to the adjournment Sir Charles Russell asked the court whether it was prepared to express judgment regarding the question of an interim report on the forged letters.

Presiding Justice Hannen said: "We are not prepared to give an answer limiting our freedom of action. The extraordinary circumstances attending the withdrawal of the letters speak for themselves. No report can enhance or diminish their effect. But we have not yet come to a decision as regards the making of a report."

The commission then adjourned until April 2.

A WISE CONCLUSION.

Years ago we decided that we would handle only such goods as we could recommend to our customers as good value for the money. The result is we have established a reputation for selling the best wearing Boots and Shoes in the locality, and our trade has increased while others have decreased. Our new Spring Stock has again been selected with the same care.

HAINES & LOCKETT.

STOCK COMPLETE!

IN ALL DEPARTMENTS.
With the finest assortment of Embroideries in the city.
With the best value in Cashmeres and Dress Materials.
With the most complete stock of Staples AT OLD PRICES.
With the Gents' Furnishing Dep't full of new things for Spring and Summer wear.
With the Tweed store full of nobby Pantings, Suitings and Spring Overcoats.

J. HENNESSY.

The Weavers' Struggle.

FALL RIVER, Mass., March 13.—The third day of the big struggle between manufacturers and weavers shows the situation to be practically unchanged and there are no indications of yielding on either side. About 1000 looms are running but many of the factories have abandoned all attempts to work their weaving departments. It looks as if the spinners would soon be out of employment as there is now yarn enough on hand to furnish a supply for some time to come.

Continued Hostilities in Hayti.

NEW YORK, March 13.—Advices from Hayti received to-day show that hostilities between Legitime and Hyppolite are still in progress. Legitime's warship Dessalines arrived off Gonaives recently and was fired upon by two forts. On Feb. 26 a report was current that the Dessalines had been struck by three shots and that she had foundered off St. Marc. The southern army burned the town of Grand Saline and committed many outrages on the females.

A Row in a Life Insurance Co.

NEW YORK, March 13.—The annual meeting of the policy holders of the Mutual Benefit Life Association of America was held here to-day and Policy holder Anthony Comstock and a score of other policy holders raised the biggest kind of a row. They assert that the management of the company is corrupt and that its funds have been misappropriated.

A Spanish Steamer Wrecked.

MADRID, March 13.—The Government has received despatches announcing the loss of the steamer Remus, which had a Spanish military expedition on board. The vessel was wrecked off the Philippine Islands. Forty-two persons were drowned and 127 were saved.

A Celestial's Purchase of Opium.

PORT HURON, Mich., March 13.—An auction sale of 42 boxes and 70 cans of seized opium took place at the Custom House in this city yesterday. Lee Pond, a Chinaman from New York, was the successful bidder, paying $3.90 each for boxes, $3.20 for 30 cans and $3.95 for 40 cans.

T. JEFFERSON JONES.

The Singular Experience of a Man who was Always Content.

In my vivid and variegated career as a newspaper man I have met with many unique characters, but with none more novel than a certain T. Jefferson Jones, of Arkanasaw. I was running a paper, or, rather, it was running me into debt, when Mr. Jones appeared upon the scene of action, subscribed for my great moral rejuvenator, and went his way. A few weeks later I happened to be passing his little plantation on horse-back. He was sitting out on his gallery, and I saw at a glance that he had lost a leg since his call at my office.

"Why," I cried, checking my horse, "I hadn't heard of your accident. I am ever so sorry. How did it happen?"

"Keers—dem daim Yaukee keers at Li'l Rock. Allers said sumfin ud happen. N' matter. Kim pow'ful nigh er sloshin' off both o' mer shanks. Nothin's so bad but what hit mout be wuss."

As I rode in through the sunlight I thought of the little lesson I had learned from that poor, unlettered, crippled, yet contented man. There was a warble of mocking birds in the crystal air, as they dropped from bough to bough of the bloomy magnolias, but I hardly heard them, for I was absorbed in thought. Here I was, a strong, healthy young fellow, beating aggressively against the prison bars of fate. Discontented—yet, why not? I don't believe that "contentment is better than wealth." If we were all satisfied with our lot there would be no progress. Humanity would simply sit down, twirl its thumbs, and regard itself with a serene conceit.

Next day, as I was writing a very exhaustive, not to say exhausting, local, a man came in to borrow a chew of tobacco from my foreman, and incidentally remarked that the home of my friend Jones had been burned the night before.

I saw the unfortunate man a week or so later and began condoling with him on his loss.

"Yaas, hit was putty bad, sah, an' not er cent er 'surance; but hit mouter been wus. You see, mer wife an' chillun 'scaped. Couldn't save the househol' truck, but saved their lives, an' I'm thankful. 'Sides that, ther neighbors whut was sorter down on us—lookin' on us ez bein' biggoty laik—hez been ez kind ez kind sence the fiah, an' ole man Barfield is er gwine to make me erstistent postmaster. Oh, yaas, I'm thankful."

The next time I saw the irrepressible Jones he had only one arm.

"Why, how did this happen?" I queried.

"Dis ahm?"

"Yes."

"Ho, that's nothin'! I'm er fort'nate man that hit wa'nt both ahm. Feller shot at me twicet. Plugged the left un an' clipped ther sleeve o' this'n. Mouter been wuss. Still, hit lost me mer place at the Pos'-office, for hit were the son o' the Pos'master what projicked with me, an' the ole man tuck his part—kicked ma outer mer place ter boot. But this ahm's all right yit, an' I'm precious thankful that hit wuz the lef' one I lost."

The next time I met him he was out of work, out of money, but by no means out of hope.

"Kin ye let a feller hev four bits?" he inquired.

I fished in my pocket and could only find a quarter.

"Sorry," I said, handing it to him, "but that's all I have convenient."

He took the quarter, and his eyes sparkled at the sight of it.

"Needn' ter be sorry. Whoopee! A hull quarter! Why, hit might only er been five cents!"

And he hied himself to the first saloon, the happiest man in town.—N. Y. Mercury.

Force the hot-bed plants so as to have them well advanced when the season opens.

Wished he was Adam.

Willie (after receiving a severe reprimand from his father)—Pa, I wish I was Adam.

Mr. B.—And why do you wish that, my son?

'Cause he had no daddy ter lick 'im.

She (tremulously)—"George, papa threatens to turn off the gas if you stay after ten o'clock to-night." He (delightedly)—"Let him, let him. That's just what I want! He can't say I did it."

IMPERIAL
CREAM TRADE MARK TARTAR
BAKING
POWDER
PUREST, STRONGEST, BEST,
CONTAINS NO
Alum, Ammonia, Lime, Phosphates,
OR ANY INJURIOUS SUBSTANCE.
E. W. GILLETT, TORONTO, ONT. CHICAGO, ILL.
MANUFACTURER OF
THE CELEBRATED ROYAL YEAST CAKES.

At FISH'S.

New Kid Gloves,
New Neckwear,
New Regatta Shirts,
New White Shirts,
New Spring Shirting
IN STOCK TO-DAY.

A. E. FISH & CO.,
The noted Shirt Makers and Gents' Furnishers, 260 Front St.

DISEASED .·. BLOOD

SCROFULOUS, INHERITED AND CONTAGIOUS HUMORS CURED BY CUTICURA.

Through the medium of one of your books received through Mr. Frank T. Wray, Druggist, Apollo, Pa., I became acquainted with your CUTICURA REMEDIES, and take this opportunity to testify to you that their use has permanently cured me of one of the worst cases of blood poisoning, in connection with erysipelas, that I have ever seen, and this after having been pronounced incurable by some of the best physicians in our country. I take great pleasure in forwarding to you this testimonial, unsolicited by you, in order that others suffering from similar maladies may be encouraged to give your CUTICURA REMEDIES a trial.
P. S. WHITLINGER, Leechburg, Pa.
Reference F. T. WRAY, Druggist, Apollo, Pa.

SCROFULOUS ULCERS.

JAMES E. Richardson, Custom House, New Orleans, on oath says: "In 1870 Scrofulous Ulcers broke out on my body until I was a mass of corruption. Everything known to the medical faculty was tried in vain. I became a mere wreck. At times could not lift my hands to my head, could not turn in bed; was in constant pain, and looked upon life as a curse. No relief or cure in ten years. In 1880 I heard of the CUTICURA REMEDIES, used them, and was perfectly cured."
Sworn to before U. S. Com. J.D. CRAWFORD.

ONE OF THE WORST CASES.

We have been selling your CUTICURA REMEDIES for years, and have the first complaint yet to receive from a purchaser. One of the worst cases of Scrofula I ever saw was cured by the use of five bottles of CUTICURA RESOLVENT, CUTICURA, and CUTICURA SOAP. The Soap takes the "cake" here as a medicinal soap.
TAYLOR & TAYLOR, Druggists,
Frankfort, Kan.

SCROFULOUS, INHERITED,

And Contagious Humors, with Loss of Hair, and Eruptions of the Skin, are positively cured by CUTICURA and CUTICURA SOAP externally, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT internally, when all other medicines fail.

Sold everywhere. Price, CUTICURA 75c; SOAP 35c.; RESOLVENT, $1.50. Prepared by the POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO., Boston, Mass.
☞Send for "How to Cure Skin Diseases," 64 pages, 50 illustrations, and 100 testimonials.

PIMPLES, black-heads, chapped and oily skin prevented by CUTICURA MEDICATED SOAP.

UTERINE PAINS

And Weakness instantly relieved by the CUTICURA ANTI-PAIN PLASTER, a Perfect Antidote to Pain, Inflammation and Weakness. A new, instantaneous and infallible pain-killing plaster. 30 cents.

IMPERIAL FEDERATION.

A PUBLIC MEETING will be held in the Opera House, on FRIDAY EVENING, THE 15TH INST., under the auspices of the Local Branch of the League, when an address will be delivered by the REV. G. M. GRANT, D. D., Principal of Queen's University; on "Australia, Canada and Great Britain." All are invited. Chair taken at 8 o'clock.
R. PURDY, Secretary. W. B. NORTHRUP, Chairman.
Belleville, March 11th, 1889. 266d3t

Lake Winnipeg White Fish
Salmon Trout,
Salt Water Salmon,
Finnan Haddies,
Boneless Codfish,
Roll Butter,
Fresh Eggs,
Sugar Syrups,
A. KNOX.

VETERINARY.

T. PURVIS, Veterinary Surgeon, Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College, Toronto, Member of Ontario Vet. Society. Office, rooms formerly occupied by Dr. Douglas, Front St. References—J. P. Wiser & Son, and Ed. Rooney, Prescott. 263d&wtf

WINTER SERVICE.

---ALLAN LINE---

Steamships	*Fr. Portland*	*Fr. Halifax*
Polynesian	21 Feb.	23 Feb.
Sardinian	7 Mar.	9 Mar.
Circassian	21 "	23 "
Parisian	4 April	6 April
Polynesian	18 "	20 "
Sardinian	2 May	4 May

Circassian from Quebec May 10th.

The steamers from Portland via Halifax call at Londonderry on their passage to and from Liverpool, to embark and land mails and passengers.

The steamers from Halifax via St. Johns, Nfd., call at Queenstown on their passages to and from Britain.

Steamers leave Portland on arrival of train leaving Belleville Wednesday noon, and Halifax on arrival of train leaving Belleville Thursday noon.

Passengers proceeding by steamers calling at St. Johns, Nfd., will leave Belleville on Friday noon train.

RATES OF OCEAN PASSAGE:

Cabin, $50.00, $65.00 and $75.00 according to accommodation. Intermediate, $30.00. Steerage, $20.00. Return Tickets, Cabin, $100, $125.00, $150.00. Intermediate, $60.00. Steerage $40.00.

Steerage passengers are booked to and from Queenstown, Derry, Belfast, London and Glasgow at same rates as Liverpool.

Intermediate passangers are forwarded to and from Glasgow and Liverpool by rail without extra charge.

CABIN PASSENGERS

are supplied with a very liberal table, and everything necessary except wines and liquors, which can be had on board at moderate prices.

Each passanger is allowed twenty cubic feet of baggage free.

THE INTERMEDIATE.

Superior accommodation is offered in the INTERMEDIATE, which in every respect is equal to what is called Second Cabin in some lines sailing from New York.

The Intermediate Cabins on all our ships are well situated, perfectly ventilated and are entirely distinct from the Steerage. Steward and Stewardesses to each vessel. Passangers in the Intermediate are found with everything.

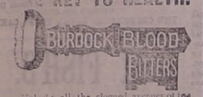
THE STEERAGES

are large and exceedingly well lighted and ventilated, are fitted up in rooms, each passanger having a seperate sleeping berth. A Stewardess is appointed to each steamer.

For tickets and all information apply to

U. E. THOMPSON,
General Ticket Agent,
Bridge St. Belleville.

KEY TO HEALTH.



Unlocks all the clogged avenues of the Bowels, Kidneys and Liver, carrying off gradually without weakening the system, all the impurities and foul humors of the secretions; at the same time Correcting Acidity of the Stomach, curing Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Headaches, Dizziness, Heartburn, Constipation, Dryness of the Skin, Dropsy, Dimness of Vision, Jaundice, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Scrofula, Fluttering of the Heart, Nervousness and General Debility; all these and many other similar Complaints yield to the happy influence of BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS.

Sample Bottles 10c; Regular size $1.

For sale by all dealers.

T. MILBURN & CO., Proprietors, Toronto.

Manufacturers Life & Accident
INSURANCE COMPANIES.

Combined authorized capital	$3,000,000
Combined subscribed capital	739,700
Combined cash capital	150,760
Combined insurance received (1888)	9,575,525

President—Sir John A. Macdonald.
Vice Presidents { Geo. Gooderham, Esq., William Bell, Esq.
Secretary and Treasurer—J. L. Kerr, Esq.
Managers for Eastern Ontario, Peterboro—Wilson & Morrison.

R. CROFT HULME
Agent, Belleville.

Agents wanted.

This Company wrote the largest amount of new business of any company in Canada in 1888. It has the largest capital and the strongest Board of Directors of any company in the Dominion.

ARMBRECHT'S

TONIC COCA WINE

FOR **FATIGUE** OF MIND AND BODY AND SLEEPLESSNESS.

"Experience and scientific analysis reveal to us in Coca the most tonic plant in the Vegetable Kingdom."—*Manuel Fuentes.*

"It (Coca) is, in a word, the most powerful restorer of the vital forces."—*Dr Schmalk.*

ARMBRECHT'S COCA WINE, though more tonic in its properties than Iron or Quinine,

NEVER CONSTIPATES.

See Medical Reviews. For sale by leading druggists throughout the world.

ARMBRECHT, NELSON & CO.
2 Duke St., Grosvenor Sq.,
LONDON.

Pond-Lily-Cream.

A delightful Toilet article. Not a face paint or powder; does not cover over but cures. Used in connection with Pond Lily Liver Pellets and Pond Lily Soap most effectually and positively removes Pimples, Freckles, Tan, Black Specks, Blotches, allays all irritation after shaving, or any itchiness of the skin from whatever cause and all roughness from the face, hands, neck and arms, leaving them beautifully white and velvety. Sold by wholesale dealers and druggists everywhere. Pond Lily Cream, 25 cents; Pond Lily Liver Pellets, 25 cents; Pond Lily Skin Soap, 15 cents. S. PERRIN, Chemist, Manufacturer and Proprietor for Canada.

PILES! PILES! PILES!

Dr. William's Indian Pile Ointment is a sure cure for Blind, Bleeding or Itching Piles. No one need suffer. Prepared for Piles only. It never fails to cure. Sold by druggists for $1.00, or mailed on receipt of price. WILLIAMS M'f'g Co., Cleveland, Ohio.

Partly Gave up.

"In the year 1885 I coughed for six months, and having unsuccessfully tried many remedies, I partly gave up, thinking I had consumption. At last I tried Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam, less than one bottle of which cured me, leaving me as well as ever I was." Henry W. Carns, Wabash, Ont.

Give Them a Chance?

That is to say, your lungs. Also all your breathing machinery. Very wonderful machinery it is. Not only the larger air-passages, but the thousands of little tubes and cavities leading from them.

When these are clogged and choked with matter which ought not to be there, your lungs cannot half do their work. And what they do they cannot do well.

Call it cold, cough, croup, pneumonia, catarrh, consumption or any of the family of throat and nose and lung obstructions, all are bad. All ought to be got rid of. There is just one sure way to get rid of them. That is to take Boschee's German Syrup, which any druggist will sell you at 75 cents a bottle. Even if everything else has failed you, you may depend upon this for certain.

Nothing Like it.

"I was troubled with liver complaint for a good many years, but was cured by one bottle of Burdock Blood Bitters. I have never found any medicine to help me like B. B. B., in fact one bottle made a complete cure." W. J. West, Parkhill, Ont.

FEVER AND AGUE AND BILIOUS DERANGEMENTS are positively cured by the use of Parmelee's Pills. They not only cleanse the stomach and bowels from all bilious matter, but they open the excretory vessels, causing them to pour copious effusions from the blood into the bowels, after which the corrupted mass is thrown out by the natural passage of the body. They are used as a general family medicine with the best results.

To lessen mortality and stop the inroads of disease, use Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and Dyspeptic Cure. For all diseases arising from Impure Blood, such as Pimples, Blotches, Biliousness, Indigestion, etc., etc., it has no equal. Mrs. Thomas Smith, Elm, writes: "I am using this medicine for Dyspepsia; I have tried many remedies, but this is the only one that has done me any good."

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP should always be used when children are cutting teeth. It relieves the little sufferer at once; it produces natural, quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakens as "bright as a button." It is very pleasant to taste. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP," and take no other kind. 3d&wly

Nothing so suddenly obstructs the perspiration as sudden transitions from heat to cold. Heat rarifies the blood, quickens the circulation and increases the perspiration, but when these are suddenly checked the consequences must be bad. The most common cause of disease is obstructed perspiration, or what commonly goes by the name of catching cold. Coughs, colds, sore throat, etc, if attended to in time are easily subdued, but allowed to run their own course, generally prove the fore-runner of more dangerous diseases. Nine-tenths of the consumptives date their affliction from a neglected cold, and the diseases that are caused by wet feet, damp clothes, or exposure are more numerous than are generally supposed. One of the most efficacious medicines for all diseases of the throat and lungs is Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup. It promotes a free and easy expectoration, which frees the lungs from viscid phlegm by changing the secretions from a diseased to a healthy stat

Rest and Comfort to the Suffering.

"Brown's Household Panacea" has no equal for relieving pain, both internal and external. It cures Pain in the Side, Back or Bowels, Sore Throat, Rheumatism, Toothache, Lumbago and any kind of a Pain or Ache. "It will most surely quicken the Blood and Heal, as its acting power is wonderful." "Brown's Household Panacea," being acknowledged as the great Pain Reliever, and of double the strength of any other Elixir or Liniment in the world, should be in every family handy for use when wanted, "as it really is the best remedy in the world for Cramps in the Stomach, and Pains and Aches of all kinds," and is for sale by all Druggists at 25 cts a bottle.

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, *Station D, New York City.*

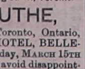
COMING!
COMING!

RUPTURE

The last 25 years I have adjusted more Trusses than any man in America. Valuable Patents, my own invention, in Trusses, Spinal and Club Feet Instruments.

Rupture—I will guarantee to hold largest Rupture without touching your hip, no straps whatsoever, waterproof. Largest stock of general Trusses, also the great Cluthe Spiral Trusses in stock. Reliable system for ORDERING BY MAIL.

Spinal Instruments half the weight of other makes and more effective.



CLUB FEET I claim the only mechanical system to straighten born Club Feet (Patented.) I will prove to anybody that operation never did nor can straighten Club Feet. Send 6 cent stamps for Book.

CHAS. CLUTHE, 118 King St. W., Toronto.

CHAS. CLUTHE,

of 118 King St. West, Toronto, Ontario, will be at the QUEEN'S HOTEL, BELLEVILLE, Friday and Saturday, MARCH 15TH and 16TH. Call early and avoid disappointment. NO FAILURE. Will hold the most OBSTINATE cases of RUPTURE WITH EASE AND COMFORT.

Luxuriant Growths of Hair

are seen on the heads of all who use

DR. DORENWEND'S

Great German Hair Magic.

The equal of this great preparation is yet to be found. It is an unfailing restorer for Gray Hair. It stops and prevents all falling out of the hair. It removes all Dandruff and keeps the scalp clean. On Bald Heads (if there are but the faintest traces of roots) the "Magic" will produce a fine growth. Will you try it? or will you let your hair go and become prematurely old? What do you say?

All druggists, everywhere, have it for sale. Ask for it. Do not let the druggist tell you he has "something just as good." Many have dead stock of other hair tonics on hand and try to shove them off in this way.

See that each bottle bears seal and signature of

A. DORENWEND,
Sole Manufacturer,
Paris Hair Works, 103 & 105 Yonge St.,
Toronto, Ontario.

☞ Bangs, Frontpieces, Waves, Wigs, Switches, Gents' Wigs, Toupees and Hair Goods of all kinds are supplied by A. Dorenwend. Send to above address for circulars and prices.

Railway Time Tables.

Grand Trunk Railway.

Trains arrive at and depart from Belleville Station as follows:

GOING EAST.

		Arrive.	Leave.
No. 1	Mail	12.25 p. m.	12.30 p. m.
No. 3	Mail Fast	12.45 a. m.	12.50 a. m.
No. 11	Mixed	8.05 p. m.	8.15 p. m.
No. 13	do		7.00 a. m.

GOING WEST.

		Arrive.	Leave.
No. 2	Mail	5.50 p. m.	5.55 p. m
No. 4	do	4.00 a. m.	4.05 a. m.
No. 6	do Fast	6.55 a. m.	7.00 a. m.
No. 14	Mixed	11.00 a. m.	11.55 a. m.
No. 16	do	11.10 p. m.	

MIDLAND RAILWAY.

GRAND JUNCTION DIVISION.

Going West. (Leave.)	
Mail	5:45 a. m.
Mixed	4:30 p. m

Going East. (Arrive.)	
Mail	4:30 p. m.
Mixed	11 50 a. m.

MADOC DIVISION.

Going North. (Leave.)	
Mixed	12:25 p. m.
Mixed	4:30 p. m.

Going South. (Arrive.)	
Mixed	9:00 a. m.
Mixed	4 30 p. m.

CENTRAL ONTARIO RAILWAY.

PICTON DIVISION.

Leave G.T.R. Jct.	7:20 a.m.	12:50 p.m.
Arrive Picton	8:44 "	2:50 "
Leave Picton	9:05 "	3:45 "
Arrive G.T.R. Jct.	10:30 "	5:25 "

COE HILL DIVISION.

Train for Coe Hill 9:35 a m, 12:30 p m; Trenton Junction 15m later; Mid Ry. J'ct. 10:28 a m, 3:23 p m; C. P. R J'ct. 11 a m, 4:30 p m; ElDorado 11:45 a m, 5:15 p m. Arr. Coe Hill 1:30 p m, 6:50 p m. Coe Hill for Trenton: 6 a m, 2:20 p m; ElDorado 7:45 a m, 3:47 p m; C. P. R. Jc't 8:40 a m, 4:30 p m; Mid. Ry. J'ct. 9:15 a m, 4:57 p m; G. T. J'ct. 9:50 a m, 5:30 p m; arr. Trenton 10:05 a m, 5:42 p m.

Daily Intelligencer.

RIGHTED AT LAST.

A STORY OF NEW ENGLAND LIFE.

A child of our grandmother Eve, a female;
Or, for thy more sweet understanding, a woman.
Love's Labor Lost.

CHAPTER XXII.

A HUMBLE COMPANION.

It is not necessary that I should enter into the details of the life of a 'humble companion,' and mine, in the service of Miss Annesley, must have been a pleasant exception to the general rule. She was kind and just, very much devoted to the usages and traditions of her family, very fond of old friends and old books: and the reader must fancy me reading aloud Milton, Shakespere, Cowper, and Thompson, but much oftener from the volumes of the *Rambler* and *Spectator*, her smiles growing, and her eyes brighter at the stately courtesy of good old Sir Roger de Coverly, until I came to take her for the living representative of the lady whose perfections drew from him that most graceful of all compliments:

'She is as inimitable by all women, as she is inaccessible to all men!'

The house contained a large and valuable library, to which I had free access; and here, among works of rare wisdom, I found those lighter tales which, under Mr. Tyler's rule, had tempted me into the pit of falsehood, many of which I now read aloud as a part of my duty. But the apartments on the first floor presented quite a contrast to our quiet life. Miss Annesley, with rare generosity, had left her guests free to enjoy themselves. They had many friends and acquaintances in the city, and the house was often full of company. I often amused myself by watching from the window the elegantly-dressed ladies and gentlemen who came to call on the Lloyds. Sometimes I caught the subdued murmurs of their voices, or a voice of silvery laughter, as I passed throught the hall, and I used to wonder if they were born to a life of doubt, and care, and sorrow, like myself. The Lloyds usually passed an hour or so in Miss Annesley's room after dinner, but as they never, after that first day, seemed to notice me any more than they did any other piece of furniture, I gladly availed myself of my mistress's permission to take this time for a walk, and my first thought was find little Adeline Leete. I had her address, 160, Mulberry Street, and, not caring to take a servant with me, I studied the great plan of the city hanging in one of the back halls, until I felt quite sure I could find my way there alone. I knew nothing of the city save a few streets in the vincinity of Bleecker, leading to Washington Square, and Broadway, and, when I had crossed that great thoroughfare, and turned into Mulberry, my heart almost failed me. Broken pavements; tumbling, old houses; filth of all description; stenches of all odors; ghoul-like swine, that ought long ago to have perished in the water, like their devil-infested progenitors in Galilee; lean, hungry-eyed, snarling curs, hunting for bones; reeking gutters—could any human being live in such a place as this!—especially Uncle Steve's Bluebird—that little tender thing—who, as he once told me, 'needed broodin' so much!'

I thought of the Cove, the fresh sea-breeze, the broad, yellow beach, the gleaming glittering, blue water, the tidy cottage overshadowed by the giant pine, and grew sick and faint at the contrast. I paused before one of the houses, and said: 'She is dead; you might as well expect to find here the wild-flower of the woods.' But there were children there—dirty, scrofulous, pale-faced, little creatures; and on the window ledge, away up near the roof of one of these houses, was a pot containing some kind of a plant. Children and flowers, but, dear Heaven, what a new sense of possibilities of life I gained during that walk! The sight of these gave me courage, and I pushed on until I stood before the house bearing the number I sought. A slatternly-looking woman opened the door, and, in answer to my inquiry, directed me to the 'third floor, front.' I gave a glance of dismay at the filthy stairs, which seemed but a continuation of the street, but, with Birdie so near, I was not to be turned back. I ascended rapidly and knocked at the number which the woman had indicated. A voice said, 'Come in,' but the tone was so unlike the gleeful one I remembered that I hesitated, and opened the door very carefully. But there she stood, the darling, as I put back my veil, and walked forward to meet her, I saw a flash of surprise steal over her face; her drooping eyelids raised wide with wonder, just as was her wont when Uncle Steve told some tale more marvellous than any that had gone before, and the next instant she was in my arms, her face buried in my shoulder, crying:

'O Lina—Lina!'

I could have wept also, but I knew that would not do; so I half carried her across the room, no great distance, to a miserable old lounge, and let her weep, while I began to give an account of my endeavors to find her; I hardly knew or cared what I said, so that it calmed and diverted her mind from the direction which I knew it must have taken.

At last she lifted her head, but, without the slightest effort to move otherwise, said:

'I must cry, Lina; I am so glad, you can't think how glad, to see you! It reminds me so of Uncle Steve and the dear old days!'

'Yes, they were indeed dear old days,' I said, involuntarily.

Again her head was laid on my shoulder, but it was as quickly raised, and, dashing away her tears, she said, quickly:

'You must not think because I cry, that I'm not happy, Lina. Of course I am, and ought to be, but it's so different. One can never be a child but once, and I suppose that's what makes once feel so sad when thinking about them.'

She withdrew from my arms, and sat erect with a little attempt at wisdom and dignity, which poorly hid from my eyes the little trembling heart; but now, for the first time, I got a full view of her face. It was fair, sweet, childish, lovable still, but thinner and paler, and there was a shadow about her eyes, and a tremulous curve at her lip, that convinced me that something more than regrets for a vanished childhood had been at work within. I took this in at a glance, for I could not bear that she should suspect my thoughts, while I asked:

'How do you busy yourself, Birdie? Have you made many acquaintances?'

'No; some people whom Henry knew called here, and we have been out a few times, but city people seem different from those at home; besides, I havn't cared to go out much, lately. I havn't been very well.'

'Well, now I am in the city, I shall look after you,' I said, cheerfully, for the attempt at matronly dignity was all gone, and in its place a look of weariness that made me inexpressibly sad. Do you like boarding?'

'No; I would rather keep house, and we mean to as soon as Henry can find suitable rooms—such as we can afford to take, for rent is so high here, Lina.'

'Yes, I suppose so. But if you could keep house, you would have more to occupy you, though I suppose Mr. Heath spends all his leisure with you, now.'

It was a home question, I knew, but I must know something of this husband.

'Oh, yes—that is, when he can. But he is very much confined, poor fellow, and when he has a leisure evening it seems hard to keep him cooped up here. Men can't content themselves as easily as we do; besides, I am afraid I am sometimes stupid, especially of late—but, by-and-bye, I suppose,—I believe, we shall have something to keep us both busy.'

(*To be continued*).

A Dreadful Doom.

To be unable to satisfy hunger without being distressed by heartburn, indigestion, sick stomach, dizziness or faintness, seems a dreadful doom. All who suffer thus will find prompt relief and permanent cure in Burdock Blood Bitters. B.B.B. *positively cures* dyspepsia in any form.

The Loss of the Hair

Is a great misfortune and the sight of a bald head should be a warning to you to take the best possible care of your hair. A little of Dr. Dorenwend's "Hair Magic" used occasionally will prevent all chances of its falling out or turning gray, and will remove all traces of dandruff. Every druggist has it in stock. Ask for it.

Common Croup

Is often fatal when not remedied in time. Leslie B. Nicholson, Wellesley Ave., Toronto, says: "As a quick cure for croup, colds, sore throat, chilblains, etc., I can recommend Hagyard's Yellow Oil." It is a sure cure. Directions accompany each bottle

CONSUMPTION CURED.

An old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Asthma and all Throat and Lung Affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Complaints, after havidg tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive and a desire to relieve human suffering, I will send free of charge, to all who desire it, this receipt, in German, French or English, with full directions for preparing and using. Sent by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper. W. A. NOYES, *149 Power Block, Rochester, N. Y.*

FARMS FOR SALE.

THE undersigned is instructed to sell on EASY TERMS the following FARMS, situated in the County of Hastings:

TOWNSHIP OF TUDOR.

Lots Nos. 27 and 28, South-west side of Hastings Road, 100 acres.

LIMERICK.

Lots Nos. 53 and 54, 2nd con, east Hastings Road, 100 acres.

MONTEAGLE.

Lot No. 30, 16th con., 101 acres.

WICKLOW.

Lot No. 29, 1st con., 101 acres.

CARLOW.

Lots Nos. 24 and 25, 7th con., 200 acres. Lots Nos. 24 and 25, 8th con., 200 acres. Lot No 28, 8th con., 100 acres. Lots Nos. 24 and 25, 15th con., 199 acres.

Titles are perfect. Apply to

JAMES BOOTH,
Real Estate Agent, Belleville.

Office corner Pinnacle and Bridge Sts., up stairs.
Feb. 28, '89. d30tw3m

GERMAN SHEET MIRROR.

We can supply any of the regular stock sizes in German Sheet Mirror and cut these to replace breakages.

L. W. YEOMANS & CO.

NERVOUS DEBILITY.

NERVOUS DEBILITY, EXHAUSTING, Vital Drains (caused by early indiscretions), effectually cured. Syphilitic affections and all bad blood and skin diseases arising there from thoroughly eradicated. Varicocele cured without operation. Impotence, or premature decline of the manly powers, and all diseases of the genito-urinary organs a specialty. It makes no difference who has failed to cure you. Skill and experience important. A friendly letter or call may save you a great deal of misery and add years to your life. Consultation FREE. Medicines sent to any address. DR. REEVE, 337 Jarvis St., Toronto. 59d&wly

---

BELLEVILLE POST OFFICE.

MAILS	Close	Due for Delivery.
East per G. T. R., including Maritime Provinces, and Picton	11:45 a. m. 10:00 p. m.	6:00 p. m 7:30 a. m.
West per G. T. R., including Western States, Manitoba and the North-West Territories	5.05 p.m. 10.00 p.m.	1:00 p. m. 7:30 a. m.
East and West, per G. T. R., closes on Sunday at 10 p. m.		
Marysville, Shannonville, per G. T. R.	11:45 a. m.	6:00 p. m
Belleville Station, postage one cent	7.30 a. m. 5.05 p. m.	8.30 a. m. 6.00 p. m.
G'd Junction Ry., main line, including Peterboro', Stirling,	10.00 p. m	5:00 p. m.
Madoc, per Grand Junction Ry, including Queensboro, Cooper, Rimington, Bridgewater, and the Flats	11:45 a. m.	5:00 p. m.
Madoc Route, per stage	1:00 p. m.	12:00 noon.
Bancroft, Coe Hill, Marmora and all offices in North Hastings per Trenton and Coe Hill Railway	5 05 p. m. 10:00 p. m.	:30 a. m.
Bridgewater Route per stage, including Stoco daily	1:00 p. m.	12:00 noon.
Moira, Phillipston, Bogart, on Monday, Wednesday and Friday	1:00 p. m.	12:00 noon.
Fuller, on Tuesday and Friday	1:00 p. m.	12:00 noon.
Wallbridge, on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
Ameliasburg Route, per stage, including Mountain View and Crofton	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
Albury on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
Sidney Crossing, Wednesday and Saturday	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
Bay Side, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
British Mails, via New York, Monday and Thursday	11:45 a. m	
" " via Halifax, Canadian line Thursday	11:45 a. m.	

Postage, 5c. per ½ oz. by each route. Registration fee, 5c.

Money Orders granted on all Money Order offices in Canada, the United Kidgdom, France and Algeria, the United States, Newfoundland, Jamaica, Victoria (Australia), New South South Wales, Queensland, New Zealand Tasinania, Constantinople (Turkey), Gibraltar, Smyrna, Panama (British agency), Austria, Hungary, Belgium, China (See Hong-Kong), Denmark, including Iceland and the Faroe Islands, Danish West Indies, Dutch, East Indies, Egypt, Germam empire (which includes 26 States), Holland, (Netherlands), Italy, Japan, Norway, Portugal, including Madiera and the Azores, Romania, Sweden, Switzerland, British India, including Aden, Bagdad, Bandor, Abas, Bushire, Busrah, Guadur, Jask, Linga, Muscat and Zanzibar, Ceylon, Hong Kong, including Amoy, Canton, Foo Chow, Han Kow Hoi-how. Ningpo Shanghai and Swatow, North Borneo, Strait Settlements, Bermuda, Falkland Islands, South and West Africa, including Cape Colony, Gambia, Gold Coast, Lagos, Mauritius Natal, St. Helena, Seychelles Islands, Sierra, Leone, West Indies including Antignu, Bahams, Barbadoes, British Guiana, Dominica, Grenada, Honduras, (British), Montserrat, Nevis, St. Kitts, St. Lucia, St. Vincent, Tobago, Trinidad, Turk's Islands, South Australia, Western Australia, Azores Islands, Madera Islands.

Deposits received, under the regulations of the Post Office Savings' Bank, between the hours of 9 a. m. and 4 p. m.

Registered Letters must be posted 15 minutes before the close of each mail.
Street letter boxes emptied at 10 a. m. and 8 p. m.
Office hours, 7:30 a. m. to 6:30 p. m., Sundays excepted.

FOREIGN POSTAGE.

Canada having been admitted into the Postal Union, there is a re-arrangement of Postage rates, as follows:—

For Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Iceland, Egypt, France, Algeria, Germany, Gibraltar, Great Britain and Ireland, Greece, Italy, Luxembourg, Malta, Montenegro, Netherlands, Norway, Persia, Portugal, Azores, Roumania, Russia, St. Pierre, Servia, Spain, the Canary Islands, Sweden, Switzerland and Turkey. And via United States:—Bermuda, Bahamas, Cuba, Danish Colonies of St. Thomas, St. John, St. Croix, Jamaica, Japan and Porto Rico (Newfoundland is now in the Postal Union, but rates remain as before.) Letters, 5 cents per ½ oz. Postal cards, 2 cents each. Newspapers, 2 cents for 4 oz. Registration fee, 5 cents.

For Aden, Argentine Confederation, Brazil, British Guinea, Ceylon, Greenland, Freno Colonies in Asia, Africa, Oceanica and America, except St. Pierre and Miquelon, Persia, Persian Gulf, Portuguese Colonies in Asia, Africa and Oceanica, Trinidad, Spanish Colonies Africa, Oceanica and America, except Cuba and Porto Rico, Straits settlements in Singapor Penany and Malacca:—Letters, 10 cents per ½ oz. Post cards, 4 cents each. Newspapers, cents for 4 oz. Books, &c., 4 cents for 4 oz. Other Registration fees, 10 cents.

West India Islands, via Halifax, same rate as formerly. Prepayment by stamp in all cases.

J. H. MEACHAM
Postmaster

---NEW---

SPRING GOODS!

New Embroideries,
New Prints,
New Tweeds,
New Carpets,
New Curtain Materials,
New Cornice Poles,
New Window Shades.

GEORGE RITCHIE & CO'S.

California Evaporated Fruits!

NECTARINES,	PEACHES,
APRICOTS,	CHERRIES,
PRUNELLES, PLUMS,	CRYSTALIZED FIGS.

CONGER BROS.

Sun Life Assurance Company
OF CANADA.

I have great pleasure in announcing to the Policy-holders and friends of the Company that the Applications for New Life Assurances received during the year 1887 were again larger than in any previous year in the Company's history, being more than $3,500,000, on which policies were issued for over $3,000,000. The year's operations have also resulted in a large and very satisfactory addition to the assets, which now amount to over $1,750,000.

AGENTS WANTED ON SALARY.

W. T. McINTYRE,
General Agent, Belleville.

BURDOCK PILLS

SUGAR COATED.

A SURE CURE FOR BILIOUSNESS, CONSTIPATION, INDIGESTION, DIZZINESS, SICK HEADACHE, AND DISEASES OF THE STOMACH, LIVER AND BOWELS. THEY ARE MILD, THOROUGH AND PROMPT IN ACTION, AND FORM A VALUABLE AID TO BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS IN THE TREATMENT AND CURE OF CHRONIC AND OBSTINATE DISEASES.

NEUFCHATEL
CREAM
CHEESE!

JUST RECEIVED.

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE,
Grocers & Wine Merchants,
33 & 37, Bridge Street

Also Front St., opp. Ritchie's.

Montreal, Nov. 21, 1888.

MESSRS. WILLIS & Co., 1,824 NOTRE DAME ST., CITY.

DEAR SIRS.—After having played on the Piano of Messrs. Bell & Co., of Guelph, Ont., it is impossible not to bear testimony to the qualities which have acquired for them the good reputation which they already enjoy. The Pianos of their manufacture are exceedingly remarkable for their qualities of tone. The bass is powerful without harshness, and the upper notes sweet, clear and mellow. The Bell Pianos are unquestionably the best made in Canada, and I act up on my principle and give you to-day an order to furnish one for my own use. Canada is to be congratulated on having produced the Bell Piano.

J. B. LABELLE, Professor of Music
Organist Notre Dame Cathedral.

H. BULL AGENT.
BELLEVILLE.

NEW LINES
—IN—
CAKES and PASTRY.

Angel Cake, Coffee Cake, Queen Victoria, Adelaide, and a great many other varieties. Florida Oranges, Almeria Grapes and New Figs, just received at

DICKENS.

P. S.—We would respectfully ask all retailers to drop in and see us and the large line of Candies we are offering at wholesale.

DICKENS & SON.

Self-Raising
Buckwheat
Flour!

A FRESH SUPPLY JUST RECEIVED.

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE,
Grocers and Wine Merchants.
33 & 37 Bridge Street.

Also Front Street, Opp. Ritchie's.

NEW

Wall Paper!

—AT—

-S. A. LAZIER'S-
ROBERTSON'S BLOCK

October 16th

CALIFORNIA
EVAPORATED
FRUITS

NECTARINES,
APRICOTS,
PEACHES,
PLUMS.

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE
Grocers & Wine Merchants,
33 & 37 Bridge Street.

Also Front St., opp. Ritchie's

FOR MEN ONLY!

A POSITIVE CURE For LOST or FAILING MANHOOD; General and NERVOUS DEBILITY; Weakness of Body and Mind; Effects of Errors or Excesses in Old or Young. Robust, Noble MANHOOD fully Restored. How to Enlarge and Strengthen WEAK, UNDEVELOPED ORGANS & PARTS of BODY. Absolutely unfailing HOME TREATMENT—Benefits in a day. Men testify from 47 States, Territories, and Foreign Countries. You can write them. Book, full explanation, and proofs mailed (sealed) free. Address ERIE MEDICAL CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

BEFORE BUYING STOVES

Be sure to see our stock. We have in Coal Stoves the

Imperial Jewel,
Fancy Countess,
Art Favorite,
Fire King and others.

Also a great variety of RANGES and COOK STOVES, which we are selling at right prices.

C. F. SMITH & CO.
388, FRONT STREET.

To WATER Consumers

PLEASE call at the office and pay your Water Rate, which was due on the 1st of January.

Those in arrears for Plumbing will also please pay without further notice.

THE BELLEVILLE WATER WORKS CO

J. H. MILLS,
--Merchant Tailor,--

OPPOSITE GEO. RITCHIE & CO'S

THE MADOC TEXTILE & PRINT CO.

Will offer for Spring Trade the LARGEST, CHEAPEST and MOST VARIED range of Prints ever shown, including

SPRING NOVELTIES
—OF—
LATEST PARIS DESIGNS!

Merchants will do well to see their samples before buying elsewhere. Early advice will be given when Travellers will call.

St Peter Street, Montreal.

HASTINGS
LOAN AND INVESTMENT SOCIETY
BELLEVILLE, ONT.

CAPITAL $250,000

MONEY TO LOAN on Farm or City property, at lowest current rates.

Payments can be made to fall due at any season of the year to suit borrowers. No delay in obtaining the money beyond the time necessarily employed in the investigation of titles.

MORTGAGES PURCHASED.

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT.

FOUR PER CENT interest allowed on Deposit. No notice required of withdrawal.

OFFICE—Robertson's Block, east side of Front Street.

Straight loans at 7 per cent. No fines. No commissions.

J. P. C. PHILLIPS,
3d&wly Manager

PARMELEE'S
Asphaltic ROOF PAINT.

It will entirely stop the rusting of tin and iron roofs.

It will entirely stop the wearing away and decay of the exposed wood of shingle roofs.

It has been accepted by the City, the County, and the chief Real Estate Owners of the City.

I will be glad to give estimates of cost at any time and anywhere.

H. S. PARMELEE,
Belleville.

432,000
FIRE CRACKERS
—AT THE—
—CITY BAKERY—
Wholesale and Retail.
JAS. WALLACE.

PENNYROYAL WAFERS.

Prescription of a physician who has had a life long experience in treating female diseases. Is used monthly with perfect success by over 10,000 ladies. Pleasant, safe, effectual. Ladies ask your druggist for Pennyroyal Wafers and take no substitute, or inclose postage for sealed particulars. Sold by all druggists, $1 per box. Address THE EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., DETROIT, MICH.

FOR SALE BY D. M. WATERS.

INTELLIGENCER PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY LIMITED.

J. C. JAMIESON, President, | J. W. LONDON, Secretary

THE Treasurer is the only person authorised to receive moneys for the Company, or to grant receipts for the same.

All Bills, Notes, Cheques, and other documents binding on the Company, will require the signature of the President, in addition to that of the Treasurer.

THE INTELLIGENCER is printed and published for the INTELLIGENCER Printing and Publishing Company (Limited) by JAMES C. JAMIESON, resident in Belleville, at their Office, Front St., south of Hotel St.

THE RATHBUN COMPANY,

Having transferred me to their Brockville branch, I beg to thank my friends and customers for the liberal patronage and kindness extended to me during my residence in Belleville, and also to bespeak the same treatment to Mr. R. C. Calhoun, my successor.

P. J. SHANNON.

The Daily Intelligencer.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

THE RATHBUN CO.

Having appointed me Agent for their Belleville branch, I take this opportunity of soliciting a continuance of the patronage which they have hitherto enjoyed through the popular management of Mr. Shannon. It will be my desire and aim to maintain and add to this patronage, which fair dealing and a thorough knowledge of the requirements of the trade leads me to hope for.—R. C. CALHOUN.

BELLEVILLE ONTARIO, FRIDAY MARCH 15, 1889.

VOL. 22. NO. 269

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

G. DENMARK,

BARRISTER, Solicitor, etc. Office, Front Street.

W. B. NORTHRUP, M. A.,

BARRISTER, Solicitor, &c. Offices: North Bridge St., between Front St. and Lower Bridge.
Money to loan—private and company funds.

J. C. CONNELL, M.A., M.D., C.M.

DISEASES of the Eye, Ear, Throat and Nose. Surgeon to Kingston General Hospital. Office—No. 279, King Street, Kingston. Dr. Connell will be at the Queen's Hotel, Belleville, on the first Tuesday of each month. Sept. 5 d&wly

E. GUSS PORTER,

BARRISTER, Solicitor, Notary Public, &c. office in the Robertson Block, east side of Front Street.
Private Money to Loan. 271d&wl.

DR. ELIZABETH EMBURY,

GRADUATE of Queen's University, Licentiate of the College of Physicians and Surgeons, Ontario.
Office and residence—Harrison's Block, Front Street, across the hall from rooms formerly occupied by Dr. Farley, over Holland's jewellery store. Diseases of women and children a specialty. d&wtf

HENRY CARRE, C. E.,
M. C. Soc. C. E.,

DOM, and Prov'l Land Surveyor, late of the firm of Macleod & Carre, P. L. S. References: John Bell, Esq., Solicitor G. T. R., W. H. Ponton, Esq., Registrar of the County. Office—McAnnany Block, opposite Skinner & Redick's. Belleville, Ont., P. O. Box 203. 20d&w

J. F. WILLS,

BARRISTER, Solicitor, Notary Public, &c. Office, corner Front and Campbell Streets, Belleville, Ont. Money to loan, Company and private funds. 24d&w

J WALTER ROSS, M. D., C. M.

GRADUATE of the University of Trinity College, Toronto. Physician, surgeon, accoucheur. Office and residence West Front Street, one door north of entrance to Foot Bridge. d&wly

JOHN J. FARLEY, M. D., C. M., M. R. C. S., England.

OFFICE and Residence—corner of Bridge and George Streets—three streets east of the Post Office.

ROBERT BOGLE,

LOAN and real estate agent. MONEY TO LOAN at lowest rates. Office, opposite Roy's Brewry, Front St., Belleville.

GEO. CLINTON, M. D., C. M

OFFICE and residence Bridge St., between William and George Sts, third block eas of Bridge Street Methodist Church. Telephone No. 44. d&w

GEO. J. SHERRY,

BARRISTER, &c. Office, Metropolitan Block, next door north of Dominion Bank, Front St. Branch Office, Stirling. 116

EDGAR M. COOK, M. D.,

HOMOEOPATHIC Physician and Surgeon. Office and residence, West Front Street, in the late Dr. Abbott's premises, over Brignall & Thompson's store. TELEPHONE. 175dtf

GEO. D. DICKSON, Q. C.,

BARRISTER, &c., Post Office .ook Bridge Street Belleville.

WILLIAM N. PONTON,

BARRISTER, Solicitor Notary Public, Conveyancer, Office, over Express and Telegraph Office, Thompson Block, Bridge St., Belleville. Money to loan—private funds. Agent or the Trust and Loan Company of Canada.

DR. BURDETT

IS pleased to inform his friends that he is again able to render his professional services as before. 176 6m

DRUNKENNESS

Or the Liquor Habit, Positively Cured by Administering Dr. Haines' Golden Specific.

It can be given in a cup of coffee or tea without the knowledge of the person taking it; is absolutely harmless, and will effect a permanent and speedy cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. It has been given in thousands of cases, and in every instance a perfect cure has followed. *It never fails.* The system once impregnated with the Specific, it becomes an utter impossibility for the liquor appetite to exist. For circular and full particulars address GOLDEN SPECIFIC CO., 185 Race St., Cincinnati, O.

BANKING OFFICE
—OF—
U. E. THOMPSON
BRIDGE STREET, BELLEVILLE, ON

American Currency and Drafts Bought and Sold.

Deposits received, subject to withdrawn without notice and interest allowed

EYE, EAR & THROAT
DR. RYERSON.

L. R. C. P., L. R. C. S. E., Lecturer on the Eye, Ear and Throat, Trinity Medical College, Toronto, and Surgeon to the Mercer Eye and Ear Infirmary.
60 College Avenue, Toronto.

M. C. ROBLIN
ISSUER OF
MARRIAGE LICENCES

nd agent of the Lancashire Insurance Com any. Office over Hooey & Sons, Front Street elleville 138d 1y

A. G. NORTHRUP,
Issuer of Marriage Licences,
OFFICE—SHIRE HALL, BELLEVILLE
November 10

The Great English Prescription.

A successful Medicine used over 30 years in thousands of cases. Cures *Spermatorrhea, Nervous Weakness, Emissions, Impotency* and all diseases caused by abuse. [BEFORE] indiscretion, or over-exertion. [AFTER] Six packages *Guaranteed to Cure when all others Fail.* Ask your Druggist for The Great English Prescription, take no substitute. One package $1. Six $5, by mail. Write for Pamphlet. Address Eureka Chemical Co., Detroit, Mich.
FOR SALE BY D. M. WATERS.

Try FROSTILLA.

It softens the roughest skin and keeps it in good condition.

It contains nothing greasy or sticky, is nicely perfumed, a lady's toilet not complete without it.

An elegant face dressing for gentlemen after shaving.
For sale at the PHARMACY.

D. M. WATERS.

NEVER ALLOW the bowels to remain constipated lest serious evil ensue. National Pills are unsurpassed as a remedy for constipation.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

GREAT REDUCTION
—IN—
Sleighs & Baskets
—AT THE—
City Book Store.

Having decided to take Baskets from stock, will, for a week, offer them at cost.

Sleighs also for balance of season at bottom prices. Including a few Children's Cutters which should be seen by any who could use them.

C. B. SCANTLEBURY,
Headquarters for School Publications,
New Music and Fine Stationery.

NEWCOMBE PIANOFORTES
AWARDED FIRST SILVER MEDAL

WORLD'S EXPOSITION, NEW ORLEANS, U.S.A., 1884-5, in competition with the pianofortes of Europe and America. The only U.S. International Medal ever awarded to a Canadian pianoforte; also Medal and Diploma at the Colonial and Indian Exhibition, London, Eng., 1886, with the supreme honor of supplying Her Majesty the Queen with a Newcombe Grand, selected by Sir Arthur Sullivan. For Illustrated Catalogue, prices and terms,

Address **Octavius Newcombe & Co.,**
MANUFACTURERS
WAREROOMS, 107-109 CHURCH ST., TORONTO
FACTORY, 89 TO 97 BELLWOODS AVENUE

CLARKE'S
Glycerine .·. Jelly

For ROUGH SKIN, CHAPPED HANDS, SORE LIPS, etc.
It penetrates the skin, leaving it soft and white.
It is not sticky, and a glove can be put on immediately after using.
Price 20 cents. For sale by

-F. CHARLES CLARKE,-
CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST.
Telephone 138. Front Street.

DUNN'S BAKING POWDER
THE COOK'S BEST FRIEND

Gents' :: Furnishings!

A FULL LINE of Gentlemen's Goods for the Fall and Winter.

Shirts made to order and a good fit guaranteed.

C. J. PANTER.

D. LOW'S WORM SYRUP
DESTROYS AND REMOVES WORMS OF ALL KINDS IN CHILDREN OR ADULTS SWEET AS SYRUP AND CANNOT HARM THE MOST DELICATE CHILD

A Wrong Opinion.

Many a dollar is paid for prescriptions for some disease that never trouble the patient, and when the sole difficulty was worms, which a few of Freeman's Worm Powders would remove. These Powders are pleasant, safe, and sure, contain their own cathartic, and are adapted for children or adults.

Daily Intelligencer.

TOPICS FROM THE CAPITAL

THE PUBLIC ACCOUNTS COMMITTEE HOLD A HOT SESSION.

A Bill Introduced in the House to Compel Telegraph and Telephone Wires to be Put Underground.

OTTAWA, March 15.—The Senate yesterday continued its discussion of Hon. John Macdonald's trade resolution and the House took up the adjourned debate on the Budget. The speakers in the House were Mr. Wood (Westmoreland), Bechard, Gigault, Amyot, Sproule and McMillan of Huron. Mr. Cockburn moved the adjournment of the debate, which will not be continued until Tuesday, when by arrangement it will be closed.

Only one bill was introduced yesterday, by Mr. Perley of Ottawa, to provide for the compulsory placing of all telephone, telegraph and electric light wires underground, the bill to go into effect on Jan. 1 next. The bill applies to the whole of Canada.

The House adjourned at 12.25 this morning.

There was a three hours' session of the Public Accounts Committee yesterday morning, at which there was a good deal of lively talk. It is asserted by the Liberal members that the clothing supplied the volunteers by Canadian manufacturers is of an inferior quality and that it could be purchased more cheaply in England and a far better article supplied.

The contracts for militia clothing are not awarded by public competition but are practically awarded between three or four firms: One at Halifax, two at Montreal and one at Hamilton. Senator W. E. Sandford's Hamilton company was paid $50,000 last year for militia clothing, James O'Brien of Montreal $19,000, and Doull & Miller of Halifax $19,000. Mr. Mulock got the committee to pass a motion summoning Senator Sandford to appear. The House when it met endorsed the resolution and it was sent over to the Senate.

Another matter discussed was the case, of Henry Smyth, M.P., of Chatham, Ont., who holds a roving commission from the Agricultural Department as an immigration agent. Mr. Campbell, the present member for Kent, in which Chatham is situated, wanted to make a statement to the committee that Mr. Smyth had drawn money from the Department for services that he had never performed and for expenses which he had never incurred, in fact the charge was one of fraud. Mr. Campbell is not a member of the Public Accounts Committee, and Mr. Somerville wanted to have him examined. This, however, the Conservative members would not agree to unless Mr. Smyth was present to cross-examine Mr. Campbell. There was a great deal of lively talk as to whether Mr. Campbell would be allowed to make his statement. Mr. Foster, Mr. Bowell and Mr. Costigan energetically opposed any statement until Mr. Smyth had been notified of the charges. The latter will therefore be summoned to appear at the next meeting.

Mr. Davis called attention to a large payment made to an informer by the Customs Department and asked how the money was paid to the informer. In this case $5185 appeared in the Auditor-General's report as having been paid to S. W. McMichael of Toronto, financial inspector of Ontario customs ports, as his share of a seizure. There was also a similar sum of $6188 entered as having been paid to the informer. The Auditor-General says that both sums were paid over to the officer who made the seizure. He was supposed to hand over half to the informer. Mr. Davies ppinted out that it was quite possible the seizing officers might receive the benefit of the whole sum.

Mr. Brown has decided not to attempt to "re-committee" his bird bill.

Two applications for divorce have been before the Senate committee. In the case in which Mr. G. W. Lowry of Huntley, Ont., applies for separation from his wife on the ground of adultery, the application will be favorably reported.

The Wand case, in which Arthur Wand of Montreal applies for divorce from his wife on the ground of adultery, was up yesterday. The respondent was not represented. The petitioner and several witnesses were examined. The committee framed a report which will be presented to the Senate to-day. The charge of infidelity was conclusively proved.

Col. O'Brien, M.P., says positively that he will not withdraw his anti-Jesuit amendment to go into supply.

The condition of Hon. J. H. Pope does not improve.

Hon. Edward and Lady Alice Stanley gave an elaborate "At Home" at the Racquet Court last evening. There was a large invitation list.

The lobbies are full of Canadian Pacific Railway magnates. General Manager Van Horne leads the party. The company's bill comes up in the Railway Committee to-day and a big time is expected.

Collision on the Grand Trunk.

BATTLE CREEK, Mich., March 15.—Two miles west of Battle Creek a collision occurred last night on the Grand Trunk Railway. A freight train of 28 loaded cars and caboose struck a light engine, turning it around and carrying it twelve rods, where it rolled down an embankment. Engineer Powell of the freight stood at his post, but the engineer and fireman of the light engine saved their lives by jumping. Their engine is a complete wreck. Three cars loaded with shelled corn are scattered along the track. The wreck occurred on a heavy grade. Engineer Oxtaby of the light engine misread his orders. A tramp stealing a ride was badly hurt.

The Weavers' Strike.

FALL RIVER, Mass., March 15.—The number of weavers on strike yesterday was larger than on Wednesday. The shut-down of the King Phillip and American linen mills has added 2000 to the number of idle operatives. Over 4000 strikers attended a mass meeting in the park yesterday and manifested the same enthusiasm as at the beginning. The manufacturers insist that there is nothing to arbitrate and before a conference can be arranged the strikers must return to work. Most of the mills will lay off to-day. The big struggle is expected to come next week when there will be no wages coming.

Harrison Receives the Diplomats.

WASHINGTON, March 15.—At noon yesterday the President formally received the members of the diplomatic corps. The members of the corps assembled at the Department of State, where they were presented to Secretary Blaine by Assistant Secretary Adee. Proceeding to the White House the diplomats, who were attired in their resplendent court dresses, were introduced to the President by the Secretary of State. All of the legations were represented.

The Reading Iron Works Failure.

PHILADELPHIA, March 15.—At a meeting of creditors of the Reading Iron Works the committee in appraisement reported the liabilities $1,875,955 and the assets at $215,787 above liabilities.

HIS HOUSE AND HIS CASTLE

AN INSTITUTION WHICH BUYS HOMES FOR ITS MEMBERS.

Which Induces Habits of Thrift, Gives Competence to the Individual and Enriches the Nation.

Thrift among people means individual and national wealth. It means more than that. It means content, steadiness of character and an absence of that pinching want which dwarfs both mind and body. This being the case thrift is a very desirablething to promote, and anything that will promote it is worthy of encouragement.

It is claimed by their advocates that cooperative building societies induce men to commence saving and stimulate them to continue, until in a few years they are surprised to find that their savings and accumulated profits amounts to a small fortune. This claim is flanked by others of equal importance. It is claimed that co-operative buildings societies confer on workingmen the privilege of securing a home that many could not get in any other way; that they practically give men a vested interest in their country, and that they make men more independent, more patriotic.

These societies have been in extensive operation in England and the United States for many years. About two years ago The World advocated their introduction into this city and since then three societies have been started and are now flourishing, and another is being formed. Co-operative building societies, or clubs as they were at first called, were brought into life during the latter part of the 18th century, and, like many other institutions that have given untold benefit to mankind, their home is in England. The popularity of these clubs was pronounced from the start. They grew and multiplied in the Old Country, spread to the United States and Australia, and are now in operation all over the world, including Japan, and some are in operation in even Jerusalem. It is rather singular that they have not taken root to any extent in Canada.

A society of this kind is simply a co-operative savings bank. The shares are placed usually at $200. The payments are made monthly and are $1 a share. A member may take one, five, ten shares, or as many as he chooses. Suppose a society has two hundred members and the average of shares held is five each. At every monthly meeting $1000 is paid in. At the same meeting this amount is loaned out to one of the members. To avoid dispute as to who shall get it, in the event of two or more wishing to obtain the loan, it is put up at auction and the highest bidder gets it. The minimium interest is placed at 6 per cent. and the bidding sometimes runs it up to 8 per cent. This money is invested in property and the society takes a first mortgage on it, as well as having the shares held by the borrowing member to it as collateral security. At the time a member borrows he begins to pay interest on his loan as well as paying instalments. The average payments on a loan of $1000, including instalment, interest and premium, are $10 a month. The society "runs out" in ten years, though some of them come to maturity sooner. Thus, a member pays in $1440 for his $1000 house. But it must be borne in mind that he has had the use of a house during this time and has saved a large amount in rent. The profit he realises is better shown by the transaction of the investor. He pays in say $5 per month, or $60 a year, or $600 in ten years. But at the end of ten years he draws $1,000. This is a very large profit but it is nevertheless actually made. The system illustrates the principle of arithmetical progression. Take an insignificant cent, and double it thirty times and you have nearly five and a half million dollars. The secret of the large profits made by co-operative building societies is the frequency of compounding the interest. Loans are made every month, and thus the interest paid in is compounded twelve times a year.

Though they are open to all for investment, these societies are especially adapted to men of small means. Every effort is made to help the weak. First the society provides a plan where a member can deposit his savings and get a large interest. Next it enables him to buy a home. Then if by misfortune he falls sick and cannot keep up his payments the society does not foreclose its mortgage. It waits till the member gets well and then places him on his feet again by entering him in a new series. A member may take out the money he has paid in as instalments at any time. At the end of the first year he can take it out with the addition of 5 per cent, interest. The interest keeps increasing as the society grows toward maturity.

"The proof of the pudding is in the eating," and the proof that these societies do what is claimed for them is to be seen here in Toronto. During the short time the three societies now doing business have been in operation, sixty-two houses have been purchased for members and over $60,000 has been saved that most probably would have been frittered away had not these societies been organized. Many of the homes are owned by men that would never otherwise have procured a home. Here is a case in point: A corporation laborer earning $1.25 a day and working about four days in the week, was told about the Royal Oak Society and what its objects were. He was earning only $5 a week and was keeping his family, so that as will be seen he had not much working margin. Nevertheless it struck him that the society was a good thing. He had three dollars. He subscribed for three shares, borrowing 75 cents to pay his initiation fee. Soon after he found a cottage that he could buy for $650, and though he had only made one or two payments the matter was arranged and he bought the cottage. It kept him busy to keep up his payments. Sometimes his wife went out washing to make up the balance before payment day, but the instalments were regularly paid in and the house is being gradually freed from debt. Indeed this member could have made $150 clear by selling his house. He was offered $800 for it, but now that he has a home it would take nearly all the money in Toronto to get it away from him.

The United States seem to have taken greater advantage of these institutions than any other country. Every city or town of any importance has its building societies. Chicago has 300 of them; Philadelphia has 600; Cincinnati has 500; Rochester, 83, and Buffalo 100. Take Philadelphia as an instance where the saving power of these associations is shown: The Quaker city has 600 co-operative building societies. The average membership is about 200 and the shares held by each will average 5. This gives 600,000 shares held or $600,000 saved every month, or $7,200,000 a year. What an immense source of strength these societies are to this one city!—Toronto World

A GREAT MAN'S FALL.

The Romance of a Two-Dollar-a-Day Government Clerk at Ottawa.

A question asked by Mr. Lister the other day, writes the Ottawa correspondent of the Toronto News, lifts the veil of obscurity again from the career of a man who once aspired to the premiership of France, Mr. Charles Savary. This gentleman was a prominent politician of the south of France. Possessed of large private means, charming manners, brilliant abilities and much personal magnetism, he was universally trusted in the section of country where he was best known. He was president of one of the largest banks in Lyons, and director of innumerable companies. He lived like a prince, spending, it is said, as much as $100,000 in a year. Apparently he was near the goal of his ambition. After serving some years in the chamber of Deputies he entered the Ministry as Under Secretary of State. One day the edifice of his fortunes collapsed like a house of cards. The bank of which he was president suspended payment, company after company which he had controlled failed, he lost his nerve and fled to Canada. This was five years ago. It does not seem that he was dishonest, but only over speculative. He had irons in every fire. There are judgments against him in France today for over eight million dollars, and he is working as an extra clerk in the Department of the Secretary of State here for a salary of two dollars a day. This was the information elicited by Mr. Lister.

POPPING THE QUESTION.

How Jonas Harris Discovered that it was a Comparatively Easy Job.

It was seven long years since Jonas Harris had begun to "keep company" with Miss Hannah Bell, and yet, in all that time, he had not mustered courage to propose a certain important question. His house was lonely and waiting; hers was lonely enough to be vacated, and still Jonas could not bring himself to speak the decisive words. Many a time he had walked up to her door with the courage of a lion, only to find himself a very mouse when she appeared.

He had never failed in dropping in to cheer her loneliness on Christmas evening, and this year he presented himself as usual. The hearth was swept, the fire burned brightly, and Miss Hannah was adorned with smiles and a red bow.

Conversation went serenely on for an hour or so, and then, when they both sat paring red-cheeked apples, with great contentment, Jonas began to call upon his recollections.

"It's a good many years, ain't it, Hannah, since you and I first sot here together?"

"Yes, a good many."

"I wonder if I shall be settin' here this time another year?"

"Maybe I shan't be at home. Perhaps I shall go out to spend the evening myself," said Miss Hannah, briskly.

This was a blow, indeed, and Jonas felt it.

"Where?" he gasped.

"Oh I don't know," she returned, beginning to quarter her apple. "I might be out to tea—over to your house, for instance."

"But there wouldn't be anybody over there to get supper for you."

"Maybe I could get it myself."

"So you could! so you could!" cried Jonas, his eyes beginning to sparkle. "But there wouldn't be anybody to cook the pies and cakes beforehand."

"Maybe I could cook 'em.

At that moment Jonas' plate fell between his knees to the hearth and broke in two, but neither of them noticed it.

"Hannah," cried he, with the pent-up emphasis of seven long years, "could you bring yourself to think of gettin' married?"

A slow smile curved her lips; surely she had been given abundant time for consideration.

"Maybe I could," she returned, demurely, and Jonas has admired himself to this day for leading up to the subject so cleverly.

RANDOM REVELATIONS.

They have some queer females in Boston. A paper of that city speaks about rubber factory girls.

In London the windows of private houses are washed by a limited liability company at the rate of eight cents a day.

Frozen land turtles have been found in different parts of South Jersey. They were fooled by the open winter and did not burrow deep enough.

The Custer monument in Montana has been so greatly defaced by Indians shooting at it that it has been found necessary to recut the names on it.

One transatlantic line of steamships of New York uses 20,000 tons of ice, 2,000,000 pounds of meat, 1,000,000 eggs, 50,000 loaves of bread, 22 tons of raisins and currants, 460 tons of flour and 15 tons of cheese every year.

A Coroner's jury in Cheshire, England, returned a verdict of temporary insanity in the case of a schoolmaster who had hanged himself. The poor man had married a widow with sixteen children, and as the coroner justly observed, they wanted no better proof that he had lost his senses.

A strange accident has befallen a young lady of Cherveux, France. She was playing with a child on her lap, when she suddenly threw back her head and remained motionless. A hairpin had penetrated her skull. She never recovered consciousness, and expired a short time afterward.

One estimable characteristic of the English Rothschilds, the common possession of all three brothers, is their limitless charity. Their names are never missing from any meritorious subscription list, while their private benevolences are dispensed with open hand and presumably cheerful heart.

Some of the reasons given by soldiers for enlisting are very curious. One says, "I wasn't treated right at home, so I went off and enlisted to get square with them." Another declares, "A friend of mine and I didn't agree on one point, so I went off to the army. If I get killed she'll be sorry." The majority declare they enlist when intoxicated or when suffering from despondency after a spree.

An Ohio poultry raiser has made a curious discovery. He says that if you go out to feed a flock of chickens and will cause them to wait, they will invariably, as they crowd about you, begin a circuit around you from right to left, in front, and continue this revolution as long as you stand there. No amount of interruption or manœuvring can confuse them or compel them to take the contrary direction at any time.

One of the American girls who was presented at the Queen's drawing-room, was so embarrassed that she made quite a faux pas. She wholly ignored the Queen until after she had saluted the Princess of Wales, when she suddenly turned around and astonished her Majesty by saying:—"Oh, I beg your pardon, madame," grabbed her royal hand, kissed it and then hurried along the line. The Queen, who is a terrible stickler about matters of etiquette, at first looked angry; then catching sight of the amused smile of the Princess of Wales, she burst into a pleasant laugh and sent the discomfited debutante away with a few kindly words.

The Reason.

Bobby—Papa, why do they call the moon she?

Papa (after a "tiff" with mamma)—Because it keeps such a good watch at night, my son.

Sincere Reverence.

She—"Why, Charley, your grandmother died only a week ago, and here you are at a dancing party. I should think you'd have some respect for her memory."

He—"Why, I certainly have. But you see, she lost her memory six years before she died, and I dated my respect from that time."

ROYAL

FULL WEIGHT
ROYAL BAKING POWDER
ABSOLUTELY PURE
ROYAL
BAKING POWDER

BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall-st., N. Y.

A High Valuation.

"If there was only one bottle of Hagyard's Yellow Oil in Manitoba, I would give one hundred dollars for it," writes Philip H. Brant, of Monteith, Manitoba, after having used it for severe wound and for frozen fingers, with, as he says, "astonishing results."

Dangerous Counterfeits.

Counterfeits are always dangerous more so that they always closely IMITATE THE ORIGINAL IN APPEARANCE AND NAME. The remarkable success achieved by Nasal Balm as a positive cure for Catarrh and Cold in the Head has induced unprincipled parties to imitate it. The public are cautioned not to be deceived by nostrums imitating Nasal Balm in name and appearance, bearing such names as Nasal Cream, Nasal Balsam, etc. Ask for Nasal Balm and do not take any imitation dealers may urge upon you. For sale by all druggists or sent post-paid on receipt of price (50c. and $1,) by addressing Fulford & Co., Brockville, Ont.

Health Failing Fast.

I was swollen from head to foot from dropsy of six months' standing, and my health was failing fast, but after taking one bottle of Burdock Blood Bitters, I am quite well, and think there is no medicine equal to B. B.B., and to it I remain a true friend." Joseph Heric, Linwood, Ont.

There are a number of varieties of corns. Holloway's Corn Cure will remove any of them. Call on your druggist and get a bottle at once.

Orin Catlin, 49 Pearl Street Buffalo, N. Y., says: I tried various remedies for the piles but found no relief until I used Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, which entirely cured me after a few applications.

Do not delay in getting relief for the little folks. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is a pleasant and sure cure. If you love your child why do you let it suffer when a remedy is so near at hand?

The cheapest medicine in use is Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, because so very little of it is required to effect a cure. For croup, diphtheria, and diseases of the lungs and throat, whether used for bathing the chest or throat, for taking internally or inhaling, it is a matchless compound.

Mr. Thomas Ballard, Syracuse, N. Y., writes: 'I have been afflicted for nearly a year with that most-to-be dreaded disease Dyspepsia, and at times worn out with pain and want of sleep, and after trying almost everything recommended I tried one box of Parmelee's Valuable Pills. I am now nearly well, and believe they will cure me. I would not be without them for any money."

PARMELEE'S PILLS possess the power of acting specifically upon the diseased organs, stimulating to action the dormant energies of the system, thereby removing disease. In fact, so great is the power of this medicine to cleanse and purify, that diseases of almost every name and nature are driven from the body.' Mr. D. Carswell, Carswell P. O., Ont., writes: "I have tried Parmelee's Pills and find them an excellent medicine, and one that will sell well."

EXHAUSTED VITALITY.

THE SCIENCE OF LIFE, the great Medical Work of the age on Manhood, Nervous and Physical Debility, Premature Decline, Errors of Youth, and the untold miseries consequent thereon, 360 pages 8 vo., 125 prescriptions for all diseases. Cloth, full gilt, only $1, by mail, sealed. Illustrative sample free to all young and middle aged men. Send now. The Gold and Jewelled Medal awarded to the author by the National Medical Association. Address P. O. Box 1895, Boston, Mass., or Dr. W. H. PARKER, graduate of Harvard Medical College, 25 years' practice in Boston, who may be consulted confidentially. Specialty, Diseases of Men. Office, No. 4, Bulfinch Street.

J. M. FORTIER,
Wholesale .·. Cigar .·. Manufacturer,
145 151 ST. MAURICE STREET,
MONTREAL.
P. S.—Private Brands for the Jobbing Trade a specialty.

CROUP, WHOOPING COUGH and Bronchitis immediately relieved by Shiloh's Cure. For sale by D. M. Waters.

NATIONAL COLONIZATION
LOTTERY

Under the patronage of the Rev. Father Labelle
Established in 1884, under the Act of Quebec 32 Vict., Chapt. 36, for the benefit of the Diocesan Societies of Colonization of the Province of Quebec.

Class D.—The 21st Monthly Drawing will take place Wednesday, March the 20th, at 2 p. m.

Prizes value		$50,000 00
Capital Prize: One real estate worth		$5,000 00
1 Real Estate worth	$5,000	5,000
1 do	2,000	2,000
1 do	1,000	1,000
4 do	500	2,000
10 Real Estates	300	3,000
30 Furniture Sets	200	6,000
60 do	100	6,000
200 Gold Watches	50	10,000
1,000 Silver Watches	10	10,000
1,000 Toilet Sets	5	5,000
2,307 Prizes worth		$50,000 00

TICKETS - - $1.00

Offers are made to all winners to pay their prizes cash, less a commission of 10 p. c.
Winners' names not published unless specially authorized
Drawings on the Third Wednesday of every Month.

S. E. LEFEBVRE, Secretary,
Offices, 19 St. James street, Montreal, Can.
192dly

Economy, Equity, Stability.

Ontario Mutual Life Assurance Co.
(ESTABLISHED 1870.)
DOMINION DEPOSIT - $100,000.

Assurances in force, Jan. 1st, 1889	$12,041,914
New Assurances written in 1888	2,518,650
Cash Income for 1888	393,074
Assets, Dec 31st, 1888	1,313,853
Liabilities, as per Gov't Valuation	1,223,516

SURPLUS, - - $90,337.00.

The New Business for January and February of this year is MUCH GREATER than was ever before written by the Company during the same months, while, with over $12,000,000 on our books, the death losses have been very moderate.

S. BURROWS,
General Agent Ontario Mutual Life Co'y.
S. ROUGHTON, W. E. HOLTON, } Special Agents.
Office, Front Street, next door to Dominion Bank, Belleville.

Two Years' Profits!

THOSE INSURING IN THE
—"CANADA LIFE"—
before the 30th of April next will be entitled to two full years' profits in the division of April the 30th, 1890.

T. DONNELLY,
General Agent, Belleville.

AGENTS WANTED.
Feb'y 2, 1889. d&wly

S. W. BRADSHAW

Wishes to inform the citizens of Belleville that he has BOUGHT OUT THE

GROCERY
(lately occupied by Mr. Arch. Wallace,)
CORNER OF HOTEL AND ANN STREETS

where he intends to keep a full supply of the best of Groceries always fresh, and his stock of Provisions, such as Meats and Vegetables, will be especially fresh and in great variety and delivered with despatch. All orders by telephone No. 53) will be promptly delivered to any part f the city.
N. B.—Please remember Telephone No. 53.

BITTER---
---ORANGES
—FOR—
MARMALADE
JUST RECEIVED.
WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE
Grocers and wine merchants, 35 & 37 Bridge Street.
Also Front Street, Opp. Ritchie's.

SPENCERIAN STEEL PENS
Are the Best,
IN THE ESSENTIAL QUALITIES OF
Durability, Evenness of Point, and Workmanship.
Works: Birmingham, England.
Sold by the leading Stationers.

----NEW----

Sugar Cured Hams, Breakfast Bacon, Finnan Haddies, Boneless Codfish, New Walnuts, New Filberts, S. S. Almonds, Loose Muscatel Raisins, Black Basket Raisins, London Layer Raisins, Buckwheat Flour, Selfraising Buckwheat Flour, Roll Butter, Fresh Eggs

AT A. WALLACE'S.

RAYMOND C. ROLPH
SIGN PAINTER.

LETTERING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.
Corner of Front and Campbell Streets. 80dly

Daily Intelligencer.

THE DAILY INTELLIGENCER is published every evening except Sunday, and delivered by careful carriers in all parts of the city for Five Dollars a year, or Fifty Cents a month.

THE WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER is published every Thursday morning, and sent, postpaid, to any address in Canada, the United States or Great Britain for One Dollar a year.

ADVERTISEMENTS, first insertion, 10 cents per nonpareil line; each subsequent consecutive insertion, 5 cents per line; when not inserted every day, 10 cents per line each insertion.

READING MATTER NOTICES, 15 cents per line each insertion.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS, 50 cents each insertion. With notice of funeral added the charge for death notices is $1.

CONTRACTS made for business advertisements for one month or longer at reduced rates.

Remittances, Drafts, Cheques, and Post-Office Orders should be made payable to the order of

INTELLIGENCER PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO'Y (LIMITED),
Belleville, Ont.

Largest Daily Circulation in Belleville.

BELLEVILLE, FRIDAY, MAR 15

THE JESUIT QUESTION.

In other columns we reproduce Principal Grant's letter to the *Mail* on the Jesuit question. The utterances of the Rev. gentleman are exceedingly able, and will no doubt be read with great interest by our subscribers.

ALL IN THE SAME BOAT.

The *Empire*, and Sir John Macdonald's journals throughout the Province, and the bulk of his followers here, seem quite prepared to applaud his refusal to disallow.—*Globe.*

True to the extent that the Conservative press regret that the Government have not the legal right to interfere. But the *Globe* and the Grit press are in the same boat; for they tell us that a Liberal Government could not disallow. The only regret of the Grit organs is that the Government did not set the law and the constitution at defiance and give them a chance to oust the present occupants of the treasury benches.

SAN SEBASTIAN.

The Queen's visit to the graves of the British soldiers who fell during the siege and at the storming of St. Sebastian in 1813 recalls the horrid slaughter amongst the besiegers and the frightful excesses of the British soldiery, who cast discipline aside after the capture of the place, and for several days were guilty of excesses as to which the historian Napier says, their conduct was the sum of villany of all kinds and practically indescribable. The siege was long and arduous, principally owing to the lack of cannon and of ammunition. The garrison was numerous and brave; supplies were furnished them by sea; and the fortifications had been strengthened with such skill and were defended with such resolution that it was all but impossible to break into the town. The first assault was repulsed with great slaughter, and Soult, coming up with a French army, raised the siege. After he was beaten off Sir Thomas Graham reinvested and battered the fortifications, and the second assault, which had to be made in daylight, owing to the difficulty of access to the walls, had all but failed, when Graham renewed the bombardment, firing close over the heads of the unsuccessful but unsubdued stormers, who crouched at the foot of the walls and in the ruins at the breaches. An accidental explosion in the fortress opened a narrow way for the Iron Duke's fierce warriers, and they poured into the town, which, fired in many places, became the scene of carnage as frightful as was ever recorded. With San Sebastian, as with Badajoz, will ever be associated the greatest glory and the greatest shame of the British army – glory that men could penetrate into such a place defended as it was—shame that troops so brave should have been guilty of such atrocities, despite the utmost exertions of their officers, many of whom were deliberately murdered by the drunken soldiers whom they had commanded, for their efforts to restore discipline, and to save the lives and property of the inhabitants. The reason given by the soldiers for their slaughter of the people of the town was that they had assisted in strengthening the defences.

EDITORIAL BREVITIES.

Mr. Parnell and his secretary, who are piling up libel suits against the London *Times*, are too vindictive. They will defeat their own ends by causing a reaction in favor of the *Times*.

President Harrison, of the neighboring Republic, is paying the penalties of the greatness to which he has been elected. A Washington despatch states that "office seekers besiege him from the early hours of the morning until he secludes himself in a private part of the White House at night. Their numbers and importunities put to shame the hungry and thirsty Democrats of four years age. The latter were out in full force and eagerly demanded everything in sight, but their Republican brethren are much more numerous and relatively much more hungry and thirsty."

FOR NETTLE RASH, Summer Heat and general toilet purposes, use Low's Sulphur Soap

—The Central Bank Liquidators have declared another dividend of 20 percent, payable on the first of June.

For lame back, side or chest, use Shiloh's Porous Plaster. Price 25 cents. Sold by D. M Waters.

—The G. T. R. traffic receipts last week were $857,781, an increase of $44,000 over the same period last year.

SLEEPLESS NIGHTS, made miserable by that terrible cough. Shiloh's Cure is the Remedy for you. Sold by D. M. Waters.

—A council of the Nationalist members of Parliament and their legal advisers will shortly be held in London to consider their line of defence before the Parnell commission.

AN INACTIVE or Torpid Liver must be aroused and all bad bile removed. Burdock Pills are best for old or young.

—"How jaded your horse looks, cabman!" remarked an old lady as she dismounted from the cab. "Is not the bit uncomfortably large for his mouth?" "It ain't the big bit in his mouth, mum, it's the small bit in his stomach;" and, looking at the shilling she tendered for her fare, he added, "it doesn't seem as if it'll get much larger either."

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

THE LICENSE QUESTION.

A LIVELY DEBATE IN THE LOCAL LEGISLATURE.

Mr. Meredith Attacks the Present System of Appointing License Commissioners — Hon. A. S. Hardy Replies at Length.

TORONTO, March 15.—In the Legislature yesterday Mr. Meredith, the Leader of the Opposition, moved this amendment to a motion to go into Committee of Supply:

That all words in the motion after the word "that" be omitted and the following substituted therefor: The present mode of administering the license laws through the Board of Commissioners and Inspectors appointed by the Government of the day has resulted in a partizan administration of the law; has subjected those engaged in the liquor traffic to undue influence by and in the interest of the dominant party in this province; has led in many cases to the tyrannical exercise of the powers of the commissioners and inspectors, and in others to the lax enforcement of the law and the condoning for partizan purposes of offences against its provisions; has unduly and unfairly interfered with the freedom of exercising their franchise by those engaged in the liquor traffic and is otherwise mischievous in its purpose and operation; and while declaring its firm intention and purpose to be not to relax or impair the efficiency of the other provisions of the law, and particularly those limiting the number of licenses to be granted—this House is of opinion that it is essential to the honest, non-partizan and faithful execution of the liquor license laws that the present mode of appointing boards of commissioners should be abrogated and provision be made for placing the appointment of commissioners in the hands of a body more removed from the influence of partizanship and more directly responsible to and under the control of the people.

Mr. Meredith said. "The attention of the public has of late been specially directed by the public press to the administration of the license system under the existing law, and it has been deemed a matter of some surprise having regard to the very serious charges made reflecting upon the administration of the law in the Capital of the Province of Ontario, that no steps have been taken towards making an investigation into the truth of the charges which are now the subject of public discussion. There are to be found in the experience of every one the proof that to some extent that state of things which was referred to by the newspaper writings exists throughout the Province."

Mr. Meredith then referred to the Crooks Act, the main feature of which was to limit the licenses and take away from the municipalities the power they before possessed in the license system. It was said by hon. gentlemen opposite that they made the change in the law not with any view to political aggrandisement, but had taken that position practically at the request of the temperance party in the country and that they had reluctantly assumed it. This, he said, had not been borne out by the facts. Continuing, Mr. Meredith said:

"I want to call the attention of the House to the position the leader of the Government took when that measure was introduced in answer to the objections made from this side of the House. The hon. gentleman made a declaration that the commissioners should not be appointed from his political friends. He pledged the House that the appointments should be made from both political parties. That they should not be appointed from his side of the House only, but that there should be a member in every case of the Conservative party also appointed. To some extent he carried out that pledge, but scarcely had a year or two passed when the hon. gentleman violated the understanding under the pretence, for it was a pretence, that he could not properly administer that law if a Conservative were admitted, and that he could not administer these laws except by friends of the party. Throughout this Province not only had hon. gentlemen used this license system for election purposes, but also at other times to advance the interests of their party. It had also placed under their control the enormous liquor traffic of this country."

Mr. Meredith, continuing, said he would be able to demonstrate, not from mere statements of his own nor from charges made in the newspaper press, that the effect of this legislation had been to make those engaged in such traffic and who were of a different political persuasion cross over to the Liberal party because they knew it was to the interests of their trade that the liquor dealers should be supported by the Reform party. He read from the evidence of J. M. Lottridge at considerable length to substantiate this position.

In the interests of the temperance party, said the speaker, in the interests of truth and purity, I say that this power of prostituting the present license system to the subserviency of party should be removed from the hands of the party now in power. Then instead of having this particular party and that particular party appointed by the government of the day, we would have the question of the proper administration of the license law handled in accordance with the views of the people in each and every locality. Then in large centres and where we have such cities as we have in Ontario to-day we are prepared to go further and to say that this question should be left in the hands of the people direct, with the full belief and confidence that the law would be administered in accordance with the principles of what is right and proper.

Hon. A. S. Hardy rose to reply. He explained that from 1877 up till one year ago he personally was responsible for the administration of the law, and during the last year it had been under the supervision of the Provincial Treasurer, so that the Premier was personally irresponsible, and he (Mr. Hardy), being more familiar with the administration, would take upon himself the responsibility of replying to the charges made.

Mr. Hardy said that as he saw the license administration it was one of a very superior kind, and no scheme had yet been submitted which would be better in design or better in execution than the one now in force. In fact, said he, the charges preferred by honorable gentlemen opposite are not charges of detail but charges of merely occasional discrepancies which would exist under any other regime and would crop up here and there under any law which might be in force.

Said Mr. Hardy: "The charges as made by the honorable leader of the Opposition are weak, thin, poor and meagre in detail. We as representing the Government have been charged with being partisan in the appointment of license commissioners. Now, when the Dominion Government, the friends of the honorable leader of the Opposition, by an over-reach of power undertook to administer the license law; did they, notwithstanding what has been said, appoint non-partisan boards? No, they did not. They appointed Conservatives. They didn't appoint a single Reformer that I know of."

Opposition cries: "Oh yes!" Oh yes!"

Mr. Hardy: "Give me a name will you. [Applause] I defy you to give me a single name of a Reformer who was appointed on the Board! You cannot do it!"

Opposition cries: "Go on, go on!"

Mr. Hardy: "You come here with these charges, and now you are not able to give me a single name!"

Mr. Clancy (Kent): "Thomas C. McNabb of Chatham, a Reformer, was appointed to the Dominion Board."

Mr. Hardy: "That is only one name, give me more. Go on and give me more. Let us have the names of more; but remember, I shall look carefully into this man McNabb's history and see if he was really a Reformer."

Mr. Hardy further continued in an attack on the Dominion Government's mode of dealing with the licenses while they presumed they had them under their control. The state of the liquor traffic before the enactment of the Crooks Act was referred to, and compared with the condition resultant on the existing laws. Statistics were quoted to show that Reform hotel keepers were greatly in the minority in all places.

He would not continue the argument further now, but would rest it unless the debate was continued on the other side. He would just say, however, that the present mode of the appointment of commissioners was less objectionable than their election by local bodies, in which cases it was well-known hotel men would combine to elect their men. It was acknowledged that the temperance legislation of this House was in advance of all legislation on the license question in the world, with the exception of the Nova Scotia law.

Mr. Hardy concluded: "Under these circumstances in the interests of temperance and morality it is not desirable again to revert to the old system, which the resolution of my hon. friend seeks." [Applause.]

After recess the debate was continued by Mr. H. E. Clarke, Mr. Gibson of Huron, Dr. Willoughby, Hon. A. M. Ross who produced a statement signed by 143 Toronto hotelkeepers denying The World's charges of license boodling and the existence of a License Guarantee Fund, Mr. Ostrom, Mr. Waters, Mr. Whitney, Mr. G. B. Smith, Mr. Preston, Mr. Murray and Mr. Bishop. Mr. Wylie moved the adjournment of the debate.

In accordance with a resolution moved by the Attorney-General yesterday, morning sessions will be commenced next Tuesday and will be continued for the remainder of the session.

Mr. Ley's bill to amend the Municipal Act was considered in the Municipal Committee yesterday. Mr. H. E. Clarke's bill was agreed to, the clause taxing local improvements on a basis of property valuations instead of by a frontage rate, being eliminated.

After some discussion consideration of the clause in Mr. Leys' bill relating to the city's liability for the use of the county jail and court-house was adjourned until to-day.

These bills were read a third time: Respecting the Ontario and Sault Ste. Marie Water, Light and Power Company and the town of Sault Ste. Marie; for the better protection of insectiverous and other birds; respecting the consolidation of the debenture debt of the city of Toronto.

Mr. Clarke moved that the above bill be discharged and referred back to committee, where it was passed.

ANOTHER TASCOTT.

This Time He Turns Up at Nanaimo and Is Evidently Insane.

VICTORIA, B.C., March 14.—A man answering the description of W. B. Tascott, the murderer of Millionaire Snell of Chicago, was arrested at Nanaimo Wednesday afternoon and lodged in jail. He gave the name of Charles Palmer. He arrived on the noon train and his suspicious actions drew the attention of the officers, who quietly watched him and effected his arrest. It is said Palmer, as he calls himself, boarded the train at Gold Stream, three miles from Victoria and jumped off the cars before the train stopped at Nanaimo. He engaged a boatman immediately to row him to Gibrola Island, telling the latter he was hunted and wished to escape from his pursuers. Rain coming on, the voyage was not made. Palmer then offered a livery man $20 to drive him out of town as far as he could. While preparing to leave he was arrested. Should it turn out to be Tascott he is evidently insane. When arrested he gave his occupation as compositor. A charge of vagrancy was entered against him and he will come up for examination Saturday.

Kingston News.

KINGSTON, March 15.—In the fall of 1887 the steamer Southampton, owned by Captain S. Fraser, became waterlogged in Lake Huron. The tug Storm King went to the rescue and towed her to port. The owners of the tug have put in a salvage claim for $3000, claiming that the tug ran a great risk in effecting the rescue. Captain Fraser values the service at $200, hence the suit. The case is now being tried in the Maritime Court here before Judge Price.

The young man named Hodge, formerly of Prescott, who was arrested Wednesday charged with seduction, appeared before the magistrate yesterday morning. The girl, Eliza Clark, was in an adjoining room. Her brother testified that she would be 16 years of age in May next and that she did not keep late hours. As far as he knew she bore a good character. The case was adjourned till next Wednesday, and Hodge was admitted to bail in $200.

Brought Her Plunder.

WINDSOR, March 15.—Magistrate Bartlett yesterday morning continued the case against Mrs. Tremble for one week. She is charged with bringing stolen property into Canada, and was arrested at the instigation of a clerk who saw her steal some goods in Newcomb, Endicotte & Co.'s, Detroit, and followed her to Windsor before he could make up his mind to have her arrested.

Commodity Tariffs Abolished.

NEW YORK, March 15.—The Executive Committee of the trunk lines has resolved to have no more commodity tariffs, that is, cut rates, and to abolish those in existence. In future, however, it is provided that commodity tariffs may exist by mutual agreements.

The Paris Bourse.

PARIS, March 15.—The bourse closed with prices above the lowest figures of the day, but the market was unsteady. Comptoir d'Escompte shares closed at 375f. and Societe des Metaux shares at 112f. 50c.

Death of a Noted Tenor.

PARIS, March 15.—Henri Tamberlick, the celebrated Italian tenor singer, is dead aged 69.

INTERESTING ITEMS BY WIRE.

The Chinese are leaving Milwaukee owing to the recent revolutions.

An epidemic of scarlet fever in portions of Dakota is attended with unusual fatality.

Bishop Huntington says the church is becoming a club house to the exclusion of the poor.

Virgil Jackson was hanged at Utica yesterday for the murder of Morton Metcalf on Jan 29, 1888.

The colored people of the United States propose to erect a $200,000 monument to Lincoln at Springfield, Ill.

It is just 100 years since the then John Walter of The Times was sentenced to stand in the pillory for political libel.

Gen. Sherman's son, Thomas Ewing Sherman, has become a member of the Society of Jesus, and is to be ordained as a priest in July.

A conflict between American and Mexican miners appears imminent in the Lower California gold fields, and Mexican troops are hurrying to the scenes.

The Granite Hotel at Wellsburg, W. Va., was burned Wednesday night. Several guests jumped from the third story windows and were badly injured.

The proposed duel between Bellmara-Kovics, one of the regents of Servia, and Mihokovics, chief of staff, was prevented by the intercession of ex-King Milan.

La Bourse of Paris, a fervent supporter of the copper ring, admits that the crisis is appalling, and announces that all mines have consented to stop their output for two months.

Lord George Hamilton announces that Australia had promised to give £35,000 annually for ten years towards the building of the proposed new ships of war, also to fully maintain the vessels when completed.

Gloucester (Mass.), despatch: Reports from Newfoundland say the issue of licenses to American vessels for the purchase of bait and other necessary outfit will be refused this season, and that the Government will coincide with the Dominion Government in its policy.

Advices just received at Auckland from Samoa show that there was no basis for the sensational rumor of an engagement between the United States man-of-war Nipsic and the German ship Olga. German officials on the island have entirely given up their aggressive policy.

At the Colonial dinner in London Wednesday night, at which there were 270 guests, the Prince of Wales, who presided, referred to his visit to Canada, and said the changes and immense development were such that he should not know the country now. The services of the Canadian voyageurs on the Nile would never be forgotten.

NEWS OF THE DOMINION.

A TORONTO FIRM MULCTED BY THE CUSTOMS AUTHORITIES.

Death at a Wedding—Evildoers at Montreal —A Dundas Man's Probably Fatal Fall— Down by the Sea.

TORONTO, March 15.—In the police court yesterday morning George Kerr, the well known barrister, was fined $3 and costs for assault on James Paterson, a retired merchant and ex-President of the Board of Trade. The trouble arose from a dispute as to the whereabouts of Paterson's will, which he claimed to have left with Kerr as lawyer. A case of insulting language preferred by Kerr against Paterson was dismissed. Both are prominent trustees of the Metropolitan Methodist Church.

Contractor John Shields and Captain Sylvester Neelon appeared before the Civic Executive Committee yesterday to press the claims of the St. Catharines and Niagara Central Railway Company for a bonus or subsidy from the Dominion Government. The following motion was passed: "That the Council be requested to pass a petition asking the Dominion Government to grant the subsidy, and that a committee consisting of His Worship the Mayor, Chairman of the Executive, and Ald. Boustead, Davies and Vokes, wait upon the Government and impress on it the great advantage to the commercial interests of Toronto likely to accrue on the completion of that section of the road between St. Catharines and Toronto.

It is reported that Gillespie, Ansley & Martin, wholesale furriers, have had a difficulty with the custom authorities, which has resulted in the firm being mulcted to the tune of $5000. Both the members of the firm and the authorities refuse to talk.

It is recorded against the name of Edward White, 626½ Yonge-street, arrested last night, that he attempted to steal a dog, the property of Wm. Flynn. According to the latter's story Flynn's dog was walking soberly behind its owner in Yonge-street when the prisoner came along and grabbed it. He refused to give it up and was run in.

The admirers of the heavy horse from all parts of the Province assembled at the Toronto Drill Shed yesterday to witness the Clydes' contest for honors. It was the third annual spring show of the Clydesdale Horse Association of Canada. Both morning and afternoon the spacious building was crowded with spectators, who seemed to take great interest in the big horses as they were led about, their manes decorated with various colored ribbons. The show on a whole was certainly the best yet held by the Association and the animals did credit to the country. Mr. Beith of Bowmanville was a prominent exhibitor, his stock being a fine lot. The interest taken in the first-class that came before the judges, that of Canadian bred Clydesdale stallions, showed that the agriculturists of the Dominion are aware of the necessity of securing good, serviceable home-bred animals. In this class first prize was awarded to William Gregg's Glenlee, bred by the exhibitor at Claremont. Glenlee also secured the sweepstake prize. In the next class, that of Canadian Clydesdale stallions, foaled subsequent to Jan. 1, 1888, John Bell's L'Amaroux secured first prize, the only other entry being Alex. Doherty's Merry Boy.

A Government caucus was held in room 16 at the Legislative buildings yesterday. The chief subject was that of opening the railway question. It was decided that colonization railways would receive encouragement, notably those which would open up the northwestern part of the Province.

It is understood that they announced their intention of granting aid to the following proposed railways:

$3000 per mile for fifty miles of road from Port Arthur to Sand Lake, amounting in all to $150,000 to that district.

$3000 per mile for 28 miles, from a point on Manitoulin Island, to connect with the Canadian Pacific Railway.

$3000 per mile for a road from Parry Sound to the Northern and Pacific Railway junction.

$3000 for 50 miles on a railroad beginning east of Palmer Rapids and terminating 20 miles east of Westport.

It is not at all improbable but the Government will also consider before the House rises the advisability of granting aid to the Nipissing and James' Bay railway, although it is believed they did not announce this as yet. The Government are fully alive to the representations made that the newly-settled districts of the Province are entitled to assistance in the line of railway development.

Probably Fatal Fall.

HAMILTON, March 15.—Mr. Robt. Woods, who was an oldtime resident of Dundas and for years foreman of the Dundas foundry, fell from a hay mow and received injuries from which he will probably die. The unfortunate gentleman, who is now engaged in farming near Copetown, was preparing to feed the stock and by some means fell through the mow. When picked up it was ascertained that his injuries were of a very serious nature. Drs. Ross and Malloch were soon in attendance, and it was discovered that either his ribs or the cartilage connecting with his spine had been fractured. He is paralyzed in the lower limbs from the effect of the accident and it is feared that he will not recover.

Montreal Malefactors.

MONTREAL, March 15.—In the Court of Queen's Bench yesterday among the true bills returned by the grand jury were: Marie Girard, Eva Peltier and J. Personne, perjury; Andre Mainville, rape; J. A. Coultie, E. Rooney and L. S. Chafier, obtaining money under false pretences; Nap. Larocque, forgery of signatures to application for liquor licenses. No bill was returned in the case of Wm. Dieterle, charged by Feodor Boas with obtaining money under false pretences. The trial of John Bensen for the murder of his wife was continued yesterday, the evidence being unfavorable to Bensen.

Death at a Wedding.

WYOMING, Ont., March 15.—While a wedding was taking place Wednesday evening at the residence of John Paul, second line of Plympton, Mrs. McLintock, wife of Rev. Mr. McLintock of Mandaumin Presbyterian Church, went into one of the bedrooms to lay aside her wraps. A few moments later she was found lying on the floor dead. The cause of her death was apoplexy. She leaves four sons and five daughters.

Expansion of British Trade With Canada.

LONDON, March 15.—A meeting of the Anticosti Company has been convened for voluntary liquidation, as F. W. Stockwell is unable to provide the purchase price. The directors expect that the property when sold as a result of the winding up, will more than suffice to pay the debts and expenses, and repay the shareholders the full amount of their subscription.

British trade expanded last month both in exports to and imports from Canada. The former increased £21,330, or equal to five per cent.; the latter £23,465, or equal to twelve per cent.

A $50,000 Fire.

MARION, Ind., March 14.—The window glass factory of Stewart, Estes & Co. was burnt to-day; loss. $50,000.

Seeking a Subsidy.

WARKWORTH, March 15.—A meeting of the ratepayers of the township of Percy was held here Wednesday evening for the purpose of appointing delegates to wait on the Dominion and Ontario Governments to urge that a subsidy be granted the Cobourg and Northumberland Railway. J. Humphreys, A. M. Hamilton, Dr. Richards, F. B. Carlaw and Allan Spiers were appointed to wait on the Dominion Government, and W. Bensley, P. Gallagher and C. A. Mallory to wait on the Ontario Government.

A Fatal Accident.

AGINCOURT, March 15.—While James Kennedy, an aged resident of this place, was driving a team of horses assisting to move a building on the premises of S. J. Patterson, he missed his footing and before the building could be stopped it had been drawn over his body injuring him fatally. He was taken to his home but expired a few minutes afterwards. An inquest was thought unnecessary.

Scott Act Cases at Whitby.

WHITBY, March 15.—These Scott Act fines have been inflicted by Magistrate Horn: John Brery, Epsom, $100; P. Gleason, Greenwood, $100; George Chinn, Brooklyn, $100; R. Willcockson, Columbus, $100.

Whipped by White Caps.

BALTIMORE, March 15.—White Caps whipped James Hatton, a prominent colored politician, at Purgotague, Va., a few days ago. Hatton was left unconscious and is badly used up.

Not so Poor as He Seemed.

ST. LOUIS, March 15.—Friday George C. Hayden, aged 75, died at a cheap boarding house here. He was supposed to be very poor. The public administrator in examining Hayden's trunk found a note enclosing a safe deposit key. It also contained the name of B. C. Payne of Winslow, Maine. The administrator found in Hayden's box at the safe deposit vault over $60,000 in cash, stocks and bonds. Hayden is supposed to have relatives in Maine. He lived here nearly 40 years.

Corn Sowing

Is a process conducted by the agency of tight boots all the year around. Corn reaping is best conducted through the agency of Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor, the only safe and sure-pop corn cure. Putnam's Extractor is now widely imitated. Beware of all poisonous and sore producing substitutes.

SOME SYMPTOMS OF WORMS are:—Fever, colic, variable appetite, restlessness, weakness and convulsions. The unfailing remedy is Dr. Low's Worm Syrup.

THAT HACKING COUGH can be so quickly cured by Shiloh's Cure. We guarantee it. For sale by D. M. Waters.

Only One Cent!
Only One Cent!

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

TO SPORTSMEN—For sale, a double-barrel Breech-loader, 12 bore, 7½ lbs. weight, made to order by Holland, Bond street, best maker in London, with all necessary fittings. Can be seen at office H. E. Holden, Bridge St. In order—good as new. Lowest price Sixty-Five Dollars—less than half cost. 268th&sat

POOL TABLE, and all the fixtures, for sale. Is in first class order. Apply at Hub Hotel, Front Street, Belleville. 263d2w

APARTMENTS TO LET.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

BOARD AND ROOMS.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD. ONE cent per word each insertion.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

HOUSES TO LET.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

FOR SALE or TO LET, the House formerly occupied by J. H. Simpson, Commercial Street Possession given immediately. Apply to P. R. PALMER 263d3m

LOST AND FOUND.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

LIVE STOCK.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

HOUSE FOR SALE on William St., two doors south of Bridge St., next the residence of Mrs. T. C. Wallbridge, best locality in the city, house new, comfortable, and commodious, hard and soft water, closets in all the rooms. Enquire of R. PURDY, Bridge St. 242d1m.

TO LET.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

WANTED.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

WANTED—Intelligent, well educated boy to learn Telegraphing. Apply at the office of the Rathbun Co., Bridge St. 269d3t

WANTED.—An agent wanted to buy and sell the "World" Type Writer in Belleville. Agents wanted throughout Canada. Address The Type Writer Improvement Co., No. 4, Post Office Square, Boston, Mass. 269d3t

HOUSEKEEPER WANTED, middle aged woman preferred, to take charge of a family of six. Apply at HUGH WALKER'S grocery. 258dtf.

SALESMEN—We wish a few men to sell our goods by sample to the wholesale and retail trade. Large manufacturers in our line. Enclose 2-cent stamp. Wages $3 per day. Permanent position. No postals answered. Money advanced for wages, advertising, etc. CENTENNIAL MAN'F'G CO, CINCINNATI, OHIO. 245d30teod

DOMESTICS WANTED.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

COOK WANTED—immediately. Apply at City Hotel.—D. COYLE. 269d1w

SITUATIONS WANTED.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

MECHANICS WANTED.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion,

CARSLAKE'S
GRAND DERBY SWEEP
$25,000.00.

1st horse (in duplicate)	$3,000 each =	$6,000
2nd " " "	$2,000 " "	$4,000
3rd " " "	$1,000 " "	$2,000
Other starters (divided equally)		$4,000
Non-starters " "		$9,000

5000 Tickets at $5 Each.
171 Entries (in duplicate 342 horses.)
Drawing June 3rd. Race June 5th, 1889.
Result of each Drawing sent to all subscribers.
Ten per cent deducted from all prizes.
Address, GEORGE CARSLAKE, Prop,,
Mansion House, 522 St. James St., Montreal.
269eod

Belleville Hospital and Home for the Friendless.

TENDERS,

Addressed to the undersigned, are invited up to the THIRTIETH OF MARCH for the supply of

BREAD, AND ALSO MILK,

for the above Hospital and Home.

The quantity of Bread to be at least five four-pound loaves per day, and the Milk at least twelve quarts per day—both Bread and Milk must be of the best quality. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

J. E. MACLEAN, President.
Mar. 14, '89 d3t

—NEW—
SPRING GOODS!
New Embroideries,
New Prints,
New Tweeds,
New Carpets,
New Curtain Materials,
New Cornice Poles,
New Window Shades.
GEORGE RITCHIE & CO'S.

NEW SPRING GOODS
—ARRIVING DAILY.—
New Prints,
New Shirtings,
New Dress Goods,
New Ginghams,
New Table Linens,
New Towel Linens,
Etc., etc., CHEAPER THAN EVER.
A. N. REID & CO.

NEW SPRING GOODS
AT
BRIGNALL & THOMPSON'S.
New Prints and Dress Goods,
New Embroideries,
New Cottons and Steam Looms,
New Table Linens and Sheetings,
New Goods in all departments arriving daily. Prices very low.
BRIGNALL & THOMPSON.

--50 MORE--
NEW HANGING LAMPS put in. Prices very much below anything we ever had.
W. J. REID & CO.

FANS
Suitable for WEDDINGS and BALLS. A splendid assortment at
J. C. OVERELL'S
FANCY EMPORIUM, BELLEVILLE.

CLEARING--SALE
OF ALL
BOOTS AND SHOES
Damaged by Fire and Water. Over $5,000 worth at less than half regular price.
A. W. VERMILYEA & SON.

NEW SEASON'S TEAS,
FRESH GROUND COFFEES,
Handsome Presents Given Away
AT
STROUD ∴ BROS.,
Front Street, Belleville,
and at Montreal, Ottawa, Kingston and Toronto.

RUBBER STAMPS! Send your name and address, with 30 cents, to the ONTARIO CARD CO.,' Belleville, Ont., and get a Pearl Pen and Pencil Stamp, complete.

NEW
SPRING
GOODS.

Bought very early and bought very cheap.

NEW PRINTS,
NEW TABLINGS,
NEW COTTONS,
NEW STEAMLOOMS,
NEW DRESS GOODS,
NEW EMBROIDERIES,
NEW SHIRTINGS,
NEW CRETONNES,
NEW SCRIMS,
NEW UNDERWEAR,
NEW TWEEDS,

See the new. They are better and cheaper than the old.

JAS. W. DUNNET.
GLASGOW WAREHOUSE
Belleville, Feb 12, 1889

Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE FRIDAY, MAR. 15

MERE MENTION.

For a disordered liver try Beecham's Pills.

The toot bridge was reopened to traffic to-day.

A lot of purses at reduced prices at Geen's Drug Store.

Oat sharps are said to be working Frontenac county. Beware of them.

Open water is beginning to show in the river in the vicinity of the ashery.

Remember the meeting in the Opera House this evening. Rev. Principal Grant will speak.

If you have a cough or cold go at once to Geen's Drug Store and buy a bottle of Holden's Expectorant.

The special committee appointed to meet the bakers of the city and their solicitor, Mr. R. C. Clute, will meet this evening.

Mr. Ryan, horse dealer of Montreal, is in town buying horses. He has been buying extensively in the vicinity of Norwood.

The *Whig* says:—"Jacob Matthews has been re-appointed engineer of the steamer Mary Ethel at Belleville. He will leave for that place on Saturday."

All disorders caused by a bilious state of the system can be can be cured by using Carter's Little Liver Pills. No pain, griping or discomfort attending their use. Try them.

Cold wet weather is very hard on sufferers from Neuralgia troubles, and to those Dyer's Quinine and Iron Wine is strongly recommended, it is palatable, easily assimilated, and can be safely taken by the weakest invalid. W. A. Dyer & Co., Montreal.

Dr. T. Heman Brehemer, an eminent German authority, says: "Consumption is always due to deficient nutrition of the lungs, caused by bad blood." At the Brompton Hospital for consumptives, London, England, a statement has been published that 52 per cent. of the patients of that institution have unsuspected kidney disorder. This explains why the proprietors of Warner's Safe Cure claim that they have received many testimonials which they have not published, because of the incredulity with which they would be received were it claimed that Warner's Safe Cure cures consumption but the fact is that if your kidneys be cured and put in a healthy condition they expel the uric acid and poisonous waste matter, and prevent the irritation of the delicate substances of the lungs, thereby removing the cause. When the effect is removed the symptom of the kidney disease, which is called consumption, disappears, and with it the irritation, which caused it.

PROBABILITIES.

Toronto, March 15.—Strong winds or gales from southeast and east; partly cloudy to cloudy mild weather, with rain.

"A Barrel Full of Money"

is a good thing to have, but what's it good for if your health is poor? Preserve your health by using Imperial Cream Tartar Baking Powder.

TEMPERATURE.

As Registered by Dr. Bell's Self-Registering Thermometer.

Friday, March 15.
Maximum 28; minimum 17.
Barometer 30.32.

A Popular Instrument.

A new scale Upright Pianoforte recently completed by Messrs. Newcombe & Co., Toronto, is affording much satisfaction. It fills the requirements of a reliable instrument by a first class maker at a figure within the reach of all. Write them for particulars.

Black Caps.

An organization called the Black Caps has been formed in Kingston, and the secretary is busy notifying idlers to go to work and wife-beaters to mend their ways. A society of the same character is evidently much needed in this city, and the secretary of it would no doubt be furnished with material enough to keep him busy notifying like characters.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Dreams.

The famous authoress "The Duchess," will chat with our readers to-morrow on "Dreams." This and other interesting matter of a special character will make a highly interesting issue of the Intelligencer. Do not fail to get a copy.

Another "Good One."

The Ottawa correspondent of the Montreal *Star* writes: "The Minister of Public Works was awarded the contract for the construction of a bridge across the Bay of Quinte, between Belleville and Prince Edward County. The contract is for $85,000."

Another Wife Beater.

Wm. Connors, better known as "Spot Connors," was arrested this morning at the instance of his wife, for abusing her. When brought to the station he looked as if he had been roughly handled. The little finger of the right hand was badly cut, and a cut also appeared on the palm of the hand. Officer Stoneburg dressed the wounds, after which he was locked up.

Horses for the States.

The Ameliasburg correspondent of the Picton *Gazette* writes:—"Mr. E. A. Brickman, of this place, who is making the breeding of Percheron horses a speciality, has recently secured an order from an American dealer for 18 stallions, 2 years old and upward. This settles the doubt many have had that there would be no sale for these horses other than Mr. Dunham."

Arrival of Immigrants.

The arrival of immigrants at the Kingston agency during the past year was as follows: January, 18; February, 19; March, 64; April, 392; May, 469; June, 311; July, 181; August, 142; September, 233; October, 200; November, 15; December, 12; total number of souls, 1,972, all of whom remained in Ontario. Their nationalities were: English, 1,470; Irish, 107; Scotch, 384; German, 5; Scandinavian, 6.

Gas.

The illuminating power of the gas manufactured in Montreal is eighteen candles. This, the new manager just out from England states, as reported in the *Star*, is higher than the common English standard, which is only sixteen candles. The Belleville Gas Company is now furnishing, by the new process, gas with an illuminating power of twenty one candles, and frequently twenty-two. Experts declare that the Belleville gas is not surpassed anywhere for purity and brilliance.

Mock Parliament.

The House assembled last evening at the usual hour. The Opposition gathering courage from the absence of the Minister of Matrimony, assailed his department with numerous questions which were all plausibly answered by Government members. The resolution introduced by Mr. Lyons, and seconded by Mr. Berry, the newly member for Miramichi, favoring unrestricted reciprocity with the United States, then came on for discussion, but the house appeared decidedly *in nubibus* upon the question, for it adjourned without expressing a definite opinion.

Abusing His Wife.

James McCarthy, shoemaker, was arrested at 2 o'clock this morning by officer Cook while in a drunken condition and abusing his wife. At the police court he was charged with feloniously and maliciously inflicting grievous bodily harm upon Mrs. Jane McCarthy by beating her. He pleaded not guilty, but was remanded until Monday. He abused her to such an extent that a physician was called in to attend her. When the officer arrived at McCarthy's house to arrest him he found his wife lying upon the floor, unconscious. She was unable to appear against him this morning at the court.

A Successful Wind up.

The final entertainment of the Ontario Business College Literary Society for the present season was given last night. The attendance was the largest, and the entertainment the best of the series. The programme was as follows: Instrumental (piano and violin), Miss Lalonde and Mr. Lalonde; Recitation, Miss Fleming; Instrumental (baritone), Mr. Blaind; Recitation, Miss Edwards; Instrumental (piano and violin), Miss Lalonde and Mr. Lalonde; Recitation, Miss McInnes; Instrumental (banjo and piano), Mr. Foltz and Miss Huffman; Recitation, Miss Sibbitt; Reading, Mr. Marskell; Recitation, Miss Robertson; Instrumental (ario), Mr. Foltz; Instrumental, Mr. Doyle.

Personal.

Hon. T. B. Pardee is now said to be slowly dying at his home at Sarnia. He is physically and mentally a wreck, and none but members of his family are allowed to see him.

Mary Anderson arrived at Philadelphia last evening and put herself under the care of Dr. S. Weir Mitchell. She said that since her arrival in Washington, she had been suffering from nervousness, which at times compelled her to give up all hopes of appearing on the stage, and her head had given her much trouble. Dr. Mitchell said her condition was not serious and was undoubtedly due to overwork.

Mr. L. H. Henderson, City Solicitor, left for Ottawa last night.

Mr. Job Lingham passed a restless night and was this morning not so well.

Mr. Thomas Lockerty's condition remains about the same.

Committee Meeting.

MARKET.

The Market Committee met last night and awarded the contract for the reconstruction of the butter market. There were some twelve tenders, ranging from $90 to $400. The tender of Mr. Charles LaPointe, namely $90, was accepted. The following were the tenderers and the amounts asked: Jos. Cavanagh $100, L. Grills, $426 25, G. H. Bennett $150, Gordineer, $115, R. H. Baker $100, E. Ling $185, E. Palen $162, J. McNellis $100, Chas. Smith $90, C. LaPointe $90, W. Alford $98.50 and F. W. Rutherford $175.

FIRE.

This committee recommended the purchase of two Callaghan controlling nozzles, and also two water gates, at an approximate cost of $72.

PUBLIC WORKS.

This committee recommended the payment of the weekly pay sheet—$49.75.

Also that the sum of $206.50 be paid to Mr. Geo. Bennett, being the balance due him in full for the footbridge contract.

That the offer of James McCoy to sell a quantity of stone at $2 per cord be accepted.

HARBOR AND FERRY.

This committee considered the Harbor Commission Bill clause by clause and recommended that the City Solicitor be instructed to proceed to Ottawa immediately to look after the bill.

WATER AND GAS.

This committee recommended that four additional electric lights be placed on the following streets, namely Moira, Bridge, Pine and Church.

Ministers, Lawyers, Teachers, and others whose occupation give but little exercise, should use Carter's Little Liver Pills for torpid liver and biliousness. One is a dose. Try them.

Excursion to Peterborough.

The excursion to Peterborough yesterday afternoon was well attended, about 125 taking advantage of the low rate to visit that town and attend the special services being conducted by Messrs. Crossley and Hunter. The train left the station at a few minutes to five. When Campbellford was reached a few minutes were allowed for refreshments, but owing to the limited supply of provisions provided at the refreshment booth, it was exhausted before one half of those who wished were supplied. Peterborough was reached at 8 o'clock, and the excursionists at once wended their way to the George St. Methodist church. A number of the front seats in the church had been reserved for the Belleville contingent. The edifice was filled to overflowing, and hundreds had been turned away. A number of those who went out occupied seats on the platform, among them being Rev. J. Learoyd, Messrs. Wm. Johnson, C. P. Holton, A. Vermilyea, W. H. Carscallen, C. Wilkins, Wm. Alford, E. Howard and others. After the singing of the doxology Mr. Learoyd was called upon to pray, followed by the reading of a scripture lesson by Mr. Hunter. After he had read a chapter he exhorted all to become Christians, as a worldly life, he said, was not worth living for. Live as Paul lived, so that when we come down to death we may exclaim with him, I have fought the good fight, and won a glorious victory.

Rev. J. Learoyd was then called upon. He said he had come to Peterborough for the purpose of hearing the brethren who were doing such grand work. The work which was done in Belleville by them a year ago was a glorious one and was still going on. It was a genuine one, and as a result 400 had been added to the membership of the Bridge Street church. The young people had been especially very active in the work. He hoped that great good would result from the work in Peterborough.

Mr. Wm. Johnson being called upon read a letter from His Worship Mayor Diamond, expressing his regret at not being able to attend, but wishing the evangelists every success. The letter also referred to his Worship's enjoying the love of God in his heart. The speaker said he had great faith in the present meetings. They had proved to have been a great power for good in Belleville, and he hoped that much good would be accomplished in Peterborough.

Mr. C. P. Holton said he thanked God for the work which had been done in Belleville, as it was a glorious work. During the special services in Belleville 83 young ladies of his Bible class had found peace, and of those 69 were still faithful, and of the remainder he believed some had not entirely gone back into the world. He wished the evangelists every success.

Short addresses were also delivered by Messrs. H. Carscallen, Sergeant, A. Vermilyea, C. Wilkins, Wm. Alford, H. F. Ketcheson, H. Gordon and E. Howard.

At the conclusion of the service the Belleville friends were requested to proceed to the basement of the church, where supper was partaken of. An excellent spread had been provided and justice was done to it by all.

At a few minutes after 11 o'clock the train steamed out of the station, and Belleville was reached shortly before 2 a. m., the time occupied in coming being 2 hours and 15 minutes. All were well pleased with the trip.

The Suicide at Rochester.

The Result of the Inquest over the Remains of Annie Diamond.

From the Rochester *Post Express* it is learned that the inquest over the remains of the late Annie Diamond, of this place, who committed suicide in that city, took place on Tuesday afternoon. Felix Droughty, clerk at the Waverly house, testified that the deceased had received a gentleman whom he did not know in the parlor on Saturday. Coroner Sharpe testified that Macklin told him that he became acquainted with the girl about four weeks ago in Belleville; that she had followed him to Kingston, Hamilton and Toronto, and that he had been intimate with her at these places. He said that he went to her room in the Waverly house Saturday night. She told him that Thomas Cook, formerly of Rochester, but now in Canada, caused her downfall.

It was positively stated by several persons at the inquest that the girl had relatives in Belleville.

The jury returned a verdict that "the deceased came to her death by her own hand with suicidal intent." No blame was attached to anyone.

As has already been stated, the girl had no relatives in this city or country.

Literary Entertainment.

The Young People's Christian Endeavor Society of the Congregational Church held the fifth of their series of literary entertainments at the parsonage last night. This was undoubtedly the most successful one of the season. The programme throughout was a splendid combination of instrumental and vocal music, readings, and recitations, and the execution of their parts by the various contributors merited the highest praise. Miss McPherson's rendering of the vocal solo "Shadows of the Past" was exceedingly good, and heartily applauded. Miss Wheeler also sang with much feeling, "The Gates of the West" and received a hearty encore, to which she responded. A duet, "No, Sir!" by Mr. Skiggs and Miss Benson, caused considerable amusement, and called for a hearty encore. During the evening, the President, Rev'd T. W. Bowen, explained the nature of the work of the Society, what had been accomplished financially, and that a sum of $4.20 was required to place them out of debt. He therefore asked for a generous collection. A collection being taken up, the amount required was raised.

Frederick T. Roberts, M. D., Physician to and Professor of Clinical Medicine at University College Hospital, London, Eng., says: "Bright's Disease has no symptoms of its own, and may long exist without the knowledge of the patient or practitioner, as no pain will be felt in the kidneys or that vicinity." This accounts for many people dying with Bright's Disease, or advanced kidney malady. The disease is not suspected until it reaches a fatal period. If Warner's Safe Cure is used at the proper time, the fatality from that terrible disease would be greatly decreased. Dr. Thompson also says. "More adults were carried off in this country by chronic kidney disease than by any other one malady except consumption."

District Intelligence.

Mr. C. Emmory, of Brighton, while cutting kindling wood, one day recently, chopped off his thumb.

Mrs. T. Mitchell fell on the ice at Wooler and dislocated her elbow and broke one of the bones of her arm.

The residence of Mr. D. M. Christie, miller, near Brighton, was, with most of the furniture, burned up on Friday morning last. There is an insurance of $450 on the furniture.

Dyspepsia in its worst forms will yield to the use of Carter's Little Nerve Pills, aided by Carter's Little Liver Pills. They not only relieve present distress but strengthen the stomach and digestive apparatus.

WILL YOU SUFFER with Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint? Shiloh's Vitalizer is guaranteed to cure you. Sold by D. M. Waters.

IT COST TOO MUCH.

The Sad Experience which Befell One of the Astors.

In the early days of the direct tea trade with China, importers were anxious to secure the earliest cargoes of a new crop.

The first cargo brought the best price and large profits. The successful captain was always rewarded, so every known aid to navigation was adopted.

The young captain of one of Mr. Astor's clippers bought, on one of his trips, a new chronometer, and with its aid made a quick passage and arrived first. He put the price of it into the expense account of the trip, but Mr. Astor threw it out, insisting that such an item of expense for new fangled notions could not be allowed.

The captain thereupon resigned and took service with a rival line.

The next year he reached port long in advance of any competitor, to the great delight and profit of his employers, and the chagrin of Mr. Astor.

Not long after they chanced to meet, and Mr Astor inquired:

"By the way, Captain, how much did that chronometer cost you?"

"Six hundred dollars," then, with a quizzical glance, he asked:

"And how much has it cost you, Mr. Astor?"

"Sixty thousand dollars."

Men are often unfortunate in the rejection of what they called new fangled notions.

There are sick men who refuse, even when their physicians tell them they cannot help them, to take Warner's Safe Cure, because it is a "new fangled" proprietary medicine. The result is they lose—life and health.

Thousands of other men have been restored to health by it, as the testimonials furnished to the public show. The proprietors have a standing offer of $5,000 to any one who will show that any testimonial published by them is not, so far as they know, entirely true.

Dr. Andrew Wilson, Fellow of the Royal Society of Edinburgh, the Editor of "Health," London Eng., says, in his magazine, in answer to an inquiry, "Warner's Safe Cure is of a perfectly safe character, and perfectly reliable."

New fangled notions are sometimes very valuable, and it costs too much to foolishly reject them.

FRENCH AFFAIRS.

A Heated Debate in the Chamber—Three Duels Imminent.

Paris, March 15.—The Bank of France authorities deny the report of the resignation of the governor and one of the directors of the bank. They also discredit the rumor of the resignation of two other directors.

La Paris says the Minister of Finance has appointed two experts to ascertain the exact position of the Comptoir d'Escompte.

In the Chamber of Deputies M. Arene amid noisy interruption from the Right read the report of the committee appointed to consider the charges against Laguerre, Laisart and Tarquet. The report favored the prosecution of the accused deputies.

M. Sevaistre declared the proposal showed the imbecility of its authors. For this remark Sevaistre was severely censured by the President of the Chamber.

M. Laguerre then spoke. He averred that his party intended to prosecute its campaign peacefully and legally. He would not appeal to the Chamber, whose verdict was immaterial, but to the country which supported the Patriotic League. He denied that the league was a secret society. The real conspirators were those who rebelled against universal suffrage. This clique had seized the Government, but universal suffrage would have the last word. Persecution and violence would only hasten the hour when the country, disgusted and indignant, would repeal the Chamber. [Applause from the Right.] The report of the committee maintained that the Patriotic League was a secret society. Referring to the fact that Gen. Boulanger recently dined with the Duchesse Duzes, he expressed surprise that men calling themselves Republicans should form a part of the Prætorian Guard of the Faubourg St. Germain.

Gen. Boulanger rose, and crossing his arms regarded the majority defiantly. An uproar ensued, during which M. Thiesse was censured for apostrophising the President.

Paul de Cassagnac defied the Chamber to prosecute Boulanger.

The debate was clotured, 318 to 214. The Chamber then, 334 to 227, authorized the Government to prosecute the accused deputies. The sitting was then adjourned.

As a result of the heated debate duels are imminent between MM. Aneno and Provost Delaunay, Burdeau and De Cassagnac, Pichon and Laguerre. In the course of his speech Laguerre was called to order on account of his violent language and the fact was inscribed on the official record.

Stop that Cough.

Many people neglect what they call a simple cold, which, if not checked in time, may lead to Lung trouble. *Scott's Emulsion of Pure Cod Liver Oil, with Hypophosphites*, will not only stop the cough but heal the lungs. Endorsed by thousands of physicians. Palatable as milk. Try it, Sold by all Druggists at 50c. and $1.00.

—Hon. Senator Macdonald has resigned the presidency of the Dominion Evangelical Alliance.

—The Dufferin gold mine at Salmon River, N. S., has been sold at auction for $141,000.

—The Connecticut House has passed a bill prohibiting the use of tobacco for smoking by minors under 16.

—The New York *World's* San Diego correspondent says the alleged gold mines in Lower California are a complete fraud.

—Treasurer Jones is expected to retire from the Manitoba Cabinet in June and Col. McMillan is expected to succeed him.

SHILOH'S COUGH and Consumption Cure sold by us on a guarantee. It cures consumption. Sold by D. M. Waters.

—The Chicago wheat market was comparatively steady yesterday, the fluctuations being much smaller and less rapid than for some days past.

—John and Joseph Daniels, father and son, of Dickeyville, Wis., had a quarrel the other day, when the son was fatally stabbed and the father badly bruised.

—Five hundred people from Quebec Province will leave Montreal next Monday to settle in the North-west. These will be followed shortly by 200 more.

As a Pick me-up after excessive exertion or exposure, Milburn's Beef, Iron and Wine is grateful and comforting.

—Information reached Ottawa yesterday that a new Indian treaty had been made on behalf of the Government with the Indians living in the territory north of Prince Albert. The terms are those usually made with the aborigines.

—The attempt to fix a scandal on the late Ross-Taillon Government of Quebec was effectually exploded yesterday, when the defence assumed the aggressive, and forced admissions from Mr. J. P. Whelan which completely turned the tables.

MARRIED.

At the Methodist parsonage, Ameliasburg, on March 13th, by Rev'd T. P. Steel, Mr. George Cunningham to Miss Corintha, second daughter of John Pierson, Esq., all of Ameliasburg, Prince Edward County.

At the residence of the bride's mother, by the Rev. T. P. Steel, on March 13th, Mr. Wm. Asa Foster, of Sophiasburg, to Miss Letta Ianthe, third daughter of the late Geo. Anderson, Esq., of Ameliasburg, Prince Edward County.

The Jesuit Question.

PROF. GRANT TO THE "MAIL."

The Case Dealt with from Three Points of View—The Principal of Queen's Cannot find Fault with the Reference to the Pope—The People of Ontario Cannot be Asked to interfere—The Apathy of Quebec Protestants the Cause of the Jesuit Incorporation.

To the Editor of the Mail.

Sir,—Since writing you last I have read a good deal on the Jesuits' Estates Act and the various questions, legal, moral, historical, constitutional and political, which it suggests, and I feel more qualified to speak on the subject than when you did me the honor of asking my opinion. Certainly it would give me much less trouble now to speak or write for hours than to condense my conclusions in a single letter. Mr. Mercier's speech, *e. g.*, in moving the Quebec Legislature into committee to consider the resolutions, fills seventy pages of *Hansard*, and L. E. L.'s pamphlet consists of fifty-eight closely-printed pages. I shall try, however, to have regard to your space and to the time of your readers.

Three things agitate the public mind—the incorporation of the Jesuits, the subsequent grant of money, and the provision that the Pope must sanction the arrangement. Let us consider these three separately, taking the last first, as some writers have put it in a form peculiarly exasperating to Protestants.

1. Mr. Mercier noted this point in his speech, and distinctly offered to do away with the provision, if the least serious objection were made to it in the House. He pointed out that it was a precaution which as business men the Ministry had to take; and that it was the Ministry and not the Pope who exacted it "Let us not play with words. The law will be sanctioned by the Lieutenant Governor," he said. We then, he continued, shall have done our part. We shall have indicated how far we are willing to go to settle this matter, which has been a bone of contention between Church and State for a century; but till the head of the Church signifies that he, on behalf of the Church, accepts what we have done as a final settlement, neither principal nor interest shall be paid. Again, "We do not say that the law will be sanctioned by the Pope. That would be ridiculous. We only want the act of the agent approved by the principal. Here is the whole question in two words: Il s'agit de l'arrangement et non pas de la loi."—(*Hansard, pp. 1260-4, and 1283.*)

If the matter was to be settled at all, and before giving an opinion on that point, let us remember that the great majority of the people of Quebec are Roman Catholics, I do not see what else Mr. Mercier could have done than require the sanction of the Pope to the bargain. It may seem astonishing to Protestants that Roman Catholics should acknowledge a man living in Rome as the head of their Church. But they do. Protestants must accept that fact in the same spirit in which all facts should be accepted.

2. The grant of money to the Jesuits. But the money was not awarded and has not been given to the Jesuits. It has been given to the Roman Catholic Church. Doubtless the Jesuits will get some of it. Mr. Mercier in his speech quotes a letter, dated 11th October, 1884, from the secretary of the Propaganda to the General of the Jesuits, promising on the part of the Pope that when the matter was settled they would get a share, the proportion to be subsequently determined.

The ground on which the Church claimed the estates was the canon law, according to which endowments for pious purposes escheated not to the crown but to the church. English law acknowledges this principle in a way by the doctrine of *cy-pres*, which empowers a court to execute a trust as nearly as it can to the original purpose, when the literal execution is inexpedient or impracticable. Should the Legislature of Quebec have acknowledged the claim of the church in this instance? The question is for the people of Quebec rather than for the people of Ontario. However, as the estates were being used for educational purposes, it seems to me that the Church acted unwisely in pressing the claim. But the Government acted constitutionally and frankly. It announced its intention in the speech at the opening of the session. In the Montreal *Gazette*—an Opposition paper—there appeared some editorials of great candor and ability, criticising the proposal. But no petitions were presented against it from a single constituency. No one prepared at Quebec to urge an objection. On other matters affecting Protestant rights, or assumed Protestant rights, the minority, or assumed representatives of the minority, sometimes show surprising activity. Much more consideration is usually paid them than minorities get elsewhere, for French-Canadians are generally fair and always polite. No division was taken in the House at any stage, and though two members expressed disapproval, Mr. Mercier in closing the discussion was able honestly to felicitate them on the tone of their remarks and to thank the Protestant members for the moderation with which they had treated the question. Such being the circumstances in which this vote of money was made, how can the people of Ontario, who are notoriously jealous of their provincial rights, be asked almost a year after to resurrect the question?

3. The incorporation of the Jesuits two years previously. We have come at last to ground on which I for one can protest, though the position is much weaker than it would have been had action been taken at the time. There are pious, learned and noble men among the Jesuits, but history has pronounced judgment on the order. Every where it is welcomed at first and hated with righteous hatred at last. The very word "Jesuitical" is its condemnation. The order was instituted for the express purpose of warring against Protestantism and the fundamental principles of modern society. It ought not to have been incorporated by law, it cannot remain incorporated in a country where Protestants and Roman Catholics live together, and where all expect to work together for the common good. Its constitution, which makes the will of the general the supreme law, is immoral. It would be pronounced by lawyers "*pactum illicitum*." Pope Clement XIV. saw that here was the root of all the evils that flowed from the society. "Immediately on its institution," he says, "various seeds of discord and jealousy germinated, not only in its interior economy, but also in regard to other regular orders, the secular priesthood, its academies, universities and public schools, and against the Princes in those States they had been received; * * then, again, also in respect to the unlimited power with which the general of this order was endowed, as to dogmas, schools, freedom and privileges which the bishop and other persons holding ecclesiastical and secular offices judge to be antagonistic to their jurisdiction and prerogatives." His predecessors had, therefore, much trouble with them, he says, namely Popes Urban VII., Clement IX., Clement X., Clement XI., Clement XII., Alexander VII., Alexander VIII., Innocent X., Innocent XI., Innocent XII., Innocent XIII. and Benedict XIV. Our predecessors had to undergo much vexation on that account; indeed Pope Innocent XI., driven by necessity, went so far as to forbid the society to receive and invest novices. Further Innocent XIII. was compelled to threaten them with the same punishment," etc., etc. Clement ends this celebrated brief *Dominus ac Redemptor Noster* by abolishing the society, seeing that "it is scarcely possible as long as it exists to re-establish true and durable peace in the Church." Canadians have no right to consider themselves better Roman Catholics than those illustrious Popes, or the eight cardinals, prelates and theologians, who, for months before the brief was published, went over it word for word with Clement XIV.

Why did Mr. Mercier incorporate such a society? Mr. Mercier simply did what party politicians always do and consider themselves justified in doing, and what will continue to be done as long as Canadians consider party an end, and not a means to an end. He fought fire with fire. The Conservative party in Quebec had for a long time the general influence of the hierarchy at its back. The Liberal party was always denounced as the enemy of religion, and many Protestants listened with pleasure to the denunciations. They helped, for instance, to oust the Protestant Joly from power, and a wise and terrible Providence raised up Mercier in his place. This astute leader allied himself to the Jesuit section of the Church, and so over-trumped his opponents. When, as part payment for their good support, he assented to their incorporation, who opposed him? Only the representative of Cardinal Taschereau! Had Protestants assisted him, the proposed Act of Incorporation would probably have been withdrawn. Had they acted and been defeated they could have appealed to the other provinces. Mr. Mercier would have contended in vain against the head of the Roman Catholic Church in Canada, and the unanimous public opinion that can always be rightfully evoked against Jesuitism.

Because of this deplorable apathy in Quebec, are we helpless now? Certainly not. Jesuitism cannot be suffered to entrench itself in Canada. We have a right to speak on this point. The order pays no respect to provincial lines. There is another reason. This procurator in his letter to Mr. Mercier of 20th May, 1888, calmly suggests that now "the Jesuit fathers, in accordance with their deserts, and if they asked for it, be allowed to participate in the grants which the Government of this province allows to other institutions to encourage teaching, education, industries, arts and colonization." He who runs may read. The order has tasted blood and wants more already. It will bleed Quebec white. Quebec cannot be expected to resist very stubbornly when at any time the story of room No. 8 can be repeated at Ottawa, and a Dominion Government forced to make us all pay in one shape or another for annual largesses already expected by an order that never learns and never forgets. Possibly some of my Roman Catholic friends may think that I am now writing rather strongly. I write it in the common interest. Before they condemn me let them condemn the long line of Popes quoted by Clement XIV. Those Popes are beyond censure. Let them begin with Cardinal Taschereau and Monseigneur Hamel, who are still living. The men to be dreaded at this time are the fanatical Protestants, who talk nonsense and propose impossibilities. Such men, I sometimes think, are Jesuits in disguise. Certainly they play well the game of the order. I dread them more than the L. E. L. or the Very Rev. Father Turgeon. There is something to be done, but foolish attempts and quack remedies will only aggravate the evil. We must do nothing to arouse provincial jealousies; nothing to wound proper French-Canadian sentiment; nothing to force our Roman Catholic fellow-citizens into one solid phalanx against what is proposed. What, it may be asked, do you propose? I see that I must write another letter.

Yours, etc.,
G. M. Grant.
Queen's University, Kingston, March 6.

A WISE CONCLUSION.

Years ago we decided that we would handle only such goods as we could recommend to our customers as good value for the money. The result is we have established a reputation for selling the best wearing Boots and Shoes in the locality, and our trade has increased while others have decreased. Our new Spring Stock has again been selected with the same care.

HAINES & LOCKETT.

STOCK COMPLETE!

IN ALL DEPARTMENTS.
With the finest assortment of Embroideries in the city.
With the best value in Cashmeres and Dress Materials.
With the most complete stock of Staples AT OLD PRICES.
With the Gents' Furnishing Dep't full of new things for Spring and Summer wear.
With the Tweed store full of nobby Pantings, Suitings and Spring Overcoats.

J. HENNESSY.

IMPERIAL
CREAM TARTAR
TRADE MARK
BAKING
POWDER
PUREST, STRONGEST, BEST,
CONTAINS NO
Alum, Ammonia, Lime, Phosphates,
OR ANY INJURIOUS SUBSTANCE.
E. W. GILLETT, TORONTO, ONT. CHICAGO, ILL.
MANUFACTURER OF
THE CELEBRATED ROYAL YEAST CAKES.

IMPERIAL FEDERATION.

A PUBLIC MEETING will be held in the Opera House, on FRIDAY EVENING, THE 15TH INST., under the auspices of the Local Branch of the League, when an address will be delivered by the REV. G. M. GRANT, D. D., Principal of Queen's University; on "Australia, Canada and Great Britain." All are invited. Chair taken at 8 o'clock.

R. PURDY, Secretary. W. B. NORTHRUP, Chairman.
Belleville, March 11th, 1889. 266d3t

Lake Winnipeg White Fish
Salmon Trout,
Salt Water Salmon,
Finnan Haddies,
Boneless Codfish,
Roll Butter,
Fresh Eggs,
Sugar Syrups,
A. KNOX.

A CLEVER PARLOR TRICK.

Which Requires No Paraphernalia but a Pencil and a Bit of Paper.

In an evening company it is desirable that each should furnish a portion of the evening's entertainment, and the one who can perform some neat and simple trick, such as Prof. Hofiman describes in "The Young Wizard," is bound to be popular.

As cards and the usual paraphernalia of a magician may not be handy, it is well to know at least one trick which requires nothing but a pencil, a slip of paper and a good memory. It is called "Who Wears the Ring?"

The number of persons participating in the game should not exceed nine. Some one of the company is selected, unknown to you, to put a ring on one of his fingers. You now say you will tell (1) who wears the ring, (2) the hand it is on, (3) the finger of the hand and (4) the joint of the finger. This is apparently presuming to do a great deal and your hearers will look on at first rather dubiously.

The company being seated in regular order, the persons must be numbered 1, 2, 3, &c. The thumb must be termed the first finger, the forefinger being the second. The joint nearest the extremity must be called the first joint; the right hand is one and the left hand two.

These preliminaries arranged, leave the room in order that the ring may be placed unobserved by you. Suppose that the third person has the ring on the right hand, third finger and first joint. Your object is to discover the figures, 3, 1 3 1. Returning to the room, ask one of the company to perform secretly the following arithmetical operations:

1. Double the number of the person who has the ring in the case supposed this will produce	6
2. Add 5	11
3. Multiply by 5	55
4. Add 10	65
5. And the number denoting the hand	66
6. Multiply by 10	660
7. Add the number of the finger	663
8. Multiply by 10	6,630
9. Add the number of the joint	6,631
10. Add 35	6,666

He must apprise you of the figures produced, 6,666. You will then, in all cases, subtract from it 3, 535. In the present instance there will remain 3,131, denoting the person No. 3, the hand No. 1, the finger No. 3 and the joint No. 1.

The formula may readily be memorized, or the various operations may be written on a small card by the performer for reference and convenience.

At FISH'S.

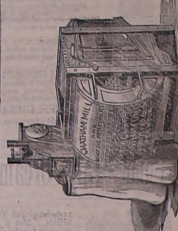
New Kid Gloves,
New Neckwear,
New Regatta Shirts,
New White Shirts,
New Spring Shirting
IN STOCK TO-DAY.

A. E. FISH & CO.,
The noted Shirt Makers and Gents' Furnishers, 260 Front St.

GERMAN
SHEET
MIRROR.

We can supply any of the regular stock sizes in German Sheet Mirror and cut these to replace breakages.

L. W. YEOMANS & CO.



A GREAT MILL.
17,500 IN USE. 2,300 sold in the last year. See them, at VANTASSEL'S Footbridge Warerooms, Belleville, or THOS. DUNN'S, Madoc.

VETERINARY.

T. PURVIS, Veterinary Surgeon, Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College, Toronto, Member of Ontario Vet. Society. Office, rooms formerly occupied by Dr. Douglas, Front St. References—J. P. Wiser & Son, and Ed. Rooney, Prescott. 263d&wtf

Wood! Wood!

I AM now selling at the West Belleville Central Wood Yard all kinds of Hard and mixed wood, cut and uncut, which I will deliver to any part of the city. Remember the place, the West Belleville Central Wood Yard, not a few steps from the Foot Bridge.
EDWARD NEWMAN.

WINTER SERVICE.

---ALLAN LINE----

Steamships	Fr. Portland	Fr. Halifax
Polynesian	21 Feb	23 Feb.
Sardinian	7 Mar.	9 Mar.
Circassian	21 "	23 "
Parisian	4 April	6 April
Polynesian	18 "	20 "
Sardinian	2 May	4 May

Circassian from Quebec May 10th.

The steamers from Portland via Halifax call at Londonderry on their passage to and from Liverpool, to embark and land mails and passengers.

The steamers from Halifax via St. Johns, Nfd., call at Queenstown on their passages to and from Britain.

Steamers leave Portland on arrival of train leaving Belleville Wednesday noon, and Halifax on arrival of train leaving Belleville Thursday noon.

Passengers proceeding by steamers calling at St. Johns, Nfd., will leave Belleville on Friday noon train.

RATES OF OCEAN PASSAGE:

Cabin, $50.00, $65.00 and $75.00 according to accommodation. Intermediate, $30.00. Steerage, $20 00. Return Tickets, Cabin, $100, $125.00, $150.00. Intermediate, $60.00. Steerage $40.00.

Steerage passengers are booked to and from Queenstown, Derry, Belfast, London and Glasgow at same rates as Liverpool.

Intermediate passengers are forwarded to and from Glasgow and Liverpool by rail without extra charge.

CABIN PASSENGERS

are supplied with a very liberal table, and everything necessary except wines and liquors, which can be had on board at moderate prices.

Each passenger is allowed twenty cubic feet of baggage free.

THE INTERMEDIATE.

Superior accommodation is offered in the INTERMEDIATE, which in every respect is equal to what is called Second Cabin in some lines sailing from New York.

The Intermediate Cabins on all our ships are well situated, perfectly ventilated and are entirely distinct from the Steerage. Steward and Stewardesses to each vessel. Passengers in the Intermediate are found with everything.

THE STEERAGES

are large and exceedingly well lighted and ventilated, are fitted up in rooms, each passenger having a seperate sleeping berth. A Stewardess is appointed to each steamer.

For tickets and all information apply to

U. E. THOMPSON,
General Ticket Agent,
Bridge St. Belleville.

THE KEY TO HEALTH.

BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS

Unlocks all the clogged avenues of the Bowels, Kidneys and Liver, carrying off gradually without weakening the system, all the impurities and foul humors of the secretions; at the same time Correcting Acidity of the Stomach, curing Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Headaches, Dizziness, Heartburn, Constipation, Dryness of the Skin, Dropsy, Dimness of Vision, Jaundice, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Scrofula, Fluttering of the Heart, Nervousness and General Debility; all these and many other similar Complaints yield to the happy influence of BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS.

Sample Bottles 10c; Regular size $1.

For sale by all dealers.

T. MILBURN & CO., Proprietors, Toronto

Manufacturers Life & Accident
INSURANCE COMPANIES.

Combined authorized capital	$3,000,000
Combined subscribed capital	739,700
Combined cash capital	150,760
Combined insurance received (1888)	9,575,525

President—Sir John A. Macdonald.
Vice-Presidents { Geo. Gooderham, Esq., William Bell, Esq.
Secretary and Treasurer—J. L. Kerr, Esq.
Managers for Eastern Ontario, Peterboro—Wilson & Morrison.

R. CROFT HULME
Agent, Belleville.

Agents wanted.

This Company wrote the largest amount of new business of any company in Canada in 1888. It has the largest capital and the strongest Board of Directors of any company in the Dominion.

ARMBRECHT'S
TONIC COCA WINE

FOR
FATIGUE
OF MIND AND BODY
AND SLEEPLESSNESS.

"Experience and scientific analysis reveal to us in Coca the most tonic plant in the Vegetable Kingdom."—*Manuel Fuentes.*

"It (Coca) is, in a word, the most powerful restorer of the vital forces."—*Dr. Schwalk.*

ARMBRECHT'S COCA WINE, though more tonic in its properties than Iron or Quinine,

NEVER CONSTIPATES.

See Medical Reviews. For sale by leading druggists throughout the world.

ARMBRECHT, NELSON & CO.
2 Duke St., Grosvenor Sq.,
LONDON.

Pond - Lily - Cream.

A delightful Toilet article. Not a face paint or powder; does not cover over but cures. Used in connection with Pond Lily Liver Pellets and Pond Lily Soap most effectually and positively removes Pimples, Freckles, Tan Black Specks, Blotches, allays all irritation after shaving, or any itchiness of the skin from whatever cause and all roughness from the face, hands, neck and arms, leaving them beautifully white and velvety. Sold by wholesale dealers and druggists everywhere. Pond Lily Cream, 25 cents; Pond Lily Liver Pellets, 25 cents; Pond Lily Skin Soap, 15 cents. S. PERRIN, Chemist, Manufacturer and Proprietor for Canada.

PILES! PILES! PILES!

Dr. William's Indian Pile Ointment is a sure cure for Blind, Bleeding or Itching Piles. No one need suffer. Prepared for Piles only. It never fails to cure. Sold by druggists for $1.00, or mailed on receipt of price. WILLIAMS M'F'G CO., Cleveland, Ohio.

Partly Gave up.

"In the year 1885 I coughed for six months, and having unsuccessfully tried many remedies, I partly gave up, thinking I had consumption. At last I tried Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam, less than one bottle of which cured me, leaving me as well as ever I was." Henry W. Carns, Wabash, Ont.

Give Them a Chance ?

That is to say, your lungs. Also all your breathing machinery. Very wonderful machinery it is. Not only the larger air-passages, but the thousands of little tubes and cavities leading from them.

When these are clogged and choked with matter which ought not to be there, your lungs cannot half do their work. And what they do they cannot do well.

Call it cold, cough, croup, pneumonia, catarrh, consumption or any of the family of throat and nose and lung obstructions, all are bad. All ought to be got rid of. There is just one sure way to get rid of them. That is to take Boschee's German Syrup, which any druggist will sell you at 75 cents a bottle. Even if everything else has failed you, you may depend upon this for certain.

Nothing Like it.

"I was troubled with liver complaint for a good many years, but was cured by one bottle of Burdock Blood Bitters. I have never found any medicine to help me like B. B. B., in fact one bottle made a complete cure." W. J. West, Parkhill, Ont.

FEVER AND AGUE AND BILIOUS DERANGEMENTS are positively cured by the use of Parmelee's Pills. They not only cleanse the stomach and bowels from all bilious matter, but they open the excretory vessels, causing them to pour copious effusions from the blood into the bowels, after which the corrupted mass is thrown out by the natural passage of the body. They are used as a general family medicine with the best results.

To lessen mortality and stop the inroads of disease, use Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and Dyspeptic Cure. For all diseases arising from Impure Blood, such as Pimples, Blotches, Biliousness, Indigestion, etc., etc., it has no equal. Mrs. Thomas Smith, Elm, writes: "I am using this medicine for Dyspepsia; I have tried many remedies, but this is the only one that has done me any good."

ADVICE TO MOTHERS. — MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP should always be used when children are cutting teeth. It relieves the little sufferer at once; it produces natural, quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakens as "bright as a button." It is very pleasant to taste. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP," and take no other kind. 3d&wly

Nothing so suddenly obstructs the perspiration as sudden transitions from heat to cold. Heat rarifies the blood, quickens the circulation and increases the perspiration, but when these are suddenly checked the consequences must be bad. The most common cause of disease is obstructed perspiration, or what commonly goes by the name of catching cold. Coughs, colds, sore throat, etc, if attended to in time are easily subdued, but allowed to run their own course, generally prove a fore-runner of more dangerous diseases. Nine-tenths of the consumptives date their affliction from a neglected cold, and the diseases that are caused by wet feet, damp clothes, or exposure are more numerous than are generally supposed. One of the most efficacious medicines for all diseases of the throat and lungs is Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup. It promotes a free and easy expectoration, which frees the lungs from viscid phlegm by changing the secretions from a diseased to a healthy stat

Rest and Comfort to the Suffering.

"Brown's Household Panacea" has no equal for relieving pain, both internal and external. It cures Pain in the Side, Back or Bowels, Sore Throat, Rheumatism, Toothache, Lumbago and any kind of a Pain or Ache. "It will most surely quicken the Blood and Heal, as its acting power is wonderful." "Brown's Household Panacea," being acknowledged as the great Pain Reliever, and of double the strength of any other Elixir or Liniment in the world, should be in every family handy for use when wanted, "as it really is the best remedy in the world for Cramps in the Stomach, and Pains and Aches of all kinds," and is for sale by all Druggists at 25 cts a bottle.

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, *Station D, New York City.*

COMING!
COMING!

RUPTURE

The last 25 years I have adjusted more Trusses than any man in America. Valuable Patents, my own invention, in Trusses, Spinal and Club Feet Instruments.

Rupture—I will guarantee to hold largest Rupture without touching your hip, no straps whatsoever, waterproof. Largest stock of general Trusses, also the great Cluthe Spiral Trusses in stock. Reliable system for ORDERING BY MAIL.

Spinal Instruments half the weight of other makes and more effective.

CLUB FEET I claim the only mechanical system to straighten born Club Feet (Patented.) I will prove to anybody that operation never did nor can straighten Club Feet. Send 6 cent stamps for Book.

CHAS. CLUTHE, 118 King St. W., Toronto.

CHAS. CLUTHE,

of 118 King St. West, Toronto, Ontario, will be at the QUEEN'S HOTEL, BELLEVILLE, Friday and Saturday, MARCH 15TH and 16TH. Call early and avoid disappointment. No FAILURE. Will hold the most OBSTINATE cases of RUPTURE WITH EASE AND COMFORT.

Luxuriant Growths of Hair

are seen on the heads of all who use

DR. DORENWEND'S

Great German Hair Magic.

The equal of this great preparation is yet to be found. It is an unfailing restorer for Gray Hair. It stops and prevents all falling out of the hair. It removes all Dandruff and keeps the scalp clean. On Bald Heads (if there are but the faintest traces of roots) the "Magic" will produce a fine growth. Will you try it? or will you let your hair go and become prematurely old? What do you say?

All druggists, everywhere, have it for sale. Ask for it. Do not let the druggist tell you he has "something just as good." Many have dead stock of other hair tonics on hand and try to shove them off in this way.

See that each bottle bears seal and signature of

A. DORENWEND,
Sole Manufacturer,
Paris Hair Works, 103 & 105 Yonge St.,
Toronto, Ontario.

Bangs, Frontpieces, Waves, Wigs, Switches, Gents' Wigs, Toupees and Hair Goods of all kinds are supplied by A. Dorenwend. Send to above address for circulars and prices.

Railway Time Tables.

Grand Trunk Railway.

Trains arrive at and depart from Belleville Station as follows:

GOING EAST.

	Arrive.	Leave.
No. 1 Mail	12.25 p. m.	12.30 p. m.
No. 3 Mail Fast	12.45 a. m.	12.50 a. m.
No. 11 Mixed	8.05 p. m.	8.15 p. m.
No. 13 do		7.00 a. m.

GOING WEST.

	Arrive.	Leave.
No. 2 Mail	5.50 p. m.	5.55 p. m
No. 4 do	4.00 a. m.	4.05 a. m.
No. 6 do Fast	6.55 a. m.	7.00 a. m.
No. 14 Mixed	11.00 a. m.	11.55 a. m.
No. 16 do	11.10 p. m.	

MIDLAND RAILWAY.

GRAND JUNCTION DIVISION.

Going West. (Leave.)

Mail	5:45 a. m.
Mixed	4:30 p. m

Going East. (Arrive.)

Mail	4:30 p. m.
Mixed	11 50 a. m.

MADOC DIVISION.

Going North. (Leave.)

Mixed	12.25 p. m
Mixed	4:30 p. m.

Going South. (Arrive.)

Mixed	9:00 a. m.
Mixed	4 30 p. m.

CENTRAL ONTARIO RAILWAY.

PICTON DIVISION.

Leave G.T.R. Jct	7:20 a.m.	12:50 p.m.
Arrive Picton	8:44 "	2:50 "
Leave Picton	9:05 "	3:45 "
Arrive G.T.R. Jct	10:30 "	5:25 "

COE HILL DIVISION.

Train for Coe Hill 9:35 a m, 12:30 p m; Trenton Junction 15m later; Mid. Ry. J'ct. 10:28 a m, 3:23 p m; C. P. R J'ct. 11 a m, 4:30 p m; ElDorado 11:45 a m, 5:15 p m. Arr. Coe Hill 1:30 p m, 6:50 p m. Coe Hill for Trenton: 6 a m, 2:20 p m; ElDorado 7:45 a m, 3:47 p m; C. P. R. Jc't 8:40 a m, 4:30 p m; Mid, Ry. J'ct. 9:15 a m, 4:57 p m; G. T. J'ct. 9:50 a m, 5:30 p m; arr. Trenton 10:05 a m, 5:42 p m.

Daily Intelligencer.

RIGHTED AT LAST.

A STORY OF NEW ENGLAND LIFE.

> A child of our grandmother Eve, a female;
> Or, for thy more sweet understanding, a woman.
> *Love's Labor Lost.*

The blushing face was again hidden, and the blush and the action were more significant than the words.

She a mother! I gave a glance around the narrow room. I thought of the vile street without, the nauseous smells and vitiated atmosphere—of her lonely life, for her simple excuses could not deceive me, if they did herself—and did not wonder that she grew sick and faint, thinking of dear Uncle Steve and the clear blue sea. For some seconds I sat with my arms folded closely about her with a yearning wish to shelter her from all sorrow and harm, before I could command my voice to say, firmly:

'Indeed, Birdie, is it so? Then I must come to you so much the oftener. I am so glad to be near you!'

Now the face was raised, and, with a still heightened color, and the light of a new hope in her eyes, it had more the look of my old pet's than before, and she went on to say:

'And I'm so glad too, Lina! I've wanted some one to talk to so much, and these women are all strangers. I s'pose it's silly, I know Henry thinks it is, but I cannot bear to talk to one of them about this. But I shall feel better now. It's almost like seeing Uncle Steve, better for me I s'pose, though I'd give so much to see him!'

'When will he be home?'

'Not until some time next fall. They had some bad luck going out, and were obliged to stop at some island—Madeira, I believe—for repairs. Henry read it in the newspaper. He is very careful to look about the ships, because I am so anxious.'

Sitting there together, we talked over old days, and much that had happened sience. I told her that I had left Oaklawn, and was residing in the city, and she was too well pleased with the news to trouble me with questions. Steps were now heard on the stairs, and she started, turning her head with a bird-like motion toward the door, her whole face flushing with pleasure while she listened.

'It's Henry's step. Now you will see him, Lina! I am so glad he has come so early.'

She went to the door, flung it open, but instantly recoiled and drew behind it when she saw that there were two men on the landing instead of one. They saw the movement, for one of them made some remark, at which the other laughed heartily as he entered the room, while the speaker passed on to the flight above. But I heard his voice, and saw his face before the door closed, and recognised them at once—it was Tom Hunt—older, more bloated, and sensual looking, if possible, less flashily dressed, but that face and voice were too deeply impressed upon my memory for me to mistake them. Something of my old, childish dread came over me at the sight, and I sat staring at the door, half expecting him to turn back and call out, 'Little devil!' with an oath, as of old, while little Adeline stood by my side, saying:

'Yes—Uncle Steve's Blackbird, he used to tell you about.—Lina, this is Henry.—He knows all about you, dear.'

'Yes, indeed, and he is very glad to see you here,' replied the husband, smiling, as I rose and gave him my hand. 'A fine time you two have had of it, no doubt, talking over your old days. Ada, here, thinks there is nothing in New York to compare with that bit of beach, and the old shanty.'

'O Henry! It was the nice, fresh air, and Uncle Steve I spoke of! You are not quite fair.'

'And I agree with her, Mr. Heath,' I said; 'for, as yet, I have seen nothing in this great wilderness of houses that will compare with the beauty and freshness of the Cove. So, you see, you have two against you now, instead of one.'

'And both ladies,' he returned, with a graceful bow. 'I hope, however, your judgment is not formed from this locality. Ada and I are going to get out of it as soon as we can.—Ada, dear, will you see if my cigar-case is not on the shelf? I forgot it this morning,' he added, lounging indolently into a chair.

Birdie found and brought the missing case, while he went on to speak to me of the city and my residence in it.

I replied courteously but cautiously, and, in the meantime, had a good view of his face. It was what would generally be called handsome; the features were regular, the hair soft and curling, complexion smooth and fair, but the brown eye was blank and shallow, the smooth, narrow forehead wore no look of thought or power, the straight nose no energy, the small mouth and short chin no firmness or self-control—the whole impression was confirmed; and, while fully appreciating the attractions that had charmed little Adeline, as they would most other young girls of like knowledge of the world, I trembled for her future. He would be the football of circumstances, and how soiled and broken might her plumage be in the race!

Promising to come again soon, and urging her to come to see me, I took my leave. Mr. Heath offered to walk with me as far as Broadway, and to please her, I accepted the offer.

More than once, while I sat there, I had been tempted to ask about Tom Hunt, but the memory of the look on little Adeline's face when she drew back behind the door, withheld me; but, as soon as we were in the street, I put the question.

'Yes; it was Tom. His family live in Broome Street, near Centre.'

'Have you known him long?'

'Well, for some time. I was in a saloon where he was employed at one time; I believe he had formerly been the proprietor, but got into some trouble, and was obliged to sell out.'

That was enough. I did not wish to excite his curiosity, so turned the conversation upon Uncle Steve, of whom he spoke in the warmest terms. As we turned into Broadway, we passed two very showily-dressed girls, who bowed to my companion, and stared boldly at my closely-veiled face. Mr. Heath seemed annoyed at their rudeness, for he walked more rapidly, saying: 'That black-eyed girl is Tom Hunt's daughter, Fan. An impudent girl, as you see.'

So that was the girl for whose long curls and gay dresses I had almost forgotten my Ollie! There was something ominous to me in the connection of these people with little Adeline's husband, and I was glad when he left me.

It was near the hour of dinner when I reached home, and I hurriedly changed my dress and arranged my hair, to be in time for Miss Annesley's table, for I still continued to take my meals with her.

She made some enquiries about my walk, remarked that I looked fatigued and must rest myself upon the sofa, for Miss Grace Lloyd was here to dinner, and was coming up to play for her. She wanted me to hear her; she played and sang so beautifully.

'Better than Miss Lloyd?' I asked; for I had often leaned over the balustrade, when there was company below, to listen to Miss Lloyd's brilliant playing, or to her rich, powerful, perfectly-trained *mezzo-soprano* voice, mingling with the bass of some gentleman guest. I noticed that she never played save on such occasions, but, as Miss Annesley said of her reading, "she did everything well."

(*To be continued*).

A Dreadful Doom.

To be unable to satisfy hunger without being distressed by heartburn, indigestion, sick stomach, dizziness or faintness, seems a dreadful doom. All who suffer thus will find prompt relief and permanent cure in Burdock Blood Bitters. B.B.B. *positively cures* dyspepsia in any form.

The Loss of the Hair

Is a great misfortune and the sight of a bald head should be a warning to you to take the best possible care of your hair. A little of Dr. Dorenwend's "Hair Magic" used occasionally will prevent all chances of its falling out or turning gray, and will remove all traces of dandruff. Every druggist has it in stock. Ask for it.

Common Croup

Is often fatal when not remedied in time. Leslie B. Nicholson, Wellesley Ave., Toronto, says: "As a quick cure for croup, colds, sore throat, chilblains, etc., I can recommend Hagyard's Yellow Oil." It is a sure cure. Directions accompany each bottle

CATARRH CURED, health and sweet breath secured, by Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy Price 50 cents. Nasal Injector free. For sale by D. M. Waters.

CONSUMPTION CURED.

An old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrah, Asthma and all Throat and Lung Affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Complaints, after havidg tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive and a desire to relieve human suffering, I will send free of charge, to all who desire it, this receipt, in German, French or English, with full directions for preparing and using. Sent by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper. W. A. NOYES, *149 Power Block, Rochester, N. Y.*

CANADIAN--
--PACIFIC
RAILWAY.

Tuesday, March 12th,

AND EVERY TUESDAY THEREAFTER

—DURING—

MARCH AND APRIL

—WILL RUN—

SETTLERS' - - - TRAINS

Trough without change to

MANITOBA,
North-West Territories,
and British Columbia,

Leaving Toronto Union Depot at 9:00 p. m.
No Customs. No Transfers. No Delays.
Full particulars from any agent of the company,

S. BURROWS,
Agent C. P. R., Belleville.

Office—Front St., one door north of Dominion Bank.

FARMS FOR SALE.

THE undersigned is instructed to sell on EASY TERMS the following FARMS, situated in the County of Hastings:

TOWNSHIP OF TUDOR.

Lots Nos. 27 and 28, South-west side of Hastings Road, 100 acres.

LIMERICK.

Lots Nos. 53 and 54, 2nd con., east Hastings Road, 100 acres.

MONTEAGLE.

Lot No. 30, 16th con., 101 acres.

WICKLOW.

Lot No. 29, 1st con., 101 acres.

CARLOW.

Lots Nos. 24 and 25, 7th con., 200 acres. Lots Nos. 24 and 25, 8th con., 200 acres. Lot No 28, 8th con., 100 acres. Lots Nos. 24 and 25, 15th con, 199 acres.

Titles are perfect. Apply to

JAMES BOOTH,
Real Estate Agent, Belleville.

Office corner Pinnacle and Bridge Sts., up stairs.
Feb. 28, '89. d30tw3m

NERVOUS
DEBILITY.

NERVOUS DEBILITY, EXHAUSTING, Vital Drains (caused by early indiscretions), effectually cured. Syphilitic affections and all bad blood and skin diseases arising there from thoroughly eradicated. Varicocele cured without operation Impotence, or premature decline of the manly powers, and all diseases of the genito-urinary organs a specialty. It makes no difference who has failed to cure you. Skill and experience important. A friendly letter or call may save you a great deal of misery and add years to your life. Consultation FREE. Medicines sent to any address. DR. REEVE, 337 Jarvis St., Toronto. 59d&wly

BELLEVILLE POST OFFICE.

MAILS	Close	Due for Delivery.
East per G. T. R., including Maritime Provinces, and Picton	11:45 a. m. 10:00 p. m.	6:00 p. m 7:30 a. m.
West per G. T. R., including Western States, Manitoba and the North-West Territories	5.05 p.m. 10.00 p.m.	1:00 p. m. 7:30 a. m.
East and West, per G. T. R., closes on Sunday at 10 p. m.		
Marysville, Shannonville, per G. T. R	11:45 a. m.	6:00 p. m
Belleville Station, postage one cent	7.30 a. m. 5.05 p. m.	8.30 a. m. 6.00 p. m.
G'd Junction Ry., main line, including Peterboro', Stirling,	10:00 p. m	5:00 p. m.
Madoc, per Grand Junction Ry, including Queensboro, Cooper, Rimington, Bridgewater, and the Flats	11:45 a. m.	5:00 p. m.
Madoc Route, per stage	1:00 p. m.	12:00 noon.
Bancroft, Coe Hill, Marmora and all offices in North Hastings per Trenton and Coe Hill Railway	5 05 p. m. 10:00 p. m.	 :30 a. m.
Bridgewater Route per stage, including Stoco daily	1:00 p. m.	12:00 noon.
Moira, Phillipston, Bogart, on Monday, Wednesday and Friday	1:00 p. m.	12:00 noon.
Fuller, on Tuesday and Friday	1:00 p. m.	12:00 noon.
Wallbridge, on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
Ameliasburg Route, per stage, including Mountain View and Crofton	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
Albury on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
Sidney Crossing, Wednesday and Saturday	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
Bay Side, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
British Mails, via New York, Monday and Thursday	11:45 a. m	
" " via Halifax, Canadian line Thursday	11:45 a. m.	

Postage, 5c. per ½ oz. by each route. Registration fee, 5c.

Money Orders granted on all Money Order offices in Canada, the United Kidgdom, France and Algeria, the United States, Newfoundland, Jamaica, Victoria (Australia), New South South Wales, Queensland, New Zealand Tasinania, Constantinople (Turkey), Gibraltar, Smyrna, Panama (British agency), Austria, Hungary, Belgium, China (See Hong-Kong), Denmark, including Iceland and the Faroe Islands, Danish West Indies, Dutch, East Indies, Egypt, Germam empire (which includes 26 States), Holland, (Netherlands), Italy, Japan, Norway, Portugal, including Madiera and the Azores, Romania, Sweden, Switzerland, British India, including Aden, Bagdad, Bandor, Abas, Bushire, Busrah, Guadur, Jask, Linga, Muscat and Zanzibar, Ceylon, Hong Kong, including Amoy, Canton, Foo Chow, Han Kow Hoi-how. Ningpo Shanghai and Swatow, North Borneo, Strait Settlements, Bermuda, Falkland Islands, South and West Africa, including Cape Colony, Gambia, Gold Coast, Lagos, Mauritius Natal, St. Helena, Seychelles Islands, Sierra, Leone, West Indies including Antignu, Bahams, Barbadoes, British Guiana, Dominica, Grenada, Honduras, (British), Montserrat, Nevis, St. Kitts, St. Lucia, St. Vincent, Tobago, Trinidad, Turk's Islands, South Australia, Western Australia, Azores Islands, Madera Islands.

Deposits received, under the regulations of the Post Office Savings' Bank, between the hours of 9 a. m. and 4 p. m.

Registered Letters must be posted 15 minutes before the close of each mail.

Street letter boxes emptied at 10 a. m. and 8 p. m.

Office hours, 7:30 a. m. to 6:30 p. m., Sundays excepted.

FOREIGN POSTAGE.

Canada having been admitted into the Postal Union, there is a re-arrangement of Postage rates, as follows:—

For Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Iceland, Egypt, France, Algeria, Germany, Gibraltar, Great Britain and Ireland, Greece, Italy, Luxembourg, Malta, Montenegro, Netherlands, Norway, Persia, Portugal, Azores, Roumania, Russia, St. Pierre, Servia, Spain, the Canary Islands, Sweden, Switzerland and Turkey. And via United States:—Bermuda, Bahamas, Cuba, Danish Colonies of St. Thomas, St. John, St. Croix, Jamaica, Japan and Porto Rico (Newfoundland is now in the Postal Union, but rates remain as before.) Letters, 5 cents per ½ oz. Postal cards, 2 cents each. Newspapers, 2 cents for 4 oz. Registration fee, 5 cents.

For Aden, Argentine Confederation, Brazil, British Guinea, Ceylon, Greenland, French Colonies in Asia, Africa, Oceanica and America, except St. Pierre and Miquelon, Persia, Persian Gulf, Portuguese Colonies in Asia, Africa and Oceanica, Trinidad, Spanish Colonies Africa, Oceanica and America, except Cuba and Porto Rico, Straits settlements in Singapor Penany and Malacca:—Letters, 10 cents per ½ oz. Post cards, 4 cents each. Newspapers, cents for 4 oz. Books, &c., 4 cents for 4 oz. Other Registration fees, 10 cents.

West India Islands, via Halifax, same rate as formerly. Prepayment by stamp in all cases.

J. H. MEACHAM
Postmaste

Do you suffer from disease of the Liver, Stomach, Kidneys or Bowels? Try them and be cured. Do you suffer from Rheumatism or Gout? Try them. Do you suffer from Skin Disease, Boils, Sores, Bad Legs, Wounds or Ulcers? Try them and be healed.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS & OINTMENT

This is the result of their use in every part of the world. They are genuine remedies, used by rich and poor with never-failing success.

MANUFACTURED ONLY AT
THOMAS HOLLOWAY'S Establishment,
78, NEW OXFORD ST.,
LONDON.

Purchasers should look to the Label on the Boxes and Pots. If the address is not 533, OXFORD STREET, LONDON, they are spurious.

California Evaporated Fruits!

NECTARINES.
APRICOTS,
PRUNELLES, PLUMS,

PEACHES,
CHERRIES,
CRYSTALIZED FIGS.

CONGER BROS.

Sun Life Assurance Company
—OF CANADA.—

I have great pleasure in announcing to the Policy-holders and friends of the Company that the Applications for New Life Assurances received during the year 1887 were again larger than in any previous year in the Company's history, being more than $3,500,000, on which policies were issued for over $3,000,000. The year's operations have also resulted in a large and very satisfactory addition to the assets, which now amount to over $1,750,000.

W. T. McINTYRE,
General Agent, elleville.

AGENTS WANTED ON SALARY.

BURDOCK PILLS
SUGAR COATED

A SURE CURE
FOR BILIOUSNESS, CONSTIPATION, INDIGESTION, DIZZINESS, SICK HEADACHE, AND DISEASES OF THE STOMACH, LIVER AND BOWELS. THEY ARE MILD, THOROUGH AND PROMPT IN ACTION, AND FORM A VALUABLE AID TO BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS IN THE TREATMENT AND CURE OF CHRONIC AND OBSTINATE DISEASES.

NEUFCHATEL
CREAM
CHEESE!

JUST RECEIVED.

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE,
Grocers & Wine Merchants,
33 & 37, Bridge Street

Also Front St., opp. Ritchie's.

Montreal, Nov. 21, 1888.

MESSRS. WILLIS & CO., 1,824 NOTRE DAME ST., CITY.

DEAR SIRS.—After having played on the Piano of Messrs. Bell & Co., of Guelph, Ont., it is impossible not to bear testimony to the qualities which have acquired for them the good reputation which they already enjoy. The Pianos of their manufacture are exceedingly remarkable for their qualities of tone. The bass is powerful without harshness, and the upper notes sweet, clear and mellow. The Bell Pianos are unquestionably the best made in Canada, and I act up on my principle and give you to-day an order to furnish one for my own use. Canada is to be congratulated on having produced the Bell Piano.

J. B. LABELLE, Professor of Music
Organist Notre Dame Cathedral.

H. BULL, AGENT.
BELLEVILLE.

NEW LINES
—IN—
CAKES and PASTRY.

Angel Cake, Coffee Cake, Queen Victoria, Adelaide, and a great many other varieties. Florida Oranges, Almeria Grapes and New Figs, just received at

DICKENS.

P. S.—We would respectfully ask all retailers to drop in and see us and the large line of Candies we are offering at wholesale.
DICKENS & SON.

Self-Raising
Buckwheat
Flour!

A FRESH SUPPLY JUST RECEIVED.

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE,
Grocers and Wine Merchants.
33 & 37 Bridge Street.

Also Front Street, Opp. Ritchie's.

NEW
Wall Paper!
—AT—
-S. A. LAZIER'S--
ROBERTSON'S BLOCK

October 16th

CALIFORNIA
EVAPORATED
FRUITS

NECTARINES,
APRICOTS,
PEACHES,
PLUMS.

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE
Grocers & Wine Merchants,
33 & 37 Bridge Street.
Also Front St., opp. Ritchie's.

FOR MEN ONLY!

A POSITIVE CURE For LOST or FAILING MANHOOD; General and NERVOUS DEBILITY; Weakness of Body and Mind; Effects of Errors or Excesses in Old or Young. Robust, Noble MANHOOD fully Restored. How to Enlarge and Strengthen WEAK, UNDEVELOPED ORGANS & PARTS of BODY. Absolutely unfailing HOME TREATMENT—Benefits in a day. Men testify from 41 States, Territories, and Foreign Countries. You can write them. Book, full explanation, and proofs mailed (sealed) free. Address ERIE MEDICAL CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

BEFORE BUYING STOVES

Be sure to see our stock. We have in Coal Stoves the

Imperial Jewel,
Fancy Countess,
Art Favorite,
Fire King and others.

Also a great variety of RANGES and COOK STOVES, which we are selling at right prices.

C. F. SMITH & CO.
388, FRONT STREET.

To WATER Consumers

PLEASE call at the office and pay your Water Rate, which was due on the 1st of January.

Those in arrears for Plumbing will also please pay without further notice.

THE BELLEVILLE WATER WORKS CO

J. H. MILLS,
--Merchant : Tailor,--
OPPOSITE GEO. RITCHIE & CO'S

THE MAGOG TEXTILE & PRINT CO.

Will offer for Spring Trade the LARGEST, CHEAPEST and MOST VARIED range of Prints ever shown, including

SPRING NOVELTIES
—OF—
LATEST PARIS DESIGNS!

Merchants will do well to see their samples before buying elsewhere. Early advice will be given when Travellers will call.

St Peter Street, - Montreal.

HASTINGS
LOAN AND INVESTMENT SOCIETY
BELLEVILLE, ONT.

CAPITAL $250,000

MONEY TO LOAN on Farm or City property, at lowest current rates.

Payments can be made to fall due at any season of the year to suit borrowers. No delay in obtaining the money beyond the time necessarily employed in the investigation of titles.

MORTGAGES PURCHASED.

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT.

FOUR PER CENT interest allowed on Deposit No notice required of withdrawal

OFFICE—Robertson's Block, east side of Front Street.

Straight loans at 7 per cent. No fines. No commissions.

J. P. C. PHILLIPS,
Manager

3d&wly

PARMELEE'S
Asphaltic ROOF PAINT.

It will entirely stop the rusting of tin and iron roofs.

It will entirely stop the wearing away and decay of the exposed wood of shingle roofs.

It has been accepted by the City, the County, and the chief Real Estate Owners of the City.

I will be glad to give estimates of cost at any time and anywhere.

H. S. PARMELEE,
Belleville.

432,000
FIRE CRACKERS
—AT THE—
—CITY BAKERY—
Wholesale and Retail.
JAS. WALLACE.

PENNYROYAL WAFERS.

Prescription of a physician who has had a life long experience in treating female diseases. Is used monthly with perfect success by over 10,000 ladies. Pleasant, safe, effectual. Ladies ask your druggist for Pennyroyal Wafers and take no substitute, or inclose postage for sealed particulars. Sold by all druggists, $1 per box. Address THE EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., DETROIT, MICH.

FOR SALE BY D. M. WATERS.

INTELLIGENCER PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY LIMITED.

J. C. JAMIESON, President. | J. W. LONDON, Secretary

THE Treasurer is the only person authorised to receive moneys for the Company, or to grant receipts for the same.

All Bills, Notes, Cheques, and other documents binding on the Company, will require the signature of the President, in addition to that of the Treasurer.

THE INTELLIGENCER is printed and published for the INTELLIGENCER Printing and Publishing Company (Limited) by JAMES C. JAMIESON, resident in Belleville, at their Office, Front St., south of Hotel St.

THE RATHBUN COMPANY,

Having transferred me to their Brockville branch, I beg to thank my friends and customers for the liberal patronage and kindness extended to me during my residence in Belleville, and also to bespeak the same treatment to Mr. R. C. Calhoun, my successor.

P. J. SHANNON.

The Daily Intelligencer.

THE RATHBUN CO.

Having appointed me Agent for their Belleville branch, I take this opportunity of soliciting a continuance of the patronage which they have hitherto enjoyed through the popular management of Mr. Shannon. It will be my desire and aim to maintain and add to this patronage, which fair dealing and a thorough knowledge of the requirements of the trade leads me to hope for.—R. C. CALHOUN.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL. 22. BELLEVILLE ONTARIO, SATURDAY MARCH 16, 1889. NO. 270

MARCH WINDS. The March winds peculiar to our climate, as they sweep over the country, are a terror to even the most robust constitutions, as they greatly increase the liability to Colds, Catarrhal Troubles and Bronchial Affections. There is probably no season of the year when Cold in the Head and Catarrh is more prevalent, and it is at this time that NASAL BALM—nature's great remedy for these troubles—proves its magic powers by almost instantly curing Cold in the Head, speedily relieving and ultimately curing the most virulent forms of Catarrh. On the principle that an ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure, every home in the land should be provided with NASAL BALM at this trying season, and its use should be freely resorted to on the first symptoms of Cold in the Head or Catarrh. It is the only genuine remedy and certain cure for these troubles, and its claims are backed by thousands of the strongest testimonials, a few of which we append below.

WM. SAWYER, Toronto, says:—I had a bad attack of catarrh last winter and like many other foolish people, thought it would wear away. But it did not; instead it was wearing me away, and at last I made up my mind to try something. I got a prescription made up, a powder, and snuffed it up and up until I grew weary, but got no benefit. I then looked over the papers and saw your advertisement in the *Mail*. I seemed to have confidence in it right away and got a bottle of NASAL BALM and I can honestly say it was the best investment I ever made, and I strongly recommend it to all sufferers from catarrh and cold in the head. It helped me from the first, and has thoroughly cured me. Every sufferer from catarrh should use NASAL BALM, and leave snuffs, powders and douches alone.

MRS. M. RAY, Canso, N. S., states; I have used NASAL BALM on several occasions with the children for cold in the head, and always find it effects a rapid cure.

MISS CLARA MACNIDER, Little Metis, Ont., says:—I have used two bottles of your NASAL BALM for catarrh with the most beneficial results. To anyone suffering with this most disagreeable disease I can heartily recommend it as a radical cure. I cheerfully give you permission to use this if you desire it.

MR. THOMAS ROCHE, Rochefort, Ont., says: I have suffered severely from catarrh, and never got any relief until I used NASAL BALM. I never thought I could find so sure a cure. It is a pity all afflicted with catarrh do not know of and use this wonderful medicine.

W. A. MALLORY, Mallorytown, Ont., states: My daughter suffered for years from a most distressing and annoying catarrh. Her case was under the treatment of eminent physicians in the United States and Canada. Two months' use of NASAL BALM has had more beneficial effects than all former treatments combined.

COLD IN HEAD

MARCH WINDS

CATARRH

EX-MAYOR ROBERT BOWIE, Brockville, Ont., says:—I used NASAL BALM for a bad case of catarrh, and it cured me after having ineffectually tried many other remedies. It never fails to give immediate relief for cold in the head.

C. MCDONALD, Serpent River, Algoma, says: I have used NASAL BALM for a bad case of catarrh and it has done me more good than all the remedies I ever tried before. It is worth its weight in gold.

MR. G. T. GORRELL, Mail Clerk on C. P. R., says:—NASAL BALM is a boon to all suffering from cold in the head. It gives relief rapidly and never fails to effect a speedy cure.

MR J. KENNEDY, G. T. R. agent at Brockville, says:—A short treatment with NASAL BALM radically removed all symptoms of my catarrh. The preparation is pleasant and easy to use, and gives immediate and permanent relief.

SAMUEL BOLTON, Caldwell Mills, Ont, writes:—It gives me great pleasure to testify to the great merit of NASAL BALM. I tried other remedies, but got no relief. The disease had brought on partial deafness. Yet two applications of NASAL BALM gave me great relief and before the bottle was finished I was completely cured.

P. B. MACNAMARA, merchant tailor, Brockville, Ont., says:—As an instant relief for Cold in the Head and Catarrh NASAL BALM is unequalled. The effect is noticed as soon as it is used.

MR. JOHN BROWN, Kagawong, Algoma District, writes:—I have used your NASAL BALM and have no hesitation in saying that it is the best remedy on earth for catarrh. I have only used one half bottle, and it has fully cured my catarrh. I have no hesitation in giving my name as an endorsation of NASAL BALM, as the greatest remedy yet discovered for catarrh and cold in the head.

LEWIS ROEBUCK, Wyevale, Ont., says:—I recommend NASAL BALM highly to all who suffer from catarrh.

MR S. E CHASE, Port Arthur, Ont., says: I have been using your NASAL BALM for catarrh and find myself cured with only one bottle. To call it the best preparation made for catarrh is scarcely strong enough.

T. H. MUNROE, Parry Sound, says:—NASAL BALM has no equal as a remedy for cold in the head. It is both speedy and effective in its results.

W. H. GABEL, Bervie, Ont., says:—I feel it my duty to write to you and report the result of my using NASAL BALM. I have been a severe sufferer from that loathsome disease, catarrh, and tried several remedies, but got no relief till I purchased a bottle of NASAL BALM. I used it according to directions and it has completely cured me. I take great pleasure in recommending it to all suffering from catarrh.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS, similar only in name and appearance. Ask for NASAL BALM and take no substitute recommended as "just as good." If you cannot get NASAL BALM from your dealer it will be sent post-paid on receipt of price—50 cents and $1—by addressing FULFORD & CO., Brockville, Ont. Send for our pamphlet "GEMS OF WISDOM."

J. M. FORTIER,

Wholesale .·. Cigar .·. Manufacturer,

145 151 ST. MAURICE STREET,

MONTREAL.

P. S.—Private Brands for the Jobbing Trade a specialty.

California Evaporated Fruits!

NECTARINES, APRICOTS, PRUNELLES, PLUMS, | PEACHES, CHERRIES, CRYSTALIZED FIGS.

CONGER BROS.

NATIONAL COLONIZATION

LOTTERY

Under the patronage of the Rev. Father Labelle

Established in 1884, under the Act of Quebec 32 Vict., Chapt. 36, for the benefit of the Diocesan Societies of Colonization of the Province of Quebec.

Class D.—The 21st Monthly Drawing will take place Wednesday, March the 20th, at 2 p. m.

Prizes value		$50,000 00
Capital Prize: One real estate worth		$5,000 00
1 Real Estate worth	$5,000	5,000
1 do	2,000	2,000
1 do	1,000	1,000
4 do	500	2,000
10 Real Estates	300	3,000
30 Furniture Sets	200	6,000
60 do	100	6,000
200 Gold Watches	50	10,000
1,000 Silver Watches	10	10,000
1,000 Toilet Sets	5	5,000
2,307 Prizes worth		$50,000 00

TICKETS - - $1.00

Offers are made to all winners to pay their prizes cash, less a commission of 10 p. c.

Winners' names not published unless specially authorized.

Drawings on the Third Wednesday of every Month.

S. E. LEFEBVRE, Secretary,
Offices, 19 St. James street, Montreal, Can.
192d1y

EXHAUSTED VITALITY.

THE SCIENCE OF LIFE, the great Medical Work of the age on Manhood, Nervous and Physical Debility, Premature Decline, Errors of Youth, and the untold miseries consequent thereon, 360 pages 8 vo., 125 prescriptions for all diseases. Cloth, full gilt, only $1, by mail, sealed. Illustrative sample free to all young and middle aged men. Send now. The Gold and Jewelled Medal awarded to the author by the National Medical Association. Address P. O. Box 1895, Boston, Mass., or Dr. W. H. PARKER, graduate of Harvard Medical College, 25 years' practice in Boston, who may be consulted confidentially. Specialty, Diseases of Men. Office, No. 4, Bulfinch Street.

DR LOW'S WORM SYRUP

DESTROYS AND REMOVES WORMS OF ALL KINDS IN CHILDREN OR ADULTS SWEET AS SYRUP AND CANNOT HARM THE MOST DELICATE CHILD

Try FROSTILLA.

It softens the roughest skin and keeps it in good condition.

It contains nothing greasy or sticky, is nicely perfumed, a lady's toilet not complete without it.

An elegant face dressing for gentlemen after shaving.

For sale at the PHARMACY.

D. M. WATERS,

A High Valuation.

"If there was only one bottle of Hagyard's Yellow Oil in Manitoba, I would give one hundred dollars for it," writes Philip H. Brant, of Monteith, Manitoba, after having used it for severe wound and for frozen fingers, with, as he says, "astonishing results."

Dangerous Counterfeits.

Counterfeits are always dangerous, more so that they always closely IMITATE THE ORIGINAL IN APPEARANCE AND NAME. The remarkable success achieved by Nasal Balm as a positive cure for Catarrh and Cold in the Head has induced unprincipled parties to imitate it. The public are cautioned not to be deceived by nostrums imitating Nasal Balm in name and appearance, bearing such names as Nasal Cream, Nasal Balsam, etc. Ask for Nasal Balm and do not take any imitation dealers may urge upon you. For sale by all druggists or sent post-paid on receipt of price (50c. and $1,) by addressing Fulford & Co., Brockville, Ont.

Health Failing Fast.

I was swollen from head to foot from dropsy of six months' standing, and my health was failing fast, but after taking one bottle of Burdock Blood Bitters, I am quite well, and think there is no medicine equal to B. B.B., and to it I remain a true friend." Joseph Heric, Linwood, Ont.

CATARRH CURED, health and sweet breath secured, by Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. Price 50 cents. Nasal Injector free. For sale by D. M. Waters.

CROUP, WHOOPING COUGH and Bronchitis immediately relieved by Shiloh's Cure. For sale by D. M. Waters.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall-st., N. Y.

A GLADSTONIAN VICTORY.

DEFEAT OF THE CONSERVATIVES IN KENNINGTON.

Mr. Beaufoy's Majority in the Parliamentary Contest Yesterday 630, a Gain of 1060 Over the Last Election.

LONDON, March 15.—An election was held in the Kennington division of Lambeth to-day to fill the parliamentary seat made vacant by the resignation of R. G. Davis (Con.) The election resulted in a victory for Mr. Beaufoy, the Gladstonian candidate, who polled 4069 votes against 3439 for Mr. Hope the Conservative nominee.

At the last election Davis, the retiring member, received 3222 votes and Beaufoy 2792.

To-day's election was hotly contested, both parties straining every nerve to achieve success.

Unpleasantly Significant.

LONDON, March 16.—The Standard (Unionist) referring to the result of the Kennington election says: "No sensible Unionist will pretend to minimize the seriousness of this misfortune. All the explanations in the world will not deprive the figures of their unpleasant significance."

Anderson's Course Approved.

LONDON, March 15.—In the House of Commons to-day Home Secretary Matthews was questioned regarding the actions of Anderson, an official of the Home Office, who permitted Le Caron the informer to look over the whole of the latter's past correspondence with the Home Office authorities prior to appearing as a witness before the Parnell Commission and to select such letters as he thought would be of service to The Times.

Mr. Matthews said that at the time he knew nothing of the course taken by Anderson and consequently had not given it his sanction, but now considered that Anderson had acted properly.

Sir William Vernon-Harcourt gave notice that he would submit a motion regarding Anderson's conduct when the police vote is discussed Monday.

Another Tumble in French Shares.

PARIS, March 15.—The Bourse closed very dull to-day. Comptoir d'Escompte shares, which opened at 300f. Monday and reached 435f. Wednesday, reacted to-day to 315 f. on renewed rumors that the Bank of France advances were not sufficient to overcome existing difficulties. Other credit shares were freely offered, notably Credit Lyonnais and Banque de Paris. Rentes fell 25c., Societe des Metaux, quoted Wednesday at 127, declined to 91.25 Rio Tintos, which were 350 Wednesday, are now quoted at 91.

Decline in London Markets.

LONDON, March 15.—On the Stock Exchange to-day American railroad securities declined on large continental sales, closing flat. The Milwaukee dividend disappointed the exchanges.

The London copper market is nervous. The price advanced Tuesday to £56, reacted and closed to-day at £51.

The Patriotic League.

PARIS, March 15.—The police to-day searched the houses of many members of the Patriotic League. Persons against whom damaging evidence is found will not be arrested, but will be summoned to appear before a magistrate for examination.

German Artillery Estimates.

BERLIN, March 15.—The Reichstag to-day discussed the supplementary estimate for the increase and reorganization of the artillery. Count Von Schellendorf referred to France's superiority in the horsing of batteries and said that other countries made much larger expenditures for military purposes than Germany did.

All Quiet in the Gold Fields.

CITY OF MEXICO, March 15.—Lower California is quiet. Gov. Torres has plenty of troops to preserve order. The Conservative organs insist that Mexico will lose lower California. The Government says this is untrue. Rich copper and silver mines have been discovered on the Ramirez-Varela concession in the State of Guerrero.

Gen. Diaz deVega of El Nacional newspaper has been released after eight months' imprisonment and paying a fine of $1000.

Bail Bonds Stolen.

ITHACA, N.Y., March 15.—Two pickpockets arrested on the night of Gov. Hill's mass meeting here last fall were released on $1500 bail. Their cases were called at the session of the Supreme Court yesterday. They failed to appear and it is discovered that their bail bonds have been stolen from the County Clerk's office.

Disobeyed the Warning.

MAUCH CHUNK, Pa., March 15.—While walking on the Central Railway track to-day Miss Mabel Tuttle, a school teacher, saw a coal train approaching and in crossing over to the south-bound track was struck by a passenger train and killed. She had been warned by the section foreman ten minutes before not to walk the tracks.

Daily Intelligencer.

Incomplete.

I think the words that are sweetest
 Are the words that are never said;
And the moments that pass the fleetest
 Are the last ones with the dead.

The thoughts that are truest and bravest,
 Are the ones that are never expressed;
And the tender love thou cravest
 For fear is never confessed.

I know the friends that are truest
 Are those we see in our dreams;
Though we feel the one that is newest
 Is very near what he seems.

The rose that is sweetest and fairest
 Is the bud that is killed by the frost;
And the love that is dearest and rarest
 Is the true love we just have lost.

"WRONG USES OF MONEY"

DR. TALMAGE'S DISCOURSE YESTERDAY MORNING.

A Monster Sin, Plausible, Potent, Pestiferous, Before Which the Mightiest Have Fallen—The Abuse of Trust Funds—Commercial Frauds—A Noble Example.

BROOKLYN, March 10.—At the Tabernacle this morning, 6000 voices supported the organ and cornet, rolled out the hymn beginning:

Ne'er think the victory won,
 Nor once at ease sit down;
Thine arduous work will not be done
 Till thou hast got thy crown.

Rev. T. De Witt Talmage, D.D., preached the sermon. His subject was, "Wrong Uses of Money," and his text, I Timothy vi.

They that will be rich fall into temptation and a snare, and into many foolish and hurtful lusts, which drown men in destruction and perdition.

That is the Niagara Falls over which rush a multitude of souls, namely the determination to have money anyhow, right or wrong. Tell me now a man gets his money and what he does with it, and I will tell you his character, and what will be his destiny in this world and the next. I propose to speak this morning about some of the ruinous modes of getting money.

We recently passed through a national election in which it has been estimated that thirty million dollars were expended. I think about twenty million of it were spent in out and out bribery. Both parties raised all they could for this purpose. But that was only on a large scale what has been done on a smaller scale for fifty years and in all departments.

Politics from being the science of good government has often been bedraggled into the synonym for truculency and turpitude. A monster sin, plausible, potent, pestiferous, has gone forth to its dreadful work in all ages. Its two hands are rotten with leprosy. It keeps its right hand hidden in a deep pocket. The left hand is clenched, and with its ichorous knuckle it taps at the door of the court room, the legislative hall, the congress and the parliament. The door swings open and the monster enters, and glides through the aisle of the council chamber as softly as a slippered page, and then it takes its right hand from its deep pocket and offers it in salutation to judge or legislator. If that hand be taken, and the palm of the intruder cross the palm of the official the leprosy crosses from palm to palm in a round blotch, round as a gold eagle, and the virus spreads, and the doom is fixed, and the victim perishes. Let bribery, accursed of God and man, stand up for trial.

THE BLACK CHAPTER IN POLITICS.

It is no light temptation. The mightiest have fallen under it. Sir Francis Bacon, Lord Chancellor of England, founder of our modern philosophy, author of "Novum Organum," and a whole library of books, the leading thinker of his century, so precocious that when a little child he was asked by Queen Elizabeth, "How old are you?" he responded, "I am two years younger than your Majesty's happy reign;" of whose oratory Ben Jonson wrote, "The fear of every man that heard him was lest he should make an end;" having an income which you would suppose would have put him beyond the temptation of bribery—$36,000 a year, and Twickenham court a gift and princely estates in Hertfordshire and Gorhambury—yet under this temptation to bribery falling flat into ruin, and on his confession of taking bribes, giving as excuse that all his predecessors took them; he was fined $200,000 and imprisoned in London Tower. So also Lord Chancellor Macclesfield fell; so also Lord Chancellor Waterbury perished. The black chapter in English, Irish, French and American politics is the chapter of bribery. Some of you remember the Pacific Mail subsidies. Most of you remember the awful tragedy of the Credit Mobilier. Under the temptation to bribery Benedict Arnold sold the fort in the Highlands for $31,575. For this sin Gorgey betrayed Hungary, Ahithophel forsook David and Judas kissed Christ. When I see so many of the illustrious going down under this temptation it makes me think of the red dragon spoken of in Revelation, with seven heads and ten horns and seven crowns drawing a third part of the stars of heaven down after him. The lobbies of the legislatures of this country control the country. The land is drunk with bribery.

SPECIMENS OF INCORRUPTIBILITY.

"Oh," says some one, "there's no need of talking against bribery by promise or by dollars, because every man has his price." I do not believe it. Even heathenism and the dark ages have furnished specimens of incorruptibility. A cadi of Smyrna had a case brought before him on trial. A man gave him five hundred ducats in bribery. The case came on. The briber had many witnesses. The poor man on the other side had no witnesses. At the close of the case the cadi said: "This poor man has no witnesses, he thinks; I shall produce in his behalf five hundred witnesses against the other side." And then pulling out the bag of ducats from under the ottoman, he dashed it down at the feet of the briber, saying; "I give my decision against you." Epaminondas, offered a bribe, said: "I will do this thing if it be right, and if it be wrong all your goods cannot persuade me." Fabricius of the Roman senate was offered a bribe by Pyrrhus of Macedon. Fabricius answered, "What an example this would be to the Roman people; you keep your riches and I will keep my poverty and reputation!"

The president of the American congress during the American revolution, Gen. Reed, was offered ten thousand guineas by foreign commissioners if he would betray this country. He replied: "Gentlemen, I am a very poor man, but tell your king he is not rich enough to buy me." But why go so far, when you and I, if we move in honorable society, know men and women who by all the concentrated force of earth and hell could not be bribed. They would no more be bribed than you would think of tempting an angel of light to exchange heaven for the pit. To offer a bribe is villainy, but it is a very poor compliment to the man to whom it is offered.

STEER CLEAR OF BRIBERY.

I have not much faith in those people who go about bragging how much they could get if they would only sell out. Those women who complain that they are very often insulted need to understand that there is something in their carriage to invite insult. There are men at Albany and at Harrisburg and at Washington who would no more be approached by a bribe than a pirate boat with a few cutlasses would dare to attack a British man-of-war with two banks of guns on each side loaded to the touch hole. They are incorruptible men, and they are the few men who are to save the city and save the land. Meanwhile, my advice is to all people to keep out of politics unless you are invulnerable to this style of temptation.

My charge also to parents is, remember that this evil of bribery often begins in the home circle and in the nursery. Do not bribe your children. Teach them to do that which is right, and not because of the ten cents or the orange you will give them. There is a great difference between rewarding virtue and making the profits thereof the impelling motive. That man who is honest merely because "honesty is the best policy" is already a moral bankrupt.

My charge to you is, in all departments of life, steer clear of bribery, all of you. Every man and woman at some time will be tempted to do wrong for compensation. The bribe may not be offeredin money. It may be offered in social position. Let us remember that there is a day coming when the most secret transaction of private life and of public life will come up for public reprehension. We cannot bribe death, we cannot bribe sickness, we cannot bribe the grave, we cannot bribe the judgments of that God who thunders against this sin.

THE ABUSE OF TRUST FUNDS.

Another wrong use of money is seen in the abuse of trust funds. Every man during the course of his life, on a larger or smaller scale, has the property of others committed to his keeping. He is so far a safety deposit, he is an administrator, and holds in his hand the interest of the family of a deceased friend. Or he is an attorney, and through his custody goes the payment from debtor to creditor, or he is the collector for a business house which compensates him for the responsibility; or he is a treasurer for a charitable institution and he holds alms contributed for the suffering; or he is an official of the city or the state or the nation, and taxes, and subsidies, and salaries, and supplies are in his keeping. It is as solemn a trust as God can make it. It is concentred and multiplied confidences. On that man depends the support of a bereft household, or the morals of dependents, or the right movement of a thousand wheels of social mechanism. A man may do what he will with his own, but he who abuses trust funds, in that one act commits theft, falsehood, perjury, and becomes, in all the intensity of the word, a miscreant. How many widows and orphans there are with nothing between them and starvation but a sewing machine, or held up out of the vortex of destruction simply by the thread of a needle, red with their own heart's blood, who a little while ago had, by father and husband, left them a competency. What is the matter? The administrators or the executors have sacrificed it—running risks with it that they would not have dared to encounter in their own private affairs. How often it is that a man will earn a livelihood by the sweat of his brow and then die, and within a few months all the estate goes into the stock gambling rapids of Wall-street. How often it is that you have known the man to whom trust funds were committed taking them out of the savings bank, and from trust companies and administrators, turning old homesteads into hard cash and then putting the entire estate into the vortex of speculation. Embezzlement is an easy word to pronounce, but it has ten thousand ramifications of horror.

There is not a city that has not suffered from the abuse of trust funds. Where is the court house, or the city hall, or the jail, or the postoffice, or the hospital, that in the building of it has not had a political job?

NOT AN HONEST NAIL IN IT.

Long before the new court house in New York city was completed, it cost over $12,000,000. Five millions six hundred and sixty-three thousand dollars for furniture! For plastering and repairs, $2,370,000. For plumbing and gas works, $1,231,817. For awnings, $23,553. The bills for three months coming to the nice little sum of $13,151,198.39. There was not an honest brick, or stone, or lath, or nail, or foot of plumbing, or inch of plastering, or ink stand or door knob in the whole establishment.

That bad example was followed in many of the cities, which did not steal quite so much because there was not so much to steal. There ought to be a closer inspection and there ought to be less opportunity for embezzlement. Lest a man shall take a five cent piece that does not belong to him, the conductor on the city horse car must sound his bell at every payment, and we are very cautious about small offenses but give plenty of opportunity for sinners on a large scale to escape. For a boy who steals a loaf of bread from a corner grocer to keep his mother from starving to death, a prison; but for defrauders who abscond with half a million of dollars, a castle on the Rhine, or waiting until the offense is forgotten, then a castle on the Hudson!

Another remark needs to be made, and that is that people ought not to go into places, into business or into positions where the temptation is mightier than their character. If there be large sums of money to be handled and the man is not sure of his own integrity you have no right to run an unseaworthy craft into an euroclydon.

An abbot wanted to buy a piece of ground and the owner would not sell it, but the owner finally consented to let it to him until he could raise one crop, and the abbot sowed acorns, a crop of two hundred years! And I tell you, young man, that the dishonesties which you plant in your heart and life will seem to be very insignificant, but they will grow up until they will overshadow you with horrible darkness, overshadow all time and all eternity. It will not be a crop for two hundred years, but a crop for everlasting ages.

BE CAREFUL OF THE PROPERTY OF OTHERS.

I stand this morning before many who have trust funds. It is a compliment to you that you have been so intrusted, but I charge you, in the presence of God and the world, be careful; be as careful of the property of others as you are careful of your own. Above all, keep your own private account at the bank separate from your account as trustee of an estate, or trustee of an institution. That is the point at which thousands of people make shipwreck. They get the property of others mixed up with their own property, they put it into investment and away it all goes, and they cannot return that which they borrowed. Then comes the explosion and the money market is shaken and the press denounces and the church thunders expulsion. In this vast assemblage there may be some who have misappropriated trust funds. Put them back, or, if you have so hopelessly involved them that you cannot put them back, confess the whole thing to those whom you have wronged, and you will sleep better nights, and you will have the better chance for your soul. If all the trust funds that have been misappropriated should suddenly fly to their owners, and all the property that has been purloined should suddenly go back to its owners, it would crash into ruin every city in America.

A blustering young man arrived at a hotel in the west and he saw a man on the sidewalk, and in a rough way, as no man has a right to address a laborer, said to him, "Carry this trunk up stairs." The man carried the trunk up stairs and came down, and then the young man gave him a quarter of a dollar, wich was marked, and instead of being twenty-five cents it was worth only twenty cents. Then the young man gave his card to the laborer and said, "You take this up to Governor Grimes; I want to see him." "Ah," said the laborer, "I am Governor Grimes." "Oh," said the young man, "you—I—excuse me." Then the governor said: "I was much impressed by the letter you wrote me asking for a certain office in my gift, and I had made up my mind you should have it; but a young man who will cheat a laborer out of five cents would swindle the government of the state if he got his hands on it. I don't want you. Good morning, sir." It never pays. Neither in this world nor in the world to come will it pay.

I do not suppose there ever was a better specimen of honesty than was found in the Duke of Wellington. He marched with his army over the French frontier, and the army was suffering, and he hardly knew how to get along. Plenty of plunder all about, but he commanded none of the plunder to be taken. He writes home these remarkable words: "We are overwhelmed with debts, and I can hardly stir out of my house on account of public creditors, waiting to demand what is due to them." Yet at that very time the French peasantry were bringing their valuables to him to keep. A celebrated writer says of the transaction: "Nothing can be grander or more nobly original than this admission. This old soldier, after thirty years' service, this iron man and victorious general, established in an enemy's country at the head of an immense army, is afraid of his creditors! This is a kind of fear that has seldom troubled conquerors and invaders, and I doubt if the annals of war present anything comparable to its sublime simplicity."

THE MORALS OF THE GOSPEL.

Oh! is it not high time that we preached the morals of the Gospel, right beside the faith of the Gospel? Mr. Froude, the celebrated English historian, has written of his own country these remarkable words: "From the great house in the city of London to the village grocer, the commercial life of England has been saturated with fraud. So deep has it gone that a strictly honest tradesman can hardly hold his ground against competition. You can no longer trust that any article you buy is the thing which it pretends to be. We have false weights, false measures, cheating and shoddy everywhere. And yet the clergy have seen all this grow up in absolute indifference. Many hundreds of sermons have I heard in England, many a dissertation on the mysteries of the faith, on the divine mission of the clergy, on bishops and justification, and the theory of good works, and verbal inspiration, and the efficacy of the sacraments; but, during all these thirty wonderful years, never one that I can recollect on common honesty."

Now, that may be an exaggerated statement of things in England, but I am very certain that in all parts of the earth we need to preach the moralities of the Gospel right along beside the faith of the Gospel.

Dr. Livingstone, the famous explorer, was descended from the Highlanders, and he said that one of his ancestors, one of the Highlanders, one day called his family around him. The Highlander was dying; he had his children around his death bed. He said: Now, my lads, I have looked all through our history as far back as I can find it, and I have never found a dishonest man in all the line, and I want you to understand you inherit good blood. You have no excuse for doing wrong. My lads, be honest." Ah, my friends, be honest before God, be honest before your fellow men, be honest before your soul.

PERILS RAGING AND TERRIFIC.

I am glad some one has set to music that scene in August of 1881, when a young girl saved from death a whole rail train of passengers. Some of you remember that out west, in that year on a stormy night, a hurricane blew down part of a railroad bridge. A freight train came along and it crashed into the ruin, and the engineer and conductor perished. There was a girl living in her father's cabin near the disaster, and she heard the crash of the freight train, and she knew that in a few moments an express train was due. She lighted a lantern and clambered up on the one beam of the wrecked bridge on to the main bridge, which was trestle work, and started to cross amid the thunder and the lightning of the tempest and the raging of the torrent beneath. One misstep and it would have been death. Amid all that horror the lantern went out. Crawling sometimes and sometimes walking over the slippery rails and over the trestle work, she came to the other side of the river. She wanted to get to the telegraph station, where the express train did not stop, so that the danger might be telegraphed to the station where the train did stop. The train was due in five minutes. She was one mile off from the telegraph station, but fortunately the train was late. With cut and bruised feet she flew like the wind. Coming up to the telegraph station, panting with almost deathly exhaustion, she had only strength to shout, "The bridge is down," when she dropped unconscious and could hardly be resuscitated. The message was sent from that station to the next station and the train halted, and that night that brave girl saved the lives of hundreds of passengers and saved many homes from desolation.

But every street is a track, and every style of business is a track, and every day is a track, and every night is a track, and multitudes under the power of temptation come sweeping on and sweeping down toward perils raging and terrific. God help us to go out and stop the train. Let us throw some signal. Let us give some warning. By the throne of God let us flash some influence to stop the downward progress. Beware! Beware! The bridge is down, the chasm is deep and the lightnings of God set all the night of sin on fire with this warning: "He, that being often reproved, hardeneth his neck, shall suddenly be destroyed, and that without remedy."

STILL ANOTHER TASCOTT.

Attorney-General Martin Contradicts the Rumor of His Intended Resignation.

WINNIPEG, March 15.—A telegram from Selkirk says an Indian has arrived there from Lake Winnipeg bringing in the news of the capture of Tascott by detectives 200 miles out in the lake. He was disguised as a tramp working out in a wood camp near Whitemouth and skipped just before the detectives arrived in search of him.

Attorney-General Martin contradicts the report that he intends resigning his seat in the Cabinet.

The Hatfield wife murder trial was continued to-day, medical testimony being given on behalf of the defence to show that Mrs. Hatfield was killed by a fall and not from being struck by her husband.

The St. George Snow Shoe Club will erect a $12,000 club house here.

The boundary line will be patrolled from the Red River to the Rockies by mounted police to prevent smuggling.

Gabriel Dumont arrived at Morris to-day.

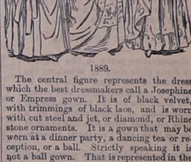
Immigrants are pouring in in large numbers.

THE GLASS OF FASHION.

FACTS ABOUT FROCKS OF INTEREST TO THE FAIR.

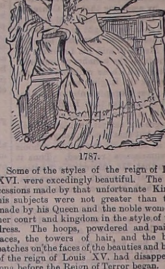
What to Wear and How to Wear it to the Best Advantage—Stylish Gowns for Spring and Summer Wear.

The Easter gown is of secondary importance as compared with the Easter hat or bonnet, but it comes in for its due share of consideration at the moment. In the sketch below are three typical dresses, prepared for Easter and the passing season. The one on the right is a street suit, but it can be utilized as a costume de visite. Made up in black Henrietta cloth or cashmere or lustreless black silk, it may do duty as a Lenten gown. When applied to this use, however, a larger and more severely simple black bonnet should be worn with it and over the face should be drawn a Hading or an Empire veil. Remember, however, good religious reader, that anything that looks studied or affected in the dress of a lady who really wishes to observe the most solemn of all the fasts of the Church is beneath the dignity and gracious character of the Christian lady.



1889.

The central figure represents the dress which the best dressmakers call a Josephine or Empress gown. It is of black velvet, with trimmings of black lace, and is worn with cut steel and jet, or diamond, or Rhine stone ornaments. It is a gown that may be worn at a dinner party, a dancing tea or reception, or a ball. Strictly speaking it is not a ball gown. That is represented in the gown on the left, and this is also called a Josephine or an Empire gown. These dresses are all pretty and good in their way. In fact, they are a vast improvement on the gowns worn by the two Empresses of Napoleon I. The only ridiculous thing aboat them is to call them Empress or Josephine gowns. The one on the left is a veritable dancing gown. It is made of that gauziest, flimsiest of all woven stuff, mousselline de soie broche, of a Rose du Barry tint, draped over satin of the same color. The puffed berthe, the short sleeves, and belt are the only reminders of the period of the first French Empire. The skirt, the ribbon sashes and shoulder knots, and the pink feather fan belong to our own decade.



1787.

Some of the styles of the reign of Louis XVI. were excedingly beautiful. The concessions made by that unfortunate King to his subjects were not greater than those made by his Queen and the noble women of her court and kingdom in the style of their dress. The hoops, powdered and painted faces, the towers of hair, and the black patches on the faces of the beauties and belles of the reign of Louis XV. had disappeared long before the Reign of Terror began. We can, without a great stretch of imagination, easily conceive that the beautiful and ill-fated Princess Lamballe looked not unlike the sketch of the young girl seated at the table. Doubtless Josephine, then a young girl, or young Mme. Beauharnais, wore her gowns, hats, and coiffure in just such a modified style; for the above sketch represents the fashions of the days of Marie Antoinette. It is the graceful picturesque rendering given it by a woman of imagination, taste, sentiment, and artistic feeling. This sketch is from a portfolio collection of old Parisian cuts illustrating the fashions of the French capital during the period of time between 1787 and 1792.

Fashion Notes.

The violet is the flower of Lent.

All cloth costumes are profusely braided.

Red cloth gowns are much worn in London.

Green in all its shades is again in high favor.

Ribbon embroideries appear on some of the richest spring evening gowns.

Crape cloth, not crape, is the preferred mourning dress fabric of English women.

Yokes will again be in vogue for summer frocks of muslin, percale, nainsook, and cambric.

Perfectly plain, full, undraped skirts, gauged on to the belt or bodice, are immensely fashionable.

Royal blue and deep sky blue come among other shades of this color in fashionable fabrics and millinery.

All fashionable skirts, whether short or demi-trained, fall as flat as possible at the back, as well as in the front.

Easy-fitting jacket basques with waistcoats are the preferred style for the summer gowns of women with full figures.

Steel embroidery of a very fine artistic character appears on many handsome white and delicate tinted cloth gowns.

Full gathered skirts, belted waists, and surplice bodices are the features in wash goods gowns made up for summer wear.

All real fashionable hats and bonnets are low in the crown, but what they have lost in height they have gained in circumference.

Long lace circle cloaks, decorated with a hood or yoke of black moire and flots of black moire ribbons, are seen among importations of the highest novelities.

Mathematically and financially it costs more in money to be an average sinner than it does to be an average Christian.—J. G. Oakley.

Daily Intelligencer.

THE DAILY INTELLIGENCER is published every evening except Sunday, and delivered by careful carriers in all parts of the city for Five Dollars a year, or Fifty Cents a month.

THE WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER is published every Thursday morning, and sent, postpaid, to any address in Canada, the United States or Great Britain for One Dollar a year.

ADVERTISEMENTS, first insertion, 10 cents per nonpareil line; each subsequent consecutive insertion, 5 cents per line; when not inserted every day, 10 cents per line each insertion.

READING MATTER NOTICES, 15 cents per line each insertion.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS, 50 cents each insertion. With notice of funeral added the charge for death notices is $1.

CONTRACTS made for business advertisements for one month or longer at reduced rates.

Remittances, Drafts, Cheques, and Post-Office Orders should be made payable to the order of

INTELLIGENCER PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO'Y (LIMITED),
Belleville, Ont.

Largest Daily Circulation in Belleville.

BELLEVILLE, SATURDAY, MAR 16

SUN LIFE ASSURANCE CO.

The annual report of this popular and highly successful company appears in another column, and it is not too much to say that the showing is a grand one. Mr. W. T. McIntyre, of this city, is the general agent for this district.

SETTLED AT LAST.

The Clerkship of the Division Court at Madoc, which has for several weeks been a bone of contention amongst the Grits of that village, has at last been settled by the appointment of Mr. Arthur Coe, whose father has "a big pull" with the powers that be. There will be several "soreheads" over this appointment.

THE HARBOR.

THE GOVERNMENT TO ASSUME CONTROL.

City Solicitor Henderson, who has returned from Ottawa, says that it has been arranged that the Government shall take over the harbor. The control will be vested in three commissioners—of whom the Mayor, for the time being, shall be one—who will be appointed by the Government. These Commissioners will appoint a Harbor Master at a salary not to exceed $600, which is the only money to be paid by them out of the dues. The arrangement is regarded as a good one for the city.

THE LICENSE QUESTION.

The Conservative party in the Legislature are doing their duty in attacking the administration of the liquor license law in the interest of a political party, and in proposing to substitute for the present system the appointment of commissioners by a body more removed from the influence of partizanship than the Provincial Government.

The abuses which have been perpetrated under the present system have been spread over the entire province; but more particularly in the cities, towns and villages have the evil effects of a partizan administration of the law been felt.

There is no hope of Mr. Meredith's resolution being passed by the Legislature, but the agitation of the subject and the exposures made in the House, cannot fail to arouse the people to the necessity which exists for the reform proposed by Mr. Meredith. The policy of the Opposition in regard to this matter cannot fail to command the approbation of the public.

A CONTRADICTION.

The Grit party are pursuing their usual tactics with reference to the teaching of foreign languages in the public schools. They are seeking, with characteristic disingenerousness, to manufacture political capital amongst the people of the nationalities interested, by asserting that the Conservatives in the Legislature insist that nothing but English shall be taught in the schools; and on this assumption they have been lecturing Mr. Meredith and his followers for shutting out from the benefits of our educational system all those children who are unable to speak the English language.

This is a gross misrepresentation, as what Mr. Meredith said was that English must not be taught as a foreign tongue, as foreign languages are taught in high schools and colleges, but that foreign tongues may be taught, as such, in the public schools where circumstances required. Thus it will be seen that Mr. Meredith's position is entirely at variance with the representation of it which has been made by the *Globe*.

That this contention of the Opposition is right is shown by the utterances of the Minister of Education, who said:

> He failed to find any regulation in the old Council of Public Instruction making it obligatory that the English language should be taught in every school under its supervision. There was no trace of any obligation, of this kind being imposed upon the eastern counties. From the absence of this obligation, no doubt, grew the multiplication of schools in which the French language was taught exclusively. Had the policy finally adopted been adopted at a earlier period there would have been fewer schools in Prescott and Russell in which English was not taught than was the case when he assumed office in 1883. In that year, as soon as he was relieved from the pressure of the session of the legislature, he proceeded to enquire into the extent to which the schools of Eastern Ontario were exclusively French, and somewhat to his surprise he found them quite numerous, namely, twenty-seven. Consequently, in framing the regulations for 1885 he provided that English must be taught in every school within the jurisdiction of the education department. Now, while Mr. Craig was disposed to be censorious, because, as he contended, the English language was not properly taught in every school in the province, he showed no disposition to give the department credit for having a few years ago insisted, for the first time in the history of the province, that the English language should be taught in every public school in Ontario.
>
> Thus in January, 1887, there were 27 schools in which English was not taught. In November of the same year, the date of Mr. Somerby's report, there were but six. This has been done through the pressure of the department and through the willingness of his fellow subjects in Eastern Ontario to fall in with the change in the law.

Now, if the contention of the Conservative party be wrong—if, as the Grit prints allege, the demand that English shall be the language of our public schools is an insult to any nationality or any religion—what can be said of the Minister of Education, who states that in the regulations of 1885 he provided that English must be taught in all the schools and that in November 1887, through the pressure of the Department, the number of schools in which English is not taught had been reduced to six? Surely if it be wrong for Mr. Meredith and his followers to insist upon the teaching of English in our schools, it must be equally wrong for the Minister of Education, his colleagues and their supporters.

We leave the *Globe* and Mr. Ross to reconcile their differences.

SOME SYMPTOMS OF WORMS are:—Fever, colic, variable appetite, restlessness, weakness and convulsions. The unfailing remedy is Dr. Low's Worm Syrup.

SHILOH'S COUGH and Consumption Cure sold by us on a guarantee. It cures consumption. Sold by D. M. Waters.

EDITORIAL BREVITIES.

Senator Read made an able speech in the Senate on Tuesday last, on Senator McDonald's motion regarding our trade relations. Mr. Read, who claimed—and fairly—the paternity of the N. P., showed the advantages of that policy, the disadvantages of the fad, the hopelessness of obtaining reciprocity in natural products with the United States, and gave a large amount of valuable information on the subject of the country's trade. His speech occupies nine pages of "The Senate Debates." Mr. Flint spoke on the same subject on Thursday. The report of his speech has not yet come to hand.

The astute *Mail* sees in the fact that Canadian exports of wheat to Great Britain were nearly four times as large in 1887 as in 1888, evidence that our trade with England is falling off. It thereupon founds the argument that we must enable the agriculturist to produce cheaply in order to be able to compete, and that in order to do so we must reduce the duty on the machinery and supplies of the farmers. Did it never occur to the *Mail* that the cause of the decline which it states, was a short crop in Ontario and a great falling off in the crop of Manitoba in 1888?

Corn Sowing

Is a process conducted by the agency of tight boots all the year around. Corn reaping is best conducted through the agency of Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor, the only safe and sure-pop corn cure. Putnam's Extractor is now widely imitated. Beware of all poisonous and sore producing substitutes.

Correspondence.

Whilst correspondents will be accorded space for the expression of their ideas on topics of public interest, it must be in all cases understood that the views so expressed are simply those of the correspondents themselves.

To the Editor of the Intelligencer.

BELLEVILL, March 14, 1889.

DEAR SIR,—A letter appeared in your columns about five or six weeks ago, signed "Traveller," containing some very good strictures regarding the giving of a bonus and remittance of taxes, to encourage manufactories in our midst. As to giving a bonus in the present state of the city's finances there may be diverse opinions, but in the remission of taxes for say 20 or 30 years to a bona fide establishment, it would be without doubt a very judicious arrangement. From recent notices in both the city papers it appears that two parties are desirous of locating works here, if they find this place suitable, viz., Weddell & Co., of Trenton Bridge works, and the Crossen Car Co'y of Cobourg. Would it not be advisable to try and secure the Trenton firm first? as if the statements in the papers are correct, this firm are certainly purposed to move a portion if not all of their works, to another locality from where they are. There are two places in Belleville which would be suitable for such firms as Weddell & Co., or the Crossen Car Co., the defunct stove foundry works, and the old Patterson Bros. agricultural buildings, close to the junction of the Canifton and station roads. These latter buildings would need, though, to be much enlarged for a large enterprise; still for the commencement of a branch business it would doubtless be very suitable. They both present exceptionally good facilities for railway carriage, and also for close availability of water transport, especially the defunct stove works. From the tone of the papers it does not appear so certain that the Crossen Co. will remove from where they are. Still, if sufficient business inducements could be pointed out, by remittance of taxes and otherwise, perhaps both these firms might be led to locate half their establishments here, and gradually build up a large business in Belleville, and whilst it would help the city it would be equally as beneficial to themselves, as, having the two branches within such easy distance of one another as they would be by rail and water travel, in cases of urgency in completing any specified contract that might be going on in the shops at Cobourg, Trenton, and Belleville, a body of men could be sent speedily, from half an hour to two hours at the farthest, from one place to the other; and frequently in completing contracts, this ease of accessibility between the different shops would be highly advantageous. Further advantages might be pointed out, but as I do not wish to trespass too much on your space, I must conclude. Yours truly,

R. C. FILLITER.

To the Editor of the Intelligencer.

MY DEAR SIR.—Whether Dr. Grant's able arguments carried conviction to the minds of the enormous audience of last evening, remains to be seen. I desire very briefly to urge upon those who so well understand the art of getting up a public entertainment, the desirability of procuring a lecture from Dr. Grant at an early day!

There are reasons why this lecture would be very popular. One reason is that there is not to be found in the whole range of public men in Canada another man who has the ear and the heart of the people of Canada, irrespective of political bias.

Dr. Grant has won this proud place by his own hand. He has had no adventitious advantages from inherited fortune or position. His broad catholic spirit, his absolute honesty, his freedom from cant, his profound foresight, and perhaps above all, his manly independence, have made his utterances listened to and believed, when if spoken by a political leader, they would produce no effect save upon the minds of his own party. When Dr. Grant voices his views, we know they are the views of an honest, independent patriot. Soon we are to have a fortnightly service between Vancouver, Japan, and the vast East, and it is therefore essential that we should learn as much as we possibly can of the opportunities for commercial and trading enterprise that will be opened up. Steam and electricity have annihilated space, and when can we learn to take advantage of our opportunities in any better way than by a lecture from a man of Dr. Grant's mental acumen—fresh from the Australias and the best islands of the Pacific. Those who have read his "Ocean to Ocean" and his beautiful and rosy descriptions in "Picturesque Canada" can form some idea of the great mental feast in store for us if we can secure the lecture. I am very truly yours,

JOHN J. B. FLINT.

Current Capital Chat.

OTTAWA, March 15.—Mr. Small, M.P., today received a telegram from Ald. Roaf asking that the date of the appearance of the Toronto deputation before the Railway Committee in reference to the City bill re burying telegraph and telephone wires be delayed until the return of the Toronto aldermen now in the United States. Sir Hector Langevin agreed that the bill be made the second order for Thursday next. Tuesday next had been set as the date in a former conference between Sir Hector and Mr. Small.

Lieut.-Col. Thos. Bacon, secretary of the Dominion Rifle Association, has been appointed commandant of the Wimbledon team for 1889 and Captain Hood of the Fifth Royal Scots second in command, or adjutant. Captain Hood is one of the foremost riflemen in Canada and has time and again figured in the sixty from whom the Wimbledon twenty are chosen. The commandant has all his life devoted himself to the promotion of rifle shooting, and has been a most efficient secretary to the association. The command of the team is a prize always eagerly sought after and this year was no exception to the rule. Amongst the names prominently mentioned were those of Col. Denison, M.P., and Cod Gravel.

THE LICENSE QUESTION.

MR MEREDITH'S AMENDMENT DEFEATED BY 20 MAJORITY.

The House Divides on Strictly Party Lines After Another Day of Debate—The Government's Railway Policy.

TORONTO, March 16.—Mr. Meredith's amendment to the motion that the House go into supply was lost by a majority of 20 yesterday. The House did not divide until nearly midnight. Then when the Opposition Leader's amendment was lost the House went into supply.

Nothing new of importance was brought out in the debate on the license question. In fact the discussion as compared with that of Thursday was rather tame. The speakers were Mr. Wylie, Mr. McLaughlin, Mr. Metcalf, Mr. Awrey, Mr. Clancy, Mr. Wood (Brant), Mr. Fell, Mr. Wood (Hastings), Mr. Garson, Mr. Rorke, Mr. E. F. Clarke and Mr. Ingram. This is the division list:

YEAS.—Blyth, Clancy, Clarke, E. F. (Toronto), Clarke, H. E. (Toronto), Craig, Creighton, Hammell, Hudson, Ingram, Kerns, Lees, Meacham, Meredith, Monk, Morgan, Preston, Rorke, Smith (Frontenac), Stewart, Tooley, Whitney, Willoughby, Wood (Hastings)—23.

NAYS.—Allan, Armstrong, Awrey, Balfour, Ballantyne, Bishop, Blezard, Bronson, Caldwell, Chisholm, Clarke (Wel.), Dack, Davis, Dryden, Ferguson, Field, Fraser Freeman, Garson, Gibson (Ham.), Gibson (Hur.), Gilmour, Graham, Guthrie, Harcourt, Hardy, Lyon, McAndrew, McKay, McMahon, Mack, Mowat, Murray, Pacaud, Phelps, Rayside, Ross (Hur.), Ross (Mid.), Smith (York), Snider, Sprague, Waters, Wood (Brant)—43.

When the House went into Supply last night Mr. Meredith asked if any change was proposed in the railway policy of the Government. Mr. Mowat replied that their policy had been embodied in resolutions presented by the Hon. A. M. Ross, which were as follows:

That, by section 6, cap. 23, 44th Victoria, it was provided that the Lieutenant-Governor in Council might, subject to the terms and conditions therein contained, grant a bonus, subsidy or annual payment to any company then, or that might thereafter be, incorporated, not in excess of $2850 per mile, in aid of the construction of a line of railway extending from a point in the District of Muskoka, as far north as Gravenhurst, to Sault Ste. Marie, the total mileage not to exceed three hundred miles; but no company has taken advantage of the said provision, and it is desirable to repeal the said section 6, cap. 23, 44 Victoria, in order that the aid thereby authorized may be available for the construction of the railways hereinafter mentioned.

That, subject to the conditions hereinafter mentioned, there shall be granted out of the Consolidated Revenue Fund to the undermentioned railway companies, for the construction of the portions of railway, hereinafter mentioned, as follows, that is to say:

The Ontario & Rainy River Railway, from the town of Port Arthur to the town of Fort William, and thence westerly in the direction of Sand Lake, not exceeding in the whole fifty miles, a cash subsidy of $3000 per mile.

The Manitoulin and North Shore Railway Company, from the Village of Little Current to a point on the Canadian Pacific railway, in the township of Nairn, a distance not exceeding twenty-eight miles, a cash subsidy of $3000 per mile.

The Parry Sound Colonisation Railway Company, from the Town of Parry Sound to Burk's Falls, on the line of the Northern Pacific Junction railway, a distance of about forty miles, cash subsidy of $3000 per mile.

The Nipissing and James' Bay Railway, from North Bay towards Lake Temiscamingue, a distance not exceeding fifty miles, a cash subsidy of $3000.

The Brockville and Westport Railway Company, from the point where the said railway will intersect the Canadian Pacific railway, in the Township of Oso, to Palmer's Rapids, in the Township of Raglan, a distance of about fifty-five miles, a cash subsidy of $3000 per mile.

In lieu of the cash subsidy, as aforesaid, the Lieutenant-Governor in Council may at his option direct that payment shall be made semi-annually to the said railways for a period of forty years, semi-annual payments of sixty-nine dollars and ninety-six cents per mile.

That the Parry Sound Colonisation Railway, the Ontario and Rainy River Railway, the Manitoulin and North Shore Railway, the Nipissing and James' Bay Railway, the Brockville and Westport Railway, shall be considered to be colonisation railways.

That inasmuch as the construction of colonisation railways will promote the settlement and increase the value of certain unsettled lands of the Province; and inasmuch as it is desirable that a portion of the said lands should be set apart and sold for the purpose of forming a fund to recoup the Province in respect of moneys expended in aiding railways; a tract of land is, therefore, set apart for the purpose of being sold, and the proceeds thereof applied to form the fund aforesaid, that is to say, a tract of land at least ten miles in width on each side of the present projected lines of railways to which aid is granted as aforesaid, or on each side of the lines of the said railways as the same may be hereafter finally located and established.

That the said lands so set apart shall be sold at such price not less than two dollars per acre, and on such terms and conditions otherwise as the Lieutenant-Governor may from time to time determine.

That the moneys arising from the sale of the lands so set apart shall constitute a fund to be called "The Railway Subsidy Fund, 1889," and a separate account of the same shall be kept by the Treasurer of the Province.

That the Railway Subsidy Fund shall be applied as follows:

The cost and expenses of the collection of the said fund shall form and be the first charge thereon.

The remainder of the said fund shall be applied in or towards payment of the moneys by any Act of this session granted, or which may hereafter be granted in aid of railways.

That all pine trees upon the said lands shall be reserved from sale, and the proceeds of the sale of the said trees shall form no part of the said railway subsidy fund.

That in case, after the said lands are placed in the market, the Commissioner of Crown Lands reports in writing that any particular portion or portions of the lands so set apart, is or are not worth two dollars per acre, it shall be lawful for the Lieutenant-Governor in Council to reduce the said price, and the same may thereafter be sold at such reduced rate.

That notwithstanding anything herein contained, the Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council may dispose, by way of free grant, or any of the lands so set apart as aforesaid, for the right of way of any railway or for railway stations, workshops or any lands necessarily required for constructing or working any railway or any other lands required for public purposes, and of which the Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council may deem it to be in the public interest to make free grants.

A Y.M.C.A. YOUNG MAN.

Hasty Departure from Woodstock of J. A. Gould and the Alleged Cause.

WOODSTOCK, March 15.—A sensation of no small proportions was created here to-day by the rumor that J. A. Gould had left town in haste. Gould came from London last spring to assist in the organization of a Y.M.C.A. in town. He has been for 25 years engaged in this work in the United States.

Shortly after this Gould was engaged by Mr. J. White to manage his drug store. Yesterday morning he informed his employer that he wanted to leave town at once to attend to some business in Denver. Col. Mr. J. S. Cole, Provincial Secretary of the Y. M. C. A., arrived in town yesterday and rumor connects this fact with the disappearance of the gentleman named. It is said that Mr. Gould's character will not bear investigation, that he is guilty of an unmentionable iniquity and that this is not the first time he has been compelled to make a hasty departure.

Gould was one of the most stylish and sweet-tongued gentlemen that has ever been met in this town and could pray, preach and sing to perfection. His financial relations are said to be all right.

Woodstock Municipal Nominations.

WOODSTOCK, March 15.—At the nomination of councillors to-day, to fill the seats of the deceased members, these were named: St. John's Ward—J. R. Oliver, Charles Allan, Edward West, R. M. Revell, John Pascoe. St. George's Ward—C. M. Oliver, Joseph Rippon, S. J. Cole, James Bell. For Reeve—J. M. Grant, J. J. Hall and R. M. Revell. Mr. Grant withdrew, and it is possible that there will be no contest.

CHARGED WITH FRAUD.

A Well-Known Ottawa Merchant Arrested—His Statement.

OTTAWA, March 15.—W. E. Brown, boot and shoe merchant of Rideau-street, was arrested this afternoon by Detective Carpenter of Montreal and Detective Montgomery of this city, the charge being that he, while in insolvent circumstances, did by gift or conveyance transfer goods to Altha Ann Baker of Wales, in the County of Stormont, to the amount of $20,000. Another count of the warrant recites that he (Brown), with the intent to defraud, did unlawfully conceal $20,000 worth of goods, etc. The warrant was issued at the instance of Samuel & Son, boot and shoe men of Montreal.

Mr. Brown is a defeated candidate for the mayoralty. He says the charges are false from beginning to end and threatens to make Samuel & Son pay for his arrest.

Mr. Brown assigned this morning. His liabilities are supposed to be heavy.

DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

PROROGATION BEFORE EASTER NO LONGER PROBABLE.

Considerable Progress Made With Government Measures and Private Bills Yesterday—In the Railway Committee.

OTTAWA, March 15.—The probability of prorogation before Easter seems to be growing less. With a view to pushing through the Government business, Sir John Macdonald moved this afternoon that for the rest of the session Government business should take precedence on Wednesday, which would leave only one day in the week, Monday, for business promoted by private members. Sir John said he believed the members wished to get away before Easter, and to do this three things would be required of them—short speeches, long sittings and the manifestation of an earnest desire to return as early as possible to their homes. He intimated that the ministry didn't care much whether the prorogation was before or after Easter, though he thought the members generally would be inconvenienced by having to come back.

An objection was taken by Mr. Laurier that with only one day a week available justice could not be done to the business outlined on the order paper, which contains now upwards of seventy notices of motion.

In deference to the opposition manifested Sir John then amended the resolution so as to give one more Wednesday for private business.

Considerable progress was made to-day with Government bills. Discussion on the amendment to the act respecting certificates to masters and mates of ships brought out the fact that in the law of the past a coasting trade certificate holding good for all ports in Canada allowed the master or mate holding it to navigate his vessel all the way round the Maritime Provinces to British Columbia, while hitherto it was unlawful to sail on such a certificate to the island of St. Pierre-Miquelon or the West India Islands. The act is now amended so as to include all ports in these places and all ports on the east coast of America.

The bill making provision for the winding-up if desired of other than insolvent companies got its second reading after some little discussion. This constituted the afternoon's business.

The evening in the House was devoted to private bills. The following were read a third time and passed:

To ratify an exchange of land between the Ontario and Quebec Railway Company and the Land Security Company—Mr. Small.

Respecting the Kingston and Pembroke Railway Company—Mr. Kirkpatrick.

Amending the act incorporating the Winnipeg and North Pacific Railway Company—Mr. Bergin.

Respecting the Berlin and Canada Pacific Junction Railway Company—Mr. Bowman.

Respecting the Bay of Quinte Bridge Company—Mr. Corby.

In committee Hon. John Costigan's resolution respecting proposed changes in the law governing the inspection and culling of timber was fully criticised by lumbermen of both sides of politics—Messrs. Cook, White, Edwards and Perley, the last named claiming to voice the general sentiment in objecting to any act of this kind subjecting the lumbermen to a regulation fee when there was no probability of their requiring the services of the inspectors provided for. Sir John Macdonald at length had the resolution passed on the promise that an opportunity for full discussion would be afforded when the bill founded upon it was being introduced.

Mr. Haggart's bill respecting the Civil service then came up for second reading. It deals mainly with postoffice departmental matters. There was quite a discussion about the proposition to increase the salary of the Toronto postmaster to $4000, the same as that of the postmaster at Montreal.

The bill having been read a second time and passed through committee the House adjourned at 11 o'clock.

THE C. P. R.'S BILL.

More Time Required by the Government for its Consideration.

OTTAWA, March 15.—A big phalanx of railway lawyers and railway men invaded the meeting of the Railway Committee this morning in expectation that the Canadian Pacific Railway's bill would be considered. Sir Hector Langevin at once announced that the Government desired more time to study the measure, which is attracting a great deal of attention, and it was decided to make it the first order for Thursday next.

The bill to incorporate the Saskatchewan Railway and Mining Company was reported after being amended here and there. The road will run from Dunmore on the Canadian Pacific Railway northerly to a crossing of the South Saskatchewan River at or near Drowning Fort, thence across the Red Deer River near its mouth, thence by the best route to a crossing of the South Saskatchewan River at or near Saskatoon. The capital stock is $4,000,000.

Mr. Daly's bill to incorporate the Northern Pacific and Manitoba Railway and Mr. Macdowall's bill incorporating the Ontario, Manitoba and Western Railroad were also reported.

When the committee had dwindled down to half-a-dozen members a bulk bill respecting an agreement between the Kingston and Pembroke and Napanee, Tamworth and Quebec Railway Companies was sent up. Mr. Edgar objected to measures passing through which had never received any proper consideration. He said there was altogether too much of this class of legislation. The bill was then handed over to a sub-committee of gentlemen who always watch closely the bills before the Railway Committee.

Notes From The Gazette.

OTTAWA, March 15.—The amount of Dominion circulation and specie on Feb. 28 was $16,409,746 against $16,635,320 for January. The excess of specie and guaranteed debentures on Feb. 28 was $2,038,841.

The unrevised statement of inland revenue accrued during February was $481,846, of which $264,180 was spirits, $40,930 malt, $125,137 tobacco, $37,828 cigars.

The debts of the Bank of British North America at the end of 1888 were as follows: Circulation £260,316, other liabilities £3,570,890; total, £3,831,206. Assets: specie £528,678, other assets £4,593,938; total £5,122,614.

H. A. Massey, H. P. Cobourn (Hamilton), C. D. Massey, W. E. H. Massey, F. V. Massey (Toronto), are applying for incorporation as The Sawyer and Massey Company of Toronto and Hamilton, with a capital stock of $100,000 in $100 shares.

The Ontario Fish Company, headquarters at St. Thomas, capital stock $2000, ask incorporation.

The ninth call of 10 per cent, has been made by the directors of the Niagara Central Railway Company and is payable before April 2.

Harry L. Inglas of Niagara Falls has been appointed a commissioner to act judicially on extradition cases, under the Revised Statutes of Canada, chapter 142, within the Province of Ontario.

Idle Collieries to Resume Work

WILKESBARRE, Pa., March 15.—The eleven collieries operated by the Lehigh and Wilkesbarre Coal Company in this region, which have been idle since Feb. 28, will resume work Monday next. This will again give employment to nearly 6000 men and boys.

Boodler Kerr Acquitted.

NEW YORK, March 15.—The jury in the Kerr boodle trial found a verdict of not guilty.

The Number of Newspapers.

NEW YORK, March 15.—Geo. P. Rowell & Co.'s American Newspaper Directory, soon to be issued, states that the newspapers and periodicals of all kinds issued in the United States and Canada now number 17,107, a gain of 797 during the last twelve months and of 7882 in ten years.

A 14-Year-old Murderer.

NEW YORK, March 15.—Patrick Meehan, aged 14, to-day fatally stabbed Christian Weiss, aged 21, a fellow employe in a butcher shop. Weiss directed the boy to clean up the shop. The boy took offence at the way the order was given, picked up a butcher's knife and drove it to the hilt into Weiss' breast below the heart.

A Triple Hanging.

ARKADELPHIA, Ark., March 15.—Willie Green, Anderson Mitchell and Daniel Jones, all colored, were hanged to-day for the murder of a negro preacher named Arthur Horton.

News Condensed.

—Every French bank has a photograph of every employee.

—The amount of money spent in charity in the United Kingdom is about £10,000,000 annually.

FOR NETTLE RASH, Summer Heat and general toilet purposes, use Low's Sulphur Soap

—The Swedish Cremation Society was founded in 1882. It now numbers 3000 members and subscribers.

—Philadelphia boasts an attendance of 100,000 pupils at her public schools, and still 3000 children cannot be admitted for lack of room.

For lame back, side or chest, use Shiloh's Porous Plaster. Price 25 cents. Sold by D.M Waters.

—A teacher asked a boy the other evening, which is the highest dignitary of the church? After looking up and looking down, north, east, south, and west, the boy replied—"The Weathercock."

SLEEPLESS NIGHTS, made miserable by that terrible cough. Shiloh's Cure is the Remedy for you. Sold by D. M. Waters.

—In the present "Clergy List" are the names of a number of soldiers and sailors who have entered the clerical profession. Sailors are numerous, captains, commanders, lieutenants, and even petty officers having left the Navy to serve the Church.

AN INACTIVE or Torpid Liver must be aroused and all bad bile removed. Burdock Pills are best for old or young.

—Twenty million artificial teeth are annually made in America, different colors being prepared for different countries. In Canada the demand is for snow white teeth, in South America they prefer yellow, while the Chinese will have none but black teeth.

MINISTERS, LAWYERS, TEACHERS, and others whose occupation give but little exercise, should use Carter's Little Liver Pills for torpid liver and biliousness. One is a dose. Try them.

AS A PICK ME-UP after excessive exertion or exposure, Milburn's Beef, Iron and Wine is grateful and comforting.

Only One Cent!
Only One Cent!

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

TO SPORTSMEN.—For sale, a double-barrel Breech-loader, 12 bore, 7½ lbs. weight, made to order by Holland, Bond street, best maker in London, with all necessary fittings. Can be seen at office H. E. Holden, Bridge St. In order—good as new. Lowest price Sixty-Five Dollars—less than half cost. 268th&sat

POOL TABLE, and all the fixtures, for sale. Is in first class order. Apply at Hub Hotel, Front Street, Belleville. 263d2w

APARTMENTS TO LET.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

BOARD AND ROOMS.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

HOUSES TO LET.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

FOR SALE or TO LET, the House formerly occupied by J. H. Simpson, Commercial Street. Possession given immediately. Apply to P. R. PALMER. 263d3m

LOST AND FOUND.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

LIVE STOCK.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

TO LET.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

WANTED.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

WANTED—Intelligent, well educated boy to learn Telegraphing. Apply at the office of the Rathbun Co., Bridge St. 269d3t

WANTED.—An agent wanted to buy and sell the "World" Type Writer in Belleville. Agents wanted throughout Canada. Address The Type Writer Improvement Co., No. 4, Post Office Square, Boston, Mass. 269d3t

HOUSE KEEPER WANTED, middle aged woman preferred, to take charge of a family of six. Apply at HUGH WALKER'S grocery. 258dtf.

SALESMEN—We wish a few men to sell our goods by sample to the wholesale and retail trade. Large manufacturers in our line. Enclose 2-cent stamp. Wages $3 per day. Permanent position. No postals answered. Money advanced for wages, advertising, etc. CENTENNIAL MAN'F'G CO, CINCINNATI, OHIO. 245d30teod

DOMESTICS WANTED.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

COOK WANTED—immediately. Apply at City Hotel.—D. COYLE. 269d1w

SITUATIONS WANTED.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

MECHANICS WANTED.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

MORTGAGE SALE.

UNDER and by virtue of a certain mortgage made by John N. Lazier and wife and assigned to the vendor, default in payment having been made, there will be offered for sale at the Court House, in the City of Belleville, on

TUESDAY, THE 9TH DAY OF APRIL, 1889,

at noon, that valuable property situate on the north side of Alexander Street, in Belleville, and being Lot No. 11, Meyers' hill, on a plan of Michael Teal; also all that part of Lot number 28 as laid down on a plan of lots by John J. Haslett and more fully appearing in the mortgage.

This is a very fine residential property, at present in possession and residence of Mr. Lazier. For terms and further particulars, apply to

GEO. A. SKINNER,
Vendor's Solicitor.

Belleville, March, 1889.

BRIDGE STREET
Sunday School----
----Anniversary
NEXT TUESDAY EVE'NG,
at 7:30 o'clock.

A Chorus of nearly 700 Voices!
An Orchestra of Ten Instruments!
Motion Songs by Primary Class!
Songs, Dialogues and Recitations!
SILVER COLLECTION AT DOOR.
March 16, '89 d2t

Special Announcement.

Our Millinery Department.

WE have the pleasure of informing the Ladies of Belleville and vicinity that we have secured the services of Miss Dignam, formerly of Toronto, and lastly with Madam Louise, of 5th Avenue, New York, to take charge of this department.

We have no hesitation in saying that Miss Dignam will be able to show all who will do us the honor of paying us a visit on our opening day (which will be duly announced) the most Stylish Millinery ever seen in Belleville.

A. N. REID & CO.

---Millinery ∴ Opening---
AT
BRIGNALL & THOMPSON'S.
Wednesday, March the 20th.

When we shall be prepared to exhibit, as usual, a magnificent stock of Imported Millinery, Mantles, Silks and Dress Materials.

BRIGNALL & THOMPSON.

---NEW---
SPRING GOODS!

New Embroideries,
New Prints,
New Tweeds,
New Carpets,
New Curtain Materials,
New Cornice Poles,
New Window Shades.

GEORGE RITCHIE & CO'S.

--50 MORE--
NEW HANGING LAMPS put in. Prices very much below anything we ever had.
W. J. REID & CO.

FANS
Suitable for WEDDINGS and BALLS. A splendid assortment at
J. C. OVERELL'S
FANCY EMPORIUM, BELLEVILLE.

CLEARING--SALE
OF ALL
BOOTS AND SHOES
Damaged by Fire and Water. Over $5,000 worth at less than half regular price.
A. W. VERMILYEA & SON.

NEW SEASON'S TEAS,
FRESH GROUND COFFEES,
Handsome Presents Given Away
AT
STROUD ∴ BROS.,
Front Street, Belleville,
and at Montreal, Ottawa, Kingston and Toronto.

Sun Life Assurance Company
OF CANADA.

I have great pleasure in announcing to the Policy-holders and friends of the Company that the Applications for New Life Assurances received during the year 1887 were again larger than in any previous year in the Company's history, being more than $3,500,000, on which policies were issued for over $3,000,000. The year's operations have also resulted in a large and very satisfactory addition to the assets, which now amount to over $1,750,000.

W. T. MCINTYRE,
General Agent, Belleville.

AGENTS WANTED ON SALARY.

NEW
SPRING
GOODS.

Bought very early and bought very cheap.

NEW PRINTS,
NEW TABLINGS,
NEW COTTONS,
NEW STEAMLOOMS,
NEW DRESS GOODS,
NEW EMBROIDERIES,
NEW SHIRTINGS,
NEW CRETONNES,
NEW SCRIMS,
NEW UNDERWEAR,
NEW TWEEDS,

See the new. They are better and cheaper than the old.

JAS. W. DUNNET.
GLASGOW WAREHOUSE
Belleville, Feb 12, 1889

Daily Intelligencer.
BELLEVILLE, SATURDAY, MAR. 16

REFORMED CHURCH OF ENGLAND.
METROPOLITAN BLOCK, - - - CAMPBELL STREET
GROUND FLOOR.
Sunday services at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m.
Services by Rev. Arthur H. Walley.
Strangers welcome. All seats free.

CHRIST CHURCH.
REV. S. DAW, - - - - RECTOR.
Sunday services at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m.
Strangers are welcome.

MERE MENTION.

TO-MORROW is St. Patrick's Day.

FOR a disordered liver try Beecham's Pills.

LADIES, go to Hennessy's for your embroideries.

A LOT of purses at reduced prices at Geen's Drug Store.

THE Executive Committee will meet at 7 o'clock on Monday night for business.

SEE Hennessy's window for men's fine neckwear and the nicest tweeds and cloths in the city.

THE Dominion Express Company run over 5000 miles of railway and have over 600 agencies.

MESSRS. Brignall & Thompson announce their spring opening on Wednesday next, March 30th.

THE 66th anniversary of the Bridge St. Sunday School will be held on Tuesday evening next.

IF you have a cough or cold go at once to Geen's Drug Store and buy a bottle of Holden's Expectorant.

THE wife of Major Wooley, of Kingston, will conduct services at the Salvation Army barracks to-morrow.

Do you want to send a box or parcel, an account or a draft? Try the Dominion Express Co. S. Burrows agent.

MISS A. G. Embury, assisted by her pupils, will give a musical entertainment in the City Hall on Thursday evening, 21st.

Two ladies this morning mistook the police station for the market, and opened the door leading to the cells before they discovered their mistake.

PROF. Shephard will close his classes in elocution in Albert College about March 29th, when a concert will be given by his pupils, to consist of selections from Dickens.

ALL DISORDERS CAUSED by a bilious state of the system can be cured by using Carter's Little Liver Pills. No pain, griping or discomfort attending their use. Try them.

COLD wet weather is very hard on sufferers from Neuralgia troubles, and to those Dyer's Quinine and Iron Wine is strongly recommended, it is palatable, easily assimilated, and can be safely taken by the weakest invalid. W. A. Dyer & Co., Montreal.

WM. T. BELFIELD, M.D., Surgeon to the genito-urinary department, Central Dispensary, Chicago, says "The diagnosis of Bright's disease is often erroneously made where there exists no inflammation, but simply venous congestion of the kidneys." Neglect in the cases of congestion allows organic changes to take place, thus Bright's disease is developed, which result may be avoided by the timely use of Warner's Safe Cure. This remedy removes the obstruction and equalizes the circulation.

PROBABILITIES.

TORONTO, March 16.—Easterly winds, fair weather, a little higher temperature.

TEMPERATURE.

As Registered by Dr. Bell's Self-Registering Thermometer.

SATURDAY, March 16.
Maximum 42 ; minimum 24.
Barometer 30.20.

A Popular Instrument.

A new scale Upright Pianoforte recently completed by Messrs. Newcombe & Co., Toronto, is affording much satisfaction. It fills the requirements of a reliable instrument by a first class maker at a figure within the reach of all. Write them for particulars.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria,

Church Chimes.

Rev. Mr. Pope will preach in the Halloway St. church to-morrow morning, and Mr. A. W. Vermilyea will conduct the evening service.

Board of Health.

At a meeting of the Board of Health held yesterday afternoon Dr. Tracy was appointed chairman. The City Clerk, by virtue of his office, is secretary.

The Cheese Trade.

The salesmen of all the cheese factories in this district will meet at the City Hall on Saturday next at 1 o'clock p. m., to consider the best means of disposing of their cheese during the coming season.

A Horse Destroyed.

As Mr. James Anderson, of Ameliasburg, was driving a team across the bay this morning, one of them fell upon the ice on account of being affected with some disease. The animal had to be destroyed. It was a valuable one.

School Books Stolen.

A number of school books were recently stolen from No. 1 school on the Canifton road. The case was reported to the police, who yesterday succeeded in recovering some of the missing articles in the second hand store of Frank Howell.

Death of an old Settler.

Mr. E. W. Perry, who was for a number of years a resident of this city, died at his son's residence in Toronto last evening. The deceased was an aged man and was a brother-in-law of the late B. F. Davy. The remains will be brought to the city for interment.

Foot Ball.

A meeting of the "B. H. S. Foot Ball Club" was held at the High School last evening, when the following officers were elected for the season of '89: Hon. Pres., Dr. Wright; Hon. Vice-Pres., Wm. Johnson, Esq.; Pres., P. H. Austin; Sec.-Treas., H. P. Thompson; Capt., J. M. Root; Committee, Messrs. Frost, Davy, St. Charles, McGinnis, Lazier and Phillips.

Miss Andrews' Condition.

So many enquiries are made as to Miss Andrews' condition that we give the following statement from a private letter, which says she is suffering very much but improving. One of her ankles was fractured, her collar bone broken, her right ear almost cut off and both arms disabled. No idea can be formed of when she will be able to be removed. She wished to be remembered to the many kind friends here.

Police Court.

SATURDAY, March 16th.

ABUSING HIS WIFE.

"Spot" Connors was charged before the magistrate this morning with abusing his wife. The evidence in the case was conflicting, both alleging that the other commenced the disturbance. Connors appears to have been handled the roughest. The magistrate discharged the accused.

W. C. T. U.

A successful temperance meeting, under the above auspices was held last evening in the Mission building, Dundast St., presided over by John Forin, Esq. The programme consisted of an earnest, impressive address by Rev. Mr. Mihel, an appropriate recitation by Miss Brodie, some remarks by Mr. W. E. Holton and a few testimonies from "victims" of the drink. Suitable music was interspersed and light refreshments served. Thirty-six names were then added to the pledge-book.

Our Stone Quarries.

The stone quarries at Ox Point are becoming an important factor in the city's prosperity. Messrs. W. H. Davis & Son, who are carrying on the quarrying of stone there, are opening out on an extensive scale and express themselves highly pleased with the quality of the stone. There are over 100 men now engaged and the firm expect soon to double the number. Yesterday was pay day, when about $4,000 was paid in wages. The firm has distributed not less than $6,000 in this section during the past month. Sixteen new derricks, a number of which have arrived, are to be erected.

Pop Corn Social.

Mr. and Mrs. Richard Watson, of the 2nd con. of Thurlow, opened their home last evening to the Ladies' Aid Society and their friends of Bleecker Street Church. Mr. Watson, Mr. H. Moorman and Mr. D. Roblin provided sleighs to take the people to and from the scene of the gathering. An excellent programme was provided. The choir and Misses Robertson, Lingham, Moxam and Biscomb supplied instrumental and vocal music, and Misses Jessie Robertson and Fry and Mr. Herbert Lee gave recitations. Everybody voted it a most pleasant time and the shouts and laughter of the young folks seemed like a return of the old fashioned husking bee.

The Bakers' Grievances.

The special committee appointed by the City Council to meet a deputation of the city bakers and discuss the question of bread weighing met last night. The committee composed of His Worship Mayor Diamond Ald. Petrie, J. W. Johnson, Macoun and Anderson. The bakers were represented by Messrs. Jas. Wallace, W. W. Watson, R. Greatrix, Wm. Dickens and J. F. Sierichs. Mr. Williams was also present on behalf of the bakers. He thought that there should be a time limit fixed. There should also be an error limit the same as the old by-law, namely, 1 ounce in 4 pound loaves. As to fancy bread he thought they should be exempt.

After quite a lengthy discussion in which all present joined, the committee had a subsequent meeting and decided to stand by their former report.

Personal

Mrs. Langtry is suffering from acute tonsilitis and has cancelled her engagement at New York for the remainder of the week. It is said an operation was performed on her throat on Thursday evening, during which she swooned twice and she cannot now speak above a whisper.

The youngest couple ever married in West Virginia were made man and wife on Wednesday night at Keyser. Their names are Chloe Poland, aged 13, and Joe Snow, aged 14. They had been lovers for four years, and after frequent entreaties received parental consent to marry. The bride was attired in a short dress.

Mr. H. Corby, M. P., is in the city.

Mr. H. B Rathbun, whose illness caused much anxiety and concern for a few days last week, has reached Thomasville, Georgia, where he finds the climate more congenial.

ROBERT A. GUNN, M.D., Dean and professor of Surgery of the United States Medical College, Editor of "Medical Tribune," Author of "Gunn's New Improved Handybook of Hygiene and Domestic Medicine," says over his own signature in addressing the proprietors of Warner's Safe Cure ; "I cannot be true to my convictions unless I extend a helping hand and endorse all I know to be good and trustworthy. Your graphic descriptions of diseases of the kidneys and liver have awakened the medical profession to the fact of their increase. Physicians have been experimentally treating this disease, and while casting about for an authorized remedy, their patients have died on their hands."

Imperial Federation.

AN ELOQUENT ADDRESS DELIVERED BY REV. PRINCIPAL GRANT.

A Good Attendance of the Citizens.

A goodly number of our citizens availed themselves of the opportunity of listening to a lecture by Principal Grant, of Queen's College, Kingston, last evening at the Opera House. Mr. W. B. Northrup, president of the Belleville branch of the Imperial Federation League occupied the chair. On the platform were the Rev. Messrs. J. W. Burke, S. Daw, Dr. Boulter, ex M. P. P., of Stirling, Dr. Wright and Prof. Holgate.

The chairman spoke of the pleasure it afforded him at seeing so many present. A branch had been formed in this city and he hoped many who had not yet become members would do so. He dispelled the idea that the league was a political one, showing that prominent men of both political parties were members. There were, he said, 70 members of the House of Commons in Great Britain, who were members of the League. He then introduced the speaker of the evening, who on coming forward was received with cheers.

Dr. Grant said he was pleased with the remarks made by the chairman. Many arguments were adduced to prevent confederation some years ago, but that confederation had been accomplished. He was a member of the Imperial Federation League, and he thought that all true Britians should also be members. He had lately visited the Old Country and he could say that she was as grand a mother as ever. Canada is a great country. He had lately visited the southern hemisphere. At present, he said, the oceans no longer divide the countries. The Suez canal revolutionized the commerce of the world, and the great desire in digging the Panama canal is for the same purpose. The ocean between this country and England is not a barrier. We are all traders by descent ; by trade Britain has built herself up and so has the country which bounds us. The United States was quarrelling with the Samoan Islands on account of a commercial question. Melbourne, the capital of Australia, has a great and growing population, being larger at present than the combined population of Toronto and Montreal. The place has developed enormously during the past fifty years. There are enormous possibilities of trade in the southern seas. At present by the Canadian Pacific Railway we are neighbors to the southern country ; we are now near neighbors. It is peopled by fellow citizens who are on the same plane as we are, and we should cultivate the desire to have freer commercial relations with those southern countries. The same old flag floats in the breeze in these colonies. They are a free people. Let everything be done that will bring us closer together. We should stand shoulder to shoulder. He thought that we should have cheaper postage, a cable, and anything that will promote closer commercial trade. If we had free trade with these southern colonies, it would grow ; the more trade we can get with other countries the better, provided we can yet maintain our rights. Our neighbors across the border have increased commercially by freer trade with Great Britain, while they have protected their own interests by a protective tariff. Sister colonies should have freer trade relations with each other. The United States was unwilling to give us free trade because they think they would not get the best of the bargain. On every ground and for every reason as neighbors they ought to be friends. He had never spoken and never would against their men. He wanted them to respect Canadians and the best way to have this was for Canadians to respect teemselves. He rejoiced that the record of Canada was clean in regard to its relations with the United States. It had never put to an end any treaty made between them. It was the United States and not Canada that ended the treaty of 1854, the treaty that George Brown negotiated and the Washington treaty. No man dare deny that. The Principal held that whenever the United States wanted to talk reasonably with Canada it would find Canadians willing to treat with them. The spirit of friendliness should actuate them in all things. But they could not be friends long unless the Canadians maintained their self-respect. Why do men respect the United States? Because they were determined at all cost to preserve the union and secession was wiped ont. So would Canada be respected if its inhabitants determined to perpetuate the union. He was a Canadian, but a citizen of the great British Commonwealth Canada and Australia are the two greatest self-governing colonies. The present relations of these colonies to the mother country was satisfactory and working harmoniously. We all love our country, and it is a grand thing to feel that we inherit so grand a heritage. You cannot find in any State of the Union a secession movement. It has long since been settled that they are united ; and the United States has been at peace since that question has been settled. It has also prospered as it never did before. Although we cannot be as wealthy as the United States on account of the manner in which we are situated, yet we are increasing more rapidly than that country. During the last decade Nova Scotia's population increased 15 per cent., while the State of Maine (near by) only increased 3 per cent. The Province of Ontario during the last decade increased more rapidly than did the great New York State, with the advantage of having a great metropolis. Independence, the speaker said, meant secession ; that we would cease to be British subjects ; that we would throw aside our constitution ; let the name of Canada be taken away and join the United States. When people in a nation talk about secession, he said, there is something wrong. If we do not respect ourselves, how can we expect others to respect us? The question will have to be settled. The young men of Canada and Australia will be a nation true to the mother country, as they come of a good stock. It is 21 years since the confederation of the Dominion had been consumated. We have in that time done many noble deeds. We have proved that we can put down a rebellion, without cost to the mother country, or asking her aid. We have also, among other questions, settled who is master of our domain. We have built a great highway to the east, and have secured inroads to India, China, and Japan. Impossibility is not a word for Canadians to use. Some few years ago it was said it was impossible to cross the ocean by steam, but Mr. Cunard knocked that impossibility in the head. It was said that it was impossible to build the Intercolonial Railway, but it had been done, thus uniting the Maritime Provinces. The railway through the Rocky mountains had been completed, although it was said to be impossible to accomplish the task. Our part has been honorable. We are now old enough to assert our rights. What is the remedy? It is full citizenship. Some say secede from Great Britain. He would say stick to the old tree. The cry of secession will not hold water, it would mean self destruction. Once in the United States we could never secede. If this was to be done, it should have been done before we built the C. P. R., the Intercolonial railway, or the Sault Ste. Marie canal. The present union should not be broken. The present union shall be the basis of still closer union. Let us be one united empire, our past developments only leading us to a closer union with Great Britain as the only right issue and end. Hon. Edward Blake in 1870, advacated the principle, and he does not deny it now. Canadians have never yet asked anything that was not fair. We are united to renounce our allegiance to the mother country ; if we should go in for separation, our coasts would need to be protected, and gunboats at an enormous cost would have to be constructed. But to-day we can travel the world over and find that we are under British protection ; we are here to grow in mental and spiritual stature ; there are difficulties in the road, but we can overcome them. The union must be preserved. Let the people say this is right, and our statesmen will furnish the plan. The Frenchmen and Irishmen of this country are in favor of the scheme.

His closing remarks were a grand effort. Look at the edifice our forefathers have constructed. Our flag is everywhere, and wherever it flies, righteousness and freedom prevail. The speaker on taking his seat was loudly applauded.

Col. S. S. Lazier moved that the thanks of the audience be tendered to Principal Grant, for his able and instructive address. This was seconded by Mr. T. Ritchie and supported by Mr. J. J. B. Flint, and unanimously carried. The latter expressed the wish that the Dr. would at some future period deliver a lecture on his travels. The meeting closed by the singing of the national anthem.

SUN LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

Annual Meeting of Shareholders.

The annual meeting of the Sun Life Assurance Company was held on Friday, March 1st, at the Company's offices, St. James St., Montreal. The attendance was large.

THE DIRECTORS' REPORT.

The report of the directors was as follows :—

In again meeting the shareholders at our annual gathering, it is a pleasure to the directors to be able to report another year of rapid growth and continued and increasing prosperity.

During the year we received 2,456 applications for $3,396,483.56 of life assurance, besides 1,279 for $2,820,900 accident. Of this we accepted 2,255 for $3,030,515.99 in the life branch, and 1,269 for $2,794,400 in the accident, and policies were issued therefor. The total applications for new assurances were thus 3,735 for $6,217,383.56, an exceedingly satisfactory showing.

The policies remaining in force at 31st December were as follows :—

Life	8,049	$11,931,300 63
Accident	2,027	4,094,000 00
Total	10,076	$16,025,300 63

The figures are an advance of nearly $2,000,000 over those of 1887, and show the very rapid rate at which the Company is progressing.

The total income was $525,273 58. This is by far the largest amount we have ever received in one year.

The amount paid for claims by death was $104,649 09, which is somewhat heavier than in 1887, but considerably less than the mortality table calls for.

As will be seen by the annexed statements, the income exceeded the expenditure by $236,414 65, which is a handsome sum to set aside from the transactions of the year. The total resources at the end of the year were almost $2,000,000, and this sum has of course been more than reached by the present date. It is noteworthy that we now add each year to our assets a sum which in the early history of the Company would have taken five or six years to accumulate. We have, moreover, in addition already returned to our policy holders about $1,080,000. The comfort and assistance which this sunhas been to the widows and orphans of the land can hardly be appreciated.

Statement of accounts for 1888 :

Income	$525,273 58
Disbursements	288,859 05
Surplus over Disbursements	$236,414 53
ASSETS.	
Debentures	$129,625 70
Loans on Real Estate	1 397,190 51
Total assets	$1,536,816 21
LIABILITIES	
Life Reserve	$1,320 352 48
Unearned premiums	11,826 38
Death claims reported	20,446 46
Profits due policyholders	12,153 62
Total liabilities	$1 364 278 94
Cash surplus to policyholders	17,537 27

[Including uncalled capital, the surplus to policyholders is $610,037.27.]

We, the undersigned Committee of Directors, beg to report that we have carefully examined in detail, all the Mortgages, Debentures, and other Securities owned by the SUN LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA, and certify with much pleasure that we found everything perfectly correct, in first-class order, and in exact accordance with the Books of the Company, and with the above Annual Statement.

THOMAS WORKMAN, President.
W. T. WITHALL,
JAMES TASKER,
A. MACPHERSON,
M. MCKENZIE, } Directors.
Montreal, Feb'y 18th, 1889.

Disconsolate.

The Windsor correspondent of the Detroit *Free Press* writes :—"The congregation of the Methodist church are getting more and more disconsolate as the time approaches for their pastor, the Rev. Mr. Hodson, to leave for Belleville. Few clergymen in Canada can boast of the record that Mr. Hodson has made since coming to Windsor, both in the pulpit and out of it. But their sorrow is somewhat lessened by the fact that their next minister, the Rev. J. Learoyd, Belleville, presides over one of the wealthiest and largest congregations in Ontario, his Sunday School ranking as the highest."

The Ameliasburg Bridge.

A deputation from Trenton, consisting of Dr. Jaques, Mr. O. H. Bonterand J. H. Peck, called on the Attorney-General Friday afternoon, and urged that the Municipal Act be so amended that a by-law sanctioning the township of Ameliasburg to purchase stock in a bridge that crosses from that township to Belleville be not carried, except by the vote of two-thirds of the people.

Stop that Cough.

Many people neglect what they call a simple cold, which, if not checked in time, may lead to Lung trouble. *Scott's Emulsion of Pure Cod Liver Oil, with Hypophosphites*, will not only stop the cough but heal the lungs. Endorsed by thousands of physicians. Palatable as milk. Try it. Sold by all Druggists at 50c. and $1.00.

WILL YOU SUFFER with Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint? Shiloh's Vitalizer is guaranteed to cure you. Sold by D. M. Waters.

—Hon. J. H. Pope's condition did not improve yesterday.

—Fifteen miners were killed and six injured by an explosion in a French colliery yesterday.

—An immense crowd of English immigrants have arrived at Winnipeg this week. It is predicted that the influx this year will exceed the numbers of recent years.

—The case of Mrs. Bell v. Sir Charles Tupper was concluded last night, the jury returning a verdict for the defendant. Judge MacMahon said he would consider the advisability of having Mr. and Mrs. Bell arrested for perjury.

NEVER ALLOW the bowels to remain constipated lest serious evil ensue. National Pills are unsurpassed as a remedy for constipation.

THE VALUE OF LONGEVITY.

Dr. Felix L. Oswald, in writing of the value of longevity, says :

"Can there be a doubt that Burns and Keats foresaw the issue of their struggle against bigotry, or that Cervantes, in the gloom of his misery could read the signs of the dawn presaging a sunburst of posthumous fame?

"Spinoza and Schiller died at threshold of their goal ; Pascal, Harvey, Macaulay, Buckle and Bichat left their inimitable works half finished ; Raphael, Mozart and Byron died at the verge of a summit which perhaps no other foot shall ever approach.

"The price of longevity would redeem the mortgage of our earthly paradise"—and it can be prolonged and should be, with care and the use of proper medicine at the right time.

Owing to the stress, the worry, and the annoyance of every day life, there is no doubt but the tens of thousands of men and women yearly fill premature graves.

Especially after middle life should a careful watch be kept over one's physical condition. The symptoms of kidney disease, such as becoming easily tired, headache, neuralgia, feeble heart action, fickle appetite, splendid feeling one day and an all gone one the next, persistent cough, trouble in urinating, etc., should be diligently looked into and at once stopped through a faithful use of Warner's Safe Cure, which has cured tens of thousands of such troubles and will cure yours.

Experiencing no pain in the region of the kidneys is no evidence that they are not diseased, as those great purifying organs have very few nerves of sensation, and oftentimes the kidneys are possitively rotting and being passed away through the urine before the victim is aware he is suffering from advanced kidney disease, which is only another name for Bright's Disease.

A Cure for Drunkenness.

I was one of those unfortunates given to strong drink. It reduced me to degradation. I vowed and strove long and hard, but I seldom held victory over liquor long. I hated drunkenness, but still I drank. When I left it off I felt a horrid want for something I must have or go distracted. I could neither eat, work nor sleep. I entered a reformatory and prayed for strength ; still I must drink. I lived so for over twenty years ; in that time I never abstained for over three months hand-running. At length I was sent to the House of Correction as a vagrant. If my family had been provided for I would have preferred to remain there, out of liquor and temptation. Explaining my affliction to a fellow-prisoner—a man of much education and experience—he advised me to make a vinegar of ground quassia, a half ounce steeped in a pint of vinegar, and to put about a small teaspoonful of it in a little water and drink it down every time the liquor thirst came upon me violently. I found it satisfied the craving and suffused a feeling of stimulation and strength. When I was discharged I continued this cure, and persevered until the thirst was conquered. For two years I have not tasted liquor, and I have no desire for it. Lately, to try my strength, I have handled and smelt whiskey, but I have no temptation to take it. I give this for the unfortunate, several of whom I know have recovered by the same means which I no longer require to use.—*Exchange.*

DYSPEPSIA IN ITS WORST FORMS will yield to the use of Carter's Little Nerve Pills, aided by Carter's Little Liver Pills. They not only relieve present distress but strengthen the stomach and digestive apparatus.

The Barley Question.

(*Toronto World.*)

The adoption of new methods in brewing by United States brewers, which produce a bright though inferior quality of beer from low grade barley, has thrown the Ontario barley trade completely out of joint. Dealers who have large stocks on hand have suddenly come to find that Ontario barley is not wanted in the market that has heretofore readily taken our barley.

The question of exporting barley to England was discussed in the public press some months ago and, considering the recent developments, very opportunely so. Since then Hon. Chas. Drury, Minister of Agriculture, has been continuing investigations in that direction. He has found that if our barley is of a suitable character there will be an almost unlimited demand for it in England at high prices. In reply to enquiries he received authentic information that if Canada could supply a bright grade of barley weighing not less than 52 pounds to the bushel it would be in demand in the British markets. The Minister of Agriculture has taken measures to obtain a thorough test of Canadian barley. He has sent a quantity of it to Liverpool with instructions to Ontario's agents there to forward samples to the leading brewers. The sample sent is the two rowed barley, which produces a stronger quality of malt than the six-rowed barley, the kind heretofore grown for the United States market.

The result of this test is awaited with great anxiety. It will be unprofitable to continue growing barley for the United States market, but if the test is satisfactory the barley growing industry will be more inviting than ever. According to present quotations barley will bring 72 cts. a bushel in Toronto, and the yield of the two-rowed barley is considerably more per acre than that hitherto grown.

Oshawa News.

OSHAWA, March 15.—Mrs. Drew of Oshawa is now in her 97th year, and is still quite smart.

John Wilson of this place has been offered $1200 for his 7-weeks-old colt.

The funeral procession of Mrs. T. G. Ormiston of East Whitby passed through town today and was half-a-mile in length.

A Shaky Trust.

PHILADELPHIA, March 15.—The American Preservers' Association, which is the official title of the Jelly and Preserve Trust, is in a shaky condition. The trust was organized to put up prices, but in a year jelly has fallen from 7 cents a pound to 1 cent a pound. The certificates issued by the trust amount to $3,500,000.

Lumber Camp Burnt.

SUNDRIDGE, March 15.—Fetherstone's lumber camp, about 8 miles west of here, was burnt together with all the contents yesterday afternoon. One man had $60 in cash and another about $600 in notes destroyed. The fire is supposed to have originated from light wood near the stove becoming ignited.

Gossip About U. S. Missions.

NEW YORK, March 15.—A Washington special to The Mail and Express says the man the President has in mind for the English mission is Warner Miller of New York. Murat Halstead is pretty sure to get the German mission. France is held open for Whitelaw Reid.

A Fatal Family Quarrel.

AUSTIN, Nev., March 15.—At Italian Canyon, 12 miles from here, Samuel Rundle yesterday killed his father-in-law, George Hoskins, his mother-in-law and 15-year-old brother-in-law and then committed suicide. The crime grew out of a family quarrel over the division of property.

A Chicago Father's Crime.

CHICAGO, March 15.—A warrant is out for the arrest of John Jones, a clerk in a large grocery house, who is charged with unnatural intimacy with his own daughter and her subsequent murder.

Truro (N. S.) to Have a Street Railway.

HALIFAX, March 16.—A company has been formed to operate a street railway in the town of Truro with a capital of $50,000 and power to increase to $100,000.

Penetang's Park.

PENETANG, March 15.—The bylaw for $5000 to purchase a waterside park alongside the Penetang Lakeside Hotel Company's grounds was carried to-day by 50 majority.

A WISE CONCLUSION.

Years ago we decided that we would handle only such goods as we could recommend to our customers as good value for the money. The result is we have established a reputation for selling the best wearing Boots and Shoes in the locality, and our trade has increased while others have decreased. Our new Spring Stock has again been selected with the same care.

HAINES & LOCKETT.

STOCK COMPLETE!

IN ALL DEPARTMENTS.
With the finest assortment of Embroideries in the city.
With the best value in Cashmeres and Dress Materials.
With the most complete stock of Staples AT OLD PRICES.
With the Gents' Furnishing Dep't full of new things for Spring and Summer wear.
With the Tweed store full of nobby Pantings, Suitings and Spring Overcoats.

J. HENNESSY.

HOW HE RAN THE CORNER.

Canned Goods Burgess of Mimico in Quod at Buffalo.

BUFFALO, March 15.—For the past week Detectives Devine and Phillips have been working on a grand larceny case which involves the neat little sum of $37,000 in hard cash. Yesterday the detectives located the men they had been looking for on Delavan-avenue. Specials Lyons and Dickerson arrested him. He was taken to No. 5 Police Station and locked up on a charge of grand larceny in the first degree. He gave his name as Wm. Burgess, a dealer in canned goods and his residence as Mimico, a small village near Toronto. Last night he was brought to police headquarters and locked up in the "freezer."

There are at least a dozen Canadian firms or their representatives here who have been fleeced out of various sums of money by Burgess. Some time ago the prisoner, who is a middle-aged man with a farmer-like appearance but as the detectives say "as smart as chain lightning," conceived the idea of making a corner in the canned goods market. He succeeded so well that he bought $37,000 worth and then seeing that he would not be able to hold his goods for his price and being closely pressed by his creditors he skipped out to Buffalo with about $15,000 of the money and deposited $10,000 in the Third National and $2700 in the Bank of Buffalo of this city. His creditors got track of his whereabouts and in order not to criminate himself in the laws of the Canadian province he jumped over to Clifton, Ont., on Monday and made a general assignment. Then he came back to Buffalo and finding that several of the Toronto detectives were in the city looking for him, he hastily drew the money out of the Buffalo banks and has succeeded in hiding it from the clutch of the officers.

The complainant's name as given on the report this morning, was Edgerton Decew of the Ontario Cannery Company, one of Burgess' largest creditors. Among the other firms represented in the city are Samuel, Benjamin & Co., Adam Hope & Co. of Hamilton. Officer Joseph Gates of the Ontario detective force, Attorneys Arnoldi, Waddell and others representing the various firms are also in the city.

The case is a peculiar one and the detectives say they do not think Burgess can be criminally prosecuted, and it will result in a civil action. Burgess is willing to go back and settle the case, and several of the creditors have signified their willingness to take a percentage of their losses.

TORONTO TOPICS.

A Missing Man's Body Found in the Lake—A Reward of $200 Offered.

TORONTO, March 16.—A reward of $200 is offered for information of Seymour Porter, who mysteriously disappeared on New Year's day, whether he be dead or alive.

The mystery surrounding the disappearance of Gilbert Fletcher of the Fletcher Manufacturing Company, which occurred on Dec. 25, was solved yesterday morning, by the finding of the body of the unfortunate man on the lake shore about a mile west of the Humber. It is supposed Mr. Fletcher wandered down to the bay, where he was drowned, the strong current forcing the body out into the lake. The deceased leaves a widow and two children.

The annual meeting of the Canadian Packers' Association was held at The Canadian Grocer office yesterday. The greater part of the day was spent in an informal discussion on matters relating to the trade. The following officers were elected : President, W. Boulter; Vice-President, B. R. Nelles; Secretary-Treasurer, J. B. McLean. Executive Committee—W. A. Ferguson, S. Fenton, W. P. Innes.

Coroner Duncan at 4 p.m. to-day will open an inquest into the death of James Bracken, the G.T.R. fireman scalded at Allandale, and who died of his injuries on the night of March 14.

The difference between Gillespie, Ansley and Martin, and the customs authorities, reported yesterday, was one of interpretation and there was no attempt to defraud the Government.

The picture of the unfortunate girl Ann Diamond of Belleville, who suicided some time ago in Rochester, figures in the rogues' gallery attached to the Toronto Police Department. She was sent to the Mercer for six months one year ago for stealing a quantity of jewelry from Mrs. Morrison, Huron-street, Detective Davis effecting the arrest.

IN A GAMBLING HOUSE.

A Lot of Jewelry Belonging to a Toronto Firm Found in Montreal.

MONTREAL, March 15.—Chief Detective Cullen yesterday evening obtained a search warrant from Judge Dugas representing that he had a well-founded suspicion that certain jewelry claimed by a Toronto firm was in Andy Maloney's place at 539½ Craig-street. Their traveler, named Reinholtz, came to the city during Carnival week and fell in with gamblers. As his ready money soon came to an end he staked the jewelry, which was all sacrificed to the fickle goddess.

The officers pried open the safe and within it found $500 worth of jewelry, a part of the goods they were after. Thence they went to a disreputable house in the West End. There they found two traveler's trunks filled with jewelry worth approximately $1500. The goods were identified by the owners and will be held until Maloney is heard from as to his title to them. Reinholtz can nowhere be found and is said to have gone west.

THAT JESUIT INJUNCTION.

The Application to be Made in Quebec—Hon. Mr. Laflamme For the Applicant.

MONTREAL, March 15.—It is understood that the advice of Hon. Mr. Laflamme has been taken on the proposed application to the courts for an injunction to restrain the paying over of money to the Jesuits. The application will be made in Quebec and Mr. Laflamme will probably act on behalf of the applicant.

Kingston News.

KINGSTON, March 17.—The suit between the New Brunswick Ocean Service Company and Capt. Fraser has been disposed of in the latter's favor. The plaintiffs were ordered to accept $200 and pay the costs of the suit.

Deputy Sheriff Jarvis of Toronto arrived in this city yesterday morning with Thos. Shea, who was sentenced to the penitentiary for three years for stealing a watch.

The forwarding business for the coming year promises to be very good. More contracts have been made by transporting companies than hitherto at this time of the year.

The ice bridge is weakening, a number of horses have broken through and one, the property of the Calcutt Company was drowned.

At FISH'S.

New Kid Gloves,
New Neckwear,
New Regatta Shirts,
New White Shirts,
New Spring Shirting
IN STOCK TO-DAY.

A. E. FISH & CO.,
The noted Shirt Makers and Gents' Furnishers, 260 Front St.

CHILDREN'S
CARRIAGES
—AT THE—
City Book Store.

New Stock just received, in all the latest styles of leading American and Canadian manufacturers.

Largest assortment in the city to select from. No old goods carried over. All Carriages this year's make.

Prices extremely low.

☞Study your best interests by examining our stock.

C. B. SCANTLEBURY,

CAIRN'S---
---HOME MADE---
---MARMALADE

As supplied to the Queen. This season's make.
JUST RECEIVED.

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE,
Grocers & Wine Merchants,
35 & 37, Bridge Street
Also Front St., opp. Ritchie's.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is given that all accounts not paid on or before Tuesday, 19th, will positively be put in hands for collection.

THE BELLEVILLE WATER WORKS CO

KEILLER'S
NEW
MARMALADE
JUST RECEIVED.

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE
Grocers and wine merchants,
35 & 37 Bridge Street.
Also Front Street, Opp. Ritchie's.

Belleville Hospital and Home for the Friendless.

TENDERS,

Addressed to the undersigned, are invited up to the THIRTIETH OF MARCH for the supply of

BREAD, AND ALSO MILK,

for the above Hospital and Home.

The quantity of Bread to be at least five four-pound loaves per day, and the Milk at least twelve quarts per day—both Bread and Milk must be of the best quality. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

J. F. MACLEAN,
Mar. 14, '89 d3t President.

Lake Winnipeg White Fish
Salmon Trout,
Salt Water Salmon,
Finnan Haddies,
Boneless Codfish,
Roll Butter,
Fresh Eggs,
Sugar Syrups,
A. KNOX.

VETERINARY.

T. PURVIS, Veterinary Surgeon, Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College, Toronto, Member of Ontario Ve. Society. Office, rooms formerly occupied by Dr. Douglas, Front St. References—J. P. Wiser & Son, and Ed. Rooney, Prescott. 263d&wtf

DISEASED .˙. BLOOD

SCROFULOUS, INHERITED AND CONTAGIOUS HUMORS CURED BY CUTICURA.

Through the medium of one of your books received through Mr. Frank T. Wray, Druggist, Apollo, Pa., I became acquainted with your CUTICURA REMEDIES, and take this opportunity to testify to you that their use has permanently cured me of one of the worst cases of blood poisoning, in connection with erysipelas, that I have ever seen and this after having been pronounced incurable by some of the best physicians in our country. I take great pleasure in forwarding to you this testimonial, unsolicited as it is by you, in order that others suffering from similar maladies may be encouraged to give your CUTICURA REMEDIES a trial.

P. S. WHITLINGER, Leechburg, Pa.

Reference: F. T. WRAY, Druggist, Apollo, Pa.

SCROFULOUS ULCERS.

James E. Richardson, Custom House, New Orleans, on oath says: "In 1870 Scrofulous Ulcers broke out on my body until I was a mass of corruption. Everything known to the medical faculty was tried in vain. I became a mere wreck. At times could not lift my hands to my head, could not turn in bed; was in constant pain, and looked upon life as a curse. No relief or cure in ten years. In 1880 I heard of the CUTICURA REMEDIES, used them, and was perfectly cured."

Sworn to before U. S. Com. J.D. CRAWFORD.

ONE OF THE WORST CASES.

We have been selling your CUTICURA REMEDIES for years, and have the first complaint yet to receive from a purchaser. One of the worst cases of Scrofula I ever saw was cured by the use of five bottles of CUTICURA RESOLVENT, CUTICURA, and CUTICURA SOAP. The Soap takes the "cake" here as a medicinal soap.

TAYLOR & TAYLOR, Druggists,
Frankfort, Kan.

SCROFULOUS, INHERITED,

And Contagious Humors, with Loss of Hair, and Eruptions of the Skin, are positively cured by CUTICURA and CUTICURA SOAP externally, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT internally, when all other medicines fail.

Sold everywhere. Price, CUTICURA 75c; SOAP 35c.; RESOLVENT, $1.50. Prepared by the POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO., Boston, Mass.

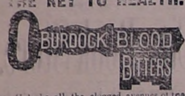
☞Send for "How to Cure Skin Diseases," 64 pages, 50 illustrations, and 100 testimonials.

PIMPLES, black-heads, chapped and oily skin prevented by CUTICURA MEDICATED SOAP.

UTERINE PAINS

And Weakness instantly relieved by the CUTICURA ANTI-PAIN PLASTER a Perfect Antidote to Pain, Inflammation and Weakness. A new, instantaneous and infallible pain-killing plaster. 30 cents.

THE KEY TO HEALTH.



Unlocks all the clogged avenues of the Bowels, Kidneys and Liver, carrying off gradually without weakening the system, all the impurities and foul humors of the secretions; at the same time Correcting Acidity of the Stomach, curing Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Headaches, Dizziness, Heartburn, Constipation, Dryness of the Skin, Dropsy, Dimness of Vision, Jaundice, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Scrofula, Fluttering of the Heart, Nervousness and General Debility; all these and many other similar Complaints yield to the happy influence of BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS.

Sample Bottles 10c; Regular size $1.

For sale by all dealers.

T. MILBURN & CO., Proprietors, Toronto

Pond - Lily - Cream.

A delightful Toilet article. Not a face paint or powder; does not cover over but cures. Used in connection with Pond Lily Liver Pellets and Pond Lily Soap most effectually and positively removes Pimples, Freckles, Tan, Black Specks, Blotches, allays all irritation after shaving, or any itchiness of the skin from whatever cause and all roughness from the face, hands, neck and arms, leaving them beautifully white and velvety. Sold by wholesale dealers and druggists everywhere. Pond Lily Cream, 25 cents; Pond Lily Liver Pellets, 25 cents; Pond Lily Skin Soap, 15 cents. S. PERRIN, Chemist, Manufacturer and Proprietor for Canada.

ARMBRECHT'S

TONIC COCA WINE

COCA WINE
COCA

FOR FATIGUE OF MIND AND BODY AND SLEEPLESSNESS.

"Experience and scientific analysis reveal to us in Coca the most tonic plant in the Vegetable Kingdom."—*Manuel Fuentes.*

"It (Coca) is, in a word, the most powerful restorer of the vital forces."—*Dr. Schwalk.*

ARMBRECHT'S COCA WINE, though more tonic in its properties than Iron or Quinine,

NEVER CONSTIPATES.

See Medical Reviews. For sale by leading druggists throughout the world.

ARMBRECHT, NELSON & CO.
2 Duke St., Grosvenor Sq.,
LONDON.

Two Years' Profits!

THOSE INSURING IN THE

—"CANADA LIFE"—

before the 30th of April next will be entitled to two full years' profits in the division of April the 30th, 1890.

T. DONNELLY,
General Agent, Belleville.

AGENTS WANTED.

Feb'y 2, 1889. d&wly

Gents' :. Furnishings!

A FULL LINE of Gentlemen's Goods for the Fall and Winter.

Shirts made to order and a good fit guaranteed.

C. J. PANTER.

A Wrong Opinion.

Many a dollar is paid for prescriptions for some disease that never troubles the patient, and when the sole difficulty was worms, which a few of Freeman's Worm Powders would remove. These Powders are pleasant, safe, and sure, contain their own cathartic, and are adapted for children or adults.

THE PUZZLER

No. 352.—Cross Word Enigma.

My first is in bottle, but not in cork.
My second in polka, but not in York.
My third is in watch, but not in clock.
My fourth is in schooner, but not in dock.
My fifth is in tree, but not in bush.
My sixth is in wren, but not in thrush.
My seventh is in navy, but not in ship.
My eighth is in tongue, but not in lip.
My ninth is in river, but not in lake.
My tenth is in biscuit, but not in cake.
My whole is a favorite out door game,
The winners of which procure great fame.

No. 353.—A Zigzag.

Each of the words described contains the same number of letters. When these have been rightly guessed and placed one below the other, the zigzags (beginning at the upper left hand corner) will spell a famous battle that took place about twenty-eight years ago.

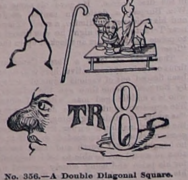
Cross words: (a) An obstruction. (b) Much used in hot weather. (c) A wager. (d) The goddess of revenge. (e) To saunter. (f) A retreat. (g) The fifth sign of the zodiac. (h) Frequent. (i) To request. (j) To place. (k) Forty-five inches. (l) A quadruped with palmate horns. (m) A covering for the floor. (n) To drone. (o) Part of a fish.

No. 354.—American Pi.

These lines are from a famous American poet:

Ltel em ont ni rufmloun bunresm
File si ubt na pymet edmar;
Rof eth usol si ddae taht sublemsr,
Nad gshnit ear ton thaw eyht emes.

No. 355.—An Old Saying Illustrated.



No. 356.—A Double Diagonal Square.

An eighth of a mile; to shine brightly; management of any undertaking; a small pickled cucumber; to impose upon; certain kind of reptiles; the nymph or chrysalis of an insect. My diagonals, read downward from right to left and from left to right, name two states.

No. 357.—A Defective Proverb.

Th.t l..d b.c.m.s l.ght th.t .s ch..rf.lly b.rn..

No. 358.—A Charade.

When o'er the western hills at close of day
The sun is shedding a departing ray,
He paints my first in glory on the skies
In all the splendor of celestial dyes.

My second, fitting emblem of the tomb,
Pursues his sinuous way through paths of gloom
Clothed in sad colors, yet at man's behest
He causes man to be more richly drest.

My whole, soft beacon of the summer night,
Through darkness sends a beam of purest light;
He who would find it need not gaze on high,
Or search with curious eyes the starlit sky.

No. 359.—Riddles.

(a) When does love become a pitched battle?

(b) What is that which the more it is cut the longer it grows?

(c) What is that which though always invisible is never out of sight?

(d) When does a ship become a horseman?

(e) When you put on your slipper why do you always make a mistake?

How Was It Done?

"At that moment the worthy pastor appeared on the threshold of the manse. His hands were thrust into the pockets of his large, loose coat while he turned over the leaves of the prayer book and wiped his spectacles."—From a New Novel.

Key to the Puzzler.

No. 342.—Riddle: Pa-ti(e)nt.

No. 343.—A Few Birds: (a) The mocking bird; (b) The jay; (c) The crow; (d) The robin; (e) The lyre bird; (f) The secretary bird; (g) The quail; (h) The gull; (i) The blue bird.

No. 344.—Poetical Pi:

"'Tis an old maxim of the schools
That flattery's the food of fools;
Yet now and then your men of wit
Will condescend to take a bit."

No. 345.—An Inverted Pyramid:

I L L U S T R A T E D
D I S P R O V E D
P E R U S E D
D E T E R
E H S
S

No. 346.—Letter Rebuses: Contrary (C-on-trary); (b) Condone (C-on-d-on-e); (c) Handbag (H and bag).

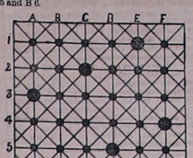
No. 347.—Word Making: Sin—Sinew. Sing. Singe. Sine. Single. Sink. Since. Sincere.

No. 348.—Anogram: Insurance.

No. 349.—A Rhomboid:

S A P O R
M O V E D
D E L A Y
R E N E W
T E W E L

No. 350.—One Line—One Counter Puzzle: Place the counters at E 1, C 2, A 3, F 4, D 5 and B 6.



No. 351.—The Knowing Shepherd: He had 7 sheep; as many more, 7; half as many more, 3½; and 2½; making in all 20 sheep.

ABOUT CHILDREN.

HADN'T THE KING A BACK-SCRATCHER.

I had been reading to him—he was a sunny-haired little four-year-old—the story in Arthur's "Child's History of England" of Prince William's drowning: "And when the news reached the king that his only son was lost at sea, it is said he covered his face and wept; and no one ever saw him smile again."

"But are you sure he never smiled again?"

"Quite sure; at least the history says so."

After a moment's deep thought: "You are really sure, Cousin Florrie?"

"Yes."

"Well, then, what did he do when they tickled him?"—Pittsburg Press.

Daily Intelligencer.

"THE DUCHESS" ON DREAMS.

The Famous Novelist Tells of Dreams that have Come to Life.

Wild, Uncatchable Dreams that Result in Material Beings—Lordly Marble Halls which Transform into Plain Country Houses—Blissful Dreams of Fascinating Moonshine—Novels Born of Sleepless Interludes—A Story of Dreamland that Has Since Become Famous—A Dream that Came to Life—The Novelist's Opinion of her Own Works—A Word to Young Authors.

I am a wretched sleeper. Somnus, that most desirable of all the Olympian gods, rejects with heartless persistency all my advances passing me by to give rest and oblivion to more fortunate mortals. Nevertheless, I owe him someting; out of these wakeful hours full many a scene is born; though I confess that however vivid they my be, however earnestly I may seek to imprint them on my brain, I have always found the greatest difficulty in reproducing them in the morning. I am told it is a capital plan to keep a tablet beneath one's pillow, so that when a spark from the Promethean fire falls one my rise and embody it in writing. But rather than rouse myself from the delicious langour that is my only substitute for honest sleep, I trust to a treacherous memory that often plays me false.

From this first early stage of sleeplessness, just as the dawn begins to break, I find I drop into the desired insensibility, and then come dreams—strange, wild, uncatchable dreams, in the beginning impossible to remember succinctly, though trailing recollections of them run through the mind long afterward, especially in working hours; but after these come the *still* dreams, as I call them, where rooms, gardens, furniture, stand out so clear, so well defined, that it is impossible to forget them. And in these rooms and gardens, or sitting on the dream lounges are forms, not shadowy or vague in any way, but real, acting, speaking creatures more intensely real, perhaps, in their dream life than the flesh-and-blood men and women among whom in our walking moments we live and move, and have our being.

So many works are written on so many subjects, that the world should well stand still to wonder at them; but of all subjects, is there one so remarkable as that of dreams? That old-new belief that each one of us is endowed with a twin existence has surely some grounds to go on if we thine of dreams. Once entered into one of them, and how alive one is! Each feeling, passion, thought, betrays itself. How genuine are the sorrows, how thorough the laughter! How fraught the acute misery, the fear, the horror, the despair! How real are all things in that curious outside land of ours, and yet—how false!

We start, we wake, suddenly we find ourselves, instead of being the lordly proprietors of "marble halls," owners in sad earnest of but a very ordinary country house where gas is unknown and the pipes in the bath-room are as a rule considerably out of order. Not that these sudden changes work us any very material harm. Madness has often followed on far lighter shocks, but to arise from the most blissful dream to find it all so much moonshine has never yet, so far as I have heard, done harm to anybody.

It is out of these "marble hall" interludes that now and then the best stories have been evolved. I have myself once or twice dreamed an entire tale—a short one, truly, but long enough to satisfy a magazine editor, and perhaps the most curious part of it was, that each time I imagined myself *reading* the story out of some paper or other. So vivid seemed the reading part, that when I woke in the morning I could hardly convince myself that I had *not* read it, and only an examination of the paper that had figured in my dream, and was then lying in my study, convinced me that the whole thing was in reality a mere fiction of the sleeping hours.

I wrote those two stories almost word for word as they appeared to me, and when printed they seemed to me to read reasonably well. They have, at all events, run the gauntlet of English, American, and continental criticism, and I have not heard that they either excelled or fell short of my more ordinary work.

Twice only this happened to me. Once again, however, lately, I dreamed a tale; but one so strange, so weird, so complicated, that I have up to this shrunk from putting it into actual words.

I don't know if anybody now remembers a book of mine called "Beauty's Daughters," but the plot of that came to me of dreamland—just the very baldest suggestion of a plot, but it served.

I stood, as it were, in a large room—extravagantly large it seemed to me, and only very dimly lit. It was night. A huge lamp was burning in a distant corner, and just beneath it stood a pot holding a glowing scarlet cactus. I myself had nothing to do with my surroundings. I had apparently floated into the room on some inconsequent air, in an occult fashion, and stood there staring (rudely enough if I could be seen, which, however, I felt was not the case) at the two figures this unknown room contained.

On a lounge, at the farthest end of it, lay a young man, pallid, worn, but beautiful. Bending over him was the figure of a girl. Her back was turned to me, and I could only see that her hair was of a light shade—not red, but very fair. It seemed to me that she was pleading with him, and that though he repeatedly repulsed her, it was but with the faintest of all hearts he did so. That they loved, that they were unhappy, that there was some unconquerable objection to their marriage, lay all at once quite clear to me, and with it the reason. He was crippled—a dying man, perchance—yet (and a sort of triumph grew within me as I knew this) Love, that great, sweet thing that makes the whole world "go round," had so possessed her that she was willing to give up her young life—all, *everything*, to be a comfort to that one poor stricken unit on this earth.

This much I grasped, and then came an opening of doors, and a rushing in of angry people, and a tumult, and—well, it was all over then, and I awoke, and a lovely summer dawn was breaking over a rejoicing earth.

But that dream came to life with me. All was as plain to the waking brain as it had been to the sleeping one, as earnest as though such flimsy creations as spring from a mind sunk in unconciousness are to be regarded as of living importance. They *had* been of so much importance until—a mouse squeaked, was it? or a dog barked—and I awoke, and all was over. But the memory of those two figures, their grief, their despair, their clinging hands—all remained with me. I could not get rid of them, and after battling with these shadows for a considerable time—five months, I think—they vanquished me, and I wrote "Beauty's Daughters."

Now, those two figures given as a type will prove how characters can be moulded. An idea is sufficient. To my mind they appeared gentle, honorable, unhappy; therefore, I worked them out like that. In all scenes wherein they entered they were described as gentle, decidedly depressed, but everything they ought to be. Characters once lightly sketched shape themselves steadily. It would be impossible to create a scene in the middle of a book where, let us say, the hero, who had been a gentleman heretofore, should suddenly degenerate into a cad. A gentleman at heart can *never* be a cad. He may do dreadful things and scandalize the allworthy, but he will never be small, or mean, or cruel, I speak, of course, of the *real* thing.

"Dreams," says the immortal William,

"Are the children of an idle brain.
Begot of nothing but vain fantasy."

But fantasy has its uses, too.

That my books are worth a retrospect I hardly dare to believe. So many, so *very* many stand above them, that I feel as though I were open to a charge of conceit in daring even so far. But, dear critics, as you are strong be merciful, and if I have given pleasure to one or two here and there, let that small fact plead for me.

One last word I would say, that silence is a charm, so far as writing is concerned. I say this for the younger members of the great literary world. I say, too, that driving (in silence) through the air is always conducive to thought; that night is a giant where the day is a pygmy. All this proves that silence is the great worker, and that disturbance of any kind is death to imagination. Go away with your pens and ink and paper—into a garret, if must needs be—*anywhere* where the children won't find you, and there pour out your heart and soul upon the virgin page.

But (this is the last word of all) I have never yet found the place where the children couldn't find *me!* What tyrants they are, what demigods! and still in spite of them the pen runs, the manuscripts flow in to the editors. Truly, as a great man has said.

"Dreams, books, are each a world;
Round these, with tendrils strong as flesh and blood,
Our pastime and our happiness will grow."

THE DUCHESS.

A Dreadful Doom.

To be unable to satisfy hunger without being distressed by heartburn, indigestion, sick stomach, dizziness or faintness, seems a dreadful doom. All who suffer thus will find prompt relief and permanent cure in Burdock Blood Bitters. B.B.B. *positively cures* dyspepsia in any form.

Partly Gave up.

"In the year 1885 I coughed for six months, and having unsuccessfully tried many remedies, I partly gave up, thinking I had consumption. At last I tried Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam, less than one bottle of which cured me, leaving me as well as ever I was." Henry W. Carns, Wabash, Ont.

Nothing Like it.

"I was troubled with liver complaint for a good many years, but was cured by one bottle of Burdock Blood Bitters. I have never found any medicine to help me like B. B. B., in fact one bottle made a complete cure." W. J. West, Parkhill, Ont.

Common Croup

Is often fatal when not remedied in time. Leslie B. Nicholson, Wellesley Ave., Toronto, says: "As a quick cure for croup, colds, sore throat, chilblains, etc., I can recommend Hagyard's Yellow Oil." It is a sure cure. Directions accompany each bottle

There are a number of varieties of corns. Holloway's Corn Cure will remove any of them Call on your druggist and get a bottle at once.

Orin Catlin, 49 Pearl Street Buffalo, N. Y., says: I tried various remedies for the piles but found no relief until I used Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, which entirely cured me after a few applications.

Do not delay in getting relief for the little folks. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is a pleasant and sure cure. If you love your child why do you let it suffer when a remedy is so near at hand?

The cheapest medicine in use is Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, because so very little of it is required to effect a cure. For croup, diphtheria, and diseases of the lungs and throat, whether used for bathing the chest or throat, for taking internally or inhaling, it is a matchless compound.

Mr. Thomas Ballard, Syracuse, N. Y., writes: 'I have been afflicted for nearly a year with that most-to-be dreaded disease Dyspepsia, and at times worn out with pain and want of sleep, and after trying almost everything recommended I tried one box of Parmelee's Valuable Pills. I am now nearly well, and believe they will cure me. I would not be without them for any money."

PARMELEE'S PILLS possess the power of acting specifically upon the diseased organs, stimulating to action the dormant energies of the system, thereby removing disease. In fact, so great is the power of this medicine to cleanse and purify, that diseases of almost every name and nature are driven from the body.' Mr. D. Carswell, Carswell P. O., Ont, writes: "I have tried Parmelee's Pills and find them an excellent medicine, and one that will sell well."

ADVICE TO MOTHERS. — MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP should always be used when children are cutting teeth. It relieves the little sufferer at once; it produces natural, quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakens as "bright as a button." It is very pleasant to taste. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP," and take no other kind. 3d&wly

TORONTO COLLEGE OF MUSIC

Orchestral and Organ School.

THOROUGH instruction in every branch of music, vocal, instrumental and theoretical, by the most competent teachers. Large three manual pipe organ in college hall for lessons and practice. Instrumental and vocal students take part in an orchestra of 60 and a chorus of 250 performers. Diplomas and certificates for "course" pupils. Lectures, concerts and organ recitals, etc., free. Students' scholarships to successful competitors in the various branches. Terms, from $5 to $30.

F. H. TORRINGTON, Director,
12 and 14 Pembroke Street.

Feb'y 2, 1889. d sat 1y

GERMAN SHEET MIRROR.

We can supply any of the regular stock sizes in German Sheet Mirror and cut these to replace breakages.

L. W. YEOMANS & CO.

Sir Charles Russell's Thirteen Daughters.

Sir Charles Russell who has been brought prominently before the public in connection with the struggle for Home Rule for Ireland, is a remarkable man in more respects than one. He is about fifty years of age. He stands 5 feet 11 inches high, and is built like an athlete. His complexion is florid, and his hair a dark brown, slightly tinged with gray. He was born in County Wexford, Ireland, and has practised his profession with distinction in Ireland and England for a quarter of a century. He was knighted when he was made Attorney-General of England, and no man ever left the office with a higher reputation.

His domestic life is one that any man might envy. He lives in a princely mansion at No. 22 Harley street, in the fashionable West End. Nearly all the property in that vicinity is owned by the Duke of Beaufort. His family worship in the beautiful Catholic church in Ogle street, near by. They are the admiration of the congregation, and no wonder they should be. It is a sight to observe the handsome lawyer and his graceful wife with their thirteen pretty daughters as they enter church.

Yes, thirteen splendid girls, who rise one above the other like the steps of a stairway. There is no boy in the household. It takes three pews to accommodate the family, and father and mother always sit in the last pew. They say in this country that thirteen is an unlucky number, but in the part of County Wexford from which the Russells hail no family is considered complete till it numbers twenty-one. By that time there may be several sons.

Weeping for Him Was Useless.

She is waiting in the darkness, she is waiting by the door, and she hears the sad sea moaning as it beats the sandy shore; and she hears the night bird crying, and the wailing of the trees, and upon her fevered forehead gently blows the southern breeze; but in vain she stands and listens for the coming of the one who to her is prince and hero, who is brighter than the sun. Close the door, oh weeping lady, close the door and weep alone, to the sighing of the branches, to the ocean's sullen moan; to the screaming of the night bird, to the sobbing of the rain, as it falls like tears from heaven, splashing on the window pane. Let your eyes this night be rivers, and your hair a mourning veil, let your soul float out to heaven in a wild despairing wail; for the footsteps of your hero do not echo on the shore, and to-night you'll never see him though you're waiting by the door; and you will not hear the music of the voice you love so well; you will only hear the moaning of the ocean's restless swell. Close the door, oh weeping lady, look no more for him you love, better look for hope and comfort to the sombre sky above; to your side your love and hero all your watching cannot win, for he tried to paint the city and the peelers ran him in.—Nebraska State Journal.

Strictly Business.

A man sat scribbling at a desk in a office on Beekman street yesterday, when some one walked briskly through the hall, opened the door and asked:

"Anybody in?"

"Yes, sir."

"Want your coal carried up?"

"Haven't got any."

"Going to have?"

"No, sir."

"Then you wouldn't want it carried up?"

"No, sir."

"And I couldn't carry it up if I wanted to?"

"No, sir."

"That's all. Good day. Glad to meet a man who does business in a business way. See you about some fly screens two months later."—Ex.

A Reliable Man.

She—"I am then really the first woman you ever loved?"

He—"I swear most solemnly that you are the very first woman I have ever spoken to of love."

"In that case I will grant your request to meet you in the park at two o'clock."

"Heavens! What bliss!"

"You will surely be there, my only love."

"You can gamble on my being there. I never missed keeping an appointment of that kind yet."—Texas Siftings.

Possession.

The lover, eager to possess
The girl he pines and sighs for,
Will lose possession of himself
In getting what he cries for!

THAT HACKING COUGH can be so quickly cured by Shiloh's Cure. We guarantee it. For sale by D. M. Waters.

Manufacturers Life & Accident INSURANCE COMPANIES.

Combined authorized capital.........$3,000,000
Combined subscribed capital........ 739,700
Combined cash capital.............. 150,760
Combined insurance received (1888).. 9,575,525

President—Sir John A. Macdonald.
Vice Presidents { Geo. Gooderham, Esq., William Bell, Esq.
Secretary and Treasurer—J. L. Kerr, Esq.
Managers for Eastern Ontario, Peterboro—Wilson & Morrison.

R. CROFT HULME
Agent, Belleville.

☞Agents wanted.

This Company wrote the largest amount of new business of any company in Canada in 1888. It has the largest capital and the strongest Board of Directors of any company in the Dominion.

CHATHAM MILL
MANSON CAMPBELL
CHATHAM ONT.

A GREAT MILL.

17,500 IN USE. 2,300 sold in the last year. See them, at VANTASSEL'S Footbridge Warerooms, Belleville, or THOS. DUNN'S, Madoc.

Wood! Wood!

I AM now selling at the West Belleville Central Wood Yard all kinds of Hard and mixed wood, cut and uncut, which I will deliver to any part of the city. Remember the place, the West Belleville Central Wood Yard, just a few steps from the Foot Bridge.

EDWARD NEWMAN.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

CALLAWAY'S

Popular .˙. Excursions

—TO—

VANCOUVER,
VICTORIA,
and all points in
WASHINGTON TERRITORY,
and CALIFORNIA

LEAVE .˙. TORONTO

On FRIDAY, MARCH 22nd
12th APRIL 26th
10th MAY 24th

In the CELEBRATED TOURIST SLEEPERS. Each party is accompanied to destination by special courier.

Full particulars from any agent of the Company.

NEWCOMBE PIANOFORTES

AWARDED FIRST SILVER MEDAL

WORLD'S EXPOSITION, NEW ORLEANS, U.S.A., 1884-5, in competition with the pianofortes of Europe and America. The only U.S. International Medal ever awarded to a Canadian pianoforte; also Medal and Diploma at the Colonial and Indian Exhibition, London, Eng., 1886, with the supreme honor of supplying Her Majesty the Queen with a Newcombe Grand, selected by Sir Arthur Sullivan. For Illustrated Catalogue, prices and terms,

Address Octavius Newcombe & Co.,
MANUFACTURERS

WAREROOMS, 107-109 CHURCH ST., TORONTO
FACTORY, 89 TO 97 BELLWOODS AVENUE

CLARKE'S

Glycerine .˙. Jelly

For ROUGH SKIN, CHAPPED HANDS, SORE LIPS, etc.

It penetrates the skin, leaving it soft and white.

It is not sticky, and a glove can be put on immediately after using.

Price 20 cents. For sale by

-F. CHARLES CLARKE,-
CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST.

Telephone 138. Front Street.

The Great English Prescription.

A successful Medicine used over 30 years in thousands of cases. Cures *Spermatorrhea, Nervous Weakness, Emissions, Impotency* and all diseases caused by abuse. [BEFORE] indiscretion, or over-exertion. [AFTER] Six packages *Guaranteed to Cure when all others Fail.* Ask your Druggist for The Great English Prescription, take no substitute. One package $1. Six $5, by mail. Write for Pamphlet. Address Eureka Chemical Co., Detroit, Mich.

FOR SALE BY D. M. WATERS.

Montreal, Nov. 21, 1888.

MESSRS. WILLIS & CO., 1,824 NOTRE DAME ST., CITY.

DEAR SIRS.—After having played on the Piano of Messrs. Bell & Co., of Guelph, Ont., it is impossible not to bear testimony to the qualities which have acquired for them the good reputation which they already enjoy. The Pianos of their manufacture are exceedingly remarkable for their qualities of tone. The bass is powerful without harshness, and the upper notes sweet, clear and mellow. The Bell Pianos are unquestionably the best made in Canada, and I act up on my principle and give you to-day an order to furnish one for my own use. Canada is to be congratulated on having produced the Bell Piano.

J. B. LABELLE, Professor of Music]
Organist Notre Dame Cathedral.

H. BULL AGENT.
BELLEVILLE.

NEW

Wall Paper!

—AT—

-S. A. LAZIER'S-
ROBERTSON'S BLOCK

October 16th

NERVOUS DEBILITY.

NERVOUS DEBILITY, EXHAUSTING, Vital Drains (caused by early indiscretions), effectually cured. Syphilitic affections and all bad blood and skin diseases arising there from thoroughly eradicated. Varicocele cured without operation Impotence, or premature decline of the manly powers, and all diseases of the genito-urinary organs a specialty. It makes no difference who has failed to cure you. Skill and experience important. A friendly letter or call may save you a great deal of misery and add years to your life. Consultation FREE. Medicines sent to any address. DR. REEVE, 337 Jarvis St., Toronto. 59d&wly

COMING! COMING!

RUPTURE

The last 25 years I have adjusted more Trusses than any man in America. Valuable Patents, my own invention, in Trusses, Spinal and Club Feet Instruments.

Rupture—I will guarantee to hold largest Rupture without touching your hip, no straps whatsoever, waterproof. Largest stock of general Trusses, also the great Cluthe Spiral Trusses in stock. Reliable system for ORDERING BY MAIL.

Spinal Instruments half the weight of other makes and more effective.

CLUB FEET I claim the only mechanical system to straighten born Club Feet (Patented.) I will prove to anybody that operation never did nor can straighten Club Feet. Send 6 cent stamps for Book.

CHAS. CLUTHE, 118 King St. W., Toronto

CHAS. CLUTHE,

of 118 King St. West, Toronto, Ontario, will be at the QUEEN'S HOTEL, BELLEVILLE, Friday and Saturday, MARCH 15TH and 16TH. Call early and avoid disappointment. No FAILURE. Will hold the most OBSTINATE cases of RUPTURE WITH EASE AND COMFORT.

CALIFORNIA EVAPORATED FRUITS

NECTARINES,
APRICOTS,
PEACHES,
PLUMS.

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE
Grocers & Wine Merchants,
33 & 37 Bridge Street.
Also Front St., opp. Ritchie's.

BURDOCK PILLS
SUGAR COATED.

A SURE CURE

FOR BILIOUSNESS, CONSTIPATION, INDIGESTION, DIZZINESS, SICK HEADACHE, AND DISEASES OF THE STOMACH, LIVER AND BOWELS. THEY ARE MILD, THOROUGH AND PROMPT IN ACTION, AND FORM A VALUABLE AID TO BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS IN THE TREATMENT AND CURE OF CHRONIC AND OBSTINATE DISEASES.

Self-Raising Buckwheat Flour!

A FRESH SUPPLY JUST RECEIVED.

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE,
Grocers and Wine Merchants.
33 & 37 Bridge Street.
Also Front Street, Opp. Ritchie's.

DRUNKENNESS

Or the Liquor Habit, Positively Cured by Administering Dr. Haines' Golden Specific.

It can be given in a cup of coffee or tea without the knowledge of the person taking it; is absolutely harmless, and will effect a permanent and speedy cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. It has been given in thousands of cases, and in every instance a perfect cure has followed. *It never fails.* The system once impregnated with the Specific, it becomes an utter impossibility for the liquor appetite to exist. For circular and full particulars address GOLDEN SPECIFIC CO., 185 Race St., Cincinnati, O.

S. W. BRADSHAW

Wishes to inform the citizens of Belleville that he has BOUGHT OUT THE

GROCERY

(lately occupied by Mr. Arch. Wallace,)

CORNER OF HOTEL AND ANN STREETS!

where he intends to keep a full supply of the best of Groceries always fresh, and his stock of Provisions, such as Meats and Vegetables, will be especially fresh and in great variety and delivered with despatch. All orders by telephone No. 53) will be promptly delivered to any part of the city.

N. B.—Please remember Telephone No. 53.

J. H. MILLS,

--Merchant .˙. Tailor,--

OPPOSITE GEO. RITCHIE & CO'S

THE MAGOG TEXTILE & PRINT CO.

Will offer for Spring Trade the LARGEST, CHEAPEST and MOST VARIED range of Prints ever shown, including

SPRING NOVELTIES
—OF—
LATEST PARIS DESIGNS!

Merchants will do well to see their samples before buying elsewhere. Early advice will be given when Travellers will call.

St Peter Street, - Montreal.

PENNYROYAL WAFERS.

Prescription of a physician who has had a life long experience in treating female diseases. Is used monthly with perfect success by over 10,000 ladies. Pleasant, safe, effectual. Ladies ask your druggist for Pennyroyal Wafers and take no substitute, or inclose postage for sealed particulars. Sold by all druggists, $1 per box. Address THE EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., DETROIT, MICH.

FOR SALE BY D. M. WATERS.

INTELLIGENCER PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY LIMITED.

J. O. JAMIESON, President. | J. W. LONDON, Secretary

THE Treasurer is the only person authorised to receive moneys for the Company, or to grant receipts for the same.

All Bills, Notes, Cheques, and other documents binding on the Company, will require the signature of the President, in addition to that of the Treasurer.

THE INTELLIGENCER is printed and published for the INTELLIGENCER Printing and Publishing Company (Limited) by JAMES O. JAMIESON, resident in Belleville, at their Office, Front St., south of Hotel St.

THE RATHBUN COMPANY,

Having transferred me to their Brockville branch, I beg to thank my friends and customers for the liberal patronage and kindness extended to me during my residence in Belleville, and also to bespeak the same treatment to Mr. R. C. Calhoun, my successor,

P. J. SHANNON.

The Daily Intelligencer.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL. 22. BELLEVILLE ONTARIO, MONDAY MARCH 18, 1889. NO. 271

THE RATHBUN CO.

Having appointed me Agent for their Belleville branch, I take this opportunity of soliciting a continuance of the patronage which they have hitherto enjoyed through the popular management of Mr. Shannon. It will be my desire and aim to maintain and add to this patronage, which fair dealing and a thorough knowledge of the requirements of the trade leads me to hope for.—R. C. CALHOUN.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

G. DENMARK.

BARRISTER, Solicitor, etc. Office, Front Street.

W. B. NORTHRUP, M. A.,

BARRISTER, Solicitor, &c. Offices: North Bridge St., between Front St. and Lower Bridge.
Money to loan—private and company funds.

J. C. CONNELL, M.A., M.D., C.M.

DISEASES of the Eye, Ear, Throat and Nose. Surgeon to Kingston General Hospital. Office—No. 279, King Street, Kingston. Dr. Connell will be at the Queen's Hotel, Belleville, on the first Tuesday of each month Sept. 5 d&wly

E. GUSS PORTER,

BARRISTER, Solicitor, Notary Public, &c. office in the Robertson Block, east side of Front Street.
Private Money to Loan. 271d&wl,

DR. ELIZABETH EMBURY,

GRADUATE of Queen's University, Licentiate of the College of Physicians and Surgeons, Ontario.
Office and residence—Harrison's Block, Front Street., across the hall from rooms formerly occupied by Dr. Farley, over Holland's jewellery store. Diseases of women and children a specialty. d&wtf

HENRY CARRE, C. E., M. C. Soc. C. E.,

DOM, and Prov'l Land Surveyor, late of the firm of Macleod & Carre, P. L. S. References: John Bell, Esq., Solicitor G. T. R., W. H. Ponton, Esq., Registrar of the County. Office—McAnnany Block, opposite Skinner & Redick's. Belleville, Ont., P. O. Box 203. 20d&w

J. F. WILLS,

BARRISTER, Solicitor, Notary Public, &c. Office, corner Front and Campbell Streets, Belleville, Ont. Money to loan, Company and private funds. 24d&w

J WALTER ROSS, M. D., C. M.

GRADUATE of the University of Trinity College, Toronto. Physician, surgeon, accoucheur. Office and residence West Front Street, one door north of entrance to Foot Bridge. d&wly

JOHN J. FARLEY, M. D., C. M., M. R. C. S., England.

OFFICE and Residence—corner of Bridge and George Streets—three streets east of the Post Office.

ROBERT BOGLE,

LOAN and real estate agent. MONEY TO LOAN at lowest rates. Office, opposite Roy's Brewry, Front St., Belleville.

GEO. CLINTON, M. D., C. M

OFFICE and residence Bridge St., between William and George Sts, third block east of Bridge Street Methodist Church. Telephone No. 44. d&w

GEO. J. SHERRY,

BARRISTER, &c. Office. Metropolitan Block, next door north of Dominion Bank, Front St. Branch Office, Stirling. 116

EDGAR M. COOK, M. D.,

HOMOEOPATHIC Physician and Surgeon. Office and residence, West Front Street, in the late Dr. Abbott's premises, over Brignall & Thompson's store. TELEPHONE. 175dtf

GEO. D. DICKSON, Q. C.,

BARRISTER, &c., Post Office Block Bridge Street Belleville.

WILLIAM N. PONTON,

BARRISTER, Solicitor Notary Public, Conveyancer. Office, over Express and Telegraph Office, Thompson Block, Bridge St., Belleville. Money to loan—private funds. Agent for the Trust and Loan Company of Canada.

DR. BURDETT

IS pleased to inform his friends that he is again able to render his professional services as before. 176 6m

DRUNKENNESS

Or the Liquor Habit, Positively Cured by Administering Dr. Haines' Golden Specific.

It can be given in a cup of coffee or tea without the knowledge of the person taking it; is absolutely harmless, and will effect a permanent and speedy cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. It has been given in thousands of cases, and in every instance a perfect cure has followed. It never fails. The system once impregnated with the Specific, it becomes an utter impossibility for the liquor appetite to exist. For circular and full particulars address GOLDEN SPECIFIC CO., 185 Race St., Cincinnati, O.

BANKING OFFICE
—OF—
U. E. THOMPSON
BRIDGE STREET, BELLEVILLE, ON

American Currency and Drafts Bought and Sold.

Deposits received, subject to withdrawn without notice and interest allowed

EYE, EAR & THROAT
DR. RYERSON.

L. R. C. P., L. R. C. S. E., Lecturer on the Eye, Ear and Throat, Trinity Medical College, Toronto, and Surgeon to the Mercer Eye and Ear Infirmary.
60 College Avenue, Toronto.

M. C. ROBLIN
ISSUER OF
MARRIAGE LICENCES

and agent of the Lancashire Insurance Company. Office over Hooey & Sons, Front Street Belleville. 138d 1y

A. G. NORTHRUP,
Issuer of Marriage Licences,
OFFICE—SHIRE HALL, BELLEVILLE
November 10

The Great English Prescription.

A successful Medicine used over 30 years in thousands of cases. Cures *Spermatorrhea, Nervous Weakness, Emissions, Impotency* and all diseases caused by abuse. [BEFORE] indiscretion, or over-exertion. [AFTER] Six packages *Guaranteed to Cure when all others Fail*. Ask your Druggist for The Great English Prescription, take no substitute. One package $1. Six $5, by mail. Write for Pamphlet. Address Eureka Chemical Co., Detroit, Mich.
FOR SALE BY D. M. WATERS.

Try FROSTILLA.

It softens the roughest skin and keeps it in good condition.
It contains nothing greasy or sticky, is nicely perfumed, a lady's toilet not complete without it.
An elegant face dressing for gentlemen after shaving.
For sale at the PHARMACY.

D. M. WATERS,

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.
CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.
CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.
Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

KEILLER'S
NEW
MARMALADE
JUST RECEIVED.
WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE
Grocers and wine merchants,
35 & 37 Bridge Street.
Also Front Street, Opp. Ritchie's.

CAIRN'S—
—HOME MADE—
—MARMALADE
As supplied to the Queen. This season's make.
JUST RECEIVED.
WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE,
Grocers & Wine Merchants,
35 & 37, Bridge Street
Also Front St., opp. Ritchie's.

NEWCOMBE PIANOFORTES
AWARDED FIRST SILVER MEDAL

WORLD'S EXPOSITION, NEW ORLEANS, U.S.A., 1884-5, in competition with the pianofortes of Europe and America. The only U.S. International Medal ever awarded to a Canadian pianoforte; also Medal and Diploma at the Colonial and Indian Exhibition, London, Eng., 1886, with the supreme honor of supplying Her Majesty the Queen with a Newcombe Grand, selected by Sir Arthur Sullivan. For Illustrated Catalogue, prices and terms,
Address Octavius Newcombe & Co.,
MANUFACTURERS
WAREROOMS, 107-109 CHURCH ST., TORONTO
FACTORY, 89 TO 97 BELLWOODS AVENUE

Gents' : Furnishings!

A FULL LINE of Gentlemen's Goods for the Fall and Winter.
Shirts made to order and a good fit guaranteed.
C. J. PANTER.

Two Years' Profits!

THOSE INSURING IN THE
—"CANADA LIFE"—
before the 30th of April next will be entitled to two full years' profits in the division of April the 30th, 1890.
T. DONNELLY,
General Agent, Belleville.
AGENTS WANTED.
Feb'y 2, 1889, d&wly

HAGYARD'S PECTORAL BALSAM
CURES COUGHS COLDS, HOARSENESS, ETC.

RAYMOND C. ROLPH
SIGN PAINTER.
LETTERING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.
Corner of Front and Campbell Streets,
80d1y

Daily Intelligencer.

LATEST LONDON GOSSIP.

THE GLADSTONIAN VICTORY IN KENNINGTON.

Lord Randolph Churchill Continues to Puzzle Politicians and Plain People as Well—Spontaneous Enthusiasm.

LONDON, March 17.—By-elections are supposed to turn on questions of high policy, and they are discussed as if they did. There is immense exultation on one side, and depression on the other. Home Rule stock goes up or down as respectable gentlemen labelled Liberal or Tory get a few hundred more or less votes in suburban districts. A scoundrel like Pigott or a scamp like Gent Davis may do more for the Irish cause at a given moment than Mr. Gladstone or Mr. Parnell. Kennington, beyond doubt, will influence general opinion, whether it expresses general opinion or not. To use a phrase current on these occasions, it is a blow to the Government; The Daily News says a death-blow, but this Government has already received at least a dozen death-blows from that journal, and yet it miraculously and maliciously survives them all, and may even survive this.

Serious Tories do not pretend, as The Standard says, to minimize the importance of this defeat. All the explanations in the world will not deprive figures of their significance. Such explanations as that and other journals of like faith now give are of the usual kind. The Tories have not lost votes; there has been no changing from side to side; Mr. Beresford Hope polls more votes than did Gent Davis; Mr. Beaufoy's increased support came from what is called the reserve vote. Mr. Beresford Hope is a nephew to Lord Salisbury and a cousin to Mr. Balfour. Whether these kinships helped or harmed him seems uncertain. Mr. Beaufoy is a local man and employs a great number of Kennington workmen; the head of a firm of distillers, yet he had the support of the temperance party. Mr. Gladstone, when he sat for Greenwich, was junior colleague to a gin distiller.

But enough of details. It is sufficient to say that the Gladstonian victory in Kennington is a victory won by a far greater majority than the most sanguine hoped, and will give fresh vigor and volume to the Liberal cry for dissolution and fresh stiffness to the Tory resolve not to dissolve.

Randy the Sphinx.

LONDON, March 16.—Lord Randolph Churchill's attitude continues to puzzle the politicians, and puzzles plain people still more. His civilities to Mr. Stanhope on the Army questions were not, it appears, meant to go beyond Mr. Stanhope. Toward the Admiralty, and especially toward Lord George Hamilton, he is as implacable as ever. His letter to Sir Edward Reed has in it that note of personal as well as political antagonism which Lord Randolph seldom takes the trouble to conceal where it exists. "Such an exposure and confession," writes he, "of utter incompetence would insure prompt dismissal and probably professional ruin if Lord George were a private person." The exposure and confession are, of course, in Lord Randolph's mind, to be found in Lord George's speech on Admiralty affairs.

This morning appears another letter from Lord Randolph, explaining that he is not against all schemes for strengthening the navy, but against all bad schemes. This will not give much comfort to the Government.

$5000 Worth of Enthusiasm.

LONDON, March 17.—The Tory papers have got hold of a confidential circular sent out by the organisers of the National Protest against coercion. If you believe them, the spontaneous enthusiasm of Wednesday at St. James' Hall cost $5000. It was surely cheap at the money, but only a quarter of that sum has been collected, and the other three-quarters are urgently wanted. Hence the confidential circular.

The Albert Hall Ice Carnival.

LONDON, March 17.—The ice carnival at Albert Hall has the attraction of novelty, and brought together an enormous crowd to see the Duchess of Teck open it. It is a big bazaar, and not much else, but a dozen American ladies are helping their English friends in the selling, and people go to stare, as usual, at the English and Americans alike.

Paris Financial News.

PARIS, March 17.—With the exception of the transactions in rentes and foreign securities the Bourse yesterday was dull, being engaged in the settlement. Final transactions were made at 225 francs for Comptoir d'Escompte shares and 80 francs for Societe des Metaux shares. The directors of the principal financial houses of Paris met at the Ministry of Finance Friday night and again last night. It is reported they decided that the Comptoir d'Escompte should be placed in liquidation and reconstructed. It is said that 20,000 shares in the proposed new bank are already subscribed for. The employes of the Comptoir d'Escompte have been invited to withdraw their deposits in that bank, which from motives of delicacy they have hitherto left intact.

It was learned later that no decision was reached at the meeting in regard to the liquidation and reconstruction of the Comptoir d'Escompte. It is believed a further 20,000,000 francs will be necessary to save the Comptoir d'Escompte from judicial liquidation.

There was an exciting scene in the Chamber of Deputies yesterday. M. Laguerre of the Patriotic League made a speech attacking M. Constans, the Minister of the Interior, whom he accused of having engaged in doubtful transactions while acting as president of a financial concern in Lyons in 1882, and ended by calling him a fraudulent minister. The speech created a tumult in the Chamber and the Speaker formally censured M. Laguerre for his utterances.

M. Constans made an indignant denial of the charges and retorted upon M. Laguerre by saying that nobody quite knew where that gentleman's fortune came from. The matter was then dropped.

The Soir asserts that the Government has warned certain wealthy foreigners residing in France, who are known to have assisted Gen. Boulanger in a financial way, that they will be expelled the country unless they stop supplying him with funds.

The Bank of France will advance 20,000,000 francs to uphold the Comptoir d'Escompte provided another 20,000,000 francs is subscribed, of which 16,000,000 has already been promised.

France's Trade.

PARIS, March 17.—The French Board of Trade returns for February show an increase of 21,454,000 francs in imports and a decrease of 11,330,000 francs in exports compared with those of February, 1888.

A Stupendous Coal Syndicate.

LONDON, March 17.—A coal syndicate representing £100,000,000 proposes to purchase all the collieries of Cumberland, Yorkshire, Lancashire, Northumberland and Durham. The proprietors of the mines will meet soon at Manchester to consider the syndicate's stupendous proposal.

TO DOCK, OR NOT TO DOCK.

A QUESTION OF INTEREST TO PEOPLE OWNING HORSES.

The Process of Docking Described and Illustrated—The Fashionable Methods of Arranging Horses' Tails.

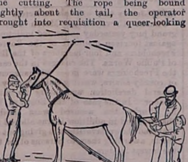
As nearly every one who owns a horse is well aware, it is the "fad" nowadays to drive, ride on, or ride behind, a horse with a docked tail. Webster says to dock is to cut off, as the end of a thing, to cut short, to curtail, to clip; and that is just what is done to the tail of a horse that is afterward said to be "docked."

The man who docks horses' tails says he subjects the horse to little or no pain or inconvenience afterward, and he satisfies the craving of public taste for things that are fashionable, as well as beautiful.

The humanitarian looks upon the tail as a necessary appendage, designed especially to promote horse comfort, and he objects to severing it from the horse for that reason. Lovers of the horse, as a rule, are said to advocate the practice of docking, and they believe that fashion should be recognized in the dressing of a horse as in the dressing of man.

A newspaper reporter who witnessed a docking operation describes it as follows:

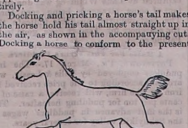
The word having been given that the surgeon was ready to dock the horse, bandages were put around the horse's hind fetlocks and lower legs. Around the bandages a leather strap at the end of a long rope was placed, the other end of the rope being tied about the horse's neck, and resting on the breast. "This," said the operator, "is done to prevent accident caused by the horse kicking, but it is not a necessity." At the horse's head stood a man with twisters about the horse's nose, which he tightened only slightly. The horse being now tied and in a vise, so to speak, so that he could do no damage, a strong cord was twisted and tied on his tail about half an inch above where the horse's owner desired to have the tail docked. The operator explained that this binding was done to prevent the flow of blood from the tail after the cutting. The rope being bound tightly about the tail, the operator brought into requisition a queer-looking machine, made very much after the style of a lemon squeezer. On the upper portion of the "squeezer," near the end where the two pieces of wood is connected, was a semi-circular bladed knife, and on the lower portion a bed in which the knife rested when the machine closed up. The operator got the horse's tail between the handles of this machine and in a jiffy the knife closed down on the tail and a portion dropped to the floor. As the knife penetrated the member the horse winced for a moment, but after the member was severed he did not seem to suffer. The next portion of the operation was the singeing or cauterizing of the end of the tail that remained on the horse. A singeing iron, white with heat, resembling in every respect a common carriage nut wrench, with a small hole in one end, was brought into use. While the "docker" moved this iron over the raw part of the tail the horse again showed signs of pain, but his actions were not violent enough to disturb in the least the man working the hot iron, who very complacently puffed the cigar in his mouth and attended strictly to business without saying a word. In less than two minutes from the time the horse was hitched the entire process of docking was over, all the fixtures about the horse to keep him quiet were removed, and the dumb beast with the new fangled and fashionable tail had his nose stuck in his hay rack pulling down hay to eat, little thinking what a great change a moment had made in his appearance and what a want he filled for the wealthy gentleman who desired to be in fashion.



IN THE ACT OF "DOCKING."

After the operation the docker turned to the newspaper man and artist companion and said, "that horse made more fuss than any horse I ever docked in my life, and I defy any one to say that he was cruelly treated. It would be more cruel to drive him unshod over a slippery road or to doctor him in the usual manner for a deseased tail. The practice of docking, as it is at present done, is not in the least cruel, for the cutting off of the tail is almost instantaneous. The tail is cut straight across between the bones nowadays, and not as it used to be cut in docking a few years ago. Then the tail was cut Λ shape and the edges were sewed together and allowed to heal. It took some time for healing, and the lower end of the appendage was sore till the part healed entirely.

Docking and pricking a horse's tail makes the horse hold his tail almost straight up in the air, as shown in the accompanying cut. Docking a horse to conform to the present fashion makes him hold the stub of his tail almost straight out from his body, and that in itself is not cruel, insomuch as the hair in the tail is almost as long after the end of the tail is cut off as before the docking is done. To make the tail conform to the present fashion, the hair must be cut off up to within a foot or so of the root; and then again, this practice is hardly any more cruel than the simple banging of a horse's tail, without docking, and banging is an every day occurrence. To dock and prick a horse's tail is in a measure cruel. The pricking is done after the docking is finished. A pricking blade is run into the horse's tail at one side and then the other in two or three parts. Then the "pricker" draws the knife toward the outer end of the tail, cutting all the muscles and tissues on its path. Once cut, the tail is drawn up and hitched with a pulley block in the position the owner desires the horse to carry his appendage, and in that position it is held till all the cuts made in the operation are healed."



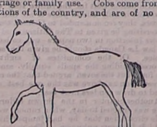
THE FLAG TAIL HORSE AFTER DOCKING AND PRICKING.

After this operation is performed the hair in the tail is cut to suit the fashionable tastes. If the old-fashioned "flag" tail is desired—that is to say, such a tail as Flora Temple had—the hair in the tail is close trimmed on the sides, combed flat and parted on top. If only the ordinary dock is wanted, the hair in the tail is cut off in bang fashion without other trimming. It some other style is wanted, the man with shears must make that style, for the veterinary's part of the fashion ends with the docking and pricking.

In New York, where the fashion is nothing if not ultra, the millionaires and the dudes go so far to the extremes on the fashionable ideas given them that they class certain kinds of docks with certain kinds of vehicles But elsewhere a dock, short or long, seems to be considered just as proper in a brougham as in a tea cart, a flag tail just as much in place in a victoria as in a two-wheeler of any nature.

A SHORT DOCK.

What are known as cob horses are the kind of horses generally docked. In the language of a stableman, a cob is a little horse, big at both ends. By that is meant a full made horse that is not too large for carriage or family use. Cobs come from all sections of the country, and are of no particular breed. They bring a much larger price with docked tails than without. Docking is an "English" fashion. It is sometimes desirable to dock a horse to cure him of ugliness and kicking, but fully 99 of every 100 horses docked have their tails cut off because their owners want to live up to the fashion of the times.



BANGED TAIL COB.

RANDOM REVELATIONS.

An electric tree-felling machine is being introduced on the Continent.

The commercial arc lamps are generally said to be of 2,000 nominal candle power.

The home consumption of flour in the States is about 1,250,000 barrels every week.

New Zealand cheese is taking former American and Canadian trade in Great Britain.

The results of the new French process of electrically engraving on glass are said to be marvelous.

The Nevada Assembly has passed a bill prohibiting the sale of intoxicating liquors to women.

Cherry County, Neb., with an area larger than several Eastern States, hasn't a practicing physician within its borders.

The State of Maine has given to other States of the Union over 700,000 of her people, while the population of the State is but 563,000.

Kentucky has a ten-year-old girl named Mary Semons, who preaches sermons in churches in a manner that wins her much approbation.

President Carnot, of France, received upwards of a thousand Christmas presents from his admiring fellow citizens of the Republic.

A colored woman of Guyton, Ga., has just found in Florida her mother, from whom she was forcibly separated fifty-four years ago.

There are over twenty thousand young women in Great Britain studying music with the idea of some day blossoming into stars.

Out in Western Kansas church people have "poverty socials," at which cheese, crackers and water, in lieu of ice cream, cake and coffee, are served.

According to a writer in Notes and Queries, the regular down-East Yankee pronunciation came originally from Essex, England, where it still flourishes.

An orange grove of 30,000 trees is to be planted in Pomona Valley, Cal., by a syndicate of Illinois and Iowa capitalists. It will be the largest in the world.

Ten thousand new cab and carriage horses are among the items which Paris is acquiring for the accommodation of visitors to the approaching exhibition.

An Italian named Boggie, lately a keeper of a peanut stand at Amsterdam, N. Y., has fallen heir to an eighth of a fortune of $500,000 left by a relative in Italy.

The only female alderman in the world is said to be Miss Cons, a member of the London board. She is said to be a remarkable woman, very philanthropic and intelligent.

Preacher Parker, of London, will try a new religious experiment. He will hold prayer meetings and permit the men in attendance to bring their pipes and smoke.

A horse farm of 120,000 acres near Cheyenne, W. T., is said to be the largest in the world. It requires 200 miles of wire fencing, with 65 men to look after the horses which number 5,000.

The Imperial Princes of Germany rise at 6 a. m., take a cold bath, breakfast at 6.30, and begin their studies at 7. Out of the twenty-four hours they are are allowed one hour and a half for play.

New Zealand also imported the English sparrow, and now the native birds have been driven out and a reward of five cents each is offered for the death of every sparrow. He is a living chirping pestilence.

The Northwest Indians.

"Adirondack" Murray in his new book, Daylight Land, finds a vast contrast between the Indians of Canada and those of his own country. He says: "The Indians of the Canadian West and Northwest are not like the debauched and degraded vagabonds we find hanging around the stations of our Western railways. They are well clothed, cleanly, healthy looking, and in many cases fine specimens of the red man. The women are well dressed and of decent appearance. The boys look vigorous and the girls healthy and not a few of them handsome. They look as if they were still capable of taking care of themselves, still had the right to live, and a place reserved for them by the bond of honorable engagements in the land of their fathers. Instead of being a painful spectacle to the Canadian tourist, the Indians of the plain between Winnipeg and the Rocky Mountains, a stretch of nearly a thousand miles, are objects of interest and pleasant surprise."

The popular hostility against syndicates is growing. In the House of Commons W. H. Smith, the Government leader, while refusing to interfere with the salt syndicate, declared that such combinations worked their own cure, and tended ultimately to reduce the price of articles the rates of which they temporarily raised.

NOTES OF THE DEEP.

High Tide on the New Jersey Coast—Marine Disasters.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., March 17.—It has been many years since the tide has been as high here as it was yesterday. The water was away up among the cottages and the meadows were overflowed. The storm which has prevailed on the coast caused the high water and for a few hours Atlantic City was cut off from the world westward of it by the flooding of the railroad tracks which cross the meadows. The trains on the Camden and Atlantic Railroad tried to cross early in the morning but failed. The water was so high that the fires were extinguished, and with what steam they had the trains were compelled to return. Only slight damage has thus far been done in the city. The cellars of a number of cottages and the basements of several large houses were flooded but the foundations remain intact. About noon the floods receded and trains began to run again.

Collapse of a Life-saving Station.

BROOKLYN, N. Y., March 17.—While the life-saving station at Far Rockaway was being taken on scows from Rockaway to Long Beach on Friday, a heavy gale washed it ashore, and yesterday morning the force of the waves caused it to collapse. Loss $10,000. The gale played havoc with the summer pavilions, a tug was stranded and 100 feet of the beach was washed away.

Many Days Overdue.

BEAUFORT, N. C., March 17.—Fears are entertained for the safety of the schooners Eunity R. Dyer, bound for New York, and George Taulane, bound for Baltimore. Both are overdue many days. For 60 hours past a northeast gale has prevailed.

Found Watery Graves.

NORFOLK, Va., March 17.—Captain W. T. Bernard of the Philadelphia tug Argus has found the wreck of the Portland (Me.) bark E. L. Pettengill, Captain C. C. White. She lies in Chesapeake Bay between the tail of the Horseshoe and Cape Henry in five fathoms of water in the track of vessels going out of and entering the capes. There is no trace of the crew and there can be but little doubt that the thirteen men who formed it have found watery graves.

Wrecks Off Samoa.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 17.—The steamer Zealandia reports that on Feb. 14 during a heavy gale the American barkentine Constitution struck a reef in Apia harbor, Samoa, and sank. A boat from the United States man-of-war Nipsic saved the Constitution's crew. She was owned by Nicholas Bischard of San Francisco and was freighted with a general cargo. The schooners Matanla, owned by Rugi & Co., and Tamasese were also wrecked. From other points on the island similar disasters to small crafts are reported.

Wreck of an Unknown Bark.

FORTRESS MONROE, Va., March 17.—The quarantine steamer Woodworth reports a bark sunk in the lower bay 10 miles out, in six fathoms of water.

At the German Capital.

BERLIN, March 17.—In addition to the new income tax which is said to be the subject of dissension between Bismarck and his colleagues, Minister von Gossler disagrees with the Chancellor on the question of the state granting financial support to the clergy. The subject of discord between Minister von Schloz and Bismarck is the currency question. The former advocates a gold currency while the latter favors bi-metallism.

At the last meeting of the Provincial Council of Danzic, members of the council reproached the brother of Minister von Puttkamer for the wholesale expulsion of Poles which the minister had ordered. Herr von Puttkamer, defending his brother the minister, said the latter deplored the consequences of the expulsion on economic grounds, but he was overruled by Bismarck, who considered political interests of greater importance.

In receiving the Central Committee of the United Trades Guilds yesterday, Emperor William declared the sole object of his European tour had been to maintain peace, the only means by which trade could prosper. He believed he had ensured this result for years to come.

The Samoan conference is not expected to present formidable difficulties.

A High Valuation.

"If there was only one bottle of Hagyard's Yellow Oil in Manitoba, I would give one hundred dollars for it," writes Philip H. Brant, of Monteith, Manitoba, after having used it for severe wound and for frozen fingers, with, as he says, "astonishing results."

Dangerous Counterfeit.

Counterfeits are always dangerous, more so that they always closely IMITATE THE ORIGINAL IN APPEARANCE AND NAME. The remarkable success achieved by Nasal Balm as a positive cure for Catarrh and Cold in the Head has induced unprincipled parties to imitate it. The public are cautioned not to be deceived by nostrums imitating Nasal Balm in name and appearance, bearing such names as Nasal Cream, Nasal Balsam, etc. Ask for Nasal Balm and do not take any imitation dealers may urge upon you. For sale by all druggists or sent post-paid on receipt of price (50c. and $1,) by addressing Fulford & Co., Brockville, Ont.

Health Failing Fast.

I was swollen from head to foot from dropsy of six months' standing, and my health was failing fast, but after taking one bottle of Burdock Blood Bitters, I am quite well, and think there is no medicine equal to B. B.B., and to it I remain a true friend." Joseph Heric, Linwood, Ont.

There are a number of varieties of corns. Holloway's Corn Cure will remove any of them Call on your druggist and get a bottle at once.

Orin Catlin, 49 Pearl Street Buffalo, N. Y., says: I tried various remedies for the piles but found no relief until I used Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, which entirely cured me after a few applications.

Do not delay in getting relief for the little folks. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is a pleasant and sure cure. If you love your child why do you let it suffer when a remedy is so near at hand?

The cheapest medicine in use is Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, because so very little of it is required to effect a cure. For croup, diphtheria, and diseases of the lungs and throat, whether used for bathing the chest or throat, for taking internally or inhaling, it is a matchless compound.

Mr. Thomas Ballard, Syracuse, N. Y., writes: 'I have been afflicted for nearly a year with that most-to-be dreaded disease Dyspepsia, and at times worn out with pain and want of sleep, and after trying almost everything recommended I tried one box of Parmelee's Valuable Pills. I am now nearly well, and believe they will cure me. I would not be without them for any money."

PARMELEE'S PILLS possess the power of acting specifically upon the diseased organs, stimulating to action the dormant energies of the system, thereby removing disease. In fact, so great is the power of this medicine to cleanse and purify, that diseases of almost every name and nature are driven from the body.' Mr. D. Carswell, Carswell P. O., Ont., writes: "I have tried Parmelee's Pills and find them an excellent medicine, and one that will sell well."

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall-st., N. Y.

NATIONAL COLONIZATION
LOTTERY

Under the patronage of the Rev. Father Labelle
Established in 1884, under the Act of Quebec 32 Vict., Chapt. 36, for the benefit of the Diocesan Societies of Colonization of the Province of Quebec.
Class D.—The 21st Monthly Drawing will take place Wednesday, March the 20th, at 2 p. m.

Prizes value		$50,000 00
Capital Prize: One real estate worth		$5,000 00
1 Real Estate worth	$5,000	5,000
1 do	2 000	2,000
1 do	1,000	1,000
4 do	500	2,000
10 Real Estates	300	3 000
30 Furniture Sets	200	6,000
60 do	100	6,000
200 Gold Watches	50	10,000
1,000 Silver Watches	10	10,000
1,000 Toilet Sets	5	5,000
2,307 Prizes worth		$50,000 00

TICKETS - - $1.00

Offers are made to all winners to pay their prizes cash, less a commission of 10 p. c.
Winners' names not published unless specially authorized
Drawings on the Third Wednesday of every Month.
S. E. LEFEBVRE, Secretary,
Offices, 19 St. James street, Montreal, Can.
192d1y

CARSLAKE'S
GRAND DERBY SWEEP
$25,000.00.

1st horse (in duplicate)	$3,000 each=	$6 000
2nd " " "	$2 000 " "	$4,000
3rd " " "	$1 000 " "	$2 000
Other starters (divided equally)		$4,000
Non-starters " "		$9,000

5000 Tickets at $5 Each.
171 Entries (in duplicate 342 horses)
Drawing June 3rd. Race June 5th, 1889.
Result of each Drawing sent to all subscribers.
Ten per cent deducted from all prizes.
Address, GEORGE CARSLAKE, Prop.,
Mansion House, 522 St. James St., Montreal.
269d6m

J. M. FORTIER,
Wholesale : : Cigar : : Manufacturer,
145 151 ST. MAURICE STREET,
MONTREAL
P. S.—Private Brands for the Jobbing Trade a specialty.

CANADIAN—
—PACIFIC
RAILWAY.
Tuesday, March 12th,
AND EVERY TUESDAY THEREAFTER
—DURING—
MARCH AND APRIL
—WILL RUN—
SETTLERS'—TRAINS
Through without change to
MANITOBA,
North-West Territories,
and British Columbia,
Leaving Toronto Union Depot at 9:00 p. m.
No Customs. No Transfers. No Delays.
Full particulars from any agent of the company,
S. BURROWS,
Agent C P. R., Belleville.
Office—Front St., one door north of Dominion Bank.

Daily Intelligencer.

THE DAILY INTELLIGENCER is published every evening except Sunday, and delivered by careful carriers in all parts of the city for Five Dollars a year, or Fifty Cents a month.

THE WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER is published every Thursday morning, and sent, postpaid, to any address in Canada, the United States or Great Britain for One Dollar a year.

ADVERTISEMENTS, first insertion, 10 cents per nonpareil line; each subsequent consecutive insertion, 5 cents per line; when not inserted every day, 10 cents per line each insertion.

READING MATTER NOTICES, 15 cents per line each insertion.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS, 50 cents each insertion. With notice of funeral added the charge for death notices is $1.

CONTRACTS made for business advertisements for one month or longer at reduced rates.

Remittances, Drafts, Cheques, and Post-Office Orders should be made payable to the order of

INTELLIGENCER PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO'Y (LIMITED),
Belleville, Ont.

Largest Daily Circulation in Belleville.

BELLEVILLE, MONDAY, MAR. 18

A CHANGE OF FRONT.

Globe March 7.
A Liberal Government, were one in power, could not consistently disallow the Act.

Globe, March 15.
We have to repeat with the utmost emphasis, what we have alleged somewhat tentatively hitherto, that *the Jesuit Estates Act should be disallowed.*

Rather a sudden change of front; but the *Globe* paralleled it in the Riel business. What weight can any one attach to the utterances of so bold and callous a turn-coat?

THE HARBOR.

The arrangement which has been made as to the harbor is, as we understand it, a highly advantageous one for the city. The Government having assumed the repair, maintenance and extension of the harbor, the City will be relieved of all responsibility, whilst the necessary works will be proceeded with and the corporation will be given representation on the Board of Commissioners in the person of the Mayor. With good men for Commissioners—and there is every reason to believe that a fitting choice will be made—and an efficient harbor master, there can be no doubt that the change will be largely advantageous to the city.

HULLESS OATS.

The Yankee sharks in this city who are running the oat swindle had a field day on Saturday. Farmers were in the city by the score demanding their notes. By all sorts of artifices they were put off; only those who were determined succeeded. One irate farmer made application to the County Attorney, who has no hesitation in calling the scheme a swindle, and upon proper application will issue a document that will place these swindlers behind the bars. The latest arguments used by this precious pair to dupe the farmers is that they will make a deposit with the Government. When the Government consents to legalize gambling, and only then, will this scheme be legalized by any Government.

The names of many respectable farmers are attached to a fly-sheet which these swindlers are circulating through the country, which says, amongst other things: "To our fellow farmers who engage in this *business* we cheerfully recommend said Company." How respectable, christian farmers could call such a gambling transaction *business*, we cannot conceive; and surely they have not calculated on the wide-spread misery that this scheme is causing. For instance, a poor widow woman named Elizabeth Way, living in Ameliasburg, who is struggling to bring up a family, was induced by the agent who showed the names of these respectable farmers who have endorsed this business of gambling, to sign her name to a note for $200. When she found out the nature of the transaction, which meant simply destruction to her, she came to the city and on Saturday last, under the advice of A. R. Dougall, Esq., Q. C., demanded her note. With the aid of Constable Johnston, who deserves the praise of the community for the action he has taken in the matter, these leeches were compelled to disgorge the note. Another poor widow woman in the same Township who gave her note for $200 was not so successful, Constable Johnston went to-day to J. W. Ross, who held the note, but now says he has not got it and refuses to tell this poor woman to whom he has disposed of it. The name of J. W. Ross appears first on the list of farmers who recommended this *business* of gambling.

EDITORIAL BREVITIES.

"Because Sir John Macdonald won't disallow the Jesuit bill Mowat ought to be turned out and Sir John's lieutenant installed in his place." Such is the new platform of the Ontario Tories.—*Ottawa Free Press.*

Our contemporary sees matters upside down. The situation, as correctly viewed, is this: "Because Mr. Mercier incorporated the Jesuits and passed their bill, Sir John ought to be turned out and his opponents installed in his place, because he would not disallow it although they declare that they could not disallow if they would and would not if they could." Such is the new platform of the Ontario Grits.

The opponents of the Bay Bridge are still active; but they are in their last ditch, and there is no reason to suppose that they will succeed in their attempt to stop the enterprise from being carried out.

SHILOH'S COUGH and Consumption Cure sold by us on a guarantee. It cures consumption. Sold by D. M. Waters.

—The steamer "Lord O'Neill" from Baltimore, which arrived at Glasgow on Thursday, lost four men overboard during the gale on February 26.

AS A PICK-ME-UP after excessive exertion or exposure, Milburn's Beef, Iron and Wine is grateful and comforting.

—The death is announced at Montmagny of a patriarchal *habitant* named Godfroi Letourneau, aged 97. He leaves to survive him fifteen children, seventy-five grandchildren and thirty-five great-grand-children.

SOME SYMPTOMS OF WORMS are:—Fever, colic, variable appetite, restlessness, weakness and convulsions. The unfailing remedy is Dr. Low's Worm Syrup.

SLEEPLESS NIGHTS, made miserable by that terrible cough. Shiloh's Cure is the Remedy for you. Sold by D. M. Waters.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Correspondence.

Whilst correspondents will be accorded space for the expression of their ideas on topics of public interest, it must be in all cases understood that the views so expressed are simply those of the correspondents themselves.

Practical Aid.

The following letter, sent to the Joint Committee, speaks for itself:

BELLEVILLE, Ont., March 14th, 1889

To Joint Committee, Belleville Board of Trade and City Council:

GENTLEMEN,—In order to give your deliberations a nucleus of *fact* as well as theory, I make you the following offer:

I will give a *free deed* with title guaranteed, of a block of *two and one half acres*, with *water frontage* on Bay of Quinte, in Foster Ward, being the south western part of the cricket field, at the end of Wharf street, about 400 yards from the Midland railway on Pinnacle street, and with all facilities for building wharves &c., on the Bay, for the consideration of one dollar. My only condition attached to this proposal is that the block shall be occupied by a factory or factories employing continuously not less then 45 men for a least five years from June next.

This offer open till 1st of June next. I ask your consideration of this matter, believing that the present is the time for *action*, and believing that not merely individual citizens, but the municipality as a whole, can well afford to hold out *substantial* inducements, in the shape of money, land, buildings, and exemptions to those who are able and willing to carry on manufacturing industries here. The railways will *follow* the factories in their own interests.

Yours truly,
(Signed) W. N. PONTON.

To the Editor of the Intelligencer.

DEAR SIR,—Every lover of progress will be pleased to know that something is to be immediately done to boom our beloved City of the Bay. The Board of Trade will not allow our sleepy aldermen to remain torpid whilst enjoying the sweets of office. At a meeting of the Board lately held for the purpose of discussing the best means of encouraging new industries, the Chairman of Finance very courteously and, we think, very wisely laid before the meeting a statement of the city's indebtedness, showing, as he stated, "under any circumstances $548,000." We can understand Mr. Johnson's motive for doing so, for which we give him credit. Supposing that our city debt is a few thousands over half a million, with our resources unlimited, a fast increasing population and wealth of no account, where improved property will pay from two and one-half to five per cent. on an average, over and above insurance, taxes and repairs, and improved property will readily sell for cash for from $50 to $200 per acre—a most desirable place for wealthy and retired gentlemen to settle. The debt at present is only $540 per capita, or say $2,700 for every head of a family. Of course I am not here taking into consideration the number or amount of private mortgages already on city property. Many croakers may object, but I feel confident that voters, by judicious handling, can be easily persuaded to fall in with most any scheme, and Belleville is no exception to that rule. History is continually repeating itself.

A late writer in the INTELLIGENCER calls for a bonus of $100,000. If the principle be a sound one, why do we not make it a half million at once, and have done with it? Of course we have no money at present, and perhaps largely overdrawn in our bank account, but our credit is good, and our property will stand a second mortgage. A storm is brewing amongst confederationists, annexationists and independentists, and Jesuitism, which is now occupying the attention of designing politicians, and pulpit orators may increase it to a tornado. Who knows but that in the great strife of those conflicting elements, an occasion may arise for repudiating our city debt altogether? Let us hope for the best.

Amongst the many speakers at the aforesaid meeting, to my mind Mr G. A. Skinner hit the mark, only the amount named is so trifling—only $50,000, unworthy the name of our glorious city. According to Mr. Skinner's plan, "this amount is to be divided *annually* between a certain number of manufacturers who might be induced to locate in the Bay city" (see report *Ontario*, March 12th) Bravo Skinner! You will observe that the term is indefinite, and in twenty years we will have distributed one million dollars! enough to satisfy any reasonable manufacturer employing 100 men at least. The paltry sum offered by ex Ald. Smeaton, only $10,000, was instantly sat upon—served him right. A word more and I have done for the present. We do hope that our good city fathers, at the distribution of those large sums, will not forget those manufacturing establishments that are already employing many men, and who have built up a profitable business without calling upon the city for a single dollar. I may also include Mr. Campion's axe factory, Mr. Lazier's woollen mill, and the defunct stove foundry, whose trade in former days left its mark in the city.

PROGRESS.

Belleville, March 18th 1889.

Corn Sowing

Is a process conducted by the agency of tight boots all the year around. Corn reaping is best conducted through the agency of Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor, the only safe and sure-pop corn cure. Putnam's Extractor is now widely imitated. Beware of all poisonous and sore producing substitutes.

For lame back, side or chest, use Shiloh's Porous Plaster. Price 25 cents. Sold by D. M. Waters.

—A mare owned in Rockland county, New York, is now forty-four years old. The Michigan stallion Moscow was forty-six when he was killed. Volunteer had nearly completed his thirty fifth year at the time of his death, and was the longest lived among standard bread trotting sires. His grand-sire, Abdallah, was well along in his thirty-second year when the scythe bearer claimed him.

AN INACTIVE or Torpid Liver must be aroused and all bad bile removed. Burdock Pills are best for old or young.

—One of the delegates to a late conference told this story on himself. At one of the hotels a man takes the hats of the guests as they go into the dining-room, and hands each man his hat without hesitation or mistake as he comes out. "How did you know," asked the wondering delegate, "that this was my hat?" "I didn't know it was your hat," was the quick response "I only know it was the hat you guv me."

MINISTERS, LAWYERS, TEACHERS, and others whose occupation give but little exercise, should use Carter's Little Liver Pills for torpid liver and biliousness. One is a dose. Try them.

—The opium smuggling trial has closed at Bismarck, Dak. In the case of Curran, the old man arrested for transporting the opium from Canada to Dakota, the jury disagreed. Curran then pleaded guilty to the charge of facilitating the transportation of the opium but not to intentional wrong doing. The case against Curran was then dismissed. Leonard, the Denver man, to whom the opium was consigned, was sentenced to seven months in the penitentiary. It is believed Curran will furnish evidence which will lead to the arrest of the entire gang.

TOPICS FROM THE CAPITAL

WHAT THE RAILWAY MAIL CLERKS ARE ASKING.

One Probable Outcome of Mrs. Bell's Suit Against Sir Charles Tupper—The Command of the Wimbledon Team.

OTTAWA, March 17.—Sir Charles Tupper leaves for Montreal this afternoon. He will be in Toronto on April 5 to be examined in connection with the arbitration between the Canadian Pacific and the Government. It is altogether likely that Sir Charles will visit the Maritime Provinces before returning to England.

Messrs. Edgar and Purdom, representing the railway mail clerks of Western Ontario, waited upon Postmaster-General Haggart yesterday with a view to securing an improvement in their financial position in the service. They point out that their work is more trying and their hours much more irregular than those of clerks in city post offices, and they ask that their pay be put on an equality with the latter. They would like to be put upon the same basis as the city clerks, and have their mileage allowance done away with. In case this is not done they want their superannuation based not upon their salaries alone but upon salaries and allowances combined. They also ask that the amount deducted monthly from their pay for superannuation fund purposes may be so placed as to form an annuity fund for their widows.

Mr. Bell, husband of the woman whose suit against Sir Charles Tupper ended on Friday night in an intimation from Judge McMahon that she had rendered herself liable to indictment for blackmail and perjury, has for years been employed as sessional messenger in the Commons. He was a witness in the case and was included in the Judge's remarks about the perjury. In consequence of his connection with the case it is understood that Bell's services in the Commons will be dispensed with.

Tenders for corporation advertising were to have been considered at a meeting of the Civic Printing Committee yesterday afternoon, but the aldermen were surprised to find that none had been received. There was no explanation save an unofficial one that the newspapers had combined to send no tenders. The aldermen proved equal to the occasion and in pursuance of their previous determination that for the future they would advertise in only one in place of all four city papers, they recommended to Council that the advertising be given to The Citizen, and that where insertion in two papers was called for by law Le Canada should be given the second choice. Of the committee of eight one favored dividing the spoils equally amongst the four, but the seven argued that the course agreed upon as above was the one best calculated to draw tenders next year.

Another chapter in the Brown failure episode was enacted to-day, when rumors were in wide circulation that he had jumped his bail and left for parts unknown. The police were quite agitated over the matter. It was learned however, from Mr. Wm. Finlay, who is Mr. Brown's bookkeeper and also one of his bondsmen, that that gentleman had merely gone to Metcalfe, a village not far distant, where his brother-in-law resides, and would return in ample time to appear in court on Friday next, when the criminal charge against him comes up on remand. Mr. Brown told an interviewer yesterday that he had no desire to avod trial.

Sydney Smith, jr., chief clerk of the Post Office Department here, left for Toronto this evening on receipt of intelligence that his father, Hon. Sydney Smith, was in a dying condition, there being no hope of his recovery.

There has been no little "kicking" done by some of the military men in the House about the appointment of Lieut.-Col. Bacon to the command of the Wimbledon team. The choice is left to the chairman of the council, and in that capacity Lieut.-Col. Ouimet, Speaker of the Commons, made the choice. The objection is not to Col. Bacon personally, but is on the score that Ottawa has too frequently secured this plum, this making the third time in six years that Ottawa has got the command. Last year the command went to Montreal, and the adjutancy to Ottawa. This year the same two cities get the positions, but in reversed order. The kick comes mainly from the Maritime Provinces. Apart from the matter of territorial representation Col. Bacon's appointment is generally lauded as a handsome compliment to a life-long friend of rifle shooting. It is interesting to note that there are six Ottawa men in the first twenty riflemen eligible for this year's team. There are three Toronto men: Tom Mitchell, R. McVittie and F. W. Curzon, all of the Grenadiers. Other Ontario men in the twenty are Capt. McMicking, 44th, Niagara Falls; Sergt. J. Rolston, 20th B.N.; Paymaster N. S. Russell, 45th; Lieut. J. A. Wilson, 33rd; Lieut. Conboy, 30th; and Staff-Sergt. Ogg, Guelph Field Battery. Staff-Sergt. Ashall, Queen's Own, is sixth on the list of waiting men and will in all likelihood have a chance to go, as several of the first twenty always decline to go.

CANADIAN COPYRIGHT.

The Association's Views Presented to Ministers by the Deputation.

OTTAWA, March 16.—A deputation from the Canadian Copyright Association, consisting of J. Ross Robertson, Dan. A. Rose and J. A. Taylor, had an interview today with Sir John Thompson and Hon. Mr. Carling. Mr. Lowe, Deputy Minister of Agriculture, also being present, concerning the bill now before the House. They submitted to the Government that it was of vital importance that provision should be made in the bill that registration of any work by the author to secure exclusive copyright should be made at Ottawa prior to or simultaneously with the publication of his work elsewhere. That further liberty should be given to all publishers to register works prior to publication, but should the authors also register prior to publication elsewhere, then only the authors' registration would be valid. They claimed that unless such was done the proposed bill would be useless, as otherwise our market would be flooded with American reprints during the three months allowed to publish.

Attention was also called to Chancellor Boyd's decision given last week, by which English editions of Canadian copyright books cannot be imported into Canada, and it was stated that as the law now stands it is offensive to the English publisher and also to the Canadian consumer who wishes a superior edition to the Canadian, so they propose that sec. 6 of our present act be struck out with the exception of the last lines which will then allow importation. Sir John Thompson stated to the deputation that it was the Government's intention to meet as far as possible the wishes of the deputation. In the afternoon the deputation again met Mr. Lowe, when the matter was further discussed.

It is expected the bill will receive its second reading this week.

Incendiary Fires.

WINCHESTER, Va., March 17.—A number of recent attempts of incendiaries culminated early yesterday morning in the destruction by fire of three storehouses, one dwelling house and two stables. Three separate fires were kindled at different times. An attempt was made to fire the building occupied by the United States Express Company. Much excitement prevails in the community over the action of the fire bugs.

The Latest from Hayti.

NEW YORK, March 17.—The steamer Caroline Miller from Cape Haytien brings news of a decisive victory by Hippolyte over Legitime's forces on March 7, at La Celine. Hippolyte was on the field in person.

Mahdists Defeated with Heavy Loss.

CAIRO, March 17.—A messenger who has arrived at Wady-Halfa reports that a battle between the followers of Senoussi and the Mahdists has taken place at Sinan, to the southwest of Bara, and that the former were victorious. Both sides suffered heavy losses. Among the killed were two Mahdist chiefs.

The Weavers' Strike.

FALL RIVER, Mass., March 17.—The first week of the weavers' strike closes without any appreciable change in the situation and the question now settles down to one of endurance.

Frey Wins the Pool Championship.

BROOKLYN, March 16.—Albert Frey won the pool championship of the United States to-night in Brooklyn, defeating James Malone in the final game 300 to 267.

A VERDICT OF NOT GUILTY

BENSON ACQUITTED OF THE MURDER OF HIS WIFE.

It is Said a Son of the Prince of Wales is Soon to Make an Extended Tour of Canada—Andy Maloney Arrested.

MONTREAL, March 16.—The trial of Benson for the murder of his wife, Bridget Doyle, was concluded to-day, when the jury returned a verdict of "not guilty."

The Star to-night says: "It is stated that Sir George Stephen will be accompanied on his return by a son of the Prince of Wales, who will make an extended tour of Canada and the United States."

Andy Maloney was arrested to-day on his arrival in town from Hot Springs. He is charged with the larceny of $14,000 worth of jewelry. Bail was refused and the case fixed for Monday afternoon. Reinholtz, who it is alleged lost the goods in Maloney's gambling house, was a traveler for P. W. Ellis & Co. of Toronto.

Her Brief Dream is O'er.

MONTREAL, March 17.—About three weeks ago the 21-year-old daughter of Mr. Stewart, a wealthy man who resides in one of the suburbs of New York, eloped with her father's coachman, who was exceedingly handsome. The two had carried on furtive flirtations unknown to the young lady's parents and one morning the latter woke up to find their daughter had left the house and that the coachman had also taken flight. Pinkerton detectives were engaged on the case, assiduously worked on it and were successful Friday in locating the pair living together in the little village of Bord a Plouffe. The runaway couple were surprised to be discovered in such an out-of-the-way place but the young lady voluntarily offered to return home with the officer. She was repentant and regretted the step which has caused her parents so much trouble. After saying farewell to the coachman she came to Montreal in charge of the detective and took the first train for home. The man was not proceeded against.

The Negro Exodus From North Carolina.

RALEIGH, N.C., March 17.—The negro exodus from this State is about to take the form of colonization of negroes in Arkansas. The negroes are holding mass meetings almost nightly. Negro orators and preachers of this section are especially active in the matter and issued a circular yesterday calling a meeting to organize the North Carolina Emigration Association for the purpose of securing organized action toward colonizing all the negroes in the State of Arkansas, where they are offered lands for a trifle. The circulars say that the white people don't want them here and they have determined to go. It is complained that the election law, school law, and other laws passed by the last General Assembly were passed to crush them out. They propose to colonize on unoccupied lands in Arkansas and follow agriculture.

Jersey City Officials Indicted.

JERSEY CITY, N.J., March 17.—The grand jury yesterday presented indictments against fourteen members of the Board of Freeholders and four members of the Board of Public Works. The charges in the case of the Freeholders were gross mismanagement of county affairs, wasting public money and general dereliction amounting to misdemeanor. In the case of the Board of Public Works the accused were similarly charged, and in addition it was alleged that they had shown favoritism in giving out contracts, awarding them to persons other than the lowest bidders.

The Last of the Buried Miners Rescued.

MOUNT CARMEL, Pa., March 17.—Peter Nearshalsky, after 50 hours' imprisonment in the Black Diamond colliery, was hoisted to the surface at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon. His appearance was the signal for cheers from thousands of throats, which were heard for miles. He had given up all hopes when his rescuers reached the breast in which he was imprisoned. Strange to say his injuries, aside from nervous prostration, are not serious.

Evarts to Get the English Mission.

NEW YORK, March 17.—A well-known banker of this city, a friend of Senator Sherman and of Senator Evarts, who returned from Washington yesterday, said the President would nominate Senator Evarts for the English mission immediately after the assembling of the Senate to-morrow. This gentleman says he knows from the very highest source that this is a fact; that the President has already offered the place to Senator Evarts and that Senator Evarts has accepted it.

He Speculated in Stocks.

BOSTON, March 17.—Edgar Swan, teller of the City National Bank of Lynn, was locked up yesterday in default of $30,000 bail. He is a self-confessed defaulter, in what amount is not known, the officials declining to make any statement beyond the announcement that the net loss to the bank will be $35,000. Speculation in stocks is the cause of Swan's ruin.

Flagman Hannigan Acquitted.

MAUCH CHUNK, Pa., March 17.—Flagman Hannigan, charged with being responsible for the fatal collision of excursion trains at Mud Run station, was acquitted yesterday afternoon. The jury was out only half an hour. Engineer Major's case will come up for trial Monday.

Insane Over Spiritualism.

SAVANNAH, Ga., March 17. — Charles Naujack, an attendant at the City Hospital, committed suicide yesterday by shooting himself through the head with a horse pistol. He stood in front of a mirror and aimed the pistol. He was believed to be insane over spiritualism.

The Elusive Tascott.

WINNIPEG, March 17.—There is no doubt that a few days ago Tascott, the murderer of Millionaire Snell of Chicago, was in this vicinity. The report that Tascott was captured at Lake Winnipeg was due to the fact of some strangers being seen there. The best inquiries available indicate that the searchers for Tascott have gone to the Pacific coast.

A Raise For This Firm's Puddlers.

POTTSTOWN, Pa., March 17.—The iron puddlers employed by Ellis & Lessig, who are paid according to the price received for iron by the firm, will receive a raise of 25 cents per ton for puddling hereafter. This is the first advance in puddlers' wages in the Schuylkill valley for several years.

Scranton's Peril.

SCRANTON, Pa., March 17.—Eight chambers in the 14-foot vein and those directly above it in the rock vein of the Central Colliery Company have caved in and the crush is still in progress. The damage that may ensue cannot be determined as the cave-in is almost in the very center of the Hyde Park section of the city.

No Export Duty on Iron Ore For Sweden.

STOCKHOLM, March 17.—The first chamber of the Diet has rejected the bill for the imposition of an export duty on iron ore. The bill had before been rejected by the second chamber.

The Prohibition Defeat in New Hampshire.

CONCORD, N.H., March 17.—Complete returns from all but one place show that all the constitutional amendments are adopted except the prohibitory amendment and that striking the word "Protestant" from the bill of rights. The vote on the latter was: Yes, 27,989; no, 20,880—not the required two-thirds in its favor. The prohibitory amendment was defeated by a vote of 25,273 yeas to 30,774 nays.

Patriotic League Plots Revealed.

PARIS, March 17.—The police have made further searches of the residences of members of the Patriotic League. It is reported they have seized papers showing that a plan had been matured for a descent by members of the league upon the Palais Bourbon where the sessions of the legislative chambers are held and the Elysee, the residence of the president.

THE DEADLY CIGARETTE.

An Insignificant Looking Thing Which Gets There Just the Same.

There seems to be in the human economy an imperative demand for either stimulants or sedatives. Indeed, the use of one requires the other. If the use of tobacco or any other narcotic depresses the nervous system, there needs a stimulant to restore the equilibrium, and vice versa. The demand for and the use of tobacco has increased remarkably during the last decade, until now it has become almost universal in our country. It is estimated that of 1000 men 950 use tobacco. If it were possible to estimate the depression of the nervous system, and the loss of heart power produced by the narcotine and the carbon-monoxide, in terms of pounds, we might be able also to estimate the quantity of alcohol needed to restore the normal standard. That good tobacco, used in moderation and at the time when the circulation and nervous action are increased (as after eating), can do little harm may be conceded, but the trouble arises from the fact that tobacco and alcohol are taken at all times, without regard to the physical or nervous condition and when the accomodating or eliminating power of the system is feeble. As with many other things, the harm from tobacco or alcohol, lies not in use but abuse, and the results of this abuse may be found in the enfeebled condition of the nervous system. But while we condone the moderate use of good tobacco we have no words of condemnation strong enough for the use of the cigarette, that abomination of the present day. The contents of the cigarette is generally found to be of imperfectly prepared poor tobacco, in which is a large quantity of nicotine, strongly impregnated with opium, stramonium or belladonna, while the wrapper is the ordinary quality of paper, whitened by arsenic. The use of this must surely create in the smoker a habit of using opium. Aside from these adulterations, the evil of cigarette smoking arises from the inhalation of the carbon-monoxide, which is so extremely poisonous on account of its strong affinity for the hæmoglobin of the blood. Almost all cigarette smokers inhale and force through the nasal passages the smoke; the narcotine and carbon monoxide is absorbed by the delicate membrane and produces its effects on the system. No stronger argument against this method of smoking could be found than in the numberless cases of broken-down nervous systems among our boys and young men. We have seen many instances of "tobacco heart" among boys of twelve or fifteen years. The presence of amblyopia, which is substantially an affection of the optic nerve, is becoming more prevalent, and is due to the inhalation of tobacco smoke. A celebrated physician declares that he can name seventy different diseases, some of them incurable, which are the result of the use of tobacco. This may be an exaggeration, but it is absolutely certain that many an obscure affection of the nervous system is the result of its abuse.
—Ex.

FOR NETTLE RASH, Summer Heat and general toilet purposes, use Low's Sulphur Soap

WILL YOU SUFFER with Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint? Shiloh's Vitalizer is guaranteed to cure you. Sold by D. M. Waters.

NEVER ALLOW the bowels to remain constipated lest serious evil ensue. National Pills are unsurpassed as a remedy for constipation.

Only One Cent!
Only One Cent!

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

FURNITURE FOR SALE—A young couple giving up house-keeping would sell their furniture at a great reduction Anyone starting housekeeping would secure a bargain. For particulars address box 825, Belleville.

POOL TABLE, and all the fixtures, for sale. Is in first class order. Apply at Hub Hotel, Front Street, Belleville. 263d2w

APARTMENTS TO LET.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

BOARD AND ROOMS.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

HOUSES TO LET.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

FOR SALE or TO LET, the House formerly occupied by J. H. Simpson, Commercial Street Possession given immediately. Apply to P. R. PALMER 263d3m

LOST AND FOUND.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

LIVE STOCK.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

TO LET.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

WANTED.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

WANTED—Intelligent, well educated boy to learn Telegraphing. Apply at the office of the Rathbun Co., Bridge St. 269d3t

WANTED.—An agent wanted to buy and sell the "World" Type Writer in Belleville. Agents wanted throughout Canada. Address The Type Writer Improvement Co., No. 4, Post Office Square, Boston, Mass. 269d3t

SALESMEN—We wish a few men to sell our goods by sample to the wholesale and retail trade. Large manufacturers in our line. Enclose 2-cent stamp. Wages $3 per day. Permanent position. No postals answered. Money advanced for wages, advertising, etc. CENTENNIAL MAN'F'G CO, CINCINNATI, OHIO. 245d30teod

DOMESTICS WANTED.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

GENERAL SERVANT WANTED—at once. Apply to MRS. J. A. MARSHALL, Queen St. 271d4t

COOK WANTED—immediately. Apply at City Hotel.—D. COYLE. 269d1w

SITUATIONS WANTED.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

MECHANICS WANTED.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

Feather Dusters

A full assortment of American Split Turkey Feather Dusters.

-F. CHARLES CLARKE,-
CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST.
Telephone 188. Front Street.

PAINLESS EFFECTUAL
BEECHAM'S PILLS
THE GREAT ENGLISH MEDICINE
WORTH A GUINEA A BOX

For Bilious and Nervous Disorders, such as Wind and Pain in the Stomach, Sick Headache, Giddiness, Fulness, and Swelling after Meals, Dizziness and Drowsiness, Cold Chills, Flushings of Heat, Loss of Appetite, Shortness of Breath, Costiveness, Scurvy, Blotches on the Skin, Disturbed Sleep, Frightful Dreams, and all Nervous and Trembling Sensations, &c. THE FIRST DOSE WILL GIVE RELIEF IN TWENTY MINUTES. This is no fiction. Every sufferer is earnestly invited to try one Box of these Pills, and *they will be acknowledged to be a Wonderful Medicine.*—"Worth a guinea a box."—BEECHAM'S PILLS, taken as directed, will quickly *restore females* to complete health. For a

WEAK STOMACH; IMPAIRED DIGESTION; DISORDERED LIVER;

they ACT LIKE MAGIC:—*a few doses* will work wonders upon the Vital Organs; Strengthening the muscular System; restoring long-lost Complexion; bringing back the keen edge of appetite, and arousing with the ROSEBUD OF HEALTH the *whole physical energy* of the human frame. These are "facts" admitted by thousands, in all classes of society, and one of the best guarantees to the Nervous and Debilitated is that BEECHAM'S PILLS HAVE THE LARGEST SALE OF ANY PATENT MEDICINE IN THE WORLD. Full directions with each Box.

Prepared only by THOS. BEECHAM, St. Helens, Lancashire, England.

Sold by Druggists generally.

EVANS & SONS, [LIMITED], Montreal,
Sole Agents for the Dominion of Canada.

MILLINERY
OPENING
—AT—
A. N. Reid & Co's
THURSDAY & FRIDAY,
MARCH 21st and 22nd,

When we will show all the latest novelties in Paris and American Pattern Hats and Bonnets, Silks, Dress Materials, Trimmings and Mantles.

All are cordially invited

A. N. REID & CO.

--SPRING OPENING--
—AT—
GEORGE RITCHIE & CO'S.
On Friday, the 22nd of March,

the Show Rooms will be opened for the exhibition of Pattern Millinery and Mantles, with other seasonable and fashionable goods.

MISS IRWIN has now charge of the Show Rooms, and extends a cordial invitation to all.

Beautiful and rich goods will be shown, at very moderate prices.

GEO. RITCHIE & CO.

---Millinery .:. Opening---
—AT—
BRIGNALL & THOMPSON'S.
Wednesday, March the 20th.

When we shall be prepared to exhibit, as usual, a magnificent stock of Imported Millinery, Mantles, Silks and Dress Materials.

BRIGNALL & THOMPSON.

CLEARING--SALE
—OF ALL—
BOOTS AND SHOES

Damaged by Fire and Water. Over $5,000 worth at less than half regular price.

A. W. VERMILYEA & SON.

NEW SEASON'S TEAS,
FRESH GROUND COFFEES,
Handsome Presents Given Away
—AT—
STROUD .:. BROS.,
Front Street, Belleville,
and at Montreal, Ottawa, Kingston and Toronto.

RUBBER STAMPS! Send your name and address, with 30 cents, to the "ONTARIO CARD CO.," Belleville, Ont., and get a Pearl Pen and Pencil Stamp, complete.

NEW
SPRING
GOODS.

Bought very early and bought very cheap.

NEW PRINTS,
NEW TABLINGS,
NEW COTTONS,
NEW STEAMLOOMS,
NEW DRESS GOODS,
NEW EMBROIDERIES,
NEW SHIRTINGS,
NEW CRETONNES,
NEW SCRIMS,
NEW UNDERWEAR,
NEW TWEEDS,

See the new. They are better and cheaper than the old.

JAS. W. DUNNET.

GLASGOW WAREHOUSE
Belleville, Feb 12, 1889

Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, MONDAY, MAR 18

MERE MENTION.

CITY Council will meet this evening.

A LOT of purses at reduced prices at Geen's Drug Store.

A FLOCK of five wild geese were seen near the city recently.

THE Executive committee will meet at 7 o'clock this evening.

ON Friday next Messrs. Geo. Ritchie & Co. will have their spring opening.

THE flag on the post office was flying yesterday in honor of St. Patrick's Day.

MEN were engaged to-day in cutting the ice from around the piers at the upper bridge.

ONE prisoner, a drunk, and four tramps were taken care of by the police on Saturday night.

MESSRS. Brignall & Thompson announce their spring opening on Wednesday next, March 20th.

MESSRS. A. N. Reid & Co.'s millinery spring opening will take place on Thursday and Friday next.

IF you have a cough or cold go at once to Geen's Drug Store and buy a bottle of Holden's Expectorant.

THE remains of the late E. W. Perry arrived from Toronto to-day at noon and were interred in the cemetery here.

A NUMBER of students belonging to Albert College conducted religious services on the corner of Campbell and Front streets yesterday afternoon.

EVANGELISTIC services will be conducted by the Young People's Association of Bridge St. church this evening. Three gospel addresses will be given.

MRS. McINES, who resides on North Front street, has had a number of pickets taken off her fence by school children attending the Grier street school.

A CONCERT will take place in the Opera House on the 26th inst. in aid of the fife and drum band of the city. An excellent programme has been provided.

ALL DISORDERS CAUSED by a bilious state of the system can be can be cured by using Carter's Little Liver Pills. No pain, griping or discomfort attending their use. Try them.

THE name of Mr. A. R. Dougall, Q. C., 1st vice chairman of the Belleville branch of the Imperial Federation League, was accidentally omitted from the list of those who occupied places on the platform at the lecture on Friday evening.

COLD wet weather is very hard on sufferers from Neuralgia troubles, and to those Dyer's Quinine and Iron Wine is strongly recommended, it is palatable, easily assimilated, and can be safely taken by the weakest invalid. W. A. Dyer & Co., Montreal.

PROBABILITIES.

TORONTO, March 17.—East to north winds; mostly fair; a little lower temperatures. Showers in a few places.

School Committee.

The Sites, Building and Repairs committee of the Board of Education this afternoon visited the various schools of the city, for the purpose of ascertaining what was required the present year, in the way of maintaining the schools.

A Popular Instrument.

A new scale Upright Pianoforte recently completed by Messrs. Newcombe & Co., Toronto, is affording much satisfaction. It fills the requirements of a reliable instrument by a first class maker at a figure within the reach of all. Write them for particulars.

TEMPERATURE.

As Registered by Dr. Bell's Self-Registering Thermometer.

SUNDAY, March 17.
Maximum 46; minimum 30.
Barometer 30 10.

MONDAY, March 18.
Maximum 47; minimum 30.
Barometer 30.02.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

"Truth Crushed to Earth will rise." So will biscuit and bread made with Imperial Cream Tartar Baking Powder. It is the only reliable.

The Jesuit Question.

The Rev. A. Browning, during his sermon last evening, read portions of the constitution of the Jesuit Society and commented on the same. The constitution, as read, was a source of no small interest and suppressed indignation.

G. T. R. Notes.

Passenger traffic at present is very brisk. All the trains being well laden.

Freight business is also very brisk, the mixed this morning being behind time on this account.

Two car loads of household goods left here this evening for the Northwest. Two car loads also came from Shannonville, and three from Napanee, all bound for the same place.

Ministerial Association.

At the meeting of the above Association this morning, the committee appointed produced the resolutions of the Toronto Association on the Jesuit question, recommending their adoption by this meeting. The sense of the members was, that the Toronto resolutions, whilst good, are not definite and forcible enough for the crisis through which we are passing, and the Rev. Messrs. Browning and George were requested to frame original resolutions for the meeting on Monday next, the 25th inst.

To-morrow Night.

The musical part of the programme at the anniversary of the Bridge Street Sunday School to-morrow evening is to be conducted by the following musicians: Chorister and Conductor—Mr. A. E. Wensley. Pianist—Miss Minnie Higinbotham. Orchestra—Leader, Prof. Riggs; Cornet, R. Bland; 1st Violin, Mr. L. B. Lazier; 2nd Violin, Mr. P. C. Jones, Mr. T. Coleman; Flute, Mr. W. H. Johnson; Clarionet, H. Borbridge; Cello, Mr. C. Turner; Trombone, Mr. J. Borbridge; Bass, Mr. J. Weese.

Gone South.

The Winnipeg *Free Press* of the 13th inst. says:—"Mr. J. N. Yeomans and family, who have lived in this city for about twelve years, leave to-morrow morning for the south. During his residence here Mr. Yeomans has been highly esteemed by all who knew him and his departure will be greatly regretted, especially by the congregation of Grace church, of which he was a prominent member. They go to Minneapolis and from there to Omaha, at both of which places Mr. Yeomans has been offered good positions."

A New Problem.

The New York *World* claims to have solved the problem of the "Pigs in Clover," and tells how the thing should be done, as follows: "Take the puzzle in one hand, after placing the pigs in the outer circle at a point 45 degrees from the entrance to the pen. Keep the box as level as possible. Gently and steadily shake it to and fro, being careful to have the opening of the pen in a direct line with the movement. No matter how the marbles may begin running, persevere, and in a few seconds they will gather in a bunch, and run into the pen as if driven there. Try it and see."

Police Court.

MONDAY, March 18th.

DRUNK.

James Bowler was discharged, this being his first offence.

WIFE BEATING.

The case of James McCarthy was brought up, but owing to Mrs. McCarthy being unable to appear, was further laid over until Wednesday.

PERJURY.

The case of Jones Phillips, charged with perjury, was again before the magistrate this morning for judgment. After some arguments by the counsel, witnesses for the defence were heard, at the conclusion of which the case was dismissed.

Personal.

Dr. Ridley is confined to his house by illness.

Mr. F. G. Lockett left to day for Boston to visit his aged mother, who is very ill.

Mr. John Bright has taken a fresh cold, and has suffered another relapse.

The condition of Hon. J. H. Pope is critical, and very little hope of his recovery is entertained.

Mr. Albert Wensley leaves for British Columbia on Wednesday next.

Mr. Jas. Dolan, son of Mr. Frank Dolan, of this city, has secured the position of house surgeon in a private hospital in Bay City, Mich. We wish the young man success.

Mr. Brown, of the Deseronto Navigation Co'y, was in the city to-day. He says the Company have had all their boats overhauled, and will probably run their popular excursions again this season. They hope to start their first boat by the second week in April.

District Intelligence.

The Bay Quinte is open at the upper gap and the ice is reported weak in all parts. An early opening of navigation is confidently looked for.

A considerable number of farmers in North Fredericksburgh formed a club recently for the sale of their barley, about 9,000 bushels in all, says the *Beaver*. By offering in quantity and paying strict attention to cleaning they obtain some advantage in price. After considerable negotiations a sale was closed with Downey & Co. at figures graded according to weight, and some of the parties are realizing as high as 54 cents.

On Monday a large car wheel fell and struck William Stuart of the machine shop, Deseronto, temporarily incapacitating him from duty.

A new county is proposed to be composed of the townships of Montague, Marlboro, Bastard and town of Smith's Falls, with Smith's Falls as the county town.

James Johnson, Picton, went to Watertown in search of his sixteen-year-old boy, who stole over a hundred dollars from his father and then ran away. He found at Watertown that he had purchased a ticket for Memphis, Missouri, where he has relatives.

Picton and district generally is agitated by the mysterious disappearance of Mr. Walter Short, baker, of that town. On Thursday of last week he drove to Deseronto with Mr. Hicks on the mail stage and took his dinner at the hotel. Before leaving Picton he said he was going for a drive to Deseronto and would be back right away, and on the trip over he appeared to be in good spirits. He told the driver of the stage after dinner that if he could not find him at the hour of departure for Picton not to wait for him, as he would drive over himself or hire a livery team for that purpose. Nothing has been seen of him since that time.

Terminated in Death.

ODESSA, Ont., Mar. 17.—Edward Shultz, about 45, married, was employed in Rothwell's shanty at Little Lake, two and a half miles south east of Odessa. On Friday, the 8th, himself and a man named Heath, working together, felled an elm which lodged in an ash. The ash snapped, one of the top limbs skimming Schultz's face and breaking his shoulder. He died this morning from his injuries.

CROUP, WHOOPING COUGH and Bronchitis immediately relieved by Shiloh's Cure. For sale by D. M. Waters.

ST. PATRICK'S DAY.

Special Services in St. Michael's Church.

Yesterday being the anniversary of the patron saint of Ireland, the occasion was celebrated by the Irish in this city by special services in the St. Michael's church last evening, and a discourse on St. Patrick by Father Conley. Grand Vespers were sang with orchestral accompaniments, Messrs. W. Lalonde, J. O Rourke, and R. Blaind assisting the choir. "O Salutaris" was admirably rendered by Miss Downs. Lambillotti's "Tantum Ergo" was also rendered. National airs were executed by organ and orchestra.

Rev. Father Conley in his remarks said it was still in dispute as to what nationality the patron saint of Ireland belonged; some say he was a Scotchman, while others claim that he was a Frenchman. Whatever his origin was it was a noble one. If he was a Frenchman, they have a grand history, and are proud of it. If he descended from the Scotch, they also are a noble class of people. At the age of sixteen years he was carried off a captive and made a slave for some years in Ireland. During these years he was subjected to severe trials and temptations, but God sanctified them, and his heart was full of love to his heavenly father. The time of his deliverance came, and he escaped from his master. He had a vision and in that vision he saw the Irish people on the western shore in great need. After spending fifteen years in preparation for his noble work he was ordained a bishop. He was sent from Rome, the eternal city. He went forth stamped with the figure of infinity, and to day we celebrate the memory of him who was a benefactor to our race, and his name should be cherished with veneration. At the age of 47 he set his foot in Ireland. He traversed the whole of the Emerald Isle, and thousands flocked to hear him. People were then worshipping their idols, which he caused to be cast away; schools were established and people converted. He endured toil and suffering for the cause in which he was engaged. Surely divine power was exercised in his behalf. Ireland, throughout her troubles, has, however, remained true to her patron saint. Ireland's sons, he said, were conspicuous in every walk of life. The speaker here grew eloquent in portraying the many many battles in which the sons of Erin had been engaged in. Ireland has seen sad events, but she has clung to Rome as the centre of the unity, and Rome has clung to Ireland. Wherever the sons of Erin went they carried with them the fame of St. Patrick. The children of the green isle are scattered by Providence for a wise purpose, they are as good seed scattered upon the earth. He admonished the young men to stand firm to the Irish cause, be true to Almighty God, be true to their rulers, be faithful to the church and listen to her teachings. We must love this country. Love of country is an instinct from God; hence we should never forget it. When dying, St. Patrick said "My body to Ireland, my heart to Rome, and my soul to God."

At the close a collection was taken up for the benefit of the hospital. The offering was large.

TORONTO TOPICS.

A Coroner's Jury Censures the Grand Trunk—Provincial Appointments.

TORONTO, March 18.—The coroner's jury which investigated the death of James Bracken, the fireman on the Northern Railway who was scalded to death the other day, returned a verdict of accidental death, with a rider attached blaming the company for not thoroughly inspecting the engine before sending her out. No blame was attached to the engine driver.

The following appointments are officially announced: Arthur W. Coe of Madoc, in the County of Hastings, to be clerk of the Sixth Division Court of Hastings, vice Dr. Loomis, deceased; Edward D. Hand of Fenelon Falls, in the County of Victoria, to be clerk of the Second Division Court, vice George Cunningham, resigned; Homer Stills of Cornwall, in the County of Stormont, to be a bailiff of the Third Division Court; W. H. McDougall of Alliston, in the County of Simcoe, to be bailiff of the Eighth Division Court, vice F. M. Woodcock.

Letter patents have been issued incorporating the Wallaceburg Electric Light Company, the Utterson Lumber Company, the Ontario Terra Cotta Brick and Sewer Company.

Late Saturday night Inspector Stephen visited a vacant house on the northeast corner of Victoria and Richmond-streets and there seized 35 dozens of beer, which he had removed to headquarters. So far no owner has turned up for it, but the police think that had the stuff been left undisturbed an ex-hotel-keeper in the vicinity might have come in on the deal.

Ellen Witouski is in the General Hospital and Jane Harding is at Police Headquarters with a charge of felonious wounding registered against her, of which the fair Ellen is the victim. On Saturday night Ellen paid a visit to Jane at the latter's residence, No. 119 Jarvis-street. A quarrel arose and Jane ordered her visitor out. The latter declined to go and Jane seized a kettle of boiling water and poured it over her enemr. Witouski's condition is somewhat serious.

Peter Glenn, a farmer from Markham township, put up at the Commercial Hotel on Friday night last. Saturday morning seeing nothing of him at breakfast, the proprietor forced open the room, to find the gas escaping at a high rate of speed and Glenn insensible on the bed. The ambulance took him to the General Hospital where he is slowly progressing back to life.

A week ago yesterday "Billy" Urje, better known as "Pig's-foot Bill," from his peddling these succulent dainties, got into a dispute with a friend whose name he refuses to furnish to the police, in the course of which he was stabbed in the head. He neglected the wound until Saturday, when his condition became such as to necessitate his removal to the General Hospital.

At the General Sessions on Saturday John Martin, the expressman who stole a quantity of goods from a Front-street wholesale house, was sent to the Central Prison for two months. Thomas Hope, the seed wheat swindler, freely acknowledged his guilt and showed that he had made arrangements to recoup all those whom he had defrauded. He was allowed to go on giving bonds in the sum of $1000 to appear for sentence when called on. H. W. Simmons, found guilty on two charges of stealing from the trunks of fellow boarders, was given three years in the Penetentiary.

As Robert and William Parker were passing Fred Roberts & Co.'s jewelry store at 186 Queen-street west at 2.30 yesterday afternoon they saw a hard-looking man fumbling among the cases. They stopped to investigate, when the man disappeared. They ran around to the rear in time to see two men making off up the lane. They started in pursuit but had to give it up, afterwards reporting the matter to the Agnes-street Station. Policemen Tripp, Stewart and Martin proceeded to Mr. Robert's store immediately and were agreeably surprised to find the two men again in the place. Determined to make a haul they had returned just in time for the officers to catch them. At the station they gave their names as John and Patrick Doyle, and their address as the Model Lodging House. They have already served a term in prison for larceny. A number of gold rings and a silver watch were found on them.

Ex-Policeman Jarvis, who arrested Rev. F. W. Wilson because he would not move on, has been committed for trial, with his two brothers, on a charge of having, at Schomberg, Ont., brutally assaulted Robt. Hersey, a drover, who resides at Weston.

THAT HACKING COUGH can be so quickly cured by Shiloh's Cure. We guarantee it. For sale by D. M. Waters.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria

A COLOSSAL INSTITUTION.

Very few of the many people who everywhere see and read the advertisements of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, Pleasant Purgative Pellets and Favorite Prescription, know that the Doctor, whose name is so used as the trade mark and guarantee of efficiency, is at the head of one of the most reliable and carefully systematized medical institution in the world. It is located in the City of Buffalo, where, in separate, though adjoining buildings of giant proportions, invalids are received and cared for, and his far-famed medicines manufactured and packed for shipment.

The establishment is known to the whole civilized world as the World's Dispensary and Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute; and some little idea of the magnitude of its operations may be gathered from the significant fact that contracts with Eight Thousand Newspapers supply the public with advertisements of its universally admitted excellence as health resort, and also of time-attested virtues of its curatives. Two hundred and fifty operatives daily lend their utmost effort to the good work, and under a system of perfect discipline which makes a visit to the Hotel and Dispensary a matter of pleasure and astonishment.

The Hotel structure is the first one inspected by the visitor and presents a picture and fulfillment of solid comfort and luxury which almost engender a distaste for robust health and a desire to convalesce in in the midst of such luxurious surroundings, for all time to come. Splendidly decorated and elegantly furnished Reception and Reading-rooms and parlors, together with handsome offices and wide halls, grace the ground floor, which is surmounted by an array of superbly equipped sleeping apartments, Turkish Baths, Ladies' Parlors, and all the numberless features that go together to create a veritable Palace of Health and Comfort. Eighteen prominent physicians and surgeons are in permanent attendance.

By the time that the visitor reaches the open passageway which connects the Hotel and Surgical Institute with the World's Dispensary building, he will have become inured to the elegancies of the establishment and be in condition to express no surprise at anything he may see. He, however, will certainly see and hear enough to astonish anyone unacquainted with the minutiæ of this noble institution.

On the fifth floor we find the immense Laboratory, peopled with careful chemists and an army of assistants actively engaged in the preparation of the "Golden Medical Discovery," "Favorite Prescription," and other world-famed preparations, which are transmitted by a perfect system of tubing to the bottling and packing department in the great basement of the structure. Leaving the Laboratory, you see everywhere the matchless swiftness and dexterity of skilled labor, and listen to the song of ponderous steam-pounders, grinders, crushers and mixers. Fourteen large printing presses, and innumerable folding, pasting and trimming machines, that yield ready obedience to the fingers of scores of young ladies who conduct this industry as a means of comfortable livelihood, assured them on a basis of short hours and good pay, are also marked features of the establishment.

The career of Dr. Pierce shows just how rapidly and surely a man can mount the rocky steep of success when the dual forces of *perseverance* and *skill* are always at his command.

This grand institution as it stands to-day, an honor to the science of medicine and surgery and a blessing to suffering humanity, is one that every citizen of the State has a perfect and legitimate right to feel a pride and interest in. It is a *great enterprise* and is skillfully performing a *great work*, and we honor ourselves in recommending its many excellencies to public attention and inspection.

The Haffield Murder Trial.

WINNIPEG, March 17.—The medical testimony in the Haffield murder trial yesterday supported the theory that Mrs. Haffield died from suffocation after falling against the house. Counsel for the defence had not finished addressing the jury when the court rose.

McGarigle, the Chicago boodler, leaves shortly for Toronto. He speaks of the Weldon Extradition Bill in contemptuous terms and says it would not affect his case.

Cordial Reception of the Pilgrims.

NEW YORK, March 17.—The Catholic News has received this cablegram from Rome: "The pilgrims will be received by the Pope Monday. Yesterday morning the leader of the pilgrims, Very Rev. Charles A. Vissani, O. S. F., was received by Cardinal Rampolla, Papal Secretary of State. The Vatican authorities gave him a cordial welcome and expressed themselves pleased at the visit of the Americans."

INTERESTING ITEMS BY WIRE.

All is quiet in Samoa.

The total amount subscribed at New York to the Chinese famine fund to date is $13,000.

The Chicago Republican City Convention Saturday renominated John A. Roche for Mayor.

Right Rev. Winan Michael Wiggar, Bishop of Newark, N. J., is ill at Rome with pneumonia.

Methundy & Meyer, lumber dealers at St. Louis, have assigned, liabilities not known. Assets $248,500.

The Chicago Democrats have nominated for Mayor Dewitt C. Creiger, who was Commissioner of Public Works under Mayor Carter Harrison.

There was a $25,000 fire in the Architectural Iron Works of Campbell & Van Tassell, on West Thirty-third-street, New York, Saturday.

The British Channel squadron has arrived at Tangiar to support England's claims regarding the cable and other matters. The fleet will not depart until the Sultan's reply has been given.

Governor Wilson of West Virginia has decided to call an extraordinary session of the Legislature about June 1 next, to settle the gubernatorial muddle, and to … on certain other legislation.

Russell B. Harrison, son of President Harrison, has purchased an interest in Frank Leslie's Weekly from W. J. Arkell of Judge and will take charge of the western end of the business.

The Duke of Cambridge, commander of the forces, has issued a royal warrant, declaring the Queen is convinced of the Honorable Artillery Company's loyalty, and restoring to the Company its ancient privileges.

Ex-President Cleveland made his first public appearance as a private citizen at the 105th anniversary of the Friendly Sons of St. Patrick in New York Saturday night. He respondad to the toast. "The United States."

Stop that Cough.

Many people neglect what they call a simple cold, which, if not checked in time, may lead to Lung trouble. *Scott's Emulsion of Pure Cod Liver Oil, with Hypophosphites*, will not only stop the cough but heal the lungs. Endorsed by thousands of physicians. Palatable as milk. Try it. Sold by all Druggists at 50c. and $1.00.

DYSPEPSIA IN ITS WORST FORMS will yield to the use of Carter's Little Nerve Pills, aided by Carter's Little Liver Pills. They not only relieve present distress but strengthen the stomach and digestive apparatus.

CATARRH CURED, health and sweet breath secured, by Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy Price 50 cents. Nasal Injector free. For sale by D. M. Waters.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

The License Question.

ABLE SPEECH BY MR. WOOD IN THE LEGISLATURE.

TORONTO, March 15.

Mr. Wood said that in discussing the motion of the Hon. member for London (Mr. Meredith) he wished to do so in a fair and impartial manner. He believed that every law placed by the Legislature on the statute books should have a fair trial, and he thought the Crooks Act had been sufficiently long before the country by which an intelligent opinion could be given of the manner in which it had accomplished the object of its promoters. He had to complain of the manner in which the supporters of the Government had met the objections advanced from the Opposition side of the House. "We do not," said the speaker, "complain of the Act. Not a single speaker on this side has brought a charge of that character. I believe it to be one of the best Acts of the kind on the statute books of any country, as the Act now stands, with the amendments that have been made from time to time, and so far as I could I aided in trying to make the law in all its provisions workable and effective in the interests of temperance and morality." (Hear hear.) But, the speaker said, again and again had hon. members on the Government side during this debate risen in their places and charged us with hostility to the Act itself. This was most unfair. What the Opposition did complain of—what they had a right to complain of—was the manner in which it was administered by the present Government and its officials. (Loud applause.) A good deal had been said with reference to cases of flagrant breaches of the law, by members who spoke from personal knowledge in their own constituencies; he would ask the attention of the House for a few minutes to what had come under his personal knowledge, and he again repeated his desire to discuss the question in a fair spirit, for no party advantage that could be gained would justify a perversion of truth, or condone an injury wilfully inflicted on the efforts that were being put forth in this Province in the cause of temperance. The Scott Act was not in force in his County, and hence his remarks, so far as local knowledge was concerned, would apply to the working of the Crooks Act. This Act was first passed some 18 years ago, and had been repeatedly amended as circumstances had shown the necessity therefor. Commissioners had been appointed; at first one of these would be a Conservative, but even that semblance of non-partyism had been dropped. An Inspector was appointed in his riding; the first Inspector was in office to-day. He had no charges to bring against the character of these gentlemen; they were respectable men, so far as he knew them. At first while there was some novelty in initiating and carrying out a new law, there was a degree of zeal evinced that in itself was commendable, but that had all passed away. The duties were discharged in the most unsatisfactory manner. By this, (said the speaker) I mean there is no zeal shown in seeing that only proper persons are licensed; that the inspection is formal; that there is a general laxity, and so far from the law being made a terror to evil doers, it is often a cover to the worst kind of acts that shelter themselves under the licensed traffic in strong drink. (Applause.)

And who are responsible for this state of things? Who appoint the Commissioners? Whose officer is the Inspector? Who regulate the license fees? Who collects the license money? And who are trying to take credit for being, as above all other men, the great defenders of the temperance cause in this Province? Why the present Government of Ontario. (Loud applause.) An honorable member in the course of the debate had said that in his county seven-eighths of those engaged in the traffic were Conservatives. Such was not the case in his riding. A large majority were Reformers. But this had nothing to do with the question, except it could be shown that the political leanings of the applicants for license had something to do with the favors granted by the officials. Of his personal knowledge he was not prepared to make such charges, but this he did know, that it changes were applied for—new licenses asked for—it was not considered necessary to get up petitions from the people, but to get the influence of parties who were strongly identified politically with the present powers that administer law. (Applause). And this system was not confined to his Riding. It was the mode of procedure in every Riding in his county. Nay, more, he believed it was the mode adopted in every Riding in the Province, and with the consent of the head of the department, who has for so long a period had this under his control, and for which the Government, as a whole, must be responsible. (Applause). "The facts are," said the speaker, "beyond doubt that the administration of the law, instead of being kept entirely free from improper influences, had become a part of the political machinery by which honorable members occupying the treasury benches often rewarded their friends by appointments to office and often, I believe,—and I say it because I believe it—made the machinery by which undue influence has been brought to bear upon parties engaged in the traffic. (Applause.) During the elections in 1883 I spoke to the Inspector in my riding with reference to his vote." He was kind enough to express his confidence in me personally, but added, "you know, Mr. Wood, I must support the Government nominee. I do not blame the Inspector. I am not making the statement for that purpose, but only to show how far the political influence extends."

He said it was time that an effort was being made to enforce the law in some other way. In all Scott Act counties the concensus of public opinion was that the law was not enforced. Again and again, as he had visited different sections of the Province, had he heard the expression, "The administration of the Scott Act is a farce." This was not the mere accident of circumstances, but he had heard an Inspector in a Scott Act county say: "Our actions are not prompted by direct instructions, but by the political pressure brought to bear upon us, and the best we can do is to make the tavern keepers pay a good, large license fee." (Applause.) Now should this state of things continue? Are they likely under the present administration to get better? Is it not far more likely they will get worse? Already has a state of demoralization set in in the management of the traffic and the sooner a new departure is made the better. It is by no means an easy matter to decide what course to pursue. One thing seems certain and positively necessary, and that is it must be taken out of the hands of the politicians. (Applause.) "Personally," said the speaker, "I would rather trust the County Council to enforce the law. You would be nearer the people. The enforcement would come more under the attention of those interested, and who could bring the officials to account for any dereliction of duty, with little trouble. Give the County Councils control of the revenue, regulated if you please, by statute law, as to the maximum and minimum fee they would be allowed to charge for licenses. Let them appoint the officials and see them properly paid and I believe you will secure a better administration than at present. In the County of Hastings, composed of thirty-five representatives, you have a body of men quite equal to the occasion. Already they have the management of several officers, who have the management of several hundred miles of gravel road and several hundred bridges free from toll, and a more careful, prudent and effective Executive cannot be found in any Municipal Government in the province. I would not be afraid to trust them with this increased power, and I believe they would, have the confidence of a large majority of the people; I am not afraid to trust the people, and the nearer you get to them in the administration of the License law, the better will it be in the interest of morality and good administration." Mr. Wood went on to say that he could not remove from his mind a deep-seated impression that the administration of the License law in this Province had become largely political. That it was a factor in many of the elections he believed, and if the statements that reached him during the last election in his County were half true, then an attempt—to say the least had been made in both the East and West ridings to make it a prominent factor to aid in electing supporters of the present Government. For his own Riding, so far as political influence went, he had no particular fear. No doubt the Crooks Act was as well administered there as anywhere, but he believed it was not administered anywhere in the Province as it should be. He spoke from no personal or selfish standpoint; he was pleading in the interest of morality, and a proper and just administration of the law, and for that reason he felt himself bound to support the motion of the hon. member for London. (Loud applause.)

A WISE CONCLUSION.

Years ago we decided that we would handle only such goods as we could recommend to our customers as good value for the money. The result is we have established a reputation for selling the best wearing Boots and Shoes in the locality, and our trade has increased while others have decreased. Our new Spring Stock has again been selected with the same care.

HAINES & LOCKETT.

STOCK COMPLETE!

IN ALL DEPARTMENTS.
With the finest assortment of Embroideries in the city.
With the best value in Cashmeres and Dress Materials.
With the most complete stock of Staples AT OLD PRICES.
With the Gents' Furnishing Dep't full of new things for Spring and Summer wear.
With the Tweed store full of nobby Pantings, Suitings and Spring Overcoats.

J. HENNESSY.

THEY WENT BACK HOME.

The Old Man Said Niagara Was Not as Represented.

It got noised around the hotel, writes a correspondent, that an old man living out in the country 12 miles had come in to see Niagara Falls for the first time, although living that near it for over 40 years. He had come in on the train with his son, and a number of us followed them into Prospect Park to hear the old man's impressions. As they walked he queried:

"Jim, have ye bin lyin to me?"

"No, father," replied the boy, "the falls are right ahead of us."

"All right, Jim. Don't try to pass no grove off on me for falls, you know, for I won't stand it. What's that roaring, Jim?"

"The cataract, father."

"Don't ye lie! If it's the cataract, all right. If it's machinery, I'll wollop ye fur lying!"

He was led down to the point, and for a minute or so he was speechless. Then he turned and queried:

"Is it real water, Jim?"

"Yes, father."

"Don't lie to me, Jim! If I find it's a panoramy or any made-up thing, it'll be the wuss for ye!"

"Isn't it grand, father?"

"Sorter; but 'taint no 900 feet high."

"Oh, no, of course not."

"'Tain't five miles across, either."

"No, it isn't"

"The water simply comes down here and falls over."

"Yes, father; but it is the greatest cataract in the world."

"Look out, Jim! I'm an old man, but I don't take lies from nobody! Is the water salt?"

"Oh, no."

"It hain't! Jim, you've allus led me to believe it was, and I'll be hanged if I stand it! Where's the whirlpool?"

"That's below here."

"She is, eh? Then you've deceived me agin! You made me believe it was right here. Jim, we're going hum."

"But we just got here."

"Makes no difference. I've been lied to and deceived, and I won't stand it. There hain't half the water nor half the roaring you said there was, and the water hain't salt. Jim, we're going hum. When we git thar I'll ask ye to come out behind the house and peel off for a licking. I thought I'd brought ye up right, but I haven't I've got to give ye a whaling!"

And the pair turned away and left the park, and took a carriage for the depot to wait for the train.

Flood Prevention.

A novel plan proposed for the prevention of floods in Montreal and along the south side of the St. Lawrence provides for the construction of a canal, with sufficient capacity to carry off the volume of water which is backed-up by the ice gorge, which overflows the banks of the river, and which floods the city and the country on the south side. This canal would be situated on the other side of the river, its chief intake being about ten miles above the Victoria Bridge, with a second intake near the bridge, and with other two below the bridge, one of which would be opposite Longueuil. The outlet of the canal would be into the south channel, at the Boucherville islands, which rarely, if ever, freezes over. The total length would be about nine miles, with a fall of about eleven feet. The intake at Longueuil would be connected with a large steel water basin, which would be used as winter quarters for river craft. The estimated cost is about $1,000,000. The advantages claimed for the scheme are:

1. Preventing floods to the city of Montreal. 2. Preventing floods to the south shore. 3. Allowing the present dyke to be removed. 4. Saving the expense, through the avoiding of the building of a new dyke and extra high wharves. 5. Creating an almost dead water way for small crafts. 6. Creating a basin for winter quarters of vessels. 7. Creating water powers, accessible to Montreal. 8. Rendering available the Lachine Rapids for water powers in winter by preventing back water.

The Servant Girl Will Die.

ST. CATHARINES, March 17.—Emma Harrison, the servant girl who fell from a second story window while cleaning the windows at a residence where she was employed, is still at the general hospital in an insensible condition and recovery is hopeless.

An Innocent Amusement.

Deacon Drybones (at a meeting to protest against inauguration balls): Dancing, my brethren and sisters, is simply hugging to music.

Unsophisticated sister: Is that all it is? I got an idea somehow that dancing was something wicked.—*Time.*

—Hocker (to old college chum)—"Yes, your son drops in to see me quite often." Brocker—"That's strange. Tom never mentions it. By the bye, what business are you in now?" Hocker—"I'm a pawnbroker."

BIRTH.

On Monday 18th inst, the wife of Rev. Albert L. Geen, P. D., Moodie Cottage, of a son.

IMPERIAL
CREAM TRADE MARK TARTAR
BAKING
POWDER
PUREST, STRONGEST, BEST,
CONTAINS NO
Alum, Ammonia, Lime, Phosphates,
OR ANY INJURIOUS SUBSTANCE.
E. W. GILLETT, TORONTO, ONT. CHICAGO, ILL.
MANUFACTURER OF
THE CELEBRATED ROYAL YEAST CAKES.

At FISH'S.

New Kid Gloves,
New Neckwear,
New Regatta Shirts,
New White Shirts,
New Spring Shirting
IN STOCK TO-DAY.

A. E. FISH & CO.,
The noted Shirt Makers and Gents' Furnishers, 260 Front St.

BRIDGE STREET
Sunday School----
----Anniversary
NEXT TUESDAY EVE'NG,
at 7:30 o'clock.

A Chorus of nearly 700 Voices!
An Orchestra of Ten Instruments!
Motion Songs by Primary Class!
Songs, Dialogues and Recitations!
☞SILVER COLLECTION AT DOOR.☜
March 16, '89 d2t

CHILDREN'S
CARRIAGES
—AT THE—
City Book Store.

New Stock just received, in all the latest styles of leading American and Canadian manufacturers.

Largest assortment in the city to select from. No old goods carried over. All Carriages this year's make.

Prices extremely low.

☞Study your best interests by examining our stock.

C. B. SCANTLEBURY,

NOTICE.

NOTICE is given that all accounts not paid on or before Tuesday, 19th, will positively be put in hands for collection.

THE BELLEVILLE WATER WORKS CO

Lake Winnipeg White Fish
Salmon Trout,
Salt Water Salmon,
Finnan Haddies,
Boneless Codfish,
Roll Butter,
Fresh Eggs,
Sugar Syrups,
A. KNOX.

VETERINARY.

T. PURVIS, Veterinary Surgeon, Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College, Toronto, Member of Ontario Vet. Society. Office, rooms formerly occupied by Dr. Douglas, Front St. References—J. P. Wiser & Son, and Ed. Rooney, Prescott. 263d&wtf

Wood! Wood!

I AM now selling at the West Belleville Central Wood Yard all kinds of Hard and mixed wood, cut and uncut, which I will deliver to any part of the city. Remember the place, the West Belleville Central Wood Yard, not a few steps from the Foot Bridge.

EDWARD NEWMAN.

WINTER SERVICE.

---ALLAN LINE---

Steamships	Fr. Portland	Fr. Halifax
Polynesian	21 Feb.	23 Feb.
Sardinian	7 Mar.	9 Mar.
Circassian	21 "	23 "
Parisian	4 April	6 April
Polynesian	18 "	20 "
Sardinian	2 May	4 May

Circassian from Quebec May 10th.

The steamers from Portland via Halifax call at Londonderry on their passage to and from Liverpool, to embark and land mails and passengers.

The steamers from Halifax via St. Johns, Nfd., call at Queenstown on their passages to and from Britain.

Steamers leave Portland on arrival of train leaving Belleville Wednesday noon, and Halifax on arrival of train leaving Belleville Thursday noon.

Passengers proceeding by steamers calling at St. Johns, Nfd., will leave Belleville on Friday noon train.

RATES OF OCEAN PASSAGE:

Cabin, $50.00, $65.00 and $75.00 according to accommodation. Intermediate, $30.00. Steerage, $20.00. Return Tickets, Cabin, $100, $125.00, $150.00. Intermediate, $60.00. Steerage $40.00.

Steerage passangers are booked to and from Queenstown, Derry, Belfast, London and Glasgow at same rates as Liverpool.

Intermediate passangers are forwarded to and from Glasgow and Liverpool by rail without extra charge.

CABIN PASSENGERS

are supplied with a very liberal table, and everything necessary except wines and liquors, which can be had on board at moderate prices.

Each passanger is allowed twenty cubic feet of baggage free.

THE INTERMEDIATE.

Superior accommodation is offered in the INTERMEDIATE, which in every respect is equal to what is called Second Cabin in some lines sailing from New York.

The Intermediate Cabins on all our ships are well situated, perfectly ventilated and are entirely distinct from the Steerage. Steward and Stewardesses to each vessel. Passangers in the Intermediate are found with everything.

THE STEERAGES

are large and exceedingly well lighted and ventilated, are fitted up in rooms, each passanger having a seperate sleeping berth. A Stewardess s appointed to each steamer.

For tickets and all information apply to

U. E. THOMPSON,
General Ticket Agent,
Bridge St. Belleville.

Burdock BLOOD BITTERS

WILL CURE OR RELIEVE

BILIOUSNESS, DIZZINESS,
DYSPEPSIA, DROPSY,
INDIGESTION, FLUTTERING OF THE HEART,
JAUNDICE, ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH,
ERYSIPELAS, DRYNESS OF THE SKIN,
SALT RHEUM,
HEARTBURN,
HEADACHE,

And every species of diseases arising from disordered LIVER, KIDNEYS, STOMACH, BOWELS OR BLOOD.

T. MILBURN & CO., Proprietors, Toronto

Manufacturers Life & Accident INSURANCE COMPANIES.

Combined authorized capital	$3,000,000
Combined subscribed capital	739,700
Combined cash capital	150,760
Combined insurance received (1888)	9,575,525

President – Sir John A. Macdonald.
Vice Presidents { Geo. Gooderham, Esq., William Bell, Esq.
Secretary and Treasurer—J. L. Kerr, Esq.
Managers for Eastern Ontario, Peterboro—Wilson & Morrison.

R. CROFT HULME
Agent, Belleville.

☞ Agents wanted.

This Company wrote the largest amount of new business of any company in Canada in 1888. It has the largest capital and the strongest Board of Directors of any company in the Dominion.

ARMBRECHT'S

TONIC COCA WINE

FOR FATIGUE OF MIND AND BODY AND SLEEPLESSNESS.

"Experience and scientific analysis reveal to us in Coca the most tonic plant in the Vegetable Kingdom."—*Manuel Fuentes.*

"It (Coca) is, in a word, the most powerful restorer of the vital forces."—*Dr. Schwalk.*

ARMBRECHT'S COCA WINE, though more tonic in its properties than Iron or Quinine,

NEVER CONSTIPATES.

See Medical Reviews. For sale by leading druggists throughout the world.

ARMBRECHT, NELSON & CO.
2 Duke St., Grosvenor Sq.,
LONDON.

Pond - Lily - Cream.

A delightful Toilet article. Not a face paint or powder; does not cover over but cures. Used in connection with Pond Lily Liver Pellets and Pond Lily Soap most effectually and positively removes Pimples, Freckles, Tan, Black Specks, Blotches, allays all irritation after shaving, or any itchiness of the skin from whatever cause and all roughness from the face, hands, neck and arms, leaving them beautifully white and velvety. Sold by wholesale dealers and druggists everywhere. Pond Lily Cream, 25 cents; Pond Lily Liver Pellets, 25 cents; Pond Lily Skin Soap, 15 cents S. PERRIN, Chemist, Manufacturer and Proprietor for Canada.

PILES! PILES! PILES!

Dr. William's Indian Pile Ointment is a sure cure for Blind, Bleeding or Itching Piles. No one need suffer. Prepared for Piles only. It never fails to cure. Sold by druggists for $1.00, or mailed on receipt of price. WILLIAMS Mf'g Co., Cleveland, Ohio.

Partly Gave up.

"In the year 1885 I coughed for six months, and having unsuccessfully tried many remedies, I partly gave up, thinking I had consumption. At last I tried Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam, less than one bottle of which cured me, leaving me as well as ever I was." Henry W. Carns, Wabash, Ont.

Give Them a Chance ?

That is to say, your lungs. Also all your breathing machinery. Very wonderful machinery it is. Not only the larger air-passages, but the thousands of little tubes and cavities leading from them.

When these are clogged and choked with matter which ought not to be there, your lungs cannot half do their work. And what they do they cannot do well.

Call it cold, cough, croup, pneumonia, catarrah, consumption or any of the family of throat and nose and lung obstructions, all are bad. All ought to be got rid of. There is just one sure way to get rid of them. That is to take Boschee's German Syrup, which any druggist will sell you at 75 cents a bottle. Even if everything else has failed you, you may depend upon this for certain.

Nothing Like it.

"I was troubled with liver complaint for a good many years, but was cured by one bottle of Burdock Blood Bitters. I have never found any medicine to help me like B. B. B., in fact one bottle made a complete cure." W. J. West, Parkhill, Ont.

FEVER AND AGUE AND BILIOUS DERANGEMENTS are positively cured by the use of Parmelee's Pills. They not only cleanse the stomach and bowels from all bilious matter, but they open the excretory vessels, causing them to pour copious effusions from the blood into the bowels, after which the corrupted mass is thrown out by the natural passage of the body. They are used as a general family medicine with the best results.

To lessen mortality and stop the inroads of disease, use Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and Dyspeptic Cure. For all diseases arising from Impure Blood, such as Pimples, Blotches, Biliousness, Indigestion, etc., etc., it has no equal. Mrs. Thomas Smith, Elm, writes: "I am using this medicine for Dyspepsia; I have tried many remedies, but this is the only one that has done me any good."

ADVICE TO MOTHERS. — MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP should always be used when children are cutting teeth. It relieves the little sufferer at once; it produces natural, quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakens as "bright as a button." It is very pleasant to taste. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP," and take no other kind. 3d&wly

Nothing so suddenly obstructs the perspiration as sudden transitions from heat to cold. Heat rarifies the blood, quickens the circulation and increases the perspiration, but when these are suddenly checked the consequences must be bad. The most common cause of disease is obstructed perspiration, or what commonly goes by the name of catching cold. Coughs, colds, sore throat, etc, if attended to in time are easily subdued, but allowed to run their own course, generally prove a fore-runner of more dangerous diseases. Nine-tenths of the consumptives date their affliction from a neglected cold, and the diseases that are caused by wet feet, damp clothes, or exposure are more numerous than are generally supposed. One of the most efficacious medicines for all diseases of the throat and lungs is Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup. It promotes a free and easy expectoration, which frees the lungs from viscid phlegm by changing the secretions from a diseased to a healthy stat

Rest and Comfort to the Suffering.

"Brown's Household Panacea" has no equal for relieving pain, both internal and external. It cures Pain in the Side, Back or Bowels, Sore Throat, Rheumatism, Toothache, Lumbago and any kind of a Pain or Ache. "It will most surely quicken the Blood and Heal, as its acting power is wonderful." "Brown's Household Panacea," being acknowledged as the great Pain Reliever, and of double the strength of any other Elixir or Liniment in the world, should be in every family handy for use when wanted, "as it really is the best remedy in the world for Cramps in the Stomach, and Pains and Aches of all kinds," and is for sale by all Druggists at 25 cts a bottle.

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, *Station New York City.*

DUNN'S BAKING POWDER

THE COOK'S BEST FRIEND

EXHAUSTED VITALITY.

THE SCIENCE OF LIFE, the great Medical Work of the age on Manhood, Nervous and Physical Debility, Premature Decline, Errors of Youth, and the untold miseries consequent thereon, 360 pages 8 vo., 125 prescriptions for all diseases. Cloth, full gilt, only $1, by mail, sealed. Illustrative sample free to all young and middle aged men. Send now, The Gold and Jewelled Medal awarded to the author by the National Medical Association. Address P. O. Box 1895, Boston, Mass., or Dr. W. H. PARKER, graduate of Harvard Medical College, 25 years' practice in Boston, who may be consulted confidentially. Specialty, Diseases of Men. Office, No. 4, Bulfinch Street,

NERVOUS DEBILITY.

NERVOUS DEBILITY, EXHAUSTING, Vital Drains (caused by early indiscretions), effectually cured. Syphilitic affections and all bad blood and skin diseases arising there from thoroughly eradicated. Varicocele cured without operation Impotence, or premature decline of the manly powers, and all diseases of the genito-urinary organs a specialty. It makes no difference who has failed to cure you. Skill and experience important. A friendly letter or call may save you a great deal of misery and add years to your life. Consultation FREE. Medicines sent to any addres. DR. REEVE, 337 Jarvis St., Toronto. 59d&wly

GERMAN SHEET MIRROR.

We can supply any of the regular stock sizes in German Sheet Mirror and cut these to replace breakages.

L. W. YEOMANS & CO.

Railway Time Tables.

Grand Trunk Railway.

Trains arrive at and depart from Belleville Station as follows:

GOING EAST.

		Arrive.	Leave.
No. 1	Mail	12.25 p. m.	12.30 p. m.
No. 3	Mail Fast	12.45 a. m.	12.50 a. m.
No. 11	Mixed	8.05 p. m.	8.15 p. m.
No. 13	do		7.00 a. m.

GOING WEST.

		Arrive.	Leave.
No. 2	Mail	5.50 p. m.	5.55 p. m
No. 4	do	4.00 a. m.	4.05 a. m.
No. 6	do Fast	6.55 a. m.	7.00 a. m.
No. 14	Mixed	11.00 a. m.	11.55 a. m.
No. 16	do	11.10 p. m.	

MIDLAND RAILWAY.

GRAND JUNCTION DIVISION.

Going West. (Leave.)

Mail	5:45 a. m.
Mixed	4:30 p. m

Going East. (Arrive.)

Mail	4:30 p. m.
Mixed	11 50 a. m.

MADOC DIVISION.

Going North. (Leave.)

Mixed	12.25 p. m
Mixed	4:30 p. m.

Going South. (Arrive.)

Mixed	9:00 a. m.
Mixed	4 30 p. m.

CENTRAL ONTARIO RAILWAY.

PICTON DIVISION.

Leave G.T.R. Jct	7:20 a.m.	12:50 p.m.
Arrive Picton	8:44 "	2:50 "
Leave Picton	9:05 "	3:45 "
Arrive G.T.R. Jct	10:30 "	5:25 "

COE HILL DIVISION.

Train for Coe Hill 9:35 a m, 12:30 p m; Trenton Junction 15m. later; Mid. Ry. J'ct. 10:28 a m, 3:23 p m; C. P. R. J'ct. 11 a m, 4:30 p m; ElDorado 11:45 a m, 5:15 p m. Arr. Coe Hill 1:30 p m, 6:50 p m. Coe Hill for Trenton: 6 a m, 2:20 p m; ElDorado 7:45 a m, 3:47 p m; C. P. R. Jc't 8:40 a m, 4:30 p m; Mid, Ry. J'ct. 9:15 a m, 4:57 p m; G. T. J'ct. 9:50 a m, 5:30 p m; arr. Trenton 10:05 a m, 5:42 p m.

Daily Intelligencer.

RIGHTED AT LAST.

A STORY OF NEW ENGLAND LIFE.

> A child of our grandmother Eve, a female;
> Or, for thy more sweet understanding, a woman.
> *Love's Labor Lost.*

'No, not as well,' she replied, "none but a professed artist could; but Julia does not like to, unless she has some one to accompany her. Grace is always ready to oblige me, and has always something new for me. She is a charming girl.'

When the young lady came running up stairs after dinner, I felt the truth of Miss Annesley's words; she was charming: quite a contrast to her mother and sister—a blonde, with a profusion of light, wavy hair; small but regular features; childlike, *naive* manners, and no hint of the *hauteur* of mother or sister, save in an occasional curve of the lips. She bowed when Miss Annesley announced my name, and chatted on with her old friend, until the latter pointed significantly to the piano which stood in the room.

She played well—some things which I had heard worn out at Oaklawn—others less hackneyed, especially some of Schubert's 'Songs without Words," which were delicious as morning dreams. Presently Mrs. Lloyd and Miss Julia came up, and the music at once became a lesson. Miss Lloyd seated herself near the window with the air of one who expected to be bored, but at every other bar observed, without turning her head: 'You take that altogether too fast, child,' or 'That is not the expression at all,' or, 'Is that a dirge, Grace? One would suppose so from your manner of playing it,'—until the young girl arose and pettishly declared that 'Julia should play herself.'

Miss Annesley drew the pouting girl beside her, and, turning to Miss Lloyd, seconded her request, but the lady excused herself, saying that they knew she 'needed the excitement of a room full of company to make her playing anything but a bore.'

'Then this young lady must play,' said Miss Grace, turning to me. 'I am determined that some one shall amuse me.'

Mrs. Lloyd said 'Grace!' in her most imperative tone, and Miss Julia's lip curled satirically, as she said, with a sneer: 'She doubtless would. That is quite a bright thought, Grace.'

Tranquil Miss Annesley saw nothing but an opportunity for me to do credit to myself, and said, eagerly:

'Yes, Miss Ray plays very well indeed.' (I had sometimes practised a little when I knew the Lloyds were out.) 'Will you oblige us, dear?'

I had won self-possession, if nothing else, since the old day when Miss Harriet Hart's stare and rustling dress could confuse me; and, regardless of the smile that still curved Miss Lloyd's lips, I sat down at the piano, and began the prelude to the old Scotch song that I had found lying open on Miss Helen Cavendish's piano, at the Pines—'The Scotch Widow's Lament.' I had studied that music thoroughly, and now, as I sung, memories of the days when I first saw it came over me—thoughts of all that had happened since—and the sorrows and loneliness of my own life—were mingled with the touching pathos of the bereaved wife and mother.

When I ceased there was silence for a second, which Miss Grace Lloyd broke with school-girl impulsiveness.

'O mamma, isn't that lovely? So sweet and sad! And she sings it finely! I must learn it—indeed, I must. It is better than all the waltzes ever written.'

Miss Julia never turned her head, but sat waving her fan (it was a warm spring day,) but the mother said, reprovingly:

'Grace, when will you learn that repose and quite self-possession which mark the manners of a lady? I did hope that, under Madame Chegary's training, you wonld overcome your tendency to exaggeration.'

Grace pouted and blushed, while I arose and resumed my former seat. As I passed Miss Annesley, she said:

'Thank you, my dear. That song has brought back the light of many a vanished summer.—Cousin Lloyd, you remember Helen Cavendish? You met her here about the time of your marriage. That song was her favorite, and she sang it as no one else could.'

'Yes, I remember her well. What did I hear happened to her or her brother?'

'Helen was insane, or partially so, for several years before her death, which occurred about a year ago.'

'And her brother—is he living? I remember him as quite a distinguished man—wealthy, too, I believe.'

'Rothsay Cavendish died three months since, quite suddenly, at the Astor House. They are all gone now, not one of the name living.'

Miss Annesley's eyes were full of tears, but Mrs. Lloyd went on in her *ex cathedra* manner:

'The extinction of our families of wealth and distinction is not only very sad, but a positive wrong against society. Mr. Cavendish should have married as a matter of duty toward his class, if not for himself. What disposition did he make of his property?'

'He gave it by will to the children of a distant relative—a person of the name of Ellis, I think. The family is very respectable, I hear.'

'Why they must be the Ellises of Oaklawn!' said Grace Lloyd, opening wide her blue eyes. 'It was a Mr. Cavendish who left them quite a fortune not long since. You remember, mamma, I told you Fanny Pyncheon was engaged to a Mr. Ellis? But the queerest thing has happened! Sophie Pyncheon wrote me about it last week. I should have forgotten to tell you, if Cousin Anne had not mentioned that name.'

'Does Madame Chegary teach her pupils to use such words as *queer*, Grace?' asked Miss Julia, sternly.

'Well, *strange*, then!' returned the little beauty, too eager to respond to Miss Annesley's—'What is it, pet?' to be angry.

I did not need to ask. I knew what was coming, but I closed the book of engravings, which I had been ostensibly looking over, and sat with folded arms, curious to know what the world said of the affair.

'Why, Sophie says the old gentleman left them all his property, that is, to Edward, Fanny's suitor, and his sister; but there was something said in the will about a brother, who died abroad a great many years ago, when quite a boy. It was a mere matter of form, the lawyers say—a whim of the old gentleman's. But, what should one of the teachers (Mrs. Ellis the mother conducts a seminary for young ladies) do—a poor girl, a pauper, Sophie says, whom Mrs. Ellis took and educated out of charity—but step forward and claim to be the daughter of that dead brother and the heir!'

'What unparalleled impudence!' exclaimed Mrs. Lloyd. 'I hope they sent her back to the almshouse where she came from, or, what is better, gave her into the hands of the officers of justice?'

'I don't see why you should be surprised at any thing from people of that sort, ma'am; after your experience with our governesses, I should think you would be prepared for any thing. I am. They are a needy, artful, unscrupulous class, and this one only acted out her true character!' said Miss Julia, whisking a fly from her fresh spring silk with her fan.

(*To be continued*).

A Dreadful Doom.

To be unable to satisfy hunger without being distressed by heartburn, indigestion, sick stomach, dizziness or faintness, seems a dreadful doom. All who suffer thus will find prompt relief and permanent cure in Burdock Blood Bitters. B.B.B. *positively cures* dyspepsia in any form.

The Loss of the Hair

Is a great misfortune and the sight of a bald head should be a warning to you to take the best possible care of your hair. A little of Dr. Dorenwend's "Hair Magic" used occasionally will prevent all chances of its falling out or turning gray, and will remove all traces of dandruff. Every druggist has it in stock. Ask for it.

Common Croup

often fatal when not remedied in time. Leslie B. Nicholson, Wellesley Ave., Toronto, says: "As a quick cure for croup, colds, sore throat, chilblains, etc., I can recommend Hagyard's Yellow Oil." It is a sure cure. Directions accompany each bottle

CONSUMPTION CURED.

An old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrah, Asthma and all Throat and Lung Affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Complaints, after havidg tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive and a desire to relieve human suffering, I will send free of charge, to all who desire it, this receipt, in German, French or English, with full directions for preparing and using. Sent by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper. W. A. NOYES, *149 Power Block, Rochester, N. Y.*

Economy, Equity, Stability.

Ontario Mutual Life Assurance Co.

(ESTABLISHED 1870.)

DOMINION DEPOSIT - $100,000.

Assurances in force, Jan. 1st, 1889	$12,041,914
New Assurances written in 1888	2,518,650
Cash Income for 1888	393,074
Assets, Dec 31st, 1888	1,313,853
Liabilities, as per Gov't Valuation	1,223 516

SURPLUS, - - $90,337.00.

The New Business for January and February of this year is MUCH GREATER than was ever before written by the Company during the same months, while, with over $12,000,000 on our books, the death losses have been very moderate.

S. BURROWS,
General Agent Ontario Mutual Life Co'y.

S. ROUGHTON, } Special Agents.
W. E. HOLTON, }

Office, Front Street, next door to Dominion Bank, Belleville.

Luxuriant Growths of Hair

are seen on the heads of all who use

DR. DORENWEND'S

Great German Hair Magic.

The equal of this great preparation is yet to be found. It is an unfailing restorer for Gray Hair. It stops and prevents all falling out of the hair. It removes all Dandruff and keeps the scalp clean. On Bald Heads (if there are but the faintest traces of roots) the "Magic" will produce a fine growth. Will you try it? or will you let your hair go and become prematurely old? What do you say?

All druggists, everywhere, have it for sale. Ask for it. Do not let the druggist tell you he has "something just as good." Many have dead stock of other hair tonics on hand and try to shove them off in this way.

See that each bottle bears seal and signature of

A. DORENWEND,
Sole Manufacturer,
Paris Hair Works, 103 & 105 Yonge St.,
Toronto. Ontario.

☞ Bangs, Frontpieces, Waves, Wigs, Switches, Gents' Wigs, Toupees and Hair Goods of all kinds are supplied by A. Dorenwend. Send to above address for circulars and prices.

BELLEVILLE POST OFFICE.

MAILS	Close	Due for Delivery.
East per G. T. R., including Maritime Provinces, and Picton	11:45 a. m. 10:00 p. m.	6:00 p. m 7:30 a. m.
West per G. T. R., including Western States, Manitoba and the North-West Territories	5.05 p.m. 10.00 p.m.	1:00 p. m. 7:30 a. m.
East and West, per G. T. R., closes on Sunday at 10 p. m.		
Marysville, Shannonville, per G. T. R	11:45 a. m.	6:00 p. m
Belleville Station, postage one cent	7.30 a. m. 5.05 p. m.	8.30 a. m. 6.00 p. m.
G'd Junction Ry., main line, including Peterboro', Stirling,	10:00 p. m	5:00 p. m.
Madoc, per Grand Junction Ry, including Queensboro, Cooper, Rimington, Bridgewater, and the Flats	11:45 a. m.	5:00 p. m.
Madoc Route, per stage	1:00 p. m.	12:00 noon.
Bancroft, Coe Hill, Marmora and all offices in North Hastings per Trenton and Coe Hill Railway	5 05 p. m. 10:00 p. m.	:30 a. m.
Bridgewater Route per stage, including Stoco daily	1:00 p. m.	12:00 noon.
Moira, Phillipston, Bogart, on Monday, Wednesday and Friday	1:00 p. m.	12:00 noon.
Fuller, on Tuesday and Friday	1:00 p. m.	12:00 noon.
Wallbridge, on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
Ameliasburg Route, per stage, including Mountain View and Crofton	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
Albury on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
Sidney Crossing, Wednesday and Saturday	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
Bay Side, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
British Mails, via New York, Monday and Thursday	11:45 a. m	
" " via Halifax, Canadian line Thursday	11:45 a. m.	

Postage, 5c. per ½ oz. by each route. Registration fee, 5c.

Money Orders granted on all Money Order offices in Canada, the United Kidgdom, France and Algeria, the United States, Newfoundland, Jamaica, Victoria (Australia), New South South Wales, Queensland, New Zealand Tasinania, Constantinople (Turkey), Gibraltar, Smyrna, Panama (British agency), Austria, Hungary, Belgium, China (See Hong-Kong), Denmark, including Iceland and the Faroe Islands, Danish West Indies, Dutch, East Indies, Egypt, Germam empire (which includes 26 States), Holland, (Netherlands), Italy, Japan, Norway, Portugal, including Madiera and the Azores, Romania, Sweden, Switzerland, British India, including Aden, Bagdad, Bandor, Abas, Bushire, Busrah, Guadur, Jask, Linga, Muscat and Zanzibar, Ceylon, Hong Kong, including Amoy, Canton, Foo Chow, Han Kow Hoi-how. Ningpo Shanghai and Swatow, North Borneo, Strait Settlements, Bermuda, Falkland Islands, South and West Africa, including Cape Colony, Gambia, Gold Coast, Lagos, Mauritius Natal, St. Helena, Seychelles Islands, Sierra, Leone, West Indies including Antignu, Bahams, Barbadoes, British Guiana, Dominica, Grenada, Honduras, (British), Montserrat, Nevis, St. Kitts, St. Lucia, St. Vincent, Tobago, Trinidad, Turk's Islands, South Australia, Western Australia, Azores Islands, Madera Islands.

Deposits received, under the regulations of the Post Office Savings' Bank, between the hours of 9 a. m. and 4 p. m.

Registered Letters must be posted 15 minutes before the close of each mail.

Street letter boxes emptied at 10 a. m. and 8 p. m.

Office hours, 7:30 a. m. to 6:30 p. m., Sundays excepted.

FOREIGN POSTAGE.

Canada having been admitted into the Postal Union, there is a re-arrangement of Postage rates, as follows:—

For Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Iceland, Egypt, France, Algeria, Germany, Gibraltar, Great Britain and Ireland, Greece, Italy, Luxembourg, Malta, Montenegro, Netherlands, Norway, Persia, Portugal, Azores, Roumania, Russia, St. Pierre, Servia, Spain, the Canary Islands, Sweden, Switzerland and Turkey. And via United States:—Bermuda, Bahamas, Cuba, Danish Colonies of St. Thomas, St. John, St. Croix, Jamaica, Japan and Porto Rico (Newfoundland is now in the Postal Union, but rates remain as before.) Letters, 5 cents per ½ oz. Postal cards, 2 cents each. Newspapers, 2 cents for 4 oz. Registration fee, 5 cents.

For Aden, Argentine Confederation, Brazil, British Guinea, Ceylon, Greenland, French Colonies in Asia, Africa, Oceanica and America, except St. Pierre and Miquelon, Persia, Persian Gulf, Portuguese Colonies in Asia, Africa and Oceanica, Trinidad, Spanish Colonies Africa, Oceanica and America, except Cuba and Porto Rico, Straits settlements in Singapor Penany and Malacca:—Letters, 10 cents per ½ oz. Post cards, 4 cents each. Newspapers, cents for 4 oz. Books, &c., 4 cents for 4 oz. Other Registration fees, 10 cents.

West India Islands, via Halifax, same rate as formerly. Prepayment by stamp in all cases.

J. H. MEACHAM
Postmaster

--50 MORE--

NEW HANGING LAMPS put in. Prices very much below anything we ever had.

W. J. REID & CO.

FANS

Suitable for WEDDINGS and BALLS. A splendid assortment at

J. C. OVERELL'S
FANCY EMPORIUM, BELLEVILLE.

California Evaporated Fruits!

NECTARINES. APRICOTS, PRUNELLES, PLUMS, | PEACHES, CHERRIES, CRYSTALIZED FIGS.

CONGER BROS.

Sun Life Assurance Company

—OF CANADA.—

I have great pleasure in announcing to the Policy-holders and friends of the Company that the Applications for New Life Assurances received during the year 1887 were again larger than in any previous year in the Company's history, being more than $3,500,000, on which policies were issued for over $3,000,000. The year's operations have also resulted in a large and very satisfactory addition to the assets, which now amount to over $1,750,000.

AGENTS WANTED ON SALARY.

W. T. MCINTYRE,
General Agent, Belleville.

HAGYARD'S YELLOW OIL
CURES RHEUMATISM

FREEMAN'S WORM POWDERS

Are pleasant to take. Contain their own Purgative. Is a safe, sure and effectual destroyer of worms in Children or Adults.

Montreal. Nov. 21, 1888.

MESSRS. WILLIS & CO., 1,824 NOTRE DAME ST., CITY.

DEAR SIRS.—After having played on the Piano of Messrs. Bell & Co., of Guelph, Ont., it is impossible not to bear testimony to the qualities which have acquired for them the good reputation which they already enjoy. The Pianos of their manufacture are exceedingly remarkable for their qualities of tone. The bass is powerful without harshness, and the upper notes sweet, clear and mellow. The Bell Pianos are unquestionably the best made in Canada, and I act upon my principle and give you to-day an order to furnish one for my own use. Canada is to be congratulated on having produced the Bell Piano.

J. B. LABELLE, Professor of Music
Organist Notre Dame Cathedral.

H. BULL AGENT.
BELLEVILLE.

----NEW----

Sugar Cured Hams, Breakfast Bacon, Finnan Haddies, Boneless Codfish, New Walnuts, New Filberts, S. S. Almonds, Loose Muscatel Raisins, Black Basket Raisins, London Layer Raisins, Buckwheat Flour. Selfraising Buckwheat Flour, Roll Butter, Fresh Eggs

AT A. WALLACE'S.

$72 a week. $12 a day at home easily made. Costly outfit free. Address True & Co., Augusta, Maine.

NEW LINES —IN— CAKES and PASTRY.

Angel Cake, Coffee Cake, Queen Victoria, Adelaide, and a great many other varieties.

Florida Oranges, Almeria Grapes and New Figs, just received at

DICKENS.

P. S.—We would respectfully ask all retailers to drop in and see us and the large line of Candies we are offering at wholesale.

DICKENS & SON.

Self-Raising Buckwheat Flour!

A FRESH SUPPLY JUST RECEIVED.

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE,
Grocers and Wine Merchants.
33 & 37 Bridge Street.

Also Front Street, }
Opp. Ritchie's. }

NEW Wall Paper!

—AT—

--S. A. LAZIER'S--
ROBERTSON'S BLOCK

October 16th

CALIFORNIA
EVAPORATED
FRUITS

NECTARINES,
APRICOTS,
PEACHES,
PLUMS.

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE
Grocers & Wine Merchants,
33 & 37 Bridge Street.
Also Front St., opp. Ritchie's

FOR MEN ONLY!

A POSITIVE CURE For LOST or FAILING MANHOOD; General and NERVOUS DEBILITY; Weakness of Body and Mind: Effects of Errors or Excesses in Old or Young. Robust, Noble MANHOOD fully Restored. How to Enlarge and Strengthen WEAK, UNDEVELOPED ORGANS & PARTS of BODY. Absolutely unfailing HOME TREATMENT—Benefits in a day. Men testify from 47 States, Territories, and Foreign Countries. You can write them. Book, full explanation, and proofs mailed (sealed) free. Address ERIE MEDICAL CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

BEFORE BUYING STOVES

Be sure to see our stock. We have in Coal Stoves the

Imperial Jewel,
Fancy Countess,
Art Favorite,
Fire King and others.

Also a great variety of RANGES and COOK STOVES, which we are selling at right prices.

C. F. SMITH & CO.
388, FRONT STREET.

HASTINGS LOAN AND INVESTMENT SOCIETY

BELLEVILLE, ONT.

CAPITAL $250,000

MONEY TO LOAN on Farm or City property, at lowest current rates.

Payments can be made to fall due at any season of the year to suit borrowers. No delay in obtaining the money beyond the time necessarily employed in the investigation of titles.

MORTGAGES PURCHASED.

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT.

FOUR PER CENT interest allowed on Deposits No notice required of withdrawal

OFFICE—Robertson's Block, east side of Front Street.

Straight loans at 7 per cent. No fines. No commissions.

2d&wly J. P. C. PHILLIPS, Manager

S. W. BRADSHAW

Wishes to inform the citizens of Belleville that he has BOUGHT OUT THE

GROCERY
(lately occupied by Mr. Arch. Wallace,)
CORNER OF HOTEL AND ANN STREETS

where he intends to keep a full supply of the best of Groceries always fresh, and his stock of Provisions, such as Meats and Vegetables, will be especially fresh and in great variety and delivered with despatch. All orders by telephone No. 53) will be promptly delivered to any part f the city.

N. B.—Please remember Telephone No. 53.

J. H. MILLS,

--Merchant : Tailor,--

OPPOSITE GEO. RITCHIE & CO'S

THE MAGOG TEXTILE & PRINT CO.

Will offer for Spring Trade the LARGEST, CHEAPEST and MOST VARIED range of Prints ever shown, including

SPRING NOVELTIES
—OF—
LATEST PARIS DESIGNS!

Merchants will do well to see their samples before buying elsewhere. Early advice will be given when Travellers will call.

St Peter Street, · Montreal.

PARMELEE'S Asphaltic ROOF PAINT.

It will entirely stop the rusting of tin and iron roofs.

It will entirely stop the wearing away and decay of the exposed wood of shingle roofs.

It has been accepted by the City, the County, and the chief Real Estate Owners of the City.

I will be glad to give estimates of cost at any time and anywhere.

H. S. PARMELEE,
Belleville.

432,000 FIRE CRACKERS

—AT THE—

——CITY BAKERY——

Wholesale and Retail.

JAS. WALLACE.

PENNYROYAL WAFERS.

Prescription of a physician who has had a life long experience in treating female diseases. Is used monthly with perfect success by over 10,000 ladies. Pleasant, safe, effectual. Ladies ask your druggist for Pennyroyal Wafers and take no substitute, or inclose postage for sealed particulars. Sold by all druggists, $1 per box. Address THE EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., DETROIT, MICH.

FOR SALE BY D. M. WATERS.

INTELLIGENCER PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY LIMITED.

J. C. JAMIESON, President. | J. W. LONDON, Secretary

THE Treasurer is the only person authorised to receive moneys for the Company, or to grant receipts for the same.

All Bills, Notes, Cheques, and other documents binding on the Company, will require the signature of the President, in addition to that of the Treasurer.

THE INTELLIGENCER is printed and published for the INTELLIGENCER Printing and Publishing Company (Limited) by JAMES C. JAMIESON, resident in Belleville, at their Office, Front St., south of Hotel St.

THE RATHBUN COMPANY,

Having transferred me to their Brockville branch, I beg to thank my friends and customers for the liberal patronage and kindness extended to me during my residence in Belleville, and also to bespeak the same treatment to Mr. R. C. Calhoun, my successor.

P. J. SHANNON.

The Daily Intelligencer.

THE RATHBUN CO.

Having appointed me Agent for their Belleville branch, I take this opportunity of soliciting a continuance of the patronage which they have hitherto enjoyed through the popular management of Mr. Shannon. It will be my desire and aim to maintain and add to this patronage, which fair dealing and a thorough knowledge of the requirements of the trade leads me to hope for.—R. C. CALHOUN.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL. 22. BELLEVILLE ONTARIO, TUESDAY MARCH 19, 1889. NO. 27

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

G. DENMAR

BARRISTER, Solicitor, etc. Office, Front Street.

W. B. NORTHRUP, M. A.,

BARRISTER, Solicitor, &c. Offices: North Bridge St., between Front St. and Lower Bridge.
Money to loan—private and company funds.

J. C. CONNELL, M.A., M.D., C.M.

DISEASES of the Eye, Ear, Throat and Nose. Surgeon to Kingston General Hospital. Office—No. 279, King Street, Kingston. Dr. Connell will be at the Queen's Hotel, Belleville, on the first Tuesday of each month. Sept. 5 d&wly

E. GUSS PORTER,

BARRISTER, Solicitor, Notary Public, &c. office in the Robertson Block, east side of Front Street.
☞Private Money to Loan. 371d&wl,

DR. ELIZABETH EMBURY,

GRADUATE of Queen's University, Licentiate of the College of Physicians and Surgeons, Ontario.
Office and residence—Harrison's Block, Front Street, across the hall from rooms formerly occupied by Dr. Farley, over Holland's jewellery store. Diseases of women and children a specialty. d&wtf

HENRY CARRE, C. E.,
M. C. Soc. C. E.,

DOM, and Prov'l Land Surveyor, late of the firm of Macleod & Carre, P. L. S. References: John Bell, Esq., Solicitor G. T. R., W. H. Ponton, Esq., Registrar of the County. Office—McAnnany Block, opposite Skinner & Redick's. Belleville, Ont., P. O. Box 203. 20d&w

J. F. WILLS,

BARRISTER, Solicitor, Notary Public, &c. Office, corner Front and Campbell Streets, Belleville, Ont. Money to loan, Company and private funds. 24d&w

J WALTER ROSS, M. D., C. M.

GRADUATE of the University of Trinity College, Toronto. Physician, surgeon, accoucheur. Office and residence West Front Street, one door north of entrance to Foot Bridge. d&wly

JOHN J. FARLEY, M. D., C. M., M. R. C. S., England.

OFFICE and Residence—corner of Bridge and George Streets—three streets east of the Post Office.

ROBERT BOGLE,

LOAN and real estate agent. MONEY TO LOAN at lowest rates. Office, opposite Roy's Brewry, Front St., Belleville.

GEO. CLINTON, M. D., C. M

OFFICE and residence Bridge St., between William and George Sts, third block east of Bridge Street Methodist Church. Telephone No. 44. d&w

GEO. J. SHERRY,

BARRISTER, &c. Office. Metropolitan Block, next door north of Dominion Bank, Front St. Branch Office, Stirling. 116

EDGAR M. COOK, M. D.,

HOMOEOPATHIC Physician and Surgeon. Office and residence, West Front Street, in the late Dr. Abbott's premises, over Brignall & Thompson's store. TELEPHONE. 175dtf

GEO. D. DICKSON, Q. C.,

BARRISTER, &c., Post Office Block Bridge Street Belleville.

WILLIAM N. PONTON,

BARRISTER, Solicitor Notary Public, Conveyancer. Office, over Express and Telegraph Office, Thompson Block, Bridge St., Belleville. Money to loan—private funds. Agent or the Trust and Loan Company of Canada.

DR. BURDETT

IS pleased to inform his friends that he is again able to render his professional services as before. 176 6m

DRUNKENNESS

Or the Liquor Habit, Positively Cured by Administering Dr. Haines' Golden Specific.

It can be given in a cup of coffee or tea without the knowledge of the person taking it; is absolutely harmless, and will effect a permanent and speedy cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. It has been given in thousands of cases, and in every instance a perfect cure has followed. *It never fails.* The system once impregnated with the Specific, it becomes an utter impossibility for the liquor appetite to exist. For circular and full particulars address GOLDEN SPECIFIC CO., 185 Race St., Cincinnati, O.

BANKING OFFICE
—OF—
U. E. THOMPSON
BRIDGE STREET, BELLEVILLE, ON

American Currency and Drafts Bought and Sold.

Deposits received, subject to withdrawn with out notice and interest allowed

EYE, EAR & THROAT
DR. RYERSON.

L. R. C. P., L. R. C. S. E., Lecturer on the Eye, Ear and Throat, Trinity Medical College, Toronto, and Surgeon to the Mercer Eye and Ear Infirmary.
60 College Avenue, Toronto.

M. C. ROBLIN
ISSUER OF
MARRIAGE LICENCES

nd agent of the Lancashire Insurance C m any. Office over Hooey & Sons, Front Str et elleville. 186d 1y

A. G. NORTHRUP,
Issuer of Marriage Licences,
OFFICE—SHIRE HALL, BELLEVILLE
November 10

The Great English Prescription.

A successful Medicine used over 30 years in thousands of cases. Cures *Spermatorrhea, Nervous Weakness, Emissions, Impotency* and all diseases caused by abuse. [BEFORE] indiscretion, or over-exertion. [AFTER] Six packages *Guaranteed to Cure when all others Fail.* Ask your Druggist for The Great English Prescription, take no substitute. One package $1. Six $5, by mail. Write for Pamphlet. Address Eureka Chemical Co., Detroit, Mich.
FOR SALE BY D. M. WATERS.

Try FROSTILLA.
—o—

It softens the roughest skin and keeps it in good condition.
It contains nothing greasy or sticky, is nicely perfumed, a lady's toilet not complete without it.
An elegant face dressing for gentlemen after shaving.
For sale at the PHARMACY.

D. M. WATERS,

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.
CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.
CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.
Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

KEILLER'S—
—NEW—
—MARMALADE
JUST RECEIVED.
WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE
Grocers and wine merchants,
35 & 37 Bridge Street.
Also Front Street, Opp. Ritchie's.

CAIRN'S---
---HOME MADE---
---MARMALADE
As supplied to the Queen. This season's make.
JUST RECEIVED.
WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE,
Grocers & Wine Merchants,
35 & 37, Bridge Street
Also Front St., opp. Ritchie's.

NEWCOMBE
PIANOFORTES
AWARDED FIRST SILVER MEDAL

WORLD'S EXPOSITION, NEW ORLEANS, U.S.A., 1884-5, in competition with the pianofortes of Europe and America. The only U.S. International Medal ever awarded to a Canadian pianoforte; also Medal and Diploma at the Colonial and Indian Exhibition, London, Eng., 1886, with the supreme honor of supplying Her Majesty the Queen with a Newcombe Grand, selected by Sir Arthur Sullivan. For Illustrated Catalogue, prices and terms,
Address Octavius Newcombe & Co.,
MANUFACTURERS
WAREROOMS, 107-109 CHURCH ST., TORONTO
FACTORY, 89 TO 97 BELLWOODS AVENUE

Gents' : Furnishings!
—o—
A FULL LINE of Gentlemen's Goods for the Fall and Winter.
Shirts made to order and a good fit guaranteed.
C. J. PANTER.

Two Years' Profits!
—o—
THOSE INSURING IN THE
—"CANADA LIFE"—
before the 30th of April next will be entitled to two full years' profits in the division of April the 30th, 1890.
T. DONNELLY,
General Agent, Belleville.
AGENTS WANTED.
Feb'y 2, 1889. d&wly

HAGYARD'S PECTORAL BALSAM
CURES COUGHS COLDS, HOARSENESS, ETC.

RAYMOND C. ROLPH
SIGN PAINTER.
—o—
LETTERING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.
Corner of Front and Campbell Streets.
80d1y

Daily Intelligencer.

THE TORONTO BUDGET.

CONSTABLE DUNCAN EXPLAINS HIS LITTLE WHEAT DEAL.

Alleged Bucket Shop Men Held for Trial—Signor Napolitano's Damage Suit—"Move-on" Jarvis Still in Jail.

TORONTO, March 19.—Broker Joseph Priestman proposes to his fellow brokers in town that they all join hands and pockets to see if a man who does a "commission" business violates the Abbott Act. With that object in view he yesterday addressed a strong letter to all the brokers in the city. It is thought that many of the city brokers will join Mr. Priestman with a flourish and a fat purse.

Mr. Priestman was in the Police Court yesterday on a charge of keeping a gaming house at No. 71 Yonge-street, which was raided by Inspector Archibald and his men on March 9. Charles Priestman, J. C. Millichamp, Francis J. Spear, Walter Armour, Thomas Galbraith and Geo. B. Foster were arraigned for frequenting the place. Mr. Galbraith and Mr. Armour were discharged. Inspector Archibald and Policeman Duncan told of what they saw at No. 71 Yonge-street when the police visited the place. There was a blackboard on which was written quotations coming in over the "ticker." Officer Duncan had been put as a "capper" to catch Priestman, and he explained the mysteries of his dealings in the place. On a deal of 10,000 bushels of wheat in Chicago Priestman told him that he would be charged ¼ cent commission. The witness told the Magistrate that when he bought the wheat it was not for delivery. After considerable further evidence the Magistrate committed Priestman and the other defendants for trial at the Assizes, their own bail being accepted in $200 each. Mr. Priestman was told that he must close up his place, as he would be arrested again. Mr. Priestman's telephone was ordered to be released.

On motion of Ald. Hill the City Council last night fixed Monday, Aug. 12, as the Civic Holiday for 1889.

S. Napolitano, a teacher in the Italian night school, has entered an action for $10,000 damages against 18 signers of a petition for his removal. The petition alleged that he had served several years confinement for a criminal offence in his native town. Signor Napolitano admits that while in Italy he was arrested and confined on a serious charge, but says that after one or two years in prison he was released, the true culprit having confessed the deed, and that furthermore he is now in receipt of an indemnity pension from the Italian Government as a solace for his sufferings.

Although the time for receiving applications for liquor licenses does not expire till March 31, the License Commissioners have already received 160 applications.

Ex Constable Dick Jarvis of "move-on" notoriety and his brothers Louis and Daniel, who assaulted Robert Hershey at Weston last Thursday night, are in jail, no one coming forward to bail them out. They will appear before Judge McDougall to-morrow to answer to the charges of assault with intent to rob and assault with intent to do grievous bodily harm.

The Police Magistrate yesterday sent John and Patrick Doyle to the Penitentiary for three years for breaking into the jewelry store of Mr. Fred Roberts, Queen-street west, and stealing therefrom. Hugh McKay, for keeping $100 given him by his employer in mistake for $10, was sent to jail for 60 days.

The Irish Catholic Benevolent Union's annual lecture and concert in Temperance Hall last night was disturbed by juvenile partisans on the outside who, not content with hooting threw stones at the building, one of which cracked the thick front window, and another struck Inspector Stephen on the side of the head, cutting his ear severely. Several ladies in the hall fainted.

The latest sensation in Queen-street Methodist Church circles is the elopement of an ex-pillar of the sacred edifice, J. C. Mussen, a man of 40 who leaves behind a wife and three children, with 19-year-old Milly Spanner.

TRADE AND TRAFFIC.

Leading Features of the Grain and Produce Markets at Home and Abroad.

TORONTO, March 19.—St. Lawrence market was very flat yesterday morning. There was almost nothing offered. Dressed hogs are quoted at $7.25 per 100 lbs.; beef, forequarters, $4; hindquarters, $6.50; geese, per lb., 9c.; turkeys, 14c.; ducks per pair, 70c.; chickens, 85c; butter, rolls, 22c.; tubs, 18c.; lard, 13c.; eggs, 20c.; potatoes, bag, 50c.; apples, barrel, $1.25.

Receipts of hay were fair, the demand poor, and prices easier at $17 to $20. Three loads of straw were offered and sold at $10.

Receipts of wheat were 200 bushels, that sold at $1.08 to $1.10 for fall and spring and 86½c. for goose. Receipts of barley were 1,000 bushels, and the prices lower at 45 to 54c. One load of peas sold at 56c. and 200 bushels of oats at 37 and 38c.

On change No. 1 lard, Winnipeg inspection, was offered on track to arrive $1.33, with $1.30 bid. Frosted wheat was offered by sample at 90c. on track, with 80c. bid. No transactions.

The stocks in store at the Toronto elevators yesterday were as follows: Flour 1500 bbls., fall wheat 33,080 bushels, spring wheat 95,852 bushels, barley 203, 984 bushels, peas 1907 bushels, oats 3994 bushels.

BEERBOHM'S REPORT.

Beerbohm reports: Floating cargoes—Wheat and corn. slow. Arrivals—Wheat, 15. Sold—Nil. Waiting orders—Wheat, 15. Cargoes on passage—Wheat and corn, inactive. Mark Lane—Wheat, turn easier; corn, quiet; flour, turn dearer. French country markets declining. English farmers, deliveries of wheat during past week 61,422 qrs.; average price, 30s. 2d., was 30s. 1d; Weather in England milder. Liverpool—Spot wheat and corn, quiet and steady. Corn, 3s. 11¼d., ¼d. cheaper.

LIVERPOOL MARKETS.

Liverpool reports: Wheat, quiet; demand poor; holders offer moderately, Corn quiet; demand poor. Spring wheat, 8s.; red winter, 7s. 7d; No. 1 Cal. 7s 8d. Corn, 3s 11¼d. Peas, 5s 7d. Pork, 65s. Lard, 35s 6d. Bacon, short and long cleared, 33s 6d and 34s 6d. Tallow, 25s. Cheese, white and colored, 56s.

Woodstock News.

WOODSTOCK, March 18.—The time during which the candidates nominated for St. John's and St. George's Wards might withdraw expired at noon to-day. Contrary to expectations there will be a contest in both wards. J. R. Oliver, John Pascer and R. Melville have withdrawn from St. John's, leaving Charles Allen and Edward West to contest the seat. James Bell has withdrawn in St. George's Ward, leaving Charles Oliver, James Rippon and S. J. Cole in the field. J. J. Hall and J. M. Grant have withdrawn as candidates for the reeveship, leaving Mr. Revell elected by acclamation.

Mr. Martin is sinking rapidly.

The Shipbuilding Strike.

BELFAST, March 19.—The strike in the shipbuilding trade here is spreading. About 1000 men are now idle.

AN ATLANTIC TRAGEDY.

I had newly arrived in America. But, newcomer as I was, I had learnt two most important facts, and these were Tiffany and Delmonico—especially the latter, where my story opens. I had been seated but a few moments when I became aware of the presence of a man who seemed to be wandering among the crowded tables in search of rest, and finding none. As he caught my eye, he made a slight gesture in the direction of the chair opposite to me, in which I had deposited my hat and coat, and said, in a low-toned, quiet voice:

"Pardon me, but is this seat reserved?"

"By no means," said I, hastening to remove my impedimenta, and, touching his hat military-wise, the stranger sat down and summoned a waiter to minister to his needs.

I made some casual remark on the crowded state of the cafe, which he answered with some explanation connected with the elections. Pleading my ignorance, as a stranger only just arrived, I questioned him further and somehow we drifted into conversation. I have always congratulated myself on my "newness," for, had this occurred to-day, I should certainly have taken Eugene Radcliffe for a confidence man and not struck up an acquaintance with a casual stranger in Delmonico's on an election night.

Radcliffe—that was not his name—was tall, well, but not heavily built, with a smooth-shaven face, steel-grey eyes, and hair of an ashen-blonde color, freely intermingled with white—a rare thing in a blonde head—which gave a still stronger individuality to his colorless, ascetic face —a face which, though infinitely calm in its expression, showed traces, in a few deeply-marked lines round the mouth, of a past suffering which must have been intense. After we had parted, strangers still, on this night at Delmonico's, his face haunted me as I returned to the Everett House, and I wondered who this calm stranger might be, and what was the history which had written itself, in a cipher to which I held no key, on those hard, impenetrable features.

It was not until a week later that I learned his name even. It was then that I met him at a dinner party on Ffth-avenue, and, being introduced to one another, I learnt that his name was—say—Eugene Radcliffe.

That evening I found myself walking down Fifth-avenue with Eugene Radcliffe, on my way home, and as we passed Thirty-third-street he said:

"I live at the Alpine at the end of this street. Won't you come in and chat for half an hour over the national brandy and soda?"

"Willingly," I replied; and we reached his rooms, which were charming in every sense of the term. What particularly caught my eye was a picture frame that occupied the space over the mantleshelf. I say a picture frame, for the picture, if picture it contained, was carefully hidden behind a crimson silk curtain, which was drawn closely over the space that should contain the canvas.

We parted shortly after midnight, and parted excellent friends. So much so, indeed, that during the two months that I remained in New York, whenever I had an hour to spare, or happened to be passing the corner of Thirty-third street and Broadway, I used to look in on Eugene Radcliffe, and I looked forward with regret to parting from him.

It was only a few days before I left the city, that one evening on my way home from a dinner, and passing down Sixth Avenue, I turned into the Alpine. I knocked at Radcliffe's door, and, receiving no reply, gently tried the handle. The door opened, and thinking that he must be in an inner room, I went in. He was standing motionless before the fireplace looking up at the picture, the curtain usually concealing which was drawn aside.

The face of a woman with great violet eyes, and features like a statue by Canova, looked out from amid a mass of blue-black hair. The dress revealed an exquisite neck and throat. The painting was a masterpiece.

The noise I had made in coming in had roused Eugene Radcliffe from his reverie, and he turned toward me, a perceptible flush rising to his ordinarily white cheeks. I apologized for having come in, explaining the manner of my entrance, and would have gone again but that Radcliffe bade me stay. Then, as my eyes flashed involuntarily in the direction of the picture, he said, briefly:

"My wife."

We seated ourselves and talked of different subjects for a while, but Radcliffe was obviously oppressed in some indefinable manner. He had not covered the picture again, and the beautiful face seemed to watch us as we talked in the stillness of the night.

At last my host rose, and said; "I'm afraid you find me dull and distraught tonight. I can't help it, my dear fellow; it's an anniversary with me. Seventeen years ago to-night I lost my wife."

I murmured some conventional expressions of sympathy and regret, but he interrupted me, saying:—

"No doubt the idea will occur to your mind that I am morbidly sensitive with regard to a loss which I suffered so long ago, but the circumstances are such that my wife's death must remain to me an ever-living horror. I have never told the story in America; I would not have my widowerhood made the subject of a social sensation; but you shall hear it, for, in the first place, it is time some one knew it, and, in the second, I feel a confidence in you which inspires me to tell you what I think you will say is one of the most terribly tragic stories you ever heard:—

"A few days more than seventeen years ago I was married at St. Peter's, Eaton-square. Mabel—that was my wife's name —and I had known one another since as children we had played together. The friendship of our childhood ripened into a love that was little short of ideal, and when she was nineteen—I being her senior by four or five years—we were married. I was an orphan, and had spent many years on the Continent; her parents were wealthy, and with them she had traveled much; thus, it happened that we were both familiar with the European capitals, watering places, and winter resorts, and determined—as we had neither of us crossed the Atlantic—to spend the winter in New York and Washington, and the summer in the Western States. Thus it happened that, a few days after our wedding, we found ourselves on board the Royal Mail Steamer Arcadia, our faces turned towards the setting sun, looking forward in joyful anticipation to the novel scenes we were to witness together.

"The passage began by being a rough one, but we were both excellent sailors, and we enjoyed its opening days. There was only one cloud in the horizon of our happiness, and that—foolish as it may seem—was Mabel's fear of the sea. She declared that she had a horror of death by drowning; and every night as I climbed into my berth she would say—half seriously, half laughingly,—

"'Eugene, pray that the ship does not go down in the night.'

"Our stateroom was rather far forward, and almost an isolated one, where we felt the motion of the ship rather badly, though, excepting for the fears with which it inspired my wife, we did not care much about that. I used to laugh at her, and pointed out the fact that the Royal Mail steamers of the company never foundered, and I used to add:

"'Don't you see, silly child, that every precaution is taken? Why, suppose the ship were to go down, there are boats enough to take us all off, and even if we were left behind, all these cork jackets and belts that hang round the state room ensure our safety. Wrapped up in these, you would sit quite comfortably in the water till we were picked up. The water is warm at this time of the year, and we are in the most frequented track of ocean steamers. And again—I used to conclude convincingly—even if we hadn't these life preservers in abundance, I'll back myself as a swimmer against most men I know, and I could easily support you in the water for four or five hours, within which time we must be rescued. Don't bother your poor silly little head about it any more.'

"But she would not be quite reassured, and used to repeat:

"'Well, pray that the ship does not go down in the night!' It was a kind of presentiment—an obversion, with her.

"One night we had retired as usual, and certainly the sea was awfully rough. It took even me, hardened as I was, some time to get to sleep.

"I was awakened by Mabel rapping on the side of my berth and crying out:

"'Eugene! Eugene! what is the matter?'

"I roused myself and listened. Certainly a dull, roaring sound filled the ship—a banging and splashing which drowned the noise of the propellers. A little alarmed myself, I jumped out of my berth, and, telling Mabel to keep quiet, I went out into the passage.

"I ran into the arms of a scared, white-faced steward, of whom I inquired the cause of the commotion.

"'The ship's sinking,' he cried; 'haven't they roused you? They're manning the boats up there on deck.'

"It was true. Isolated as we were in our state room, we had been forgotten!

"Assuming as careless an air as I could summon up on the moment, I retuned to our state room, where Mabel lay in an agony of alarm.

"'Well, little women, I said, 'the curtain is rising on your long-looked-for drama —the ship is going down, but there's no particular hurry and no cause whatever for alarm; the worst that can happen to us is a wetting. Dress quickly, as lightly and warmly as you can.'

"I helped her, and dressed myself, putting some papers and valuables into my pockets, and then, fastening the life-preservers round myself and her, we went on deck. We had indeed been forgotten! The last boat was just preparing to leave the ship with the captain and some of the crew. We hailed them, and jumped in just in time.

"The boat that had left the ship before us had been swamped by a wave, and its occupants were struggling in the water. Instead of pulling off at once we hovered in the dangerous vicinity of the sinking ship, trying to rescue them. All at once the deck of the Arcadia, burst up, and the ship settled. Our boat was engulfed in the water; I had only time to seize Mabel by the arms, and we found ourselves struggling for our lives in the eddy.

"The cork belts supported us well, however, and holding my wife in my arms, we rode lightly over the crests of the waves. The night was pitch dark. There was no moon, and the stars were hidden behind the heaving masses of the storm clouds. I could not see Mabel's face, but her feverish clutch on my arms reassured me, and I knew that she retained consciousness. After about ten minutes, during a lull in the wind, I said to her:

"'You see, darling, the night is warm and we are perfectly supported. It cannot be more than three or four hours to daylight at most, and then we are bound to be picked up immediately. You feel safe with me, do you not?'

"Her voice came back in the impenetrable darkness: 'Yes, Eugene, I feel safe with you; but you have tied this belt too tightly round me—it makes me feel faint; can't you shift it a little?'

"'Of course I can, I replied; and the moment the sea seemed to be a little calmer I proceeded to do so. She was lying on one arm and I was busily readjusting the belt with the other, when, in the darkness, a great wave broke upon us and dashed her out of my grasp. I dived instantly and caught her by the hair, just as she slipped under, and, bringing her to the surface, I held her closely in my arms. The life-belt had been washed out of my grasp, and I had to trust to my own strength, assisted by the belt that was tied round myself.

"Alas! my wife had lost consciousness and hung a dead weight in my arms. In vain I implored her to speak to me; in vain I strained my eyes in the pitchy darkness to catch a glimpse of the face that was the fairest thing in the world for me. Nothing but a feeble flutter of the heart, over which I kept my free hand fixed, and an occasional twitch of the cold lips which I found with my own, gave me any sign that my precious burthen was alive. For hours, and hours, and hours, it seemed to me that I bore her up in the blackness of the night, imploring her to speak to me—to open the dear eyes which I could feel were tightly closed. It was all in vain; save for the occasional beat of the heart she might have been dead.

"What a night of agony! Lord, God! how I prayed for morning—for one ray of light by which to see my darling's face. I thought I should go mad. My arms ached, my limbs—my whole body grew numbed and cold; sometimes I almost felt myself dozing off into the sleep of death, waking with a start to cry aloud, 'Mabel—Mabel, my darling, speak to me!' and nothing answered but the moaning of the storm as it died away in the distance. Immediately around us it had become comparatively calm. And then I would turn myself in the water, seeking in vain for the east and the rising sun.

"At last a faint streak lit the horizon, a flush tinged the edge of a cloud, made it visible in the darkness, a breeze rippled the sullen billows that rose and fell smoothly around us. The day was breaking. I shrieked aloud a prayer of thanksgiving to God, for that the night was over, and bent over the motionless, senseless body that I held in my dying arms with a renewed vigor.

"Little by little the sun uprose, and the dawn came. With the first gray beam that crept across the ocean, I peered into the face that had lain close to mine all night.

"It was that of another woman.—New York Tribune.

Cases in Which It Is Not a Failure.

"How do you like my biscuits, John," asked a young wife.

"They are excellent, delicious in flavor and as light as your laugh."

"Is the meat cooked to your liking?"

"I am delighted with it. You can cook a great deal better than mother."

TRUE FELICITY.

"You are late, George, dear; it is past twelve o'clock," said the wife, as she helped her husband off with his overcoat.

"Yesh, darling, I was—hic—detained at—"

"Oh, never mind any apologies, dear; I know something important must have detained you, or you would have been home earlier."—Boston Post.

The Montreal Jewelry Case.

MONTREAL, March 18.—The case against Andy Maloney for larceny of jewelry has been further postponed till to-morrow, when George Van Reimholtz, accompanied by Detective Howie, will arrive from Toronto. Van Reimholtz claims that he was drugged and robbed and that was how he lost his jewelry.

A BRAVE BOY.

Charles Band, the Youthful Winner of a Humane Society Medal.

Charles Band, who was recently presented with the medal of the Royal Humane Society for his heroism and bravery in saving the lives of his sister and a lady friend from drowning, is the first Upper Canada College boy who has ever succeed in winning one of the Humane Society's medals. The presentation was made to him in Convocation Hall in Upper Canada College recently, the medal being pinned to the young hero's breast by the Bishop of Toronto.

CHARLES BAND.

The story of the young man's deed is as follows: In August last Mr. Band's sister and an older lady were bathing in the bay of Penetanguishene. Unaware of the shelving nature of the bottom, they suddenly found themselves beyond their depth, and being unable to swim were in imminent danger of drowning. Charles Band, who was rowing some distance from them, perceived their condition, and jumping from his boat swam to their assistance. Though one of the ladies had sunk already once, he succeeded in seizing her by the hair and bringing her to the surface, where he supported the two for some minutes at great danger to himself. Happily, a boat soon reached the spot and took them safely to the land. He is a son of the bursar of the Boy's Reformatory at Penetanguishene. The portrait given here is reproduced from an engraving of him in Toronto Saturday Night.

An Invitation by Mistake.

The Liberal receptions this session, writes the Telegram's Ottawa correspondent, have assumed quite a place among the more informal social events which are not disregarded by those who know that much of what is called politics is, after all, gossip formed in a larger mould. The gossip for instance which has grown out of the slight put upon the Liberals at the state ball at Rideau Hall, and which is agitating Ottawa just now, has a decided significance, politically. The Liberal ex-Cabinet Ministers and their wives are held to have been affronted by the neglect shown them, and especial indignation is generally expressed at the want of consideration for Mrs. Mackenzie, who had a most unpleasant experience at the ball. The traditions of Lorne's and Landsdowne's hospitality were forgotten. It is understood that the members of Lord Stanley's staff who had a large portion of the arrangements in charge, snubbed the officials who offered him advice founded on a knowledge of Ottawa affairs and proprieties, of which an English stranger would naturally be quite ignorant of.

The dissatisfaction is so widely felt that certain dismissals are spoken of. As an indication of the feeling that exists, the the action of a well-known Ontario Liberal may be cited. On Thursday evening last he received an invitation to dinner at Rideau Hall. He wrote the following message on the back of the card:

"It is plain that this has come to me by mistake, as I am a member of the Liberal party. I therefore return it."

While acknowledging the undeniable discourtesy of his action, he said that his self-respect left him no other course to take.

Billy McBride writes from Montreal that he will be in Toronto the latter part of this month with his string, consisting of Percy, Purse, Meadow Queen and one other. He will quarter at the Newmarket track.

The Letter that Came

From Mr. J. Hayden, 139 Chatham St. Montreal, says: "I was troubled for years with biliousness and liver complaint, and I never found any medicine to help me like Burdock Blood Bitters, in fact one bottle made a complete cure."

Dangerous Counterfeits.

Counterfeits are always dangerous, more so that they always closely IMITATE THE ORIGINAL IN APPEARANCE AND NAME. The remarkable success achieved by Nasal Balm as a positive cure for Catarrh and Cold in the Head has induced unprincipled parties to imitate it. The public are cautioned not to be deceived by nostrums imitating Nasal Balm in name and appearance, bearing such names as Nasal Cream, Nasal Balsam, etc. Ask for Nasal Balm and do not take any imitation dealers may urge upon you. For sale by all druggists or sent post-paid on receipt of price (50c. and $1,) by addressing Fulford & Co., Brockville, Ont.

Eighty Per Cent.

Of the human race, according to a high authority, suffer from one or other form of blood taint. Never allow this latent evil to develop into serious disease while the blood can be kept pure and the system clean by the proper precautions, such as using Burdock Blood Bitters, whenever any scrofulous symptoms appear. No medicine equals B.B.B. as a blood cleanser.

There are a number of varieties of corns. Holloway's Corn Cure will remove any of them Call on your druggist and get a bottle at once.

Orin Catlin, 49 Pearl Street Buffalo, N. Y., says: I tried various remedies for the piles but found no relief until I used Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, which entirely cured me after a few applications.

Do not delay in getting relief for the little folks. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is a pleasant and sure cure. If you love your child why do you let it suffer when a remedy is so near at hand?

The cheapest medicine in use is Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil, because so very little of it is required to effect a cure. For croup, diphtheria, and diseases of the lungs and throat, whether used for bathing the chest or throat, for taking internally or inhaling, it is a matchless compound.

Mr. Thomas Ballard, Syracuse, N. Y., writes: 'I have been afflicted for nearly a year with that most-to-be dreaded disease Dyspepsia, and at times worn out with pain and want of sleep, and after trying almost everything recommended I tried one box of Parmelee's Valuable Pills. I am now nearly well, and believe they will cure me. I would not be without them for any money."

PARMELEE'S PILLS possess the power of acting specifically upon the diseased organs, stimulating to action the dormant energies of the system, thereby removing disease. In fact, so great is the power of this medicine to cleanse and purify, that diseases of almost every name and nature are driven from the body.' Mr. D. Carswell, Carswell P. O., Ont., writes: "I have tried Parmelee's Pills and find them an excellent medicine, and one that will sell well."

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall-st., N. Y.

NATIONAL COLONIZATION
LOTTERY

Under the patronage of the Rev. Father Labelle
Established in 1884, under the Act of Quebec 32 Vict., Chapt. 36, for the benefit of the Diocesan Societies of Colonization of the Province of Quebec.
Class D.—The 21st Monthly Drawing will take place Wednesday, March the 20th, at 2 p. m.

Prizes value		$50,000 00
Capital Prize: One real estate worth		$5,000 00
1 Real Estate worth	$5,000	5,000
1 do	2 000	2,000
1 do	1,000	1,000
4 do	500	2,000
10 Real Estates	300	3,000
30 Furniture Sets	200	6,000
60 do	100	6,000
200 Gold Watches	50	10,000
1,000 Silver Watches	10	10,000
1,000 Toilet Sets	5	5,000
2,307 Prizes worth		$50,000 00

TICKETS - - $1.00

Offers are made to all winners to pay their prizes cash, less a commission of 10 p. c.
Winners' names not published unless specially authorized
Drawings on the Third Wednesday of every Month.
S. E. LEFEBVRE, Secretary,
Offices, 19 St. James street, Montreal, Can.
192dly

CARSLAKE'S
GRAND DERBY SWEEP
$25,000.00.

1st horse (in duplicate) $3,000 each=	$6,000
2nd " " " $2,000 " "	$4,000
3rd " " " $1,000 " "	$2,000
Other starters (divided equally)	$4,000
Non-starters " "	$9,000

5000 Tickets at $5 Each.
171 Entries (in duplicate 342 horses)
Drawing June 3rd Race June 5th, 1889.
Result of each Drawing sent to all subscribers.
Ten per cent deducted from all prizes.
Address, GEORGE CARSLAKE, Prop.,
Mansion House, 522 St. James St., Montreal,
269d6m

J. M. FORTIER,
Wholesale : Cigar : Manufacturer,
145 151 ST. MAURICE STREET,
MONTREAL
P. S.—Private Brands for the Jobbing Trade a specialty.

CANADIAN
PACIFIC
RAILWAY.
—o—
CALLAWAY'S
Popular : Excursions
—TO—
VANCOUVER,
VICTORIA,
and all points in
WASHINGTON
TERRITORY,
and CALIFORNIA
LEAVE : TORONTO
On FRIDAY, MARCH 22nd
12th APRIL 26th
10th MAY 24th

In the CELEBRATED TOURIST SLEEPERS. Each party is accompanied to destination by special courier.
Full particulars from any agent of the Company.

S. BURROWS,
Agent C. P. R., Belleville.
Office—Front St., one door north of Dominion Bank,

Daily Intelligencer.

THE DAILY INTELLIGENCER is published every evening except Sunday, and delivered by careful carriers in all parts of the city for Five Dollars a year, or Fifty Cents a month.

THE WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER is published every Thursday morning, and sent, postpaid, to any address in Canada, the United States or Great Britain for One Dollar a year.

ADVERTISEMENTS, first insertion, 10 cents per nonpareil line; each subsequent consecutive insertion, 5 cents per line; when not inserted every day, 10 cents per line each insertion.

READING MATTER NOTICES, 15 cents per line each insertion.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS, 50 cents each insertion. With notice of funeral added the charge for death notices is $1.

CONTRACTS made for business advertisements for one month or longer at reduced rates.

Remittances, Drafts, Cheques, and Post-Office Orders should be made payable to the order of
INTELLIGENCER PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO'Y (LIMITED),
Belleville, Ont.

Largest Daily Circulation in Belleville.

BELLEVILLE, TUESDAY, MAR 19

OUR FIRST DUTY.

The unity of purpose which has been shown by the people of Belleville with regard to the encouragement of manufacturers to locate here, induces the belief that the present is a favorable time to say a few words on another subject of similar import. As is well known, there are those amongst us who purchase their clothing, furniture, dry goods, jewellery, plated ware and other articles in Toronto, Montreal and elsewhere. This, in view of the fact that we have in Belleville furniture factories, tailors, jewellers, and dealers in all kinds of goods second to none, is not as it should be. It is, no doubt, a weakness of human nature in some estimable people to refer complacently to the fact that articles in their parlors, their bridal trousseau, their apparel, their plate, their jewellery, etc., were purchased in this or that celebrated establishment in a great centre of trade or fashion, because a fictitious importance or value is thus imparted to such articles. It is this feeling which prompts, say, the wealthy votaress of fashion in New York to purchase her clothing from Worth of Paris, or the "swell" to procure some of his apparel and perhaps his saddle, or his harness, or his vehicle from famous houses in London. It matters not that articles as good or better in all respects, as handsome in design, as perfect in fit, could be procured as cheaply or cheaper from local manufacturers or dealers, they lack the one essential—it could not be said of them they were brought in a distant centre of fashion. We could illustrate, by numerous instances within our own experience—and no doubt many of our readers could furnish a fund of similar knowledge—the fact that those who had gone abroad to purchase had made a serious mistake; that they could have bought better and cheaper articles at home.

It is not necessary to pursue the subject further than to say that in Belleville can be had, at fair and reasonable prices, every article of general use and, with but few exceptions, such articles of luxury as are within the means of all but a very few of our people. Our first duty is to ourselves—that is, to our tradesmen, artificers, and artizans, and it will prove more profitable in the long run to deal with them.

THE JESUIT QUESTION.

The *Globe's* somersault on the Jesuit question has done it no good; because, in the first place, so infamous a method of treating a matter of great public interest as to change front on it completely between two days, has shown that partizan considerations alone have dictated the course of the organ; and because, secondly, no one could feel safe under the guidance of a whiffler which has performed a right about-face on almost every political question, including the Riel business, commercial union (twice), the tariff, "French domination," "Romish ascendancy," and other subjects too numerous to mention.

Not only has the *Globe* once more covered itself with infamy, but it has had the bitter mortification of incurring the contemptuous disapprobation of its particular friend Edgar, M.P., Mr. Blake's lackey, who scornfully tells it in a letter addressed to its editor:

> I have read with interest the articles from the *Canada Law Journal* and *Canadian Law Times* upon the Jesuit Estates Act, which you publish in to-day's *Globe*, and which seem to have so much impressed the editorial mind. Unless some much stronger arguments can be produced in the House of Commons than are supplied by those anonymous and irresponsible writers, I shall certainly, for one, remain of my present opinion that the Act was within the powers of the Quebec Legislature, and will vote against disallowance. I do not believe that either the laws or the practices of Henry XIII., or of Philip and Mary, can be profitably appealed to for our guidance in interpreting the British America Act. It will greatly surprise me if there are many parliamentarians in the House of Commons who will venture to say that the Act was not within the constitutional powers of the Provincial Legislature. The course for all Liberal members is a simple one. They are not legislating upon the question of the Jesuit Estates, it is not for them to consider whether the settlement was a just or an unjust one, whether the conditions attached were reasonable or unreasonable, but only, was this subject within the exclusive powers granted to all Provincial Legislatures by the Confederation Act? The Liberals have an unbroken record on the question of Provincial Rights. However tempting it may be to vote against the present Government, those of us must support them on this question who believe that a Province has the legal right to pass this class of laws.

And so the poor, decrepit old *Globe* despite its abandonment, for partizan reasons, of its contentions on behalf of "Provincial rights," will have to undergo the bitter humiliation of witnessing its repudiation by by its party and the recording of a large majority of the Grit votes in Parliament in favor of the Government.

The junior Grit organ (the *Mail*) will rejoice that, for the second time, namely on the fad and on the Jesuit question, it has proved too strong for the senior organ and forced it to follow the hated leadership of Prof. Goldwin Smith and Mr. Bunting. The Conservative party have every reason to be satisfied with the situation.

MINISTERS, LAWYERS, TEACHERS, and others whose occupation give but little exercise, should use Carter's Little Liver Pills for torpid liver and biliousness. One is a dose. Try them.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

HULLESS OATS.

A few days since a correspondent in the INTELLIGENCER stated that the Crawford Henry & Williams County Seed Company had no charter, as the charter under which they had originally done business had been cancelled by the State of Ohio. Against this assertion of our correspondent the agents of the Company here have handed us a copy of the "Article of Incorporation of the Company," which sets forth as follows,

"The undersigned, desiring to become incorporated pursuant to the statutes of the State of Ohio, certify and state: 1st, The name of the corporation sought to be formed is 'The Crawford Henry & Williams County Seed Company.' 2nd, That the said corporation is to be located at Napoleon, in Henry County, Ohio. 3rd. That the said Company is formed for the purpose of buying, raising and selling grain and seed for profit. 4th, That the capital stock of the Company is $100,000, two thousand shares of $50 each. 5th. That the organization of the Company and the rights and duties of the shareholders, except as far as they are prescribed by law, are to be defined and regulated by articles, and rules and by-laws adopted by the Company." The articles of incorporation are dated 29th August, 1885, and signed by O. H. Brasington, A. B. Witham, B. N. Hawes, A. G. Mathews, F. M. Showman, J. B. Augenstein, R. B. Hiller. Then follows an affidavit of the filing of the articles of incorporation on the 31st day of August, 1885. Also a letter from Powell, Owen, Richetts & Black, Attorneys at Law, dated Columbus, Ohio, March 14th, 1889, setting forth as follows:

To whom it may Concern:

We have made investigation, and are of opinion that no legislation of this State has affected the corporative life of the within corporation, and its powers have not been interfered with by proceedings in our Supreme Court.—ADVT.

Corn Sowing

Is a process conducted by the agency of tight boots all the year around. Corn reaping is best conducted through the agency of Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor, the only safe and sure-pop corn cure. Putnam's Extractor is now widely imitated. Beware of all poisonous and sore producing substitutes.

Correspondence.

Whilst correspondents will be accorded space for the expression of their ideas on topics of public interest, it must be in all cases understood that the views so expressed are simply those of he correspondents themselves.

To the Editor of the Intelligencer.

SIR,—In your daily issue of the 18th, you state that several parties have applied to me for their notes, to which I reply that only one person called for a note and that person is the woman named in your issue of the 18th, and who had already been notified to call for the note and it would be given up, as it was worthless.

W. W. HESS.

Miss Andrews' Condition.

BELLEVILLE, March 19th, 1889.

To the Editor of the Intelligencer.

SIR,—Lest the many friends of Miss Andrews in this city may be unnecessarily alarmed by a report circulated through a city paper "that she had become partially paralysed," you will kindly publish the enclosed telegram, which I to-day sent to Dr. Ketchin, as well as his reply.

Yours truly,
W. W. POPE.

(COPY.)

BELLEVILLE, March 19th, 1889.

To Dr. E. E. Ketchin, St. George.

One of our evening papers yesterday had an article saying that a private letter had been received stating that Miss Andrews had become paralyzed on one side. Is this the case or is there any fear of such a result, and how is she progressing? Answer by wire.

W. W. POPE.

(COPY.)

ST. GEORGE, March, 19th, 1889.

To W. W. Pope.

Miss Andrews has had no relapse for several days. Is improving remarkably well. There has not been the slightest indication of paralysis.

E. E. KETCHIN.

To the Editor of the Intelligencer.

DEAR SIR,—Had "Progress" attended the meeting, he would have heard what I and others had to say; but, I doubt not, I am not much astray if I were to say that he who wrote that letter altogether gives the lie to the signature.

My idea was and is, that in place of giving a "bonus" out and out, as is customary, set apart say $50,000—this to be divided into two or more amounts—and give to the industry or industries complying with the terms to be agreed on, as to number of hands employed, &c., the value of its proportion; the same to be given annually for say 20 years, as for instance: Say we give the Stove foundry $10,000; now in place of giving that sum in bulk, give it the value by way of an annuity, so long (and no longer) as it complies with the contract; this would mean a yearly payment or annuity (at a guess) of $1,000. By such a mode the city would be on the safe side in case of failure, and to a sound industry it would be just as advantageous as a payment of the whole sum in lump.

One could scarcely give credence that we have in Belleville such an obtuse stupid as "Progress." Belleville asked to give a million! He should give us his name.

G. A. SKINNER.

SHILOH'S COUGH and Consumption Cure sold by us on a guarantee. It cures consumption. Sold by D. M. Waters.

—Seventy policemen were sent from Dublin to Lurgan in anticipation of riots on St. Patrick's day.

AS A PICK-ME-UP after excessive exertion or exposure, Milburn's Beef, Iron and Wine is grateful and comforting.

—"Well, I must say good bye, Miss Green. I've got my sermon to prepare." "Oh, surely *your* sermons need *no* preparation!"—*Punch.*

SOME SYMPTOMS OF WORMS are:—Fever, colic, variable appetite, restlessness, weakness and convulsions. The unfailing remedy is Dr. Low's Worm Syrup.

—Judge—"If, as you say, you found this woman so violent and headstrong even during the engagement, why did you marry her?" Abused husband (meekly)—"I didn't marry her. She married me."

SLEEPLESS NIGHTS, made miserable by that terrible cough. Shiloh's Cure is the Remedy for you. Sold by D. M. Waters.

—An Irishman, being hard up for a job, took a walk down one of the quays to see if he could pick up an odd job. Seeing a captain standing on the deck of a sailing vessel, he addressed him—"Troth, captain, an' do ye want any sailors?" "Was you ever at sea before, Pat?" said the captain. "Faix," said Pat, "an' do you think I came over from Ireland in a coal cart?"

TOPICS FROM THE CAPITAL

A SIDE GLANCE AT THE JESUITS ACT IN THE HOUSE.

Col. O'Brien's Motion Likely to Come Up on Thursday—Chief Engineer Page Attacked and Defended.

OTTAWA, March 18.—The Jesuits Estates Act occupied the attention of the House for a few minutes this afternoon before the orders of the day were taken up. Mr. Laurier rose to question Col. O'Brien as to when he intended to proceed with his promised motion. The Colonel replied that it would be taken up on the very first motion to go into committee of supply after the Budget debate was finished, and he understood this would be wound up to-morrow. Wednesday not being a Government day this would bring on Col. O'Brien's motion on Thursday. Next questioning the Premier, Mr. Laurier asked if the Government would move to go into committee of supply on Thursday. They would know better later in the week, Sir John replied. Mr. Laurier then inquired if in view of the discussion expected the official papers in connection with the bill would be brought down. The Premier said they certainly would. He thought they would be ready to-morrow.

Mr. Cook's question respecting the identity of Senator Gowan and ex-Judge Gowan and the judicial pension received brought the answer that they were one and the same person. Judge Gowan had been County Judge from 1843 to 1883 and when he retired he got a pension of $1733 as allowed by Statute. He commenced to receive this before his appointment to the Senate.

Mr. Bergin, resuming his adjourned speech on the motion for the Cornwall Canal Correspondence, continued the lively attack upon Chief Engineer Page which he had commenced on Wednesday last. He asked for the appointment of a commission to investigate the several matters of complaint which he had laid before the House.

The engineer found a champion in Mr. Mulock, who said Mr. Page's professional record was of the very highest standard, not only in Canada but abroad.

Sir John Macdonald said there was no objection to bringing down the papers asked for. The Government were bound to get the best scientific help they could and he thought they were very well off in their chief engineer of canals.

An animated debate upon this resolution offered by Mr. Platt followed:

> That it is expedient to remove the duty on and place upon the free list all grains and seeds which do not ripen in Canada, but which are now largely imported and sown for the production of food for cattle under the system of feeding called siloing and ensilage now largely adopted by the farmers of Canada.

Mr. Platt emphatically declared that this resolution was no part of a conspiracy against the National Policy. He aimed chiefly at the free importation of sweet corn for seeding purposes for the development of the ensilage system, found to be so profitable to the farmers.

Hon. Mackenzie Bowell opposed the resolution because it was altogether impracticable, not being specific enough in its terms. If it was only seed grain for which free admission was sought, the amount of duty involved was infinitely small. He was rather inclined to believe that the agitation on this subject had been raised by politicians as a piecemeal attack upon the National Policy.

Mr. Taylor also opposed the resolution, declaring that the effect of it would be to reduce by 7½ cents the price of every bushel of coarse grain grown in the country.

Several Opposition members spoke in favor of Dr. Platt's resolution, and when the House came together after recess a staunch Conservative, Gen. Laurie, led off with a speech warmly supporting the request.

Then the Finance Minister rose with the statement that the matter was one well worth looking into and he would consult with the Minister of Customs to see what could be done about it.

In advocating that the Ministers of Finance and Customs should as promised put their heads together to devise a resolution dealing with the matter, Mr. Kirkpatrick made a warm speech in support of affording the encouragement to the farmers.

On the other side Mr. McNeill contended that the free importation of sweet corn would save to the average farmer just 40 cents a year, while it might have the effect of lessening the value of all coarse grain grown in the country.

Dr. Platt withdrew his resolution on the understanding that the Government would give attention to the matter.

The next subject before the House was introduced by Mr. Burdett, who wants a grant in aid of the Belleville Drill Shed. Hon. Mackenzie Bowell said if such aid had not been already given it was because the city had refused to make any grant, declining to follow the example of other towns and cities. For instance Brantford, which now had in an application for a drill shed grant, had itself liberally supported the institution.

This reference to Brantford brought a few words from Mr. Paterson of Brant, who was glad that the Minister of Customs had made the reference and who advocated liberal treatment of the volunteers as a class who serve their country at very great expense to themselves.

The House adjourned at 10.45 because, as Sir Hector Langevin said, it was expected that they would sit to-morrow until long past midnight in order to get through with the Budget debate.

THE N.P. AND M.

Contemplated Extension of the System in the Prairie Province.

WINNIPEG, March 18.—President McNaught of the Northern Pacific and Manitoba road reports that the company has negotiated with a New York syndicate for $6,000,000 on bonds of the road. The intention is to extend the system extensively in the Province. The indications are that the Emerson branch will shortly be reopened.

A farmer named S. A. Rice of Richland was killed to-day by a kick of a horse.

The Toronto pot hunters who are preparing for a big hunt next fall will be prevented if possible by the Game Prevention Society from indulging in indiscriminate slaughter of game.

McGarigle will not return to Chicago shortly as reported.

Haffield, charged with wife murder, was found guilty this evening of manslaughter.

Parry Sound Colonization Railway.

PARRY SOUND, March 19.—A meeting of the directors of the Parry Sound Colonization Railway Company was held here yesterday for the purpose of securing an additional bonus to construct the line from here to Burk's Falls. The Ontario Government purpose granting $3000 a mile, and it is thought that if the Dominion Government will renew a bonus formerly granted of $3200 per mile the road can be built. With this end in view a deputation of influential business men was appointed to go to Ottawa forthwith and represent to the Government the position of affairs.

Railway Consolidation.

SIMCOE, March 19.—At the meeting of shareholders of the South Norfolk Railway and of the Georgian Bay Division of the Grand Trunk held here yesterday it was unanimously resolved to incorporate the South Norfolk extension into the Georgian Bay division under the special provision of an act of the Dominion Parliament passed at the session of 1888. All the necessary resolutions were passed and agreements unanimously approved for the consolidation.

Fire at Forest.

FOREST, March 19.—About 4 o'clock this morning H. Switzer, foreman for A. Wren & Co., who was the only occupant of his residence in Washington street, was awakened by smoke and on attempting to arise from his bed found the floor of the upstairs apartment he occupied on fire. He made exit hastily through a window, completing his toilet on terra firma. The new fire engine was quickly on the scene and did great execution. The building was badly damaged; no insurance; contents insured for $400 in the Fire Insurance Association. The origin of the fire is supposed to have been a defective stove.

Halifax News.

HALIFAX, March 19.—Ald. David McPherson and D. A. Campbell, M.D., are candidates for the Halifax mayoralty. The civic elections take place next month. An agitation is on foot to impose civic taxation on all importations of manufactured goods brought here for the purpose of selling by auction. Hitherto these have escaped taxation and upper province firms and others have had large quantities of goods disposed of in this way.

Thos. Toliere, a colored youth, was arrested yesterday morning with a tin box containing $150 worth of half-crushed gold in his possession. Particles of stone were attached to the gold which looked as if it had been in a crusher. It is supposed Toliere stole it at some mine.

THEY SAT TILL MIDNIGHT.

THE LEGISLATURE BUSY CLEARING OFF THE ORDER PAPERS.

Bills That Were Advanced, Bills That Were Passed and Bills That Were Slaughtered—Three Divisions.

TORONTO, March 19.—A dull session was that at the Assembly yesterday. The proceedings in fact were purely routine. Rushing bills and considering measures in committee occupied the afternoon, These bills were read a third time:

To give representation in the Legislative Assembly to the District of Nipissing—Mr. Hardy.

Respecting oaths under the Manhood Suffrage Act—The Attorney-General.

Respecting steam threshing machines—Mr. Drury.

Respecting the City of London—Mr. Meredith.

To incorporate the Ontario Inland Marine Mutual Insurance Association—Mr. Leys.

These bills were passed in committee:

Respecting registry offices—The Attorney-General.

To amend the act respecting the study of Anatomy—Mr. McKay.

To protect the beaches and shores of the Province against depredation—Mr. Drury.

The Provincial Treasurer moved that the House go into committee to-day to consider the railway resolutions.

These Government orders were considered and passed in committee: Respecting damage to Canada by flooding in new districts—Mr. Drury; to amend the Division Courts Act—Mr. Gibson (Hamilton.)

The Provincial Secretary's bill to amend the Public Health Act was then read a second time.

The second reading of the bill to amend the Free Libraries Act was moved by the Minister of Education. Mr. Ross explained that before this bill had been brought down every free library board in the province had been notified and had approved of its provisions. Formost amongst these is the clause providing for the organizing of evening classes for mechanics and laboring men in connection with the libraries. This is an outcome of the conference called by the Minister of Education and held in the Normal School some months ago. The bill passed.

The Provincial Treasurer introduced a bill to amend the Ontario Insurance Act.

Among the public bills considered in committee was Mr. Bishop's measure to amend the act respecting insurance companies. There was considerable discussion on the provision which proposes to enlarge the time of insurance for mutual insurance companies to four instead of three years. The measure, however passed in committee.

The following public bills were then passed in committee:

To amend the Building Societies Act—Mr. Meredith.

Respecting Arbitrations and References—Mr. Meredith.

Mr. Whitney, on moving the second reading of his bill to amend the Election Act, explained that the object of the measure was to add imprisonment to the penalty of a fine for bribery.

The Attorney-General objected to the measure on the ground that if the penalty were increased the present difficulty of securing a conviction would be increased.

The bill was voted down, 30 to 15.

The second reading of the bill respecting actions at law was moved by Mr. French. The House divided and the bill was voted down by 43 to 24.

Mr. Meredith's bill to amend the Ontario Judicature Act was also voted down by a majority of 20.

A number of other bills were dropped and the House adjourned at midnight.

A Scott Act Witness Indicted.

WHITBY, March 18.—At the assizes convened here to-day by Justice Falconbridge, the grand jury brought in a true bill for perjury against F. Withyman, a witness in a recent Scott Act trial, resulting in the conviction of J. M. Brooks of Oshawa, before Police Magistrate Grierson of that town. The liquor party are intensely interested in the result, as it will have an important influence in the contest now going on for the repeal of the Scott Act in this county.

Signs of Spring.

MOUNT FOREST, March 17.—Blue-jays, robins and dainty little bonnets have made their welcome appearance here already.

A sacred concert was given in the Roman Catholic Church to-night. A lecture by Father Burk of Arthur was on the program and was much appreciated.

CABLE NOTES.

Editor O'Brien Refuses to Accept Conditional Liberty.

LONDON, March 18.—Rev. Mr. Tanning today applied to the authorities of the prison at Chatham for permission to visit Dr. Gallagher, but his application was refused on the ground that Dr. Gallagher was undergoing punishment for a breach of the prison rules.

William O'Brien refused to accept his liberty on the condition imposed by Justice Hannen of the Parnell Commission that he abstain from agitation during the period of his release. Mr. O'Brien says his release must be unconditional.

Stocks in London Irregular.

LONDON, March 18.—Copper closed at £38. The stock market was irregular on unfavorable Paris advices, but closed firmer.

The Paris Bourse Firm.

PARIS, March 18.—At the close Comptoir d'Escompte shares were quoted 160f., Societe des Metaux at 56f. 25c. and Rio Tintos at 306f. 25c. The Bourse was generally firm, especially for rentes and foreign securities.

A Sinister Gift.

VIENNA, March 18.—The Political Correspondence says the members of the Russian Imperial family have subscribed the cost of a present of several thousand American repeating rifles and a quantity of ammunition to the Prince of Montenegro. They are supposed to be intended for use against Servia in favor of Prince Karageorgevics.

Received by the Pope.

NEW YORK, March 18.—A Rome despatch to The Catholic News says: "The Pope today received the American pilgrims. Father Vassani presented him with an address, which was richly bound. The Pope made a feeling reply."

Why Crispi Retained Power.

ROME, March 18.—In the Chamber of Deputies to-day Prime Minister Crispi said he had consented to remain in power because the difference which caused him to offer his resignation referred to methods, not to principles. He aimed to restore the equilibrium of the Budget by means of reforms and retrenchments.

The Samoan Conference.

WASHINGTON, March 18.—It is believed at the Department of State that the Samoan Commissioners will not be able to start for Berlin before the middle of April, as the matter with which they have to deal is rather intricate.

THE OYSTER BOAT CRUELTIES.

A Captain Attempts to Bribe a Sailor to Commit Murder.

BALTIMORE, March 18.—At the trial of Captain C. T. Beachamp of the oyster boat Z. E. Beachamp for cruelties to sailors to-day, John Kavalek, a sailor on Beachamp's boat, stated the captain offered to increase his pay if he would throw two worthless hands overboard. Kavalek told how the captain beat John Steiner with a stick without provocation, and forced him to work when his foot was so sore he could not put it to the ground. He also testified that the captain struck Steiner on the mouth with an oyster. Beachamp, according to the testimony, seemed to claim the privilege of beating anyone in his employ. Kavalek said the fare consisted mainly of half spoiled beans with sometimes cabbage, meat, white potatoes and corn bread.

Mary Anderson's Illness.

PHILADELPHIA, March 19.—It was stated at the Stratford Hotel yesterday that Mary Anderson was somewhat better, but was as yet unable to see anyone. An attendant said that Miss Anderson was a very sick woman, but it was not true that she had become insane.

BALTIMORE, March 19.—Dr. John Van Bibber, who attended Miss Anderson during her stay here last week, denies that her mind is affected. He says Miss Anderson is in a nervous condition from overwork and insomnia and is suffering from a nervous trouble that has given her great pain. She is not suffering from any mental ailment whatever.

The Mutual Benefit Frauds.

ALBANY, N.Y., March 19.—The charges made by Anthony Comstock and other policy holders of the Mutual Benefit Life Association of America at their annual meeting held in New York, March 12, that the management of the organization is corrupt and that its funds have been misappropriated, are the subject of a report made yesterday to the Insurance Department by its examiners. They report that the bylaws have been of late continually violated by using for expenses the moneys contributed by members for the payment of death claims.

Proposed Ship Canal.

LANSING, Mich., March 19.—W. H. Morrell of New York arrived here yesterday to endeavor to induce the Legislature to grant a charter for the proposed ship canal across the upper peninsular connecting Lakes Michigan and Superior. The route selected is 37 miles long and begins at Bay au Train, about 15 miles east of Marquette. Its southern terminus will be Little Bay de Nocquet, near Gladstone. Two locks will be necessary and its projectors state that the cost will be less than the proposed canal improvements at Sault Ste. Marie. It will save to ship commerce a distance of 271 miles each way between Duluth and Chicago. Mr. Morrell says that he has an abundance of New York and Chicago capital interested and that the ship canal company will be organized within sixty days after a charter is granted.

FOR NETTLE RASH, Summer Heat and general toilet purposes, use Low's Sulphur Soap

AN INACTIVE or Torpid Liver must be aroused and all bad bile removed. Burdock Pills are best for old or young.

WILL YOU SUFFER with Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint? Shiloh's Vitalizer is guaranteed to cure you. Sold by D. M. Waters.

NEVER ALLOW the bowels to remain constipated lest serious evil ensue. National Pills are unsurpassed as a remedy for constipation.

Only One Cent!
Only One Cent!

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

FOR SALE.—Twenty shares in the capital stock of the G. & J. Brown Manufacturing Co. of Belleville. Business is in a flourishing condition, paying a dividend of 9 per cent. last year. Ill health the cause of sale. Address T. ROWLANDS, Kyle House. 272dtf

FURNITURE FOR SALE—A young couple giving up house-keeping would sell their furniture at a great reduction Anyone starting housekeeping would secure a bargain. For particulars address box 825, Belleville.

POOL TABLE, and all the fixtures, for sale. Is in first class order. Apply at Hub Hotel, Front Street, Belleville. 263d2w

APARTMENTS TO LET.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

BOARD AND ROOMS.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

HOUSES TO LET.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

FOR SALE or TO LET, the House formerly occupied by J. H. Simpson, Commercial Street Possession given immediately. Apply to P. R. PALMER 263d3m

LOST AND FOUND.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

LIVE STOCK.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

HOUSE FOR SALE on William St., two doors south of Bridge St., next the residence of Mrs. T. C. Wallbridge, best locality in the city, house new, comfortable, and commodious, hard and soft water, closets in all the rooms. Enquire of R. PURDY, Bridge St. 272d2w

TO LET.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

TO LET.—Two Stores and some room on Front Street, next door to C. F. Smith. JOHN FORIN. 272d2w

WANTED.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

SALESMEN—We wish a few men to sell our goods by sample to the wholesale and retail trade. Large manufacturers in our line. Enclose 2-cent stamp. Wages $3 per day. Permanent position. No postals answered. Money advanced for wages, advertising, etc. CENTENNIAL MAN'F'G CO., CINCINNATI, OHIO. 245d30teod

DOMESTICS WANTED.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

WANTED—2 Chamber Maids. Apply at QUEEN'S HOTEL, city. 272d3t

GENERAL SERVANT WANTED—at once. Apply to MRS. J. A. MARSHALL, Queen St. 271d4t.

COOK WANTED—immediately. Apply at City Hotel.—D. COYLE. 269d1w

SITUATIONS WANTED.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

MECHANICS WANTED.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion,

To Let for a Term of Years, or For Sale.

PARTS of 9 and 10, 2nd Con. of Thurlow, containing about 100 acres of cleared land, adjacent to the Grand Trunk Station. Apply to
HON. ROB'T READ,
March 19, '89 d&wtf Belleville.

NOTICE.

THE PUBLIC is notified that I have bought out Mr. Grotto and will contract to water Front street this season to the entire satisfaction of those who engage my services.
W. BROWN.
March 19, 1889. d1t

TENDERS.

TENDERS for the erection of a two story brick dwelling on Alexander Street will be received up to noon on Saturday, March 23rd. Tenders either separate or for the whole. Plans and specifications can be seen at my residence, North Front Street. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.
JOHN DOYLE.
March 19, 1889. d1t

SPRING - - OPENING
—OF THE—
: . Millinery : . Parlors : .
FRIDAY, MARCH THE 22ND.
☞ALL ARE CORDIALLY INVITED.

---Millinery : Opening---
—AT—
BRIGNALL & THOMPSON'S.
Wednesday, March the 20th.

When we shall be prepared to exhibit, as usual, a magnificent stock of Imported Millinery, Mantles, Silks and Dress Materials.

BRIGNALL & THOMPSON.

MILLINERY
OPENING
—AT—
A. N. Reid & Co's
THURSDAY & FRIDAY,
MARCH 21st and 22nd,

When we will show all the latest novelties in Paris and American Pattern Hats and Bonnets, Silks, Dress Materials, Trimmings and Mantles.

All are cordially invited.

A. N. REID & CO.

--SPRING OPENING--
—AT—
GEORGE RITCHIE & CO'S.
On Friday, the 22nd of March,

the Show Rooms will be opened for the exhibition of Pattern Millinery and Mantles, with other seasonable and fashionable goods.

MISS IRWIN has now charge of the Show Rooms, and extends a cordial invitation to all.

Beautiful and rich goods will be shown, at very moderate prices.

GEO. RITCHIE & CO.

--50 MORE--
NEW HANGING LAMPS put in. Prices very much below anything we ever had.
W. J. REID & CO.

FANS
Suitable for WEDDINGS and BALLS. A splendid assortment at
J. C. OVERELL'S
FANCY EMPORIUM, BELLEVILLE.

NEW SEASON'S TEAS,
FRESH GROUND COFFEES,
Handsome Presents Given Away
—AT—
STROUD : BROS.,
Front Street, Belleville,
and at Montreal, Ottawa, Kingston and Toronto.

NEW SPRING GOODS.

Bought very early and bought very cheap.

NEW PRINTS,
NEW TABLINGS,
NEW COTTONS,
NEW STEAMLOOMS,
NEW DRESS GOODS,
NEW EMBROIDERIES,
NEW SHIRTINGS,
NEW CRETONNES,
NEW SCRIMS,
NEW UNDERWEAR,
NEW TWEEDS,

See the new. They are better and cheaper than the old.

JAS. W. DUNNET.
GLASGOW WAREHOUSE
Belleville, Feb. 12, 1889.

Daily Intelligencer.
BELLEVILLE, TUESDAY, MAR. 19

MERE MENTION.

THREE tramps were sheltered last night.

BEECHAM'S PILLS cure bilious and nervous ills.

A LOT of purses at reduced prices at Geen's Drug Store.

THE front door of a business place was found unlocked last night.

HON. MR. TUPPER gave notice last night of the Belleville harbor bill.

IF you have a cough or cold go at once to Geen's Drug Store and buy a bottle of Holden's Expectorant.

THE late John Carruthers, of Kingston, bequeathed $5,000 to his niece, Mrs. (Rev.) M. W. Maclean, of this city.

THE Chancery spring sittings will open before Mr. Justice Ferguson, on the 21st. There are eleven cases on the docket.

MISS TILNEY announces that the spring opening of millinery, etc., will take place at her millinery parlors on Friday next.

IN the report of the B. H. S. Foot Ball Club's meeting the name of Mr. J. M. Robinson, Vice President, was omitted.

A SPECIAL meeting of No. 1 Company of the 15th Battalion will be held at their armory in the drill shed to-morrow evening at 7.30.

THE committee of the Board of Trade and the committee appointed by the Council will hold a joint meeting in the council chamber this evening.

AT 7.30 last evening a fire alarm was rung, the cause of which was the burning out of a chimney in the Harrison block. The services of the brigade were not required.

ALL DISORDERS CAUSED by a bilious state of the system can be can be cured by using Carter's Little Liver Pills. No pain, griping or discomfort attending their use. Try them.

COLD wet weather is very hard on sufferers from Neuralgia troubles, and to those Dyer's Quinine and Iron Wine is strongly recommended, it is palatable, easily assimilated, and can be safely taken by the weakest invalid. W. A. Dyer & Co., Montreal.

DR. WM. H. THOMPSON of the University of the city of New York, says: "The symptoms of diseased kidneys will first appear in the extremely different organs of the body." Treat the kidneys and not the effects of kidney disease, by using Warner's Safe Cure.

PROBABILITIES.

TORONTO, March 19.—Northeast and north winds; mostly fair; not much change in temperature.

Personal.

Dr. Oronhyatekha, of London, is in town.

Mr. James White, Madoc, was in the city to-day.

TEMPERATURE.

As Registered by Dr. Bell's Self-Registering Thermometer.

TUESDAY, March 19.
Maximum 44; minimum 29.
Barometer 30.04.

A Popular Instrument.

A new scale Upright Pianoforte recently completed by Messrs. Newcombe & Co., Toronto, is affording much satisfaction. It fills the requirements of a reliable instrument by a first class maker at a figure within the reach of all. Write them for particulars.

Stealing a Plank.

Geo. H. Hill was arrested by officer Cook this morning, charged with receiving a stolen plank the property of Mr. J. M. West, builder. The parties reside on Emily street, and the plank was taken by the boys of the former. At the police court he was discharged with a warning.

For lame back, side or chest, use Shiloh's Porous Plaster. Price 25 cents. Sold by D. M. Waters.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

The Anniversary To-night.

As Bridge Street Sunday School now numbers nearly 800, it will require all the ground floor of the church to accommodate it, hence the audience will occupy the galleries. The programme is a very full one, and yet so arranged as to give constant change. The two side doors of the church will be open at 7.15 p. m.

Y. P. C. A.

The usual weekly meeting of the Young People's Christian Association of Bridge St. church was held last evening, and was of an evangelistic character. Mr. W. F. Jones conducted the services. Short gospel addresses were given by Messrs. Hall, Gordon, H. F. Ketcheson and F. Mott. These were interspersed with suitable music. The attendance was large.

Investigation at Trenton.

Chief Newton and Sergeant Downs were summoned to Trenton this morning, as witnesses in the investigation, which has been proceeding to-day in that town, into charges which have been preferred against Mr. M. J. Grainger, License Inspector for the West Ridings of Hastings. The charges were preferred by Mr. W. H. Garratt of Trenton.

Millinery Opening.

W. Flint Jones begs to announce his spring millinery opening for Friday, 22nd March, when will be shown the newest styles of French and American millinery. He has secured as milliner the services of Miss Minore, who comes very highly recommended. The ladies are cordially invited to inspect his millinery, which will be found very stylish and beautiful.—W. Flint Jones. 272d3t

Emmanuel Church Y. P. A.

The usual weekly meeting of this Association was well attended, the Sunday School Hall being filled. The proceedings were somewhat different from the usual programme, as the Rev. Mr. Bowen, pastor of the Congregational Church, delivered his lecture on "Phrenology, religion, and the bible." Miss Martin and Madame Tourgis favored the audience with solos, and the lecturer of the evening was tendered a vote of thanks. Mr. W. Johnson occupied the chair.

Our Industries.

The following is another letter which has been received by the Joint Committee, which is to meet to-night:

BELLEVILLE, March 18th, 1889.

Chairmen Board of Trade and Civic Committee.

GENTLEMEN,—I will give a free deed of gift of *Lots 41, 42, 43*, north of G. J. Railroad, west of Charles street (Albert plan) and of *Lots 4, 5, 6, 7*, north side of Railway Station St. near St. George's Church, (Smith's plan), for the purposes of manufactory to employ not less than 10 men. This offer open for six months.

(Signed) C. F. SMITH.

Relieved of his Money.

A telephone message was received at the police station at 7:30 last evening from the Windsor Hotel, that Mr. Wm. Elliott, hotel keeper at Thomasburg, had been relieved of a sum of money amounting to $120 and asking for an officer. Sergt. McCrudden responded to the call and found a number of persons at the hotel, all of whom denied any knowledge of the whereabouts of the money. While the officer was there, however, one James Whalen came in and said he had the money and was taking care of it for Elliott, and handed it to the officer, who took it and after giving the owner $5 put the remainder in his pocket and took care of it until this morning, when it was given to the owner.

A GALLANT ACTION.

Mr. H. W. Bell Saves a Child from Drowning at the Risk of his Own Life.

At about four o'clock yesterday afternoon a little boy about 6 years of age, son of Mr. James McKnight, was playing along the east bank of the river on Mill Street, in front of Brown's Foundry, when he accidentally fell into the water. The child, as it fell, gave a loud scream, which was heard for some distance, and in a few moments numbers had gathered at the scene of the accident. At this point the river bank is high, the water deep and the current swift, and the child was rapidly carried through the open channel to the ice bound portion of the stream.

Mr. Henry W. Bell, youngest son of Dr. James T. Bell, who was in the vicinity of Moore's marble works, had his attention attracted by the crowd who had gathered along the revetment wall, which extends for some distance north of the upper bridge. He ran to the locality, and seeing the child's hands above the edge of the ice and no one venturing to attempt a rescue, threw off his overcoat and coat as he ran, and without a moment's hesitation jumped from the wall, which is there twelve feet high, into the swift current six feet deep. He was just in time to grasp the drowning child, and, happily, reaching a ledge where the water was up to his middle, kept his footing until rescued by persons who procured a ladder from the engine house. Willing assistance was rendered in bringing both to *terra firma*. The deed was a noble one, and one for which the rescuer ought to receive the Royal Humane Society's medal, as the rescue was effected at the imminent peril of the rescuer's life.

It is very satisfactory to add that Mr. Bell is not any the worse of the perilous and exciting adventure through which he passed. Mr. Bell will leave this evening for Oshawa, where he has procured employment.

Dr. Ross, who was called to attend the child, stated this morning that he was not as yet entirely out of danger, as congestion of the lungs appears to be setting in. The child complained of feeling considerable pain in the left lung.

THE FATHER'S GRATITUDE.

Mr. McKnight wishes us to say that "he cannot find words sufficient to convey his feelings of gratitude and thankfulness to Mr. Bell for his brave and heroic act in saving his child from death. Such heroism deserves the highest reward, and it is to be hoped Mr. Bell will receive the medal of the Humane Society. Without a thought of himself and at the risk of his life, he jumped from the wall into the river just as the body of the boy was being carried under the ice."

WM. T. BELFIELD, M.D., of Chicago, who was chosen to deliver the Cartwright lecture course in 1883 (the highest honor the medical profession can bestow upon any member) says: "A feeling of weight and tension over the kidneys, increased upon pressure, is an occasional symptom." This being only an occasional symptom, its absence is no evidence that you are free from kidney disease, and when there is any departure from health which might arise from kidney disease, Warner's Safe Cure should be used at once to prevent organic changes taking place and the development of Bright's disease.

—A wild cat carried off a child at Good Hope, Georgia, last Wednesday.

—Mayor Grant has ordered that the sunburst of Erin be hoisted on New York city hall to-day.

CATARRH CURED, health and sweet breath secured, by Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy Price 50 cents. Nasal Injector free. For sale by D. M. Waters.

City Council.

A regular meeting was held last night. Present: His Worship Mayor Diamond, Ald. Petrie, Starling, J. W. Johnson, Graham, Lott, Vandusen, L. Johnson, Bogart, Collins, Reeves, Ross, Pringle, Anderson, Macoun, LaRoche, Hanley and Wallbridge.

COMMUNICATIONS.

From a number of the residents of Murney Ward, asking for the placing of an electric light on the corner of Bridge street west and Yeomans street.

From George Irwin, asking for the privilege of watering the streets.

A number of accounts were presented and referred to their respective committees.

The Council went into Committee of the Whole on reports, Ald. Collins in the chair.

The Executive Committee's report was adopted without discussion, as were also the reports of the Public Works and Fire Committees.

On motion the report of the special committee, appointed to consider the bread question, was adopted.

The report of the Market and City Property Committee, recommending that Mr. LaPointe be given the contract for the reconstruction of the butter market, caused some discussion.

Ald. Anderson thought that there must be some mistake, as the tenders ranged from $90 to $425.

Ald. Collins said Mr. LaPointe was a practical mechanic and could give $5,000 security for the performance of the work if it was required.

The report was adopted.

The report of the Water and Gas Committee, recommending the addition of four electric lights, was the subject of some discussion.

Ald. J. W. Johnson asked if the financial aspect had been taken into consideration by the committee, as he thought the committee should not exceed their estimate of last year.

Ald. Bogart thought that the residents of the western portion of the city, in Murney Ward, should have better light. The placing of these additional lights will do away with a great many coal oil lamps and some gas lamps. An electric light should be placed on Hotel Street near the hospital lot, as a number of churches were in the near vicinity. He did not wish to exceed the expenditure of last year.

Ald. Manley said in the eastern portion of Coleman Ward there were neither coal oil or gas lamps.

Ald Bogart said that portion of the city was as well lighted as any other.

Ald. Vandusen said the expense of putting in the electric light was an important matter. He said that if an electric light was placed on the corner of West Bridge and Yeomans streets, six coal oil lamps would be done away with. He asked that a deputation from that portion of Murney Ward be heard.

Ald. Anderson thought that the deputation should be heard. He said all the information available should be obtained. If an electric light were placed on the corner of West Bridge and Yeomans street, it would meet the wishes of a great many residents of that part of the city.

Ald. Ross was in favor of having the lights equally distributed. A light should be placed in the eastern portion of Baldwin Ward.

Ald. Macoun thought that the report was not definite enough, and he moved that it be referred back to the Waterand Gas Committee.

Ald. Hanley suggested that the committee abolish coal oil lamps altogether, as they were useless. There were electric lights and gas lamps enough in the city to light the whole of it if they were properly distributed.

The report was referred back.

The committee rose and reported Report received and adopted.

The auditors of the city at this juncture presented their report, which was adopted.

INQUIRIES.

Ald. J. W. Johnson asked if the crossings of the streets were to be cleaned.

Ald. Hanley promised that they would be attended to.

Ald. Wallbridge inquired if the fountains in connection with the water works were to be opened.

Ald. Ross inquired if anything had been done in reference to the placing of the electric lights in the centre of the streets.

Ald. Bogart said he had the matter under consideration.

Ald. Ross asked if anything had been done in reference to the selling of the fire engine not in use.

Ald. Lott said he would do all he could to sell it.

INTRODUCTION OF BY-LAWS.

Ald. J. W. Johnson introduced a By-law relating to the sale and weight of bread in the city.

Council went into committee of the whole on By-laws, Ald. Anderson in the chair.

The Committee's report was received and adopted. The By-law was passed through its different stages and numbered 656.

Ald. Forin came in.

Moved by Ald. Hanley, seconded by Ald. Graham, That the Public Works Committee be authorised to call for tenders for 1,000 cords of broken hard-head stone, prepared for use on the streets.

The mover said that a quantity of stone was required immediately. He thought, by calling for tenders, that the stone could be procured cheaply. Col. Brown had withdrawn his proposition to supply a quantity of stone.

Ald. J. W. Johnson gave notice that he would introduce a By-law authorising the Mayor to take stock in the Bridge Company.

Council adjourned.

St. Patrick's Day Celebration.

The Sons of St. Patrick Dine at the Ontario House.

The Sons of St. Patrick of this city celebrated the anniversary of the patron saint of Ireland in a fitting manner last evening by an oyster supper at the Ontario House. The spread which was provided by the proprietor, Mr. Patrick Fitzpatrick, was an excellent one. Mr. F. P. Carney, president of the Society, occupied the chair. Associated with him around the festive board were the Rev. Father Conley, Ald. Graham, Collins and Hanley, Col. Strong, Messrs. Jas. St. Charles, Jas Cummins, F. Dolan and others. After due justice had been done by all to the bountiful spread, the chairman in a few well chosen remarks proposed the toast of His Holiness Pope Leo XIII, coupled with the name of Rev. Father Conley, which was drank heartily, and ably responded to by the rev. gentleman. The toast of the Queen was received with enthusiasm, and responded to by ex-Ald. Jas. St. Charles. The Governor General's health was proposed, and Ald. Collins paid the gentleman a high compliment in responding. The toast of the President of the United States was next received, coupled with the name of Col. Strong. The speaker in his remarks said the sons of St. Patrick would be recreant to their duty if they did not celebrate the anniversary of the patron saint of Ireland. He was pleased to be present to assist in the celebration. Other toasts were proposed and ably responded to.

The toasts were interspersed with suitable music, furnished by Messrs. Henry Foltz, and F. and J. West. Songs were also given by Ald. Graham, Mr. Owen McCarthy and others. The party separated at an early hour this morning, after a most enjoyable evening had been spent by all.

CROUP, WHOOPING COUGH and Bronchitis immediately relieved by Shiloh's Cure. For sale by D. M. Waters.

THE LOST ATLANTIS.

For many centuries there has been a tradition of a long lost island called Atlantis.

The Greek geographers located it in the Atlantic Ocean, west of the northwest part of Africa and the Pillars of Hercules. The sea-kings of Atlantis are said to have invaded Europe and Africa, and to have been defeated by the Athenians.

All the legends agree that it was a vast island, of inexhaustible resources, and inhabited by a race of superior people. For ages this island has existed only in legendary lore. But now, when the light of modern research is turned full upon the investigation, behold the lost Atlantis at our very doors.

So the bigoted medical fraternity goes groping about in the dark. If they would investigate they would behold the lost Atlantis at their very door. They experiment and dose with their injurious drugs, and with no person or laws to hold them accountable, they continue their bigoted, unjustified practice, staring into vacancy, imagining that they see in themselves an Esculapius.

Wrapped in ancient bigotry, they denounce any new idea advanced by a layman or an opposition school as a fraud.

Why?

Because humanity will not be benefited? Not at all, but because their specialism did not make the discovery.

Yet they concede that there is no remedy known to their materia medica that will cure an advanced kidney malady and the diseases arising therefrom—although many of them know from crowning proof that Warner's Safe Cure will—but unscrupulously treat symptoms, and call them a disease, when in reality they know they are but symptoms.

A few of the more honest physicians admit that Warner's Safe Cure is a valuable remedy, and a great blessing to mankind, but say, in so many words when asked why they do not prescribe it, that they cannot, according to their code.

The late eminent physician and writer, Dr. J. G. Holland, published in "Scribner's Monthly," and showed his opinion of such bigotry, and no doubt was satisfied that Atlantis might possibly be discovered in a proprietary medicine, when he wrote editorially, as follows:

"Nevertheless, it is a fact that many of the best proprietary medicines of the day were more successful than many of the physicians and most of them, it should be remembered, were first discovered or used in actual medical practice. When, however, any shrewd person, knowing their virtue, and foreseeing their popularity, secures and advertises them, then, in the opinion of the bigoted, all virtue went out of them."

FIRE AT LONDON.

A $12,500 Blaze in the Factory of the London and Petrolea Barrel Company.

LONDON, Ont., March 18.—Fire broke out shortly after 8 o'clock this morning in the factory of the London and Petrolea Barrel Company at the corner of Adelaide and Simcoe-streets and was not extinguished until 1 p.m. Loss $12,500; insurance $10,000, divided between the Queen's, Commercial Union, Royal Canadian and City Mutual.

A Hotel Blaze.

STEUBENVILLE, O., March 18.—Early this morning fire partially destroyed Mossgrove's United States Hotel, loss $20,000.

Railway Shops Burnt.

CITY OF MEXICO, March 18.—The round house and shops of the Culiacan Atlanta Railroad at Culiacan were burnt to-day; loss $300,000.

Two Montreal Murder Cases.

MONTREAL, March 18.—In the Court of Queen's Bench to-day, after the examination of a number of witnesses, Thomas McGrath, accused of the murder of Albert Holden, withdrew his plea of not guilty and entered a plea of guilty of manslaughter.

John J. Chandler, who attempted to murder Mr. Sheffield, was sentenced to the penitentiary for life, but the bare possibility that exemplary conduct might result in his release after a long term was alluded to by Judge Cross.

Murder in a Gambling Den.

SHAMOKIN, Pa., March 19.—In a quarrel in a gambling saloon last evening Michael Veni was stabbed in the neck and three others seriously shot. During the fight Michael Session knocked his wife down and jumped on her body, causing her to give premature birth to a child which died. The mother's life is despaired of. Session escaped.

INTERESTING ITEMS BY WIRE.

Ex-King Milan has started for Pesth.

Great floods are reported in Southern California.

Sir Julian Pauncefote will sail for Washington on April 13.

A Colchester despatch says navigation is open on Lake Erie.

The union of St. John and Portland, N.B., will be voted on to-day.

The late John Carruthers of Kingston left an estate worth $575,000.

A visit by ex-Queen Natalie and King Alexander to the Czar is meditated.

Frank Jones of Portsmouth, N.H., says he has sold his brewery for $6,300,000.

The Berlin Government has suppressed The Volks Zeitung under the Socialist law.

Strikes of miners are feared in the coal fields of Ohio, Pennsylvania, Illinois and Indiana.

A movement is on foot in Hamilton to establish a Young Women's Christian Association.

The Temperance Committee of the Presbytery of Kingston declare in favor of the Scott Act.

It is said that $45,000 was raised at the Steinway Hall (New York) meeting Sunday night for the Parnell fund.

The St. Petersburg correspondent of The London Chronicle says it is stated that Atchinoff will be banished to the Caucasus.

There is great excitement over the development of gold mines in the Sweet Grass Hills, fifty-five miles northwest of Big Sandy.

A despatch from Tien Tsin says it is reported there that the natives have risen on the Kwang-Si frontier and have destroyed ten block houses and killed ten Frenchmen.

The London Times attacks Messrs. Cramer and Clark, Radical members of Parliament, for joining with the Radical clubs in welcoming Henry George on Saturday.

Despatches to German papers say the British resident have been warned to leave Skadaani, the German Admiral having announced his intention to bombard the place.

George D Bryson, a former resident of Toronto, was found guilty at Boulder, Mont., on Saturday night of the murder of Mrs. Annie Lindstrom and sentenced to be hanged on Aug. 9.

Detective Baldwin and a posse who went into the wilds of Wyoming and McDowell Counties W. Va., to break up a gang of 100 distillers have been surrounded and their lives are threatened.

Stop that Cough,

Many people neglect what they call a simple cold, which, if not checked in time, may lead to Lung trouble. *Scott's Emulsion of Pure Cod Liver Oil, with Hypophosphites*, will not only stop the cough but heal the lungs. Endorsed by thousands of physicians. Palatable as milk. Try it. Sold by all Druggists at 50c. and $1.00.

DYSPEPSIA IN ITS WORST FORMS will yield to the use of Carter's Little Nerve Pills, aided by Carter's Little Liver Pills. They not only relieve present distress but strengthen the stomach and digestive apparatus.

Trade of the Dominion.

SPEECH BY HON. ROBERT READ IN THE SENATE.

(From the Official Report.)

TUESDAY, March 12.

ENQUIRY.

The Order of the Day having been called—

Resuming adjourned Debate on motion Hon. Mr. McDonald (Midland), viz.: That he will call the attention of the House to the present condition of the trade of the country, import and export, in view of, and and in connection with, the proposal of the Government to open up extended commercial relations between Australia, South America and the West Indies:

And will enquire when the Government propose to introduce any measure in relation to the same?

Hon. Mr. Read (Quinte) said: I hope I will be excused in rising to say a few words on this important subject that has engaged the attention of the House, and to thank the hon. gentleman from Toronto for the industry and perseverance in bringing this important matter before the House and the country. This debate has, from its inception, assumed a very wide range, a wider range, possibly, than could be expected from the resolution. As the hon. leader of the Opposition in this House has chosen, in the course of his remarks, to attack the National Policy, I hope I may be excused if I, in my humble way, attempt as far as I can, to defend it. The hon. gentleman who asks this question kept, I think, as far from attacking the National Policy as possible in his remarks, but whenever any matter that bore upon that question was against the policy of the country I found there was a sort of applause from the Opposition benches. Having had the honor, several years ago, of moving the first resolution in Parliament that led to the adoption of this policy, and obtaining the verdict of the people upon it, I may be permitted to refer to the question now, because some members here do not recollect the resolution. I had the greatest difficulty in obtaining a seconder.

Hon. Mr. Power—What year was that?

Hon. Mr. Read—It was in 1877.

The resolution was as follows:

"The present and future interests of the manufacturing and agricultural industries of the Dominion call for the adoption of a National Policy, by which either reciprocity of trade with the United States is obtained or a reciprocity of tariffs is established by Canada."

We all know what has since taken place: that in the elections of 1878, 1882 and 1887, that policy has been endorsed by the people. It is true that the first Parliament elected in 1878 did not run out its full term. The Government thought that the manufacturers were afraid to put their money into enterprises in this country lest the National Policy should be reversed at the polls, and the Government went to the people to ascertain whether they were prepared to sustain the policy that they had inaugurated. You know the result; the majorities for the Government have been so large as to be almost unworkable. I regret that the hon. gentleman from Ottawa is not present in his place to-day, because I have to challenge the accuracy of some of the figures he quoted in his speech. He gave the figures of 1873 for 1874. I do not say that he did so intentionally, but as he drew his conclusions from those figures there is nothing left me but to correct his mistakes. You will ask what was the difference? The difference was this: In 1873 the exports of products of the mines were $2,500,000 more than they were in 1874, and by attributing this export to the year 1874, when his own government was in power, he attempts to make a point against the present Government.

Hon. Mr. Power—Was there any change of policy between the two periods?

Hon. Mr. Read—There was no change of policy, but there was a change of Government. The hon. gentleman took credit to his Government for the exports that had really taken place before his Government came into power. The exports of the products of the mine in 1873 were $6,500,000; in 1874 they amounted to $3,797,216. The exports of the mine in 1888 were $4,339,488, an increase of $362,272 over the exports of 1874, instead of a decrease, as the hon. gentleman claimed in his speech, of $2,500,000. I hope the hon. gentleman will correct the error into which he has fallen. The hon. gentleman drew from these figures the deduction that the National Policy has interfered with our export trade owing to the heavy tax upon mining machinery. I do not think that is a fair conclusion to arrive at, and I have shown that it is not warranted by the figures which he quoted. The discussion turns upon this question: Why have not our exports and imports increased in proportion to what we might naturally expect? The answer is ready; The National Policy aimed at furnishing employment for our own people and consumption of our products at home. Has it not had the effect? Are we now purchasing our manufactured goods abroad and exporting our products to maintain the working classes of other coutries? The figures show that we manufacture more at home and consume more products of our own country in the Dominion. We send flour, meal and other articles of that character to the Maritime Provinces, and in return purchase our coal from them. The change in some instances is very remarkable. In 1874 our importations of flour and meal amounted to $2,590,798; in 1888 they had fallen to $486,894, a decrease of $2,103,904. We were aiming at the cultivation of an interprovincial trade, in imitation of the policy of our neighbors, which is so greatly admired by the opposition here. In 1874 we imported corn to the value of $2,676,751; in 1888 we imported $1,121,089 worth, or $1,545,662 less. Why is that? We put a duty on corn, and the result is that we are consuming our own products at home, instead of importing corn from abroad. There are many articles produced on the farm which will not bear transportation, and the policy of the present Government is to find a home market for these articles. We have been encouraging our home trade, which, as everyone knows, is the best trade. Now we come to the article of coal to which the hon. gentleman from Montreal referred in his speech yesterday. Between 1874 and 1887, which is the latest return I could get, our export of coal to the United States has fallen from $706,271 to about $100,000, a decrease of $606,000, although the production of coal in this country has increased largely. Where has it gone to? Our own people have consumed it; we have mined more coal and we have imported less. The traffic on the Intercolonial Railway shows the development of our interprovincial trade, and there has been an equally satisfactory increase of trade by vessels in the summer season between the Maritime Provinces and the St. Lawrence. So the National Policy has not added so much to our export trade; it never was intended that it should. The aim was to furnish employment for our own people at home, instead of purchasing the products of foreign labor; and, so far as we can judge by the expression of public opinion at the polls on three different occasions, the policy is one which is popular with our own people.

(To be continued.)

THAT HACKING COUGH can be so quickly cured by Shiloh's Cure. We guarantee it. For sale by D. M. Waters.

A WISE CONCLUSION.

Years ago we decided that we would handle only such goods as we could recommend to our customers as good value for the money. The result is we have established a reputation for selling the best wearing Boots and Shoes in the locality, and our trade has increased while others have decreased. Our new Spring Stock has again been selected with the same care.

HAINES & LOCKETT.

STOCK COMPLETE!

IN ALL DEPARTMENTS.
With the finest assortment of Embroideries in the city.
With the best value in Cashmeres and Dress Materials.
With the most complete stock of Staples AT OLD PRICES.
With the Gents' Furnishing Dep't full of new things for Spring and Summer wear.
With the Tweed store full of nobby Pantings, Suitings and Spring Overcoats.

J. HENNESSY.

Ontario Assembly.

NOTES BY A MEMBER OF THE PRESS GALLERY.

(From a Correspondent.)

PRESS GALLERY, ONTARIO LEGISLATURE,
TORONTO, March 16th 1889.

As a visitor enters the front door of the presumed lordly mansion between Front and Wellington streets, where our Provincial fathers sit in deliberate confab, the first thing that would strike him to-day is the huge card adorning the close porch to the assembly room, which bears this inscription, "The House is Adjourned." Yes, the House is adjourned. Up to a late hour last night, or rather an early hour this morning, the voices of junior and rural members might be heard, talking to the country through the Press Gallery. After the first efforts, Mr. Meredith's arraignment of the Government on its administration of the License law, followed by Hon. Mr. Hardy's reply, and then perhaps a few of the first speeches, there has been but little else than rehash. It is a matter of the greatest difficulty in debating a huge question like the one just concluded, to get fresh thoughts and new arguments to deal out to the House. And more especially is this the case when such men as Mr. Meredith and Mr. Hardy take up the cudgels, the one against the other.

Mr. Meredith is a forcible speaker. His rotund voice and rounded periods, combined with his polished delivery, so well known, make him a pleasant speaker also. The keen lawyer-like distinctions, the entire absence of gall or bitterness, and the pleasing manner of his delivery, make his speeches well worth patient hearing, and they get it. I think there is not a single member of the House, from the great Oliver himself, down to the rural pollywog from the West riding of Northumberland, who does not give most careful attention to Mr. Meredith. Up in the Press gallery we are all attention, but I must say, although it relieves the monotony of the House, when Mr. Meredith speaks, I fear we often wish his utterances were shorter and less eloquent, for he is a difficult man to report.

I was speaking of Mr. Field, the member from West Northumberland. To all in the House, both Government and Opposition, it is a known fact that Mr. Field cannot speak. When he does attempt to address the House, it is only in Committee, and even then his utterances are weak and feeble. As soon as he is known to take the floor, there is a great scrambling for pen and paper, and the moment his speech begins everybody looks bored, but is busy with something else.

There is but little encouragement in the House, for any member who would learn to speak. Men of natural diffidence and often deficient education, get no show at all. 'Tis too bad it is the case, as it discourages many who would otherwise perhaps try again.

Mr. Metcalfe, of Kingston, made a pleasant speech yesterday. "Met," as he is familiarly known, is quite a "sport." His deliverances partake of the humorous, but are too carelessly thrown together to have much effect. However, this is the same story, I could tell about even Mr. Meredith himself, for does not the division show how strong are the Mowat entrenchments?

TORONTO, March 18.

To-day is anything but a field day in the House, and those of the members who are around are taking but little interest in committee proceedings.

A number of the members are not here yet. They go home on Saturday morning or Friday evening and don't show up till next Tuesday. This may be very nice and particularly convenient, but is not serving the interest of their good constituents as they ought.

On Wednesday, morning sessions begin. The Government are desirous of getting an adjournment before Saturday and will doubtless succeed, unless Meredith makes an aggressive attack on their railway policy. This is not probable.

CANADIAN COMPANIES ABROAD.

Chignecto Marine Railway Prospectus—Northwest Land Company.

LONDON, March 19.—The prospectus is issued of the Chignecto Marine Transport Company, with a capital of £300,000 in 15,000 seven per cent. preference shares of £20 each, and £10,000 in 5000 ordinary shares of £20 each. The company is also authorized to issue £700,000 of five per cent. mortgage debentures. Only preferred shares are now offered. Mr. Provand, M.P., is among the directors.

Sir George Warrender, chairman, has intimated his desire to retire from the board of the Canada Northwest Land Company as soon as suitable provision is made. The board recommends the election of Thomas Reynolds of London to fill Mr. Peacock Edwards' place on the board. Mr. Edwards has hitherto been managing director in Scotland. These changes are taken to indicate the intention of the board to infuse fresh life into the affairs of the company.

The Canada Company's report shows that land sales and leases decreased 854 acres, as compared with 1887. Receipts decreased £11,397. The average price, however, increased from 80½ to 99 shillings. The board expect activity in mining. The cost of management was reduced by £858.

The Standard's financial editor, commenting on the Canadian Pacific Bill now before the Dominion Parliament, says if the bond and share holders are not to sit still till they are ruined they ought to organize determined opposition to the proposals at once. It is not likely the suggestions will be acted on.

OFFICE TO LET.

FIRST-CLASS Office and Shop Room to let for a term of years. Apply at this office.

THE BELLEVILLE WATER WORKS CO.

At FISH'S.

New Kid Gloves,
New Neckwear,
New Regatta Shirts,
New White Shirts,
New Spring Shirting
IN STOCK TO-DAY.

A. E. FISH & CO.,
The noted Shirt Makers and Gents' Furnishers, 260 Front St.

REFINED CAMPHOR

Fresh from the Manufacturers, just received by

L. W. YEOMANS & CO.

Feather Dusters

A full assortment of American Split Turkey Feather Dusters.

-F. CHARLES CLARKE,-
CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST.
Telephone 138. Front Street.

CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES

AT THE

City Book Store.

New Stock just received, in all the latest styles of leading American and Canadian manufacturers.

Largest assortment in the city to select from. No old goods carried over. All Carriages this year's make.

Prices extremely low.

☞Study your best interests by examining our stock.

C. B. SCANTLEBURY,

Perkins' Indian Medicines.

Yeoman Gibson, Whitby, Ont., writes and says that Perkins' Cramp and Pain Alleviator was the only remedy that would cure him. He spent hundreds of dollars with the doctors; only relief he could get was using morphine. Now he has not felt it for the past 6 years. Dr. Wilson's British Cough Balsam is known and extolled as the great English remedy for curing Bronchitis and Lung disease. Perkins' Indian Herb Ointment will positively cure erysipelas, salt rheum, and fever sores; and for burns and scalds, it is the boss of the world, as it cures without leaving any marks. The above remedies are manufactured by D. H. Perkins, St. John, N.B.

ALBERT E. GEEN, Agent for Belleville,
Wholesale and Retail Druggist.
Feb'y 19, 1889. 1taw3m

SPENCERIAN STEEL PENS
Are the Best,
IN THE ESSENTIAL QUALITIES OF
Durability, Evenness of Point, and Workmanship.
Works: Birmingham, England.
Sold by the leading Stationers.

WINTER SERVICE.

---ALLAN LINE---

Steamships	Fr. Portland	Fr. Halifax
Polynesian	21 Feb.	23 Feb.
Sardinian	7 Mar.	9 Mar.
Circassian	21 "	23 "
Parisian	4 April	6 April
Polynesian	18 "	20 "
Sardinian	2 May	4 May

Circassian from Quebec May 10th.

The steamers from Portland via Halifax call at Londonderry on their passage to and from Liverpool, to embark and land mails and passengers.

The steamers from Halifax via St. Johns, Nfd., call at Queenstown on their passages to and from Britain.

Steamers leave Portland on arrival of train leaving Belleville Wednesday noon, and Halifax on arrival of train leaving Belleville Thursday noon.

Passengers proceeding by steamers calling at St. Johns, Nfd., will leave Belleville on Friday noon train.

RATES OF OCEAN PASSAGE:

Cabin, $50.00, $65.00 and $75.00 according to accommodation. Intermediate, $30.00. Steerage, $20.00. Return Tickets, Cabin, $100, $125.00, $150.00. Intermediate, $60.00. Steerage $40.00.

Steerage passengers are booked to and from Queenstown, Derry, Belfast, London and Glasgow at same rates as Liverpool.

Intermediate passengers are forwarded to and from Glasgow and Liverpool by rail without extra charge.

CABIN PASSENGERS

are supplied with a very liberal table, and everything necessary except wines and liquors, which can be had on board at moderate prices.

Each passenger is allowed twenty cubic feet of baggage free.

THE INTERMEDIATE.

Superior accommodation is offered in the INTERMEDIATE, which in every respect is equal to what is called Second Cabin in some lines sailing from New York.

The Intermediate Cabins on all our ships are well situated, perfectly ventilated and are entirely distinct from the Steerage. Steward and Stewardesses to each vessel. Passengers in the Intermediate are found with everything.

THE STEERAGES

are large and exceedingly well lighted and ventilated, are fitted up in rooms, each passenger having a separate sleeping berth. A Stewardess is appointed to each steamer.

For tickets and all information apply to

U. E. THOMPSON,
General Ticket Agent,
Bridge St. Belleville.

Burdock BLOOD BITTERS

WILL CURE OR RELIEVE

BILIOUSNESS,	DIZZINESS,
DYSPEPSIA,	DROPSY,
INDIGESTION,	FLUTTERING OF THE HEART.
JAUNDICE,	ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH.
ERYSIPELAS,	
SALT RHEUM,	
HEARTBURN,	DRYNESS OF THE SKIN,
HEADACHE,	

And every species of diseases arising from disordered LIVER, KIDNEYS, STOMACH, BOWELS OR BLOOD.

T. MILBURN & CO., Proprietors, Toronto

Manufacturers Life & Accident INSURANCE COMPANIES.

Combined authorized capital	$3,000,000
Combined subscribed capital	739,700
Combined cash capital	150,760
Combined insurance received (1888)	9,575,525

President—Sir John A. Macdonald.
Vice-Presidents { Geo. Gooderham, Esq., William Bell, Esq.
Secretary and Treasurer—J. L. Kerr, Esq.
Managers for Eastern Ontario, Peterboro—Wilson & Morrison.

R. CROFT HULME
Agent, Belleville.

Agents wanted.

This Company wrote the largest amount of new business of any company in Canada in 1888. It has the largest capital and the strongest Board of Directors of any company in the Dominion.

ARMBRECHT'S

TONIC COCA WINE

FOR FATIGUE OF MIND AND BODY AND SLEEPLESSNESS.

"Experience and scientific analysis reveal to us in Coca the most tonic plant in the Vegetable Kingdom."—*Manuel Fuentes.*

"It (Coca) is, in a word, the most powerful restorer of the vital forces."—*Dr. Schwalk.*

ARMBRECHT'S COCA WINE, though more tonic in its properties than Iron or Quinine,

NEVER CONSTIPATES.

See Medical Reviews. For sale by leading druggists throughout the world.

ARMBRECHT, NELSON & CO.
2 Duke St., Grosvenor Sq., LONDON.

Pond-Lily-Cream.

A delightful Toilet article. Not a face paint or powder; does not cover over but cures. Used in connection with Pond Lily Liver Pellets and Pond Lily Soap most effectually and positively removes Pimples, Freckles, Tan, Black Specks, Blotches, allays all irritation after shaving, or any itchiness of the skin from whatever cause and all roughness from the face, hands, neck and arms, leaving them beautifully white and velvety. Sold by wholesale dealers and druggists everywhere. Pond Lily Cream, 25 cents; Pond Lily Liver Pellets, 25 cents; Pond Lily Skin Soap, 15 cents. S. PERRIN, Chemist, Manufacturer and Proprietor for Canada.

PILES! PILES! PILES!

Dr. William's Indian Pile Ointment is a sure cure for Blind, Bleeding or Itching Piles. No one need suffer. Prepared for Piles only. It never fails to cure. Sold by druggists for $1.00, or mailed on receipt of price. WILLIAMS MF'G CO., Cleveland, Ohio.

Important to Workingmen.

Artizans, mechanics and laboring men are liable to sudden accidents and injuries, as well as painful cords, stiff joints and lameness. To all thus troubled we would recommend Hagyard's Yellow Oil, the handy and reliable pain cure for outward or internal use.

Give Them a Chance ?

That is to say, your lungs. Also all your breathing machinery. Very wonderful machinery it is. Not only the larger air-passages, but the thousands of little tubes and cavities leading from them.

When these are clogged and choked with matter which ought not to be there, your lungs cannot half do their work. And what they do they cannot do well.

Call it cold, cough, croup, pneumonia, catarrh, consumption or any of the family of throat and nose and lung obstructions, all are bad. All ought to be got rid of. There is just one sure way to get rid of them. That is to take Boschee's German Syrup, which any druggist will sell you at 75 cents a bottle. Even if everything else has failed you, you may depend upon this for certain.

A Feeble Failure.

Many persons become feeble and fail in health and disease of the blood, liver, kidneys and stomach when prompt use of Burdock Blood Bitters, the grand purifying and regulating tonic, would quickly regulate every bodily function and restore to perfect health.

FEVER AND AGUE AND BILIOUS DERANGEMENTS are positively cured by the use of Parmelee's Pills. They not only cleanse the stomach and bowels from all bilious matter, but they open the excretory vessels, causing them to pour copious effusions from the blood into the bowels, after which the corrupted mass is thrown out by the natural passage of the body. They are used as a general family medicine with the best results.

To lessen mortality and stop the inroads of disease, use Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and Dyspeptic Cure. For all diseases arising from Impure Blood, such as Pimples, Blotches, Biliousness, Indigestion, etc., etc., it has no equal. Mrs. Thomas Smith, Elm, writes: "I am using this medicine for Dyspepsia; I have tried many remedies, but this is the only one that has done me any good."

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP should always be used when children are cutting teeth. It relieves the little sufferer at once; it produces natural, quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakens as "bright as a button." It is very pleasant to taste. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP," and take no other kind. 3d&wly

Nothing so suddenly obstructs the perspiration as sudden transitions from heat to cold. Heat rarifies the blood, quickens the circulation and increases the perspiration, but when these are suddenly checked the consequences must be bad. The most common cause of disease is obstructed perspiration, or what commonly goes by the name of catching cold. Coughs, colds, sore throat, etc, if attended to in time are easily subdued, but allowed to run their own course, generally prove the fore-runner of more dangerous diseases. Nine-tenths of the consumptives date their affliction from a neglected cold, and the diseases that are caused by wet feet, damp clothes, or exposure are more numerous than are generally supposed. One of the most efficacious medicines for all diseases of the throat and lungs is Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup. It promotes a free and easy expectoration, which frees the lungs from viscid phlegm by changing the secretions from a diseased to a healthy state.

Rest and Comfort to the Suffering.

"Brown's Household Panacea" has no equal for relieving pain, both internal and external. It cures Pain in the Side, Back or Bowels, Sore Throat, Rheumatism, Toothache, Lumbago and any kind of a Pain or Ache. "It will most surely quicken the Blood and Heal, as its acting power is wonderful." "Brown's Household Panacea," being acknowledged as the great Pain Reliever, and of double the strength of any other Elixir or Liniment in the world, should be in every family handy for use when wanted, "as it really is the best remedy in the world for Cramps in the Stomach, and Pains and Aches of all kinds," and is for sale by all Druggists at 25 cts a bottle.

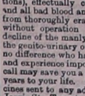
A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, *Station D, New York City.*

DUNN'S BAKING POWDER

THE COOK'S BEST FRIEND

EXHAUSTED VITALITY.



THE SCIENCE OF LIFE, the great Medical Work of the age on Manhood, Nervous and Physical Debility, Premature Decline, Errors of Youth, and the untold miseries consequent thereon, 300 pages 8 vo., 125 prescriptions for all diseases. Cloth, full gilt, only $1, by mail, sealed. Illustrative sample free to all young and middle aged men. Send now. The Gold and Jewelled Medal awarded to the author by the National Medical Association. Address P. O. Box 1895, Boston, Mass., or Dr. W. H. PARKER, graduate of Harvard Medical College, 25 years' practice in Boston, who may be consulted confidentially. Specialty, Diseases of Men. Office, No. 4, Bulfinch Street,

---

NERVOUS DEBILITY.

NERVOUS DEBILITY, EXHAUSTING, Vital Drains (caused by early indiscretions), effectually cured. Syphilitic affections and all bad blood and skin diseases arising there from thoroughly eradicated. Varicocele cured without operation. Impotence, or premature decline of the manly powers, and all diseases of the genito-urinary organs a specialty. It makes no difference who has failed to cure you. Skill and experience important. A friendly letter or call may save you a great deal of misery and add years to your life. Consultation FREE. Medicines sent to any address. DR. REEVE, 337 Jarvis St., Toronto. 59d&wly

---

Lake Winnipeg White Fish
Salmon Trout,
Salt Water Salmon,
Finnan Haddies,
Boneless Codfish,
Roll Butter,
Fresh Eggs,
Sugar Syrups,

A. KNOX.

VETERINARY.

T. PURVIS, Veterinary Surgeon, Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College, Toronto, Member of Ontario Vet. Society. Office, rooms formerly occupied by Dr. Douglas, Front St. References—J. P. Wiser & Son, and Ed. Rooney, Prescott. 263d&wtf

---

Wood ! Wood !

I AM now selling at the West Belleville Central Wood Yard all kinds of Hard and mixed wood, cut and uncut, which I will deliver to any part of the city. Remember the place, the West Belleville Central Wood Yard, just a few steps from the Foot Bridge.

EDWARD NEWMAN.

Railway Time Tables.

Grand Trunk Railway.

Trains arrive at and depart from Belleville Station as follows:

GOING EAST.

	Arrive.	Leave.
No. 1 Mail	12.25 p. m.	12.30 p. m.
No. 3 Mail Fast	12.45 a. m.	12.50 a. m.
No. 11 Mixed	8.05 p. m.	8.15 p. m.
No. 13 do		7.00 a. m.

GOING WEST.

	Arrive.	Leave.
No. 2 Mail	5.50 p. m.	5.55 p. m
No. 4 do	4.00 a. m.	4.05 a. m.
No. 6 do Fast	6.55 a. m.	7.00 a. m.
No. 14 Mixed	11.00 a. m.	11.55 a. m.
No. 16 do	11.10 p. m.	

MIDLAND RAILWAY.

GRAND JUNCTION DIVISION.

Going West. (Leave.)

Mail	5:45 a. m.
Mixed	4:30 p. m

Going East. (Arrive.)

Mail	4:30 p. m.
Mixed	11 50 a. m

MADOC DIVISION.

Going North. (Leave.)

Mixed	12.25 p. m
Mixed	4:30 p. m.

Going South. (Arrive.)

Mixed	9:00 a. m.
Mixed	4 30 p. m.

CENTRAL ONTARIO RAILWAY.

PICTON DIVISION.

Leave G.T.R. Jct.	7:20 a.m.	12:50 p.m.
Arrive Picton	8:44 "	2:50 "
Leave Picton	9:05 "	3:45 "
Arrive G.T.R. Jct.	10:30 "	5:25 "

COE HILL DIVISION.

Train for Coe Hill 9:35 a m, 12:30 p m; Trenton Junction 15m later; Mid. Ry. J'ct. 10:28 a m, 3:23 p m; C. P. R. J'ct. 11 a m, 4:30 p m; ElDorado 11:45 a m, 5:15 p m. Arr. Coe Hill 1:30 p m, 6:50 p m. Coe Hill for Trenton: 6 a m, 2:20 p m; ElDorado 7:45 a m, 3:47 p m; C. P. R. J'ct 8:40 a m, 4:30 p m; Mid. Ry. J'ct. 9:15 a m, 4:57 p m; G. T. J'ct. 9:50 a m, 5:30 p m; arr. Trenton 10:05 a m, 5:42 p m.

Daily Intelligencer.

RIGHTED AT LAST.

A STORY OF NEW ENGLAND LIFE.

> A child of our grandmother Eve, a female;
> Or, for thy more sweet understanding, a woman.
> *Love's Labor Lost.*

'Grace laughed. Ah, Julia never can forgive Miss Littell, my governess, for marrying Senator E—. It was a real romance, Cousin Anne!'

Miss Julia bit her lips, and shot a glance of anger at the laughing girl; the mother gave her one of her blackest frowns; but Miss Annesley, unmindful of their displeasure, said, thoughtfully:

'It is barely possible that what this teacher asserts may be true; for Philip Cavendish, though very young, was not a mere boy when he left the country, and there was a rumor of his marriage at the time. I have heard Ralph Saville speak of it.—But go on, dear. What came of it?'

'The girl, I believe, had a document which gave some color to her story, and there was an old housekeeper who said Mr. Cavendish acknowledged her as his niece in her presence, before he died, and there was talk of a compromise, for the Ellises are very honorable people; but the girl showed out what she was by running away in the night, after trying to bribe an elder half-brother of Edward Ellis to marry her.'

There was James Sancroft's trail! I might have smiled at the absurdity of his report, if I had not known Edward Ellis himself must have told it to Fanny Pyncheon, whose grace and beauty I had often heard him describe. He must have believed it—Mrs. Ellis believed it—and these ladies believed it! This was my guerdon for renunciation, suffering, loneliness, and toil. They had not told of the coldness, mistrust, and suspicion; the changed looks and degrading insinuations, that made my life there, on their terms, intolerable! I was poor, therefore dishonest; homeless, therefore base and unwomanly; friendless, therefore any thing in the shape of a man with friends and family, or, for aught I knew, without them, might slander me with impunity! And this was civilization in the nineteenth century!

Is it strange that I paid little heed to the remainder of the tale—'the shock the creature's ingratitude' had given to Mrs. Ellis's nerves: the disinterestedness of herself and son in trying to trace the fugitive—the probable postponement of Edward's marriage, or the emphatic denunciations of 'such baseness' by Mrs. Lloyd, echoed faintly by gentle Miss Annesley; the eloquent shrug of Miss Julia's shoulders—but sat recalling some words of Mr. Ralph Annesley's uttered long ago, by the Cedar Pond, about the children of the Hindoo women, and the river Ganges?

CHAPTER XXII

AT HIGHCLIFF.

We are at Highcliff once more, enjoying the fair miracles of sunrise and sunset, with still delicious noontides between. We are alone, for the Lloyds are going to Saratoga; Miss Julia has carried her point, and they are whiling away the time, before the season commences, with some friends on the banks of the Hudson, somewhat to my mistress's disappointment. The father of these young ladies had been her favorite cousin, and she had transferred her affection to his children after his death. Her love for them completely, as it seemed, blinded her to Miss Julia's arrogant, overbearing spirit, or perhaps it did not seem out of place in one of her position, for she could not be expected to see it from a standpoint of the poor companion.

But her disappointment was soon effaced by the sunshine and fresh air, and she spent hours in the garden, sometimes leaning on my arm, for she was now able to walk with a little assistance, or seated in her garden chair, beneath the great peach-tree at the end of the alley, planning the arrangement of flower-beds, and overlooking the labors of Peter's boy, Jim, her maid Jane, and myself. Sometimes, Peter and one of the men gave us their assistance, and, by midsummer, the old garden was a wilderness of beauty—old-fashioned beauty—for there were the flowers my mistress had loved and tended in her youth—white lilies, sweetwilliams, larkspurs, columbines, marigolds, pinks in endless varieties, roses of all colors, sweet-scented shrubs, lilacs, syringes, Guelder roses, flowering almonds, with beds of thyme, mignonette, summer savory, and fennel, all bordered by the evergreen, ever fresh-looking box, thick hedges of which screened the lawn from the country road, and lined the walks about the grounds. This was a new feature to me: all that I had seen of this shrub before had been the small, dust-colored specimens dividing the mathematically-drawn flower-beds in some city yard, as unlike this strong, green, stalwart thing as possible; and these hedges were to me a constant source of delight, standing up so firm, and strong, and undaunted, defying summer's heat and winter's cold.

But a word about Highcliff. It was nothing more than a large, well-built, old-fashioned farm-house, standing on a plateau of some acres in extent, about half-way up a ridge of hills, that encircle the town of Bedford. It faced the south, and, from the front windows, or the long piazza, the eye ranged over ground famous in the annals of the Revolution, until it rested on a long line of hazy blue, which my heart leaped to see, for it was the distant water of Long Island Sound. Behind the house rose the hills, not high enough to be dignified by the name of mountains, but rough and steep, and almost perpendicular in some places, seamed by deep ravines, at the bottom of which gurgled and dashed swift mountain-brooks, that united in the plain below, and rolled onward to mingle their waters with that of the sound.

Immediately back of the house was an orchard, beyond an open meadow; then a piece of woodland, where the flat ceased, and the ground began to ascend, until it terminated in a high ledge or cliff of rock, which overhung one of these swift streams. This, I presume, gave the place its name. On the top of this cliff stood a tower, now evidently going to decay, and, a few yards beyond, the remains of a rustic bridge that had once spanned the gorge. Its place was now supplied by a stout plank. The tower was locked, but the view from the cliff was much more extensive and beautiful than that from the house, for on the northwest, far over the Croton, loomed the summits of the Highlands, Sugar-loaf, Crow's-Nest, Dunderberg, and the rest of the Titans; while to the south, like a line of silver, gleamed the waters of Tappan Bay. On the north was Bedford, nestled amid the hills, and surrounded by countless villages and farms.

I questioned old Peter about the tower and bridge one day, and he told me they had been built by old Mr. Annesley. Highcliff having been his favorite residence.

'Times are changed, miss, since the old master's day,' he said, leaning on his hoe amid the hills of corn, where I had joined him. 'Then, at this season, the house was full of company, and the stables full of horses. He was a masterman of horses; you should have seen a pair of bays he used drive. An' a mighty particular man he was, too! Little went on here that he did not see, for all he was so fond o' sittin' perched up in the old tower yonder.'

(*To be continued*).

Try to Benefit Others.

"I had a very bad pain in my side, of which one bottle of Hagyard's Yellow Oil made a complete cure. I hope that this may be of some benefit to those who read it." A. R. T. Walker, 44½ High St. City. Hagyard's Yellow Oil is a specific for all inflammatory pain.

The Loss of the Hair

Is a great misfortune and the sight of a bald head should be a warning to you to take the best possible care of your hair. A little of Dr. Dorenwend's "Hair Magic" used occasionally will prevent all chances of its falling out or turning gray, and will remove all traces of dandruff. Every druggist has it in stock. Ask for it.

A Life of Ease.

Miss Lizzie Ratcliff, writing from Falkirk, Ont., says: "I had such a cough I could not sleep and was fast going into consumption; I tried everything I could hear of without relief, but when I got Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam I soon got ease. It is the best medicine I ever tried." Lizzie Ratcliff, Falkirk, Ont.

CONSUMPTION CURED.

An old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Asthma and all Throat and Lung Affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Complaints, after having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive and a desire to relieve human suffering, I will send free of charge, to all who desire it, this receipt, in German, French or English, with full directions for preparing and using. Sent by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper. W. A. NOYES, *149 Power Block, Rochester, N. Y.*

Economy, Equity, Stability.

Ontario Mutual Life Assurance Co.

(ESTABLISHED 1870.)

DOMINION DEPOSIT - $100,000.

Assurances in force, Jan. 1st, 1889	$12,041,914
New Assurances written in 1888	2,518,650
Cash Income for 1888	393,074
Assets, Dec 31st, 1888	1,313,853
Liabilities, as per Gov't Valuation	1,223,516

SURPLUS, - - $90,337.00.

The New Business for January and February of this year is MUCH GREATER than was ever before written by the Company during the same months, while, with over $12,000,000 on our books, the death losses have been very moderate.

S. BURROWS,
General Agent Ontario Mutual Life Co'y.

S. ROUGHTON, }
W. E. HOLTON, } Special Agents.

Office, Front Street, next door to Dominion Bank, Belleville.

Luxuriant Growths of Hair

are seen on the heads of all who use

DR. DORENWEND'S

Great German Hair Magic.

The equal of this great preparation is yet to be found. It is an unfailing restorer for Gray Hair. It stops and prevents all falling out of the hair. It removes all Dandruff and keeps the scalp clean. On Bald Heads (if there are but the faintest traces of roots) the "Magic" will produce a fine growth. Will you try it? or will you let your hair go and become prematurely old? What do you say?

All druggists, everywhere, have it for sale. Ask for it. Do not let the druggist tell you he has "something just as good." Many have dead stock of other hair tonics on hand and try to shove them off in this way.

See that each bottle bears seal and signature of

A. DORENWEND,
Sole Manufacturer,
Paris Hair Works, 103 & 105 Yonge St.,
Toronto. Ontario.

Bangs, Frontpieces, Waves, Wigs, Switches, Gents' Wigs, Toupees and Hair Goods of all kinds are supplied by A. Dorenwend. Send to above address for circulars and prices.

BELLEVILLE POST OFFICE.

MAILS	Close	Due for Delivery.
East per G. T. R., including Maritime Provinces, and Picton	11:45 a. m. 10:00 p. m.	6:00 p. m 7:30 a. m.
West per G. T. R., including Western States, Manitoba and the North-West Territories	5.05 p.m. 10.00 p.m.	1:00 p. m. 7:30 a. m.
East and West, per G. T. R., closes on Sunday at 10 p. m.		
Marysville, Shannonville, per G. T. R.	11:45 a. m.	6:00 p. m
Belleville Station, postage one cent	7.30 a. m. 5.05 p. m.	8.30 a. m. 6.00 p. m.
G'd Junction Ry., main line, including Peterboro', Stirling,	10:00 p. m	5:00 p. m.
Madoc, per Grand Junction Ry, including Queensboro, Cooper, Rimington, Bridgewater, and the Flats	11:45 a. m.	5:00 p. m.
Madoc Route, per stage	1:00 p. m.	12:00 noon.
Bancroft, Coe Hill, Marmora and all offices in North Hastings per Trenton and Coe Hill Railway	5 05 p. m. 10:00 p. m.	 :30 a. m.
Bridgewater Route per stage, including Stoco daily	1:00 p. m.	12:00 noon.
Moira, Phillipston, Bogart, on Monday, Wednesday and Friday	1:00 p. m.	12:00 noon.
Fuller, on Tuesday and Friday	1:00 p. m.	12:00 noon.
Wallbridge, on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
Ameliasburg Route, per stage, including Mountain View and Crofton	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
Albury on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
Sidney Crossing, Wednesday and Saturday	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
Bay Side, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
British Mails, via New York, Monday and Thursday	11:45 a. m	
" " via Halifax, Canadian line Thursday	11:45 a. m.	

Postage, 5c. per ½ oz. by each route. Registration fee, 5c.

Money Orders granted on all Money Order offices in Canada, the United Kingdom, France and Algeria, the United States, Newfoundland, Jamaica, Victoria (Australia), New South South Wales, Queensland, New Zealand Tasmania, Constantinople (Turkey), Gibraltar, Smyrna, Panama (British agency), Austria, Hungary, Belgium, China (See Hong-Kong), Denmark, including Iceland and the Faroe Islands, Danish West Indies, Dutch, East Indies, Egypt, German empire (which includes 26 States), Holland, (Netherlands), Italy, Japan, Norway, Portugal, including Madiera and the Azores, Romania, Sweden, Switzerland, British India, including Aden, Bagdad, Bandor, Abas, Bushire, Busrah, Guadur, Jask, Linga, Muscat and Zanzibar, Ceylon, Hong Kong, including Amoy, Canton, Foo Chow, Han Kow Hoi-how. Ningpo Shanghai and Swatow, North Borneo, Strait Settlements, Bermuda, Falkland Islands, South and West Africa, including Cape Colony, Gambia, Gold Coast, Lagos, Mauritius Natal, St. Helena, Seychelles Islands, Sierra, Leone, West Indies including Antigua, Bahams, Barbadoes, British Guiana, Dominica, Grenada, Honduras, (British), Montserrat, Nevis, St. Kitts, St. Lucia, St. Vincent, Tobago, Trinidad, Turk's Islands, South Australia, Western Australia, Azores Islands, Madera Islands.

Deposits received, under the regulations of the Post Office Savings' Bank, between the hours of 9 a. m. and 4 p. m.

Registered Letters must be posted 15 minutes before the close of each mail.

Street letter boxes emptied at 10 a. m. and 8 p. m.

Office hours, 7:30 a. m. to 6:30 p. m., Sundays excepted.

FOREIGN POSTAGE.

Canada having been admitted into the Postal Union, there is a re-arrangement of Postage rates, as follows:—

For Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Iceland, Egypt, France, Algeria, Germany, Gibraltar, Great Britain and Ireland, Greece, Italy, Luxembourg, Malta, Montenegro, Netherlands, Norway, Persia, Portugal, Azores, Roumania, Russia, St. Pierre, Servia, Spain, the Canary Islands, Sweden, Switzerland and Turkey. And via United States:—Bermuda, Bahamas, Cuba, Danish Colonies of St. Thomas, St. John, St. Croix, Jamaica, Japan and Porto Rico (Newfoundland is now in the Postal Union, but rates remain as before.) Letters, 5 cents per ½ oz. Postal cards, 2 cents each. Newspapers, 2 cents for 4 oz. Registration fee, 5 cents.

For Aden, Argentine Confederation, Brazil, British Guinea, Ceylon, Greenland, French Colonies in Asia, Africa, Oceanica and America, except St. Pierre and Miquelon, Persia, Persian Gulf, Portuguese Colonies in Asia, Africa and Oceanica, Trinidad, Spanish Colonies Africa, Oceanica and America, except Cuba and Porto Rico, Straits settlements in Singapor Penany and Malacca:—Letters, 10 cents per ½ oz. Post cards, 4 cents each. Newspapers, cents for 4 oz. Books, &c., 4 cents for 4 oz. Other Registration fees, 10 cents.

West India Islands, via Halifax, same rate as formerly. Prepayment by stamp in all cases.

J. H. MEACHAM
Postmaster.

Do you suffer from disease of the Liver, Stomach, Kidneys or Bowels? Try them and be cured. Do you suffer from Rheumatism or Gout? Try them. Do you suffer from Skin Disease, Boils, Sores, Bad Legs, Wounds or Ulcers? Try them and be healed.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS & OINTMENT

This is the result of their use in every part of the world. They are genuine remedies, used by rich and poor with never-failing success.

MANUFACTURED ONLY AT
THOMAS HOLLOWAY'S Establishment,
78, NEW OXFORD ST.,
LONDON.

Purchasers should look to the Label on the Boxes and Pots.
If the address is not 533, OXFORD STREET, LONDON, they are spurious.

California Evaporated Fruits !

NECTARINES.	PEACHES,
APRICOTS,	CHERRIES,
PRUNELLES, PLUMS,	CRYSTALIZED FIGS.

CONGER BROS.

Sun Life Assurance Company

—OF CANADA.—

I have great pleasure in announcing to the Policy-holders and friends of the Company that the Applications for New Life Assurances received during the year 1887 were again larger than in any previous year in the Company's history, being more than $3,500,000, on which policies were issued for over $3,000,000. The year's operations have also resulted in a large and very satisfactory addition to the assets, which now amount to over $1,750,000.

W. T. McINTYRE,
General Agent, Belleville.

AGENTS WANTED ON SALARY.

HAGYARD'S YELLOW OIL
CURES RHEUMATISM

FREEMAN'S WORM POWDERS

Are pleasant to take. Contain their own Purgative. Is a safe, sure and effectual destroyer of worms in Children or Adults.

Montreal. Nov. 21, 1888.

MESSRS. WILLIS & CO., 1,824 NOTRE DAME ST., CITY.

DEAR SIRS.—After having played on the Piano of Messrs. Bell & Co., of Guelph, Ont., it is impossible not to bear testimony to the qualities which have acquired for them the good reputation which they already enjoy. The Pianos of their manufacture are exceedingly remarkable for their qualities of tone. The bass is powerful without harshness, and the upper notes sweet, clear and mellow. The Bell Pianos are unquestionably the best made in Canada, and I act upon my principle and give you to-day an order to furnish one for my own use. Canada is to be congratulated on having produced the Bell Piano.

J. B. LABELLE, Professor of Music
Organist Notre Dame Cathedral.

H. BULL AGENT.
BELLEVILLE.

----NEW----

Sugar Cured Hams, Breakfast Bacon, Finnan Haddies, Boneless Codfish, New Walnuts, New Filberts, S. S. Almonds, Loose Muscatel Raisins, Black Basket Raisins, London Layer Raisins, Buckwheat Flour. Selfraising Buckwheat Flour, Roll Butter, Fresh Eggs

AT A. WALLACE'S.

$72 a week. $12 a day at home easily made. Costly outfit free. Address TRUE & Co., Augusta, Maine.

NEW LINES

—IN—

CAKES and PASTRY.

Angel Cake, Coffee Cake, Queen Victoria, Adelaide, and a great many other varieties.

Florida Oranges, Almeria Grapes and New Figs, just received at

DICKENS.

P. S.—We would respectfully ask all retailers to drop in and see us and the large line of Candies we are offering at wholesale.

DICKENS & SON.

Self-Raising Buckwheat Flour !

A FRESH SUPPLY JUST RECEIVED.

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE,
Grocers and Wine Merchants.
33 & 37 Bridge Street.

Also Front Street, }
Opp. Ritchie's. }

NEW

Wall Paper !

—AT—

-S. A. LAZIER'S-
ROBERTSON'S BLOCK

October 16th

CALIFORNIA EVAPORATED FRUITS

NECTARINES,
APRICOTS,
PEACHES,
PLUMS.

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE
Grocers & Wine Merchants,
33 & 37 Bridge Street.

Also Front St., opp. Ritchie's.

FOR MEN ONLY!

A POSITIVE CURE For LOST or FAILING MANHOOD; General and NERVOUS DEBILITY; Weakness of Body and Mind: Effects of Errors or Excesses in Old or Young. Robust, Noble MANHOOD fully Restored. How to Enlarge and Strengthen WEAK, UNDEVELOPED ORGANS & PARTS of BODY. Absolutely unfailing HOME TREATMENT—Benefits in a day. Men testify from 47 States, Territories, and Foreign Countries. You can write them. Book, full explanation, and proofs mailed (sealed) free. Address ERIE MEDICAL CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

BEFORE BUYING STOVES

Be sure to see our stock. We have in Coal Stoves the

Imperial Jewel,
Fancy Countess,
Art Favorite,
Fire King and others.

Also a great variety of RANGES and COOK STOVES, which we are selling at right prices.

C. F. SMITH & CO.

388, FRONT STREET.

HASTINGS LOAN AND INVESTMENT SOCIETY

BELLEVILLE, ONT.

CAPITAL $250,000

MONEY TO LOAN on Farm or City property, at lowest current rates.

Payments can be made to fall due at any season of the year to suit borrowers. No delay in obtaining the money beyond the time necessary employed in the investigation of titles.

MORTGAGES PURCHASED.

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT.

FOUR PER CENT interest allowed on Deposits No notice required of withdrawal

OFFICE—Robertson's Block, east side of Front Street.

Straight loans at 7 per cent. No fines. No commissions.

J. P. C. PHILLIPS,
Manager

2d&wly

S. W. BRADSHAW

Wishes to inform the citizens of Belleville that he has BOUGHT OUT THE

GROCERY

(lately occupied by Mr. Arch. Wallace,)

CORNER OF HOTEL AND ANN STREETS,

where he intends to keep a full supply of the best of Groceries always fresh, and his stock of Provisions, such as Meats and Vegetables, will be especially fresh and in great variety and delivered with despatch. All orders by telephone (No. 53) will be promptly delivered to any part of the city.

N. B.—Please remember Telephone No. 53.

J. H. MILLS,

--Merchant Tailor,--

OPPOSITE GEO. RITCHIE & CO'S

THE MACOG TEXTILE & PRINT CO.

Will offer for Spring Trade the LARGEST, CHEAPEST and MOST VARIED range of Prints ever shown, including

SPRING NOVELTIES
—OF—
LATEST PARIS DESIGNS!

Merchants will do well to see their samples before buying elsewhere. Early advice will be given when Travellers will call.

St Peter Street, - Montreal.

PARMELEE'S Asphaltic ROOF PAINT.

It will entirely stop the rusting of tin and iron roofs.

It will entirely stop the wearing away and decay of the exposed wood of shingle roofs.

It has been accepted by the City, the County, and the chief Real Estate Owners of the City.

I will be glad to give estimates of cost at any time and anywhere.

H. S. PARMELEE,
Belleville.

432,000 FIRE CRACKERS

—AT THE—

—CITY BAKERY—

Wholesale and Retail.

JAS. WALLACE.

PENNYROYAL WAFERS.

Prescription of a physician who has had a life long experience in treating female diseases. Is used monthly with perfect success by over 10,000 ladies. Pleasant, safe, effectual. Ladies ask your druggist for Pennyroyal Wafers and take no substitute, or inclose postage for sealed particulars. Sold by all druggists, $1 per box. Address THE EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., DETROIT, MICH.

FOR SALE BY D. M. WATERS.

INTELLIGENCER PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY.
LIMITED.

J. C. JAMIESON, President. | J. W. LONDON, Secretary

THE Treasurer is the only person authorised to receive moneys for the Company, or to grant receipts for the same.

All Bills, Notes, Cheques, and other documents binding on the Company, will require the signature of the President, in addition to that of the Treasurer.

THE INTELLIGENCER is printed and published for the INTELLIGENCER Printing and Publishing Company (Limited) by JAMES C. JAMIESON, resident in Belleville, at their Office, Front St., south of Hotel St.

THE RATHBUN COMPANY,

Having transferred me to their Brockville branch, I beg to thank my friends and customers for the liberal patronage and kindness extended to me during my residence in Belleville, and also to bespeak the same treatment to Mr. R. C. Calhoun, my successor.

P. J. SHANNON.

The Daily Intelligencer.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL. 22. BELLEVILLE ONTARIO, WEDNESDAY MARCH 20, 1889. NO. 273

THE RATHBUN CO.

Having appointed me Agent for their Belleville branch, I take this opportunity of soliciting a continuance of the patronage which they have hitherto enjoyed through the popular management of Mr. Shannon. It will be my desire and aim to maintain and add to this patronage, which fair dealing and a thorough knowledge of the requirements of the trade leads me to hope for.—R. C. CALHOUN.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

G. DENMARK,

BARRISTER, Solicitor, etc. Office, Front Street.

W. B. NORTHRUP, M. A.,

BARRISTER, Solicitor, &c. Offices: North Bridge St., between Front St. and Lower Bridge. Money to loan—private and company funds.

J. C. CONNELL, M.A., M.D., C.M.

DISEASES of the Eye, Ear, Throat and Nose. Surgeon to Kingston General Hospital. Office—No. 279, King Street, Kingston. Dr. Connell will be at the Queen's Hotel, Belleville, on the first Tuesday of each month Sept. 5 d&wly

E. GUSS PORTER,

BARRISTER, Solicitor, Notary Public, &c. office in the Robertson Block, east side of Front Street.
☞Private Money to Loan. 371d&wl,

DR. ELIZABETH EMBURY,

GRADUATE of Queen's University, Licentiate of the College of Physicians and Surgeons, Ontario.
Office and residence—Harrison's Block, Front Street, across the hall from rooms formerly occupied by Dr. Farley, over Holland's jewellery store. Diseases of women and children a specialty. d&wtf

HENRY CARRE, C. E.,
M. C. Soc. C. E.,

DOM, and Prov'l Land Surveyor, late of the firm of Macleod & Carre, P. L. S. References: John Bell, Esq., Solicitor G. T. R., W. H. Ponton, Esq., Registrar of the County. Office—McAnnany Block, opposite Skinner & Redick's. Belleville, Ont., P. O. Box 203. 20d&w

J. F. WILLS,

BARRISTER, Solicitor, Notary Public, &c. Office, corner Front and Campbell Streets, Belleville, Ont. Money to loan, Company and private funds. 24d&w

J WALTER ROSS, M. D., C. M.

GRADUATE of the University of Trinity College, Toronto. Physician, surgeon, accoucheur. Office and residence West Front Street, one door north of entrance to Foot Bridge. d&wly

JOHN J. FARLEY, M. D., C. M., M. R. C. S., England.

OFFICE and Residence—corner of Bridge and George Streets—three streets east of the Post Office.

ROBERT BOGLE,

LOAN and real estate agent. MONEY TO LOAN at lowest rates. Office, opposite Roy's Brewry, Front St., Belleville.

GEO. CLINTON, M. D., C. M

OFFICE and residence Bridge St., between William and George Sts, third block eas of Bridge Street Methodist Church. Telephone No. 44. d&w

GEO. J. SHERRY,

BARRISTER, &c. Office, Metropolitan Block, next door north of Dominion Bank, Front St. Branch Office, Stirling. 116

EDGAR M. COOK, M. D.,

HOMOEOPATHIC Physician and Surgeon. Office and residence, West Front Street, in the late Dr. Abbott's premises, over Brignall & Thompson's store. TELEPHONE. 175dtf

GEO. D. DICKSON, Q. C.,

BARRISTER, &c., Post Office .ook Bridge Street Belleville.

WILLIAM N. PONTON,

BARRISTER, Solicitor Notary Public, Conveyancer. Office, over Express and Telegraph Office, Thompson Block, Bridge St., Belleville. Money to loan—private funds. Agent or the Trust and Loan Company of Canada.

DR. BURDETT

IS pleased to inform his friends that he is again able to render his professional services as before. 176 6m

DRUNKENNESS

Or the Liquor Habit, Positively Cured by Administering Dr. Haines' Golden Specific.

It can be given in a cup of coffee or tea without the knowledge of the person taking it; is absolutely harmless, and will effect a permanent and speedy cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. It has been given in thousands of cases, and in every instance a perfect cure has followed. *It never fails.* The system once impregnated with the Specific, it becomes an utter impossibility for the liquor appetite to exist. For circular and full particulars address GOLDEN SPECIFIC CO., 185 Race St., Cincinnati, O.

BANKING OFFICE
—OF—
U. E. THOMPSON
BRIDGE STREET, BELLEVILLE, ON

American Currency and Drafts Bought and Sold.

Deposits received, subject to withdrawn without notice and interest allowed

EYE, EAR & THROAT
DR. RYERSON.

L. R. C. P., L. R. C. S. E., Lecturer on the Eye, Ear and Throat, Trinity Medical College, Toronto, and Surgeon to the Mercer Eye and Ear Infirmary.
60 College Avenue, Toronto.

M. C. ROBLIN
ISSUER OF
MARRIAGE LICENCES

and agent of the Lancashire Insurance Company. Office over Hoppy & Sons, Front Street elleville. 1884 1y

A. G. NORTHRUP,
Issuer of Marriage Licences,
OFFICE—SHIRE HALL, BELLEVILLE

November 10

The Great English Prescription.

A successful Medicine used over 30 years in thousands of cases. Cures *Spermatorrhea, Nervous Weakness, Emissions, Impotency* and all diseases caused by abuse. [BEFORE] indiscretion, or over-exertion. [AFTER] Six packages *Guaranteed to Cure when all others Fail.* Ask your Druggist for The Great English Prescription, take no substitute. One package $1. Six $5, by mail. Write for Pamphlet. Address Eureka Chemical Co., Detroit, Mich.
FOR SALE BY D. M. WATERS.

Try FROSTILLA.

It softens the roughest skin and keeps it in good condition.
It contains nothing greasy or sticky, is nicely perfumed, a lady's toilet not complete without it.
An elegant face dressing for gentlemen after shaving.
For sale at the PHARMACY.

D. M. WATERS,

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.
CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.
CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.
Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

KEILLER'S
NEW
MARMALADE
JUST RECEIVED.
WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE
Grocers and wine merchants,
35 & 37 Bridge Street.
Also Front Street, Opp. Ritchie's.

CAIRN'S
HOME MADE
MARMALADE
As supplied to the Queen. This season's make.
JUST RECEIVED.
WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE,
Grocers & Wine Merchants,
35 & 37, Bridge Street
Also Front St., opp. Ritchie's.

NEWCOMBE PIANOFORTES
AWARDED FIRST SILVER MEDAL

WORLD'S EXPOSITION, NEW ORLEANS, U.S.A., 1884-5, in competition with the pianofortes of Europe and America. The only U.S. International Medal ever awarded to a Canadian pianoforte; also Medal and Diploma at the Colonial and Indian Exhibition, London, Eng., 1886, with the supreme honor of supplying Her Majesty the Queen with a Newcombe Grand, selected by Sir Arthur Sullivan. For Illustrated Catalogue, prices and terms,
Address **Octavius Newcombe & Co.,**
MANUFACTURERS
WAREROOMS, 107-109 CHURCH ST., TORONTO
FACTORY, 89 TO 97 BELLWOODS AVENUE

Gents' : Furnishings!

A FULL LINE of Gentlemen's Goods for the Fall and Winter.
Shirts made to order and a good fit guaranteed.
C. J. PANTER.

Two Years' Profits!

THOSE INSURING IN THE
"CANADA LIFE"
before the 30th of April next will be entitled to two full years' profits in the division of April the 30th, 1890.
T. DONNELLY,
General Agent, Belleville.
AGENTS WANTED.
Feb'y 2, 1889. d&wly

HAGYARD'S PECTORAL BALSAM
CURES COUGHS, COLDS, HOARSENESS, ETC.

RAYMOND C. ROLPH
SIGN PAINTER.
LETTERING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.
Corner of Front and Campbell Streets,
80dly

Daily Intelligencer.

DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

THE BUDGET DEBATE BROUGHT TO A CLOSE.

Sir Richard Cartwright's Amendment Defeated on Division—A Lot of Deputations at the Capital.

OTTAWA, March 20.—In the House of Commons yesterday Sir John Macdonald laid on the table the correspondence and other papers relating to the Jesuit Estates Bill, which were called for under Mr. Barron's motion.

The Budget debate was resumed and continued throughout the day, it being the day when, under the arrangement across the floor of the House, the debate was to be concluded. Mr. Cockburn, the member for Center Toronto, was the first speaker. He tackled his brither Scot, Mr. McMillan of Huron, and sought to turn into ridicule some of the statements he had made based upon figures. He read Mr. Hitt's resolution and his speech to show that the idea of international Free Trade as known in the United States involved American control of the Canadian tariff. On the strength of this he denounced the whole proposal and held up to the scorn of loyalists those who made it. He hoped devoutly never to live to see the day when Canada would be joined to the United States.

Mr. Davies followed. He said he had no doubt that on a question of what taxation the farmers had to bear nine men out of ten would rather accept the statement of a practical man like Mr. McMillan than of Mr. Cockburn, a resident of a city. He took Mr. Cockburn to task for his imputations as to Liberal loyalty, declaring that Liberals did not hold loyalty to the Queen to involve loyalty to that particular fiscal policy which the member for Toronto might think best. He reviewed the question from a maritime province standpoint at length, and in conclusion showed what reason there was to believe that the Americans would negotiate with Canada for a trade treaty which would be mutually advantageous, and urged the importance of taking the step proposed by the amendment.

Mr. Madill and Mr. Cargill followed from the Conservative side of the House and Mr. Semple argued in support of Unrestricted Reciprocity.

Mr. Haggart, the new Postmaster-General, spoke, but not at great length. He condemned the amendment and referred to the loyalty of the Canadian people to the British flag. He contended that the Liberals had noticed how their proposal flew in the face of the loyalists and had changed it. They would drop their present policy for another soon. They did not know what they wanted. He held that Canada could do well under present conditions.

Mr. Paterson of Brant ridiculed the Conservative claim that they did not understand the Liberal proposal. It meant just what it said, to negotiate for a treaty of freer trade with the United States. On the other hand, could a single Conservative say what their view on the subject was. They contradicted themselves, sometimes alleging that Canada could get along best by herself and then declaring that they wanted freer trade with the United States.

The debate was continued by Mr. Dickey and Mr. Weldon (St. John) and then the House divided on Sir Richard Cartwright's amendment, which was as follows:

That all the words after "that" be struck out and that it be resolved that "Mr. Speaker do not now leave the chair but that in the present condition of affairs, and in view of the recent action of the House of Representatives of the United States, it is expedient that steps should be taken to ascertain on what terms and conditions arrangements can be effected with the United States for the purpose of securing full and unrestricted reciprocity of trade therewith.

The amendment was lost, 77 to 121.

MANY DEPUTATIONS.

The Government Interviewed About Combines, Postage, Flour Duties, etc.

OTTAWA, March 19.—Clarke Wallace's anti-combines bill was the subject of a protest made to the Government to-day by a large deputation including representatives from the principal cities of the Dominion. From Toronto there were A. M. Smith, J. J. Kenny, W. D. Matthews, Wm. Ince, M. McLaughlin, James Carruthers, S. F. McKinnon, H. C. Boomer, E. A. Wills, Alex. Nairn, Hugh Blain, Ald. T. Davies and W. Roaf. Hamilton was represented by J. Glasgow and J. N. Sterling and London by A. M. Smith. The deputation asked that the bill should be referred to the Committee on Banking and Commerce so that they might state their objections there. They claimed that there was no necessity for the passage of such a measure and that if it were passed the uncertainty as to its meaning would seriously hamper commercial operations. The deputation had able support from Senator Drummond. He is specially interested in the sugar combine. Adam Brown, M.P., was spokesman for the cotton and iron industries and Mr. Kenny spoke for the Underwriters' Association.

A deputation from the Toronto and Hamilton Boards of Trade in company with Messrs. Brown, Masson, Roome and Curran, M.P.'s, waited upon the Postmaster-General to-day to protest against the proposed increase in the rate upon drop letters and also against the proposed increase for registered letters. Lastly, they asked that a better quality of mucilage be put upon the stamps. Hon. John Haggart said he would lay the views of the deputation before the Government, but the department must be made as nearly self-sustaining as possible.

Ex-Mayor McMurrich of Toronto formed the head of the deputation which to-day interviewed the Government in the interest of a grant to the Nipissing and James' Bay Railway. They were accompanied by Messrs. Brown, Small Cockburn, Denison and White of Cardwell. They asked a Dominion Government subsidy for the first 80 miles of the road, which with other subsidies promised would suffice to build it from North Bay to Lake Temiscaming. Sir John promised consideration, but said the Government could not satisfy everybody in the matter of railway subsidies.

The Toronto Board of Trade deputation interviewed the Government on the matter of wheat and flour duties, asking a readjustment. Sir John in reply admitted the force of the claim made and said the question was at present receiving the consideration of the Government.

Ida's Revenge.

DETROIT, March 20.—Miss Ida Corneau has entered a complaint in the Police Court against Joseph Brule for intent to kill and murder. Brule is the young man who about two weeks ago shot at Miss Corneau, after which he tried to put a bullet in his own brain. He is still at the hospital but will probably recover.

Peel Reform Convention.

BRAMPTON, March 19.—The Reformers of Peel met in convention here to-day, 120 delegates being present. Mr. K. Chisholm, M. L.A., was selected as the party standard-bearer for the Local House, and Mr. Joseph Featherstone of Toronto Township for the Dominion House.

Oklahoma Boomers Fired Upon.

CHICAGO, March 19.—A Topeka (Kan.) special says: "The United States District Attorney has just received a telegram from Oklahoma Station stating that the boomers at that point had been fired upon by the regular troops and that further violence was hourly expected."

LOVE SONG.

Not from the whole wide world I chose thee,
Sweetheart, light of the land and sea,
The wide, wide world could not enclose thee,
For thou art the whole wide world to me.
—Richard Watson Gilder.

"SENTRY GO!"

Many years ago I was serving as a captain in the 110th Regiment. At the period of my story we were quartered at D——, a fortress of considerable size in the South of England.

In order that the circumstances of the adventure I am about to describe may be understood, I must explain at the risk of being tedious, that the citadel of the fortress in which my regiment lay is defended by two circles of dry ditches, each about fifty feet wide. The side walls of these ditches, technically known as escarps and counterscarps, are, as was usual in fortifications of that date, rivetted with masonry and are perpendicular. The outer circle ditch is thirty feet deep, the bottom being paved with flagstones. The inner ditch is forty feet deep, and is similarly paved, so that I need scarcely say that a fall from the edge would be almost certainly fatal. The regular approach to the fortress is by a wide road of gradual ascent, so contrived as to be raked by fire from one or other of the bastions or outworks throughout its course. It crosses the ditches over drawbridges, protected by special works of great strength.

In time of war these drawbridges would be kept raised, and would only be lowered temporarily on urgent occasions. When raised, the fortress would be inaccessible from without, unless scaling ladders were used to cross the ditches. In time of peace, however, the drawbridges are rarely raised, a strong guard, nevertheless, being invariably posted over there.

For the convenience of the officers and certain of the residents in the citadel, there was a short cut which might be used. This was a footpath up the steep side of the cliff through a strongly guarded postern gate The path led in zigzag fashion up to the counterscarps of the ditches, which were crossed by light plank bridges, so designed as to be removable with great ease in a few minutes. None but officers quartered in the citadel, and a few persons with special permits signed by the officer commanding the garrison, were allowed to make use of this short cut, the soldiers and others who had occasion to visit the citadel being restricted to the main approach.

At the time of which I write I had been newly promoted to the rank of captain, and Xerxes himself was not prouder of his vast army than I of my gallant little company. I was lucky as to promotion, and my zeal had not been so damped by long years of subaltern life as to prevent my throwing myself heart and soul into the work of superintendence. I was ambitious to have my company recognized as the smartest in the regiment, and was convinced of the hopelessness of success unless I could inspire my men with the same pride in the company that I had myself. In order to succeed, I felt sure that I should endeavor to become acquainted with the character and disposition of every member of the company, to gain their respect by strict attention to duty, and to earn their affection by constant sympathy, and by affording such help in their amusements or their troubles as a captain frequently has it in his power to give. Since my appointment I had tried to work on this system, and though, of course, I had occasional disappointments, on the whole I had no reasen to complain.

For an infantry captain I was tolerably well off, and being very fond of outdoor sports, I encouraged cricket and other games by presents of bats, balls and other materials, and spent much of my time in cricket matches among the men. It was not long before I began to acquire considerable insight into the characters of the men, and learned to distinguish my black sheep in esse and in posse.

Among the younger men of the company was a lad of the name of Adair Cameron. I had a horror of favoritism, the bad effects of which I had often seen, but it was impossible not to feel a strong interest in this young fellow. Clean and soldierlike in appearance, smart at drill, well set up, and steady as a rock, he was a model of what a young soldier should be. A deadly bowler, he was one of the mainstays of our company's cricketing team, and, as matches were frequent. I saw much of him, and nothing to find fault with. Though I carefully avoided taking undue notice of Cameron, the natural instinct which I think men have to find out their friends and their enemies made me aware that while I greatly liked him, he, on his side, was warmly attached to me.

One day a batch of recruits arrived at headquarters. The adjutant, being away on leave, had got me to do his duties for him, and I was busy all the afternoon drafting the new arrivals into companies and arranging for their rations and bedding.

About half an hour before mess I was sitting in my room in the citadel barracks, rather tired, when I heard a knock at the door, and my color-sergeant appeared.

"Private Cameron wishes to know if he could speak to you, sir," said he, saluting.

"Certainly," I replied. "Tell him to come in."

Cameron entered, saluted, and stood silent, looking ill at ease,

"Well, Cameron, what is it?" I inquired.

"Please, sir I wish to speak about something private."

"Well, what is it?" I asked again.

Cameron hesitated, and looked at the color-sergeant, who looked straight to his front.

I knew it was not regular for an officer to confer with private soldiers without a non-commissioned officer being present, but I knew Cameron might be trusted thoroughly. I directed the color-sergeant to wait in the passage, and, closing the door, I asked Cameron to tell me his story. The lad seemed in great distress, and hesitated a great deal before he spoke.

"It's my brother, sir. He's just come in with the batch of recruits."

With some difficulty he told me his tale, which was to the following effect:—

Private Cameron and a younger brother were the only children of an old widow living in the North of Scotland. The old woman could do little to support herself, and was mainly dependent on the labor of one son and such little help as Private Cameron could send her from savings of his pay. It seemed that some family quarrel had taken place between the widow and her youngest son, and that the latter, in a moment of pique, had enlistrd, but had, when too late, repented. He had been drafted to the same regiment as his elder brother, whom he had acquainted with these facts on his arrival in barracks that day. Private Cameron told me, with deep emotion, that nothing could save his mother from the workhouse (an idea which seemed to fill him with shame and horror) unless his brother could be brought out of the service and sent back home.

As his brother had not been three months enlisted this could be effected by a payment of ten pounds; but such a sum was far beyond the means of either brother. Cameron, in despair, had come to me for help, hardly daring, as he told me, to hope that I could give it. He said he had been encouraged to seek my assistance by my constant kindness to him.

"I would pay you back, sir, I swear it to you," said the poor lad earnestly. "You can stop my pay every week, sir. I want next to nothing. I don't drink any, and I can easy get all I need to smoke and the like o' that. I will pay you back, sir, indeed I will!"

Well, to cut my story short, after some reflection, and not a little misgiving as to whether in respect of discipline I was doing right, I agreed to let him have the money. I could well afford it, I liked the man, and had been touched by his story not a little.

"You should begin to save up your pay in the savings bank, Cameron," said I, as he thanked me earnestly.

I had not the least intention of repaying myself from his hard-earned savings, and quite looked upon the loan as a gift, but I judged it better not to say so expressly, lest the easy manner of obtaining the money might do harm, while I thought it a good opportunity of encouraging frugal habits.

Cameron's gratitude was deep, and I could not help feeling that his expression of it was sincere and heartfelt.

As he was leaving the room he turned, looked me full in the face and said, "God bless you, sir, for your kindness to me! I shall not forget it! I will repay you, sir, so help me God!"

I was struck by the singular earnestness of the man, and when he had left the room I said to myself, "I may have done right or wrong, but that is a real good fellow, and I have got a firm friend I verily believe."

I arranged matters next day. Cameron's brother was permitted to leave for home almost immediately; my part in the transaction was not suspected, and in a few weeks the matter passed out of my mind. Cameron continued in his steady conduct, and each month I observed that he was putting a little sum to his credit in the regimental savings bank. I never, however, alluded to the occurrence again. About three months afterwards I went away on a short leave, I had accepted a yachting invitation from an acquaintance, and spent a very pleasant three weeks' cruising among the Channel Islands.

I returned to D—— late one night, and leaving my heavier baggage at an hotel in the town, I started up to barracks with a small handbag.

I went slowly up the zigzag path, through the postern gate, crossed the first or outer ditch, and was within a few yards of the inner one, when I was startled by a sudden challenge—

"Halt! who goes there?"

"Officer," I answered, feeling not a little surprised, for there had not used to be a sentry over the plank bridge. It was rather dark, and I could not see very distinctly, I advanced a pace or two, when I was again halted.

"You can't pass here! Go back!" I heard in sharp, distinct tones.

This meant a long round for me, which, so late at night, and carrying as I was a heavy bag, was very disagreeable.

"Not pass here!" I exclaimed peevishly. "Why not? I am an officer quartered in the citadel?"

"You can't pass! Go back!" repeated the voice hoarsely.

The tones seemed familiar, and rather irritated by the somewhat peremtory answer, I advanced another pace, and saw, close in front of me, a sentry with his rifle at the port,

"Go back! Go back!" repeated the figure in the same hurried tones.

The night was not so dark but that I could make out the features of Private Adair Cameron. For one moment I thought of inquiring the reason of the road, which was usually open being closed, but on second thoughts, I reflected it was scarcely judicious to enter into an altercation with a sentry whose orders were evidently stringent, so, very sulkily, I turned and began to retrace my steps. I had gone only a few yards when I heard behind me the cry "Sentry go!" ring through the quiet night air.

The sound lingered in my ears till the echoes from the gray ramparts died away in the still air and all was, once more, profoundly silent. In no very good humor I found myself at last, hot and tired with my burden, in the passage leading to my quarters.

The room occupied by my subaltern was next to mine; the door was open, and I heard voices within.

"Those infernal Sappers are always at some game? They go and move a bridge for some silly reason or other, and never think of telling anyone. I only heard about ten minutes ago, and now I've got to go and post a sentry over it, or some poor devil will break his neck to a moral?"

"You may save yourself the trouble, old boy!" I exclaimed gaily, as I burst into the room. "The sentry's on already, and so I have saved my neck, and Evetts there won't get his company just yet!"

The Adjutant (for it was he that was speaking) and Evetts, my subaltern, greeted me with all the boisterous welcome of old comrades.

"Glad to see you back, old chap!" said Hawes, the Adjutant. "But what do you mean about the sentry being posted?"

"Why, over the ditch on the short cut, confound him!" I replied. "He made me go back the whole beastly round!"

"Over the bridge at the inner ditch?" said Hawes with surprise.

"Yes!" I answered.

"But I haven't posted one yet!" said Hawes. "I was just going to see about doing it when you came in. For they've taken away the bridge."

"Well, dear boy, there he is anyway," I answered laughing.

"But not one of our men?" asked Hawes, in tones of great surprise. "Surely not one of our men."

"Yes," I replied, still laughing. "One of our men! I ought to know him too, for it was private Adair Cameron of my company!"

The two officers looked at each other. A curious expression came over their faces. After a pause my subaltern said slowly, "Private Adair Cameron died in the hospital last night!"—Cornhill Magazine.

A Lost Opportuity.

Jiggers—"Cuss an ignoramus, anyhow."

Wiggers—"What's the matter now?"

Jiggers—"I was calling on little Miss Perly last night, and she asked me what the phrase 'indulging in osculatory exercises' meant. Said she found it in a novel."

Wiggers—"Well, did you tell her?"

Jiggers—"I didn't know what it meant until I looked through the dictionary this morning."—Terre Haute Express.

A Fact.

Amy Williams—Ruth, dear, won't you walk up to the corner with me? I don't like to go alone.

Ruth Ward—I'm never alone, Amy. The Lord is always with me.

Amy—Well, Ruth, you walk up to the corner with me, and then you will have company back.

Apple trees will induce any amount of cutting back, and the work should be done now. Too many limbs not only prevent the warmth of the sun but also cause a greater drain on the tree to mature more fruit than it should bear.

A Change in Saturn's System.

GENEVA, N.Y., March 19.—Prof. Brooks, director of the Smith observatory, has obtained several observations of the new white region on Saturn's ring and announces his discovery that the light is variable and that pulsations of the light at irregular intervals have been detected by him. This evidence of a change in Saturn's system is of the highest scientific interest.

To Investigate Canadian Railways.

WASHINGTON, March 19.—At a meeting of the Senate Committee on Interstate Commerce to-day arrangements were made for pursuing the investigation of Canadian transportation matters ordered by resolution of the Senate Aug. 3, 1888. It was determined to meet in New York City May 15 and spend a week there examining witnesses. It is probable that before the summer is over the committee will go as far west as Duluth, if not over the entire length of the Canadian Pacific road.

Bitten by a Mad Dog.

NEW YORK, March 19.—A mad Newfoundland dog created a panic in the 9th ward this morning. Two men and a woman were badly bitten. The dog was killed.

The Sentry Shot Himself.

HALIFAX, March 20.—The result of the military court of enquiry which investigated the case of the sentry of the West Riding regiment who was shot while on duty at the Richmond magazine is now made known. The military are of opinion that the injuries were self-inflicted, but that there is not sufficient evidence to show whether it was done by accident or design.

Fire at Quebec.

QUEBEC, March 20.—Garrigue & Co.'s novelty store in St. John street was badly gutted yesterday through a defective chimney. The stock is a complete loss, uninsured. The building is owned by Judge Tessier whose loss will be about $1000, insured. There was a small insurance on Garrigue's furniture.

Shot by a Wronged Husband.

HARRISON, Mich. March 9.—May Tuttle was shot while in the notorious Carr house at Meredith last night and is barely alive to-day. She is probably fatally wounded. She was shot by her husband who found his wife and daughter there.

Navigation Opened in Lake Erie.

DETROIT, March 20.—The steamer City of Cleveland coaled yesterday and will begin her regular trips to Cleveland to-day or to-morrow. Lake Erie is clear of ice.

The Cornwall Weavers' Strike Over.

CORNWALL, March 20.—The weavers who have been out on strike for the past four weeks have decided to return to work.

Burnt at Sea.

NEW YORK, March 19.—A cable received here from Rio Janeiro states that the steamship St. Cloud, which left here for Batavia Jan. 21, had taken fire and been abandoned near that port and the crew landed there. The vessel carried a cargo of oil but no passengers. The vessel was totally destroyed.

INTERESTING ITEMS BY WIRE.

South Huron Farmers' Institute met at Seaforth yesterday.

Sandwich is making efforts to have a dry dock and shipyard established there.

A Port Colborne despatch says the prospects indicate an early opening of navigation.

Victoria, V.I., is already moving in the matter of a gigantic celebration of the Queen's birthday.

Capt. Clinton Tremper, one of the best known steamboat men on the Hudson river, died at Rondout, N.Y., yesterday.

Charles H. North & Co., of Boston, the second largest pork packing firms east of Chicago, have assigned. Liabilities $750,000.

Patrick Kelly, farm laborer, had both legs cut off on the Welland railway yesterday near Welland Junction, and is dying. He was unmarried.

Ex-Premier Grashdanin of Servia announces that he will publish the true reasons for Milan's abdication. It is expected the disclosures will cause a sensation.

Mr. Higgins, member for Esquimalt, has moved in the British Columbia Legislature for railway extension on Vancouver Island, which will connect the Straits of Fuca with the northern end of the island.

A serious collision on the Intercolonial railway is reported from Riviere du Loup, Quebec. Conductor Michaud, Driver Whitney and Firemen Fohey and Levesque were killed instantly. No passengers wert hurt.

A Windsor plasterer who had secured work in Detroit was turned back by the customs officers the other day, while over a hundred workmen came over from Detroit to work on this side and were unmolested.

The Letter that Came

From Mr. J. Hayden, 139 Chatham St. Montreal, says: "I was troubled for years with biliousness and liver complaint, and I never found any medicine to help me like Burdock Blood Bitters, in fact one bottle made a complete cure."

Dangerous Counterfeits.

Counterfeits are always dangerous, more so that they always closely IMITATE THE ORIGINAL IN APPEARANCE AND NAME. The remarkable success achieved by Nasal Balm as a positive cure for Catarrh and Cold in the Head has induced unprincipled parties to imitate it. The public are cautioned not to be deceived by nostrums imitating Nasal Balm in name and appearance, bearing such names as Nasal Cream, Nasal Balsam, etc. Ask for Nasal Balm and do not take any imitation dealers may urge upon you. For sale by all druggists or sent post-paid on receipt of price (50c. and $1,) by addressing Fulford & Co., Brockville, Ont.

Eighty Per Cent.

Of the human race, according to a high authority, suffer from one or other form of blood taint. Never allow this latent evil to develop into serious disease while the blood can be kept pure and the system clean by the proper precautions, such as using Burdock Blood Bitters, whenever any scrofulous symptoms appear. No medicine equals B.B.B. as a blood cleanser.

There are a number of varieties of corns. Holloway's Corn Cure will remove any of them Call on your druggist and get a bottle at once.

Orin Catlin, 49 Pearl Street Buffalo, N. Y., says: I tried various remedies for the piles but found no relief until I used Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, which entirely cured me after a few applications.

Do not delay in getting relief for the little folks. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is a pleasant and sure cure. If you love your child why do you let it suffer when a remedy is so near at hand?

The cheapest medicine in use is Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, because so very little of it is required to effect a cure. For croup, diphtheria, and diseases of the lungs and throat, whether used for bathing the chest or throat, for taking internally or inhaling, it is a matchless compound.

Mr. Thomas Ballard, Syracuse, N. Y., writes: "I have been afflicted for nearly a year with that most-to-be dreaded disease Dyspepsia, and at times worn out with pain and want of sleep, and after trying almost everything recommended I tried one box of Parmelee's Valuable Pills. I am now nearly well, and believe they will cure me. I would not be without them for any money."

PARMELEE'S PILLS possess the power of acting specifically upon the diseased organs, stimulating to action the dormant energies of the system, thereby removing disease. In fact, so great is the power of this medicine to cleanse and purify, that diseases of almost every name and nature are driven from the body.' Mr. D. Carswell, Carswell P. O., Ont, writes: "I have tried Parmelee's Pills and find them an excellent medicine, and one that will sell well."

DISEASED : BLOOD

SCROFULOUS, INHERITED AND CONTAGIOUS HUMORS CURED BY CUTICURA.

Through the medium of one of your books received through Mr. Frank T. Wray, Druggist, Apollo, Pa., I became acquainted with your CUTICURA REMEDIES, and take this opportunity to testify to you that their use has permanently cured me of one of the worst cases of blood poisoning, in connection with erysipelas, that I have ever seen, and this after having been pronounced incurable by some of the best physicians in our country. I take great pleasure in forwarding to you this testimonial, unsolicited as it is by you, in order that others suffering from similar maladies may be encouraged to give your CUTICURA REMEDIES a trial.
P. S. WHITLINGER, Leechburg, Pa.
Reference: F. T. WRAY, Druggist, Apollo, Pa.

SCROFULOUS ULCERS.

James E. Richardson, Custom House, New Orleans, on oath says: "In 1870 Scrofulous Ulcers broke out on my body until I was a mass of corruption. Everything known to the medical faculty was tried in vain. I became a mere wreck. At times could not lift my hands to my head, could not turn in bed; was in constant pain, and looked upon life as a curse. No relief or cure in ten years. In 1880 I heard of the CUTICURA REMEDIES, used them, and was perfectly cured."
Sworn to before U. S. Com. J.D. CRAWFORD.

ONE OF THE WORST CASES.

We have been selling your CUTICURA REMEDIES for years, and have the first complaint yet to receive from a purchaser. One of the worst cases of scrofula I ever saw was cured by the use of five bottles of CUTICURA RESOLVENT, CUTICURA, and CUTICURA SOAP. The Soap takes the "cake" here as a medicinal soap.
TAYLOR & TAYLOR, Druggists,
Frankfort, Kan.

SCROFULOUS, INHERITED,

And Contagious Humors, with Loss of Hair, and Eruptions of the Skin, are positively cured by CUTICURA and CUTICURA SOAP externally, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT internally, when all other medicines fail.

Sold everywhere. Price, CUTICURA 75c; SOAP 35c.; RESOLVENT, $1.50. Prepared by the POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO., Boston, Mass.
☞Send for "How to Cure Skin Diseases," 64 pages, 50 illustrations, and 100 testimonials.

PIMPLES, black-heads, chapped and oily skin prevented by CUTICURA MEDICATED SOAP.

UTERINE PAINS

And Weakness instantly relieved by the CUTICURA ANTI-PAIN PLASTER, a Perfect Antidote to Pain, Inflammation and Weakness. A new, instantaneous and infallible pain-killing plaster. 30 cents.

NATIONAL COLONIZATION LOTTERY

Under the patronage of the Rev. Father Labelle
Established in 1884, under the Act of Quebec 32 Vict., Chapt. 36, for the benefit of the Diocesan Societies of Colonization of the Province of Quebec.

Class D.—The 21st Monthly Drawing will take place Wednesday, March the 20th, at 2 p. m.

Prizes value		$50,000 00
Capital Prize: One real estate worth		$5,000 00
1 Real Estate worth	$5,000	5,000
1 do	2 000	2,000
1 do	1,000	1,000
4 do	500	2,000
10 Real Estates	300	3 000
30 Furniture Sets	200	6,000
60 do	100	6,000
200 Gold Watches	50	10,000
1,000 Silver Watches	10	10,000
1,000 Toilet Sets	5	5,000
2,307 Prizes worth		$50,000 00

TICKETS - - $1.00

Offers are made to all winners to pay their prizes cash, less a commission of 10 p. c.
Winners' names not published unless specially authorized
Drawings on the Third Wednesday of every Month.
S. E. LEFEBVRE, Secretary,
Offices, 19 St. James street, Montreal, Can.
192dly

CARSLAKE'S GRAND DERBY SWEEP

$25,000.00.

1st horse (in duplicate) $3,000 each=	-	$6,000
2nd " " " $2,000 " "		$4,000
3rd " " " $1,000 " "	-	$2,000
Other starters (divided equally)		$4,000
Non-starters " "		$9,000

5000 Tickets at $5 Each.

171 Entries (in duplicate 342 horses.)
Drawing June 3rd. Race June 5th, 1889.
Result of each Drawing sent to all subscribers.
Ten per cent deducted from all prizes.
Address, GEORGE CARSLAKE, Prop.,
Mansion House, 522 St. James St., Montreal,
269d6m

J. M. FORTIER,
Wholesale : Cigar : Manufacturer,
145 151 ST. MAURICE STREET,
MONTREAL
P. S.—Private Brands for the Jobbing Trade a specialty.

Feather Dusters

A full assortment of American Split Turkey Feather Dusters.
F. CHARLES CLARKE,
CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST.
Telephone 188, Front Street.

ROYAL

FULL WEIGHT
ROYAL BAKING POWDER
ABSOLUTELY PURE
ROYAL
BAKING POWDER

BAKING POWDER.

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall-st., N. Y.

Daily Intelligencer.

THE DAILY INTELLIGENCER is published every evening except Sunday, and delivered by careful carriers in all parts of the city for Five Dollars a year, or Fifty Cents a month.

THE WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER is published every Thursday morning, and sent, postpaid, to any address in Canada, the United States or Great Britain for One Dollar a year.

ADVERTISEMENTS, first insertion, 10 cents per nonpareil line; each subsequent consecutive insertion, 5 cents per line; when not inserted every day, 10 cents per line each insertion.

READING MATTER NOTICES, 15 cents per line each insertion.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS, 50 cents each insertion. With notice of funeral added the charge for death notices is $1.

CONTRACTS made for business advertisements for one month or longer at reduced rates.

Remittances, Drafts, Cheques, and Post-Office Orders should be made payable to the order of

INTELLIGENCER PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO'Y (LIMITED), Belleville, Ont.

Largest Daily Circulation in Belleville.

BELLEVILLE, WEDNESDAY, MAR. 20

THE HULLESS OATS SWINDLE.

COUNTY CROWN ATTORNEY HENDERSON INTERVIEWED.

He called it a Gambling Transaction by which the Principals are liable to a Penalty of Three Years in Prison. Those who Recommend the Scheme and those who Deal in the Note. equally liable with the Principals.

A representative of the INTELLIGENCER called upon County Crown Attorney Henderson, with the purpose of obtaining his views upon the legality of the transactions of the Crawford-Henry Grain and Seed Co. Mr. Henderson said: As far as I am informed of the facts of the case, the agents of the Company are guilty of obtaining valuable security, such as notes, without consideration at the time, and under misrepresentation of the agents of the Company, which subjects them to a penalty, if convicted, of three years in prison. The fact, as alleged, that the Company have not forfeited their charter in Ohio, would be no protection to parties here, as the Company have no assets in Ontario.

To the question, Had complaints been made to him by parties who had engaged in the scheme? he replied that complaints were made to him daily by parties living in all parts of the County, and occasionally they were accompanied by Counsel.

To the question as to what liability is attached to parties who recommend the scheme or who deal in the notes, he replied they are

EQUALLY LIABLE

with the principals. With the information given the public through the press as to the fraudulent nature of the transactions of the concern, any one recommending the Company or dealing in notes given the company, knowing them to be such, is guilty of conspiring to defraud, and liable to arrest and imprisonment, the same as the principals.

A WORKER AND A TALKER.

Whilst Mr. S. B. Burdett, who seems anxious to receive credit for looking after the interests of West Hastings as well as those of his own constituency, was preparing, or waiting an opportunity, to air in Parliament his anxiety on behalf of the Belleville drill shed, Mr. Corby, ever watchful of the interests of his constituency, was holding interviews with Ministers and doing all that his characteristic energy and persistency could accomplish. That Mr. Corby's mode of procedure was much more to the purpose than of Mr. Burdett—that it was better suited to the accomplishment of the object in view—that it required a greater amount of energy than the asking of a question in the House, with a little "taffy" thrown in, is known to every one, and more particularly to the Ministers and members of the House. The methods adopted by the members for East and West Hastings were, however, characteristic of those gentlemen. The former is a talker, but the latter is a worker.

Mr. Burdett's "tremendous" exertions on behalf of the people of West Hastings are, we can assure him, appreciated at their true value. He would fain pose as a watchful advocate of the people's interests; but whilst he is planning speeches to catch the attention of the public the watchful representative of this constituency is discounting his ostentatious harangues by performing the necessary work. Mr. Corby's method is not very showy, but it is effective.

SLEEPLESS NIGHTS, made miserable by that terrible cough. Shiloh's Cure is the Remedy for you. Sold by D. M. Waters.

AS A PICK-ME-UP after excessive exertion or exposure, Milburn's Beef, Iron and Wine is grateful and comforting.

MINISTERS, LAWYERS, TEACHERS, and others whose occupation give but little exercise, should use Carter's Little Liver Pills for torpid liver and biliousness. One is a dose. Try them.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

THE BRIDGE PROJECT.

The dog-in-the manger policy which certain parties in Trenton have pursued with reference to the Bay Bridge has resulted, as we anticipated, in the discomfiture of these virulent malcontents. Their attempt to destroy the bill before the Legislature which provides that municipalities may take stock in bridge companies, by asking to amend it so that, as in the case of bonuses to manufactures, the affirmative votes of two-thirds of the qualified electors may be required, has been defeated, and the bill will pass in its original form.

EDITORIAL BREVITIES.

The *Mail* states that in defending the libel suit instituted against it by the Jesuits it "will raise the main question as to the constitutionality of the Acts incorporating the Jesuit Society and setting apart a sum of public money for its endowment subject to the disposition of the Pope of Rome." By this means a legal decision will be obtained on the merits of the whole question.

Sir John Macdonald says there is a general desire that the house raise before Easter.—*Whig.*

And so it will—"raise Cain" with the Grits.

According to a cable despatch, the English agricultural papers are raising an outcry against the Privy Council for declaring the Netherlands a free country like Canada under the Cattle Diseases Act, and thus relieving the shippers of the obligation to slaughter at the port of debarkation. There is a demand on the part of the agricultural papers for a total prohibition of live stock imports. Were Canada to enter into commercial union or arrange for free trade with the United States, and so to discriminate against Britain, how long would the demand in question be resisted? The cost to Canada of the abolition of our existing privilege would be about a million dollars per annum.

The Montreal *Star* holds that "the ground taken by those who have discussed the Jesuit bill without passion or prejudice is that the only chance that exists of upsetting the act by which the Quebec Legislature placed four hundred thousand dollars in the hands of the Pope, to be distributed for church purposes, is that the Jesuits cannot be legally incorporated. If they cannot be legally incorporated they cannot be voted the money. If it was not within the power of the Quebec Legislature to incorporate the Jesuits, for the reason that they are aliens, then the money cannot be legally paid to them, whether the Dominion Government disallows the bill or not. But that is a question which can only be settled by the Privy Council. And it is a question of law, not of politics."

The Montreal *Witness* is disturbed about the design for a Canadian flag. The *Witness* need not worry. If its policy of commercial union or its New York branch's project of annexation be carried out, there will be no further need of a Canadian flag.

The *Globe* calls itself "the leading paper of Canada." Who does it lead?

Corn Sowing

Is a process conducted by the agency of tight boots all the year around. Corn reaping is best conducted through the agency of Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor, the only safe and sure-pop corn cure. Putnam's Extractor is now widely imitated. Beware of all poisonous and sore producing substitutes.

Sidney Council.

TOWN HALL, Sidney, March 11, '89.

Council met, agreeable to adjournment, members all present; minutes of last meeting read and adopted.

Mr. Brooks presented the petition of Jas. Richmond and others, asking to be detached from Union Stirling and Sidney School section, and attached to Sec. No. 19.

Moved and seconded, that the petition of James Richmond be received and filed, and the Clerk notify the Trustees interested.—Carried.

Mr. Holgate presented the application of James E. Ketcheson, asking the Council to pass a by-law to open and establish a road across lots 27, 26, and 25 in the 1st con. of the Township of Sidney, south of the G. T. Railway. Application considered, and the Clerk instructed to give necessary notices.

Moved by Mr. Holgate and seconded by Mr. Nicholson, that Mr. Dench be instructed to try and arrange the matter of Geo. Printers assessment with Trenton.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Nicholson and seconded by Mr. Brooks, that the road surveyor be instructed to sell the wood on allowance of road on lot No. 19, in the 6th concession.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Holgate and seconded by Mr. Dench, that $5.00 be placed on the pay list for Mark McGowan.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Holgate and seconded by Mr. Dench, that $4.00 be placed on the pay list for Charles Holland.—Carried.

Moved and seconded that this Council adjourn to meet on Monday, the 13th May, at 9 o'clock a. m.—Carried.

Campbellford.

Spring—Building Operations—The Scott Act.

(From our own Correspondent.)

CAMPBELLFORD, March 18th 1889.

The prospect of an early spring seems to be showing itself in this village, and its surroundings. The ice is nearly all out of the river, and we have again the pleasing sight of a beautiful sheet of clear water. The probabilities are at present that the river will keep within its banks this season. Another sign of an early spring is the little despised sparrow making its early nest.

Many of our villagers are making preparations for building. Mr. C. Turner is collecting materials for a hardware store on the west side of the river, on the corner of George and Tice streets. It will be a 3 story brick building 30x60, plate glass front, and will cost about $4,000.

A new school house will soon be started on or near the spot where the old one stood. It will be much larger than the former, and it is said it will cost $6,000. At present the children are located some in the town hall, and others in Mrs. Irwin's public rooms, which have been temporarily fitted up until such time as the new school will be ready.

The Scott Act is to be tested here on the fourth of next month (April) by a vote of the inhabitants.

SHILOH'S COUGH and Consumption Cure is sold by us on a guarantee. It cures consumption. Sold by D. M. Waters.

SOME SYMPTOMS OF WORMS are:—Fever, colic, variable appetite, restlessness, weakness and convulsions. The unfailing remedy is Dr. Low's Worm Syrup.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

MATTERS IN MONTREAL

TWO MEN COMMITTED FOR TRIAL ON A SERIOUS CHARGE.

An Iron Merchant Arrested on a Capias—Murderer McGrath's Wife Seriously Ill—The French Defaulter's Case.

MONTREAL, March 20.—Alexis Gregoire, boot and shoe manufacturer of St. Henri, assigned yesterday with $22,000 liabilities.

John Hennessy and Michael Mulcahay were yesterday committed to the Court of Queen's Bench on a charge of criminal assault on a young girl named Roberts.

Frederick A. Lallamand, wholesale iron merchant, has been arrested on a capias at the instance of the Bank of Nova Scotia for $12,083 promissory notes endorsed by him. He is accused of secreting his property.

Mrs. Magrath, wife of the murderer of Holden whose plea of guilty of manslaughter was accepted yesterday, is lying in a serious condition in the general hospital from prostration. She is not yet aware of the turn of affairs in her husband's case.

John Baylis of the Provincial Police has been instructed by friends of Holton to look after his effects. Baylis has a letter from the sister of deceased in which she states that his aged mother is longing for him to return home and if he does not it will kill her. It is stated that Holden is highly connected in England, was heir to a considerable sum of money and instead of being a mere house decorator was an artist of considerable promise.

In connection with the proposed amendments to the license law this telegram was sent to the Quebec Government by the Dominion Alliance: "The Dominion Alliance protests against the granting of special licenses to fairs, races, etc., as immeasurably mischievous and demoralizing; and again t the monstrous assertion that this is done in the public interest; and also against the word "knowingly" as applied to minors, removing as it does all hope of the enforcement of the provision protecting them."

Victor Emil Michea, the young French deserter, was again committed for extradition by Commissioner Dugas on a charge of appropriating to his use a bond worth 3000 francs and collecting that amount on it, the bond having been in his possession simply in trust. A writ of habeas corpus will be applied for.

MALONEY AGAIN REMANDED.

Bail Refused—What the Defence Will Try to Prove.

MONTREAL, March 19.—Detective Howie and Jeweler P. W. Ellis of Toronto arrived to-day in connection with the Maloney case. Reinholtz is stated to be in New York. Mr. Greenshields this afternoon argued that Maloney should be set free under bail, as it was not fair to hold his client under arrest simply in order to give the detectives a chance to work up a case against him. He offered any bail the court would ask.

Judge Desnoyers replied that such an outrageous act as the one of which Maloney stood accused, namely, of appropriating $14,000 worth of jewelry in the manner charged, was not one for which he could accept bail. Of course Maloney might be innocent of the crime as charged but the suspicion was against him, the goods or a large portion of them having been found in his possession. He would therefore remand him until next Friday but he would take bail on that day if nothing special turned up.

It is stated that a bill of sale of the jewelry from Mr. Ellis to Van Reinholtz, showing it was the property of the latter, will be produced. The defence also stated that Van Reinholtz was offering the jewelry all through the city and that among the articles he offered to a well-known jeweler a $600 gold watch for $300.

FROM THE PRAIRIE PROVINCE.

Indications of a Cabinet Shuffle—An Elevator at Carberry Burnt.

WINNIPEG, March 19.—Hatfield, the wife murderer, was sentenced this morning to fifteen years' imprisonment for manslaughter.

Spence, charged with criminal assault on his step-daughter, was found not guilty.

There are indications of a general re-construction of the Provincial Cabinet before long.

Ronison & Co.'s elevator at Carberry, with 12,000 bushels of wheat belonging to Adam Mackenzie of Brandon, was destroyed by fire to-day. The loss is $17,000, on which there was a light insurance.

Two Mennonites nearly killed an old lady named Mrs. Herbert, living near Gretna, yesterday during her husband's absence.

Donald McQueen of Wapella yesterday lost a little boy by drowning in a pool of water two feet deep in which he was playing.

Found in Niagara River.

NIAGARA, March 20.—Arthur J. Powell, aged 48, was found floating in the Niagara River near Olden's dock, Youngstown, on Monday. It is supposed that he fell in by accident. Powell was weak minded. In September, 1887, in Michigan while felling trees, a tree crashed upon him, severely injuring him, and his mind never fully recovered from the shock. He was married, but was not living with his wife. No one believes that he committed suicide.

TORONTO TOPICS.

Suicide of an Old Printer—A Gilded Youth Fleeced by Gamblers.

TORONTO, March 20.—John Armstrong Watkins, an old time printer, residing at No 102 Mutual-street, retired to his room about 11 o'clock Monday night, taking with him his young son, who slept in the same apartment. Before disrobing he took up a small flask containing carbolic acid and remarked: "I'll have no more bother." Then he swallowed the contents, throwing the empty bottle out into the yard immediately afterwards. He soon lapsed into unconsciousness and died at 12.20 yesterday morning. He leaves a widow and four children, his age being 42. The causes which led up to his death are shrouded in mystery, as his domestic relations were all that could be desired, and he had sufficient of this world's goods to assure him a peaceful and happy old age.

The second C. P. R. excursion for Manitoba and the Northwest was sent off last night. It consisted of ten colonist trains, consisting of about 150 cars of stock and freight, having a colonist sleeper attached to each train, and two passenger trains of 10 cars containing about 600 passengers. The specials carried 425 passengers, making a total of 1025. The passengers are nearly all from Western Ontario, but come from as far east as Peterboro. Another train will join the excursion at North Bay from Brockville, consisting of two colonist sleepers and 36 cars of freight.

The gamblers of the town are considerably excited over a case of "doing up" of one of our gilded youths, and there may be some trouble in certain quarters before the thing is over. This gilded youth was caught in a resort east of Yonge-street. He was roped into a game of poker and drank freely of liquor. Considerable money he lost in the place referred to, and the scene of the game was latter on transferred further west. There the sharper gave him a good dose of his brace game, and when the chips were cashed in, and the rake-off passed, and the gas turned down the young man found that he was out $400 in cash and the sharper held his check for a large sum, said by some to amount to $1000. Payment on the check was stopped at the bank, and there is not a little talk over the matter.

DECIDED TO AMALGAMATE.

St. John (N. B.) and Portland Vote for Union—48,000 Population.

ST. JOHN, N.B., March 19.—The electors of St. John (east and west) and Portland by their vote decided to-day on amalgamation, by which the united population of the new city, which will be called the city of St. John, will be about 48,000.

The Atlantic Mail Service.

OTTAWA, March 19.—Since Sir Charles Tupper's arrival there has been a general understanding that the contract for the fast Atlantic service would be awarded to the Andersons, who have the Canadian Pacific Railway at their back. This means a quasi-amalgamation of the Pacific and Atlantic services and subsidies, and a handsome thing for the Andersons, who as agents will get ten per cent. on the gross earnings of the new company, including the subsidies. The shareholders are not likely to realize a fortune, but the agents will. Such a service as that of the Umbria and Etruria to New York will not at the start pay to Halifax for half the year, even if it should do so in the summer months to Quebec. But it will boom Canada and our transcontinental highway, and as long as it lasts will be a so-far-so-good sort of arrangement. The introduction of a new and powerful corporation as a candidate for its share in the trade of the St. Lawrence will not be welcomed by the Allan and Dominion lines, which have done so much in the past to build up a business which of late years it is understood has been the reverse of lucrative.

LIBERALS WANT TO TALK.

HARCOURT AND GLADSTONE OBJECT TO BEING MUZZLED.

Lord Salisbury Speaks at Watford—Exciting Scenes in the Hungarian Diet—General Cable News.

LONDON, March 19.—Sir William Vernon-Harcourt, in opposing the motion of W. H. Smith, the Government leader, to give precedence to the vote on account until it was passed, accused the Government of shirking discussion and of trying to introduce a new and surreptitious form of closure. He said the time was drawing near when the House of Commons would become simply a vestry for the registering of Government transactions. Sir William announced that he intended to challenge the conduct of the Government in placing Irish officials, paid by the public, at the service of The Times in connection with that paper's charges against the Irish members of the House. He also announced that on the vote for Attorney-General Webster's salary he should ask what state services the Attorney-General had rendered during the last nine months and why any salary should be paid to him.

Mr. Gladstone denied the right of Mr. Goschen, Chancellor of the Exchequer, to calculate beforehand what time should be allowed for the discussion of the vote. He said that questions of great delicacy must be discussed. He denied the right of the Government to take away the right of the House to the time necessary for a full discussion.

Lord Salisbury Will Stick It Out.

LONDON, March 19.—In a speech at Watford this evening Lord Salisbury stated that nothing short of a vote of want of confidence would bring the Government to a premature end and that those who thought otherwise were amusing themselves with vain dreams.

Stocks Firm in London.

LONDON, March 19.—The stock exchange closed firm.

The Paris Bourse Quiet.

PARIS, March 19.—Societe des Metaux shares closed at 40f. and Rio Tintos at 279f. The Bourse closed quiet.

The U. S. Copper Market Not Affected.

NEW YORK, March 19.—There was practically no interest in copper on the Metal Exchange here to-day. Cables from London and Paris indicate a quieter and easier market.

The Bank of Paris Shaken.

PARIS, March 19.—A pessimistic feeling prevails regarding the position of the credit houses, especially of the Banque de Paris, which is much discussed. It is reported that the bank is deeply involved in the copper troubles and is not expected to pay a dividend for the past year. Moreover it is stated that the directors of the concern announced at the bankers' meeting last evening that they were unable to subscribe for the relief of the Comptoir d'Escompte, having themselves lent 27,000,000 francs on copper warrants. The decline of Societe des Metaux shares is attributed to a report that the concern had definitely suspended payment and operations. Nevertheless there was a large amount of buying and re-purchasing in the copper mine market to-day, the demand for Rio Tintos being especially strong.

Defiant Deputies.

PARIS, March 19.—Senator Naquet and Deputies Laguerre and Turquet, who are being prosecuted by the Government for their connection with the Patriotic League were arraigned before an examining magistrate to-day. They refused to answer the questions put to them and declared that as their prosecution was of a political nature and illegal they would only justify themselves publicly before the Correctional Tribunal.

An Exciting Day in Hungary's Diet.

PESTH, March 19.—In the lower house of the Diet to-day Herr Eoetoves, a member of the Opposition, charged Premier Tisza with procuring the construction of railways where he owned estates, for the purpose of increasing their value. Herr Tisza, who was received with cheers, refuted the charges. Herr Baroso, Minister of Public Works, also repudiated the charges and condemned the attempt to slander the ministers. The House, only the Independents dissenting, resolved to take formal notice of the replies of the ministers. Count Stefan Karolyi said that although he was opposed to Premier Tisza he did not approve Eoetove's tactics and he moved a resolution that the House emphatically repel the calumnies against Herr Tisza. The House applauded but the resolution was not put, Herr Tisza declaring that the manner in which he had been received completely satisfied him.

In the vestibule a man supposed to be a lawyer insulted Herr Rohonczy, a Liberal deputy. The latter fired a revolver at the man, hitting him in the thigh. The wound is not serious. The shooting caused great excitement among the students, who had assembled in large numbers outside, but they dispersed quietly.

German Notes.

BERLIN, March 19.—A Government detective named Wichman has been sentenced to 2 years' imprisonment at Altona for falsely accusing two men of being anarchists.

A cotton mill at Unterhausen near Pfenllinger, Wurtemberg, was burned to-day. Loss 1,500,000 marks.

The Queen Dowager of Bavaria is dying of dropsy.

To Connect the Elbe and Trave.

COLOGNE, March 19.—The Prussian Government has granted 6,000,000 marks to aid in the construction of a canal connecting the Elbe and Trave Rivers.

Ex-King Milan at the Austrian Court.

PESTH, March 19.—Emperor Francis Joseph granted an audience to ex-King Milan of Servia to-day. The Emperor will give a dinner to the ex-King to-night.

The Pope and the Universities.

ROME, March 19.—The American College gave a grand dinner this evening in honor of the leaders of the American pilgrims. Many prelates were present. Bishop Keane, President of the new Catholic University at Washington, spoke in English, Latin and French. His remarks were much applauded. The Pope's vicar, Cardinal Parocchi, delivered a powerful Latin oration on behalf of the Pope. He expressed the Pope's admiration of American institutions and spoke of the deep interest taken by His Holiness in the birth of the Washington University, which he regarded as one of the chief glories of his pontificate. Cardinal Schiaffino spoke in Italian. He sketched the work of the Catholic Church in establishing universities in all ages and in all countries.

Rector Pacquet of the Quebec University tendered his congratulations on the birth of a sister university, and wished it prosperity.

The Pope presented his portrait by Ugolini.

Hamilton Presbytery.

HAMILTON, March 19.—At the meeting of Hamilton Presbytery to-day it was decided to apply for these home mission grants: Niagara, $150; Blackheath, $65; Merritton, $100; Wentworth-street, Hamilton, $90; Port Dalhousie and Louth, $150; Haynes-avenue, St. Catharines, $150; St. David's, $150; Dunnville, $200; St. Ann's, $100. A call from Ancaster and Alberton was sustained and accepted by Rev. John McClung, formerly of Shakespeare. The induction will take place on April 5 at Alberton. Rev. D. H. Fletcher nominated Rev. Dr. Laing of Dundas, on behalf of the Hamilton Presbytery, for the position of moderator of the next general assembly. The nomination was carried unanimously.

Where is Walter?

HAMILTON, March 19.—A warrant was issued this morning for the arrest of Henry Walter, who came here from Cincinnati last fall and opened a mantle store in Copp's block. He is charged with receiving money by false pretence from John Malloy, from whom he got a phaeton valued at $165. It has also been reported to the police that a horse and set of harness he got from E. W. Ware have disappeared and have not yet been paid for. Walter cannot be found. His store is empty. The police believe he will not go back to the United States. He has been heard of there under the name of Henry Novack, Henry Wise, Frank November and Henry Engleman, in addition to Henry Walter.

Local Option Repeal in New Jersey.

TRENTON, N.J., March 19.—In the Assembly to-day the Wertz local option repeal bill was passed. All the Democrats and one Republican voted for it.

MARCH WINDS. The March winds peculiar to our climate, as they sweep over the country, are a terror to even the most robust constitutions, as they greatly increase the liability to Colds, Catarrhal Troubles and Bronchial Affections. There is probably no season of the year when Cold in the Head and Catarrh is more prevalent, and it is at this time that NASAL BALM—nature's great remedy for these troubles—proves its magic powers by almost instantly curing Cold in the Head, speedily relieving and ultimately curing the most virulent forms of Catarrh. On the principle that an ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure, every home in the land should be provided with NASAL BALM at this trying season, and its use should be freely resorted to on the first symptoms of Cold in the Head or Catarrh. It is the only genuine remedy and certain cure for these troubles, and its claims are backed by thousands of the strongest testimonials, a few of which we append below.

COLD IN HEAD
MARCH WINDS
CATARRH

WM SAWYER, Toronto, says:—I had a bad attack of catarrh last winter and like many other foolish people, thought it would wear away. But it did not; instead it was wearing me away, and at last I made up my mind to try something. I got a prescription made up, a powder, and snuffed it up and up until I grew weary, but got no benefit. I then looked over the papers and saw your advertisement in the *Mail*. I seemed to have confidence in it right away and got a bottle of NASAL BALM and I can honestly say it was the best investment I ever made, and I strongly recommend it to all sufferers from catarrh and cold in the head. It helped me from the first, and has thoroughly cured me. Every sufferer from catarrh should use NASAL BALM, and leave snuffs, powders and douches alone.

MRS. M. RAY, Canso, N. S., states; I have used NASAL BALM on several occasions with the children for cold in the head, and always find it effects a rapid cure.

MISS CLARA MACNIDER, Little Metis, Ont., says:—I have used two bottles of your NASAL BALM for catarrh with the most beneficial results. To anyone suffering with this most disagreeable disease I can heartily recommend it as a radical cure. I cheerfully give you permission to use this if you desire it.

MR. THOMAS ROCHE, Rochefort, Ont., says: I have suffered severely from catarrh, and never got any relief until I used NASAL BALM. I never thought I could find so sure a cure. It is a pity all afflicted with catarrh do not know of and use this wonderful medicine.

W. A. MALLORY, Mallorytown, Ont., states: My daughter suffered for years from a most distressing and annoying catarrh. Her case was under the treatment of eminent physicians in the United States and Canada. Two months' use of NASAL BALM has had more beneficial effects than all former treatments combined.

EX-MAYOR ROBERT BOWIE, Brockville, Ont., says:—I used NASAL BALM for a bad case of catarrh, and it cured me after having ineffectually tried many other remedies. It never fails to give immediate relief for cold in the head.

C. MCDONALD, Serpent River, Algoma, says: I have used NASAL BALM for a bad case of catarrh, and it has done me more good than all the remedies I ever tried before. It is worth its weight in gold.

MR. G. T. GORRELL, Mail Clerk on C. P. R., says:—NASAL BALM is a boon to all suffering from cold in the head. It gives relief rapidly and never fails to effect a speedy cure.

MR. J. KENNEDY, G. T. R. agent at Brockville, says:—A short treatment with NASAL BALM radically removed all symptoms of my catarrh. The preparation is pleasant and easy to use, and gives immediate and permanent relief.

SAMUEL BOLTON, Caldwell Mills, Ont, writes:—It gives me great pleasure to testify to the great merit of NASAL BALM. I tried other remedies, but got no relief. The disease had brought on partial deafness. Yet two applications of NASAL BALM gave me great relief and before the bottle was finished I was completely cured.

P. B. MACNAMARA, merchant tailor, Brockville, Ont., says:—As an instant relief for Cold in the Head and Catarrh NASAL BALM is unequalled. The effect is noticed as soon as it is used.

MR. JOHN BROWN, Kagawony, Algoma District, writes:—I have used your NASAL BALM and have no hesitation in saying that it is the best remedy on earth for catarrh. I have only used one half bottle, and it has fully cured my catarrh. I have no hesitation in giving my name as an endorsation of NASAL BALM, as the greatest remedy yet discovered for catarrh and cold in the head.

LEWIS ROEBUCK, Wyevale, Ont., says:—I recommend NASAL BALM highly to all who suffer from catarrh.

MR. S. E. CHASE, Port Arthur, Ont., says: I have been using your NASAL BALM for catarrh and find myself cured with only one bottle. To call it the best preparation made for catarrh is scarcely strong enough.

T. H. MUNROE, Parry Sound, says:—NASAL BALM has no equal as a remedy for cold in the head. It is both speedy and effective in its results.

W. H. GABEL, Bervie, Ont., says:—I feel it my duty to write to you and report the result of my using NASAL BALM. I have been a severe sufferer from that loathsome disease, catarrh, and tried several remedies, but got no relief till I purchased a bottle of NASAL BALM. I used it according to directions and it has completely cured me. I take great pleasure in recommending it to all suffering from catarrh.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS, similar only in name and appearance. Ask for NASAL BALM and take no substitute recommended as "just as good." If you cannot get NASAL BALM from your dealer it will be sent post-paid on receipt of price—50 cents and $1—by addressing FULFORD & CO., Brockville, Ont. Send for our pamphlet "GEMS OF WISDOM."

AN INACTIVE or Torpid Liver must be aroused and all bad bile removed. Burdock Pills are best for old or young.

WILL YOU SUFFER with Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint? Shiloh's Vitalizer is guaranteed to cure you. Sold by D. M. Waters.

NEVER ALLOW the bowels to remain constipated lest serious evil ensue. National Pills are unsurpassed as a remedy for constipation.

Only One Cent!
Only One Cent!

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

FOR SALE—Twenty shares in the capital stock of the G. & J. Brown Manufacturing Co. of Belleville. Business is in a flourishing condition, paying a dividend of 9 per cent. last year. Ill health the cause of sale. Address T. ROWLANDS, Kyle House. 272dtf

FURNITURE FOR SALE—A young couple giving up house keeping would sell their furniture at a great reduction. Anyone starting housekeeping would secure a bargain. For particulars address box 825, Belleville.

POOL TABLE, and all the fixtures, for sale. Is in first class order. Apply at Hub Hotel, Front Street, Belleville. 263d2w

APARTMENTS TO LET.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

BOARD AND ROOMS.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

HOUSES TO LET.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

FOR SALE or TO LET, the House formerly occupied by J. H. Simpson, Commercial Street. Possession given immediately. Apply to P. R. PALMER. 263d3m

LOST AND FOUND.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

LIVE STOCK.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

HOUSE FOR SALE, OR TO LET.—No. 221 William Street, north of Hotel Street. A comfortable, well built, brick residence, in thorough repair. Eleven rooms, drive house, hard and soft water. Apply to FRANCIS S. WALLBRIDGE, Barrister, office corner of Front and Bridge Streets. 273d6t

HOUSE FOR SALE on William St., two doors south of Bridge St., next the residence of Mrs. T. C. Wallbridge, best locality in the city, house new, comfortable, and commodious, hard and soft water, closets in all the rooms. Enquire of R. PURDY, Bridge St. 272d2w

TO LET.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

TO LET.—Two Stores and some room on Front Street, next door to C. F. Smith. JOHN FORIN. 272d2w

WANTED.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

SALESMEN—We wish a few men to sell our goods by sample to the wholesale and retail trade. Large manufacturers in our line. Enclose 2-cent stamp. Wages $3 per day. Permanent position. No postals answered. Money advanced for wages, advertising, etc. CENTENNIAL MAN'F'G CO, CINCINNATI, OHIO. 245d30teod

DOMESTICS WANTED.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

WANTED—2 Chamber Maids. Apply at QUEEN'S HOTEL, city. 272d3t

GENERAL SERVANT WANTED—at once. Apply to MRS. J. A. MARSHALL, Queen St. 271d4t.

COOK WANTED—immediately. Apply at City Hotel.—D. COYLE. 269d1w

SITUATIONS WANTED.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

MECHANICS WANTED.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion,

$4.00 PER MONTH will rent a comfortable house in a good situation.

$7.00 PER MONTH will rent a good brick house.

$10.00 PER MONTH will rent a large brick house with a good stable, and within two minutes' walk of Front Street.

FOR SALE.—A comfortable residence, with a good garden, and a quiet street. For further particulars apply to

J. L. BIGGAR.

SPRING -- OPENING

—OF THE—

.·. Millinery .·. Parlors .·.

FRIDAY, MARCH THE 22ND.

☞ ALL ARE CORDIALLY INVITED.

---Millinery .·. Opening---

—AT—

BRIGNALL & THOMPSON'S.

Wednesday, March the 20th.

When we shall be prepared to exhibit, as usual, a magnificent stock of Imported Millinery, Mantles, Silks and Dress Materials.

BRIGNALL & THOMPSON.

MILLINERY OPENING

—AT—

A. N. Reid & Co's

THURSDAY & FRIDAY,

MARCH 21st and 22nd,

When we will show all the latest novelties in Paris and American Pattern Hats and Bonnets, Silks, Dress Materials, Trimmings and Mantles.

All are cordially invited.

A. N. REID & CO.

--SPRING OPENING--

—AT—

GEORGE RITCHIE & CO'S.

On Friday, the 22nd of March, the Show Rooms will be opened for the exhibition of Pattern Millinery and Mantles, with other seasonable and fashionable goods.

MISS IRWIN has now charge of the Show Rooms, and extends a cordial invitation to all.

Beautiful and rich goods will be shown, at very moderate prices.

GEO. RITCHIE & CO.

New :. Carpets!

Received yesterday, a very large shipment of

CROSSLEY'S CELEBRATED CARPETS!

—CONSISTING OF—

BRUSSELS CARPETS,
VELVET CARPETS,
TAPESTRY CARPETS,
and the
NEW MOSAICS.

These are the Finest Carpets in the Market, and are in SINGLE and DOUBLE WIDTHS —with

BORDERS and— —STAIR CARPETS

TO MATCH. Some of these lines are a SPECIAL BARGAIN.

JAS. W. DUNNET.
GLASGOW WAREHOUSE
Belleville, March 20, 1889.

Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, WEDNESDAY, MAR. 20

MRS. FRANK LESLIE.

Perhaps no woman of the present day has fought against greater financial odds than did Mrs. Frank Leslie and came out, not only victorious, but proved, as well, that women can occupy successfully the directorship of great undertakings. When Frank Leslie, the founder of the celebrated weekly, died, his affairs were in comparative bankruptcy, and on his dying bed he enjoined his beautiful wife to take his seat in the office and work out the problem of success from the chaos in which he had left the management. So well and faithfully has she fulfilled the trust that she relieved the business from its financial embarrassment, and a few days since sold it out for $400,000, reserving to herself a few minor publications to oversee. From her vast experience no lady is more capable of giving a correct view upon subjects of interest to her sex. She has contributed a letter to the INTELLIGENCER on "The girl of the Period," which will be found of particular interest and which will appear in our issue of Saturday, March 23rd. In her letter she discusses at length: Who, what and where is the girl of the period— Different Types of girls—A safe kind of girl to marry—The young woman of the Theoretical mind—The fashionable girl of to-day—As she is in school and as a debutante—Some words of wisdom to our young butterflies of fashion—The Advanced girl—Pen portraits which many will recognize.

MERE MENTION.

BEECHAM'S PILLS cure bilious and nervous ills.

A LOT of purses at reduced prices at Geen's Drug Store.

MEN were engaged to-day in cleaning the ice and snow from off the street car track.

IF you have a cough or cold go at once to Geen's Drug Store and buy a bottle of Holden's Expectorant.

THE investigation into the charges preferred against License Inspector Grainger was still going on to-day.

MISS A. G. Embury, assisted by her pupils, will give a musical entertainment in the City Hall on Thursday evening, 21st inst. Admission 15 cts.

ALL DISORDERS CAUSED by a bilious state of the system can be cured by using Carter's Little Liver Pills. No pain, griping or discomfort attending their use. Try them.

SPRING is coming, and with it comes the necessity of a good spring medicine. Try East India Tonic Bitters, a good blood purifier and tonic. For sale by A. L. Geen and F. Charles Clarke.

COLD wet weather is very hard on sufferers from Neuralgia troubles, and to those Dyer's Quinine and Iron Wine is strongly recommended, it is palatable, easily assimilated, and can be safely taken by the weakest invalid. W. A. Dyer & Co., Montreal.

ON Easter Monday, the 22nd April, the Rev. Dr. Wild will lecture to his numerous friends and acquaintances on "The Destiny of the Dominion and of the Empire." No doubt the Dr. will do his best, as he has a strong affection for the people of this vicinity, who appreciated his first efforts as a lecturer a quarter of a century ago.

"Truth Crushed to Earth

will rise." So will biscuit and bread made with Imperial Cream Tartar Baking Powder. It is the only reliable.

A Popular Instrument.

A new scale Upright Pianoforte recently completed by Messrs. Newcombe & Co., Toronto, is affording much satisfaction. It fills the requirements of a reliable instrument by a first class maker at a figure within the reach of all. Write them for particulars.

Millinery Opening.

W. Flint Jones begs to announce his spring millinery opening for Friday, 22nd March, when will be shown the newest styles of French and American millinery. He has secured as milliner the services of Miss Minore, who comes very highly recommended. The ladies are cordially invited to inspect his millinery, which will be found very stylish and beautiful.—W. Flint Jones. 272d3t

For lame back, side or chest, use Shiloh's Porous Plaster. Price 25 cents. Sold by D. M. Waters.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria,

PROBABILITIES.

TORONTO, March 20.—Northerly winds; fair weather; stationary or lower temperature.

$500 Reward.

The chief has received a circular offering $500 reward for the capture of Albert Wilson, who murdered Miss Marshall at Watford, Ont., on Sunday night the 10th inst.

The River.

The ice has moved out of the pond above Coleman's dam and a channel is clear for some distance below the ashery. There are no indications of a flood this year, as the ice is very thin and rotten.

TEMPERATURE,

As Registered by Dr. Bell's Self-Registering Thermometer.

WEDNESDAY, March 20.

Maximum 44; minimum 34.
Barometer 30 06.

Counterfeit Patent Medicines.

The maker of Carter's Little Liver Pills, and also the maker of Nasal Balm, of Brockville, are in town, looking up the counterfeits of their goods. They have law on their side, and intend to make it warm for the druggists of Ontario who are foolish enough to sell counterfeit goods.

Could not Keep House Without it.

We are in receipt of many complimentary letters upon the excellency of the WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER, not the least flattering of which is from Mr. Wm. Pagot, of Marmora, who says, "I have been a subscriber to and reader of the INTELLIGENCER for the past forty nine years. No one can keep house respectably without it."

Band Concert.

A correspondent has furnished a notice, which is too lengthy for our columns, of a concert which was given at Tweed on the 12th inst. under the auspices of the brass band of that village. The Tweed band was assisted by the Madoc band, and the hall was crowded to its utmost capacity, whilst numbers of persons were unable to gain admittance. The entertainment, in which amateurs from Madoc assisted largely, was highly enjoyable. The proceeds amounted to $90.35.

Personal.

Miss Maud Burdette, contralto, will sing next Tuesday evening, March 26th, in the Opera House.

Mr. Ed. Corby, we regret to learn, is seriously ill.

Mr. Brent Good, of New York, an old Belleville boy, and Mr. Fulford, of Brockville, are in the city.

Mr. Archie Riddell, of the Bronson & Weston Company, is in town.

Mr. A. E. Wensley left to-day for British Columbia.

Mr. J. W. Kempling, Barrie, Grand President of the Sons of England, is registered at the Queen's hotel.

Police Court.

WEDNESDAY, March 20th.

DRUNK.

Geo. Foster, drunk, was discharged. He was arrested yesterday afternoon while wandering about the river near the foot bridge.

SHOOTING WITHIN THE CITY LIMITS.

Wm. Young was charged with shooting off fire arms within the city limits, the place being in the yard where Mr. Bradford's blacksmith shop is situated in rear of Front street. He was fined $4, or 10 days.

WIFE BEATING.

James McCarthy for this offence was sentenced to four months; sentence suspended.

Chancery Docket.

The following is the docket of causes for hearing at the Chancery spring sittings, which will be opened on Thursday, the 21st inst., before Mr. Justice Ferguson:

Bryson v. Hope—G. A. Skinner for pl'ff, Bell & Biggar for def't; Ross v. Fletcher—Clute & Williams for pl'ff, W. N. Ponton for def't; Boldrick v. Barton—Skinner & Reddick for pl'ff, Clute & Williams for def't; Barlow v. Green—G. A. Skinner for pl'ff, W. H. Hastings for def't; Barlow v. Green—G. A. Skinner for pl'ff, Maclean, Macdonald, Merritt & Shepley for def't; Toronto General Trusts Co.—Edgar & Malone for pl'ff, W. H. Hastings for def't; Taylor v. James—A. A. McDonald for pl'ff, Dougall & Stewart for def't; Young v. Butler—S. J. Young for pl'ff, E. G Porter for def't; Robertson v. James—Geo. J. Sherry for pl'ff, Dougall & Stewart and A. A. McDonald for def't; Flint v. Earle—J. J. B. Flint for pl'ff; Gunn v. Cain—J. M. Machar for pl'ff, F. S. Wallbridge for def't.

Spring Fashions.

Opening at Brignall & Thompson's.

This fashionable event, to which the ladies have been looking forward with great interest, took place to-day, and, it is scarcely necessary to say, was largely attended. The store and the spacious millinery rooms, in which great improvements have of late been made, looked bright and pleasing, and caused favorable comment. The show of millinery was quite up to this firm's high standard of excellence, and embraced a beautiful display of the lattest patterns from Paris and New York, with a bewildering variety of beautiful flowers and feathers. Miss Campbell, who is now in charge, has for some years been in the employment of the firm, and is not only well and favorably known to the public, but is, we are assured, fully able to sustain the reputation of the house as leaders in fashionable millinery. In the store there is a beautiful stock of dress goods, with trimmings to match; a large stock of prints and ginghams; kid gloves; house furnishings; carpets; and staple and fancy goods of all kinds. A visit of inspection will amply repay for the trouble.

CATARRH CURED, health and sweet breath secured, by Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy Price 50 cents. Nasal Injector free. For sale by D. M. Waters.

BELLEVILLE MARKETS.

INTELLIGENCER OFFICE,
Belleville, March 20, 1889.

What with a decline in the prices of barley and rye, and the breaking up of the roads, receipts of grain have greatly fallen off since our last report, not more than 20 cars and 1,500 bushels by road having been received during the week.

Seeds are being dealt in to a very small extent. Dealers are selling clover at $5.50 and timothy at $2.25 per bushel.

The provision market is well supplied, and prices generally show a decline, as is usual at this season.

WHEAT—95c. to $1.00.
BARLEY—48c. to 50c.
RYE—45c.
OATS—38c to 40c.
PEAS—60c. to 65c.
BUCKWHEAT—40c. to 45c
BUTTER—Roll 15 to 20c,
BEEF—$4.00 to $6 50.
PORK—$7 to $8.00.
MUTTON —6c. to 6c.
LAMB—6c. to 8c.
EGGS—12c. to 16c. per doz.
HIDES—Rough $4.00, inspected No. 1, $4.50
CALF SKINS—5c. per lb.
SHEEPSKINS—90c. to $1.20 for fresh taken off.
TALLOW—Rough, 3c.
TALLOW—Rendered, 5c.
POTATOES—40c. to 50c.
LARD—11c to 18c.
HAY—$15 to $17.50 per ton,
CHICKENS—45c to 70c per pair.
GEESE—40c to 60c.
TURKEYS—50c to $1.50.
DUCKS—40c. to 75c.

Manufacturing Interests

A GOOD MEETING AND A GOOD COMMENCEMENT.

There was a large attendance last night at the meeting of the joint committee on manufactures. Those present were Thos. Ritchie, Esq., chairman; the Mayor, Ald. Macoun, Petrie, J. W. Johnson, and Collins; Messrs. H. N. Pringle, W. N. Ponton, Jas. Brown, C. F. Smith, L. W. Yeomans, Geo. D. Dickson, A. Robinson, G. S. Tickell, C. Pettit, Jas. St. Charles, Thos. Wills, and Geo. Preston.

Mr. Ritchie presided, and Mr. H. N. Pringle was appointed Secretary *pro tem.*

The chairman spoke encouragingly of the movement now in progress, and said he had a strong belief that something to the benefit of the city would grow out of it. He then read the letters (previously published) of Messrs W. N. Ponton and C. F. Smith; also a letter from Mr. Horace Yeomans, offering as sites for manufactures 16 lots between Railway and Union streets, near the Grand Trunk, and lots on Coleman street from Jas. Hill's house south to the ashery, the latter included.

These letters were received with applause.

A long discussion followed, during which the position and prospects of the city were spoken of, nearly all those present taking part in the conversation, which pressure on our space prevents us from giving more than the drift of.

Ald. J. W. Johnson thought one of the first objects ought to be to try to get the Stove foundry in operation.

Mr. C. F. Smith said that, so far, he had failed to secure the formation of a company, or to get any one to take hold of it. The property is in the hands of a syndicate.

The Mayor read the following letter:

BARRIE, March 14.

To the Mayor of the City of Belleville:

DEAR SIR,—I notice that your City Council and Board of Trade are considering the advisability of giving a bonus to induce manufacturers to locate at your city.

If you should decide upon granting a bonus for the manufacture of stoves at your city, please let me know. Also address letter to Wm. Howe, 28 Hubbard St., Cortland, N. Y., and oblige, yours truly,

C. H. CLARK.

Mr. L. W. Yeomans spoke unfavorably of Mr. Howe, with whom the proprietors of the stove foundry had been in negotiation. The syndicate who own the foundry were, most of them, willing to join a company, leaving their investment as it now exists, or to sell out at cost.

In the course of conversation, the weight of opinion was that a by-law for $50,000 to be given in bonuses at the discretion of any committee would not carry, as it requires a two thirds vote; that such a by-law would not be legal; and that no other by law should be submitted at the same time as the bridge by-law.

Ald. Johnson stated the debt of the city at $387,000. Col. Brown pointed out that a fine site for car works is to be had, with never-failing water power, at the site of the old dam north of the railway bridge. Mr. Wills said permanent water power on the river can be secured at a cost of not more than $5,000 by erecting a high dam at Loon Lake and a low dam at Stoco Lake. All who spoke favored bonusing, if necessary, except Col. Brown and Ald. Macoun, who preferred loaning to suitable industries. Opinion was unanimous in favor of exemptions and of forwarding the interests of existing industries, as to which Mr. Wills proposed the exemption of all carriage factories from taxation.

Railway interests were discussed at length, opinion being strongly in favor of securing connection with the C. P. R., and of urging the operation of the Grand Trunk to its junction with the Central Ontario. Mr. Dickson moved, seconded by Mr. L. W. Yeomans, that with the view of extending the avenues of trade and making of the city of Belleville more of a manufacturing and distributing centre, Mr. Ritchie, the Mayor, Mr. Pope, Ald. J. W. Johnson, Col. Brown and the mover and seconder be a committee to investigate and ascertain whether or no connection can be made with the C. P. R., via the line of the G.J. R., and consider the best way possible to have connection with the C. O. R. at El-Dorado.

The motion was carried after a long conversation.

Mr. Ponton moved, seconded by Ald. Petrie, for the submission of a By-law granting a bonus of $15,000 to any one who will operate the stove foundry, payable in five years, $3,000 per year, and on conditions as to number of men, etc., the same as under the original agreement.

Ald. Johnson moved in amendment, seconded by Mr. Yeomans, that the Committee recommend that advertisements be inserted in leading newspapers, at the discretion of the Executive Committee of the Council, setting forth that free sites, exemptions from taxes, and other inducements for the establishment of manufactures, are offered here.

Mr. Ponton consented to allow his motion to stand as a notice and Mr. Johnson's motion was carried.

The chairman, in a few concluding remarks expressed himself as satisfied that the action of the meeting would result to the advantage of the city, although we must not expect great results at once.

The meeting adjourned until Tuesday evening next.

As showing the interest with which the present movement is looked upon by the people of the county, a prominent resident of Bridgewater has written to Mr. Ritchie urging the immediate construction of the Belleville and Lake Nipissing road to that place, otherwise the Napanee and Tamworth will divert the trade of the north from its natural channel. He expresses his opinion that the Rathbun Company will aid, as their object is to secure a route to their limits in the north, *via* Madoc and El Dorado, thence north to the C. O R. By this road they will convey their supplies to their lumber camps and bring timber to their mills more cheaply than by floating it. The line would also secure a revenue from the carrying of lime. The Dirdswell company, of Sherbrooke, Que., ship marble lime to the amount of 120 cars per month, besides large quantities of marble.

Stop that Cough.

Many people neglect what they call a simple cold, which, if not checked in time, may lead to Lung trouble. *Scott's Emulsion of Pure Cod Liver Oil, with Hypophosphites,* will not only stop the cough but heal the lungs. Endorsed by thousands of physicians. Palatable as milk. Try it. Sold by all Druggists at 50c. and $1.00.

Try to Benefit Others.

"I had a very bad pain in my side, of which one bottle of Hagyard's Yellow Oil made a complete cure. I hope that this may be of some benefit to those who read it." A. R. T. Walker, 44½ High St. City. Hagyard's Yellow Oil is a specific for all inflammatory pain.

DYSPEPSIA IN ITS WORST FORMS will yield to the use of Carter's Little Nerve Pills, aided by Carter's Little Liver Pills. They not only relieve present distress but strengthen the stomach and digestive apparatus.

FOR NETTLE RASH, Summer Heat and general toilet purposes, use Low's Sulphur Soap

—Whitelaw Reid has been nominated U. S. Minister to France.

SHOCKING SUICIDE

A Young Man Takes His Own Life.

HE SEVERS HIS JUGULAR VEIN AND FALLS FROM A THIRD STORY WINDOW.

Horrifying Details—The Career of the Victim—The Supposed Cause of his Self-Murder.

At twenty minutes to 10 o'clock last evening a large object was seen to fall from the third flat of the Henderson House to the side walk below. The noise attracted the attention of those who were sitting in the office of the hotel, and a number immediately rushed out. Some parties were in the street in the near vicinity at the time and they too hurried to the scene. Those who had gathered around were horrified to find that the object was a man, and that he was

COVERED WITH BLOOD

and on the spot where he fell was also a large pool of the vital fluid. He was picked up as quickly as possible and carried into the office. Blood was then flowing quite freely from an ugly wound in the neck, in close proximity to the right ear. It then dawned upon the minds of those present that the man had

COMMITTED SUICIDE.

Dr's Gibson and Youker were immediately summoned, but nothing could be done for the unfortunate man, and he breathed his last shortly after the physicians arrived. They made a hasty examination of the wound, when it was found that the

JUGULAR VEIN HAD BEEN SEVERED.

By this time the news had spread like wildfire, and the place was soon besieged with an excited crowd of curious spectators. The entertainment at the Bridge St. church was just at this time out, and a large number from there having heard of the tragedy, gathered around the scene. The all-absorbing question was

"WHO IS HE?"

On looking at the register book of the hotel, the name he had registered by was "H. D. Fruker," and the place of residence as Picton. This, however, proved not to be his name. The police were summoned, and the Chief took possession of his valise, clothing and papers, in the hope that some clue might thus be obtained as to his name, and place of residence.

WHO HE WAS.

Some letters which were found on his person gave the desired information, for it was ascertained that his name was H. D. Smith, and that he had a brother living at Gloversville, in New York State.

The man had, during the day, appeared to be in his usual frame of mind, but it was surmised that something of a peculiar nature was troubling him. After supper he remained around the hotel for some time, and about 8 o'clock he went down street, telling one of those who were in the sitting room that he was going out to get some oysters. He returned to the hotel and, after a conversation with Mr. Fred Henderson in the bar room, lighted a cigar and went into the sitting room, where he remained until about 9:30, when he got up and said he was going to retire. He immediately went to his room—No. 17—which is situated on the third flat, and securely fastened the door. It is supposed that he raised the window of the room, which faces Front street, before he committed the terrible deed. The instrument used was a small pen-knife, which he

PLUNGED INTO HIS THROAT

near the right ear, severing the jugular vein. There was also a deep gash under the chin and another on the chin, both of which appear to have been caused by the knife. A deep cut also extends over the right eye, but the opinion was expressed that this was caused by contact with the sidewalk when he fell. From the blood upon the floor it would appear that he

STOOD BEFORE A LARGE MIRROR

which is situated in the south-east corner of the room and near the window, when he committed the rash act, which was thus evidently committed deliberately. From the appearance of the blood upon the window sill and upon the front of the building directly under the window it seems probable that he leaned out and allowed the blood to trickle from the wound to the sidewalk below. Becoming weak from the loss of blood, he must, in his dying struggles, have fallen out and in so doing knocked down the stick which supported the window, as it was found down. But a few blood spots were found upon the carpet on the floor, which seems to substantiate this theory. When the room was broken open

THE PEN KNIFE

with which he committed the deed was found on the floor covered with blood. The room was in an orderly condition, indicating that nothing had been disturbed. The remains were taken in charge by Mr. John G. Frost, who had them conveyed to his undertaking rooms, where they were prepared for burial.

IDENTIFICATION COMPLETED.

The valise, clothing and papers which the police obtained were taken to the station, where the Chief instituted a search in the hope that something definite might be learned of the whereabouts of his friends. The sum of $64.45 was found upon him. A number of letters were found addressed to H. D. Smith, St. Catharines, and one which had that address had been forwarded to Toronto. These letters all appeared to be from his brother, living at Gloversville, New York State, two of which were as follows:

Gloversville, N. Y., Feb'y 15, 1889.

H. D SMITH, St. Catharines, Ont.:

Dear Bro.—I received your note to day; I enclose you a post office order for $50. By the looks of your writing, you are a little off. You must stop that business among strangers, as there is no use of it. Your affectionate brother,

PHILO R. SMITH.

PINNACLE, N. Y., March 1st, 1889

Dear Bro.—I arrived here last Monday; have not got through buying yet; will take until Tuesday; will try and get home on Thursday. I have not seen Cush. yet. I am,

Your affectionate brother,
PHILO R. SMITH.

The Chief at an early hour this morning sent the following telegram to Mr. Philo R. Smith, Gloversville, N. Y.:

Belleville, Ont., March 20, 1889.

H. D. Smith committed suicide here last night; had letters on his person from you as his brother. Answer what shall be done with remains.

It was not long before the following reply was received, which set all doubts as to his identity at rest:

Gloversville, N. Y., March 20, 1889.

Keep body till I come.

PHILO R. SMITH.

HIS CAREER IN BELLEVILLE.

From Mr. Fred Henderson, son of the proprietor of the Henderson House, the following facts in connection with the case were elicited: The man came here on the evening of the 11th inst., on the 8:15 mixed train from the west, having come from Toronto. He registered his name as D. H. Fruker, of Picton. He was about 33 years of age. He was assigned room No. 17, on the third flat of the building. He at once took me into his confidence and told me that he had had some trouble with a girl in Syracuse, N. Y., and had come from Gloversville to this country to get away from his trouble. He had been in St. Catharines for a time and also in Toronto, where he had been drinking heavily (no doubt for the purpose of drowning his troubles, which appeared to weigh heavily upon his mind). He was a gentlemanly fellow, well educated and appeared to be in good circumstances. He told me that his name was not Fruker, but Smith, and that he had received letters from his brother in Gloversville, New York State, who was carrying on the business of a hardware merchant. He did not drink much since coming to Belleville, and did not, to my knowledge, drink anything yesterday. On Monday he suspected that a detective was in the city for the purpose of watching him, and asked me to take him to see a lawyer, which I did. He went and consulted Mr. John Halliwell, who informed him that he could not be taken to the States on the charge of seduction. This, however, did not appear to ret his mind at rest. Yesterday he appeared to be in the same frame of mind and talked freely, and said he did not expect to remain here much longerr After supper he sat down in the office for a while and then went down street and partook of a dish of oysters. He came back to the hotel at about 8 o'clock and had a short conversation with me in the bar room, and after lighting a cigar went into the office, where he stayed until 25 minutes to 10, when he retired to his room and in five minutes from the time he retired his body was on the sidewalk.

AN INQUEST NOT NECESSARY.

It was deemed unnecessary to hold an inquest on the remains, as the circumstances of the case are such as to leave no doubt as to the cause of the death.

THE U. S. CONSUL INTERVIEWED.

It having been freely circulated that Col. Strong, United States Consul for this district, knew the victim and his friends, the Col. was interviewed in reference to the matter. He stated that he neither knew the man or any of his friends. He was, however, well acquainted with the place from which he came, namely Gloversville, which is a small town in Fulton County. Further than that he knew nothing about the circumstances.

NOTES.

The brother of the unfortunate victim is expected to arrive this evening.

The body has been embalmed and prepared for burial.

Gloversville, the place of the suicide's residence, is in Fulton Co., N. Y. State.

A large number of people flocked to Mr. Frost's ware-rooms to-day to view the remains, but their curiosity was not gratified.

A large crowd of people visited the hotel to day, for the purpose of viewing the place where the shocking event transpired.

WAS THIS SMITH'S TROUBLE?

The following, from a Rochester paper, is supposed to refer to Smith and may be the cause of his suicide:

Eloping Couple Separated.

MONTREAL, Dec. 25.—Annie Jones, who eloped from Utica recently with Walter Smith, a dry goods clerk, was arrested at a hotel where she was stopping and sent home. He was left behind.

66TH ANNIVERSARY.

Bridge Street Sunday School Celebrates its Anniversary.

A Large and Representative Gathering.

Bridge Street Methodist Sunday School celebrated its 66th anniversary yesterday evening in a suitable manner. It was in the early part of 1822 that this school was organized, and it has grown to such an extent that to-day it is recognized as one of the leading schools of this country. Senator B. Flint was among its first superintendents and occupied the position three different times, in all some thirty years. Since the last time that he was its head officer there had been 8 other superintendents and the present popular one, Mr. Wm. Johnson. The membership of the school at present is nearly 800. It has an efficient staff of officers and teachers, and to their zeal and energy is to be attributed the praise for the high position which the school occupies to-day. The school room is one of the finest and most complete in the Dominion.

The children of the school occupied the body of the church and well filled it. A large platform had been erected upon which sat the primary class and those who took part in the programme. The superintendent occupied the chair. The programme as presented was an excellent one, and was satisfactorily carried out. The singing of the primary class was much admired, especially the exercise song and the little ones were repeatedly encored. The programme was as follows:

Overture, Orchestra; Prayer by the Pastor, Rev. John Learoyd; Singing, School and Orchestra, "Arise and Shine"; Read Responsively, Isaiah, 12th chapter; Singing, "The Clock," Miss Gardiner's class; Recitation, "Papa's Letter," Minnie Harwood; Semi-Chorus and Chorus, "Little Ones Like Me," Primary class; Dialogue, "If you were me and I were you," Ethel Wallace and Lily Thurston; Solo, "The Two Lives," Maud Elvins; Singing, School with Orchestra, "A boy from Macedonia"; Recitation, "Disaster," Charles Root; Chorus, ten members of Mrs. Dick's class; Class Recitation, "The Ten Commandments," Primary class; Singing, "Our Glad Jubilee," Miss Drewry's class; Dialogue, "Little Pilgrims," Lena Vandervoort, Mabel Lazier Lily Donnelly and Florence Ostrom; Recitation, "Johnnie's opinion of Grandmas," Albert Armistead; Singing School and Orchestra, "Take the Wings of the Morning"; Solo and Quartette, Misses Effie Garratt, Chisholm, Nettie Yeomans and Messrs. C. Davies and A. E. Wensley; Chorus, "Beautiful the Little Hands," Primary class; Dialogue, Rose Thompson and Cora Fanning; Solo, "Hiding in Thee," Bertha Osborne, Singing, School and Orchestra, "Hear the Call"; Recitation, "A Glorious Little Man," Maud Clarke; Motto Song, Mrs. L. B. Lazier's class; Dialogue, "Curing a Drunkard," Florence Sergeant, Clara Vermilyea, Cora Young, Eadie Wallace, Cora Barkley; Recitation, "Waiting for the Children," Miss Ella Sulman; Exercise Song, Primary class; Solo, Miss Embury; Recitation, Mr. P. H. Boniste'l; Singing, Miss Sawyer's, Mrs. Dick's and Miss Metcalf's classes; Singing, School and Orchestra, "A Crown of Rejoicing"; Benediction.

Chorister and Conductor, Mr. A. E. Wensley; Pianist, Miss Minnie Higinbotham. Orchestra, Leader, Prof. Riggs; Cornet, Mr. R. Blaind; 1st Violin, Mr. L. B. Lazier; 2nd Violin, Mr. P. C. Jone; 2nd Violin, Mr. T. Coleman; Flute, Mr. W. H. Johnson; Clarionet, Mr. H. Wallbridge; Cello, Mr. C. Turner; Trombone, Mr. J. Burbridge; Bass, Mr. J. Weese.

BRIDGEWATER.

(From our own Correspondent.)

A very successful oyster supper was given by the Ladies' Aid in connection with the Methodist church here on Thursday evening last. A good entertainment was furnished in addresses given by Rev. Messrs. Cleworth, Lambert and Rorke, Mr. and Miss Easterbrook, Mrs. (Dr.) Mather, Mr. Wilson and a quartette consisting of Mr. White, Mrs. Mather and Messrs. Cuff and McLaughlin, of Tweed.

Rev. O. R. Lambly, M. A., addressed a meeting here recently in the interest of University Federation, and Rev. M. Cleworth in the interests of Christian Missions. Both sustained their reputation.

Mr. C. Taylor reports success in mining operations. The rocks in this section are gold bearing in a pre-eminent degree, and Mr. Taylor seems to be the first to have discovered the methods to make gold mining remunerative.

This village feels much in need of a resident physician. Dwelling and office accommodation can be obtained, and a good practice is open to any man worthy of the profession.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

A WISE CONCLUSION.

Years ago we decided that we would handle only such goods as we could recommend to our customers as good value for the money. The result is we have established a reputation for selling the best wearing Boots and Shoes in the locality, and our trade has increased while others have decreased. Our new Spring Stock has again been selected with the same care.

HAINES & LOCKETT.

STOCK COMPLETE!

IN ALL DEPARTMENTS.
With the finest assortment of Embroideries in the city.
With the best value in Cashmeres and Dress Materials.
With the most complete stock of Staples AT OLD PRICES.
With the Gents' Furnishing Dep't full of new things for Spring and Summer wear.
With the Tweed store full of nobby Pantings, Suitings and Spring Overcoats.

J. HENNESSY.

ONTARIO'S LEGISLATURE.

Another Debate on the Teaching of French in the Public Schools.

TORONTO, March 20.—There was another debate in the Assembly yesterday on the subject of the teaching of French in the schools. When the Provincial Treasurer moved the House into supply, Mr. Craig moved an amendment that all the words after "that" be struck out and that there be substituted therefor the following:

> The English language is the language of the Province of Ontario, and no system of public instruction which does not ensure that in every school aided by Provincial funds or supported in whole or in part by local taxation, the teachers employed are capable of imparting instruction in the English tongue and that not recognize and act upon the recognition that every pupil is instructed in it, and which does the English language is to be the language of such schools and require that the books in use in them, except those employed in giving religious instruction when and where such instruction is permitted by law, shall be approved of by the Department having the charge of educational affairs; is satisfactory to this House or will meet with the approval of the people of this Province

Mr. Craig said that he wished to provide not only regulations and laws but to see that they were carried out. Such regulations did indeed exist making the teaching of English obligatory. But unfortunately these regulations had not been carried out. He asserted that there were schools in the Province where English was never taught, and contrary to the claims of the Minister of Education the teaching of English was not increasing in these schools and was being gradually driven out.

The Attorney-General replied that while, perhaps, as he understood the motion there might be no objection to it, brought forward as it had been an insuperable difficulty was created. It had been offered as an amendment to go into supply and therefore forced a division upon the House. Secondly, the amendment asserted the right to legislate in regard to the text books used in the Separate Schools. The Attorney-General was not prepared to say that the House had that jurisdiction. It seemed to him that it had not.

Mr. Meredith contended that in all matters of a non-religious character the state should be supreme. He hoped Mr. Mowat would recede from his position, and that it would not go forth that the educational interests did not belong to the people of the country. There was no reason why this question should not be considered on its merits exclusive of party feeling.

The Minister of Education characterized the amendment as a parliamentary trick by which a censure upon the Government might be secured. With regard to that portion of the motion which stipulated that every teacher should be able to teach English, the fact was, said Mr. Ross, that all these teachers could teach English.

Mr. Evanturel claimed that the French of Quebec had made far greater concessions to the English minority there than did the English of Ontario extend to the French minority in this Province.

Messrs. Fraser, Clancy, Caldwell, Creighton and Hardy also spoke and the amendment was voted down on this division:

YEAS.

Blyth.
Craig.
Fell.
Hudson.
Lees.
Meredith.
Monk.
Preston.
Stewart.
Wood (Hast.)
Clancy.
Creighton
French.
Ingram.
Marter.
Metcalf.
Morgan.
Rorke.
Tooley
Willoughby.
Clarke (H.E., Tor)
Cruess.
Hess.
Kerns.
Meacham.
Miller.
Ostrom.
Smith (Front.)
Whitney.
Wylie—30.

NAYS.

Allan.
Ballantyne.
Bronson.
Conmee.
Dance.
Evanturel.
Garson.
Gilmour.
Harcourt.
McKay.
Mack.
Mowat.
Pacaud.
Robillard.
Smith (York.)
Sprague.
Wood (Brant)—49.
Armstrong
Bishop.
Caldwell.
Dack.
Davis.
Ferguson.
Fraser.
Gibson (Ham.)
Gould.
Hardy.
McLaughlin.
Master.
Murray.
Phelps.
Ross (Hur.)
Snider.
Balfour.
Blezard.
Clarke (Wel.)
Drury.
Field.
Freeman.
Gibson (Hur.)
Graham.
Lyon.
McMahon.
Morin.
O'Connor.
Rayside.
Ross (Mid.)
Waters.
Stratton.

In the evening the House went into supply. A number of items were passed, after which the estimates with the exception of a few items were concurred in.

In the discussion in committee on Mr. French's bill to amend the law of slander Mr. Meredith contended that the provisions contained in that amendment should extend equally to men as to women. To discriminate against men would be unjust and unfair.

The Attorney-General was of opinion that whatever merits the provisions might possess it would be out of the question to extend them to women. It was decided that the provisions should apply only to women. But little of the original measure could be recognized when the committee rose.

An assorted lot of other bills also received consideration in committee.

Mr. Ley's bill to prevent the spread of contagious disease among horses and other cattle was read a second time. On motion of Mr. Ostrom, his bill to amend the Saw Logs Driving Act was discharged.

The House adjourned at 10.40.

THAT HACKING COUGH can be so quickly cured by Shiloh's Cure. We guarantee it. For sale by D. M. Waters.

IMPERIAL CREAM TRADE MARK TARTAR BAKING POWDER

PUREST, STRONGEST, BEST,
CONTAINS NO
Alum, Ammonia, Lime, Phosphates,
OR ANY INJURIOUS SUBSTANCE.
E. W. GILLETT, TORONTO, ONT. CHICAGO, ILL.
MANUFACTURER OF
THE CELEBRATED ROYAL YEAST CAKES.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

At FISH'S.

New Kid Gloves,
New Neckwear,
New Regatta Shirts,
New White Shirts,
New Spring Shirting
IN STOCK TO-DAY.

A. E. FISH & CO.,
The noted Shirt Makers and Gents' Furnishers, 260 Front St.

REFINED CAMPHOR

Fresh from the Manufacturers, just received by

L. W. YEOMANS & CO.

CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES

—AT THE—

City Book Store.

New Stock just received, in all the latest styles of leading American and Canadian manufacturers.

Largest assortment in the city to select from. No old goods carried over. All Carriages this year's make.

Prices extremely low.

☞Study your best interests by examining our stock.

C. B. SCANTLEBURY,

OFFICE TO LET.

FIRST CLASS Office and Shop Room to let for a term of years. Apply at this office.

THE BELLEVILLE WATER WORKS CO.

To Let for a Term of Years, or For Sale.

PARTS of 9 and 10, 2nd Con. of Thurlow, containing about 100 acres of cleared land, adjacent to the Grand Trunk Station. Apply to

HON. ROB'T READ,
March 19, '89 d&wtf Belleville.

SPENCERIAN STEEL PENS
Are the Best,
IN THE ESSENTIAL QUALITIES OF
Durability, Evenness of Point, and Workmanship.
Works: Birmingham, England.
Sold by the leading Stationers.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R. [illegible]

A Wrong Opinion.

Many a dollar is paid for prescriptions for some disease that never trouble the patient, and when the sole difficulty was worms, which a few of Freeman's Worm Powders would remove. These Powders are pleasant, safe, and sure, contain their own cathartic, and are adapted for children or adults.

WINTER SERVICE.

---ALLAN LINE----

Steamships	Fr. Portland	Fr. Halifax
Polynesian	21 Feb	23 Feb.
Sardinian	7 Mar.	9 Mar.
Circassian	21 "	23 "
Parisian	4 April	6 April
Polynesian	18 "	20 "
Sardinian	2 May	4 May

Circassian from Quebec May 10th.

The steamers from Portland via Halifax call at Londonderry on their passage to and from Liverpool, to embark and land mails and passengers.

The steamers from Halifax via St. Johns, Nfd., call at Queenstown on their passages to and from Britain.

Steamers leave Portland on arrival of train leaving Belleville Wednesday noon, and Halifax on arrival of train leaving Belleville Thursday noon.

Passengers proceeding by steamers calling at St. Johns, Nfd., will leave Belleville on Friday noon train.

RATES OF OCEAN PASSAGE:

Cabin, $50.00, $65.00 and $75.00 according to accommodation. Intermediate, $30.00. Steerage, $20.00. Return Tickets, Cabin, $100, $125.00, $150.00. Intermediate, $60.00. Steerage $40.00.

Steerage passangers are booked to and from Queenstown, Derry, Belfast, London and Glasgow at same rates as Liverpool.

Intermediate passangers are forwarded to and from Glasgow and Liverpool by rail without extra charge.

CABIN PASSENGERS

are supplied with a very liberal table, and everything necessary except wines and liquors, which can be had on board at moderate prices.

Each passanger is allowed twenty cubic feet of baggage free.

THE INTERMEDIATE.

Superior accommodation is offered in the INTERMEDIATE, which in every respect is equal to what is called Second Cabin in some lines sailing from New York.

The Intermediate Cabins on all our ships are well situated, perfectly ventilated and are entirely distinct from the Steerage. Steward and Stewardesses to each vessel. Passangers in the Intermediate are found with everything.

THE STEERAGES

are large and exceedingly well lighted and ventilated, are fitted up in rooms, each passanger having a seperate sleeping berth. A Stewardess is appointed to each steamer.

For tickets and all information apply to

U. E. THOMPSON,
General Ticket Agent,
Bridge St. Belleville.

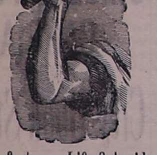
Burdock Blood Bitters

WILL CURE OR RELIEVE

BILIOUSNESS	DIZZINESS,
DYSPEPSIA,	DROPSY,
INDIGESTION,	FLUTTERING OF THE HEART
JAUNDICE,	
ERYSIPELAS,	ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH.
SALT RHEUM,	
HEARTBURN,	DRYNESS
HEADACHE,	OF THE SKIN.

And every species of diseases arising from disordered LIVER, KIDNEYS, STOMACH, BOWELS OR BLOOD.

T. MILBURN & CO., Proprietors, Toronto



Manufacturers Life & Accident

INSURANCE COMPANIES.

Combined authorized capital	$3,000,000
Combined subscribed capital	739,700
Combined cash capital	150,760
Combined insurance received (1888)	9,575,525

President—Sir John A. Macdonald.
Vice Presidents { Geo. Gooderham, Esq., William Bell, Esq.
Secretary and Treasurer—J. L. Kerr, Esq.
Managers for Eastern Ontario, Peterboro—Wilson & Morrison.

R. CROFT HULME
Agent, Belleville.

☞ Agents wanted.

This Company wrote the largest amount of new business of any company in Canada in 1888. It has the largest capital and the strongest Board of Directors of any company in the Dominion.

ARMBRECHT'S

TONIC COCA WINE

FOR
FATIGUE
OF MIND AND BODY
AND SLEEPLESSNESS.

"Experience and scientific analysis reveal to us in Coca the most tonic plant in the Vegetable Kingdom."—*Manuel Fuentes.*

"It (Coca) is, in a word, the most powerful restorer of the vital forces."—*Dr Schwalk.*

ARMBRECHT'S COCA WINE, though more tonic in its properties than Iron or Quinine,

NEVER CONSTIPATES.

See Medical Reviews. For sale by leading druggists throughout the world.

ARMBRECHT, NELSON & CO.
2 Duke St., Grosvenor Sq.,
LONDON.

Pond - Lily - Cream.

A delightful Toilet article. Not a face paint or powder; does not cover over but cures. Used in connection with Pond Lily Liver Pellets and Pond Lily Soap most effectually and positively removes Pimples, Freckles, Tan, Black Specks, Blotches, allays all irritation after shaving, or any itchiness of the skin from whatever cause and all roughness from the face, hands, neck and arms, leaving them beautifully white and velvety. Sold by wholesale dealers and druggists everywhere. Pond Lily Cream, 25 cents; Pond Lily Liver Pellets, 25 cents; Pond Lily Skin Soap, 15 cents. S. PERRIN, Chemist, Manufacturer and Proprietor for Canada.

PILES! PILES! PILES!

Dr. William's Indian Pile Ointment is a sure cure for Blind, Bleeding or Itching Piles. No one need suffer. Prepared for Piles only. It never fails to cure. Sold by druggists for $1.00, or mailed on receipt of price. WILLIAMS M'F'G Co., Cleveland, Ohio.

Important to Workingmen.

Artizans, mechanics and laboring men are liable to sudden accidents and injuries, as well as painful cords, stiff joints and lameness. To all thus troubled we would recommend Hagyard's Yellow Oil, the handy and reliable pain cure for outward or internal use.

Give Them a Chance ?

That is to say, your lungs. Also all your breathing machinery. Very wonderful machinery it is. Not only the larger airpassages, but the thousands of little tubes and cavities leading from them.

When these are clogged and choked with matter which ought not to be there, your lungs cannot half do their work. And what they do they cannot do well.

Call it cold, cough, croup, pneumonia, catarrh, consumption or any of the family of throat and nose and lung obstructions, all are bad. All ought to be got rid of. There is just one sure way to get rid of them. That is to take Boschee's German Syrup, which any druggist will sell you at 75 cents a bottle. Even if everything else has failed you, you may depend upon this for certain.

A Feeble Failure.

Many persons become feeble and fail in health and disease of the blood, liver, kidneys and stomach when prompt use of Burdock Blood Bitters, the grand purifying and regulating tonic, would quickly regulate every bodily function and restore to perfect health.

FEVER AND AGUE AND BILIOUS DERANGEMENTS are positively cured by the use of Parmelee's Pills. They not only cleanse the stomach and bowels from all bilious matter, but they open the excretory vessels, causing them to pour copious effusions from the blood into the bowels, after which the corrupted mass is thrown out by the natural passage of the body. They are used as a general family medicine with the best results.

To lessen mortality and stop the inroads of disease, use Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and Dyspeptic Cure. For all diseases arising from Impure Blood, such as Pimples, Blotches, Biliousness, Indigestion, etc., etc., it has no equal. Mrs. Thomas Smith, Elm, writes: "I am using this medicine for Dyspepsia; I have tried many remedies, but this is the only one that has done me any good."

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP should always be used when children are cutting teeth. It relieves the little sufferer at once; it produces natural, quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakens as "bright as a button." It is very pleasant to taste. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP," and take no other kind. 3d&wly

Nothing so suddenly obstructs the perspiration as sudden transitions from heat to cold. Heat rarifies the blood, quickens the circulation and increases the perspiration, but when these are suddenly checked the consequences must be bad. The most common cause of disease is obstructed perspiration, or what commonly goes by the name of catching cold. Coughs, colds, sore throat, etc, if attended to in time are easily subdued, but allowed to run their own course, generally prove the fore-runner of more dangerous diseases. Nine-tenths of the consumptives date their affliction from a neglected cold, and the diseases that are caused by wet feet, damp clothes, or exposure are more numerous than are generally supposed. One of the most efficacious medicines for all diseases of the throat and lungs is Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup. It promotes a free and easy expectoration, which frees the lungs from viscid phlegm by changing the secretions from a diseased to a healthy stat

Rest and Comfort to the Suffering.

"Brown's Household Panacea" has no equal for relieving pain, both internal and external. It cures Pain in the Side, Back or Bowels, Sore Throat, Rheumatism, Toothache, Lumbago and any kind of a Pain or Ache. "It will most surely quicken the Blood and Heal, as its acting power is wonderful." "Brown's Household Panacea," being acknowledged as the great Pain Reliever, and of double the strength of any other Elixir or Liniment in the world, should be in every family handy for use when wanted, "as it really is the best remedy in the world for Cramps in the Stomach, and Pains and Aches of all kinds," and is for sale by all Druggists at 25 cts a bottle.

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, *Station D New York City.*

DUNN'S BAKING POWDER

THE COOK'S BEST FRIEND

EXHAUSTED VITALITY.

THE SCIENCE OF LIFE, the great Medical Work of the age on Manhood, Nervous and Physical Debility, Premature Decline, Errors of Youth, and the untold miseries consequent thereon, 360 pages 8 vo., 125 prescriptions for all diseases. Cloth, full gilt, only $1, by mail, sealed. Illustrative sample free to all young and middle aged men. Send now. The Gold and Jewelled Medal awarded to the author by the National Medical Association. Address P. O. Box 1895, Boston, Mass., or Dr. W. H. PARKER, graduate of Harvard Medical College, 25 years' practice in Boston, who may be consulted confidentially. Specialty, Diseases of Men. Office, No. 4, Bulfinch Street,

NERVOUS DEBILITY.

NERVOUS DEBILITY, EXHAUSTING, Vital Drains (caused by early indiscretions), effectually cured. Syphilitic affections and all bad blood and skin diseases arising there from thoroughly eradicated. Varicocele cured without operation. Impotence, or premature decline of the manly powers, and all diseases of the genito-urinary organs a specialty. It makes no difference who has failed to cure you. Skill and experience important. A friendly letter or call may save you a great deal of misery and add years to your life. Consultation FREE. Medicines sent to any address. DR. REEVE, 337 Jarvis St., Toronto. 59d&wly

Lake Winnipeg White Fish
Salmon Trout,
Salt Water Salmon,
Finnan Haddies,
Boneless Codfish,
Roll Butter,
Fresh Eggs,
Sugar Syrups,

A. KNOX.

VETERINARY.

T. PURVIS, Veterinary Surgeon, Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College. Toronto, Member of Ontario Vet. Society. Office, rooms formerly occupied by Dr. Douglas, Front St.

References—J. P. Wiser & Son, and Ed. Rooney, Prescott. 263d&wtf

Wood! Wood!

I AM now selling at the West Belleville Central Wood Yard all kinds of Hard and mixed wood, cut and uncut, which I will deliver to any part of the city. Remember the place, the West Belleville Central Wood Yard, just a few steps from the Foot Bridge.

EDWARD NEWMAN,

Railway Time Tables.

Grand Trunk Railway.

Trains arrive at and depart from Belleville Station as follows:

GOING EAST.		Arrive.	Leave.
No. 1	Mail	12.25 p. m.	12.30 p. m.
No. 3	Mail Fast	12.45 a. m.	12.50 a. m.
No. 11	Mixed	8.05 p. m.	8.15 p. m.
No. 13	do		7.00 a. m.
GOING WEST.		**Arrive.**	**Leave.**
No. 2	Mail	5.50 p. m.	5.55 p. m
No. 4	do	4.00 a. m.	4.05 a. m.
No. 6	do Fast	6.55 a. m.	7.00 a. m.
No. 14	Mixed	11.00 a. m.	11.55 a. m.
No. 16	do	11.10 p. m.	

MIDLAND RAILWAY.
GRAND JUNCTION DIVISION.

Going West. (Leave.)	
Mail	5:45 a. m.
Mixed	4:30 p. m
Going East. (Arrive.)	
Mail	4:30 p. m
Mixed	11 50 a. m

MADOC DIVISION.

Going North. (Leave.)	
Mixed	12 25 p. m
Mixed	4:30 p. m.
Going South. (Arrive.)	
Mixed	9:00 a. m.
Mixed	4 30 p. m.

CENTRAL ONTARIO RAILWAY.
PICTON DIVISION.

Leave G.T.R. Jct.	7:20 a.m.	12:50 p.m.
Arrive Picton	8:44 "	2:50 "
Leave Picton	9:05 "	3:45 "
Arrive G.T.R. Jct.	10:30 "	5:25 "

COE HILL DIVISION.

Train for Coe Hill 9:35 a m, 12:30 p m; Trenton Junction 15m later; Mid Ry. J'ct. 10:28 a m, 3:23 p m; C. P. R. J'ct. 11 a m, 4:30 p m; ElDorado 11:45 a m, 5:15 p m. Arr. Coe Hill 1:30 p m, 6:50 p m. Coe Hill for Trenton: 6 a m, 2:20 p m; ElDorado 7:45 a m, 3:47 p m; C. P. R. Jc't 8:40 a m, 4:30 p m; Mid. Ry. J'ct. 9:15 a m, 4:57 p m; G. T. J'ct. 9:50 a m, 5:30 p m; arr. Trenton 10:05 a m, 5:42 p m

Daily Intelligencer.

RIGHTED AT LAST.

A STORY OF NEW ENGLAND LIFE.

A child of our grandmother Eve, a female;
Or, for thy more sweet understanding, a woman.
Love's Labor Lost.

'Isn't the present owner a good master?'

'Mr. Ralph? Yes, miss, some would call him better'n his father, for that matter, he's seldom here, and mighty easy when he does come. But I like to have the master here, to see what's done.'

'I would like to go into the tower. Have you got the key?'

'Yes, it's at the house, and if Miss Annesley don't object; but nobody has been there for years but Mr. Ralph. He fitted up the lower room some years ago, in the trouting-season. But you must ask the mistress.'

I did, and received at once the permission I craved; and I spent many an hour in the upper room of the old tower reading or dreaming dreams as little likely to be realized as those which used to float through my brain in the whortleberry-pasture of Bradshaw; picturing a life, not devoid of trials and sorrows, but so replete with all that mine had lacked, that it set my heart to throbbing, until reason came, and, half in anger, half in grief, made me blush for my own folly.

I was happy here, even if I did build *chateaux en Espagne* altogether too costly for the child of the almshouse, happier than I had ever been, since those childish visits to the Cove, for I had books and leisure, and, better than all, was treated as an equal, a companion, by my mistress in the truest sense of the word. Indeed, in intellectual culture, I was Miss Annesley's superior, and my mind travelled leagues while hers only beat round and round the old accustomed track. This was unfortunate for me, for I needed some one to guide me if not share my life of thought, and, to tell the truth, much as I admired and appreciated the gentle goodness and benevolence of my mistress, there were times when it affected me as did the 'Life of Payson' in my childhood. It was good, but I wanted something less negative, something that had doubted and struggled, and overcome.

One thing troubled me. I heard nothing from little Adeline Heath. She never called at Bleecker Street; and when I went to tell her of our removal Highcliff, she was out with her husband. Since then, I had written to her twice and received no reply. I persuaded myself that she had gone to the Cove perhaps, or to visit her husband's friends, and looked forward to a happy meeting in the autumn, glad to think that, when her our of trial came, Uncle Steve and I should both be near her.

I often spent some hours in the kitchen, where Miss Annesley and Katty Brown, old Peter's wife, held long discussions on the best methods of pickling and preserving. One, morning, when I entered, I found old Peter talking to Miss Annesley about some one whom he had heard was very ill, 'nigh to her end,' as he expressed it. My mistress was much concerned, for she kep fluttering her hands about nervously, and saying:

'Poor thing! What will become of her? Two children, did you say?'

'Yes; an' the girl's big enough to help some, and there's an' old woman there, some relation, they say, that takes care of her, but they be poorly off, I reckon, an' it's a long way fron neighbors.

'You and Katty must drive up there, Petter. We must not let them suffer.'

'Drive, miss! I doubt if a waggon can be driven there. unless you go clean round by Bedford. The road on this side was all torn to pieces by the great March storm, and has never been mended at all. If 'twas a rainy day, I could foot it up there, or maybe ride old Bony part of the way—but it's a fine hay-day, miss.'

A fine hay day was sacred from all outside interruption with old Peter, and, as he turned doggedly away, I inquired who needed help, and if I could be of any assistance.

'A Widow Joyce, who lives on the top of the ridge yonder, where you see those tall Lombardy poplars. She was a servant in the family years ago, and Peter heard in town to-day, that she is very ill. I am afraid they will suffer.'

'I will go up there, if you please. I can easily walk there and back before night.'

'That's nothing, ma'am. I have often walked further than that since I came here. I like to walk.'

It was decided that I should go, and, to avoid the heat of the day, I set off immediately, with the lad Jim for a guide, and the poplars for a landmark. I am not sure that the boy did not diverge from the direct path, occasionally, to show me where the crows had built their nests or some deep, still pool, famous for trout, but we reached our destination in time, and, leaving him to amuse himself outside, I entered the house.

A woman who was stirring something over the fire, heard my step, and, without turning her head, said, in a low tone:

'Be quiet, Jenny, for she's asleep.'

I started, looked at her a second to be sure I was not mistaken, then crossed the floor lightly, and, laying my hand on her shoulder, said, in the same low tone:

'It's not Jenny, but don't be frightened, Alice dear.'

She sprang up, stared at me in astonishment for a few moments, then clung to me, sobbing:

'O my child, Master Philip's child! then you didn't go away to die like him, as I feared? Thank God, I see you again!'

I made her sit down, and briefly explained where I was, and why I had left Oaklawn, as I did, without seeing her. She shook her head mournfully, saying:

'It was just like your father, child. One who knew him and them, would need no other proof of your birth. But it wasn't right. I don't think Mr. Rothsay would have liked it.'

'Perhaps not, Alice, but it's done, and I must depend on you to keep my secret. You must be more careful than you were with James Sancroft.'

'Did he say I told him?—the false knave!' she exclaimed, flushing up as I had never seen her before.

'He certainly led me to think so, but it's no matter now, Alice.'

'Yes it is, Miss Lina,' she replied, 'because it is not the truth. I promised you not to tell, and I didn't; but I could not tell a lie, and when he came there and asked in so many words if you were 'Master Philip's child,' I could say nothing. But when he spoke slightingly of Mr. Rothsay, I told him he might find out yet that he and his wasn't as crazy as he thought.'

Again I made her promise to keep my secret, and drew from her some account of herself and Oaklawn.

(*To be continued*).

Try to Benefit Others.

"I had a very bad pain in my side, of which one bottle of Hagyard's Yellow Oil made a complete cure. I hope that this may be of some benefit to those who read it." A. R. T. Walker, 44½ High St. City. Hagyard's Yellow Oil is a specific for all inflammatory pain.

The Loss of the Hair

Is a great misfortune and the sight of a bald head should be a warning to you to take the best possible care of your hair. A little of Dr. Dorenwend's "Hair Magic" used occasionally will prevent all chances of its falling out or turning gray, and will remove all traces of dandruff. Every druggist has it in stock. Ask for it.

A Life of Ease.

Miss Lizzie Ratcliff, writing from Falkirk, Ont., says: "I had such a cough I could not sleep and was fast going into consumption; I tried everything I could hear of without relief, but when I got Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam I soon got ease. It is the best medicine I ever tried." Lizzie Ratcliff, Falkirk, Ont.

RUPTURE

The last 25 years I have adjusted more Trusses than any man in America. Valuable Patents, my own invention, in Trusses, Spinal and Club Feet Instruments. Rupture—I will guarantee to hold largest Rupture without touching your hip, no straps whatsoever, waterproof. Largest stock of general Trusses, also the great Cluthe Spiral Trusses in stock. Reliable system for ORDERING BY MAIL.

Spinal Instruments half the weight of other makes and more effective.

CLUB FEET I claim the only mechanical system to straighten born Club Feet (Patented.) I will prove to anybody that operation never did nor can straighten Club Feet. Send 6 cent stamps for Book.

CHAS. CLUTHE, 118 King St. W., Toronto

Economy, Equity, Stability.

Ontario Mutual Life Assurance Co.

(ESTABLISHED 1870.)

DOMINION DEPOSIT - $100,000.

Assurances in force, Jan. 1st, 1889	$12,041,914
New Assurances written in 1888	2,518,650
Cash Income for 1888	393,074
Assets, Dec 31st, 1888	1,313,853
Liabilities, as per Gov't Valuation	1,223,516

SURPLUS, - - $90,337 00.

The New Business for January and February of this year is MUCH GREATER than was ever before written by the Company during the same months, while, with over $12,000,000 on our books, the death losses have been very moderate.

S. BURROWS,
General Agent Ontario Mutual Life Co'y.

S. ROUGHTON, W. E. HOLTON, } Special Agents.

Office, Front Street, next door to Dominion Bank, Belleville.

FARMS FOR SALE.

THE undersigned is instructed to sell on EASY TERMS the following FARMS, situated in the County of Hastings:

TOWNSHIP OF TUDOR.
Lots Nos. 27 and 28, South-west side of Hastings Road, 100 acres.

LIMERICK.
Lots Nos. 53 and 54, 2nd con, east Hastings Road, 100 acres.

MONTEAGLE.
Lot No. 30, 16th con., 101 acres.

WICKLOW.
Lot No. 29, 1st con., 101 acres.

CARLOW.
Lots Nos. 24 and 25, 7th con., 200 acres. Lots Nos. 24 and 25, 8th con., 200 acres. Lot No 28, 8th con., 100 acres. Lots Nos. 24 and 25, 15th con., 199 acres.

Titles are perfect. Apply to

JAMES BOOTH,
Real Estate Agent, Belleville.
Office corner Pinnacle and Bridge Sts., up stairs.
Feb. 28, '89. d30tw3m

CANADIAN---PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Tuesday, March 12th,
AND EVERY TUESDAY THEREAFTER
—DURING—
MARCH AND APRIL
—WILL RUN—
SETTLERS'---TRAINS
Through without change to
MANITOBA,
North-West Territories,
and British Columbia,

Leaving Toronto Union Depot at 9:00 p. m.
No Customs. No Transfers. No Delays.
Full particulars from any agent of the company.

S. BURROWS,
Agent C. P. R., Belleville.
Office—Front St., one door north of Dominion Bank.

--50 MORE--

NEW HANGING LAMPS put in. Prices very much below anything we ever had.

W. J. REID & CO.

FANS

Suitable for WEDDINGS and BALLS. A splendid assortment at

J. C. OVERELL'S
FANCY EMPORIUM, BELLEVILLE.

CLEARING--SALE

—OF ALL—

BOOTS AND SHOES

Damaged by Fire and Water. Over $5,000 worth at less than half regular price.

A. W. VERMILYEA & SON.

NEW SEASON'S TEAS,
FRESH GROUND COFFEES,
Handsome Presents Given Away
—AT—

STROUD .·. BROS.,

Front Street, Belleville,
and at Montreal, Ottawa, Kingston and Toronto.

California Evaporated Fruits!

NECTARINES.
APRICOTS,
PRUNELLES, PLUMS,

PEACHES,
CHERRIES,
CRYSTALIZED FIGS.

CONGER BROS.

RUBBER STAMPS!

Send your name and address, with 30 cents, to the ONTARIO CARD CO.,' Belleville, Ont., and get a Pearl Pen and Pencil Stamp, complete.

THE PILLS

Are at all seasons of the year a reliable remedy for correcting any Disorder of the Digestive Organs, and for restoring a healthy action to the STOMACH and BOWELS. They act on the Liver and Kidneys with marvellous effect, and by giving strength and tone to these important organs create a circulation of pure and healthy blood. Females of all ages find these Pills invaluable.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS & OINTMENT

THE OINTMENT

Heals all recent Wounds, Cuts, Bruises, and Sprains, and is a certain cure for BAD LEGS, SORES, ULCERS, and OLD WOUNDS.

It has no equal for the cure of Bronchitis, Sore Throat, Coughs, Colds, Rheumatism, Gout, Glandular Swellings, and all Skin Diseases.

Manufactured only by Thomas Holloway, 78, New Oxford St., late 533 Oxford St., London.

☞ Purchasers should look to the Label on the Boxes and Pots. If the address is not 533, OXFORD STREET, LONDON. they are spurious.

HAGYARD'S YELLOW OIL

CURES RHEUMATISM

FREEMAN'S WORM POWDERS

Are pleasant to take. Contain their own Purgative. Is a safe, sure and effectual destroyer of worms in Children or Adults.

Montreal. Nov. 21, 1888.

MESSRS. WILLIS & Co., 1,824 NOTRE DAME ST., CITY.

DEAR SIRS.—After having played on the Piano of Messrs. Bell & Co., of Guelph, Ont., it is impossible not to bear testimony to the qualities which have acquired for them the good reputation which they already enjoy. The Pianos of their manufacture are exceedingly remarkable for their qualities of tone. The bass is powerful without harshness, and the upper notes sweet, clear and mellow. The Bell Pianos are unquestionably the best made in Canada, and I act upon my principle and give you to-day an order to furnish one for my own use. Canada is to be congratulated on having produced the Bell Piano.

J. B. LABELLE, Professor of Music, Organist Notre Dame Cathedral.

H. BULL AGENT.
BELLEVILLE.

----NEW----

Sugar Cured Hams, Breakfast Bacon, Finnan Haddies, Boneless Codfish, New Walnuts, New Filberts, S. S. Almonds, Loose Muscatel Raisins, Black Basket Raisins, London Layer Raisins, Buckwheat Flour, Selfraising Buckwheat Flour, Roll Butter, Fresh Eggs

AT A. WALLACE'S.

$72 a week. $12 a day at home easily made. Costly outfit free. Address True & Co., Augusta, Maine.

NEW LINES

—IN—

CAKES and PASTRY.

Angel Cake, Coffee Cake, Queen Victoria, Adelaide, and a great many other varieties. Florida Oranges, Almeria Grapes and New Figs, just received at

DICKENS.

P. S.—We would respectfully ask all retailers to drop in and see us and the large line of Candies we are offering at wholesale.

DICKENS & SON.

Self-Raising Buckwheat Flour!

A FRESH SUPPLY JUST RECEIVED.

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE,
Grocers and Wine Merchants.
33 & 37 Bridge Street.
Also Front Street, Opp. Ritchie's. }

NEW

Wall Paper!

—AT—

--S. A. LAZIER'S--
ROBERTSON'S BLOCK

October 26th

CALIFORNIA
EVAPORATED
FRUITS

NECTARINES,
APRICOTS,
PEACHES,
PLUMS.

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE
Grocers & Wine Merchants,
33 & 37 Bridge Street.
Also Front St., opp. Ritchie's.

FOR MEN ONLY!

A POSITIVE CURE For LOST or FAILING MANHOOD; General and NERVOUS DEBILITY; Weakness of Body and Mind: Effects of Errors or Excesses in Old or Young. Robust, Noble MANHOOD fully Restored. How to Enlarge and Strengthen WEAK, UNDEVELOPED ORGANS & PARTS of BODY. Absolutely unfailing HOME TREATMENT—Benefits in a day. Men testify from 47 States, Territories, and Foreign Countries. You can write them. Book, full explanation, and proofs mailed (sealed) free. Address ERIE MEDICAL CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

BEFORE BUYING STOVES

Be sure to see our stock. We have in Coal Stoves the

Imperial Jewel,
Fancy Countess,
Art Favorite,
Fire King and others.

Also a great variety of RANGES and COOK STOVES, which we are selling at right prices.

C. F. SMITH & CO.
388, FRONT STREET.

HASTINGS LOAN AND INVESTMENT SOCIETY

BELLEVILLE, ONT.

CAPITAL $250,000

MONEY TO LOAN on Farm or City property, at lowest current rates.

Payments can be made to fall due at any season of the year to suit borrowers. No delay in obtaining the money beyond the time necessary employed in the investigation of titles.

MORTGAGES PURCHASED.

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT.

FOUR PER CENT interest allowed on Deposits. No notice required of withdrawal

OFFICE—Robertson's Block, east side of Front Street.

Straight loans at 7 per cent. No fines. No commissions.

J. F. C. PHILLIPS,
Manager
2d&wly

S. W. BRADSHAW

Wishes to inform the citizens of Belleville that he has BOUGHT OUT THE

GROCERY

(lately occupied by Mr. Arch. Wallace,)

CORNER OF HOTEL AND ANN STREETS!

where he intends to keep a full supply of the best of Groceries always fresh, and his stock of Provisions, such as Meats and Vegetables, will be especially fresh and in great variety and delivered with despatch. All orders by telephone (No. 53) will be promptly delivered to any part of the city.

N. B.—Please remember Telephone No. 53.

☞ ☞ ☞ ☞

J. H. MILLS,

--Merchant .·. Tailor,--

OPPOSITE GEO. RITCHIE & CO'S

THE MAGOG TEXTILE & PRINT CO.

Will offer for Spring Trade the LARGEST, CHEAPEST and MOST VARIED range of Prints ever shown, including

SPRING NOVELTIES
—OF—
LATEST PARIS DESIGNS!

Merchants will do well to see their samples before buying elsewhere. Early advice will be given when Travellers will call.

St Peter Street, - Montreal.

PARMELEE'S Asphaltic ROOF PAINT.

It will entirely stop the rusting of tin and iron roofs.

It will entirely stop the wearing away and decay of the exposed wood of shingle roofs.

It has been accepted by the City, the County, and the chief Real Estate Owners of the City.

I will be glad to give estimates of cost at any time and anywhere.

H. S. PARMELEE,
Belleville.

432,000 FIRE CRACKERS

—AT THE—

—CITY BAKERY—

Wholesale and Retail,

JAS. WALLACE.

PENNYROYAL WAFERS.

Prescription of a physician who has had a life long experience in treating female diseases. Is used monthly with perfect success by over 10,000 ladies. Pleasant, safe, effectual. Ladies ask your druggist for Pennyroyal Wafers and take no substitute, or inclose postage for sealed particulars. Sold by all druggists, $1 per box. Address THE EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., DETROIT, MICH.

FOR SALE BY D. M. WATERS.

INTELLIGENCER PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY LIMITED.

J. C. JAMIESON, President. | J. W. LONDON, Secretary

THE Treasurer is the only person authorised to receive moneys for the Company, or to grant receipts for the same.

All Bills, Notes, Cheques, and other documents binding on the Company, will require the signature of the President, in addition to that of the Treasurer.

THE INTELLIGENCER is printed and published for the INTELLIGENCER Printing and Publishing Company (Limited) by JAMES C. JAMIESON, resident in Belleville, at their Office, Front St., south of Hotel St.

THE RATHBUN COMPANY,

Having transferred me to their Brockville branch, I beg to thank my friends and customers for the liberal patronage and kindness extended to me during my residence in Belleville, and also to bespeak the same treatment to Mr. R. C. Calhoun, my successor.

P. J. SHANNON.

The Daily Intelligencer.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL. 22. BELLEVILLE ONTARIO, THURSDAY MARCH 21, 1889. NO. 274

THE RATHBUN CO.

Having appointed me Agent for their Belleville branch, I take this opportunity of soliciting a continuance of the patronage which they have hitherto enjoyed through the popular management of Mr. Shannon. It will be my desire and aim to maintain and add to this patronage, which fair dealing and a thorough knowledge of the requirements of the trade leads me to hope for.—R. C. CALHOUN.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

G. DENMAR.

BARRISTER, Solicitor, etc. Office, Front Street.

W. B. NORTHRUP, M. A.,

BARRISTER, Solicitor, &c. Offices: North Bridge St., between Front St. and Lower Bridge.

Money to loan—private and company funds.

J. C. CONNELL, M. A., M. D., C. M.

DISEASES of the Eye, Ear, Throat and Nose. Surgeon to Kingston General Hospital. Office—No. 279, King Street, Kingston. Dr. Connell will be at the Queen's Hotel, Belleville, on the first Tuesday of each month. Sept. 5 d&wly

E. GUSS PORTER,

BARRISTER, Solicitor, Notary Public, &c. office in the Robertson Block, east side of Front Street.

☞Private Money to Loan. 371d&wl

DR. ELIZABETH EMBURY,

GRADUATE of Queen's University, Licentiate of the College of Physicians and Surgeons, Ontario.

Office and residence—Harrison's Block, Front Street, across the hall from rooms formerly occupied by Dr. Farley, over Holland's jewellery store. Diseases of women and children a specialty. d&wtf

HENRY CARRE, C. E.,
M. C. Soc. C. E.,

DOM, and Prov'l Land Surveyor, late of the firm of Macleod & Carre, P. L. S. References: John Bell, Esq., Solicitor G. T. R., W. H. Ponton, Esq., Registrar of the County. Office—McAnnany Block, opposite Skinner & Redick's. Belleville, Ont., P. O. Box 203. 20d&w

J. F. WILLS,

BARRISTER, Solicitor, Notary Public, &c. Office, corner Front and Campbell Streets, Belleville, Ont. Money to loan, Company and private funds. 24d&w

J WALTER ROSS, M. D., C. M.

GRADUATE of the University of Trinity College, Toronto. Physician, surgeon, accoucheur. Office and residence West Front Street, one door north of entrance to Foot Bridge. d&wly

JOHN J. FARLEY, M. D., C. M., M. R. C. S., England.

OFFICE and Residence—corner of Bridge and George Streets—three streets east of the Post Office.

ROBERT BOGLE,

LOAN and real estate agent. MONEY TO LOAN at lowest rates. Office, opposite Roy's Brewry, Front St., Belleville.

GEO. CLINTON, M. D., C. M

OFFICE and residence Bridge St., between William and George Sts., third block east of Bridge Street Methodist Church. Telephone No. 44. d&w

GEO. J. SHERRY,

BARRISTER, &c. Office. Metropolitan Block, next door north of Dominion Bank, Front St. Branch Office, Stirling. 116

EDGAR M. COOK, M. D.,

HOMOEOPATHIC Physician and Surgeon. Office and residence, West Front Street, in the late Dr. Abbott's premises, over Brignall & Thompson's store. TELEPHONE. 175dtf

GEO. D. DICKSON, Q. C.,

BARRISTER, &c., Post Office .ook Bridge Street Belleville.

WILLIAM N. PONTON,

BARRISTER, Solicitor Notary Public, Conveyancer. Office, over Express and Telegraph Office, Thompson Block, Bridge St., Belleville. Money to loan—private funds. Agent or the Trust and Loan Company of Canada.

DR. BURDETT

IS pleased to inform his friends that he is again able to render his professional services as before. 176 6m

DRUNKENNESS

Or the Liquor Habit, Positively Cured by Administering Dr. Haines' Golden Specific.

It can be given in a cup of coffee or tea without the knowledge of the person taking it; is absolutely harmless, and will effect a permanent and speedy cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. It has been given in thousands of cases, and in every instance a perfect cure has followed. *It never fails.* The system once impregnated with the Specific, it becomes an utter impossibility for the liquor appetite to exist. For circular and full particulars address GOLDEN SPECIFIC CO., 185 Race St., Cincinnati, O.

BANKING OFFICE
—OF—
U. E. THOMPSON
BRIDGE STREET, BELLEVILLE, ON

American Currency and Drafts Bought and Sold.

Deposits received, subject to withdrawn without notice and interest allowed

EYE, EAR & THROAT
DR. RYERSON.

L. R. C. P., L. R. C. S. E., Lecturer on the Eye, Ear and Throat, Trinity Medical College, Toronto, and Surgeon to the Mercer Eye and Ear Infirmary.
60 College Avenue, Toronto.

M. C. ROBLIN
ISSUER OF
MARRIAGE LICENCES

nd agent of the Lancashire Insurance C m any. Office over Hooey & Sons, Front Str et elleville. 136d 1y

A. G. NORTHRUP,
Issuer of Marriage Licences,
OFFICE—SHIRE HALL, BELLEVILLE.
November 10

The Great English Prescription.

A successful Medicine used over 30 years in thousands of cases. Cures *Spermatorrhea, Nervous Weakness, Emissions, Impotency* and all diseases caused by abuse. [BEFORE] indiscretion, or over-exertion. [AFTER] Six packages *Guaranteed to Cure when all others Fail.* Ask your Druggist for The Great English Prescription, take no substitute. One package $1. Six $5, by mail. Write for Pamphlet. Address Eureka Chemical Co., Detroit, Mich.
FOR SALE BY D. M. WATERS.

Try FROSTILLA.

It softens the roughest skin and keeps it in good condition.

It contains nothing greasy or sticky, is nicely perfumed, a lady's toilet not complete without it.

An elegant face dressing for gentlemen after shaving.

For sale at the PHARMACY.

D. M. WATERS,

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.
CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

KEILLER'S
NEW
MARMALADE
JUST RECEIVED.
WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE
Grocers and wine merchants,
35 & 37 Bridge Street.
Also Front Street, Opp. Ritchie's.

CAIRN'S---
---HOME MADE---
---MARMALADE

As supplied to the Queen. This season's make.

JUST RECEIVED.
WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE,
Grocers & Wine Merchants,
35 & 37, Bridge Street
Also Front St., opp. Ritchie's.

NEWCOMBE PIANOFORTES

AWARDED FIRST SILVER MEDAL

WORLD'S EXPOSITION, NEW ORLEANS, U.S.A., 1884-5, in competition with the pianofortes of Europe and America. The only U.S. International Medal ever awarded to a Canadian pianoforte; also Medal and Diploma at the Colonial and Indian Exhibition, London, Eng., 1886, with the supreme honor of supplying Her Majesty the Queen with a Newcombe Grand, selected by Sir Arthur Sullivan. For Illustrated Catalogue, prices and terms,

Address Octavius Newcombe & Co.,
MANUFACTURERS
WAREROOMS, 107-109 CHURCH ST., TORONTO
FACTORY, 89 TO 97 BELLWOODS AVENUE

Gents' : Furnishings!

A FULL LINE of Gentlemen's Goods for the Fall and Winter.

Shirts made to order and a good fit guaranteed.

C. J. PANTER.

Two Years' Profits!

THOSE INSURING IN THE
—"CANADA LIFE"—
before the 30th of April next will be entitled to two full years' profits in the division of April the 30th, 1890.

T. DONNELLY,
General Agent, Belleville.

AGENTS WANTED.
Feb'y 2, 1889. d&wly

HAGYARD'S PECTORAL BALSAM CURES COUGHS COLDS. HOARSENESS, ETC.

RAYMOND C. ROLPH
SIGN PAINTER.

LETTERING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.
Corner of Front and Campbell Streets.
80d1y

Daily Intelligencer.

ONTARIO'S LEGISLATURE.

THE GOVERNMENT'S RAILWAY POLICY UPHELD.

Hon. A. M. Ross Explains the Resolutions—Four of the Liberal Members Vote with the Opposition

TORONTO, March 21.—For the first time this session there was a morning sitting of the Assembly yesterday, at which Mr. McKay's bill to annul the act respecting the study of anatomy, and the Attorney-General's bill respecting the administration of justice in certain cases, were read a third time and passed. The rest of the morning was consumed by a discussion on Mr. Hardy's Municipal Amendment Act. The city's clauses for the rectification of evils incidental to the present system of arbitration were adopted.

At the afternoon session the Attorney-General moved the third reading of the bill respecting registry offices. Mr. H. E. Clarke moved in amendment:

"That the said bill be not now read the third time but be forthwith referred back to the committee of the whole House with instructions to strike out all the provisions thereof relating to the division of the city of Toronto for registrative purposes and by adding thereto the following section:

"'Sec. 106 of the Registry Act is hereby repealed and the following substituted therefor:

"'Of the further fees and emoluments received by each registrar in each year in excess of $4500 not exceeding $15,000 he shall be entitled to retain to his own use 50 per cent. and no more, and of the further fees and emoluments received by each registrar in each year in excess of $15,000 he shall be entitled to retain to his own use 25 per cent. and no more.'"

Considerable discussion followed in which Messrs. E. F. Clarke, Smith, Ballantyne, Leys, Meredith, O'Connor, Wood, Creighton, the Commissioner of Crown Lands and the Attorney-General participated, after which the amendment was voted down, 53 to 33.

Mr. Meredith proposed another amendment which was declared lost on the same division.

Mr. E. F. Clarke's bill respecting the City of Toronto was about to be read a third time, when Mr. Garson objected to the clause giving Mr. Harman an annuity of $2000. He did not think it a wise precedent to create for other councils. He therefore moved an amendment that the bill be not read a third time and be referred back to committee, and the obnoxious clause struck out. The amendment was lost, 68 to 13.

Mr. Gibson moved the second reading of the bill to amend the Liquor License Act. It provides "that the purchaser of any intoxicating liquor from a person who is not licensed to sell the same, or any person who drinks upon the premises liquor so purchased at the time of the purchase thereof, shall be guilty of an offence under the act." Another provision is that all sums imposed by the municipality in excess of $200 mentioned in sec. 42 of the act shall be divided equally between the Province and such municipality. There was a good deal of opposition to the measure, but after considerable discussion it was read a second time.

Hon. A. M. Ross, in rising to introduce the Government's railway resolutions, referred to the aid given to railway enterprises in the past and the benefits resulting therefrom. He pointed out that of the $6,000,000 granted by the Government up to 1881 $4,000,000 had already been paid. He then gave figures to show the small amount received by Ontario in comparison with that received by Quebec in railway aid. The scheme which the Government proposed, Mr. Ross continued, was essentially a colonization scheme. The Province, he said, owed a duty to these new sections. Mr. Ross then referred to the Government's policy of granting land subsidies. Although they proposed to grant land they also proposed to retain the control of it. He then enumerated the roads and their bonuses, as follows:

Name of Railway.	*Miles.*	*Cash Bonus or*	*By Certificate Per Year.*
Ont. & Rainy River R.R..	60	$180,000	$6906
Manitoulin & North Shore..	28	84,000	3917
Parry Sound.	45	135,000	5758
Nippissing & James' Bay.	50	150,000	6996
Brockville Westport & Saulte Ste. Marie........	55	165,000	7695
	228	$684,000	$31,402

Mr. Balfour of South Essex read a list of the sums of money which all the counties of the Province had received from the Government to aid railway projects and to pay railway rebates. The counties of Essex, Prescott, Lennox and Lanark were the only ones which had never received a single cent of aid from the Government. He did not think that this was a fair deal to these counties, and more particularly to Essex. He had made a solemn pledge to his constituents that if he were returned to the Assembly he would insist that Essex gets its fair share of railway aid, and if it did not he would certainly oppose the present or any other Government that refused it. He then announced that he intended to resign and ask his constituents if he had not done right.

Mr. Evanturel thought that Prescott had been badly treated and said he would vote against the Government's railway policy.

The Commissioner of Crown Lands said the Government's railway policy was a well-defined one. Had they gone in to aid all the railways that they had been requested to it would have cost between two and three millions.

Mr. Caldwell of North Lanark said he was satisfied with the decision that the Government had made. It was a colonization policy. His constituency had no grievances that he knew of.

Mr. Murray, whom Mr. Evanturel claimed had crowded his (Evanturel's) road out in the cold, said this was not the case. He would like to have seen all the roads obtain aid.

Mr. Meredith said there was no country in the world that had done so much for their railways as had the Dominion and the Province. He said the question of granting aid to railways ought to have been considered at an earlier stage of the session and concluded by moving this amendment:

> That all words after "that" be struck out and that there be inserted the following: This House regrets that in opening the question of aiding out of provincial funds the building of railways a more just, equitable and satisfactory scheme has not been submitted for its consideration.

Mr. Balfour moved as an amendment to the amendment:

> That this House, while approving the policy of granting liberal aid to deserving colonization railways, is of opinion that provincial aid should also be granted at the same time to deserving railway projects in the older counties, and especially to bona fide projected railways through those counties in which railways have not before received provincial aid.

Only four members supported this amendment. They were Messrs. Balfour, Evanturel, Monk and Robillard. Mr. Balfour then moved another amendment of a somewhat similar nature. This was also declared lost on the same division, 79 to 4.

Then Mr. Fraser moved in amendment to the amendment that all words of the amendment after the first word 'that' be omitted and instead there be inserted these words:

> This House approving of a reasonable amount of provincial aid being given to needful and desirable colonization railways within this Province do forthwith resolve itself into committee to consider the resolutions relating to railway aid heretofore ordered to be considered in committee of the whole House, and that Mr. Speaker do accordingly now leave the chair.

This amendment was carried by a vote of 54 to 28, Messrs. Balfour, Evanturel, Robillard and McAndrew voting against the Government.

The House then went into committee on the resolutions and reported them back to the Speaker. Then the Treasurer at once sent up a bill giving effect to the resolutions and granting the aid to the railways named. The bill was read a first and second time without dividing.

It was midnight when all this was accomplished and the House adjourned.

STATE-AIDED EMIGRATION

The Crofters' Colonization Vote Passed—Dr Barnardo and His Boys

LONDON, March 21.—In the House of Commons last night Sir George Campbell, upon the report of the Crofter Emigration Committee, condemned the decision of the Government to appoint a committee to inquire into the question of emigration from the congested districts of England and Ireland, as well as of Scotland, to the colonies or elsewhere. He demanded that the enquiry be restricted to crofter emigration and migration. The Government, however, made no reply. The report was then adopted, and the £10,500 vote for crofter colonization in the North-west is therefore finally passed.

The Colonization Board has nearly completed arrangements for this season's settlement at Wolseley. Outside the House the opinion is frequently heard that the new committee of enquiry is merely a method of shelving for another session the difficult question of general State-aided emigration. It is difficult to see what new light the committee can elicit. The crofter members, however, express pleasure over the Government pledge that no further crofter emigration will be made until the committee reports.

Dr. Barnardo's first party of 200 trained and tested boys will leave next week, 70 going to the Industrial Farm in Manitoba and the balance to Ontario. The whole party is already applied for by farmers twice over.

Canadian Pacific shares are flat, having fallen during the week upon wild statements respecting the company's new bill. Full details are awaited from Canada.

THE WINNIPEG MOCK MARRIAGE.

Deegan Convicted of Forgery—Bigamy at McLeod—Another Elopement.

WINNIPEG, March 20.—At the Assizes to-day Tom Deegan, who acted as magistrate in the mock marriage last summer, was found guilty of forgery in connection with the event, but sentence was suspended.

A bigamy case has been brought to light at McLeod, a man named Cook having married a Metis girl there while having another wife in Oregon. He has skipped to Montana.

It is expected that the new organ of the Local Government will appear in about two months.

Another elopement is reported from St. Paul's Parish near Winnipeg.

Brutal Assault at the Falls.

NIAGARA FALLS, Ont., March 21.—The hotel kept by Mrs. John Leech at Falls View was the scene of a cowardly assault on Wednesday. A young girl named Maggie Heximer, employed in the house as a servant, while washing dishes in the kitchen was accosted by a young man named John McLeod who asked her to get him something to eat, and upon resuming the task of washing dishes McLeod grabbed her around the waist, threw her upon the floor and attempted to ravish her. The screams of the girl attracted the attention of one of the male servants who came to her rescue, whereupon McLeod ran into the bar. The girl hastened upstairs and was perceived by the scamp who tried to catch hold of her again, but she managed to get to her room and locked the door, where she remained until Mrs. Leech returned from Clifton. A charge of indecent assault was made by the girl's father against McLeod and he was arraigned before Police Magistrate A. G. Hill to-day, who after hearing both sides of the case imposed a fine of $25 and one day imprisonment. McLeod is a married man and is a brother-in-law of Mrs. Leech.

Halifax News.

HALIFAX, March 21.—The price of ice will be 25 or 30 per cent. higher in Halifax the coming season than for years past, owing to the limited crop.

L. J. Hesselein, W. K. Reynolds, H. N. Wallace and B. F. Parson have applied to the Local Legislature for the incorporation of the Bedford Hotel Company (limited), for the purpose of developing and improving the land and the natural advantages of the village of Bedford and shore of Bedford basin and making the same eligible as a summer resort, for affording facilities for stimulating travel thereto by land and by water and for promoting the general growth and wealth thereof and of the City of Halifax. The company are to have a capital of $12,000 with power to increase to $50,000.

Shocking Suicide at Montreal.

MONTREAL, March 20.—A shocking suicide took place to-day in the west end of the city. Mrs. Throsby, whose husband is employed at McDougall's mills, has for some time suffered from acute epileptic mania. Shortly before 5 o'clock this morning she slipped out of bed and going down into the kitchen inflicted several terrible wounds on her throat with a large meat knife, the head being almost severed from the body. Deceased leaves a grown-up family.

Three Buildings Burnt at Meaford.

MEAFORD, March 20.—A fire occurred here last night about 10 o'clock, completely destroying three buildings and damaging two others. The fire started in Sydie's harness shop, two doors north of Molson's Bank, spreading to Shouldice's butcher shop, completely demolishing it and the old auction mart occupied by Hepenstall & Spike, both shoe shops. Loss about $3300, insurance $2000.

Found Dead in the Road

COOKSVILLE, Ont., March 21.—Last evening about 8.30 a lady who was driving along Dundas street observed a horse and rig in the ditch about 100 yards from the railway crossing east of Cooksville station. On closer examination she found a man by the name of Robert Spiers lying under the rig dead. It is supposed the horse took fright from a passing train and ran away.

It Comes Too Late.

MONTREAL, March 20.—Detective Baylis, of the Provincial Police, has been notified that £1000 was on the way out from England to Holden, who was murdered by McGrath. It is thought Holden was not his real name.

The C.P.R. Detroit Extension.

WINDSOR, March 21.—Two gangs of men were started working on the Canadian Pacific Railway extension at Windsor yesterday morning.

WHY I LOVE HIM SO.

You ask me why I love him so,
'Tis strange to you;
And yet you firmly must believe
That it is true.

I ne'er have seen his face, you say.
I see it now;
The earnest eyes, the tender smile,
The noble brow.

The pressure of his lips on mine
I seem to feel;
My pulse throbs with a keen delight—
As if 'twere real.

And though I never heard his voice,
Its music sweet
Has stolen in my heart and made
My life complete.

That he is all the world to me
I truly know,
And yet I cannot tell you why
It should be so.

—Clarence Cleveland.

A NIGHT WITH A CORPSE.

My tour in western England had been full of pleasure and instruction. Every place that was worth visiting I had visited, every crag of Devonshire mountain that was worth climbing I had climbed, and with the quaint villages and quaint people of the Cornish coast I had now become quite familiar.

It was in the afternoon when I reached Brecon. A glorious August afternoon, and Brecon and its moated castle, its miniature harbor, jetty, and esplanade lay basking beneath a genial sun.

I had heard much of Brecon, and with a curiosity inseparable from my nature I had determined to visit it. Its history during the middle ages had been an eventful one, and the romance that enshrouded its crumbling gray walls held an especial charm for my morbid mind.

My few traveling trunks had been sent to the hotel, and, with the crusted adage about "procrastination being the thief of time" flitting through my brain, I forthwith proceeded, with the occasional assistance of a fresh-faced fisherboy or a surly seaman, towards the eminence whereon stood the famous Brecon Castle.

One night at Exeter a legend had been retailed to me of this historical pile: it was of the year 1429, when the fifth Baron De Launce ruled over Brecon Castle. One day a squire came from a neighboring county upon a political mission. As had always been the case with the family of De Launce the squire was treated right royally, but during his stay in the castle the young man was unfortunate enough to fall in love with the Baron's daughter—a proceeding that the maiden reciprocated enthusiastically. De Launce, however, did not take kindly to this, and packed off the squire at a minute's notice. Nothing daunted, that doughty individual obtained clandestine meetings with his lady love, and furious indeed was the Baron when he found it out. He had the squire arrested and imprisoned in a cell in the Round Tower. A peculiarity about this cell was the fact of its being divided by a network of iron bars, forming one half into a kind of cage—in this cage the young man was imprisoned. A Continental war breaking out, the Baron went to fight for his country, and left his daughter to reign over the castle. With her heart still burning with love for her cavalier the maiden discovered his dungeon, and from that time managed without the knowledge of the guards to visit her lover periodically. As ill-luck would have it the Baron one day unexpectedly returned from the wars, and on inquiring for his daughter found she was not forthcoming. A search was made, and the girl was found in the cell with her lover, separated, however, from him by the iron bars of the cage. Maddened at the sight the Baron struck his daughter with his mailed fist, and she fell lifeless at his feet. The gate of the cage was opened, and a blow from De Launce's heavy sword clove the prisoner's head to the chin. It is said that the body of the unfortunate daughter was thrown into the cage, and that her blood mingled and dried with that of the squire, that they mouldered away to dust together, and that their bones were not removed from the cell until the beginning of the present century.

I wanted very much to see this dungeon, and on nearer approach to the castle gazed with not a little curiosity and interest on a turreted round tower, in which I surmised the cell would be situatsd.

I was directed by a lad to a white-fronted little cottage, where lived an old man who kept the keys of the castle.

He was a little shrivelled-up man, with a hooked nose and piercing gray eyes: his locks were scanty and hoary, and it was obvious to me that he had passed three score and ten years.

"Ye warnt to veesit the carsle, muster?" he squeaked, in a tremulous voice, while he fingered a huge bunch of keys that dangled at his waist belt.

I explained to him my object, or rather, my sight-seeing curiosity, and after some considerable delay we proceeded up the narrow pathway to the castle gates.

My guide was very ricketty on his legs, and moved along at a pace that brought funeral thoughts to my brain. I was thinking how a modernized funeral conducted on modern principles would have got on in the dark ages, and I coupled in the Baron's murdered daughter and her lover as the necessary corpses.

My guide was very churlish, and I had great difficulty in drawing him out. I ventured once upon an opinion as to the beauties of the sea as it appeared in the setting sun, and he said, "Prutty, muster, prutty," with an indifference that was somewhat exasperating.

The walk was not very long, and ultimately we reached a ponderous gate, and passed through a wicket let in the massive woodwork.

Gloomy and black the courtyard looked before us. To my fanciful mind visions of mail-clad warriors occupied the green sward, when gazing up at one of the numerous loopholes that served for windows I thought once I saw a girlish face surmounted by the tall, hideous headgear common during the days of our forefathers.

I explained to my guide my desire to see the cell in the round tower, and he, with many mumblings, conducted me up a flight of stone steps that led to the object of my visit.

Half way up my companion halted, and I, commiserating with him in his apparent feebleness, suggested that the damp walls around us must be very productive of rheumatism, from which he, I surmised, suffered.

"Noa! noa! muster, ye've guessed wrong," was his reply, and further questions elicited the fact that an over-indulgence in youth of athleticism had left my guide with a train of diseases, prominent amongst which was that curse to vigorous manhood—varicose veins.

At length we reached the cell which I had wanted so much to see. A small loophole high up in the wall was the only means of light obtaining ingress. The cell was divided by strong iron bars that descended from ceiling to floor and stretched from wall to wall. It was a dismal, gloomy-looking place indeed.

"And this, then, is the place where the Baron murdered his daughter and her lover?" I mused.

"Ye have heard the legend, then?" said the old man, lighting a guttering candle stuck in a bottle. "The chain ye see beyond the bars is what held the young man to the wall."

"I suppose I can get inside?" I asked, noticing a heavy gate fixed in the bars.

"Ye may: but ye must help me open the gate. The lock is old and sticks, and the bars be old and rusty."

The guttering candle was placed upon the floor. The lock (a spring one) was unfastened, and after some exertion the gate was opened and I got inside.

I examined the chain with some little curiosity, eaten away with rust as it was, there was but a skeleton of it remaining. An awful place to be imprisoned in, I thought. In one of the corners I saw some strange marks upon the wall, made evidently by some blunt instrument. I called to the old man to bring me the candle to enable me to examine the marks more closely.

A moment afterwards I heard a cry, followed by a crash, and turning hastily I saw the heavy gate had swung to, knocking my guide sprawling.

I almost burst into a fit of laughter, but seeing that the old man was hurt, I checked myself in time.

He rose painfully to his feet, and I saw that the blow from the iron door had hurt him far more than I had at first imagined, for I saw a little pool of blood trickling upon the rough stone floor.

I hastened to his assistance, but found the lock had sprung to and that I was imprisoned fast.

A groan from the old man startled me, and I saw him sink upon his knees.

The little pool of blood had increased its dimensions. I saw that it was trickling from his left leg, and then I realized all.

My guide had told me he suffered from varicose veins, and the poor fellow was now bleeding to death before my eyes, and I could render him no assistance.

The strong iron bars were an effectual barrier. A cold perspiration broke out all over my body, for, unless I could get my guide to unlock the gate, I was a veritable prisoner.

I saw him endeavour to rise, and my heart thumped in eager violence, but his effort was abortive, for he again sank back as in a stupor, and I saw that he was dying.

"Open the door! open the door!" I shrieked in a frenzy, as the horrible position I was in broke upon my mind.

I receivsd no response, the poor old man lay unconscious upon the damp cold stones, his right hand tremulously waving to and fro, his head doubled upon his chest, his hoary locks mingling with the blood that now trickled in little streamlets in all directions.

Overcome by the terrible thoughts that crowded themselves upon my brain, I sank almost fainting by the iron gate.

I was a prisoner! Imprisoned with a corpse! Maybe I should remain here and be the victim of a horrible and lingering death.

No wonder my hair rose on end and my teeth chattered like castanets.

It was some little time before I could think clearly from amid the chaos of confused and jumbled thoughts that were crowded upon me. Even then I could scarcely realize my position. I noticed the candle was still burning and cast a feeble light around, and as I became calmer I saw that the little pencil of light that had gained ingress to the cell by the embrasure high up in the wall had now very nearly gone.

I tried to comfort myself with the hope that some one would surely find me in an hour or two. But it was vain thus forcing myself to believe what I knew was hardly possible. Days might elapse ere I should be found—perhaps then a drivelling idiot or a corpse. The horrors of coming thirst and hunger I had yet to contemplate. My position was desperate! I should at least make an effort for self-preservation.

But, alas! I could see no means whereby I could break the prison in which I was immured. The thick grated bars of my cage were strong enough to keep back a forest king, and tired with my fruitless endeavors at escape I sank down by the rusty chain with something like despair gnawing at my heart.

(Concluded to morrow)

The Letter that Came

From Mr. J. Hayden, 139 Chatham St. Montreal, says: "I was troubled for years with biliousness and liver complaint, and I never found any medicine to help me like Burdock Blood Bitters, in fact one bottle made a complete cure."

Dangerous Counterfeits.

Counterfeits are always dangerous, more so that they always closely IMITATE THE ORIGINAL IN APPEARANCE AND NAME. The remarkable success achieved by Nasal Balm as a positive cure for Catarrh and Cold in the Head has induced unprincipled parties to imitate it. The public are cautioned not to be deceived by nostrums imitating Nasal Balm in name and appearance, bearing such names as Nasal Cream, Nasal Balsam, etc. Ask for Nasal Balm and do not take any imitation dealers may urge upon you. For sale by all druggists or sent post-paid on receipt of price (50c. and $1,) by addressing Fulford & Co., Brockville, Ont.

Eighty Per Cent.

Of the human race, according to a high authority, suffer from one or other form of blood taint. Never allow this latent evil to develop into serious disease while the blood can be kept pure and the system clean by the proper precautions, such as using Burdock Blood Bitters, whenever any scrofulous symptoms appear. No medicine equals B.B.B. as a blood cleanser.

CATARRH CURED, health and sweet breath secured, by Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy Price 50 cents. Nasal Injector free. For sale by D. M. Waters.

There are a number of varieties of corns. Holloway's Corn Cure will remove any of them Call on your druggist and get a bottle at once.

Orin Catlin, 49 Pearl Street Buffalo, N. Y., says: I tried various remedies for the piles but found no relief until I used Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, which entirely cured me after a few applications.

Do not delay in getting relief for the little folks. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is a pleasant and sure cure. If you love your child why do you let it suffer when a remedy is so near at hand?

The cheapest medicine in use is Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, because so very little of it is required to effect a cure. For croup, diphtheria, and diseases of the lungs and throat, whether used for bathing the chest or throat, for taking internally or inhaling, it is a matchless compound.

Mr. Thomas Ballard, Syracuse, N. Y., writes: 'I have been afflicted for nearly a year with that most-to-be dreaded disease Dyspepsia, and at times worn out with pain and want of sleep, and after trying almost everything recommended I tried one box of Parmelee's Valuable Pills. I am now nearly well, and believe they will cure me. I would not be without them for any money."

PARMELEE'S PILLS possess the power of acting specifically upon the diseased organs, stimulating to action the dormant energies of the system, thereby removing disease. In fact, so great is the power of this medicine to cleanse and purify, that diseases of almost every name and nature are driven from the body.' Mr. D. Carswell, Carswell P. O., Ont., writes: "I have tried Parmelee's Pills and find them an excellent medicine, and one that will sell well."

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall-st., N. Y.

NATIONAL COLONIZATION
LOTTERY

Under the patronage of the Rev. Father Labelle

Established in 1884, under the Act of Quebec 32 Vict., Chapt. 36, for the benefit of the Diocesan Societies of Colonization of the Province of Quebec.

Class D.—The 21st Monthly Drawing will take place Wednesday, March the 20th, at 2 p. m.

Prizes value		$50,000 00
Capital Prize: One real estate worth		$5,000 00
1 Real Estate worth	$5,000	5,000
1 do	2 000	2,000
1 do	1,000	1,000
4 do	500	2,000
10 Real Estates	300	3,000
30 Furniture Sets	200	6,000
60 do	100	6,000
200 Gold Watches	50	10,000
1,000 Silver Watches	10	10,000
1,000 Toilet Sets	5	5,000
2,307 Prizes worth		$50,000 00

TICKETS - - $1.00

Offers are made to all winners to pay their prizes cash, less a commission of 10 p. c.

Winners' names not published unless specially authorized

Drawings on the Third Wednesday of every Month.

S. E. LEFEBVRE, Secretary,
Offices, 19 St. James street, Montreal, Can.
192d1y

CARSLAKE'S
GRAND DERBY SWEEP
$25,000.00.

1st horse (in duplicate) $3,000 each=	-	$6,000
2nd " " " $2,000 " "		$4,000
3rd " " " $1,000 " "	-	$2,000
Other starters (divided equally)..........		$4,000
Non-starters " "		$9,000

5000 Tickets at $5 Each.

171 Entries (in duplicate 342 horses.)
Drawing June 3rd Race June 5th, 1889.
Result of each Drawing sent to all subscribers.
Ten per cent deducted from all prizes.
Address, GEORGE CARSLAKE, Prop.,
Mansion House, 522 St. James St., Montreal.
269d6m

J. M. FORTIER,
Wholesale : Cigar : Manufacturer,
145 151 ST. MAURICE STREET,
MONTREAL
P. S.—Private Brands for the Jobbing Trade a specialty.

CANADIAN
PACIFIC
RAILWAY.

CALLAWAY'S
Popular : Excursions
—TO—
VANCOUVER,
VICTORIA,
and all points in
WASHINGTON
TERRITORY,
and CALIFORNIA
LEAVE : TORONTO
On FRIDAY, MARCH 22nd
12th APRIL 26th
10th MAY 24th

In the CELEBRATED TOURIST SLEEPERS. Each party is accompanied to destination by special courier.

Full particulars from any agent of the Company.

S. BURROWS,
Agent C. P. R., Belleville.
Office—Front St., one door north of Dominion Bank.

It Made Mother Strong

"My mother has been using PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND for nervous prostration, accompanied by melancholia, etc., and it has done her a world of good. It is the only medicine that strengthens the nerves."
G. H. BEERS, Orbisonia, Pa.

"I am in my 84th year. Have been afflicted in several ways—could not sleep, had no appetite, no courage, low spirits. I commenced using Paine's Celery Compound, and felt relief from the third day after using it. I now have a good appetite and can sleep well. My spirits and courage are almost like those of a young man."
S. C. KINKAID, D. D., Gonzales, La.

Paine's Celery Compound

Strengthens and builds up the old, and cures their infirmities. Rheumatism, indigestion and nervousness yield quickly to the curative power of Paine's Celery Compound.

A Perfect Tonic and Invigorator, It GIVES NEW LIFE.

"I am now 69 years old and have tried several remedies, but none had any effect until I used Paine's Celery Compound. I feel entirely different for the short time I have used it. I can walk nearly straight, sleep sound and well, and feel as though there was new life and energy coming into my whole system."
H. MYLIUS, Cleveland, Tenn.

Paine's Celery Compound is of unequaled value to women. It strengthens the nerves, regulates the kidneys, and has wonderful power in curing the painful diseases with which women so often silently suffer.

$1 per bottle. Six for $5. At Druggists.
WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO MONTREAL.

DIAMOND DYES *True to Name and Color. Nothing can Equal Them.*

YOUR BABY *will be rosy, plump and merry if given LACTATED FOOD.*

Daily Intelligencer.

THE DAILY INTELLIGENCER is published every evening except Sunday, and delivered by careful carriers in all parts of the city for Five Dollars a year, or Fifty Cents a month.

THE WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER is published every Thursday morning, and sent, postpaid, to any address in Canada, the United States or Great Britain for One Dollar a year.

ADVERTISEMENTS, first insertion, 10 cents per nonpareil line; each subsequent consecutive insertion, 5 cents per line; when not inserted every day, 10 cents per line each insertion.

READING MATTER NOTICES, 15 cents per line each insertion.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS, 50 cents each insertion. With notice of funeral added the charge for death notices is $1.

CONTRACTS made for business advertisements for one month or longer at reduced rates.

Remittances, Drafts, Cheques, and Post-Office Orders should be made payable to the order of
INTELLIGENCER PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO'Y (LIMITED),
Belleville, Ont.

Largest Daily Circulation in Belleville.

BELLEVILLE, THURSDAY, MAR. 21

OUR SCHOOL TEACHERS.

A public school teacher in Ontario, if he meets all the requirements of his profession, is, or should be, a person of varied attainments. A glance at the examination papers for second and third class certificates will be sufficient to convince any one that a successful candidate must know something more than the "three R's," which measured the qualifications of aspirants for pedagogical fame in the primitive history of our educational institutions. To pass successfully for first-class honors a person goes quite beyond the limits of an ordinary education, and, barring some classical reading, is more familiar with the principles of the essential branches of modern English literature than many who hold university degrees. The mathematical subjects embrace arithmetic, algebra, mensuration and geometry, with deductions and questions that would have puzzled Hypatia, or even Euclid himself. Literature covers a wide range of subjects, and is made a formidable obstacle in the scholastic struggle of candidates for teachers' certificates. The applicant must be prepared to enter into a subtle analysis of the poetical fancies of every writer of rhyme, with or without reason, and also minutely describe the rules that are supposed to govern the orthodox system of this kind of composition. Fancy a quotation from Walt Whitman or Joaquin Miller being placed before a young student in English literature, with a request for an exhaustive analysis of the fancies involved, and we have some conception of what this part of a teacher's qualification signifies. Music hath charms, and in this æsthetic age it is absolutely necessary that these charms should be added to the public school curriculum. The teacher is not always expected to be able to give the required instruction, but we know that the candidate who can sing, and measure the staff from the lowest to the highest scale, has a decided advantage over his unmusical competitor for the trustees' favor. The time is not far distant when a public school teacher in Ontario *must* have a fair knowledge of vocal and instrumental music.

Again, the movement is now well advanced for the introduction of technical subjects in our schools. It is proposed to have the pupils taught how to handle tools, and measure and cut with a knowledge of mechanical rules. The teacher will soon find it necessary to add another qualification to his already burdensome task. Of course, instructors in mechanical branches, and the schools where such subjects are taught, will be located in towns and cities, convenient for the purpose. But this will answer for an introduction. To make the subject of general value it must have a general application. The poor man who has a large family to be educated in a country school will have as much right to claim a share of the advantages as the more favored residents of populous centres. This being the case, the teacher must qualify for the work, or it cannot be generally applied.

At a recent convention of farmers, an intelligent gentleman actually advocated the necessity of every public school teacher taking a course in the Agricultural College at Guelph. He argued that, in order to make farming more successful, and ensure a better class of farmers, there must be agricultural instruction in our public schools. He was almost unanimously sustained so far as the value of such instruction is concerned, but there was sufficient common sense to see the impossibility of adding such a subject to the teacher's qualification at present. We mention this to show what sort of Admirable Crichtons the teachers of our public schools must be at no distant date. Their schooling will certainly require much time and cost a considerable sum of money. When the necessary information on all subjects is obtained, and they are duly qualified to teach, boards of trustees will insist that their services must not be valued above $300 or $400 a year. This sentence closes our article for to-day. It introduces a question that needs more space than we can give here.

THE OLD STORY.

The Mercierites who engineered the charge against the preceding administration of Quebec, that a contractor had given a large sum to aid them in the contest have been hoist with their own petard. The Montreal *Gazette* states that the strong facts brought out in the investigation into the charges of *L'Electeur* against the Conservative ministry are that the friends of the Liberal ministry object strongly to Witness Whelan answering: (1) Whether he did not give ten times as much to elect the Liberals as the Liberals say he did to elect Conservatives; (2) whether he did not pay money direct to Pacaud, the instigator of the charges; (3) whether he did not pay $3,000 to Mr. Mercier himself.

'Twas ever thus. Always, whilst the Grits are howling most loudly against their opponents as corrupt, they are themselves practicing the most flagrant corruption.

Corn Sowing

Is a process conducted by the agency of tight boots all the year around. Corn reaping is best conducted through the agency of Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor, the only safe and sure-pop corn cure. Putnam's Extractor is now widely imitated. Beware of all poisonous and sore producing substitutes.

The Globe's Somersault.

A LIBERAL OPINION.

The Ottawa *Free Press*, which may be supposed to know the views of the Liberal members of the house and the effect of the *Globe's* article, says:

"By its tergiversation in reference to the Jesuit Estates' Bill and other public questions the *Globe* has put itself outside of the pale of party journalism. Apparently, that paper does not know its own mind for twenty-four hours at a time. The plea that it has been converted by the reasoning of the *Law Times* and the *Law Journal* is altogether to thin. The articles which it quotes from those papers appeared more than a month ago and since their appearance the *Globe* has been battling bravely for provincial rights, and the statement that the *Globe* will "dissociate" itself from those "politicians prominent and politicians obscure" who fail to obey its orders would be highly amusing but for its disgusting impudence. Perhaps the *Globe* may be found defending the Jesuit Bill again tomorrow, and then perhaps a new excommunication bill may be necessary.

MR. BLAKE'S OPINION.

The Hon. Edward Blake has not kept quiet in conversation, and his opinion is that the Jesuits' Act is perfectly constitutional. He also says the *Globe's* threat to the members of the House is a piece of impertinence, and Sir Richard Cartwright and other leading Ontario Liberals are equally outspoken.—*Ottawa Cor. Montreal Witness.*

Scene at the Division.

The division on Sir Richard Cartwright's C. U. motion occurred at a quarter past one o'clock, and was distinguished for bringing out the largest vote ever recorded in the Canadian House of Commons. Col. Amyot voted and afterwards had his vote cancelled on account of a pair with General Laurie. With the speaker in the House this made 200 members present. The pairs were: Mr. Pope with Mr. Blake, Mr. McKay with Mr. Lavergne, Sir D. A. Smith with Mr. Geoffrion, Sir Adams Archibald with Mr. Mackenzie, Mr. Tisdale with Mr. Coulter, Gen. Laurie with Col. Aymot, Mr. Therien with Mr. Fiset. The majority of 44 included Messrs. Skinner and Labrosse from the Opposition ranks. Before the voting began Col. Prior sang the "Red, White and Blue," and Mr. Bechard replied from the other side with the "Marseillaise."

Lady Stanley was an interested spectator from the gallery. After the House had adjourned the Conservative members arose and sang the National Anthem in unison, not a man having left his place. The Liberals filed out with a dozen exceptions, and at the head of these Mr. McMullen, wildly waving his arms, pretended to be the leader of the chorus. Three cheers were given for the Queen and three for Mr. Labrosse.—*Ottawa Cor. Empire.*

Tweed Correspondence.

Mr. Steward, one of the contractors on the Sugar Island section of N. T. & Q. R. R., is pushing his job along. He has the north pier at the still house about completed, and the rock cut well on Sugar Island side.

Thos. Beaty, constable, locked up Nelson Sofa last Tuesday, for breaking in his father's door in Tweed. Some time in the night some outsider broke the doors of the lock-up, and allowed him to make his escape. The people here suppose it was his brother, George Sofa, who let him out.

Peter Davy, from the County of Lennox, was charged on Saturday, the 11th, before Wm. Wray, J. P., with stealing a pocket book and $15 from Joseph Berrane, a French boy, at the Bridgewater House. A warrant was issued and the pocket book found on him. Messrs. Casey and Wray gave him a preliminary hearing and sent him down to the next court for criminal jurisdiction.

The new R. C. church is rapidly drawing to a finish, the floors are all laid and the fine choir and organ loft put in. Father Fleming has shoved things along this winter, he expects to have it completed in three or four weeks.

Mr. W. B. Empey, son of the late Rev. Peter Empey, is off for Moosomin, Ass'a. He started on Monday.

Mr. F. Campbell has rented his store to a firm from Norwood—Stephenson & Co.

Messrs Quinn and Murphy, who left here the latter part of January for a short visit to the Old Country, returned home last Thursday. They were met at the station on their arrival by the band and a number of their personal friends.

WILL YOU SUFFER with Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint? Shiloh's Vitalizer is guaranteed to cure you. Sold by D. M. Waters.

—The stage from Picton to Deseronto went through the ice four times on Monday afternoon on the way over, and Mr. Sanford Johnson, proprietor of the Campbell House, Napanee, went through five times. They managed to get out each time, however, all right.

SOME SYMPTOMS OF WORMS are:—Fever, colic, variable appetite, restlessness, weakness and convulsions. The unfailing remedy is Dr. Low's Worm Syrup.

CHAMBERLAIN ON IRELAND

THE BIRMINGHAM M.P.'S LETTER TO HIS CONSTITUENTS.

Renewed Scenes of Disorder and Violence in the Hungarian Diet—Antoine's Enthusiastic Welcome at Paris.

LONDON, March 20.—Mr. Chamberlain in a letter to his electors says he thinks the time has arrived when the Government should prove its readiness to propose a substitute for Mr. Gladstone's rejected Irish bill. He thinks that if a large and final land purchase measure were passed with the consent of all parties it would immensely lessen the difficulty of giving Ireland a liberal local government measure. This matter, he says, will be openly discussed at the coming Easter conference.

Prof. Gerhardt, the eminent physician of Berlin, was entertained at dinner this evening by Sir Andrew Clarke. Twenty-four leading London doctors were present and 200 attended the reception after the dinner. Prof. Gerhardt was given a most cordial welcome.

A Blue Book on Samoan Affairs.

LONDON, March 20.—A blue book on Samoan affairs was issued to-day. It contains 356 despatches, the dates ranging from April 29, 1885, to Feb. 28, 1889. The despatches show that England has been throughout in cordial accord with America and that she declined to accede to Germany's request for assistance and co-operation in the restoring of order in Samoa until she had learned the American Government's views on the subject. On Jan. 29 last Lord Salisbury complained to Count Van Hatzfeldt, German Ambassador at London, concerning Prince Bismarck's statement in the Reichstag that in Samoa Germany and England were advancing hand in hand. The British Prime Minister said the views of the two countries were identical as far as the future government of Samoa was concerned, but not otherwise.

British Iron Clads Off for Tangier.

GIBRALTAR, March 20.—Two British iron clads have sailed to join the squadron at Tangier. The Sultan's reply to England's claims regarding the cable and other matters is daily expected.

London's Latest Sensation.

LONDON, March 20.—The sensation of the hour in theatrical and club circles is the mysterious disappearance of Miss Mabel Love, a beautiful young actress at the Gaiety Theatre. Miss Love is only 14 years of age, but she is credited with having already shattered several hearts. Detectives are scouring the country in search of her, but knowing ones intimate that a certain young nobleman could give accurate information as to her whereabouts if he would, and that she would be found not far away from the scenes of her triumphs over the affections of susceptible young men who nightly haunt the Gaity.

Premier Tisza Hooted.

PESTH, March 20.—When Herr Von Tisza arrived at the lower house of the Hungarian Diet this morning a large crowd groaned and hissed at him, shouting "Get Out," "Resign" An altercation took place in the House between Herr Polonyi and Herr Kroitsik. The quarrel will probably lead to a duel. The House held a secret sitting to discuss the matter.

The Paris Bourse Unsettled.

PARIS, March 20.—The Bourse was unsettled at the close. Influential buying supported foreign securities and rentes, but shares of French financial concerns were heavy and unsettled the market.

To Limit Copper Production.

PARIS, March 20.—It is stated that the holders of copper warrants have decided not to sell them but to continue negotiations with the mine owners with a view to reaching an agreement for a diminished production.

Antoine Enthusiastically Welcomed.

PARIS, March 20.—M. Antoine was enthusiastically greeted on his arrival here this evening. Five thousand persons were assembled at the depot and there were frequent shouts of "Vive Antoine," "Vive La France," "Vive La Republique," etc. There were several deputies and members of the muncipal council present. Delegates of various patriotic societies cordially welcomed M. Antoine, who in the course of his reply said that to Alsace was due all the honor of his reception. The crowd was so demonstrative in welcoming M. Antoine that great difficulty was experienced in passing through the streets. A banquet will be given to him on Friday.

THE NEW SOUTH.

Andrew Carnegie's Opinion of Its Iron Interests—Pennsylvania's Rival.

BALTIMORE, March 20.—The Manufacturers' Record will publish a letter from Andrew Carnegie giving his views upon the iron interests of the south, based upon his recent investigating tour. Mr. Carnegie states that the first feature which impressed him was the general excellence of the plants in the South. The blast furnaces, the machinery in the mines, the mode of opening, handling facilites, etc., are all of the latest pattern. The character of the coal, iron ore and limestone and the ease and cost of mining are all better he says than he had expected.

As to the cost of pig iron production in Alabama Mr. Carnegie says $10 a ton for foundry iron, which is the highest grade, is a liberal estimate. Some of the best located furnaces may be able to do even better. The ability to manufacture at this price must give southern manufacturers a large market for their pig. When they seek to manufacture the pig into more advanced forms Mr. Carnegie believes it will be converted into steel by means of bessemer and open hearth basic processes.

Speculation he says has entered more or less into this southern field. Some ill-advised enterprises have been undertaken and considerable reaction may take place. Mr. Carnegie regards the south as Pennsylvania's most formidable industrial rival in the future.

TORONTO TOPICS.

A Big Blaze in the West End—Hess' Chair Manufactory Burnt.

TORONTO, March 21.—Unlike Montreal Toronto is fortunately free from disastrous fires, the conflagrations that cause the loss of so many thousands being few and far between. Till last night the most recent fire of any magnitude had been that of Samuel, Benjamin & Co.'s premises in Yonge-street, last October, but last night there was a flame that wiped out $30,000 worth of property and came near causing much heavy damage to other property. The fire was in the premises of Hess Brothers, chair manufactory at 46 Strachan-avenue, just north of the bridge crossing the railway tracks and leading to Exhibition Park. The destroyed buildings have been land marks for some time. They were originally built for the Canada Car Works, later used by the Toronto Reaper and Mower Works Company and two years ago the Hess Brothers went into occupation, the firm consisting of George Hess, M.L.A. for North Perth, Wm. Hess and Adam Hess, who have their chief furniture factory in Listowel. Mr. George Hess, who was in attendance at the Legislative Assembly, when he was summoned to the fire said that he estimated the loss on buildings, stock and machinery at $60,000 in round numbers. On this there is an insurance of only about $20,000. There was a stock of between $30,000 and $40,000. No less than 140 men are thrown out of work. Neither Mr. Hess nor anyone connected with the firm could account for the cause of the fire. The majority of the men had quit work at 4 o'clock and a few varnishers had worked till 6 o'clock. The glare of the fire could be plainly seen at Hamilton and Whitby and telephone messages of inquiry were received from both of those places.

The three Jarvis brothers, ex-policeman Dick, Daniel and Lewis, were before Judge McDougall yesterday to answer to the charge of feloniously wounding Robert Hershey at Weston last Thursday night and of having robbed him of an overcoat. They pleaded not guilty and elected to be tried by a jury but when Crown Attorney Badgerow declined to consent to bail they said they would rather be tried at once by His Honor. The Judge however read the depositions and decided to grant bail, fixing Daniel's and Lewis' at $500 each and Dick's at $1000. His Honor gave the ex-constable a good talking to and told him he had not been taught on the Toronto Police Force that three men ought to pile on one. He thought Hershey had been unwarranably and maliciously attacked. The father of the trio was present and seemed to feel keenly the disgrace brought upon him. It is likely that he will secure bail by to-day. The trial will be at the forthcoming criminal assizes.

THE JESUIT QUESTION.

TO COME UP IN THE HOUSE NEXT TUESDAY.

A Lot of Private Bills Put Through—Measures Which Have Received the Royal Assent—Other News From Ottawa.

OTTAWA, March 20.—The debate on the Jesuits Estates Act now stands fixed for Tuesday next, so the House was informed this afternoon. Mr. Laurier having asked if a day had yet been agreed upon Sir John Macdonald replied that having received a formal communication from Mr. Laurier he had spoken to Col. O'Brien, who proposed to bring the matter up, and it was agreed that an opportunity should be given on Tuesday next, when a motion to go into committee of supply would be made.

After recess these private bills were read a third time and passed:

Respecting the Atlantic & Northwest Railway Company—Mr. Hall; with an amendment providing that the extension of time for completion shall terminate on Jan. 14, 1890, unless it is shown that $100,000 has been spent in the work.

Respecting the Alberta and Athabasca Railway Company and changing the name to the Great Northwestern Railway Company—Mr. Davies.

Amending the act incorporating the Quebec Board of Trade—Mr. McGreevy.

Respecting the Kingston and Pembroke Railway Company and the Napanee, Tamworth and Quebec Railway Company—Mr. Kirkpatrick.

Incorporating the Northwestern Junction and Lake of the Woods Railway Company—Mr. Lariviere.

Amending the charter of incorporation of the Great Northwest Central Railway Company—Mr. Daly.

The Foresters' Incorporation.

The bill incorporating the Supreme Court of the Independent Order of Foresters was adopted in committee of the whole with unimportant amendments.

Mr. Paterson of Brant said there were two other orders of Foresters—the Canadian and Ancient—and it had been represented to him that if the Independent order got the incorporation now asked for the other orders might be debarred from obtaining incorporation under the somewhat similar titles which they bore. He believed that a deputation was about to visit Ottawa in the interests of these other societies and he therefore asked that the third reading should not be asked until Friday.

Mr. Jamieson, the promoter, agreed to this.

Mr. Hall said he had a letter officially stating that the Independent Order would have no objection to the other orders of Foresters securing incorporation under the names they now bore.

In explanation of the authority asked for the society to hold real property to the extent of $100,000 Mr. Jamieson explained that the headquarters of the order were to be in Toronto and they would probably want to put up a building of their own in that city.

Reciprocity in Wrecking.

Mr. Kirkpatrick moved the third reading of his bill to permit foreign vessels to aid vessels wrecked or disabled in Canadian waters.

Mr. Charlton advocated that negotiations should be opened with the American Government to ascertain if they would not agree to a middle course between the American and Canadian policies in this matter. Were this bill passed as it stood the insurance companies would be able to place nearly all the wrecking in the hands of American wreckers. He believed this bill was being passed in the interest of a Kingston gentleman who thought he had patented a steam pump which would revolutionise wrecking but he might find that he was reckoning without his host. He moved in amendment that the bill be referred to committee of the whole to amend it by granting the privileges provided for only when the privilege of towing vessels and rafts from one United States port to another in waters contiguous to Canada is accorded to Canadian tugs.

Mr. Kirkpatrick spoke in support of his bill and charged that Mr. Charlton's amendment sought to make all other interests subservient to the interests of one wrecking company. If this amendment were tacked on the bill might as well be dropped.

Sir Donald Smith supported Mr. Kirkpatrick's bill in the interests of the carrying and commercial interests of Montreal.

The House divided on Mr. Charlton's amendment, which was lost on division, 56 to 108.

Mr. Charlton then proposed another amendment. To make the surrender complete he would move that United States tugs may tow vessels and rafts from one Canadian port to another in Canadian waters contiguous to the United States. This was declared lost without a division and Mr. Kirkpatrick's bill was read a third time and passed.

To Prevent Frauds.

Mr. Burdett's bill to provide against frauds in the supplying of milk to cheese and butter factories was read a third time and passed.

Sir Hector Langevin moved the adjournment of the House. Dr. Wilson of Elgin said as it would be a good while before this order would be reached again he would like to know if it was the intention to proceed with Mr. Boyle's bill against frauds in the sale of nursery stock. He thought it was in the interests of the trade to know. Mr. Boyle said it was the intention to proceed with it and he knew no reason why it should not become law.

Mr. Wallace said that as the Government proposed such an early adjournment he would like to know when an opportunity would be given for the consideration of his anti-combine bill. Sir Hector Langevin said he would mention the matter to the First Minister.

The House adjourned at 10.40.

RECEIVED THE ROYAL ASSENT.

The Measures Which Have Been Passed at This Session.

OTTAWA, March 20.—This afternoon the Commons were summoned to the Senate Chambers, where Mr. Justice Strong as Deputy-Governor signified the royal assent to these measures passed this session:

To make further provisions respecting inquiries concerning public matters.

Respecting corrupt practices in municipal affairs.

To permit the conditional release of first offenders in certain cases.

To amend the Weights and Measures Act.

To incorporate the Alberta Railway and Coal Company.

Respecting the Kootenay and Athabasca Railway Company.

Respecting the Niagara Grand Island Bridge Company.

To incorporate the Red Deer Valley Railway and Coal Company.

To incorporate the Dominion Life Assurance Company.

To incorporate the Hawkesbury Lumber Company.

To incorporate the Assiniboia, Edmonton, and Unjiga Railway Company.

To amend the act incorporating the Boiler Inspection and Insurance Company of Canada.

Respecting the Pontiac Pacific Junction Railway Company.

To incorporate the Calgary, Alberta and Montana Railway Company.

Respecting the Hamilton Central Railway Company.

Respecting the South Ontario Pacific Railway Company.

To incorporate the Lacseul Railway Company.

To amend the act incorporating the Kingston.

Respecting steam vessels to be used in connection with the Canadian Pacific Railway.

Respecting the Baptist Convention of Ontario and Quebec.

Respecting the New Brunswick and Prince Edward Railway Company and to change the name of the company to the New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island Railway Company.

To incorporate the Victoria, Saanich and New Westminster Railway Companies

A Clever Crook Confesses.

MONTREAL, March 21.—In the Court of Queen's Bench yesterday Edward Lake, the smart Philadelphia crook who has been watched by the police all through Canada ever since his arrival across the line last year, pleaded guilty to a charge of larceny.

Georgia is at war against the "Fertilizer" trust.

DISOBEYED ORDERS.

The Disastrous Collision on the Intercolonial—The Dead Terribly Mangled.

QUEBEC, March 20.—The collision reported on the Intercolonial yesterday is the worst as regards loss of life that has ever taken place on the line, four persons being killed and several injured. The collision took place while rounding a curve 1½ miles north of Rimouski and is attributed to the non-observance of orders by the down special, which, having lost time through sticking in the snow, should have stopped and sent out signals.

The position of the killed showed that their death must have been horrible but instantaneous. One was entirely disembowelled, another was hung up by the neck and still a third was crushed in a horrible manner. An inquest on the remains was commenced at Rimouski to-day. Of the killed Whitney was a son of the General Superintendent of the line. Jolivet, who was among the wounded, is said to have since died from his injuries. He belonged to River du Loup. Till, another of the wounded, belonged to St. John. The two Levesques are supposed to have belonged to Rimouski. Michaud, who was also among the dead, lived at Rimouski.

Stop that Cough.

Many people neglect what they call a simple cold, which, if not checked in time, may lead to Lung trouble. *Scott's Emulsion of Pure Cod Liver Oil, with Hypophosphites*, will not only stop the cough but heal the lungs. Endorsed by thousands of physicians. Palatable as milk. Try it. Sold by all Druggists at 50c. and $1.00.

Only One Cent!
Only One Cent!

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

FOR SALE—Twenty shares in the capital stock of the G. & J. Brown Manufacturing Co. of Belleville. Business is in a flourishing condition, paying a dividend of 9 per cent. last year. Ill health the cause of sale. Address T. ROWLANDS, Kyle House. 272dtf

POOL TABLE, and all the fixtures, for sale. Is in first class order. Apply at Hub Hotel, Front Street, Belleville. 263d2w

APARTMENTS TO LET.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

BOARD AND ROOMS.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

HOUSES TO LET.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

FOR SALE or TO LET, the House formerly occupied by J. H. Simpson, Commercial Street Possession given immediately. Apply to P. R. PALMER 263d3m

LOST AND FOUND.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

LIVE STOCK.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

HOUSE FOR SALE, OR TO LET.—No. 211 William Street, north of Hotel Street. A comfortable, well built, brick residence, in thorough repair. Eleven rooms, drive house, hard and soft water. Apply to FRANCIS S. WALLBRIDGE, Barrister, office corner of Front and Bridge Streets. 273d6t

HOUSE FOR SALE on William St., two doors south of Bridge St., next the residence of Mrs. T. C. Wallbridge, best locality in the city, house new, comfortable, and commodious, hard and soft water, closets in all the rooms. Enquire of R. PURDY, Bridge St. 272d2w

TO LET.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

TO LET.—Two Stores and some room on Front Street, next door to C. F. Smith. JOHN FORIN. 272d2w

WANTED.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

WANTED to rent, about 1st of May, an eight-roomed House in central locality. Apply to "A. H. W." Post Office. 274d3t

WANTED.—A good smart, intelligent Boy—must have references. Apply between nine and ten o'clock to-morrow at CITY BOOK STORE 274d1t

SALESMEN—We wish a few men to sell our goods by sample to the wholesale and retail trade. Large manufacturers in our line. Enclose 2-cent stamp. Wages $3 per day. Permanent position. No postals answered. Money advanced for wages, advertising, etc. CENTENNIAL MAN'F'G CO, CINCINNATI, OHIO. 245d30teod

DOMESTICS WANTED.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

WANTED—2 Chamber Maids. Apply at QUEEN'S HOTEL, city. 272d3t

GENERAL SERVANT WANTED—at once. Apply to MRS. J. A. MARSHALL, Queen St. 271d4t.

COOK WANTED—immediately. Apply at City Hotel.—D. COYLE. 269d1w

SITUATIONS WANTED.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

MECHANICS WANTED.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion,

HORSES WANTED.

WANTED—Six good Horses for Street Car service. Also, four work Horses for sale.

J. A. LOCKWOOD,
Man'gr Street Ry.,
Mar. 20, '89 d&w1t Belleville.

TENDERS WANTED!

TENDERS addressed to D. B. Robertson, Esq., City Clerk, and endorsed "Tenders for Stone," will be received until 6 o'clock p. m.

Thursday, March 28th, inst.,

—FOR—

ONE THOUSAND CORDS OF HARD-HEAD STONE,

broken suitable for streets, delivered in such place or places within the city limits as may be designated by the Public Works department

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

THOMAS HANLEY,
Chairman Public Works Com.
Belleville, March 21, '89 274dtd

To Let for a Term of Years, or For Sale.

PARTS of 9 and 10, 2nd Con. of Thurlow, containing about 100 acres of cleared land, adjacent to the Grand Trunk Station. Apply to

HON. ROB'T READ,
March 19, '89 d&wtf Belleville.

Sun Life Assurance Company
—OF CANADA.—

I have great pleasure in announcing to the Policy-holders and friends of the Company that the Applications for New Life Assurances received during the year 1888 were $3,396,483.00, Life, and $2,820,900,00, Accident, or a total of $6,217,383.56. The total income was $525,273 and the total disbursements $288,859, thus giving a surplus of $236,414. The total assets of the company are $1,974,316, and there is a cash surplus to policy holders of $172,537—an exceedingly satisfactory showing.

W. T. MCINTYRE,
S. PARLIAMENT, Special Agent. General Agent, Belleville.

SPRING--OPENING
—OF THE—
:. Millinery .:. Parlors .:.

FRIDAY, MARCH THE 22ND.

☞ALL ARE CORDIALLY INVITED.

MILLINERY OPENING
—AT—
A. N. Reid & Co's
THURSDAY & FRIDAY,
MARCH 21st and 22nd,

When we will show all the latest novelties in Paris and American Pattern Hats and Bonnets, Silks, Dress Materials, Trimmings and Mantles.

All are cordially invited.

A. N. REID & CO.

--SPRING OPENING--
—AT—
GEORGE RITCHIE & CO'S.

On Friday, the 22nd of March,

the Show Rooms will be opened for the exhibition of Pattern Millinery and Mantles, with other seasonable and fashionable goods.

MISS IRWIN has now charge of the Show Rooms, and extends a cordial invitation to all.

Beautiful and rich goods will be shown, at very moderate prices.

GEO. RITCHIE & CO.

--Millinery .:. Opening--
—AT—
BRIGNALL & THOMPSON'S.

Wednesday, March the 20th.

When we shall be prepared to exhibit, as usual, a magnificent stock of Imported Millinery, Mantles, Silks and Dress Materials.

BRIGNALL & THOMPSON.

--50 MORE--

NEW HANGING LAMPS put in. Prices very much below anything we ever had.

W. J. REID & CO.

CLEARING-SALE
—OF ALL—
BOOTS AND SHOES

Damaged by Fire and Water. Over $5,000 worth at less than half regular price.

A. W. VERMILYEA & SON.

New : . Carpets !

Received yesterday, a very large shipment of

CROSSLEY'S CELEBRATED CARPETS !

—CONSISTING OF—

BRUSSELS CARPETS,
VELVET CARPETS,
TAPESTRY CARPETS,
and the
NEW MOSAICS.

These are the Finest Carpets in the Market, and are in SINGLE and DOUBLE WIDTHS —with

BORDERS and—
—STAIR CARPETS

TO MATCH. Some of these lines are a SPECIAL BARGAIN.

JAS. W. DUNNET.

GLASGOW WAREHOUSE
Belleville, March 20, 1889.

Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, THURSDAY MAR. 21

MRS. FRANK LESLIE.

Perhaps no woman of the present day has fought against greater financial odds than did Mrs. Frank Leslie and came out, not only victorious, but proved, as well, that women can occupy successfully the directorship of great undertakings. When Frank Leslie, the founder of the celebrated weekly, died, his affairs were in comparative bankruptcy, and on his dying bed he enjoined his beautiful wife to take his seat in the office and work out the problem of success from the chaos in which he had left the management. So well and faithfully has she fulfilled the trust that she relieved the business from its financial embarrassment, and a few days since sold it out for $400,000, reserving to herself a few minor publications to oversee. From her vast experience no lady is more capable of giving a correct view upon subjects of interest to her sex. She has contributed a letter to the INTELLIGENCER on "The girl of the Period," which will be found of particular interest and which will appear in our issue of Saturday, March 23rd. In her letter she discusses at length: Who, what and where is the girl of the period— Different Types of girls—A safe kind of girl to marry—The young woman of the Theoretical mind—The fashionable girl of to-day—As she is in school and as a debutante—Some words of wisdom to our young butterflies of fashion—The Advanced girl—Pen portraits which many will recognize.

MERE MENTION.

BEECHAM'S PILLS cure bilious and nervous ills.

A LOT of purses at reduced prices at Geen's Drug Store.

THE alterations to the butter market are in progress.

THE Lumber-cutting Machine Company are putting in some new machinery.

THE boy McKnight, who narrowly escaped drowning on Monday, is now able to be around again.

IF you have a cough or cold go at once to Geen's Drug Store and buy a bottle of Holden's Expectorant.

THE street cars are again on their track, it being clear from the station the lower part of Front street.

REMEMBER the Parlor social this evening (Thursday) at Col. Lazier's, in connection with the St. Andrew's Church Association.

REMEMBER the Lecture in the Opera House by Rev'd Charles Chiniquy, on the evening of Thursday, March 28th. Plan open at Holden's. dtd

MISS A. G. Embury, assisted by her pupils, will give a musical entertainment in the City Hall on Thursday evening, 21st inst. Admission 15 cts.

ALL DISORDERS CAUSED by a bilious state of the system can be can be cured by using Carter's Little Liver Pills. No pain, griping or discomfort attending their use. Try them.

SPRING is coming, and with it comes the necessity of a good spring medicine. Try East India Tonic Bitters, a good blood purifier and tonic. For sale by A. L. Geen and F. Charles Clarke.

COLD wet weather is very hard on sufferers from Neuralgia troubles, and to those Dyer's Quinine and Iron Wine is strongly recommended, it is palatable, easily assimilated, and can be safely taken by the weakest invalid. W. A. Dyer & Co., Montreal.

PROBABILITIES.

TORONTO, March 21.—Moderate winds; fair weather; stationary or a little higher temperature.

A Popular Instrument.

A new scale Upright Pianoforte recently completed by Messrs. Newcombe & Co., Toronto, is affording much satisfaction. It fills the requirements of a reliable instrument by a first class maker at a figure within the reach of all. Write them for particulars.

Harness Thief.

About a month ago Mr. Sam'l. Curry, proprietor of the Curry House, had some harness stolen from his premises and no tiding of its whereabouts could be ascertained. This morning Mrs. Bella Babcock called to the police and informed them that a man named Douglas, who had been stopping at their place, had taken the harness. An officer went to Babcock's house, which is situated near Mr. Holton's mill, but the man had fled taking the harness with him. As yet he has not been captured.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

The River.

The ice continues to break up in the most favorable manner. The stream is now open from Corbyville to the ashery.

Timber Rafting.

Preparations for the rafting of timber by the Collinsby Rafting Company are well advanced. The boom is in position on the ice, and the first train load of timber is expected on Monday.

From Watertown.

The Chief this morning received a telegram from Philo R. Smith, stating that he left Watertown at 10:10 this a. m. and would get here as soon as possible, which will be at 6 o'clock this evening.

TEMPERATURE,

As Registered by Dr. Bell's Self-Registering Thermometer.

THURSDAY, March 21.

Maximum 41; minimum 34.
Barometer 30.12.

Young Tramps.

Three boys named White, Greaves and Hill, belonging to this city, stole a ride on the cars on Tuesday to Napanee. On the way home the conductor caught one of them and put him off at Shannonville, and he was compelled to walk the rest of the journey home.

Again in the Toils.

The pensioner, Geo. Foster, who was arrested on Tuesday afternoon for being drunk, and discharged at the police court yesterday morning, was again placed behind the bars last night for the same offence. The Magistrate allowed him his liberty this morning on his promising to leave town.

The Suicide.

Nothing has yet developed which throws any more light upon the circumstances which led D. H. Smith to commit the terrible deed that cost him his life.

The remains have been tastefully laid out in a beautiful casket, and are still at Mr. Frost's establishment. The desire of a great many to view them was doomed to disappointment, as none were allowed to do so.

Mock Parliament.

This evening our able parliamentarians will discuss Canadian Independence. This resolution will have many warm supporters, but it is expected that the Imperial Federations, and Annexationists, who are somewhat chagrined at their own want of success, will combine to defeat the resolution.

The members of the Legal and Literary Society are requested to meet at 7:30 sharp.

Millinery Opening.

W. Flint Jones begs to announce his spring millinery opening for Friday, 22nd March, when will be shown the newest styles of French and American millinery. He has secured as milliner the services of Miss Minore, who comes very highly recommended. The ladies are cordially invited to inspect his millinery, which will be found very stylish and beautiful.—W. Flint Jones. 272d3t

District Intelligence.

Rev. Father Conway, of Norwood, was suddenly stricken down with an epileptic attack on Monday afternoon. The Rev. gentleman is improving and no serious results are feared.

Mr. E. Courtney, jr., of Peterborough, had three fingers taken off yesterday while working on a shaper at his father's cabinet factory.

Four burglaries took place in Kingston on Monday night.

Ramblers' Wheel Club.

The annual meeting of the Ramblers' Wheel Club was held last evening and was largely attended by the members. Messrs. Arthur Wallbridge and Bateman were elected members. The election of officers for the ensuing year was then proceeded with and resulted as follows: Mr. H. Corby, M. P., President; Thos. Ritchie, 1st Vice; T. S. Clark, 2nd Vice; W. A. Lingham, Captain; Fred E. Foster, Sec.-Treas.; M. Roy, Jr., Bugler; Jas. Boner, Standard Bearer; G. H. Howe, 1st Lieut.; L. B. Cooper, 2nd Lieut.; Handicappers, R. E. Clarke, J. S. Bonar, A. I. Bird; Auditors, W. E. Foster, Harry Dean; Club Correspondent, Harry Dean; Chief Consul, W. E. Foster; Representatives to the C. W. A., Geo. A. Scofield, Peterboro', W. A. Lingham, City.

Messrs. Crossley and Hunter.

These evangelists, who are laboring in Peterboro', are meeting with great success. The Peterboro' papers contain daily long accounts of their meetings, which are evidently very similar to the meetings they held here, and with, if possible, more encouraging results.

Thursday evening the subject was "Conversion," which Mr. Crossley explained briefly as meaning "to be turned from things which will enamour, and to be turned to God in thought, desire, will and life." The churches are crowded nightly, and the *Review* says that the audience have at least learned patience, as they sat three-quarters of an hour and never murmured.

It is said that the revivalists will shortly spend a few days in this city. They will be heartily welcomed.

Personal.

Miss Eva Spry, of this city, is visiting friends in Port Hope.

At the meeting of the Kingston Presbytery, Rev. Dr. George asked leave of absence for three months during the coming summer in order to visit Europe. His request was granted.

Mr. Geo. A. Frost left for British Columbia yesterday, in company with Mr. A. E. Wensley.

Mr. Trumpour and family left for Manitoba last evening, Alderman Vandusen and other friends being at the train to say good-bye.

Miss Mahaffey, of Toronto, entered on her duties as teacher of one of the primary divisions of the Central School, this morning. She was recommended to the Board by Mr. J. L. Hughes, Public School Inspector, Toronto.

Mr. J. A. Marshall, dentist, was on Front Street yesterday, for the first time since his severe illness. We are glad to learn that all the members of his family are now able to take outdoor exercise.

Mr. Frank Lazier, of Duluth, an old Belleville boy, is in town.

Mr. S. S. Lazier, Master in Chancery, is, owing to illness, unable to attend to his duties at the Chancery sittings, and Mr. Geo. Denmark is acting in his stead.

Gen. Boulanger will visit London in June.

Sir Thomas Gladstone, brother of W. E. Gladstone, is dead.

Wm. O'Brien and Edward Harrington have refused release on the condition offered by Sir James Hannen, namely, an undertaking to abstain from agitation.

Frederick D. Grant has been nominated U. S. Minister to Austria, and John C. New Consul-General at London.

Geo. H. Daniels has been appointed general passenger agent of the New York Central & Hudson River Railway.

SLEEPLESS NIGHTS, made miserable by that terrible cough. Shiloh's Cure is the Remedy for you. Sold by D. M. Waters.

AS A PICK-ME-UP after excessive exertion or exposure, Milburn's Beef, Iron and Wine is grateful and comforting.

Court of Chancery.

The Spring Chancery sittings were opened at the court house this morning at 10 o'clock, the Hon. Mr. Justice Ferguson presiding. Among the legal fraternity present were Messrs. C. Moss, Q. C., and W. Cassels, Q. C., both of Toronto.

Mr. J. M. Machar, of Kingston, and Mr. Marsh, of Toronto, are also in attendance.

The following cases have already been disposed of:

ROSS V. FLETCHER—An action brought by Sydmer Ross & Co., of Madoc, against Mr. Fletcher, farmer, of Bancroft, but now of Manitoba, on notes and accounts. Verdict for pl'ff for $825. Messrs. Clute & Williams for pl'ff; Mr. Ponton for def't.

BOLDRICK V BARTON—An action brought by James Boldrick, of Stirling, on behalf of himself and other creditors of Isaac Barton, who formerly resided in Rawdon, against Aaron Barton, a brother of Isaac Barton, to set aside a bill of sale made by Isaac to Aaron while insolvent. Verdict by consent. Bill of sale set aside as fraudulent, and reference to Master as to amount realized by Aaron. Mr. Skinner for pl'ff; Messrs. Clute & Williams for def't.

BARLOW V. GREEN—Two cases, which were wrongly entered for trial at this sittings; both struck out. Mr. Skinner for pl'ff; Mr. Clute for def't.

YOUNG V. BUTLER—This case was also struck out, having been wrongly entered for trial. Mr. S. J. Young for pl'ff; Mr. Porter and Mr. Clute for def't.

FLINT VS. EARLS.—Action by Mr. J. J. B. Flint against Mr. John Earls, of the G. T. R., being in connection with the transactions of "The Patent Cheese Machinery Company," in which Mr. Harford Ashley and Mr. F. W. Hunter were made parties. Settled between the parties, and judgment to be according to consent minutes filed.—Mr. Flint for plt'ff; Mr. Williams for deft.

TAYLOR VS. JAMES.—An action between the parties, who were copartners in business in Bridgewater, to wind up partnership. Case was entered by deft. Plt'ff moved to set aside deft's notice of trial as having been wrongly served. His Lordship sustained the contention of plt'ff, and struck case off the list.—A. R. Dougall, Q. C., for deft.; Messrs. Dougall and Skinner, Solicitors. W. B. Northrup for pl'ff; A.A. Macdonald, Madoc, Solicitor.

Spring Opening.

Messrs. A. N. Reid & Co's Handsome Millinery Parlors the Attraction.

Another of the number of millinery openings that the ladies of the city are blessed with took place to day. Messrs. A. N. Reid & Co's millinery parlors were more attractive than they have ever been, and the day being all that could be desired a large number of the fair sex visited the store. Miss Dignam, the head of the department, showed excellent taste in the manner in which the various lines of goods were shown to advantage. The display of hats was varied, all the leading shapes being on exhibition. There were broad rimmed hats, narrow rimmed hats, and bonnets of different shapes in profusion. The trimmings used this season are of beautiful varieties, of all shades. The devices are handsome and elegant. The firm has also a large stock of Spring jackets.

The dress goods department is also well stocked with an extensive assortment of goods of all qualities, both plain and colored.

Another large and important department in this firm is that of the tailoring, which was never better stocked or in a more flourishing condition. The stock of tweeds and suitings is complete and one of the finest assortments in the city. They employ a first class cutter. Clothing made to order in the latest style.

Obituary.

HUGH CAMPBELL KENNEDY.

The announcement that Mr. H. C. Kennedy, proprietor of the Morrisburg *Courier*, had departed this life on Wednesday, the 20th inst., will be received with surprise and grief by many friends here, as well as by the writer.

Hugh Campbell Kennedy was the second son of the late James Kennedy, baker, and born nearly fifty years ago. After receiving a good education in the public and high schools, he learned the business of a printer in the INTELLIGENCER office, and after some experience in other places returned to Belleville, and took a position in the post office, which he held for some years. His next step was to assume, in connection with Mr. Walter Scott, the proprietorship of a newspaper in Almonte, but the partnership was not of long duration; and, removing to Morrisburg in 1864, Mr. Kennedy commenced the publication of the *Courier*, which he successfully conducted, first as an independent newspaper and afterwards in the Conservative interest.

Mr. Kennedy's illness had endured for several months, but its fatal termination was not anticipated. He leaves a widow and a numerous family, to whom we tender our sympathy and that of many other friends in Belleville who knew and loved him whose untimely demise has plunged them into the deepest grief.

Belleville's Boom.

The *Mail* speaks thus encouragingly of the effort which is being made to secure the location of manufactories in the city:—"Belleville means to have manufactures, and is going about the task of catching them in no uncertain way. Belleville is 'setting her cap' at manufacturers in earnest. The members of the Board of Trade and the City Council have been laying their heads together with a view to making overtures to the manufacturing interest which ought certainly to result in satisfactory business at an early date. And now we have three citizens coming forward and offering four whole blocks of land in eligible situations entirely free, gratis, and for nothing. As the City Council also offer immunity from taxation for ten years, they will no doubt before long have the pleasure of seeing their public-spirited policy duly rewarded."

Charge of Extortion.

At the sittings of the citation of the First Division Court, held in Shire Hall this morning, Judge Fraleck presiding, two charges of extortion under execution were preferred against George W. Sills, bailiff of the First Division Court of the County of Hastings. In one case it deposed that the defendant, Arnott, had paid Bailiff Sills $3, which he alleged were his fees, whereas the process was returned to the Division Court as "no goods." In the other case, John A. Bowen swore that he paid bailiff Sills one dollar, the said execution being likewise returned "no goods." After hearing the evidence, the Judge reserved his decision until Saturday next. Bailiff Sills stated his intention, we have been informed, of resigning his office as bailiff of the First Division Court.

CROUP, WHOOPING COUGH and Bronchitis immediately relieved by Shiloh's Cure. For sale by D. M. Waters.

—Home Secretary Mathews yesterday announced that the Parnellite counsel would be given the same freedom of access to convicts as has been granted counsel for the *Times*.

SHILOH'S COUGH and Consumption Cure sold by us on a guarantee. It cures consumption. Sold by D. M. Waters.

FOR NETTLE RASH, Summer Heat and general toilet purposes, use Low's Sulphur Soap

Trade of the Dominion.

SPEECH BY HON. ROBERT READ IN THE SENATE.

(From the Official Report.)

TUESDAY, March 12.

(Continued.)

The Liberal party are asking the country to adopt a different policy. The Reciprocity Treaty was repealed in 1866, and since then attempts have been made to negotiate a new treaty between the two countries. In 1874 Mr. Brown was sent to Washington to attempt to arrive at a basis of settlement for a new treaty. Now, what did he offer? There were three schedules in his offer—the natural products of the country is one schedule, agricultural implements of every description is another schedule, and the third schedule consists of manufactures of almost every thing that was supposed to be made in this country and the United States. Our fisheries were to be made free. The offer was for an interchange between the two countries of all these things free. There was a sliding scale for a year or two, but he offered for twenty-one years a free interchange of all these commodities between the two countries.

It embraced everything that they were making or supposed to make. What else did he offer? He offered that Canada should build a canal from Caughnawaga to Lake Champlain at her own cost; that we were to deepen the canals from Lake Erie to Lake Champlain to 12 feet of water, with locks 270 feet long and 45 feet wide, and these were to be free between the two countries. Was it nothing for us to build a canal from Caughnawaga to Lake Champlain to carry trade through to New York? Then he offered free coasting privileges between the two countries, as well as free fishing. This treaty was extended for a period of twenty-one years. We were to have the use of the Sault Ste. Marie Canal free, and the canal at Detroit River was to be common to both countries. That, I think was a pretty liberal offer. We have been knocking at the door of the American Government until they got sick of our knocking, and they have at last told us in plain terms under what condition we can enter. I hold them in my hand as taken from the *Congressional Record* of 2nd March, 1889, and with the permission of the House I shall read them:—

COMMERCIAL UNION WITH CANADA.

Mr. Anderson, of Iowa (when his name was called). I ask unanimous consent for the present consideration of the joint resolution (H. Res. 129) to promote commercial union with Canada.

"The joint resolution was read, as follows:—

"*Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States, etc.*, That whenever it shall be duly certified to the President of the United States that the Government of the Dominion of Canada has declared a desire to establish commercial union with the United States, having a uniform revenue system, like internal taxes to be collected and like import duties to be imposed on articles brought into either country from other nations, with no duties upon trade between the United States and Canada, he shall appoint three commissioners to meet those who may be likewise designated to represent the Government of Canada, to prepare a plan for the assimilation of the import duties and internal revenue taxes of the two countries, and an equitable division of receipts, in a commercial union; and said commissioners shall report to the President, who shall lay the report before Congress.

"There being no objection, the House proceeded to the consideration of the joint resolution.

The Speaker *pro tempore* (Mr. Springer). The question is on ordering this joint resolution to be engrossed and read a third time.

"Mr. Bland. This resolution is up for consideration, I believe.

"The Speaker *pro tempore*. It is.

"Mr. Bland. I think we had better have the report read or some explanation made. This is a very important matter.

"The Speaker *pro tempore*. The Clerk will read the report of the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

"The Clerk proceeded to read the report (by Mr. Hitt), which is as follows:—

"Our commercial relations with Canada have recently awakened a deeper interest and received a more thorough discussion than ever before, on both sides of the border. The tendency of public opinion is plainly towards the enlargement of trade between the two countries. In Canada the movement has advanced from what was a few years ago an effort for partial reciprocity to a wide expression in favor of unrestricted intercourse and commercial union. The evidence of this fact is abundant.

The Right Honorable Joseph Chamberlain, High Commissioner from Her Majesty's Government, is reported to have recently stated in a speech:

"'The arrangement between the colonies and Great Britain is essentially a temporary one. It cannot remain as it is. * * * Already you have in Canada, the greatest of all the colonies, an agitation for what is called commercial union with the United States. Commercial union with the United States means unrestricted trade between the United States and the Dominion of Canada, and a protective tariff against the mother country. If Canada desires that, Canada can have it.'

"And speaking of the relation of Canada to the United States and Great Britain on a subsequent occasion, the right honorable gentleman further said that:

"'Commercial union with the United States meant that Canada was to give preference to every article of manufacture from the United States over manufactures from Great Britain. If the people of Canada desired an arrangement of that kind he did not doubt that they would be able to secure it.'

"Within a few weeks a conference was held at Quebec of all the Prime Ministers of all the Provinces constituting the Dominion of Canada, and after a very full exchange of views these representatives of the Executive powers of all portions of the Dominion unanimously adopted the following declaration:

"'This conference, comprising all political parties, is of the opinion that a fair measure, provided under proper conditions, for unrestricted trade relations between the United States and the Dominion of Canada, would be of advantage to all the Provinces of the Dominion, and would, in connection with an adjustment of the fishery dispute, tend to happily settle the grave difficulties which have from time to time arisen between Great Britain and the United States.'

"The chambers of commerce and boards of trade of the leading cities of Canada, and more than fifty farmers' institutes and conventions, have adopted resolutions declaring in favor of commercial union or unrestricted trade between the two countries.

"The answer made by their opponents and those more attached to English trade and English rule has been that the United States has given no indication that it would receive or even consider any proposal, however friendly in spirit or however favorable to us in its terms it might be.

"The joint resolution now submitted does not contemplate any action on our part at present; but whenever the Dominion of Canada shall have declared a desire for commercial union, with a common tariff, like internal revenue taxes, like duties on articles imported into either country from abroad, and no duties on trade between the United States and Canada, then the President is authorized to appoint three commissioners to meet those who may be designated to represent Canada, in order to prepare a plan for commercial union, by assimilating the tariffs and internal revenue taxes of the two countries, now not very widely different, and an equitable method of dividing the receipts, which they shall report to the President, who shall lay it before Congress. The whole subject of our relations with Canada is kept under the control of Congress.

(To be continued.)

MINISTERS, LAWYERS, TEACHERS, and others whose occupation give but little exercise, should use Carter's Little Liver Pills for torpid liver and biliousness. One is a dose. Try them.

Correspondence.

Whilst correspondents will be accorded space for the expression of their ideas on topics of public interest, it must be in all cases understood that the views so expressed are simply those of the correspondents themselves.

To the Editor of the Intelligencer.

SIR,—I do not intend taking part in the controversy between Messrs. N. Vermilyea and H'y Hudson, but as Mr. V. has frequently referred to James Hudson's vote on my property, I feel that I am in duty bound, in justice to myself, to give the facts as I understand them to the people, and let them judge for themselves in the matter, whether I have been guilty of placing a bogus vote on the list, at the same time representing it to be genuine.

When the assessors came to my place, I requested that James Hudson should be assessed as joint owner with myself. Mr. E. P. Brintnell, who was one of the assessors, asked me if he (James Hudson) owned any of my property. I distinctly told him he did not. Mr. Brintnell then asked, Why do you want him assessed as part owner? I replied, "That he might have a vote in Thurlow, as so many bogus votes were being made on the west side of the Township, that we had to do something in the east or the township would upset." I have proof for the above, as others were present and heard the conversation. In 1882 (I think it was) I was subpœnaed to the Judge's court in Canifton and gave evidence in accordance with the facts as above stated, and James Hudson's name was struck off the list. During the years he was on the voters' list he, so far as I can learn, only voted once in Thurlow and then it was at the request of Mr. Wm McCready, a brother of James McCready, to vote for James McCready. Now, Mr. Editor, instead of my going to the Judge's court and swearing to the facts I might have adopted another plan so much in vogue I believe in the Township of Thurlow then, viz, giving him a deed of part of my property, sending him to the Court of Revision, letting him swear in his vote, then return the deed to me, and in the opinion of all honest men come home a perjured man. *But not being an adept in conveyancing, and having no blank forms in my house I did not do it.* Had I adopted the above plan James Hudson's vote would have been just as good as a number who obtained votes in Thurlow in the same manner. If Mr. V. in his letter to the INTELLIGENCER of the 14th, when he says of (H. Hudson) or perhaps Charles—instead of charging falsehood repeatedly, means that I wrote the letters signed H. Hudson, he stands in the position of a man who has the malice to insinuate what he has not the courage to assert, but for his benefit I will inform him that I neither wrote nor dictated one word or sentence in any of the letters signed by H. Hudson, as H. Hudson is quite capable of taking care of himself, and anything I have to say I am neither ashamed nor afraid to say over my own signature.

Yours, etc.,
CHAS. HUDSON, JR.

To the Editor of the Intelligencer.

DEAR SIR,—It is often that we are reminded of the fact that a town or city bears the imprint and distinctive marks which characterize its professional and business men. This certainly could not be more conclusively illustrated or proven than in the case of our own city. The hesitation and want of decision manifested when any movement is on foot; the petty jealousy and envy shown by certain ones if any measure is brought forward not emanating from themselves; the disposition to critic so severely and question the motive of any who take the initiative in a progressive step; these are all features that have been remarked not alone by our own citizens, but by strangers. These thoughts have been suggested after reading your report and learning from one who was present, the proceedings of the joint Committee of the City Council and Board of Trade.

That a committee of our aldermen, with prominent business and professional men, appointed for a definite purpose, should occupy a whole evening and arrive at midnight without reaching any more distinctly outlined course of action to recommend to the City Council than that indicated by the two resolutions, is most unpromising for the future. The enthusiastic and pronounced feeling of the meeting that appointed the committee seemed to be guarantee that something would be done to give life to the stove works, now inactive, or induce some new industries to locate in our city, but the same chilling influences are at work and seem likely to paralyze this movement. The apparently excellent suggestions made by Mr. Thos. Wills, Mr. Henry Pringle, Mr. W. N. Ponton and others were each met with objections that, in the minds of these Jeremiahs and Solons, were insurmountable.

The statement made by one of the gentlemen above named, that if some action is not taken to secure manufactories in our city there will be a steady decrease in our population, is a fact apparent to every person who has given this matter consideration.

If this committee has not courage or character to act, let them ask for a public meeting and give an opportunity for an expression of the feeling of those interested in this matter.

A PROPERTY OWNER.

Presbytery of Kingston.

This body met in Kingston on Monday, Rev. Mr. Young read the following: "That, in agreeing to the transfer of the Rev'd D. Kelso from the congregations of Roslin and Hinton, the Presbytery hereby record their esteem for him as a faithful minister of the Gospel, as a member of the court, and in connection with its work within the bounds; and their earnest prayer to the God of all grace that the blessing of Christ and His Spirit may abundantly rest on Mr. Kelso in the sphere of labor in which he is now settled in Wallacetown."

The delegates to the general assembly appointed were: Revs. Messrs. James Grey, E. B. Millard, John Gallaher and J. H. George, appointed by rotation; and Principal Grant, the clerk, Dr. Mowat and Rev. Mr. MacLean by ballot. The elders chosen were: Messrs. Northrup, A. Urquhart, D. Nicol, John Duff, W. B. Craig, G. Gillies, and Professor Ross.

A resolution was passed asking for the vetoing of the Jesuit bill.

—The anti-tithe riots have been renewed in Wales.

—There was considerable activity in provisions yesterday on the Chicago Board of Trade, and prices rose 25c. to 30c. Lard advanced 5c. to 7½c.

A WISE CONCLUSION.

Years ago we decided that we would handle only such goods as we could recommend to our customers as good value for the money. The result is we have established a reputation for selling the best wearing Boots and Shoes in the locality, and our trade has increased while others have decreased. Our new Spring Stock has again been selected with the same care.

HAINES & LOCKETT.

EMBROIDERIES !-----

We have by far the largest stock of Embroideries in this city. We show them at prices ranging from 2c. to $5.50 per yard 240 patterns to choose from.

J. HENNESSY.

☞ No such goods shown by any other store in town.

Ontario Assembly.

NOTES BY A MEMBER OF THE PRESS GALLERY.

(From a Correspondent.)

PRESS GALLERY, ONTARIO LEGISLATURE.
MARCH 20th, 1889.

Yesterday's sessions were marked by the absence of more members than is usual when an important debate is on. But then it was not known that Mr. Craig would spring the French question again on the House, and his action in doing so was probably intended more for effect, than from any hope that his arraignment of the Government on its Educational policy would be successful in result.

Speaking of Mr. Craig, the member from East Durham, reminds me of a good story told about him in connection with Mr. Awrey, of Wentworth, and the funny man from Kingston—Mr. Metcalfe. It is not a well-know fact that Mr. Metcalfe sports a glass eye, and as this eye so closely resembles his natural eye, even a close observer would fail to note it. These three gentlemen, so the story runs, were touring in the North-West. Mr. Metcalfe bought an old nag of a horse worth about $40, and was rash enough to back it to the extent of of $100 against a local trotter. He lost his money and paid it like a man, but insisted on the winner treating the crowd. This he wouldn't do, but after some conversation and bluff, Mr. Metcalfe offered to bet his plug against the trotter, that he could take a 10 cent piece from behind his left eye. After a pretty straight look at "Met" the sport took him up, and Mr. Metcalfe casually remarked that he was accustomed to meeting just such fools all over the country, and took out his glass eye without any gusto, and showed a 10 cent piece inside. As he didn't want the trotter Mr. Metcalfe agreed to "saw off" if the sport would treat, and when the party got through with the oysters and champagne, the bill was just $49.

You will notice in your regular report of the Legislature, yesterday's business, and also to-day's, the House has settled down to work at last, but they won't get through this week.

WHAT'S IN IT?

A Very Secretive Railway Deputation Visit the Ambitious City.

HAMILTON, March 20.—The Spectator this evening says: At the Royal Hotel this morning these names were registered by four wealthy-looking strangers: E. A. C. Pew, Toronto; E. John Miller, New York; F. C. Helm, Toronto, and C. H. Ritchie, Toronto. The gentlemen waited upon Mayor Doran this morning and arranged for an interview on railway business at 2 o'clock, but they did not enlighten His Worship as to the nature of their business, nor did they enlighten anybody else. Shortly after ex-Mayor Henry and Mr. Elliott of Brantford arrived in the city, having been asked to come here to meet the strangers. About noon Mayor Doran was called away to Toronto by a telegram from Hon. J. M. Gibson, and he left Major Moore as his deputy.

A reporter saw Mr. Pew this afternoon, but he was not very talkative. "All I can say is that we don't represent the Niagara Central nor the South Ontario Pacific company," said Mr. Pew. "We have some idea of running a line from the Niagara River to connect Hamilton with the eastern system of United States roads. We are just here looking around and to have a talk with Brantford and Hamilton railway men, but there is nothing definite yet to be given to the public."

The other members of the deputation were equally uncommunicative and referred everything to Mr. Pew. It was learned that "F. C. Helm, Toronto," is a well known Chicago capitalist, who owns all the elevators on the line of the Central Pacific and is presumably the financial vertebræ of the new scheme. Mr. Pew is also well known in railway circles as an organizer of roads, having had considerable experience in the Northwest.

Mr. Henry and Mr. Elliott are the principal owners of a road now under construction, known as the Brantford, Waterford and Lake Erie Road. It is to connect Brantford with the Canada Southern Railway, and the charter extends to within nine miles of Toronto, via either Hamilton or Dundas. The Brantford gentlemen were equally ignorant of the project which Mr. Pew et al. have under way, and said they had merely come to Hamilton to have a conference with them.

Ambitious City Notes.

HAMILTON, March 20.—John Dickenson was to-day elected secretary-treasurer of the South Wentworth Agricultural Society and C. R. Davis was chosen secretary of the Central Fair Board, both offices having been made vacant by the death of the late Jonathan Davis.

At the Police Court to-day Susan Knoll charged John E. Harris with obtaining $8.50 from the Grand United Order of Oddfellows by fraud. The case was adjourned until to-morrow.

Last night about 11.30 Levi Potruff of 7 Wood-street east died very suddenly of apoplexy or heart disease. He had retired for the night, but, feeling unwell, got up to get a drink. He fell unconscious, and before a doctor arrived was dead. The deceased was about 40 years of age, and leaves a wife and several children.

About 150 or 200 men gathered at the City Hall to-day to try to get tickets for work on the brick sewer to be built in York-street from Inchbury to Queen. Twenty men were started on the job yesterday and 40 more were given tickets this morning, leaving more than 100 men anxious but unable to get work.

CONSUMPTION CURED.

An old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrah, Asthma and all Throat and Lung Affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Complaints, after having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive and a desire to relieve human suffering, I will send free of charge, to all who desire it, this receipt, in German, French or English, with full directions for preparing and using. Sent by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper. W. A. NOYES, *149 Power Block, Rochester, N. Y.*

—Wolves attacked the horse of Rathbun's agent, Mr. J. Dourley, Rouffe Franc, Ont., on Saturday, and drove it to the station, while Dourley and a companion were inspecting some logs. The fur coat of one of the men, pulled out of the cutter, was partially devoured by the wolves.

At FISH'S.

New Kid Gloves,
New Neckwear,
New Regatta Shirts,
New White Shirts,
New Spring Shirting
IN STOCK TO-DAY.

A. E. FISH & CO.,
The noted Shirt Makers and Gents' Furnishers, 260 Front St.

REFINED CAMPHOR

Fresh from the Manufacturers, just received by

L. W. YEOMANS & CO.

CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES

—AT THE—

City Book Store.

New Stock just received, in all the latest styles of leading American and Canadian manufacturers.

Largest assortment in the city to select from. No old goods carried over. All Carriages this year's make.

Prices extremely low.

☞ Study your best interests by examining our stock.

C. B. SCANTLEBURY

$4.00 PER MONTH will rent a comfortable house in a good situation.

$7.00 PER MONTH will rent a good brick house.

$10.00 PER MONTH will rent a large brick house with a good stable, and within two minutes' walk of Front Street.

FOR SALE.—A comfortable residence, with a good garden, and a quiet street.
For further particulars apply to

J. L. BIGGAR.

OFFICE TO LET.

FIRST CLASS Office and Shop Room to let for a term of years. Apply at this office.

THE BELLEVILLE WATER WORKS CO.

Feather Dusters

A full assortment of American Split Turkey Feather Dusters.

-F. CHARLES CLARKE,-
CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST.
Telephone 138. Front Street.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R. Temp[illegible]

WINTER SERVICE.

---ALLAN LINE---

Steamships	Fr. Portland	Fr. Halifax
Polynesian	21 Feb	23 Feb.
Sardinian	7 Mar.	9 Mar.
Circassian	21 "	23 "
Parisian	4 April	6 April
Polynesian	18 "	20 "
Sardinian	2 May	4 May

Circassian from Quebec May 10th.

The steamers from Portland via Halifax call at Londonderry on their passage to and from Liverpool, to embark and land mails and passengers.

The steamers from Halifax via St. Johns, Nfd., call at Queenstown on their passages to and from Britain.

Steamers leave Portland on arrival of train leaving Belleville Wednesday noon, and Halifax on arrival of train leaving Belleville Thursday noon.

Passengers proceeding by steamers calling at St. Johns, Nfd., will leave Belleville on Friday noon train.

RATES OF OCEAN PASSAGE:

Cabin, $50.00, $65.00 and $75.00 according to accommodation. Intermediate, $30.00. Steerage, $20.00. Return Tickets, Cabin, $100, $125.00, $150.00. Intermediate, $60.00. Steerage $40.00.

Steerage passangers are booked to and from Queenstown, Derry, Belfast, London and Glasgow at same rates as Liverpool.

Intermediate passangers are forwarded to and from Glasgow and Liverpool by rail without extra charge.

CABIN PASSENGERS

are supplied with a very liberal table, and everything necessary except wines and liquors, which can be had on board at moderate prices.

Each passenger is allowed twenty cubic feet of baggage free.

THE INTERMEDIATE.

Superior accommodation is offered in the INTERMEDIATE, which in every respect is equal to what is called Second Cabin in some lines sailing from New York.

The Intermediate Cabins on all our ships are well situated, perfectly ventilated and are entirely distinct from the Steerage. Steward and Stewardesses to each vessel. Passengers in the Intermediate are found with everything.

THE STEERAGES

are large and exceedingly well lighted and ventilated, are fitted up in rooms, each passanger having a seperate sleeping berth. A Stewardess s appointed to each steamer.

For tickets and all information apply to

U. E. THOMPSON,
General Ticket Agent,
Bridge St. Belleville.

Burdock BLOOD BITTERS

WILL CURE OR RELIEVE

BILIOUSNESS,	DIZZINESS,
DYSPEPSIA,	DROPSY,
INDIGESTION,	FLUTTERING OF THE HEART,
JAUNDICE,	
ERYSIPELAS,	ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH,
SALT RHEUM,	
HEARTBURN,	DRYNESS
HEADACHE,	OF THE SKIN,

And every species of diseases arising from disordered LIVER, KIDNEYS, STOMACH, BOWELS OR BLOOD.

T. MILBURN & CO., Proprietors, Toronto

Manufacturers Life & Accident INSURANCE COMPANIES.

Combined authorized capital	$3,000,000
Combined subscribed capital	739,700
Combined cash capital	150,760
Combined insurance received (1888)	9,575,525

President—Sir John A. Macdonald.

Vice Presidents { Geo. Gooderham, Esq., William Bell, Esq.

Secretary and Treasurer—J. L. Kerr, Esq.

Managers for Eastern Ontario, Peterboro—Wilson & Morrison.

R. CROFT HULME
Agent, Belleville.

☞ Agents wanted.

This Company wrote the largest amount of new business of any company in Canada in 1888. It has the largest capital and the strongest Board of Directors of any company in the Dominion.

ARMBRECHT'S

TONIC COCA WINE

FOR
FATIGUE
OF MIND AND BODY
AND SLEEPLESSNESS.

"Experience and scientific analysis reveal to us in Coca the most tonic plant in the Vegetable Kingdom."—*Manuel Fuentes.*

"It (Coca) is, in a word, the most powerful restorer of the vital forces."—*Dr Schwalk.*

ARMBRECHT'S COCA WINE, though more tonic in its properties than Iron or Quinine,

NEVER CONSTIPATES.

See Medical Reviews. For sale by leading druggists throughout the world.

ARMBRECHT, NELSON & CO.
2 Duke St., Grosvenor Sq., LONDON.

Pond - Lily - Cream.

A delightful Toilet article. Not a face paint or powder; does not cover over but cures. Used in connection with Pond Lily Liver Pellets and Pond Lily Soap most effectually and positively removes Pimples, Freckles, Tan, Black Specks, Blotches, allays all irritation after shaving, or any itchiness of the skin from whatever cause and all roughness from the face, hands, neck and arms, leaving them beautifully white and velvety. Sold by wholesale dealers and druggists everywhere. Pond Lily Cream, 25 cents; Pond Lily Liver Pellets, 25 cents; Pond Lily Skin Soap, 15 cents. S. PERRIN, Chemist, Manufacturer and Proprietor for Canada.

PILES! PILES! PILES!

Dr. William's Indian Pile Ointment is a sure cure for Blind, Bleeding or Itching Piles. No one need suffer. Prepared for Piles only. It never fails to cure. Sold by druggists for $1.00, or mailed on receipt of price. WILLIAMS M'F'G Co., Cleveland, Ohio.

Important to Workingmen.

Artizans, mechanics and laboring men are liable to sudden accidents and injuries, as well as painful cords, stiff joints and lameness. To all thus troubled we would recommend Hagyard's Yellow Oil, the handy and reliable pain cure for outward or internal use.

Give Them a Chance?

That is to say, your lungs. Also all your breathing machinery. Very wonderful machinery it is. Not only the larger airpassages, but the thousands of little tubes and cavities leading from them.

When these are clogged and choked with matter which ought not to be there, your lungs cannot half do their work. And what they do they cannot do well.

Call it cold, cough, croup, pneumonia, catarrah, consumption or any of the family of throat and nose and lung obstructions, all are bad. All ought to be got rid of. There is just one sure way to get rid of them. That is to take Boschee's German Syrup, which any druggist will sell you at 75 cents a bottle. Even if everything else has failed you, you may depend upon this for certain.

A Feeble Failure.

Many persons become feeble and fail in health and disease of the blood, liver, kidneys and stomach when prompt use of Burdock Blood Bitters, the grand purifying and regulating tonic, would quickly regulate every bodily function and restore to perfect health.

FEVER AND AGUE AND BILIOUS DERANGEMENTS are positively cured by the use of Parmelee's Pills. They not only cleanse the stomach and bowels from all bilious matter, but they open the excretory vessels, causing them to pour copious effusions from the blood into the bowels, after which the corrupted mass is thrown out by the natural passage of the body. They are used as a general family medicine with the best results.

To lessen mortality and stop the inroads of disease, use Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and Dyspeptic Cure. For all diseases arising from Impure Blood, such as Pimples, Biotches, Biliousness, Indigestion, etc., etc., it has no equal. Mrs. Thomas Smith, Elm, writes: "I am using this medicine for Dyspepsia; I have tried many remedies, but this is the only one that has done me any good."

ADVICE TO MOTHERS. — MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP should always be used when children are cutting teeth. It relieves the little sufferer at once; it produces natural, quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakens as "bright as a button." It is very pleasant to taste. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP," and take no other kind. 3d&wly

Nothing so suddenly obstructs the perspiration as suddent transitions from heat to cold. Heat rarifies the blood, quickens the circulation and increases the perspiration, but when these are suddenly checked the consequences must be bad. The most common cause of disease is obstructed perspiration, or what commonly goes by the name of catching cold. Coughs, colds, sore throat, etc, if attended to in time are easily subdued, but allowed to run their own course, generally prove the fore-runner of more dangerous diseases. Nine-tenths of the consumptives date their affliction from a neglected cold, and the diseases that are caused by wet feet, damp clothes, or exposure are more numerous than are generally supposed. One of the most efficacious medicines for all diseases of the throat and lungs is Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup. It promotes a free and easy expectoration, which frees the lungs from viscid phlegm by changing the secretions from a diseased to a healthy stat

Rest and Comfort to the Suffering.

"Brown's Household Panacea' has no equal for relieving pain, both internal and external. It cures Pain in the Side, Back or Bowels, Sore Throat, Rheumatism, Toothache, Lumbago and any kind of a Pain or Ache. "It will most surely quicken the Blood and Heal, as its acting power is wonderful." "Brown's Household Panacea," being acknowledged as the great Pain Reliever, and of double the strength of any other Elixir or Liniment in the world, should be in every family handy for use when wanted, "as it really is the best remedy in the world for Cramps in the Stomach, and Pains and Aches of all kinds,' and is for sale by all Druggists at 25 cts a bottle.

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, Station D, New York City.

DUNN'S BAKING POWDER

THE COOK'S BEST FRIEND

EXHAUSTED VITALITY.

THE SCIENCE OF LIFE, the great Medical Work of the age on Manhood, Nervous and Physical Debility, Premature Decline, Errors of Youth, and the untold miseries consequent thereon, 360 pages 8 vo., 125 prescriptions for all diseases. Cloth, full gilt, only $1, by mail, sealed. Illustrative sample free to all young and middle aged men. Send now. The Gold and Jewelled Medal awarded to the author by the National Medical Association. Address P. O. Box 1895, Boston, Mass., or Dr. W. H. PARKER, graduate of Harvard Medical College, 25 years' practice in Boston, who may be consulted confidentially. Specialty, Diseases of Men. Office, No. 4, Bulfinch Street.

NERVOUS DEBILITY.

NERVOUS DEBILITY, EXHAUSTING, Vital Drains (caused by early indiscretions), effectually cured. Syphilitic affections and all bad blood and skin diseases arising there from thoroughly eradicated. Varicocele cured without operation. Impotence, or premature decline of the manly powers, and all diseases of the genito-urinary organs a specialty. It makes no difference who has failed to cure you. Skill and experience important. A friendly letter or call may save you a great deal of misery and add years to your life. Consultation FREE. Medicines sent to any addres. DR. REEVE, 337 Jarvis St., Toronto. 59d&wly

Lake Winnipeg White Fish
Salmon Trout,
Salt Water Salmon,
Finnan Haddies,
Boneless Codfish,
Roll Butter,
Fresh Eggs,
Sugar Syrups.

A. KNOX.

VETERINARY.

T. PURVIS, Veterinary Surgeon, Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College, Toronto, Member of Ontario Vet. Society. Office, rooms formerly occupied by Dr. Douglas, Front St.

References—J. P. Wiser & Son, and Ed. Rooney, Prescott. 263d&wtf

Wood! Wood!

I AM now selling at the West Belleville Central Wood Yard all kinds of Hard and mixed wood, cut and uncut, which I will deliver to any part of the city. Remember the place, the West Belleville Central Wood Yard, just a few steps from the Foot Bridge.

EDWARD NEWMAN.

Railway Time Tables.

Grand Trunk Railway.

Trains arrive at and depart from Belleville Station as follows:

GOING EAST.	Arrive.	Leave.
No. 1 Mail	12.25 p. m.	12.30 p. m.
No. 3 Mail Fast	12.45 a. m.	12.50 a. m.
No. 11 Mixed	8.05 p. m.	8.15 p. m.
No. 13 do		7.00 a. m.

GOING WEST.	Arrive.	Leave.
No. 2 Mail	5.50 p. m.	5.55 p. m
No. 4 do	4.00 a. m.	4.05 a. m.
No. 6 do Fast	6.55 a. m.	7.00 a. m.
No. 14 Mixed	11.00 a. m.	11.55 a. m.
No. 16 do	11.10 p. m.	

MIDLAND RAILWAY.
GRAND JUNCTION DIVISION.

Going West. (Leave.)

Mail	5:45 a. m.
Mixed	4:30 p. m

Going East. (Arrive.)

Mail	4:30 p. m.
Mixed	11 5J a. m

MADOC DIVISION.

Going North. (Leave.)

Mixed	12.25 p. m
Mixed	4:30 p. m.

Going South. (Arrive.)

Mixed	9:00 a. m.
Mixed	4 30 p. m.

CENTRAL ONTARIO RAILWAY.
PICTON DIVISION.

Leave G.T.R. Jct	7:20 a.m.	12:50 p.m.
Arrive Picton	8:44 "	2:59 "
Leave Picton	9:05 "	3:45 "
Arrive G.T.R. Jct	10:30 "	5:25 "

COE HILL DIVISION.

Train for Coe Hill 9:35 a m, 12:30 p m; Trenton Junction 15m later; Mid. Ry. J'ct. 10:28 a m, 3:23 p m; C. P. R J'ct. 11 a m, 4:30 p m; ElDorado 11:45 a m, 5:15 p m. Arr. Coe Hill 1:30 p m, 6:50 p m. Coe Hill for Trenton: 6 a m, 2:20 p m; ElDorado 7:45 a m, 3:47 p m; C. P. R. Jc't 8:40 a m, 4:30 p m; Mid. Ry. J'ct. 9:15 a m, 4:57 p m; G. T. J'ct. 9:50 a m, 5:30 p m; arr. Trenton 10:05 a m, 5:42 p m

Daily Intelligencer.

RIGHTED AT LAST.

A STORY OF NEW ENGLAND LIFE.

> A child of our grandmother Eve, a female;
> Or, for thy more sweet understanding, a woman.
> *Love's Labor Lost.*

As soon as she heard I had left Oaklawn, she went down there and had an interview with Mrs. Ellis. She told her all that had been said at the Pines on the evening of the discovery of the certificate, and assured them that I was 'Master Philip's child.' But she had no proof to offer; she could not be made to see that my sudden and secret departure proved me an impostor, and she returned home with a heavier heart than when she left.

A few weeks later, Mr. Sancroft told her that the executors wished to close the house, that the annuity left herself and Mark would be paid them regularly, and she could have a home with his mother as long as she pleased. But she could not serve strangers, least of all them; and Mr. Edward Ellis, the best of them all, had himself brought her to New York—her and old Nep.

'Nep! What did you do with him?'

'Left him at Mr. Spencer's office; I think he wanted him.'

'And Mark?'

'Went to live with his son in H——.'

So the cottage was deserted—shut up. Well, what did it matter? They would have the wealth, I the love of an old woman and a dog; but I felt rich and glad.

I explained my errand, and learned that her niece was suffering from a low fever, brought on by overwork and exposure. She was better, and would be proud that the family at Highcliff remembered her, though, thank Heaven, through Mr. Rothsay's kindness, she herself could make them comfortable now.

I saw the girl Jenny, a rosy-cheeked lass of twelve; but the boy had gone to New York with his uncle, who had just returned from a long voyage.

I had brought a basket containing things likely to tempt the appetite of an invalid; and, when Mrs. Joyce awoke, I went in to see her, and assured her of Miss Annesley's sympathy. She seemed much pleased and thanked me warmly for coming.

Leaving Jenny with her mother, sending Jim (whom I found on his hands and knees, by the spring beneath the poplars, watching for frogs) ahead, Alice and I walked down the hill. She kept on until she could see the chimneys and gables of Highcliff house, when she stoped and said, with a sigh:

'Many a time have I been there with the children, in the old days, and am glad to know that you are there now, though it's little I ever thought that Master Philip's child would live there as a—'

'Servant!' I said, seeing her hesitate, 'but, as you say, I am glad to be there—twice glad, now I know you are here. I shall come up here often; but, remember, I am Miss Lina—Lina Ray, now.'

'Have you given up the name? They said you had kept it.'

Only for the present. As soon as I have earned money enough, I am going West, to find, if possible, the proof of my right to bear it.'

'Go now! Take my money! Indeed, we can do without it—we need so little here.'

'No, Alice, at least not now; but if ever I do need help, be sure I shall come to you;' and, kissing her cheek, I said 'Good-by,' and ran down the hill.

I soon overtook my guide, and, gladdened by this meeting with old Alice, and invigorated by my day among the hills, I ran races with the boy across the open fields, and enjoyed them, too, with a zest which the Oaklawn teacher would hardly have thought possible six months before.

'I am over the cliff, Jim; I want to see the sunset,' I said, as we drew near home.

'Then I'm going, too, and I know who'll get to the bridge first.'

He passed me like an arrow, while I followed leisurely, in time to see him stumble when within a few feet of the bridge, and fall headlong. Thinking he might be hurt, I ran forward, but sprang back at the fierce growl of a large dog that came bounding over the rocks. I called to the boy to know if he was hurt, but he was already on his feet, and, running to my side, pointed to the bridge, saying:

'See, miss!—it's master, Mr. Ralph.'

A rapid glance showed me that he was right, but I had no time to look, for, at the sound of my voice, the dog, who had planted himself at the end of the plank, as if to prevent us from trespassing an his master's privacy, sprang forward, and came fawning around me, uttering low cries of joyful recognition. It was Neptune—old Nep, of the Pines, and with difficulty I repressed the answering cry of delight that rose to my lips. As it was, I could not afford, save by a mute caress, or some softly-uttered words, to recognize even the love of my uncle's dog, for fear it might betray me. Mistaking, as his words indicated, the cause of my delay, the gentleman came across the plank, saying:

'Down, Nep, down!—The dog will not harm you. Is the lad much hurt?'

'Not a bit, sir,' spoke up, Jim. 'We were running races, Miss Lina and me.'

'Indeed! I was not aware that young ladies of the present day practised such classical feats. The dog's instincts are keener, for he seems to appreciate an accomplishment so much in his own line, and desires to make friends.—Down, sir, I say!'

I scarcely knew whether the smile and tone were intended to be complimentary or sarcastic, and I said bluntly, as I moved toward the bridge:

'I thanked him, for neither a dog's friendship nor lightness of foot is to be despised, to my thinking.'

'Very true,' he replied with a quick glance at my face; then he moved on by my side, adding, by way of explanation: 'This old plank looks hardly safe, even for one who runs races. Let me go first and try it with my heavier foot.'

He stalked across the worm-eaten plank, as if it were a matter of indifference whether it held together or not, and satisfying himself, by a glance, that Jim and I had followed, ascended the rocks in the direction of the tower. Presently he paused, and stood looking over the wide landscape, apparently forgetful of our proximity, though we were obliged to pass very near him, to gain the narrow foot-path which led to the wood below, old Nep running on before, and the lad expatiating on the necessity of bridging the ravine 'with a first rate, new plank,' when the gentleman turned suddenly and asked:

'Who is your father, my lad?'

'Why, Peter Brown, Mr. Annesley! Didn't you know me, sir! I know'd you in a minit. I'm Jim, sir.'

'Ay, I see now, and—' He paused, but his glance had caught the boy's eye, and, child like, proud of having any thing to tell, he went on:

'This is Miss Lina, sir. She came up with Miss Annesley, and reads to her, and helps us make garden and goes with me to salt the sheep and bring the cows, and'

'Runs races,' interrupted the master, slightly lifting his hat at this introduction. 'Miss Annesley is fortunate in possessing such a friend.'

'You mistake, sir. I am only Miss Annesley's hired companion.'

'Ay, I forgot; a pleasant walk to you,' and with a grave bow I ascended the steps that led to the tower; and I hurried home, musing upon his sudden appearance, and what it might portend to me.

'He has come!' said Miss Annesley, whom I met in the hall in a flutter of excitement—'Cousin Ralph, Miss Ray. It is only for a few days, he says, but what a pity the Lloyds are not here! He will find it so lonesome.'

(To be continued).

A Life of Ease.

Miss Lizzie Ratcliff, writing from Falkirk, Ont., says: "I had such a cough I could not sleep and was fast going into consumption; I tried everything I could hear of without relief, but when I got Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam I soon got ease. It is the best medicine I ever tried." Lizzie Ratcliff, Falkirk, Ont.

The Loss of the Hair

Is a great misfortune and the sight of a bald head should be a warning to you to take the best possible care of your hair. A little of Dr. Dorenwend's "Hair Magic" used occasionally will prevent all chances of its falling out or turning gray, and will remove all traces of dandruff. Every druggist has it in stock. Ask for it.

Try to Benefit Others.

"I had a very bad pain in my side, of which one bottle of Hagyard's Yellow Oil made a complete cure. I hope that this may be of some benefit to those who read it." A. R. T. Walker, 44½ High St. City. Hagyard's Yellow Oil is a specific for all inflammatory pain.

THAT HACKING COUGH can be so quickly cured by Shiloh's Cure. We guarantee it. For sale by D. M. Waters.

AN INACTIVE or Torpid Liver must be aroused and all bad bile removed. Burdock Pills are best for old or young.

DYSPEPSIA IN ITS WORST FORMS will yield to the use of Carter's Little Nerve Pills, aided by Carter's Little Liver Pills. They not only relieve present distress but strengthen the stomach and digestive apparatus.

RUPTURE

The last 25 years I have adjusted more Trusses than any man in America. Valuable Patents, my own invention, in Trusses, Spinal and Club Feet Instruments. **Rupture**—I will guarantee to hold largest Rupture without touching your hip, no straps whatsoever, waterproof. Largest stock of general Trusses, also the great Cluthe Spiral Trusses in stock. Reliable system for ORDERING BY MAIL. **Spinal Instruments** half the weight of other makes and more effective. **CLUB FEET** I claim the only mechanical system to straighten born Club Feet (Patented.) I will prove to anybody that operation never did nor can straighten Club Feet. Send 6 cent stamps for Book.

CHAS. CLUTHE, 118 King St. W., Toronto

Economy, Equity, Stability.

Ontario Mutual Life Assurance Co.

(ESTABLISHED 1870.)

DOMINION DEPOSIT - $100,000.

Assurances in force, Jan. 1st, 1889	$12,041,914
New Assurances written in 1888	2,518,650
Cash Income for 1888	393,074
Assets, Dec 31st, 1888	1,313,853
Liabilities, as per Gov't Valuation	1,223,516

SURPLUS, - - $90,337 00.

The New Business for January and February of this year is MUCH GREATER than was ever before written by the Company during the same months, while, with over $12,000,000 on our books, the death losses have been very moderate.

S. BURROWS,
General Agent Ontario Mutual Life Co'y.

S. ROUGHTON, W. E. HOLTON, } Special Agents.

Office, Front Street, next door to Dominion Bank, Belleville.

FARMS FOR SALE.

THE undersigned is instructed to sell on EASY TERMS the following FARMS, situated in the County of Hastings:

TOWNSHIP OF TUDOR.

Lots Nos. 27 and 28, South-west side of Hastings Road, 100 acres.

LIMERICK.

Lots Nos. 53 and 54, 2nd con, east Hastings Road, 100 acres.

MONTEAGLE.

Lot No. 30, 16th con., 101 acres.

WICKLOW.

Lot No. 29, 1st con., 101 acres.

CARLOW.

Lots Nos. 24 and 25, 7th con,, 200 acres. Lots Nos. 24 and 25, 8th con., 200 acres. Lot No 28, 8th con., 100 acres. Lots Nos. 24 and 25, 15th con., 199 acres.

Titles are perfect. Apply to

JAMES BOOTH,
Real Estate Agent, Belleville.

Office corner Pinnacle and Bridge Sts., up stairs.
Feb. 28, '89. d30tw3m

BELLEVILLE POST OFFICE.

MAILS	Close	Due for Delivery.
East per G. T. R., including Maritime Provinces, and Picton	11:45 a. m. 10:00 p. m.	6:00 p. m 7:30 a. m.
West per G. T. R., including Western States, Manitoba and the North-West Territories	5.05 p.m. 10.00 p.m.	1:00 p. m. 7:30 a. m.
East and West, per G. T. R., closes on Sunday at 10 p. m.		
Marysville, Shannonville, per G. T. R.	11:45 a. m.	6:00 p. m
Belleville Station, postage one cent	7.30 a. m. 5.05 p. m.	8.30 a. m. 6.00 p. m.
G'd Junction Ry., main line, including Peterboro', Stirling	10:00 p. m	5:00 p. m.
Madoc, per Grand Junction Ry, including Queensboro, Cooper, Rimington, Bridgewater, and the Flats	11:45 a. m.	5:00 p. m.
Madoc Route, per stage	1:00 p. m.	12:00 noon.
Bancroft, Coe Hill, Marmora and all offices in North Hastings per Trenton and Coe Hill Railway	5 05 p. m. 10:00 p. m.	 :30 a. m.
Bridgewater Route per stage, including Stoco daily	1:00 p. m.	12:00 noon.
Moira, Phillipston, Bogart, on Monday, Wednesday and Friday	1:00 p. m.	12:00 noon.
Fuller, on Tuesday and Friday	1:00 p. m.	12:00 noon.
Wallbridge, on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
Ameliasburg Route, per stage, including Mountain View and Crofton	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
Albury on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
Sidney Crossing, Wednesday and Saturday	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
Bay Side, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
British Mails, via New York, Monday and Thursday	11:45 a. m	
" " via Halifax, Canadian line Thursday	11:45 a. m.	

Postage, 5c. per ½ oz. by each route. Registration fee, 5c.

Money Orders granted on all Money Order offices in Canada, the United Kidgdom, France and Algeria, the United States, Newfoundland, Jamaica, Victoria (Australia), New South South Wales, Queensland, New Zealand Tasinania, Constantinople (Turkey), Gibraltar, Smyrna, Panama (British agency), Austria, Hungary, Belgium, China (See Hong-Kong), Denmark, including Iceland and the Faroe Islands, Danish West Indies, Dutch, East Indies, Egypt, German empire (which includes [illegible] States), Holland, (Netherlands), Italy, Japan, Norway, Portugal, including Madiera and the Azores, Romania, Sweden, Switzerland, British India, including Aden, Bagdad, Bandor, Abas, Bushire, Busrah, Guadur, Jask, Linga, Muscat and Zanzibar, Ceylon, Hong Kong, including Amoy, Canton, Foo Chow, Han Kow Hoi-how. Ningpo Shanghai and Swatow, North Borneo, Strait Settlements, Bermuda, Falkland Islands, South and West Africa, including Cape Colony, Gambia, Gold Coast, Lagos, Mauritius Natal, St. Helena, Seychelles Islands, Sierra, Leone, West Indies including Antigua, Bahama, Barbadoes, British Guiana, Dominica, Grenada, Honduras, (British), Montserrat, Nevis, St. Kitts, St. Lucia, St. Vincent, Tobago, Trinidad, Turk's Islands, South Australia, Western Australia, Azores Islands, Madera Islands.

Deposits received, under the regulations of the Post Office Savings' Bank, between the hours of 9 a. m. and 4 p. m.

Registered Letters must be posted 15 minutes before the close of each mail.

Street letter boxes emptied at 10 a. m. and 8 p. m.

Office hours, 7:30 a. m. to 6:30 p. m., Sundays excepted.

FOREIGN POSTAGE.

Canada having been admitted into the Postal Union, there is a re-arrangement of Postage rates, as follows:—

For Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Iceland, Egypt, France, Algeria, Germany, Gibraltar, Great Britain and Ireland, Greece, Italy, Luxembourg, Malta, Montenegro, Netherlands, Norway, Persia, Portugal, Azores, Roumania, Russia, St. Pierre, Servia, Spain, the Canary Islands, Sweden, Switzerland and Turkey. And via United States:—Bermuda, Bahamas, Cuba, Danish Colonies of St. Thomas, St. John, St. Croix, Jamaica, Japan and Porto Rico (Newfoundland is now in the Postal Union, but rates remain as before.) Letters, 5 cents per ½ oz. Postal cards, 2 cents each. Newspapers, 2 cents for 4 oz. Registration fee, 5 cents.

For Aden, Argentine Confederation, Brazil, British Guinea, Ceylon, Greenland, French Colonies in Asia, Africa, Oceanica and America, except St. Pierre and Miquelon, Persia, Persian Gulf, Portuguese Colonies in Asia, Africa and Oceanica, Trinidad, Spanish Colonies Africa, Oceanica and America, except Cuba and Porto Rico, Straits settlements in Singapor Penang and Malacca:—Letters, 10 cents per ½ oz. Post cards, 4 cents each. Newspapers, cents for 4 oz. Books, &c., 4 cents for 4 oz. Other Registration fees, 10 cents.

West India Islands, via Halifax, same rate as formerly. Prepayment by stamp in all cases.

J. H. MEACHAM
Postmaster.

FANS

Suitable for WEDDINGS and BALLS. A splendid assortment at

J. C. OVERELL'S

FANCY EMPORIUM, BELLEVILLE.

NEW SEASON'S TEAS,
FRESH GROUND COFFEES,
Handsome Presents Given Away

—AT—

STROUD .·. BROS.,

Front Street, Belleville,

and at Montreal, Ottawa, Kingston and Toronto.

California Evaporated Fruits!

NECTARINES,	PEACHES,
APRICOTS,	CHERRIES,
PRUNELLES, PLUMS,	CRYSTALIZED FIGS.

CONGER BROS.

RUBBER STAMPS!

Send your name and address, with 30 cents, to the 'ONTARIO CARD CO.,' Belleville, Ont., and get a Pearl Pen and Pencil Stamp, complete.

HAGYARD'S
YELLOW OIL
CURES RHEUMATISM

FREEMAN'S
WORM POWDERS

Are pleasant to take. Contain their own Purgative. Is a safe, sure and effectual destroyer of worms in Children or Adults.

Montreal. Nov. 21, 1888.

MESSRS. WILLIS & CO., 1,824 NOTRE DAME ST., CITY.

DEAR SIRS.—After having played on the Piano of Messrs. Bell & Co., of Guelph, Ont., it is impossible not to bear testimony to the qualities which have acquired for them the good reputation which they already enjoy. The Pianos of their manufacture are exceedingly remarkable for their qualities of tone. The bass is powerful without harshness, and the upper notes sweet, clear and mellow. The Bell Pianos are unquestionably the best made in Canada, and I act upon my principle and give you to-day an order to furnish one for my own use. Canada is to be congratulated on having produced the Bell Piano.

J. B. LABELLE, Professor of Music
Organist Notre Dame Cathedral.

H. BULL AGENT.
BELLEVILLE.

----NEW----

Sugar Cured Hams, Breakfast Bacon, Finnan Haddies, Boneless Codfish, New Walnuts, New Filberts, S. S. Almonds, Loose Muscatel Raisins, Black Basket Raisins, London Layer Raisins, Buckwheat Flour. Selfraising Buckwheat Flour, Roll Butter, Fresh Eggs

AT A. WALLACE'S.

$72 a week. $12 a day at home easily made. Costly outfit free. Address True & Co., Augusta, Maine.

NEW LINES
—IN—
CAKES and PASTRY.

Angel Cake, Coffee Cake, Queen Victoria, Adelaide, and a great many other varieties.

Florida Oranges, Almeria Grapes and New Figs, just received at

DICKENS.

P. S.—We would respectfully ask all retailers to drop in and see us and the large line of Candies we are offering at wholesale.

DICKENS & SON.

Self-Raising Buckwheat Flour!

A FRESH SUPPLY JUST RECEIVED.

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE,
Grocers and Wine Merchants.
33 & 37 Bridge Street.

Also Front Street, Opp. Ritchie's. }

NEW

Wall Paper!

—AT—

-S. A. LAZIER'S-

ROBERTSON'S BLOCK

October 16th

CALIFORNIA
EVAPORATED
FRUITS

NECTARINES,
APRICOTS,
PEACHES,
PLUMS.

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE
Grocers & Wine Merchants,
33 & 37 Bridge Street.

Also Front St., opp. Ritchie's.

FOR MEN ONLY!

A POSITIVE CURE For LOST or FAILING MANHOOD; General and NERVOUS DEBILITY; Weakness of Body and Mind; Effects of Errors or Excesses in Old or Young. Robust, Noble MANHOOD fully Restored. How to Enlarge and Strengthen WEAK, UNDEVELOPED ORGANS & PARTS of BODY. Absolutely unfailing HOME TREATMENT—Benefits in a day. Men testify from 47 States, Territories, and Foreign Countries. You can write them. Book, full explanation, and proofs mailed (sealed) free. Address ERIE MEDICAL CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

BEFORE BUYING STOVES

Be sure to see our stock. We have in Coal Stoves the

Imperial Jewel,
Fancy Countess,
Art Favorite,
Fire King and others.

Also a great variety of RANGES and COOK STOVES, which we are selling at right prices.

C. F. SMITH & CO.

388, FRONT STREET.

HASTINGS LOAN AND INVESTMENT SOCIETY

BELLEVILLE, ONT.

CAPITAL $250,000

MONEY TO LOAN on Farm or City property, at lowest current rates.

Payments can be made to fall due at any season of the year to suit borrowers. No delay in obtaining the money beyond the time necessary employed in the investigation of titles.

MORTGAGES PURCHASED.

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT.

FOUR PER CENT interest allowed on Deposits No notice required of withdrawal

OFFICE—Robertson's Block, east side of Front Street.

Straight loans at 7 per cent. No fines. No commissions.

J. P. C. PHILLIPS,
2d&wly Manager

S. W. BRADSHAW

Wishes to inform the citizens of Belleville that he has BOUGHT OUT THE

GROCERY

(lately occupied by Mr. Arch. Wallace,)

CORNER OF HOTEL AND ANN STREETS,

where he intends to keep a full supply of the best of Groceries always fresh, and his stock of Provisions, such as Meats and Vegetables, will be especially fresh and in great variety and delivered with despatch. All orders by telephone No. 53) will be promptly delivered to any part of the city.

N. B.—Please remember Telephone No. 53.

J. H. MILLS,

--Merchant.·.Tailor,--

OPPOSITE GEO. RITCHIE & CO'S

THE MAGOG TEXTILE & PRINT CO.

Will offer for Spring Trade the LARGEST, CHEAPEST and MOST VARIED range of Prints ever shown, including

SPRING NOVELTIES
—OF—
LATEST PARIS DESIGNS!

Merchants will do well to see their samples before buying elsewhere. Early advice will be given when Travellers will call.

St Peter Street, - Montreal.

PARMELEE'S Asphaltic ROOF PAINT.

It will entirely stop the rusting of tin and iron roofs.

It will entirely stop the wearing away and decay of the exposed wood of shingle roofs.

It has been accepted by the City, the County, and the chief Real Estate Owners of the City.

I will be glad to give estimates of cost at any time and anywhere.

H. S. PARMELEE,
Belleville.

432,000 FIRE CRACKERS

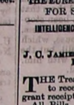
—AT THE—

—CITY BAKERY—

Wholesale and Retail.

JAS. WALLACE.

PENNYROYAL WAFERS.



Prescription of a physician who has had a life long experience in treating female diseases. Is used monthly with perfect success by over 10,000 ladies. Pleasant, safe, effectual. Ladies ask your druggist for Pennyroyal Wafers and take no substitute, or inclose postage for sealed particulars. Sold by all druggists, $1 per box. Address THE EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., DETROIT, MICH.

FOR SALE BY D. M. WATERS.

INTELLIGENCER PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY. LIMITED.

J. C. JAMIESON, President. | J. W. LONDON, Secretary

THE Treasurer is the only person authorised to receive moneys for the Company, or to grant receipts for the same.

All Bills, Notes, Cheques, and other documents binding on the Company, will require the signature of the President, in addition to that of the Treasurer.

THE INTELLIGENCER is printed and published for the INTELLIGENCER Printing and Publishing Company (Limited) by JAMES C. JAMIESON, resident in Belleville, at their Offices, Front St., south of Hotel St.

THE RATHBUN COMPANY,

Having transferred me to their Brockville branch, I beg to thank my friends and customers for the liberal patronage and kindness extended to me during my residence in Belleville, and also to bespeak the same treatment to Mr. R. C. Calhoun, my successor.

P. J. SHANNON.

The Daily Intelligencer.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL. 22. BELLEVILLE ONTARIO, FRIDAY MARCH 22, 1889. NO. 275

THE RATHBUN CO.

Having appointed me Agent for their Belleville branch, I take this opportunity of soliciting a continuance of the patronage which they have hitherto enjoyed through the popular management of Mr. Shannon. It will be my desire and aim to maintain and add to this patronage, which fair dealing and a thorough knowledge of the requirements of the trade leads me to hope for.—R. C. CALHOUN.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

G. DENMARK.

BARRISTER, Solicitor, etc. Office, Front Street.

W. B. NORTHRUP, M. A.,

BARRISTER, Solicitor, &c. Offices: North Bridge St., between Front St. and Lower Bridge.
Money to loan—private and company funds.

J. C. CONNELL, M.A., M.D., C.M.

DISEASES of the Eye, Ear, Throat and Nose. Surgeon to Kingston General Hospital. Office—No. 279, King Street, Kingston. Dr. Connell will be at the Queen's Hotel, Belleville, on the first Tuesday of each month. Sept. 5 d&w1y

E. GUSS PORTER,

BARRISTER, Solicitor, Notary Public, &c. office in the Robertson Block, east side of Front Street.
Private Money to Loan. 371d&w1

DR. ELIZABETH EMBURY,

GRADUATE of Queen's University, Licentiate of the College of Physicians and Surgeons, Ontario.
Office and residence—Harrison's Block, Front Street, across the hall from rooms formerly occupied by Dr. Farley, over Holland's jewellery store. Diseases of women and children a specialty. d&wtf

HENRY CARRE, C. E.,
M. C. Soc. C. E.,

DOM. and Prov'l Land Surveyor, late of the firm of Macleod & Carre, P. L. S. References: John Bell, Esq., Solicitor G. T. R., W. H. Ponton, Esq., Registrar of the County. Office—McAnnany Block, opposite Skinner & Redick's. Belleville, Ont., P. O. Box 203. 20d&w

J. F. WILLS,

BARRISTER, Solicitor, Notary Public, &c. Office, corner Front and Campbell Streets, Belleville, Ont. Money to loan, Company and private funds. 24d&w

J WALTER ROSS, M. D., C. M.

GRADUATE of the University of Trinity College, Toronto. Physician, surgeon, accoucheur. Office and residence West Front Street, one door north of entrance to Foot Bridge. d&w1y

JOHN J. FARLEY, M. D., C. M., M. R. C. S., England.

OFFICE and Residence—corner of Bridge and George Streets—three streets east of the Post Office.

ROBERT BOGLE,

LOAN and real estate agent. MONEY TO LOAN at lowest rates. Office, opposite Roy's Brewry, Front St., Belleville.

GEO. CLINTON, M. D., C. M

OFFICE and residence Bridge St., between William and George Sts, third block east of Bridge Street Methodist Church. Telephone No. 44. d&w

GEO. J. SHERRY,

BARRISTER, &c. Office. Metropolitan Block, next door north of Dominion Bank, Front St. Branch Office, Stirling. 116

EDGAR M. COOK, M. D.,

HOMOEOPATHIC Physician and Surgeon. Office and residence, West Front Street, in the late Dr. Abbott's premises, over Brignall & Thompson's store. TELEPHONE. 175dtf

GEO. D. DICKSON, Q. C.,

BARRISTER, &c., Post Office Block Bridge Street Belleville.

WILLIAM N. PONTON,

BARRISTER, Solicitor Notary Public, Conveyancer. Office, over Express and Telegraph Office, Thompson Block, Bridge St., Belleville. Money to loan—private funds. Agent for the Trust and Loan Company of Canada.

DR. BURDETT

IS pleased to inform his friends that he is again able to render his professional services as before. 176 6m

DRUNKENNESS

Or the Liquor Habit, Positively Cured by Administering Dr. Haines' Golden Specific.

It can be given in a cup of coffee or tea without the knowledge of the person taking it; is absolutely harmless, and will effect a permanent and speedy cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. It has been given in thousands of cases, and in every instance a perfect cure has followed. *It never fails.* The system once impregnated with the Specific, it becomes an utter impossibility for the liquor appetite to exist. For circular and full particulars address GOLDEN SPECIFIC CO., 185 Race St., Cincinnati, O.

BANKING OFFICE
—OF—
U. E. THOMPSON
BRIDGE STREET, BELLEVILLE, ON

American Currency and Drafts Bought and Sold.

Deposits received, subject to withdrawal without notice and interest allowed

RAYMOND C. ROLPH
SIGN PAINTER.

LETTERING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.
Corner of Front and Campbell Streets.
80d1y

M. C. ROBLIN
ISSUER OF
MARRIAGE LICENCES

and agent of the Lancashire Insurance Company. Office over Hooey & Sons, Front Street, Belleville. 136d 1y

A. G. NORTHRUP,
Issuer of Marriage Licences,
OFFICE—SHIRE HALL, BELLEVILLE.
November 10

The Great English Prescription.

A successful Medicine used over 30 years in thousands of cases. Cures *Spermatorrhea, Nervous Weakness, Emissions, Impotency* and all diseases caused by abuse. [BEFORE] indiscretion, or over-exertion. [AFTER] Six packages *Guaranteed to Cure when all others Fail.* Ask your Druggist for The Great English Prescription, take no substitute. One package $1. Six $5, by mail. Write for Pamphlet. Address Eureka Chemical Co., Detroit, Mich.
FOR SALE BY D. M. WATERS.

Try FROSTILLA.

It softens the roughest skin and keeps it in good condition.
It contains nothing greasy or sticky, is nicely perfumed, a lady's toilet not complete without it.
An elegant face dressing for gentlemen after shaving.
For sale at the PHARMACY.

D. M. WATERS,

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.
CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.
CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.
Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

KEILLER'S
NEW
MARMALADE
JUST RECEIVED.
WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE
Grocers and wine merchants,
35 & 37 Bridge Street.
Also Front Street, Opp. Ritchie's.

CAIRN'S---
---HOME MADE---
---MARMALADE
As supplied to the Queen. This season's make.
JUST RECEIVED.
WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE,
Grocers & Wine Merchants,
35 & 37, Bridge Street
Also Front St., opp. Ritchie's.

NEWCOMBE PIANOFORTES
AWARDED FIRST SILVER MEDAL

WORLD'S EXPOSITION, NEW ORLEANS, U.S.A., 1884-5, in competition with the pianofortes of Europe and America. The only U.S. International Medal ever awarded to a Canadian pianoforte; also Medal and Diploma at the Colonial and Indian Exhibition, London, Eng., 1886, with the supreme honor of supplying Her Majesty the Queen with a Newcombe Grand, selected by Sir Arthur Sullivan. For Illustrated Catalogue, prices and terms,
Address Octavius Newcombe & Co., MANUFACTURERS
WAREROOMS, 107-109 CHURCH ST., TORONTO
FACTORY, 89 TO 97 BELLWOODS AVENUE

Gents' Furnishings!

A FULL LINE of Gentlemen's Goods for the Fall and Winter.
Shirts made to order and a good fit guaranteed.
C. J. PANTER.

Feather Dusters
A full assortment of American Split Turkey Feather Dusters.
-F. CHARLES CLARKE,-
CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST,
Telephone 138. Front Street.

HAGYARD'S PECTORAL BALSAM
CURES COUGHS COLDS. HOARSENESS, ETC.

OFFICE TO LET.

FIRST-CLASS Office and Shop Room to let for a term of years. Apply at this office.
THE BELLEVILLE WATER WORKS CO.

Daily Intelligencer.

DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

A NUMBER OF BILLS READ A THIRD TIME AND PASSED.

The N. W. M. P. Pension Resolution Adopted—Sir John Thompson's Commercial Paper Bill Under Discussion.

OTTAWA, March 21.—The proposed increase in the salary of Toronto's postmaster was made the subject of a division of the House this afternoon. On the third reading of the bill amending the Civil Service Act so as to authorize such an increase, Sir Richard Cartwright moved an amendment fixing $3200 as the maximum salary of a postmaster. The amendment was lost, 68 to 113. The bill was then read a third time and passed. The bill amending the Winding-up Act was also read a third time and passed.

The resolution providing for certain amendments in the Customs Act, already enumerated, was considered in committee and adopted, and a bill founded upon it introduced. Among the most noteworthy provisions are those prohibiting the importation of any goods, except in railway carriage, during the night time or on statutory holidays without a permit and supervision; that the value for duty shall always include transportation charges and royalty payable, and that valuation by port appraisers may be reviewed by the Dominion Board.

Sir John Macdonald's resolution providing a system of pensions for the Northwest Mounted Police was adopted. There was considerable opposition caused by Hon. David Mills, who objected to any extension of the pension system and thought the Mounted Police were paid enough to admit of their pension allowance being collected from their daily pay.

The rest of the evening was spent in the discussion of Sir John Thompson's bill codifying and on certain points amending the laws relating to promissory notes and bills of exchange. Several members of the Opposition objected to going on with the bill because they said there would not be time for a proper discussion if the House was to adjourn by Easter, and Mr. Laurier said that if they could not prorogue by that time the chances were that the session would be extended for several weeks beyond.

Mr. Mitchell was amongst the most earnest in protesting against going on with the bill in a hurry, because he said there was a law suit in every line. Sir John Thompson decided to go on with the bill, however, and good progress was made with it, facilitated probably by the fact that the chamber contained little more than a quorum of members when the discussion was going on.

The House adjourned at 11.50.

A MILITARY DEPUTATION.

The Government Asked for a Grant to Bring Crack Regiments to Camp.

OTTAWA, March 21.—A deputation of military men from the west arrived in Ottawa today for the purpose of endeavoring to secure Government assistance towards bringing four city corps to camp to learn the new system of infantry drill just prescribed. The corps are the Queen's Own Rifles and Grenadiers of Toronto, the Thirteenth Battalion of Hamilton and the Dufferin Rifles of Brantford, and it is proposed that they should spend four days together on Niagara Common, an immense parade ground.

They first interviewed Sir Adolphe Caron, Minister of Militia. Colonel Dawson was chief spokesman of the deputation. He pointed out that the city corps, especially those of Toronto, where there was no drill shed or parade ground available, had no opportunity of learning the drill newly prescribed save by going into camp. The men were willing to give their time for nothing if the Government would pay for transport and subsistence. It was proposed that about 1200 men should take part and the Government grant asked was $3500. Major Carpenter, M.P., endorsed the application, as he did not see how the city corps could acquire the desired information without going into camp and giving a few days' hard work to it. Senator Macdonald also spoke in support of the application.

Sir Adolphe Caron said such a grant as asked for could not be taken out of the ordinary appropriations, and if special votes were proposed application would be very generally received from other places, whose requests could not consistently be refused. He was afraid that the Finance Minister or the Council would not consent to the expenditure involved. Colonel Otter said he thought if the Government would place the sum required in the estimates they would get general support from the House. Major Carpenter agreed with this. Colonel Dawson pointed out that similar applications from all city corps might be granted, and still the expenditure for 1889 would be less than for 1888, as a considerable reduction had been made in the estimates. Mr. Adam Brown said there was no body of men in Canada more deserving of encouragement than were the volunteers.

Sir Adolphe Caron said the proposition practically meant that certain corps should have sixteen days' drill instead of twelve as allowed at present. He believed himself that twelve days was too short a period and had always advocated sixteen days, but had not been able to secure sufficiently large appropriations to meet the outlay. He would lay the application before his colleagues, though he must say he thought there was little prospect of success.

The deputation and their parliamentary friends next waited upon Sir John Macdonald to make the same application to him. Having heard Col. Dawson, Col. Otter, Mr. Small, Mr. Brown and others, Sir John said he was afraid that in this year of retrenchment the Government could not grant the desired appropriation. "We must consult the military authorities, though," he added, "and I will speak to the Minister and to General Middleton. He's a good practical man." Being further pressed, on the score that the new drill could not possibly be learned this year at city headquarters, Sir John jocosely remarked that he would arrange it with President Harrison that there should be no war this year.

CAPITAL GOSSIP.

Labor Topics—Mr. Kenny's Motion Touching the C.P.R. Bill.

OTTAWA, March 21.—Messrs. Elliott, Labor Representative at the Capital, Wright of Toronto and Casey of St. Catharines waited upon the Minister of Justice to-day to request a change in the Seamen's Agreement Act so as to admit of the issue of a writ of certiorari after conviction under the act, permitting a review of the judgment rendered. Sir John Thompson expressed himself as favorably impressed with the arguments of the deputation.

Though he has not quite recovered his health General Master Workman Powderly has signified his intention of giving the promised lectures on labor topics at Toronto and Ottawa. He is not likely to speak elsewhere for the present. His Toronto lecture will be on April 13 and he will lecture at Ottawa two days later.

Mr. Cook's bill to compel owners of elevators to provide proper precautions to prevent accidents came to grief to-day in the select committee to which it had been referred. They came to the conclusion that the subject was one for provincial legislation.

Mr. Kenny of Halifax has given notice that he will move, on consideration of the Canadian Pacific Railway bill in committee of the whole, a resolution granting the powers asked for by the bill only on consideration that the railway shall expend $100,000 before Jan. 1, 1889, on the short line railway between Mattawamkeag and Harvey and Salsbury and that the company shall agree to complete this line within two years from that date.

Sir John Macdonald is credited with the statement that when the disallowance of the Jesuits Estates Act comes to a vote his party will vote solidly with him with the exception of Messrs. Wallace, McNeill, McCarthy, Tyrwhitt and O'Brien and that there will be only about twenty votes cast on the side of disallowance.

The Weavers in Fighting Mood.

FALL RIVER, March 21.—The weavers to-day voted to continue the strike.

TORONTO YOUNG LIBERALS.

Speeches from Two Maritime Province M. P.'s on Trade Relations with the States.

TORONTO March 22.—Hon. L. H. Davies, M.P. for Queen's, P.E.I., of whom a good likeness is given below, and A. H. Gillmor, M. P. for Charlotte, N.B., were the chief speakers at the meeting under the auspices of the Young Liberals in Shaftesbury Hall last night. President J. S. Willison occupied the chair and on the platform were seated H. W. Darling, Robert Jaffray, Ald. Alf. McDougall, Richard Caddick, Hon. A. S. Hardy, M.L.A., G.B. Smith, M.L.A., Thomas Gibson, M. L. A., Dr. J. W. McLaughlin, M. L. A., G. Mercer Adams, Thomas Moor, George Kerr, jr.

HON. LOUIS HENRY DAVIES.

paid a tribute to Hon. Alex. Mackenzie, Hon. Edward Blake and Hon. Wilfred Laurier. He compared the respective politics of Mr. Mackenzie and Sir John Macdonald with reference to the Canadian Pacific Railway and asked why it was that a country possessing the undoubted advantages that Manitoba and the Northwest did could not draw settlers. He could only find one reason—vicious government and the too quick construction of the Canadian Pacific Railway. What the Northwest wanted was increased population and increased wealth. And what was true of the Northwest was equally true of the rest of Canada. The population statistics of Canada were alarming. Instead of holding our natural increase the country was losing. Continuing Mr. Davies said:

How was population and capital to be got for Canada? By throwing down the customs barriers between this country and the United States. That country was our natural market. The two countries that we traded with were Great Britain and the United States. Our trade with the United States was slightly greater than that with Great Britain, and our trade with the rest of the world was comparatively slight. Where then should we look for an extension of trade but with a country that was already consuming our products largely and which was developing an increased ability to consume them? An abolition of the customs houses would promote that trade. As a proof, see the results of the reciprocity treaty between 1854 and 1866. The first year's trade amounted to $14,230,763, while the trade in 1866 reached the enormous sum of over $84,000,000. Every Province in the Dominion would reap advantage of the re-enactment of that treaty. They made efforts to restore the treaty, but the people of the United States would not consent to it unless it took the scope of a complete, broad free trade. This they were now advocating, confident that the Dominion at large would reap great benefit from its adoption. Manufacturers that were worth having could compete against United States manufacturers. It was only the sop fed manufacturers who could not hold up their heads with the manufacturers across the line.

Mr. Davies said the Liberal party were not disloyal but were willing and anxious to work out their political abstiny under the flag that now floated over them. [Applause and cheers.] He did not think that any man was disloyal to the Empire who sought to bring about a better feeling between Great Britain and the United States. When the great struggle which was impending on the European continent, which all powers there were preparing for and which England was straining every nerve to be in readiness for—when this conflict came he wanted to see the United States give the Mother Country her moral and material support. [Cheers and applause.] The disloyalty clause was nonsense. It meant nothing. If Unrestricted Reciprocity were ushered in it would mean an era of prosperity for Canada, progression of the country and contentment of the people.

Mr. Davies closed his address, which lasted nearly two hours, with an appeal for closer commercial relations between the two great Anglo-Saxon peoples which inhabit this continent.

Mr. Gilmour was next called up, and he kept the meeting laughing for nearly half an hour. He said it appalled him to attempt to speak before such a large audience, especially as it was composed of faces he had never seen before. Down in his county he had never spoken to more than 50 people at a time, generally in a cross-roads school house, and he knew every man in the room. [Laughter]. Then Mr. Gilmour told a number of funny stories. He said he was not a party man and he likened himself to the Irishman, who on giving instructions to be buried between his two dead wives, told the grave-digger to be sure and give his head a strong cant towards "Biddy." He likewise had a strong cant for the Liberals.

Mr. Gillmor talked seriously for a few minutes about the importance of the trade relations between Canada and the United States, said the two peoples could trade freely without being politically united and much good would result to all.

Hon. A. S. Hardy congratulated the Young Liberals on their enterprise in bringing the gentlemen to Toronto. A vote of thanks was given the speakers and the meeting broke up with cheers for the Queen and the members from down by the sea.

The Third Party.

TORONTO, March 22.--Canada's New Party, as it is officially called, opened a convention here yesterday afternoon in one of the rooms of the Y.M.C.A. Rev. Dr. Sutherland is president of the council and Mr. Wm. Munns of Parkdale is secretary. Committees were appointed on Finance, Platform, etc., and subscriptions amounting to $400 taken for the campaign fund. A public meeting was held at the Pavilion in the evening at which ex-Governor St. John of Kansas, J. W. Bengough and others spoke, and resolutions were passed, condemning the grant to the Jesuits as unconstitutional and disloyal; protesting against the course of the Dominion Government with reference thereto; advising the taking of steps to test the constitutionality of the act in the courts; condemning the attitude of the Ontario Government in regard to the use of the French language and Roman Catholic text-books in the common schools of eastern Ontario; hailing the advent of a new party, and deprecating in the strongest possible manner the attitude of both political parties in the Dominion Parliament toward the question of prohibition, as shown by the recent debate on Mr. Jamieson's resolution.

Mathematically and financially it costs more in money to be an average sinner than it does to be an average Christian.—J. G. Oakley.

(Concluded from yesterday.)

I had fallen asleep, and when I awoke darkness—grim, black, impenetrable darkness—surrounded me on every side. No sound—scarcely a rustle of air broke the awful quietude of my prison. My own heart beats, and my regular, deep breathing allayed but little the stillness that matched so completely the darkness around.

My mind could scarcely grasp the situation, but gradually the light of reason dawned upon my brain and gave way to thoughts that made me nearly frantic.

I had given little or no thought to the dead body of the old man, which I knew lay within a few feet of me. At times now I fancied I could see his rugged features and his little grey eyes shining at me in the darkness. My mind surely could not be wandering? I shook myself together and paced the narrow confines of the cage.

Struck with a thought I consulted my chronometer by the light of a wax vesta, and found the hands pointed to two o'clock. As the light of the match died out I caught one glimpse of the corpse outside the rails; the sight filled me with a horror I shall never forget. The body lay doubled up, the chin resting upon the stone floor among the clotted blood that had run about in little streams. The grey eyes that had been so piercing in life were wide open, and, although covered with an indistinguishable film, seemed to gaze right into mine with a look that filled my heart with an icy cold fear and burned into my brain.

Overcome by these emotions I again sank down, and covering my face endeavored to shut the awful image out. It was useless! The face, surrounded by a halo of blood red light, came to my eyes between my fingers. When I removed my hand the face soared aloft and floated serenely in the thick air. I lay with my cheek to the cold floor, and the face came with a rush through the stone, and seemed to grin in triumph at me. Was I going mad? I feared so, and could with difficulty repress a shriek that rose to my lips. In this frame of mind I passed a fearful hour, when I sank into a blissful, dreamless sleep, and awoke to find the brilliant sun shining through the loophole in the wall.

My tongue was parched and dry, and I realized the horrors of thirst I had now to experience. However, the light of day comforted me, and I struggled to think of a means of escaping from my present dilemma. Once I tried to cry for help, but I found my voice harsh and cracked, and I gave up the attempt in despair.

Slowly the day wore on, but all too quickly for me. I feared a repetition of the previous night's experiences. In the light of day the corpse on the floor lost half its horror, and at times all thoughts of it were driven from my mind.

The day waned, and as the night approached my previous night's fear returned, intensified by the thirst that seemed to consume me, and the hunger that gnawed at my vitals.

Slowly the glorious light died away, and soon my prison was again wrapped in darkness. With the darkness, too, all my horror came back with redoubled intensity. The pale, blood-stained face of the old man was ever before my vision, and, do what I could, I could not banish it.

How wearily the hours dragged—hours of horror and despair to me; in which at times I paced the cage with agonized feelings, or lay in gloom and depression upon the stone floor.

Three or four hours must have elapsed since the last ray of sunshine had glimmered in through the embrasure in the wall, and while lying in a semi-sensible condition against the damp wall I became conscious of a strange metamorphosis that was coming over the character of my prison.

I could scarcely define it, but in a dreamy stupor I perceived the inky blackness give way to a pale light that suffused the place with golden splendor. Instead of the bare, gray walls of the cell, I saw a delicately-carved panelling and wainscotting; draperies hung at intervals from ceiling to floor, and upon the walls were placed ancient weapons of war and trophies of the chase. Everything bespoke a mediæval apartment; but what startled me was the fact that the strong iron bars of my prison-cage remained, dividing the room in two.

I seemed to realise my presence in the cage, and arose and walked about.

I found I was not alone. The golden light that cast a mellow halo around revealed to me the beauteous form of a woman clad in the quaint costume and head-dress of olden days, seated in one of the corners outside the cage.

Was it possible that I could be dreaming! I walked to the iron bars and shook them vigorously.

The woman heard me, for she looked up quickly.

"Ah, Ronald, my love," she said, with a sob, "I cannot release you—would I could!"

She advanced to the bars and put her little hand through.

Scarcely knowing what I did, I raised the hand to my lips and touched the finger tips.

She looked at me mournfully for a few moments, and then made a movement as if to turn away.

Suddenly her eyes dilated. "What is this?" she cried. "Look! look! Bruce has left his keys in the lock. You are free, my Ronald, free, my love."

She laughed hysterically, and tugged desperately at the bars with her little hands.

"Help me, Ronald, help me," she cried.

I saw a bunch of keys dangling in the lock, and, putting my hand through the bars I grasped a ponderous key and gave it a desperate wrench. I felt it spring back, and the gate, giving way to my weight, rolled open.

"Oh, Ronald, Ronald, you are free. We will fly from here at once, at once."

She seized my hand and hurried forward.

"Hark! what is that?" she cried.

The measured sound of feet came to my ears.

"Too late, cried the girl. "The jailer comes—but no, run with me, we may yet escape."

I seized her hand as she started forward—caught my foot in her dress and went sprawling.

My head struck the floor with a thud, and——

I awoke!

Inky blackness surrounded me and I realized it all had been a dream. I was evidently still in the cage, and I groaned aloud.

But what was this I was lying on?

My feverish hand groped about in the darkness, and I touched a cold, clammy face with my fingers.

I sprang back with a shriek. My hair on end, the sweat oozing in streams from all parts of my body; my heart thumping against my ribs like a hammer.

What did it all mean? I gasped for breath, and crouched in fear and trembling against the wall.

I grasped a door, and a rush of air cooled my brow. I tried to think rationally, but it was a vain effort; my brain whirled with tumultuous thoughts. I was in a chaos of mental distraction.

In a few moments I became calmer, and I thought of my vesta-box. I struck a light and glanced around.

There were the bars of my cage, with the gate closed fast—but I was outside.

The vesta burned my finger, and I struck another, and a closer inspection showed me all.

A bunch of keys hung from the lock of the gate.

Heaven then had directed me in a dream to a means of escape.

I bowed my head in thankfulness, my heart filled with a joyous gratitude.

Another vesta showed me the cold, still form of the dead man who had been my guide. Poor fellow he was rigid and cold. The blood that had run around him in streams had congealed in large black clots all over the cell floor.

I found the door and with limbs that tottered with the reaction groped my way down the winding staircase.

The cool air somewhat revived me, and presently I emerged into the courtyard, which lay bathed in the silver splendor of the harvest moon.

I was free! My heart thumped with a mad excitement. I waved my arms aloft in an endeavor to catch the pure, free air of heaven; oblivion crowded upon my sensibility and I fainted.

* * * * *

In the early morning I was found and taken in an unconscious condition to the cottage of the old keeper.

A great sorrowing followed the discovery of the dead body of my guide. Poor old fellow! on a recent visit to Brecon I was taken to the village churchyard and shown his grave—a simple grass mound with a modest headstone.—Pall Mall Budget.

Alex. E. Sweet.

The inhospitable climate of Canada for literary men has driven some of her brightest sons across the lines, where some of them have made world-wide reputations as American writers. Alex. E. Sweet, a typical American humorist, was born in New Brunswick about forty years ago. Mr. Sweet has made the reputation of at least three newspapers. His work has been copied throughout the entire country. He was, for a number of years, a Texas newspaper man; and in 1881 he started the Texas Siftings. The paper gained celebrity throughout the entire world, and Mr. Sweet suddenly found himself famous. He is still the editor of Texas Siftings.—Toronto Saturday Night.

A Baby Found in a Satchel.

NEW YORK, March 21.—Trainmen going through the train from New Haven at the Grand Central Depot this afternoon found a queer looking satchel under a seat. It was taken to the superintendent's office and opened. There was a baby boy in it, not over a month old, in a long white slip and flannel skirts packed about its feet. The old valise had been lined with cotton and in the snug nest the baby slept contentedly. The valise also contained a half-filled milk bottle, smelling strongly of paregoric. The babe was turned over to the police matron.

A Banquet Tendered Mr. Wiman.

PORTLAND, Me., March 21.—The Portland Board of Trade, with a view of discussing closer relations between the United States and Canada, have tendered a public banquet to Erastus Wiman of New York in order to afford that gentleman opportunity for the delivery of an address upon this subject. Dinner is to be given at Falmouth Hotel on the night of Saturday, March 30. A committee of prominent citizens is in charge of the matter, the chairman being W. L. Putnam, late of the fishery commission that negotiated the Chamberlain-Bayard treaty.

The Letter that Came

From Mr. J. Hayden, 139 Chatham St. Montreal, says: "I was troubled for years with biliousness and liver complaint, and I never found any medicine to help me like Burdock Blood Bitters, in fact one bottle made a complete cure."

Dangerous Counterfeits.

Counterfeits are always dangerous, more so that they always closely IMITATE THE ORIGINAL IN APPEARANCE AND NAME. The remarkable success achieved by Nasal Balm as a positive cure for Catarrh and Cold in the Head has induced unprincipled parties to imitate it. The public are cautioned not to be deceived by nostrums imitating Nasal Balm in name and appearance, bearing such names as Nasal Cream, Nasal Balsam, etc. Ask for Nasal Balm and do not take any imitation dealers may urge upon you. For sale by all druggists or sent post-paid on receipt of price (50c. and $1,) by addressing Fulford & Co., Brockville, Ont.

Eighty Per Cent.

Of the human race, according to a high authority, suffer from one or other form of blood taint. Never allow this latent evil to develop into serious disease while the blood can be kept pure and the system clean by the proper precautions, such as using Burdock Blood Bitters, whenever any scrofulous symptoms appear. No medicine equals B.B.B. as a blood cleanser.

CATARRH CURED, health and sweet breath secured, by Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy Price 50 cents. Nasal Injector free. For sale by D. M. Waters.

There are a number of varieties of corns Holloway's Corn Cure will remove any of them Call on your druggist and get a bottle at once.

Orin Catlin, 49 Pearl Street Buffalo, N. Y., says: I tried various remedies for the piles but found no relief until I used Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, which entirely cured me after a few applications.

Do not delay in getting relief for the little folks. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is a pleasant and sure cure. If you love your child why do you let it suffer when a remedy is so near at hand?

The cheapest medicine in use is Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, because so very little of it is required to effect a cure. For croup, diphtheria, and diseases of the lungs and throat, whether used for bathing the chest or throat, for taking internally or inhaling, it is a matchless compound.

Mr. Thomas Ballard, Syracuse, N. Y., writes: "I have been afflicted for nearly a year with that most-to-be dreaded disease Dyspepsia, and at times worn out with pain and want of sleep, and after trying almost everything recommended I tried one box of Parmelee's Valuable Pills. I am now nearly well, and believe they will cure me. I would not be without them for any money."

PARMELEE'S PILLS possess the power of acting specifically upon the diseased organs, stimulating to action the dormant energies of the system, thereby removing disease. In fact, so great is the power of this medicine to cleanse and purify, that diseases of almost every name and nature are driven from the body.' Mr. D. Carswell, Carswell P. O., Ont., writes: "I have tried Parmelee's Pills and find them an excellent medicine, and one that will sell well."

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall-st., N. Y.

NATIONAL COLONIZATION
LOTTERY

Under the patronage of the Rev. Father Labelle
Established in 1884, under the Act of Quebec 32 Vict., Chapt. 36, for the benefit of the Diocesan Societies of Colonization of the Province of Quebec.
Class D.—The 22nd Monthly Drawing will take place Wednesday, April the 17th, at 2 p. m.

Prizes value		$50,000 00
Capital Prize: One real estate worth		$5,000 00
1 Real Estate worth	$5,000	5,000
1 do	2 000	2,000
1 do	1,000	1,000
4 do	500	2,000
10 Real Estates	300	3 000
30 Furniture Sets	200	6,000
60 do	100	6,000
200 Gold Watches	50	10,000
1,000 Silver Watches	10	10,000
1,000 Toilet Sets	5	5,000
2,307 Prizes worth		$50,000 00

TICKETS - - $1.00

Offers are made to all winners to pay their prizes cash, less a commission of 10 p. c.
Winners' names not published unless specially authorized
Drawings on the Third Wednesday of every Month.
S. E. LEFEBVRE, Secretary,
Offices, 19 St. James street, Montreal, Can.
192d1y

CARSLAKE'S
GRAND DERBY SWEEP
$25,000.00.

1st horse (in duplicate) $3,000 each=	-	$6 000
2nd " " " $2 000 " "		$4,000
3rd " " " $1 000 " "	-	$2 000
Other starters (divided equally)		$4,000
Non-starters " "		$9,000

5000 Tickets at $5 Each.

171 Entries (in duplicate 342 horses)
Drawing June 3rd Race June 5th, 1889.
Result of each Drawing sent to all subscribers.
Ten per cent deducted from all prizes.
Address, GEORGE CARSLAKE, Prop.,
Mansion House, 522 St. James St., Montreal.
269d6m

J. M. FORTIER,
Wholesale ∴ Cigar ∴ Manufacturer,
145 151 ST. MAURICE STREET,
MONTREAL
P. S.—Private Brands for the Jobbing Trade a specialty.

CANADIAN---
---PACIFIC
RAILWAY.

Tuesday, March 12th,
AND EVERY TUESDAY THEREAFTER
—DURING—
MARCH AND APRIL
—WILL RUN—
SETTLERS'---TRAINS
Through without change to
MANITOBA,
North-West Territories,
and British Columbia,

Leaving Toronto Union Depot at 9:00 p. m.
No Customs. No Transfers. No Delays.
Full particulars from any agent of the company,

S. BURROWS,
Agent C. P. R., Belleville.
Office—Front St., one door north of Dominion Bank.

It Made Mother Strong

"My mother has been using PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND for nervous prostration, accompanied by melancholia, etc., and it has done her a world of good. It is the only medicine that strengthens the nerves.'
G. H. BEERS, Orbisonia, Pa.

"I am in my 64th year. Have been afflicted in several ways—could not sleep, had no appetite, no courage, low spirits. I commenced using Paine's Celery Compound, and felt relief from the third day after using it. I now have a good appetite and can sleep well. My spirits and courage are almost like those of a young man."
S. C. KINKAID, D. D., Gonzales, La.

Paine's Celery Compound

Strengthens and builds up the old, and cures their infirmities. Rheumatism, indigestion and nervousness yield quickly to the curative power of Paine's Celery Compound.

A Perfect Tonic and Invigorator, It GIVES NEW LIFE.

"I am now 69 years old and have tried several remedies, but none had any effect until I used Paine's Celery Compound. I feel entirely different for the short time I have used it. I can walk nearly straight, sleep sound and well, and feel as though there was new life and energy coming into my whole system."
H. MYLIUS, Cleveland, Tenn.

Paine's Celery Compound is of unequaled value to women. It strengthens the nerves, regulates the kidneys, and has wonderful power in curing the painful diseases with which women so often silently suffer.

$1 per bottle. Six for $5. At Druggists.
WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO. MONTREAL.

DIAMOND DYES *True to Name and Color. Nothing can Equal Them.*

YOUR BABY *will be rosy, plump and merry if given LACTATED FOOD.*

Daily Intelligencer.

THE DAILY INTELLIGENCER is published every evening except Sunday, and delivered by careful carriers in all parts of the city for Five Dollars a year, or Fifty Cents a month.

THE WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER is published every Thursday morning, and sent, postpaid, to any address in Canada, the United States or Great Britain for One Dollar a year.

ADVERTISEMENTS, first insertion, 10 cents per nonpareil line; each subsequent consecutive insertion, 5 cents per line; when not inserted every day, 10 cents per line each insertion.

READING MATTER NOTICES, 15 cents per line each insertion.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS, 50 cents each insertion. With notice of funeral added the charge for death notices is $1.

CONTRACTS made for business advertisements for one month or longer at reduced rates.

Remittances, Drafts, Cheques, and Post-Office Orders should be made payable to the order of
INTELLIGENCER PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO'Y (LIMITED),
Belleville, Ont.

Largest Daily Circulation in Belleville.

BELLEVILLE FRIDAY, MAR. 22

FIRST PRINCIPLES.

The Ontario Government fell heir to Sandfield McDonald's policy of ending railways, which was that only such lines as were to penetrate the unsettled portion of the country should be assisted from the public funds. That wise and patriotic policy was at once abandoned by Mr. McDonald's spendthrift successors, who so showered the people's money upon lines in which their favorites were interested that, after a few years of profligate expenditure, they found the surplus dissipated, the income of the Province heavily mortgaged, and direct taxation staring them in the face. To avoid the unpopular system of directly taxing the people, which would have proved their downfall, they ceased to grant aid to railways, cast upon the municipalities many expenditures which had previously been borne by the Province, increased the fees for liquor licenses and seized the whole amount of the increase, and, by the sale of the provincial resources in the form of timber lands, and by other unprofitable devices, succeeded in staving off direct taxation. A review of the result of their reckless haste to serve their friends at the expense of the public made it but to clear that, as Sanford Fleming, the eminent engineer, said, a system of railways which would better serve the public than those in operation could have been devised at less than one-half the cost. Taught by experience, the Provincial Administration now propose to grant aid to colonization railways. So far so good; they thus return to first principles—to a system from which there should never have been any wide departure. But they have also returned to their own peculiar first principle in this connection, namely that of holding back their railway policy until the last days of the session and then rushing the grants through "at railroad speed," thus preventing the proper consideration of each case on its merits. The Conservative party initiated and have steadily supported the policy of granting assistance to railways which are in the general interest of the province, and therefore they ought to be given a fair opportunity of deciding on the proposals of the Government. We trust that a change will be made in this regard, as the public interest will be served thereby.

WAR IN THE GRIT PARTY.

The *Globe* is in open rebellion against its party concerning the Jesuit question. It sneers at the great Mr. Blake as "a gentle-"man of importance, whose opinion on the "matter the public would have been glad "to know long since." It repudiates, sneers at and defies the caucus of its party, and it pours hot shot into the ranks of the Grit politicians, as to whom it says:

> Have politicians ever done anything for our profession? Have they sustained the journals of Canada? Have they always been careful to recognise the enormous labors done by journalists for a common cause? Do they supply the advertisements that keep most of us in bread and butter? Do they not claim for themselves all the successes, and rewards and glories of political victories in which journalists do nearly all the fighting at their own expense? Barring a dozen or so of the foremost men in public life, how many are the politicians who have not been created by journals of their own constituencies, and kept in Parliament by them, and informed by them, and saved by them from all manner of scrapes?

Bravo, Deacon! If you and your party share the fate of the two cats of Kilkenny, Canada will be none the worse.

AN INACTIVE or Torpid Liver must be aroused and all bad bile removed. Burdock Pills are best for old or young.

ENGLISH IN THE SCHOOLS.

The following extract from the *Prescott and Russell Advocate*—a Grit newspaper—is conclusive evidence from a friendly observer on the spot that Minister G. W. Ross' statement that English is taught in all the public schools of Ontario was incorrect:

> "Although fully approving and commending the fair play which in the other portions of his speech the hon. the Minister of Education expresses himself as disposed to extend to the Public school supporters of French origin, it must be admitted that the Minister has been misinformed when he states that in all our Public schools English is taught. The fact is, as everyone conversant with the schools of our counties knows, that in a considerable number of the Public schools no attempt or pretence whatever is made of teaching anything but the French language, in others some show of teaching English is made, but in many of them it is nothing but a show, and no real beneficial instruction in English is given. That these are the facts cannot be denied; indeed for the assertion no further proof is required than acquaintance with the *personnel* of the teachers of these schools. A great many of those who periodically appear here in L'Orignal for examination and receive certificates to teach are but slightly conversant with the English language, and some have no knowledge of it at all."

What has Mr. Ross to say to this, which has been fully confirmed by a special commissioner sent to the locality by the Toronto *Telegram*?

EDITORIAL BREVITIES.

A New York paper says F. B. Thurber and Erastus Wiman are the chief promoters in that country of the projected salt trust. Associated with them are a number of prominent English capitalists controlling $25,000,000.

Senator Wark, a New Brunswick Liberal, is evidently, like Messrs. Labrosse, of Prescott and Skinner of St. John, N. B., out of accord with his party in their aspirations after commercial annexation, as he has given notice of the following resolution:

> Resolved in the opinion of this House, that in view of the fostering care extended by the mother country to her colonies from their infancy, as well as for the favorable terms on which their products have always been admitted into her markets, it would be unjust to the United Kingdom to levy higher duties on goods imported from thence than on goods of the same character imported from any foreign country.

Mr. Wark's resolution forms a fitting rebuke to his party. It will not only be adopted by the Senate but will touch a responsive chord in the heart of every loyal Canadian.

Kitchen Economy.

Some Official Tests of Baking Powders, Showing Their Comparative Strength and Which is Most Economical.

The below tabulated statements are extracts from public tests of baking powders, made to ascertain their relative value in practical use in baking. The powder containing the largest amount of available leavening gas (excluding the alum and phosphate powders) not only produces the finest, most delicious and wholesome food, but is the most economical in use.

United States Government Chemist, Professor Edward Love, found the comparative strength of the powders named as follows:

Name.	Cubic in. Gas per oz. Powder.
Royal	127.4
Patapsco (Alum Powder)	125 2
Horsford's (Fresh)	121 6
Horsford's (Not Fresh)	84 35
Charm (Alum Powder)	116 9
Cleveland's	110 9
Sea Foam	107 9
Dr. Price's	102 6

Massachusetts State Analysis found the strength of several baking powders as follows:

Name.	Cu. in. gas per oz.
Royal	126 15
Cleveland's	107.7
Congress	81.2
Horsford's	95.1

Prof. C. W. Parsons, N. Y. College of Pharmacy, in tests made for the Grocers' Association of New York, found the strength of six brands as follows:

Name.	Cu. in. gas per oz.
Royal	139 05
Cleveland's	119 92
Sea Foam	113 13
Dr. Price's	109.27
Horsford's	102 64
Congress	95 86

Tests by Professor McMurrie, late Chemist in Chief U. S. Agricultural Department, Washington, D.C.:

Name.	Cu. in. gas per oz.
Royal	139 05
Cleveland's	104 10
Dr. Price's	99.35
None Such	77.24
Horsford's (Phosphate)	71 00

It will be noticed that the Royal produces from 17 to 40 per cent. more leavening gas than any other cream of tartar powder, and is consequently that much more economical.

The Government Chemist, Prof. Edward G. Love, who made the analysis of baking powders for the New York State Board of Health as well as for the U. S. Government, says: "I find the Royal Baking Powder composed of pure and wholesome ingredients. It does not contain either alum or phosphates or other injurious substance."

Assaulted by Footpads.

HAMILTON, March 21.—Charles Hale, who keeps a fruit and confectionery store in James-street, near the market, reported to the police to-day that about eleven o'clock last night, as he was going home along King William-street, about 100 yards east of the Central Police Station, he was set upon by two men, one of whom, a big powerful fellow, held him while the other gave him a fearful blow on the head and tried to go through him. He heard one of them say, "He's got money about him," but Mr. Hale had left all his money except a little change at his store. Hale says he was half unconscious for a while, but when he came to he shouted for the police, and the men ran as they saw two people coming in the distance. His head was very badly cut and his clothes covered with blood.

Winnipeg Wire Whispers.

WINNIPEG, March 21.—There is likely to be a newspaper war between The Free Press and The Sun over circulation and the former will issue an evening edition in a few weeks.

Wheat is quoted at from 10 to 18 cents higher in Manitoba than in Dakota.

The Fargo Argus paints a dark picture of wheat famine in Dakota.

About 700 settlers arrived to-day.

There was a rise in the price of bread today, only fourteen loaves being now given for a dollar.

McGarigle has left for Toronto.

Found Drowned.

WELLAND, March 22.—About 2 o'clock yesterday the body of Peter Dayboll was found in the race-way at Welland. It is supposed he was intoxicated and attempted to cross on the ice, which unfortunately gave away and the poor man was drowned. He leaves a large family of children partly grown up.

Given the Three Months' Hoist.

HALIFAX, March 22.—The House of Assembly, by a vote of 19 to 18, has given the three months' hoist to the proposition to allow Dominion Government officials to vote at municipal elections in Nova Scotia.

Sir Charles Tupper arrived from Ottawa yesterday afternoon. He is the guest of Col. Clarke, and will remain till Saturday.

WILL YOU SUFFER with Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint? Shiloh's Vitalizer is guaranteed to cure you. Sold by D. M. Waters.

SOME SYMPTOMS OF WORMS are:—Fever, colic, variable appetite, restlessness, weakness and convulsions. The unfailing remedy is Dr. Low's Worm Syrup.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

THEIR OCCUPATION GONE.

THE ASSEMBLY TO BE PROROGUED TO-MORROW AFTERNOON.

The House Cleans Off Its Slate—Bills That Were Passed to a Third Reading—The Railway Measure.

TORONTO, March 22.—In the Assembly yesterday morning there was a discussion on Mr Balfour's bill to amend the Otario Election Act. Mr. Wood of Hastings moved that the bill be referred back to committee to be so amended that for members of this House there shall be a secret ballot. The Commissioner of Crown Lands and others spoke against the amendment, which was supported by Mr. Willoughby, Mr. Creighton and other members of the Opposition The House divided and the amendment was lost, 30 to 50.

In the afternoon Mr. Creighton, on behalf of Mr. Meredith, who was absent, brought up the case of Mr. S. M. Davis, who in July, 1888, in the town of Goderich, was assaulted by Mr. Macdonald, Deputy-Clerk of the County of Huron. Davis, he stated, was now going round on crutches. The Attorney General replied that both parties had been drinking at the time which accounted for the affair having taken place, and an action was brought by Davis against Macdonald, and he had received some slight damages, and Mr. Mowat said that he had not neglected to give the matter attention. He felt sorry for Davis, who wished him to dismiss Macdonald from his position. This the Attorney-General was not disposed to do. He was an efficient officer and had always attended to his duties.

The supplementary estimates brought down on Wednesday, amounting to $148,142, were considered in committee and adopted. On motion to concur in the estimates for public institutions, howeve, Mr. Creighton moved that the following words be added to the motion: "But while willing to grant all necessary sums for the maintenance of our public institutions, this House is of opinion that the system heretofore pursued of purchasing large quantities of supplies for these institutions without public competition opens the way for gross favoritism and extravagance, is not in the public interest and ought to be discontinued."

Mr. Harcourt moved an amendment to the amendment, that all after the word "that" in the resolution be struck out and the following inserted: "There be added to the original resolution these words; and whilst concurring on such resolutions this House desires to express the opinion that, in regard to supplies for the institutions which cannot advantageously be supplied by tender, the purchasing officers should insist that where wholesale quantities are purchased, only current wholesale prices should be charged.

This was carried by a vote of 50 to 28 and a bill was at once introduced by Mr. A. M. Ross giving effect to the estimates and passed.

Mr. O'Connor's bill to provide for the sale of land for taxes by the local municipalities was on motion for its second reading so strongly opposed that he consented to withdraw it.

During the afternoon the bill giving effect to the railway resolutions, which was read a second time on Wednesday, was rushed through committee and read a third time.

These bills also received their third reading:

Respecting the City of Toronto—E. F. Clarke

To confirm a certain agreement between the City of Kingston and certain railway companies—Mr. Metcalf.

To amend the Ontario Election Act—Mr. Balfour.

Respecting the administration of justice in certain cases—the Attorney-General.

To amend the Division Courts Act—Mr. Gibson (Hamilton).

To amend the Public Health Act—Mr. Gibson (Hamilton).

To amend the Law of Slander—Mr. French.

Respecting Live Stock Insurance—Mr. Bishop.

To make further provision respecting the property of religious institutions—the Attorney-General.

Respecting the Port Arthur Light and Power Company—Mr. Conmee.

At the evening session there was the customary display of festivity which accompanies the closing hours of a parliamentary session. The members concluded their relaxation by singing the "National Anthem" and "Auld Lang Syne."

To-morrow at 3 p.m. the House will be prorogued.

TORONTO TOPICS.

Another Serious Charge Against Andy Maloney, the Montreal Sport.

TORONTO, March 22.—Andy Maloney, the Montreal Gambler, is in deeper water than the trouble caused by his recent arrest for the larceny of $14,000 worth of jewelry. Hattie Johnson, a woman of the town, claims to be Mrs. Maloney first, last and all the time, as against a second claimant who not only holds the title but in proof thereof has produced a pledge of affection which she claims to be the legitimate offspring of Mr. Maloney. Mrs. Maloney, alias Johnston, is so incensed against Andy for his alleged infidelity that she has initiated bigamy proceedings against him.

Mr. Frank Arnoldi, solicitor for Assignee G. M. Gardner, has been over at Buffalo endeavoring to get Burgess, the Mimico canning man, to disgorge some of the money that he carried off and to get him to come back to Toronto to assist in winding up the estate. The result is that there will be returned immediately to the estate about $14,105 of the money, and that as soon as the creditors who are pursuing Burgess are aware of the fact he will be released and return to his friends.

Sir Alexander Campbell had a slight stroke of facial paralysis the other day.

Sixty architects from various parts of the Province met at the Queen's yesterday and organized themselves into "The Ontario Association of Architects," one of the objects of which is to secure legislation regulation the practice of the profession. These officers were chosen: President, W. G. Storm, Toronto; vice-presidents, K. Arnold, Ottawa; Geo. J. Durant, London; James Balfour, Hamilton. Secretary, S. H. Townsend, Toronto; treasurer, N. B. Dick, Trronto. The next meeting will be held in Toronto on the third Wednesday of November.

Detective John Cuddy last night proceeded to one of the leading hotels and arrested John Macdonald of Paisley, Scotland, on a charge of embezzlement, at once cabling the news to the interested parties in that town. It is alleged that Macdonald, who is an auctioneer, was entrusted with a quantity of goods to sell on commission. He disposed of the goods, but failed to make a proper return, taking a jaunt to Canada instead.

Six Boys Escape from the Industrial.

MIMICO, March 21.—To-night about 7.30 six of the largest boys escaped from the Victoria Industrial School. They were not missed until they had got a good start. Their names are: Graham who comes from Dunnville, Abraham from Stratford, Warner from Lindsay, Churchill, Tozer and Risley from Toronto. They were dressed when they left in the school uniform of gray with red stripes on the coats and pantaloons.

Behring's to be Declared a Closed Sea.

NEW YORK, March 21.—A Washington despatch to The Post says: President Harrison will soon issue a proclamation declaring that the Behring Sea is a closed sea. In the closing hours of the last Congress an amendment was incorporated in the Inter-Territorial Salmon Fishing Act, which extends the provisions of the Salmon Fishing Act to seal fishing in Behring Sea, that is to say, the act forbids the taking of seal by anyone not authorized by the act within the waters of Behring Sea, and does not exclude them merely from fishing on certain islands. The act may give rise to important international complications. It is an attempt, by legislative enactment, to settle an international question which the great powers interested may consider still an open one.

A little girl, 6 years old, fell from a fast express train on the M.C.R. yesterday near Attercliffe, and was not missed until the train reached Welland. She was found in a pool of water in the ditch, conscious and with no bones broken.

CAPT. SEAGRAVE SACKED

SCENES OF GREAT DISORDER IN THE IMPERIAL HOUSE.

A Motion to Reduce Balfour's Salary Defeated — French Deputies — After the Scalps of the Copper Speculators.

LONDON, March 21.—In the House of Commons this afternoon Baron De Worms, Parliamentary Colonial Secretary, read a telegram from the Cape in reply to inquiries concerning Captain Seagrave who commanded the constables at the Mitchellstown riots in 1887. The telegram said Seagrave was dismissed from the Cape infantry service in 1885 for gross neglect of duty and breach of trust.

A scene of great disorder followed. The Irish members rose in their places and cheered and there were cries of "Pigott!" "Pigott!" "Remember Mitchellstown!"

Secretary Balfour said he had suspended Seagrave but preferred not to dismiss him until documentary evidence of his guilt had been received.

On the vote on Mr. Balfour's salary Mr. Morley severely criticised the Government's action in carrying on a "furtive and clandestine battle behind its opponents' backs."

Mr. Bradlaugh moved that Mr. Balfour's salary be reduced by £500.

Mr. Bradlaugh's motion was rejected, 272 to 211.

Halifax to be Tied to Bermuda by Cable.

LONDON, March 21.—In the House of Commons to-day Postmaster-General Raikes announced that the Government intended to lay a submarine cable between Bermuda and Halifax.

Naughty Peers May Stay.

LONDON, March 21.—In the House of Lords to-night the Earl of Carnarvon's bill providing for the expulsion of peers from the House for discreditable conduct was rejected, 73 to 14.

The Healys Have Pigott's Diary.

LONDON, March 21.—Pigott's diary is said to be in possession of Maurice and Timothy M. Healy, National members of Parliament.

To be Produced Before the Commission.

LONDON, March 21.—Mr. Lewis, solicitor for the Parnellites, has secured Richard Pigott's diary and will produce it before the Parnell Commission.

Germany and Britain.

LONDON, March 21.—It is now admitted by diplomats in Berlin that Prince Bismarck's efforts to form an alliance between Germany and England have failed completely. Emperor William was exceedingly desirous of contracting the alliance, and it is understood that he still has hopes of bringing it about. It is this hope which has induced him to invite the Prince of Wales to visit Berlin.

An Alliance Hoped For.

BERLIN, March 21.—Count Herbert Bismarck started to-day for London. The Boersen Zeitung says the object of his journey is to personally settle the last questions at issue in connection with the rapprochement between England and Germany and adds: "The fact that only such divergence exists as personal explanations can reconcile justifies hopes of an Anglo-German alliance."

The Copper Crisis.

PARIS, March 21.—In the Chamber of Deputies to-day M. Laur, in the discussion of an interpellation on the copper crisis, demanded that the penal code provision against monopolies be enforced. He accused the Rothschilds of causing the crisis and of leading an international plot against the French markets and urged the necessity of an enquiry into the crisis.

M. Rouvier, Minister of Finance, ridiculed M. Laur's speech as a romance.

M. Thevenet, Minister of Justice, said the law against monopolies had not been repealed, but it was difficult to prove charges of monopoly.

M. Lejeune reproached the Government for refusing to intervene in the Panama Canal affair, and yet intervening in the Comptoir d'Escompte crisis.

M. Rouvier replied that the Government had been unable to interfere in the Panama Canal affair.

M. Millerand said the Government had performed only a part of its duty; it still remained to make a salutary example. He proposed an order of the day calling for an immediate judicial enquiry into the copper monopoly.

M. Thevenet stated that the Government would scrupulously examine into the matter with the view of reaching the guilty parties, but it reserved the right to choose its own time for the investigation.

The order of the day, pure and simple, was rejected, 284 to 234.

M. Laur then withdrew his motion for the enforcement of the monopoly law, and after further discussion M. Thomson moved an order of the day declaring the government would take steps to ascertain who were responsible for the crisis and to make the law respected.

M. Thomson's motion was accepted by the Government and was adopted by a vote of 339 to 312.

FIRES OF A DAY.

A Big Blaze at Bowmanville—The Losses and Insurance.

BOWMANVILLE, March 21.—About 3.45 this morning fire was discovered in McClung's Block in the building occupied by W. Quick & Co., grocers and provision dealers, who have been moving their stock the past two days to Buckler's Block. The fire had got such headway before it was discovered that the whole upper part of the block was enveloped, and nothing was saved except some dry goods from McClung Bros.' stock on the first floor. The building was completely gutted. Nothing now remains but the bare brick walls of what was the finest brick block in the town.

The block contained two large stores on the ground floor—W. Quick & Co., groceries and provisions, and McClung Bros., dry goods. The second flat was occupied by Dr. J. M. Brimacombe as dental parlors and R. Russell Loscombe's law offices. The whole of the third flat was occupied by Chas. Ruse's school of music.

The fire brigades were unable to stay the flames, and James B. Fairbairn's brick block adjoining on the east soon fell a prey to the devouring element. The first to be cleaned out was Richard Worth's hardware store, and then David Davis' boot and shoe store. Part of the second story was occupied until a few days ago by Samuel Allin. Two larger stone houses in the rear of these two blocks and several smaller buildings, used as store rooms, were also burned.

About 9.30 a second alarm was sounded, when volumes of smoke were seen issuing from the roof of John Higginbotham's block, occupied by W. Ellison & Co., dry goods, and L. E. Higginbotham, drug store and residence, and Dr. E. C. McDowell's surgery. The second story was mostly destroyed.

The losses and insurances are as follows:

	Loss.	Insurance.
Miss McClung	$12,000	$10,000
McClung Bros.	15,000	15,500
Quick & Co.	3,000	2,500
J. M. Brimacombe	1,000	400
R. R. Loscombe	800	560
Chas. Ruse	800	500
J. B. Fairbairn	8,030	5,500
R. Worth	5,000	6,000
D. Davis	2,000	none
J. Higginbotham	4,000	5,000
Ellison & Co.	2,000	7,000
Higginbotham & Son	5,000	2,100
E. Higginbotham	150	500

Dr. McDowell, whose office adjoined Mr. E. Higginbotham's dwelling, loses about $100 in property destroyed during removal. Mr. F. F. McArthur's block was somewhat damaged, as also was the dry goods stock of Thompson & Co. through removal.

The insurance companies are interested as follows:

Royal	$5000	Western	$9000
Phœnix	1960	Ætna	8500
Hartford	1200	B. America	8000
Caledonia	2000	Com. Union	2000
N. B. & M.	1400	L. & L. & G.	4000
Quebec	5000	Royal Can.	5500

Bottling Works Burnt.

ELMIRA, N.Y., March 21.—E. B. Gardner's Eagle bottling works were burned this morning. Loss $25,000.

That Mysterious Deputation.

HAMILTON, March 21.—The deputation here yesterday comprising representatives from New York, Chicago, Toronto, Brantford and other places conferred with regard to the building of a line of railway through the city and over the mountain to the Niagara frontier to connect the Vanderbilt system in the east with the Michigan Central. Their schemes are pretty well advanced, they having already secured the transfer to them of a charter. Nothing very definite was done at the meeting here, but what was done was of a most satisfactory nature. It is proposed to build the road from the Falls through Hamilton and Toronto, taking in other places on the road, and connect with the Canada Southern near St. Thomas. It is also proposed to run a line of steamers and build wharves and elevators at this city.

Whisky Raid at Whitby.

WHITBY, March 21.—License Inspector John Ferguson and Chief Constable Hugh McBrien made a raid to-day on the Royal Hotel, kept by James Black, also on the Armstrong Hotel, kept by Van Woodruff, and captured a quantity of whisky and beer in the bars.

Terrible Dynamite Explosion.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., March 21.—A sound like the combined roar of hundreds of cannon followed by the ascension of a huge black cloud of smoke to a towering height startled the inhabitants of Lakewood, N. J., and adjacent villages at 1 p.m. to-day. The earth was shaken as if by an earthquake. An explosion had occurred in the mixing room of the works of the United States Dynamite Company, three miles from Toms River. Thomas Haggerty and William Nicholas were the only occupants of the room. Nicholas was blown to atoms and Haggerty died in less than an hour. He was unable to explain the accident. His body was terribly mutilated and he suffered great agony. The shock was perceptible in all the towns and villages within 15 or 20 miles. At Toms River many citizens were greatly alarmed. Some buildings were violently shaken and the earth trembled. At Manchester and Farmingdale the report was distinctly heard. The United States Dynamite Company located its factory near Toms River about four years ago. Three explosions have occurred there in which five men were killed and three maimed for life.

An Albany Failure.

ALBANY, N.Y., March 21.—This afternoon Bradstreet's reported the embarrassment of Robert Geer, a well-known flour and salt merchant, who transferred property aggregating $50,000 to his father, James L. Geer, who lives in Connecticut, and to whom he is said to be heavily indebted.

Stop that Cough.

Many people neglect what they call a simple cold, which, if not checked in time, may lead to Lung trouble. Scott's *Emulsion of Pure Cod Liver Oil, with Hypophosphites*, will not only stop the cough but heal the lungs. Endorsed by thousands of physicians. Palatable as milk. Try it. Sold by all Druggists at 50c. and $1.00.

CROUP, WHOOPING COUGH and Bronchitis immediately relieved by Shiloh's Cure. For sale by D. M. Waters.

Only One Cent! Only One Cent!

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

FOR SALE.—Twenty shares in the capital stock of the G. & J. Brown Manufacturing Co. of Belleville. Business is in a flourishing condition, paying a dividend of 9 per cent. last year. Ill health the cause of sale. Address T. ROWLANDS, Kyle House. 272dtf

APARTMENTS TO LET.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

BOARD AND ROOMS.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

HOUSES TO LET.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

FOR SALE or TO LET, the House formerly occupied by J. H. Simpson, Commercial Street Possession given immediately. Apply to P. R. PALMER 263d3m

LOST AND FOUND.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

LIVE STOCK.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

HOUSE FOR SALE, OR TO LET.—No. 221 William Street, north of Hotel Street. A comfortable, well built, brick residence, in thorough repair. Eleven rooms, drive house, hard and soft water. Apply to FRANCIS S. WALLBRIDGE, Barrister, office corner of Front and Bridge Streets. 273d6t

HOUSE FOR SALE on William St., two doors south of Bridge St., next the residence of Mrs. T. C. Wallbridge, best locality in the city, house new, comfortable, and commodious, hard and soft water. closets in all the rooms. Enquire of R. PURDY, Bridge St. 272d2w

TO LET.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

TO LET.—Two Stores and some room on Front Street, next door to C. F. Smith. JOHN FORIN. 272d2w

WANTED.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

WANTED to rent, about 1st of May, an eight-roomed House in central locality. Apply to "A. H. W." Post Office. 274d3t

SALESMEN—We wish a few men to sell our goods by sample to the wholesale and retail trade. Large manufacturers in our line. Enclose 2-cent stamp. Wages $3 per day. Permanent position. No postals answered. Money advanced for wages, advertising, etc. CENTENNIAL MAN'F'G CO., CINCINNATI, OHIO. 245d30teod

DOMESTICS WANTED.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

MECHANICS WANTED.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S

English - Fruit - Jams,

Made from fresh ENGLISH FRUITS and REFINED SUGAR only.

RASPBERRY, STRAWBERRY, PLUM, DAMSON, GOOSEBERRY, CHERRY, BLACK CURRANT, RED CURRANT and GREENGAGE,

In pound pots, full weight.

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE,
Grocers and Wine Merchants.
33 & 37 Bridge Street.

Also Front Street, Opp. Ritchie's.

EYE, EAR & THROAT

DR. RYERSON.

L. R. C. P., L. R. C. S., E., Lecturer on the Eye, Ear and Throat, Trinity Medical College, Toronto, and Surgeon to the Mercer Eye and Ear Infirmary.
60 College Avenue, Toronto.

☞ Dr. Ryerson will be at the Queen's Hotel, Belleville, on Saturday, April 20th.

To Let for a Term of Years, or For Sale.

PARTS of 9 and 10, 2nd Con. of Thurlow, containing about 100 acres of cleared land, adjacent to the Grand Trunk Station. Apply to
HON. ROB'T READ, Belleville.
March 19, '89 d&wtf

Sun Life Assurance Company

OF CANADA.

I have great pleasure in announcing to the Policy-holders and friends of the Company that the Applications for New Life Assurances received during the year 1888 were $3,396,483.00, Life, and $2,820,900,00, Accident, or a total of $6,217,383.56. The total income was $525,273 and the total disbursements $288,859, thus giving a surplus of $236,414. The total assets of the company are $1,974,316, and there is a cash surplus to policy holders of $172,537 – an exceedingly satisfactory showing.

W. T. MCINTYRE,
General Agent, Belleville.

S. PARLIAMENT, Special Agent.

MILLINERY OPENING

AT

A. N. Reid & Co's

THURSDAY & FRIDAY,
MARCH 21st and 22nd,

When we will show all the latest novelties in Paris and American Pattern Hats and Bonnets, Silks, Dress Materials, Trimmings and Mantles.

All are cordially invited.

A. N. REID & CO.

--SPRING OPENING--

AT

GEORGE RITCHIE & CO'S.

On Friday, the 22nd of March,

the Show Rooms will be opened for the exhibition of Pattern Millinery and Mantles, with other seasonable and fashionable goods.

MISS IRWIN has now charge of the Show Rooms, and extends a cordial invitation to all.

Beautiful and rich goods will be shown, at very moderate prices.

GEO. RITCHIE & CO.

---Millinery .·. Opening---

AT

BRIGNALL & THOMPSON'S.

Wednesday, March the 20th.

When we shall be prepared to exhibit, as usual, a magnificent stock of Imported Millinery, Mantles, Silks and Dress Materials.

BRIGNALL & THOMPSON.

--50 MORE--

NEW HANGING LAMPS put in. Prices very much below anything we ever had.

W. J. REID & CO.

CLEARING - SALE

OF ALL

BOOTS AND SHOES

Damaged by Fire and Water. Over $5,000 worth at less than half regular price.

A. W. VERMILYEA & SON.

FANS

Suitable for WEDDINGS and BALLS. A splendid assortment at

J. C. OVERELL'S

FANCY EMPORIUM, BELLEVILLE.

New .·. Carpets!

Received yesterday, a very large shipment of

CROSSLEY'S CELEBRATED CARPETS!

—CONSISTING OF—

BRUSSELS CARPETS,
VELVET CARPETS,
TAPESTRY CARPETS,
and the
NEW MOSAICS.

These are the Finest Carpets in the Market, and are in SINGLE and DOUBLE WIDTHS —with

BORDERS and—
—STAIR CARPETS

TO MATCH. Some of these lines are a SPECIAL BARGAIN.

JAS. W. DUNNET.
GLASGOW WAREHOUSE
Belleville, March 20, 1889.

Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, FRIDAY, MAR. 22

"The Girl of the Period."

Mrs. Frank Leslie's letter on the above subject, Dr. Talmage's sermon, and some other special features, will make to-morrow's issue of the INTELLIGENCER a very attractive one. All the news of the day and a choice variety of miscellaneous reading for 2 cents.

MERE MENTION.

THE curling rink has been closed for the season.

BEECHAM'S PILLS cure bilious and nervous ills.

A LOT of purses at reduced prices at Geen's Drug Store.

ONE prisoner and two tramps occupied the cells last night.

IF you have a cough or cold go at once to Geen's Drug Store and buy a bottle of Holden's Expectorant.

JOSEPH Douglas was arrested yesterday afternoon, charged with assault. He was remanded this morning until to-morrow.

REMEMBER the Lecture in the Opera House by Rev'd Charles Chiniquy, on the evening of Thursday, March 28th. Plan open at Holden's. dtd

ALL DISORDERS CAUSED by a bilious state of the system can be can be cured by using Carter's Little Liver Pills. No pain, griping or discomfort attending their use. Try them.

SPRING is coming, and with it comes the necessity of a good spring medicine. Try East India Tonic Bitters, a good blood purifier and tonic. For sale by A. L. Geen and F. Charles Clarke.

COLD wet weather is very hard on sufferers from Neuralgia troubles, and to those Dyer's Quinine and Iron Wine is strongly recommended, it is palatable, easily assimilated, and can be safely taken by the weakest invalid. W. A. Dyer & Co., Montreal.

PROF. WM. H. THOMPSON, M.D., University of New York, New York city, says: "More adults are carried off in this country by chronic kidney disease than any other one malady except consumption." This shows that Dr. Thompson considers kidney disease a frightful malady. He also says "Bright's disease has no symptoms of its own, but has the symptoms of every other disease." The reason why Warner's Safe Cure cures so many different diseases is that by curing symptoms, which are called diseases, it strikes at the roots of disease itself.

PROBABILITIES.

TORONTO, March 22.—Moderate winds; fair weather; not much change in temperature.

"Truth Crushed to Earth

will rise." So will biscuit and bread made with Imperial Cream Tartar Baking Powder. It is the only reliable.

The Bridge All Right.

Mr. Wood's bill to empower municipalities to aid bridge companies was incorporated in Mr. Hardy's Municipal Amendment Act, which passed the House, and for a copy of which we thank Mr. Ostrom.

TEMPERATURE.

As Registered by Dr. Bell's Self-Registering Thermometer.

FRIDAY, March 22.
Maximum 42; minimum 30.
Barometer 30.33.

A Popular Instrument.

A new scale Upright Pianoforte recently completed by Messrs. Newcombe & Co., Toronto, is affording much satisfaction. It fills the requirements of a reliable instrument by a first class maker at a figure within the reach of all. Write them for particulars.

Mock Parliament.

A large number were present at last night's session, the subject under discussion being "Canada's Independenc." It was resolved that at the next meeting the subjects of independence, annexation, commercial union, unrestricted reciprocity and imperial federation be discussed, and a vote taken as to which is desirable.

Personal.

Mr. Job Lingham was slightly better this morning.

Mr. T. C. Lazier, of this city, has been in Kingston the past two days on business. The *News* says his friends in military circles were pleased to see him.

Mr. Geo. D. Dickson, Q.C., left for Toronto last night on business.

Mr. Currie, of the Stirling *News-Argus*, was in town to-day.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Correction.

In last night's issue the name Mr. G. H. Howe, 1st Lieut. of the Ramblers Wheel Club, should have been Mr. G. H. Horne.

Special.

40 doz. new ties at 15 cts, 25 doz. new ties at 25cts. New Windsor ties for boys. See our advertisement.—A. E. FISH & Co.

Youthful Immigrants.

Mrs. Wallace, of the Marchmont Home, has received from Mr. Wallace the following cablegram dated Manchester, March 21st: "Leave to-day with one hundred boys."

Band of Hope W. C. T. U.

A meeting of the Band of Hope of the W. T. C. U. will be held in the Temperance Hall, Campbell St. on Saturday afternoon at 3.30. All children are invited. A collection will be taken up. Mothers are especially requested by the committee to interest their children in the temperance work.

District Intelligence.

Mr. R. M. Roy has been taking photographic views of Strickland's lumber operations, which the Peterborough *Examiner* praises very highly.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Howsen, of Otonabee, have celebrated their golden wedding.

Peterboro' workmen are discussing a nine hour movement.

The Unequal Distribution of Money.

Mr. Thomas Ritchie, President of the Board of Trade, will on Monday night read a paper on the above subject before the Young People's Association of the John Street Church. Judging from Mr. Ritchie's thorough acquaintance with the subject, his discourse will no doubt be a highly interesting and instructive one.

Woman's Missionary Society.

The annual business meeting of the Woman's Foreign Missionary Society of the Presbytery of Kingston was held in Kingston on Tuesday morning. The following were amongst the delegates: Belleville, St. Andrew's—Mrs. McLean. John St.—Mrs. Northrup. Laborers of Love, M.B., Belleville—Miss Lizzie Forin, Miss Stinson. Mrs. Tannahill, Belleville, was elected Second Vice President. The society was invited by Mrs. McLean and Mrs. Northrup to hold their next annual meeting in Belleville. The invitation was cordially accepted.

High Testimonial.

St Patrick's Day was celebrated in Peterborough by a grand concert in the Opera House. The *Review*, in referring to the performers, has the following in regard to a Belleville vocalist: "Miss Waltz, of Belleville, made her first bow to a Peterborough audience. Her singing of Millard's "Judicabit" was simply magnificent. It goes without saying that she was heartily encored, and she responded with "Tell me, Beautiful Maiden." Miss Waltz's second number, Barthold Tours' "Because of Thine" was equally well performed and received an equally warm recognition and a recall, which she splendidly honored by a most pathetic singing of "The Song that Reached My Heart." Miss Waltz is a vocalist of the very highest order and her equal is seldom heard in Peterborough."

A Thief Arrested.

A Large Number of Articles Found in His Possession.

Officers Cook and Morton this morning made a search of the house occupied by Joseph Douglas for the purpose, if possible, of finding the harness stolen from Mr. S. Curry. A portion of it was found. The officers also found in the place 3 axes, 1 brass kettle, 1 blacksmith's wrench and file, 2 saws and a number of carpenter's tools, which they took to the police station. Mr. Ellis Ruttan, blacksmith, identified the file and wrench as his property and says they were stolen. The brass kettle belongs to Mr. Curry. The other articles await ownership. Douglas was employed for some time by Mr. Curry and when he left the harness and kettle disappeared. He has been placed under arrest.

Miss Embury's Concert.

Last evening's concert given in the City Hall by Miss A. G. Embury and her pupils was well attended and enjoyed by those present. The following are the names of those who took part in the programme: Miss Nettie Frizzell, Miss Me'a Cobb, Miss Maud Elvins, Miss Jennie Fretz, Miss Lily Smith, Miss Mary Moore, Miss A. G. Embury, Miss Annie Thrasher, Miss Maud Harris, Miss Helen Caldwell, Miss Stella Vanblaricom, Miss Florence Dafoe, Miss Beatrice Embury, Miss Nellie Gunn, Miss Florence Harris, Miss Emma Sullivan, Misses Jennie and Nora Taugher, Misses Mary and Annie McWilliams, Misses Clara and Lily Brown, Mr. Harry Cobb, Master Willie Bish, and a chorus of pupils.

At the close of the programme Mr. Wm. Johnson, on behalf of the audience, tendered Miss Embury and her pupils their congratulations.

Court of Chancery.

Belleville, March 21.

TORONTO GENERAL TRUST Co. v. SEWELL—This was an interpleader issue between the pl'ffs, who administered the estate of the late C. W. Bell, barrister of this city, as pl'ffs, and Mrs. Sewell, who was the widow of Mr. Bell, as deft, to test the right to the sum of about $3,000—life insurance on the life of the said Bell in the Liverpool, London & Globe and Queen Insurance Companies. It appears that Mr. Bell, under the statute authorizing him to do so, endorsed on these life policies a declaration, making the proceeds payable to his wife, the present def't. These declarations were wholly in Mr. Bell's own handwriting, but he omitted to sign same. Pl'ffs contend that the same, not having been signed by Mr. Bell, have no effect and that the proceeds of policies should go with his general estate, whereas def't contends that, declarations being all in Mr. Bell's own handwriting, have same effect as if signed, and she should have the money. Judgment was reserved.—Mr. Marsh, of Toronto, for pl'ffs; Mr. Moss, Q. C., of Toronto, for def't.

ROBERTSON v. JAMES—Action by pl'ff, Andrew Robertson, of Montreal, to compel specific performance of an agreement made with def't, the firm of James & Taylor, of Bridgewater, as to purchase of property in that village. Case laid over to be tried at Kingston in May. Mr. Moss, Q. C., and Mr. Sherry for pl'ff; Mr. Dougall, Q. C., and Mr. Northrup for def't.

22nd March, 1889.

BRYSON v. HOPE.—An action brought by plaintiff, a resident of California, against the Sheriff of the County as assignee of the estate of Smith & Bryson (who formerly kept store in Trenton), to recover a claim of some $2,500, which claim the creditors of the estate disputed. Suit settled by plt'ff accepting $2,400. No costs to either party. —Mr. Walter Cassels, Q.C., and Mr. Skinner for pl'ff; Mr. Moss, Q.C., and Mr. Biggar for deft.

GUNN v. CAIN.—Action brought by Alex. Gunn, of Kingston, against George Cain, of Marmora, to recover possession of some mining lands in Marmora. Judgment reserved.—Mr. Machar, of Kingston, for pl'ff; Mr. Burdett and Mr. Wallbridge for deft.

Court adjourned at 1 p. m.

SLEEPLESS NIGHTS, made miserable by that terrible cough. Shiloh's Cure is the Remedy for you. Sold by D. M. Waters.

THE SUICIDE'S CAREER,

As Related by his Brother.

THE YOUNGEST SON, AND THE "BLACK SHEEP."

Addicted to Intoxicants, but Kind and Lovable.—Nothing in the 'Woman' Stories.

A Fit of Melancholy the Cause of the Rash Act.

Mr. Philo R. Smith, of Gloversville, N. Y., brother of Hiram D. Smith, who committed suicide on Tuesday night, arrived in the city last night. He was accompanied by Mr. E. Darling, of the same place, who is a brother-in-law of the deceased. Both were taken to the Henderson House, where a crowd gathered around the place and remained until a late hour in the hope of catching a glimpse of the two strangers. Immediately after their arrival supper was partaken of, following which they retired to a private room and were closeted for some time with the proprietor of the hotel, the Chief of Police and Dr. Youker. When asked if he required an inquest held, Mr. Smith, upon the facts of the case being related, decided that

AN INQUEST WAS NOT NECESSARY,

whereupon Dr. Youker gave the following certificate of the cause of death:

BELLEVILLE, March 21st, 1889.

This certifies that the deceased, Hiram D. Smith, died from the effects of self-inflicted injuries, under circumstances that do not require investigation by a coroner's inquest.

W. YOUKER, M. D.,
Coroner Co. of Hastings.
Province of Ontario.

The party then repaired to the warerooms of Mr. John G. Frost for the purpose of viewing the remains and making preparation for their removal. When Mr. Smith cast his eyes upon the cold form he burst into tears, at the same time exclaiming,

"POOR FELLOW, THAT IS HIM!"

The finest cloth-covered casket that was in the shop was then selected in which to deposit the remains. As already stated, they had been embalmed and the face bore the expression, as the brother remarked, of being in a tranquil sleep.

After all arrangements had been completed here, the party repaired to the police station to take possession of the goods which the Chief had taken care of. It was at this place that a representative of the INTELLIGENCER had the privilege of an interview with Mr. Smith, who related in a pathetic manner the following circumstances: The deceased was 32 years of age, and the youngest member of a large family. His father has been dead for a number of years, whilst the mother died two years ago. He was a

GOOD HEARTED FELLOW

and, when at his home in Gloversville, was in the habit of moping around the house. He was addicted to the use of intoxicants and would at times go off on a spree, which would last for some time. After these debauches he would appear quite melancholy, and, the speaker here remarked, he was certain that it was while in one of these melancholy fits that he committed the terrible deed.

In answer to an inquiry in reference to the seduction of a young girl in Syracuse, Mr. Smith said emphatically that he did not believe that there was any truth in the matter. He (the deceased) had not in any way intimated to him that he was in trouble of this character, and he was certain that if there was anything like that troubling him deceased would have mentioned it. He was of a very impulsive nature and the speaker believed that had he taken a moment for thought, he would not be a

CORPSE TO-DAY.

He also stated that deceased was tender-hearted and would not allow even a dumb animal to be used cruelly. He had not been doing anything the past three years but travelling from one place to another. He had not been home since last July.

The reporter here showed Mr. Smith the clipping which was taken from a Rochester paper, referring to an eloping couple named Annie Johles and Walter Smith, from Utica, who had been separated at Montreal, and asked him if it had reference to his brother. He emphatically denied all knowledge of the article and said it did not refer to the deceased. The interview with the gentleman was here brought to a close.

In conversation with the brother-in law of deceased it was learned that the victim did for a few years carry on business as

A TANNER,

owning an extensive tannery in Gloversville, (which he said was a town having 12,000 inhabitants). After giving up this business he entered into partnership with his brother Philo, and remained with him some three or four years. They, however, dissolved partnership some three years ago, and the deceased had since occupied his time principally in travelling. He also strongly repudiated the idea that the cause of the suicide was on account of seducing a girl. He was a very impulsive young man, and if he took anything into his head was determined to go through with it. He was of the opinion that the cause of his

SUICIDE WAS MELANCHOLY,

brought on by the use of intoxicants. He was an adherent of the Presbyterian church.

The two gentlemen left at 4 o'clock this morning on their sad journey homeward, taking with them the remains of the victim of his own rashness.

Mr. Smith expressed himself as being much pleased with the manner in which the body had been prepared for burial. He also expressed his appreciation with regard to all who had interested themselves in the case.

The gentlemen experienced considerable difficulty in reaching Kingston from the American side, the ice impeding the progress of the boat.

The knife with which the victim committed the deed is still in the hands of the Chief.

WM. ROBERTS, M.D., Physician to the Manchester Eng., Infirmary and Lunatic Hopital, Professor of Medicines in Owen's College, says: "Gradual failure of strength, increased pallor or sallowness, and disinclination for exercise is one of the prominent symptoms of kidney disease." Warner's Safe Cure is the only remedy that is guaranteed to cure kidney disease.

Improper Use of Firearms.

Senator Read thinks the law respecting the improper use of firearms and other weapons is not stringent enough, and yesterday he introduced a bill on the subject which will, in his opinion, cover the defects of the Act. His bill provides for the issuing of certificates of exemption in certain cases.

—Dakota farmers are said to be short of suitable wheat for seed.

—Wheat sells in Manitoba for $1 and $1.08; in Dakota for 90 cents.

—There will be ten elections to repeal the Scott Act on the 4th prox.

FOR NETTLE RASH, Summer Heat and general toilet purposes, use Low's Sulphur Soap

DOCTORING IN THE DARK.

No sensible surgeon will attempt the performance of an operation involving human life in a room secluded from the proper amount of light. A practitioner will not attempt the diagnosis of a complicated disease unless he can see the sufferer and make an examination upon which to base his opinion relative to the treatment necessary to bring about restoration of health.

Notwithstanding the impropriety of such action there seems to be a great deal of doctoring in the dark.

It needs no illustrations to demonstrate that gross ignorance has caused many fatal mistakes in the treatment of diseases by those who profess to be learned in the art of healing.

In many diseases several organs are more or less implicated and what seems a primary ailment may be one quite remote. For instance a severe headache may have its origin in a disturbed stomach. On the other hand, sickness at the stomach may be caused by a blow on the head. The seat of typhoid fever is in the upper part of the bowels, but most of its worst symptoms are often in the brain.

Symptoms of diseases as well as diseases themselves are oftentimes followers or concomitants of some unsuspected organic disease, and this is peculiarly true of lung, liver, brain and heart diseases in general, for it is now known that they are the result of kidney disease, which shows its presence in some such indirect manner.

Several years ago a gentleman became convinced of the truth of this and through his efforts the world has been warned of kidney disease and as a result of continued effort a specific known as Warner's Safe Cure was discovered, the general use of which has shown it to be of inestimable benefit in all cases where kidney treatment is desirable or necessary.

When consumption is threatened see to it that the conditions of the kidneys is immediately inquired into and if they are found diseased, cure them by an immediate use of Warner's Safe Cure and the symptoms of lung decay will rapidly disappear.

There are too many instances already recorded of the terrible results produced by a lack of knowledge concerning the cause of disease, and human life is of too much importants to be foolishly sacrificed to bigotry or ignorance.

SPRING FASHIONS.

Geo Ritchie & Co.'s Display of Millinery, &c.

One of the events that is anxiously looked forward to by the ladies of Belleville is the Spring display of goods by this old and reliable establishment. Mr. T. Ritchie having lately returned from an extended tour in the markets of London and Paris, was able to place before his numerous customers the latest and most popular patterns in hats and bonnets. Miss Irwin is now at the head of this department, and the display was a sight well worth seeing.

Bonnet shapes are varied in quality and style. Gauzes, ribbons, crepes and laces of all shades, are used in abundance. In ladies', misses', and children's hats there seems to be a very large variety. Flowers and aigrettes are also extensively used, and very pretty effects are produced by the combination. Nearly every color is more or less in vogue this season; some of the prominent colors are yellow, blue, and green. Space will not permit of a description in detail, but the display may be pronounced as elegant and exceptionally fine. Several young ladies have been engaged, who are clever artists in modelling and designing.

The dress-making department is also a chief feature of the firm's business, and is complete. There were shown some very neat, short, close fitting jackets in both black and colors.

The general salesroom is heavily stocked with seasonable goods. They have a fine line of French and English dress goods, both white and colored, for summer use. Parasols for this season are very pretty, and the handles are long. The stock of house furnishing goods is the most complete in the city, the supply of curtains, curtain poles, and ornamental window fittings being well assorted. The second flat is filled with carpets, of which there is a large assortment of both fine and common goods.

The gents' furnishing department is well equipped with tweeds, underclothing, ties and other staple goods. The tailoring department is under the able management of Mr. G. Fax.

This firm is known throughout the country for its enterprise and push, and its patrons will be pleased to learn that it is entering on the trade of this season with, if anything, a greater and more varied stock of goods than it ever carried before.

W. F. JONES.

The millinery show rooms of Mr. W. Flint Jones were thronged with ladies today, it being the spring opening. Judging from the elegant display made, and the unanimous opinion of the ladies, Mr. Jones has evidently made his mark in this department of his trade. Miss Minore has charge of this branch of the business, and well sustains the reputation she has as one of the first class milliners of Ontario. The proprietor says he is determined to earn a reputation for having as good and fine millinery as can be found anywhere. Among the latest styles in bonnets are the "Lady Templeton," Brown Potter," both English shapes, the Paris shapes being "Minta," "Marvel," "Nevada," "Opera" and "Elgin." In hats the designs are Okalona, Lotus, Neilson, Nevins, Pickering, Cossack, Auverne, and Toreador. In children's hats the leading styles are Truant, Greyhound, Baby's Own, Hading and Malanie. The trimmings are jets, ribbons, flowers, aigettes and tips, and of the shades Gobelin Green and Old Rose are the principal.

Mr. Jones has also a large stock of silks, satins and dress goods, with trimmings to match. Prints, chambrays and muslins are also to be seen in stock, which is the largest that he has ever carried. He has also a fine display of parasols, long handles being the style. In gloves and hosiery he also has a fine display. His stock of staple goods is complete.

MISS TILNEY.

For the tasteful arrangement of goods, so far as to attract attention and please the eye, the fancy display made by Miss Tilney will compare favorably with any. The goods on exhibition are mostly of her own manufacture. Bonnets are of all shapes and sizes, and trimmed with the latest designs. Hats are also shown in profusion. The leading colors in hats are Brice, Ruddigore and Mahogany. In trimmings light crepes and flowers taking the lead.

In fancy work Miss Tilney has the largest stock in the city, tinsel work being shown in profusion, initial broidery is also shown in large quantity, the neatness and design of the work being particularly admired. This exhibition was one of the most successful which Miss Tilney has had, as was remarked by many who visited her store.

AS A PICK ME-UP after excessive exertion or exposure, Milburn's Beef, Iron and Wine is grateful and comforting.

—So far this year 15 duels and 16 suicides have taken place at Monte Carlo.

—At Grenville, Texas, Jno. Gliddens was shot and killed yesterday by his 17-year-old son.

—The catch of seals this spring, according to advices from Newfoundland, already reaches 200,000, which is more than all of last year's catch.

Trade of the Dominion.

SPEECH BY HON. ROBERT READ IN THE SENATE.

(From the Official Report.)

TUESDAY, March 12.

(Continued.)

"It is not deemed necessary to here discuss the great merits of commercial union or the details of arrangement that will be necessary. Your committee believe that the power herein conferred upon the President can do no harm, that it will be wisely used, and will lead to beneficent results, promoting the independence, prosperity and peace of two great peoples.

"The committee therefore recommend the adoption of the joint resolution.

"Mr. Bland (before the reading of the report was concluded). Mr. Speaker, unless some other gentleman desires the further reading of the report, I do not ask that the reading be continued, as I now understand the nature of the proposition.

"The joint resolution was ordered to be engrossed and read a third time; and being engrossed, it was accordingly read the third time, and passed.

"Mr. Anderson, of Iowa, moved to reconsider the vote by which the joint resolution was passed, and also moved that the motion to reconsider be laid on the table.

The latter motion was agreed to.

Mr. Hitt. I ask consent of the House that members have leave to print remarks on the resolution just passed, which is one I introduced last March, and which I thank the gentleman for calling up."

There is no uncertain sound about that, and if we read what the American papers say of it we must admit that they understand what it means. I will read from the Chicago *Times*:

"It is at least possible that the ardent advocacy of commercial union by the *Globe* (that is our Liberal paper) and other strong Opposition papers finds its inspiration in a desire to drive the Macdonald party from power—

They may desire that, but I think they will have to take some other course.

"It will not do, therefore, to infer too much from the confident tone assumed by the advocates of commercial union. Nor will it do to assume that all who have been advocating that project would continue to do so if they fully understood the political consequence of its adoption. The fact seems to be that very many Canadians who talk about this project imagine that they are talking about something like the old treaty of reciprocity, and it is highly probable that if the real wish of the Canadians could be ascertained it would be found to be for reciprocity, and not for a surrender by their Government of all control over their own tariff—a thing almost necessarily involved in the Customs union scheme * * If they take that (commercial union) they must take it with their eyes open to the political consequences."

What does that mean? I think we all understand that it means annexation. Now I will quote a little further on the same subject from another article:

"It should not be forgotten that this proposition, which is the same proposition contained in Mr. Hitt's resolution, also implies a complete surrender by the Dominion Parliament to the American Congress of all control over the principal source of the Dominion's revenue—the tariff. Whatever it may please the American Congress to do regarding the tariff that the Dominion Government must forthwith accept. Our Congress would have even more power over the Dominion tariff under this arrangement than it would in the event of a political union, because the people of the Dominion would have neither vote nor voice in Washington under the proposed commercial union, while they would have both under political union. Not only would our Congress prescribe and change at pleasure all the tariff taxes exacted from the people of Canada, but our executive officers and our courts would make all the rulings and decisions affecting rates for the Dominion as well as for the United States."

Hon. Mr. Macdonald (Victoria)—That is an eye-opener!

HON. MR. READ—It is an eye opener. This matter of commercial union having been drawn into this debate we cannot help talking about it. When it first came up I looked into it a little, and as Mr. Wiman was going to speak about it near the place where I reside I thought I would go and hear what he had to say. I went, and as it was asked at the meeting what anyone had to say in reply, I made it my business to say something. I had not an appreciative audience, but I made my statement and combatted the scheme from a financial point of view. I did not take it up from a political point of view, but I took up the scheme as it was presented by Mr. Wiman and his friends in this country in the pamphlets which they gave us to read. The scheme was that we should come into a commercial union, assimilate our tariff laws and divide the receipts between the United States and Canada. He assumed that their population is 60,000,000 and ours is 5,000,000. Now let us go into the figures and see how we would stand under this arrangement. The duties collected in the United States are on an average 47 per cent., and amount to $190,000,000 in round numbers. The duties collected in Canada on a 20 per cent. tariff are $22,500,000. Assuming that we are going to assimilate our tariffs and we are paid *per capita* alike, we have $212,500,000 as the revenue of the two countries. Dividing that *per capita* amongst a population of 65,000,000 we get back as our share out of that pool $15,500,000, a loss in revenue of $7,350,000,000. That would be the result under the scheme as propounded by Mr. Wiman and the other gentlemen who were speaking with him.

Hon. Mr. Macdonald (Victoria)—Our duties then would be 47 per cent.

Hon. Mr. Read—We would pay the same duty as they do. We might increase the whole revenue a small amount. Supposing we paid 50 per cent. more duty, it would be a very small division between 65,000,000 people in the two countries. We are able to consume more imports than they do. We export more than they do *per capita*, consequently on Customs alone we would be at a loss of revenue, from Customs, if we pool our receipts on this basis, of $7,350,000. That would have to be made up by taxation in some other way.

Hon. Mr. Dever—But you would get the benefit of a free market in the United States, and the benefit of their goods without duties—tobacco, sugar, and so on.

(To be continued.)

Corn Sowing

Is a process conducted by the agency of tight boots all the year around. Corn reaping is best conducted through the agency of Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor, the only safe and sure-pop corn cure. Putnam's Extractor is now widely imitated. Beware of all poisonous and sore producing substitutes.

MINISTERS, LAWYERS, TEACHERS, and others whose occupation give but little exercise, should use Carter's Little Liver Pills for torpid liver and biliousness. One is a dose. Try them.

—The Quebec Legislature was prorogued yesterday.

SHILOH'S COUGH and Consumption Cure is sold by us on a guarantee. It cures consumption. Sold by D. M. Waters.

A WISE CONCLUSION.

Years ago we decided that we would handle only such goods as we could recommend to our customers as good value for the money. The result is we have established a reputation for selling the best wearing Boots and Shoes in the locality, and our trade has increased while others have decreased. Our new Spring Stock has again been selected with the same care.

HAINES & LOCKETT.

EMBROIDERIES!-----

We have by far the largest stock of Embroideries in this city. We show them at prices ranging from 2c. to $5.50 per yard. 240 patterns to choose from.

J. HENNESSY.

☞ No such goods shown by any other store in town.

PAINLESS EFFECTUAL
BEECHAM'S PILLS
THE GREAT ENGLISH MEDICINE
WORTH A GUINEA A BOX

For Bilious and Nervous Disorders, such as Wind and Pain in the Stomach, Sick Headache, Giddiness, Fulness, and Swelling after Meals, Dizziness and Drowsiness, Cold Chills, Flushings of Heat, Loss of Appetite, Shortness of Breath, Costiveness, Scurvy, Blotches on the Skin, Disturbed Sleep, Frightful Dreams, and all Nervous and Trembling Sensations, &c. THE FIRST DOSE WILL GIVE RELIEF IN TWENTY MINUTES. This is no fiction. Every sufferer is earnestly invited to try one Box of these Pills, and *they will be acknowledged to be a Wonderful Medicine.*—"Worth a guinea a box."—BEECHAM'S PILLS, taken as directed, will quickly *restore females* to complete health. For a

WEAK STOMACH; IMPAIRED DIGESTION; DISORDERED LIVER;

they ACT LIKE MAGIC:—*a few doses* will work wonders upon the Vital Organs; Strengthening the muscular System; restoring long-lost Complexion; bringing back the keen edge of appetite, and arousing with the ROSEBUD OF HEALTH the *whole physical energy* of the human frame. These are "facts" admitted by thousands, in all classes of society, and one of the best guarantees to the Nervous and Debilitated is that BEECHAM'S PILLS HAVE THE LARGEST SALE OF ANY PATENT MEDICINE IN THE WORLD. Full directions with each Box.

Prepared only by THOS. BEECHAM, St. Helens, Lancashire, England.

Sold by Druggists generally.

EVANS & SONS, [LIMITED], Montreal,
Sole Agents for the Dominion of Canada.

WOMEN WHO MARRIED ROYALTY.

Singers and Actresses Whose Charms Won Them Titled Husbands.

The nuptitals of Prince Alexander of Battenberg and Fraulein Loisinger have created as much excitement in Austria and Germany as the more startling Pigott incident has in England. There seems to be no longer any doubt that the erstwhile ruler of Bulgaria has in reality united himself in the bond of marriage with this young singer. The alliance has been admitted by a semi-official organ in Darmstadt; and it is further stated that a Viennese herald has been requested to design a coat of arms for the Prince's use as Count Hartenau—the name which he is apparently to adopt henceforward. Fraulein Loisinger, or, more accurately speaking, the Count Hartenau, has, we imagine, outstripped any prima donna that ever lived as regards the social position attained by her.

Judging from the accounts given of her antecedents, her climb has been from the lowest rung of the ladder. Her father was a valet or flunkey of some sort. But if deficient in birth, according to the notions that prevail in society, Fraulein Loisinger seems, however, to have had both beauty and talents to recommend her. Her reputation as a singer stands high. She was the reigning toast of Darmstadt opera-goers, and was regarded as a most prominent artist. A fortunate marriage—in a worldly sense—on the part of an opera singer or actress is no longer a matter that provokes astonishment. More especially is this so on the Continent. When a prima donna of celebrity does not marry a manager or a tenor who has played Elvino to her Amina, she generally hands herself over at the altar to a Prince, a Duke, or nobleman of some kind. Madame Patti, before she married Signor Nicolini, was the Marquise de Caux. Madame Christine Nilsson is the wife of Count Casa-Miranda, a Spanish grandee. The opera singer Leopoldine Hofmann is the spouse of the Archduke Henry of Austria-Hungary. Prince Henry of Reuss took as wife Marie Loisset, a circus-rider; the reigning Duke George II. of Saxe-Meiningen is the husband of the actress Helen Franz, and Prince Adalbert of Prussia wedded Therese Elssler—sister of Fanny, the famous dancer. This Therese was also on the stage, and was nicknamed "The Majestuous," on account of her commanding stature and prodigious strength.

English women connected with the theatre boards have in their turn reached what may be called matrimonial elevation and a good deal might be written about handsome male operatic singers and actors who have found favor with titled ladies. The record before and after the notorious Sapio belongs, however, rather to the chronique scandaleuse than to legitimate history. There is, nevertheless, one instance of a young English tenor, still alive, said to be married privately to an English duchess.—N. Y. Times.

Navigation has been opened at the west end of Lake Erie.

A number of additional Provincial University examiners were appointed last night.

The Franchise Bill is expected to come up in the House at Ottawa to-day.

IMPERIAL
CREAM TRADE MARK TARTAR
BAKING POWDER

PURES, STRONGEST, BEST,
CONTAINS NO
Alum, Ammonia, Lime, Phosphates,
OR ANY INJURIOUS SUBSTANCE.

E. W. GILLETT, TORONTO, ONT. CHICAGO, ILL.
MANUFACTURER OF
THE CELEBRATED ROYAL YEAST CAKES.

TORONTO, March 15, 1889.

Messrs. The Lansdowne Piano Mfg. Co.,
86 York St., Toronto:

GENTLEMEN,—It affords me much pleasure to testify to the excellent qualities of your Pianos. Before I purchased a piano from you several years ago, I carefully examined many instruments by different makers in order to secure the best. I am glad to assure you that I have not been disappointed in my selection.

Your Pianos will favorably compare with any STEINWAY or CHICKERING I have yet seen, and I have no hesitation in saying that they surpass all other Canadian Pianos in breadth and richness of tone, lightness of touch, beauty of style, and especially in the bell-like quality of the treble notes.

Concluding, I wish to congratulate you upon the great success and the results you have obtained, and I am sure your Pianos will always sustain the wide reputation they have hitherto enjoyed. I remain,

Respectfully yours,
THEODORE H. A. MARTENS,
Graduate of the Leipzig University of Music.

T. DONNELLY,
Agent, Belleville.

NEW COLLARS
—AT—
--FISH'S.--

ROYAL TOP,
TOP ROYAL,
THE HARRISON,
THURMAN COLLARS

are the newest out. New Neckwear, elegant patterns. See our new Shirts.

A. E. FISH & CO.,
The noted Shirt Makers and Gents' Furnishers, 260 Front St.

TENDERS WANTED!

TENDERS addressed to D. B. Robertson, Esq., City Clerk and endorsed "Tenders for Stone," will be received until 6 o'clock p. m.

Thursday, March 28th, inst.,

—FOR—

ONE THOUSAND CORDS OF HARD-HEAD STONE,

broken suitable for streets, delivered in such place or places within the city limits as may be designated by the Public Works department.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

THOMAS HANLEY.
Chairman Public Works Com.
Belleville, March 21, '89 274itd

REFINED CAMPHOR

Fresh from the Manufacturers, just received by

L. W. YEOMANS & CO.

CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES
—AT THE—
City Book Store.

New Stock just received, in all the latest styles of leading American and Canadian manufacturers.

Largest assortment in the city to select from. No old goods carried over. All Carriages this year's make.

Prices extremely low.

☞ Study your best interests by examining our stock.

C. B. SCANTLEBURY

$4.00 PER MONTH will rent a comfortable house in a good situation.

$7.00 PER MONTH will rent a good brick house.

$10.00 PER MONTH will rent a large brick house with a good stable, and within two minutes' walk of Front Street.

FOR SALE.—A comfortable residence, with a good garden, and a quiet street.

For further particulars apply to

J. L. BIGGAR.

WINTER SERVICE.

---ALLAN LINE----

Steamships	Fr. Portland	Fr. Halifax
Polynesian	21 Feb.	23 Feb.
Sardinian	7 Mar.	9 Mar.
Circassian	21 "	23 "
Parisian	4 April	6 April
Polynesian	18 "	20 "
Sardinian	2 May	4 May

Circassian from Quebec May 10th.

The steamers from Portland via Halifax call at Londonderry on their passage to and from Liverpool, to embark and land mails and passengers.

The steamers from Halifax via St. Johns, Nfd., call at Queenstown on their passages to and from Britain.

Steamers leave Portland on arrival of train leaving Belleville Wednesday noon, and Halifax on arrival of train leaving Belleville Thursday noon.

Passengers proceeding by steamers calling at St. Johns, Nfd., will leave Belleville on Friday noon train.

RATES OF OCEAN PASSAGE:

Cabin, $50.00, $65.00 and $75.00 according to accommodation. Intermediate, $30.00. Steerage, $20.00. Return Tickets, Cabin, $100, $125.00, $150.00. Intermediate, $60.00. Steerage $40.00.

Steerage passangers are booked to and from Queenstown, Derry, Belfast, London and Glasgow at same rates as Liverpool.

Intermediate passangers are forwarded to and from Glasgow and Liverpool by rail without extra charge.

CABIN PASSENGERS

are supplied with a very liberal table, and everything necessary except wines and liquors, which can be had on board at moderate prices.

Each passanger is allowed twenty cubic feet of baggage free.

THE INTERMEDIATE.

Superior accommodation is offered in the INTERMEDIATE, which in every respect is equal to what is called Second Cabin in some lines sailing from New York.

The Intermediate Cabins on all our ships are well situated, perfectly ventilated and are entirely distinct from the Steerage. Steward and Stewardesses to each vessel. Passengers in the Intermediate are found with everything.

THE STEERAGES

are large and exceedingly well lighted and ventilated, are fitted up in rooms, each passanger having a seperate sleeping berth. A Stewardess is appointed to each steamer.

For tickets and all information apply to

U. E. THOMPSON,
General Ticket Agent,
Bridge St. Belleville.

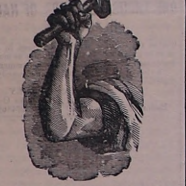
Burdock
BLOOD
BITTERS

WILL CURE OR RELIEVE

BILIOUSNESS, DIZZINESS,
DYSPEPSIA, DROPSY,
INDIGESTION, FLUTTERING OF THE HEART,
JAUNDICE, ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH,
ERYSIPELAS, SALT RHEUM, DRYNESS OF THE SKIN,
HEARTBURN,
HEADACHE,

And every species of diseases arising from disordered LIVER, KIDNEYS, STOMACH, BOWELS OR BLOOD.

T. MILBURN & CO., Proprietors, Toronto



Manufacturers Life & Accident
INSURANCE COMPANIES.

Combined authorized capital	$3,000,000
Combined subscribed capital	739,700
Combined cash capital	150,760
Combined insurance received (1888)	9,575,525

President—Sir John A. Macdonald.
Vice-Presidents { Geo. Gooderham, Esq., William Bell, Esq.
Secretary and Treasurer—J. L. Kerr, Esq.
Managers for Eastern Ontario, Peterboro—Wilson & Morrison.

R. CROFT HULME
Agent, Belleville.

Agents wanted.

This Company wrote the largest amount of new business of any company in Canada in 1888. It has the largest capital and the strongest Board of Directors of any company in the Dominion.

ARMBRECHT'S
TONIC COCA WINE

FOR FATIGUE
OF MIND AND BODY
AND SLEEPLESSNESS.

"Experience and scientific analysis reveal to us in Coca the most tonic plant in the Vegetable Kingdom."—*Manuel Fuentes.*

"It (Coca) is, in a word, the most powerful restorer of the vital forces."—*Dr. Schwalk.*

ARMBRECHT'S COCA WINE, though more tonic in its properties than Iron or Quinine,

NEVER CONSTIPATES.

See Medical Reviews. For sale by leading druggists throughout the world.

ARMBRECHT, NELSON & CO.
2 Duke St., Grosvenor Sq.,
LONDON.

Pond - Lily - Cream.

A delightful Toilet article. Not a face paint or powder; does not cover over but cures. Used in connection with Pond Lily Liver Pellets and Pond Lily Soap most effectually and positively removes Pimples, Freckles, Tan, Black Specks, Blotches, allays all irritation after shaving, or any itchiness of the skin from whatever cause and all roughness from the face, hands, neck and arms, leaving them beautifully white and velvety. Sold by wholesale dealers and druggists everywhere. Pond Lily Cream, 25 cents; Pond Lily Liver Pellets, 25 cents; Pond Lily Skin Soap, 15 cents. S. PERRIN, Chemist, Manufacturer and Proprietor for Canada.

PILES! PILES! PILES!

Dr. William's Indian Pile Ointment is a sure cure for Blind, Bleeding or Itching Piles. No one need suffer. Prepared for Piles only. It never fails to cure. Sold by druggists for $1.00, or mailed on receipt of price. WILLIAMS M'f'g Co., Cleveland, Ohio.

Important to Workingmen.

Artizans, mechanics and laboring men are liable to sudden accidents and injuries, as well as painful cords, stiff joints and lameness. To all thus troubled we would recommend Hagyard's Yellow Oil, the handy and reliable pain cure for outward or internal use.

Give Them a Chance ?

That is to say, your lungs. Also all your breathing machinery. Very wonderful machinery it is. Not only the larger air-passages, but the thousands of little tubes and cavities leading from them.

When these are clogged and choked with matter which ought not to be there, your lungs cannot half do their work. And what they do they cannot do well.

Call it cold, cough, croup, pneumonia, catarrah, consumption or any of the family of throat and nose and lung obstructions, all are bad. All ought to be got rid of. There is just one sure way to get rid of them. That is to take Boschee's German Syrup, which any druggist will sell you at 75 cents a bottle. Even if everything else has failed you, you may depend upon this for certain.

A Feeble Failure.

Many persons become feeble and fail in health and disease of the blood, liver, kidneys and stomach when prompt use of Burdock Blood Bitters, the grand purifying and regulating tonic, would quickly regulate every bodily function and restore to perfect health.

FEVER AND AGUE AND BILIOUS DERANGEMENTS are positively cured by the use of Parmelee's Pills. They not only cleanse the stomach and bowels from all bilious matter, but they open the excretory vessels, causing them to pour copious effusions from the blood into the bowels, after which the corrupted mass is thrown out by the natural passage of the body. They are used as a general family medicine with the best results.

To lessen mortality and stop the inroads of disease, use Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and Dyspeptic Cure. For all diseases arising from Impure Blood, such as Pimples, Botches, Biliousness, Indigestion, etc., etc., it has no equal. Mrs. Thomas Smith, Elm, writes: "I am using this medicine for Dyspepsia; I have tried many remedies, but this is the only one that has done me any good."

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP should always be used when children are cutting teeth. It relieves the little sufferer at once; it produces natural, quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakens as "bright as a button." It is very pleasant to taste. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP," and take no other kind. 3d&wly

Nothing so suddenly obstructs the perspiration as suddent transitions from heat to cold. Heat rarifies the blood, quickens the circulation and increases the perspiration, but when these are suddenly checked the consequences must be bad. The most common cause of disease is obstructed perspiration, or what commonly goes by the name of catching cold. Coughs, colds, sore throat, etc, if attended to in time are easily subdued, but allowed to run their own course, generally prove the fore-runner of more dangerous diseases. Nine-tenths of the consumptives date their affliction from a neglected cold, and the diseases that are caused by wet feet, damp clothes, or exposure are more numerous than are generally supposed. One of the most efficacious medicines for all diseases of the throat and lungs is Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup. It promotes a free and easy expectoration, which frees the lungs from viscid phlegm by changing the secretions from a diseased to a healthy stat

Rest and Comfort to the Suffering.

"Brown's Household Panacea' has no equal for relieving pain, both internal and external. It cures Pain in the Side, Back or Bowels, Sore Throat, Rheumatism, Toothache, Lumbago and any kind of a Pain or Ache. "It will most surely quicken the Blood and Heal, as its acting power is wonderful." "Brown's Household Panacea," being acknowledged as the great Pain Reliever, and of double the strength of any other Elixir or Liniment in the world, should be in every family handy for use when wanted, "as it really is the best remedy in the world for Cramps in the Stomach, and Pains and Aches of all kinds,' and is for sale by all Druggists at 25 cts a bottle.

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, *Station New York City.*

DUNN'S
BAKING
POWDER
THE COOK'S BEST FRIEND

EXHAUSTED VITALITY.

THE SCIENCE OF LIFE, the great Medical Work of the age on Manhood, Nervous and Physical Debility, Premature Decline, Errors of Youth, and the untold miseries consequent thereon, 300 pages 8 vo., 125 prescriptions for all diseases. Cloth, full gilt, only $1, by mail, sealed. Illustrative sample free to all young and middle aged men. Send now. The Gold and Jewelled Medal awarded to the author by the National Medical Association. Address P. O. Box 1895, Boston, Mass., or Dr. W. H. PARKER, graduate of Harvard Medical College, 25 years' practice in Boston, who may be consulted confidentially. Specialty, Diseases of Men. Office, No. 4, Bulfinch Street,

NERVOUS
DEBILITY.

NERVOUS DEBILITY, EXHAUSTING, Vital Drains (caused by early indiscretions), effectually cured. Syphilitic affections and all bad blood and skin diseases arising there from thoroughly eradicated. Varicocele cured without operation. Impotence, or premature decline of the manly powers, and all diseases of the genito-urinary organs a specialty. It makes no difference who has failed to cure you. Skill and experience important. A friendly letter or call may save you a great deal of misery and add years to your life. Consultation FREE. Medicines sent to any address. DR. REEVE, 337 Jarvis St., Toronto. 59d&wly

Lake Winnipeg White Fish
Salmon Trout,
Salt Water Salmon,
Finnan Haddies,
Boneless Codfish,
Roll Butter,
Fresh Eggs,
Sugar Syrups.

A. KNOX.

VETERINARY.

T. PURVIS, Veterinary Surgeon, Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College, Toronto, Member of Ontario Vet. Society. Office, rooms formerly occupied by Dr. Douglas, Front St. References—J. P. Wiser & Son, and Ed. Rooney, Prescott. 263d&wtf

Wood ! Wood !

I AM now selling at the West Belleville Central Wood Yard all kinds of Hard and mixed wood, cut and uncut, which I will deliver to any part of the city. Remember the place, the West Belleville Central Wood Yard, just a few steps from the Foot Bridge.

EDWARD NEWMAN,

Railway Time Tables.

Grand Trunk Railway.

Trains arrive at and depart from Belleville Station as follows:

GOING EAST.

		Arrive.	Leave.
No. 1	Mail	12.25 p. m.	12.30 p. m.
No. 3	Mail Fast	12.45 a. m.	12.50 a. m.
No. 11	Mixed	8.05 p. m.	8.15 p. m.
No. 13	do		7.00 a. m.

GOING WEST.

		Arrive.	Leave.
No. 2	Mail	5.50 p. m.	5.55 p. m
No. 4	do	4.00 a. m.	4.05 a. m.
No. 6	do Fast	6.55 a. m.	7.00 a. m.
No. 14	Mixed	11.00 a. m.	11.55 a. m.
No. 16	do	11.10 p. m.	

MIDLAND RAILWAY.

GRAND JUNCTION DIVISION.

Going West. (Leave.)

Mail	5:45 a. m.
Mixed	4:30 p. m

Going East. (Arrive.)

Mail	4:30 p. m.
Mixed	11 50 a. m

MADOC DIVISION.

Going North. (Leave.)

Mixed	12:25 p. m.
Mixed	4:30 p. m.

Going South. (Arrive.)

Mixed	9:00 a. m.
Mixed	4:30 p. m.

CENTRAL ONTARIO RAILWAY.

PICTON DIVISION.

Leave G.T.R. Jct.	7:20 a.m.	12:50 p.m.
Arrive Picton	8:44 "	2:50 "
Leave Picton	9:05 "	3:45 "
Arrive G.T.R. Jct.	10:30 "	5:25 "

COE HILL DIVISION.

Train for Coe Hill 9:35 a m, 12:30 p m; Trenton Junction 15m later; Mid. Ry. J'ct. 10:28 a m, 3:23 p m; C. P. R. J'ct. 11 a m, 4:30 p m; ElDorado 11:45 a m, 5:15 p m. Arr. Coe Hill 1:30 p m, 6:50 p m. Coe Hill for Trenton: 6 a m, 2:20 p m; ElDorado 7:45 a m, 3:47 p m; C. P. R. J'ct 8:40 a m, 4:30 p m; Mid. Ry. J'ct. 9:15 a m, 4:57 p m; G. T. J'ct. 9:50 a m, 5:30 p m; arr. Trenton 10:05 a m, 5:42 p m.

Daily Intelligencer.

RIGHTED AT LAST.

A STORY OF NEW ENGLAND LIFE.

A child of our grandmother Eve, a female;
Or, for thy more sweet understanding, a woman.
Love's Labor Lost.

CHAPTER XXIV.

RALPH ANNESLEY.

He did not seem to find it lonely, however, even though the days rain into weeks. At first, he was too busy over accounts and matters connected with the farm, to be dull, at least all the mornings; and after dinner, as soon as the sun began to decline, it became quite impossible to go out for a walk without meeting him on the rocks, or in the fields, or catching a glimps of him cantering along the country roads, on a beautiful bay horse which he had had sent up from the city. He was seldom visible indoors, save at meal-time, and I contrived to avoid meeting him at the table as often as possible, without seeming to contravene Miss Annesley's expressed wishes.

About a week after his arrival, I was in my own room, making the most of the last rays of sunlight to finish a sketch of Widow Joyce's cottage, when Miss Annesley, who had quite recovered from the injury consequent upon her fall, came in, to say she expected me to be down to tea *punctually*, Mr. Annesley having asked for me at dinner.

'You need not be afraid, child,' she said, with a touch of her family pride (almost her own foible), slightly elevating her head, and stirring the delicate lace that bordered her cap; 'Saville Annesley is a gentleman by birth and breeding, and appreciates intelligence and honest worth wherever he finds it. Smooth your hair, and dress as quickly as you can. That corn-colored lawn will do; the shade is almost as becoming to you as to Julia Lloyd.'

The gentle lady hastened away, and I thrust aside, from some undefined feeling which I did not stay to analyze, the pretty lawn, and put on a *chambre* of neutral brown, and, thus apparelled, I went down, and found the gentleman discussing some proposed improvements about the place, with my mistress. He bowed slightly when she introduced me, and went on speaking, while I took a seat as far out of the range of his observation as possible. I might have saved myself this precaution, however, for he sat chatting with Miss Annesley, quite unconscious of my presence, leaving me ample time to study his face, which had lost nothing of its imperious character under the influence of a Parisian winter.

When the tea and candles were brought in, I was obliged to come forward and take my place at the table, where my mistress, from behind the massive silver urn, still pursued her favorite topic—the attractions of the Lloyds and her regret at their absence— until her sweet, monotonous voice, or perhaps it was the subject, grew rather tiresome. I think the gentleman's thoughts went wool-gathering as well as mine, for, at some direct question of hers, he roused himself and said:

'The Lloyds, did you say? I am glad you find them such pleasant people, cousin.'

'Pleasant, Ralph!' she repeated, a little piqued at his indifference. 'You should see Julia! I do not believe, in all your travels, you have ever met her superior. Such a brilliant intellect, such beauty, wit, and grace, such dignity! Indeed, she is perfect."

'Undoubtedly,' he returned, with a look that reminded me of his face when talking to Miss Agnes down by the Pond. 'Another proof that the world does move, cousin, since we find so common what Solomon with all his experience pronounced so rare. But you always see your friends through your heart, Cousin Anne; therefore, I will appeal to a less prejudiced observer' he turned suddenly to me. 'Miss Ray, is Miss Julia Lloyd very beautiful?'

'She is very handsome, sir.'

He gave me a quick glance. 'You discriminate, I see; but her mind—what of that?'

'Very brilliant, I should say.'

'Manners?'

I could not help smiling at his categorical manner, as I replied:

'Miss Annesley has described them as dignified—perfect.'

'Humph! You are non-committal, I see. Now about her moral qualities. Is she good?'

'Indeed, sir, I must decline answering. I know too little of the lady to decide.'

'Yet you answered my former queries.'

'Because those qualities are addressed to the eye, sir, and I am not blind.'

'No, I perceive not. But you have formed some opinion upon this subject, which you do not choose to disclose.'

'Upon what grounds do you base that assertion, sir?' I was getting a little curious.

'Upon my skill in reading faces. Yours is less cautious than your tongue. Am I not right?'

Here Miss Annesley came to my relief with her 'Indeed, Cousin Ralph—" but he immediately, interrupted, with—

'Your pardon, Anne; but let Miss Ray answer for herself. She has a tongue, as well as eyes.'

'But she is not obliged to use it at your command,' I thought.

He had not boasted of his skill in reading faces, idly, for my eye met his as I looked up, and he answered, with a smile, as if to my spoken words:

'True, she is not obliged to answer, and I might have expressed myself in a different manner. If I sometimes am forgetful of the conventionalities and formalities of drawing-speech, it is not from lack of respect, Mis Ray, but because a large portion of my life has been passed in lands, and under circumstances, where the scriptural 'Go, and he goeth,' is of much more practical value. Will you accept this in excuse for all such shortcomings?'

I bowed.

'And answer my question?'

'No, sir.'

His forehead contracted slightly, but the next instant he smiled, as if at himself, and said:

'You are wilful, Miss Ray, and I don't like to be thwarted in the pursuit of knowledge. But let it pass. I had a reason for wishing to hear your opinion of my cousin's guest. You needn't ask why—I can be wilful too. I thought from what I saw of you the other day, on the cliff, that you speak the truth.'

'You met Lina on the cliff, Ralph!—Why, child, you never spoke of it,' said Miss Annesley, turning to meet me with a puzzled look.

'I met Mr. Annesley the day he arrived here on my way home from Widow Joyce's. He was kind enough to stand surety for his dog, which seemed inclined to dispute our passage across the ravine. I did not think it necessary to mention it,' I said, gravely.

(*To be continued*).

A Life of Ease.

Miss Lizzie Ratcliff, writing from Falkirk, Ont., says: "I had such a cough I could not sleep and was fast going into consumption; I tried everything I could hear of without relief, but when I got Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam I soon got ease. It is the best medicine I ever tried." Lizzie Ratcliff, Falkirk, Ont.

The Loss of the Hair

Is a great misfortune and the sight of a bald head should be a warning to you to take the best possible care of your hair. A little of Dr. Dorenwend's "Hair Magic" used occasionally will prevent all chances of its falling out or turning gray, and will remove all traces of dandruff. Every druggist has it in stock. Ask for it.

Try to Benefit Others.

"I had a very bad pain in my side, of which one bottle of Hagyard's Yellow Oil made a complete cure. I hope that this may be of some benefit to those who read it." A. R. T. Walker, 44½ High St. City. Hagyard's Yellow Oil is a specific for all inflammatory pain.

THAT HACKING COUGH can be so quickly cured by Shiloh's Cure. We guarantee it. For sale by D. M. Waters.

DYSPEPSIA IN ITS WORST FORMS will yield to the use of Carter's Little Nerve Pills, aided by Carter's Little Liver Pills. They not only relieve present distress but strengthen the stomach and digestive apparatus.

RUPTURE

The last 25 years I have adjusted more Trusses than any man in America. Valuable Patents, my own invention, in Trusses, Spinal and Club Feet Instruments. **Rupture**—I will guarantee to hold largest Rupture without touching your hip, no straps whatsoever, waterproof. Largest stock of general Trusses, also the great Cluthe Spiral Trusses in stock. Reliable system for ORDERING BY MAIL.

Spinal Instruments half the weight of other makes and more effective.

CLUB FEET I claim the only mechanical system to straighten born Club Feet (Patented.) I will prove to anybody that operation never did nor can straighten Club Feet. Send 6 cent stamps for Book.

CHAS. CLUTHE, 118 King St. W., Toronto

NEW
Wall Paper!
—AT—
--S. A. LAZIER'S--
ROBERTSON'S BLOCK
October 16th

FARMS FOR SALE.

THE undersigned is instructed to sell on EASY TERMS the following FARMS, situated in the County of Hastings:

TOWNSHIP OF TUDOR.
Lots Nos. 27 and 28, South-west side of Hastings Road, 100 acres.

LIMERICK.
Lots Nos. 53 and 54, 2nd con, east Hastings Road, 100 acres.

MONTEAGLE.
Lot No. 30, 16th con., 101 acres.

WICKLOW.
Lot No. 29, 1st con., 101 acres.

CARLOW.
Lots Nos. 24 and 25, 7th con., 200 acres. Lots Nos. 24 and 25, 8th con., 200 acres. Lot No 28, 8th con., 100 acres. Lots Nos. 24 and 25, 15th con., 199 acres.

Titles are perfect. Apply to

JAMES BOOTH,
Real Estate Agent, Belleville.
Office corner Pinnacle and Bridge Sts., up stairs.
Feb. 28, '89. d30tw3m

Luxuriant Growths of Hair
are seen on the heads of all who use
DR. DORENWEND'S

Great German Hair Magic.

The equal of this great preparation is yet to be found. It is an unfailing restorer for Gray Hair. It stops and prevents all falling out of the hair. It removes all Dandruff and keeps the scalp clean. On Bald Heads (if there are but the faintest traces of roots) the "Magic" will produce a fine growth. Will you try it? or will you let your hair go and become prematurely old? What do you say?

All druggists, everywhere, have it for sale. Ask for it. Do not let the druggist tell you he has "something just as good." Many have dead stock of other hair tonics on hand and try to shove them off in this way.

See that each bottle bears seal and signature of

A. DORENWEND,
Sole Manufacturer,
Paris Hair Works, 103 & 105 Yonge St.,
Toronto, Ontario.

Bangs, Frontpieces, Waves, Wigs, Switches, Gents' Wigs, Toupees and Hair Goods of all kinds are supplied by A. Dorenwend. Send to above address for circulars and prices.

BELLEVILLE POST OFFICE.

MAILS	Close	Due for Delivery.
East per G. T. R., including Maritime Provinces, and Picton	11:45 a. m. 10:00 p. m.	6:00 p. m 7:30 a. m.
West per G. T. R., including Western States, Manitoba and the North-West Territories	5.05 p.m. 10.00 p.m.	1:00 p. m. 7:30 a. m.
East and West, per G. T. R., closes on Sunday at 10 p. m.		
Marysville, Shannonville, per G. T. R	11:45 a. m.	6:00 p. m
Belleville Station, postage one cent	7.30 a. m. 5.05 p. m.	8.30 a. m. 6.00 p. m.
G'd Junction Ry., main line, including Peterboro', Stirling,	10:00 p. m	5:00 p. m.
Madoc, per Grand Junction Ry, including Queensboro, Cooper, Rimington, Bridgewater, and the Flats	11:45 a. m.	5:00 p. m.
Madoc Route, per stage	1:00 p. m.	12:00 noon.
Bancroft, Coe Hill, Marmora and all offices in North Hastings per Trenton and Coe Hill Railway	5 05 p. m. 10:00 p. m.	 :30 a. m.
Bridgewater Route per stage, including Stoco daily	1:00 p. m.	12:00 noon.
Moira, Phillipston, Bogart, on Monday, Wednesday and Friday	1:00 p. m.	12:00 noon.
Fuller, on Tuesday and Friday	1:00 p. m.	12:00 noon.
Wallbridge, on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
Ameliasburg Route, per stage, including Mountain View and Crofton	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
Albury on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
Sidney Crossing, Wednesday and Saturday	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
Bay Side, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
British Mails, via New York, Monday and Thursday	11:45 a. m	
" " via Halifax, Canadian line Thursday	11:45 a. m.	

Postage, 5c. per ½ oz. by each route. Registration fee, 5c.

Money Orders granted on all Money Order offices in Canada, the United Kidgdom, France and Algeria, the United States, Newfoundland, Jamaica, Victoria (Australia), New South South Wales, Queensland, New Zealand Tasinania, Constantinople (Turkey), Gibraltar, Smyrna, Panama (British agency), Austria, Hungary, Belgium, China (See Hong-Kong), Denmark, including Iceland and the Faroe Islands, Danish West Indies, Dutch, East Indies, Egypt, Germam empire (which includes 26 States), Holland, (Netherlands), Italy, Japan, Norway, Portugal, including Madiera and the Azores, Romania, Sweden, Switzerland, British India, including Aden, Bagdad, Bandor, Abas, Bushire, Busrah, Guadur, Jask, Linga, Muscat and Zanzibar, Ceylon, Hong Kong, including Amoy, Canton, Foo Chow, Han Kow, Hoi-how, Ningpo, Shanghai and Swatow, North Borneo, Strait Settlements, Bermuda, Falkland Islands, South and West Africa, including Cape Colony, Gambia, Gold Coast, Lagos, Mauritius Natal, St. Helena, Seychelles Islands, Sierra, Leone, West Indies including Antigua, Bahama, Barbadoes, British Guiana, Dominica, Grenada, Honduras, (British), Montserrat, Nevis, St. Kitts, St. Lucia, St. Vincent, Tobago, Trinidad, Turk's Islands, South Australia, Western Australia, Azores Islands, Madera Islands.

Deposits received, under the regulations of the Post Office Savings' Bank, between the hours of 9 a. m. and [illegible]p. m.

Registered Letters must be posted 15 minutes before the close of each mail.

Street letter boxes emptied at 10 a. m. and 8 p. m.

Office hours, 7:30 a. m. to 6:30 p. m., Sundays excepted.

FOREIGN POSTAGE.

Canada having been admitted into the Postal Union, there is a re-arrangement of Postage rates, as follows:—

For Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Iceland, Egypt, France, Algeria, Germany, Gibraltar, Great Britain and Ireland, Greece, Italy, Luxembourg, Malta, Montenegro, Netherlands, Norway, Persia, Portugal, Azores, Roumania, Russia, St. Pierre, Servia, Spain, the Canary Islands, Sweden, Switzerland and Turkey. And via United States:—Bermuda, Bahamas, Cuba, Danish Colonies of St. Thomas, St. John, St. Croix, Jamaica, Japan and Porto Rico (Newfoundland is now in the Postal Union, but rates remain as before.) Letters, 5 cents per ½ oz. Postal cards, 2 cents each. Newspapers, 2 cents for 4 oz. Registration fee, 5 cents.

For Aden, Argentine Confederation, Brazil, British Guinea, Ceylon, Greenland, French Colonies in Asia, Africa, Oceanica and America, except St. Pierre and Miquelon, Persia, Persian Gulf, Portuguese Colonies in Asia, Africa and Oceanica, Trinidad, Spanish Colonies Africa, Oceanica and America, except Cuba and Porto Rico, Straits settlements in Singapor Penany and Malacca:—Letters, 10 cents per ½ oz. Post cards, 4 cents each. Newspapers, cents for 4 oz. Books, &c., 4 cents for 4 oz. Other Registration fees, 10 cents.

West India Islands, via Halifax, same rate as formerly. Prepayment by stamp in all cases.

J. H. MEACHAM
Postmaste

THE PILLS

Are at all seasons of the year a reliable remedy for correcting any Disorder of the Digestive Organs, and for restoring a healthy action to the STOMACH and BOWELS. They act on the Liver and Kidneys with marvellous effect, and by giving strength and tone to these important organs create a circulation of pure and healthy blood. Females of all ages find these Pills invaluable.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS & OINTMENT

THE OINTMENT

Heals all recent Wounds, Cuts, Bruises, and Sprains, and is a certain cure for BAD LEGS, SORES, ULCERS, and OLD WOUNDS.

It has no equal for the cure of Bronchitis, Sore Throat, Coughs, Colds, Rheumatism, Gout, Glandular Swellings, and all Skin Diseases.

Manufactured only by Thomas Holloway, 78, New Oxford St., late 533, Oxford St., London.

Purchasers should look to the Label on the Boxes and Pots.

If the address is not 533, OXFORD STREET, LONDON, they are spurious.

NEW SEASON'S TEAS,
FRESH GROUND COFFEES,
Handsome Presents Given Away
—AT—
STROUD .: BROS.,
Front Street, Belleville,
and at Montreal, Ottawa, Kingston and Toronto.

California Evaporated Fruits !

NECTARINES, | PEACHES,
APRICOTS, | CHERRIES,
PRUNELLES, PLUMS, | CRYSTALIZED FIGS.

CONGER BROS.

HAGYARD'S
YELLOW OIL
CURES RHEUMATISM

FREEMAN'S
WORM POWDERS

Are pleasant to take. Contain their own Purgative. Is a safe, sure and effectual destroyer of worms in Children or Adults.

Montreal, Nov. 21, 1888.

MESSRS. WILLIS & CO., 1,824 NOTRE DAME ST., CITY.

DEAR SIRS.—After having played on the Piano of Messrs. Bell & Co., of Guelph, Ont., it is impossible not to bear testimony to the qualities which have acquired for them the good reputation which they already enjoy. The Pianos of their manufacture are exceedingly remarkable for their qualities of tone. The bass is powerful without harshness, and the upper notes sweet, clear and mellow. The Bell Pianos are unquestionably the best made in Canada, and I act upon my principle and give you to-day an order to furnish one for my own use. Canada is to be congratulated on having produced the Bell Piano.

J. B LABELLE, Professor of Music
Organist Notre Dame Cathedral.

H. BULL AGENT.
BELLEVILLE.

----NEW----

Sugar Cured Hams, Breakfast Bacon, Finnan Haddies, Boneless Codfish, New Walnuts, New Filberts, S. S. Almonds, Loose Muscatel Raisins, Black Basket Raisins, London Layer Raisins, Buckwheat Flour, Selfraising Buckwheat Flour, Roll Butter, Fresh Eggs

AT A. WALLACE'S.

$72 a week. $12 a day at home easily made. Costly outfit free. Address TRUE & Co., Augusta, Maine.

NEW LINES
—IN—
CAKES and PASTRY.

Angel Cake, Coffee Cake, Queen Victoria, Adelaide, and a great many other varieties. Florida Oranges, Almeria Grapes and New Figs, just received at

DICKENS.

P. S.—We would respectfully ask all retailers to drop in and see us and the large line of Candies we are offering at wholesale.

DICKENS & SON.

Economy, Equity, Stability.

Ontario Mutual
Life Assurance Co.

(ESTABLISHED 1870.)

DOMINION DEPOSIT - $100,000.

Assurances in force, Jan. 1st, 1889	$12,041,914
New Assurances written in 1888	2,518,650
Cash Income for 1888	393,074
Assets, Dec. 31st, 1888	1,313,853
Liabilities, as per Gov't Valuation	1,223,516

SURPLUS, - - $90,337.00.

The New Business for January and February of this year is MUCH GREATER than was ever before written by the Company during the same months, while, with over $12,000,000 on our books, the death losses have been very moderate.

S. BURROWS,
General Agent Ontario Mutual Life Co'y.

S. ROUGHTON, W. E. HOLTON, } Special Agents.

Office, Front Street, next door to Dominion Bank, Belleville.

CALIFORNIA
EVAPORATED
FRUITS

NECTARINES,
APRICOTS,
PEACHES,
PLUMS.

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE
Grocers & Wine Merchants,
33 & 37 Bridge Street.
Also Front St., opp. Ritchie's

FOR MEN ONLY!

A POSITIVE CURE For LOST or FAILING MANHOOD; General and NERVOUS DEBILITY; Weakness of Body and Mind: Effects of Errors or Excesses in Old or Young. Robust, Noble MANHOOD fully Restored. How to Enlarge and Strengthen WEAK, UNDEVELOPED ORGANS & PARTS of BODY. Absolutely unfailing HOME TREATMENT—Benefits in a day. Men testify from 47 States, Territories, and Foreign Countries. You can write them. Book, full explanation, and proofs mailed (sealed) free. Address ERIE MEDICAL CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

BEFORE BUYING STOVES

Be sure to see our stock. We have in Coal Stoves the

Imperial Jewel,
Fancy Countess,
Art Favorite,
Fire King and others.

Also a great variety of RANGES and COOK STOVES, which we are selling at right prices.

C. F. SMITH & CO.
388, FRONT STREET.

HASTINGS
LOAN AND INVESTMENT SOCIETY
BELLEVILLE, ONT.

CAPITAL $250,000

MONEY TO LOAN on Farm or City property, at lowest current rates.

Payments can be made to fall due at any season of the year to suit borrowers. No delay in obtaining the money beyond the time necessarily employed in the investigation of titles

MORTGAGES PURCHASED.

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT.

FOUR PER CENT interest allowed on Deposits No notice required of withdrawal

OFFICE—Robertson's Block, east side of Front Street.

Straight loans at 7 per cent. No fines. No commissions.

J. P. C. PHILLIPS,
Manager
2d&wly

S. W. BRADSHAW

Wishes to inform the citizens of Belleville that he has BOUGHT OUT THE

GROCERY
(lately occupied by Mr. Arch. Wallace,)

CORNER OF HOTEL AND ANN STREETS

where he intends to keep a full supply of the best of Groceries always fresh, and his stock of Provisions, such as Meats and Vegetables, will be especially fresh and in great variety and delivered with despatch. All orders by telephone No. 53) will be promptly delivered to any part of the city.

N. B.—Please remember Telephone No. 53.

J. H. MILLS,
--Merchant .: Tailor,--
OPPOSITE GEO. RITCHIE & CO'S

THE MAGOG TEXTILE & PRINT CO.

Will offer for Spring Trade the LARGEST, CHEAPEST and MOST VARIED range of Prints ever shown, including

SPRING NOVELTIES
—OF—
LATEST PARIS DESIGNS!

Merchants will do well to see their samples before buying elsewhere. Early advice will be given when Travellers will call.

St Peter Street, - Montreal.

PARMELEE'S
Asphaltic ROOF PAINT.

It will entirely stop the rusting of tin and iron roofs.

It will entirely stop the wearing away and decay of the exposed wood of shingle roofs.

It has been accepted by the City, the County, and the chief Real Estate Owners of the City.

I will be glad to give estimates of cost at any time and anywhere.

H. S. PARMELEE,
Belleville.

432,000
FIRE CRACKERS
—AT THE—
—CITY BAKERY—
Wholesale and Retail.
JAS. WALLACE.

PENNYROYAL WAFERS.

Prescription of a physician who has had a life long experience in treating female diseases. Is used monthly with perfect success by over 10,000 ladies. Pleasant, safe, effectual. Ladies ask your druggist for Pennyroyal Wafers and take no substitute, or inclose postage for sealed particulars. Sold by all druggists, $1 per box. Address THE EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., DETROIT, MICH.

FOR SALE BY D. M. WATERS.

INTELLIGENCER PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY LIMITED.

J. C. JAMIESON, President. | J. W. LONDON, Secretary

THE Treasurer is the only person authorised to receive moneys for the Company, or to grant receipts for the same.

All Bills, Notes, Cheques, and other documents binding on the Company, will require the signature of the President, in addition to that of the Treasurer.

THE INTELLIGENCER is printed and published for the INTELLIGENCER Printing and Publishing Company (Limited) by JAMES C. JAMIESON, resident in Belleville, at their Office, Front St., south of Hotel St.

THE RATHBUN COMPANY,
Having transferred me to their Brockville branch, I beg to thank my friends and customers for the liberal patronage and kindness extended to me during my residence in Belleville, and also to bespeak the same treatment to Mr. R. C. Calhoun, my successor.
P. J. SHANNON.

The Daily Intelligencer.

THE RATHBUN CO.
Having appointed me Agent for their Belleville branch, I take this opportunity of soliciting a continuance of the patronage which they have hitherto enjoyed through the popular management of Mr. Shannon. It will be my desire and aim to maintain and add to this patronage, which fair dealing and a thorough knowledge of the requirements of the trade leads me to hope for.—R. C. CALHOUN.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL. 22. BELLEVILLE ONTARIO, SATURDAY MARCH 23, 1889. NO. 276

MARCH WINDS. The March winds peculiar to our climate, as they sweep over the country, are a terror to even the most robust constitutions, as they greatly increase the liability to Colds, Catarrhal Troubles and Bronchial Affections. There is probably no season of the year when Cold in the Head and Catarrh is more prevalent, and it is at this time that NASAL BALM—nature's great remedy for these troubles—proves its magic powers by almost instantly curing Cold in the Head, speedily relieving and ultimately curing the most virulent forms of Catarrh. On the principle that an ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure, every home in the land should be provided with NASAL BALM at this trying season, and its use should be freely resorted to on the first symptoms of Cold in the Head or Catarrh. It is the only genuine remedy and certain cure for these troubles, and its claims are backed by thousands of the strongest testimonials, a few of which we append below.

WM. SAWYER, Toronto, says:—I had a bad attack of catarrh last winter and like many other foolish people, thought it would wear away. But it did not; instead it was wearing me away, and at last I made up my mind to try something. I got a prescription made up, a powder, and snuffed it up and up until I grew weary, but got no benefit. I then looked over the papers and saw your advertisement in the *Mail*. I seemed to have confidence in it right away and got a bottle of NASAL BALM and I can honestly say it was the best investment I ever made and I strongly recommend it to all sufferers from catarrh and cold in the head. It helped me from the first, and has thoroughly cured me. Every sufferer from catarrh should use NASAL BALM, and leave snuffs, powders and douches alone.

MRS. M. RAY, Canso, N. S., states; I have used NASAL BALM on several occasions with the children for cold in the head, and always find it effects a rapid cure.

MISS CLARA MACNIDER, Little Metis, Ont., says:—I have used two bottles of your NASAL BALM for catarrh with the most beneficial results. To anyone suffering with this most disagreeable disease I can heartily recommend it as a radical cure. I cheerfully give you permission to use this if you desire it.

MR. THOMAS ROCHE, Rochefort, Ont., says: I have suffered severely from catarrh, and never got any relief until I used NASAL BALM. I never thought I could find so sure a cure. It is a pity all afflicted with catarrh do not know of and use this wonderful medicine.

W. A. MALLORY, Mallorytown, Ont., states: My daughter suffered for years from a most distressing and annoying catarrh. Her case was under the treatment of eminent physicians in the United States and Canada. Two months' use of NASAL BALM has had more beneficial effects than all former treatments combined.

COLD IN HEAD
MARCH WINDS
CATARRH

SAMUEL BOLTON, Caldwell Mills, Ont., write:—It gives me great pleasure to testify to the great merit of NASAL BALM. I tried other remedies, but got no relief. The disease had brought on partial deafness. Yet two applications of NASAL BALM gave me great relief and before the bottle was finished I was completely cured.

P. B. MACNAMARA, merchant tailor, Brockville, Ont., says:—As an instant relief for Cold in the Head and Catarrh NASAL BALM is unequalled. The effect is noticed as soon as it is used.

MR. JOHN BROWN, Kagawong, Algoma District, writes:—I have used your NASAL BALM and have no hesitation in saying that it is the best remedy on earth for catarrh. I have only used one half bottle, and it has fully cured my catarrh. I have no hesitation in giving my name as an endorsation of NASAL BALM, as the greatest remedy yet discovered for catarrh and cold in the head.

EX-MAYOR ROBERT BOWIE, Brockville, Ont., says:—I used NASAL BALM for a bad case of catarrh, and it cured me after having ineffectually tried many other remedies. It never fails to give immediate relief for cold in the head.

C. MCDONALD, Serpent River, Algoma, says: I have used NASAL BALM for a bad case of catarrh, and it has done me more good than all the remedies I ever tried before. It is worth its weight in gold.

MR. G. T. GORRELL, Mail Clerk on C. P. R., says:—NASAL BALM is a boon to all suffering from cold in the head. It gives relief rapidly and never fails to effect a speedy cure.

MR. J. KENNEDY, G. T. R. agent at Brockville, says:—A short treatment with NASAL BALM radically removed all symptoms of my catarrh. The preparation is pleasant and easy to use, and gives immediate and permanent relief.

LEWIS ROEBUCK, Wyevale, Ont., says:—I recommend NASAL BALM highly to all who suffer from catarrh.

MR S. E. CHASE, Port Arthur, Ont., says: I have been using your NASAL BALM for catarrh and find myself cured with only one bottle. To call it the best preparation made for catarrh is scarcely strong enough.

T. H. MUNROE, Parry Sound, says:—NASAL BALM has no equal as a remedy for cold in the head. It is both speedy and effective in its results.

W. H. GABEL, Bervie, Ont., says:—I feel it my duty to write to you and report the result of my using NASAL BALM. I have been a severe sufferer from that loathsome disease, catarrh, and tried several remedies, but got no relief till I purchased a bottle of NASAL BALM. I used it according to directions and it has completely cured me. I take great pleasure in recommending it to all suffering from catarrh.

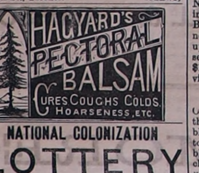
BEWARE OF IMITATIONS, similar only in name and appearance. Ask for NASAL BALM and take no substitute recommended as "just as good." If you cannot get NASAL BALM from your dealer it will be sent post-paid on receipt of price—50 cents and $1—by addressing FULFORD & CO., Brockville, Ont. Send for our pamphlet "GEMS OF WISDOM."

J. M. FORTIER,
Wholesale .·. Cigar .·. Manufacturer,
145 151 ST. MAURICE STREET,
MONTREAL.
P. S.—Private Brands for the Jobbing Trade a specialty.

NEW SEASON'S TEAS,
FRESH GROUND COFFEES,
Handsome Presents Given Away
—AT—
STROUD .·. BROS.,
Front Street, Belleville,
and at Montreal, Ottawa, Kingston and Toronto.

NERVOUS
DEBILITY.

NERVOUS DEBILITY, EXHAUSTING, Vital Drains (caused by early indiscretions), effectually cured. Syphilitic affections and all bad blood and skin diseases arising therefrom thoroughly eradicated. Varicocele cured without operation. Impotence, or premature decline of the manly powers, and all diseases of the genito-urinary organs a specialty. It makes no difference who has failed to cure you. Skill and experience important. A friendly letter or call may save you a great deal of misery and add years to your life. Consultation FREE. Medicines sent to any addres. DR. REEVE, 337 Jarvis St., Toronto. 59d&w1y



NATIONAL COLONIZATION
LOTTERY

Under the patronage of the Rev. Father Labelle
Established in 1884, under the Act of Quebec 32 Vict., Chapt. 36, for the benefit of the Diocesan Societies of Colonization of the Province of Quebec.
Class D.—The 22nd Monthly Drawing will take place Wednesday, April the 17th, at 2 p. m.

Prizes value		$50,000 00
Capital Prize: One real estate worth		$5,000 00
1 Real Estate worth	$5,000	5,000
1 do	2 000	2,000
1 do	1,000	1,000
4 do	500	2,000
10 Real Estates	300	3.000
30 Furniture Sets	200	6,000
60 do	100	6,000
200 Gold Watches	50	10,000
1,000 Silver Watches	10	10,000
1,000 Toilet Sets	5	5,000
2,307 Prizes worth		$50,000 00

TICKETS - - $1.00

Offers are made to all winners to pay their prizes cash, less a commission of 10 p. c.
Winners' names not published unless specially authorized
Drawings on the Third Wednesday of every Month.
S. E. LEFEBVRE, Secretary,
Offices, 19 St. James street, Montreal, Can.
192d1y

CARSLAKE'S
GRAND DERBY SWEEP
$25,000.00.

1st horse (in duplicate)	$3,000 each =	$6,000
2nd " " "	$2,000 " "	$4,000
3rd " " "	$1,000 " "	$2,000
Other starters (divided equally)		$4,000
Non-starters " "		$9,000

5000 Tickets at $5 Each,
171 Entries (in duplicate 342 horses.)
Drawing June 3rd. Race June 5th, 1889.
Result of each Drawing sent to all subscribers.
Ten per cent deducted from all prizes.
Address, GEORGE CARSLAKE, Prop.,
Mansion House, 522 St. James St., Montreal,
269d6m

The Letter that Came

From Mr. J. Hayden, 139 Chatham St. Montreal, says: "I was troubled for years with biliousness and liver complaint, and I never found any medicine to help me like Burdock Blood Bitters, in fact one bottle made a complete cure."

Dangerous Counterfeits.

Counterfeits are always dangerous, more so that they always closely IMITATE THE ORIGINAL IN APPEARANCE AND NAME. The remarkable success achieved by Nasal Balm as a positive cure for Catarrh and Cold in the Head has induced unprincipled parties to imitate it. The public are cautioned not to be deceived by nostrums imitating Nasal Balm in name and appearance, bearing such names as Nasal Cream, Nasal Balsam, etc. Ask for Nasal Balm and do not take any imitation dealers may urge upon you. For sale by all druggists or sent post-paid on receipt of price (50c. and $1,) by addressing Fulford & Co., Brockville, Ont.

Eighty Per Cent.

Of the human race, according to a high authority, suffer from one or other form of blood taint. Never allow this latent evil to develop into serious disease while the blood can be kept pure and the system clean by the proper precautions, such as using Burdock Blood Bitters, whenever any scrofulous symptoms appear. No medicine equals B.B.B. as a blood cleanser.

CATARRH CURED, health and sweet breath secured, by Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. Price 50 cents. Nasal Injector free. For sale by D. M. Waters.

ROYAL

FULL WEIGHT
ROYAL BAKING POWDER
ABSOLUTELY PURE
ROYAL
BAKING POWDER

BAKING
POWDER
Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall-st., N. Y.

Daily Intelligencer.

"THE MOONLIGHT RIDE."

DR. TALMAGE'S DISCOURSE ON THE TROUBLES OF NEHEMIAH

The Intensity of Affection for the Church—There Must be Ruin Before There Can be Redemption—Creed Cured by Christian Work.

BROOKLYN, March 17.—"The Moonlight Ride" was the subject of Dr. Talmage's sermon this morning, his text being taken from Nehemiah ii, 15: "Then I went up in the night by the brook, and viewed the wall and turned back, and entered by the gate of the valley, and so returned." He said:

A dead city is more suggestive than a living city—past Rome than present Rome—ruins rather than newly frescoed cathedral. But the best time to visit a ruin is by moonlight. The Coliseum is far more fascinating to the traveler after sundown than before. You may stand by daylight amid the monastic ruins of Melrose Abbey, and study shafted oriel, and rosetted stone and mullion, but they throw their strongest witchery by moonlight. Some of you remember what the enchanter of Scotland said in the "Lay of the Last Minstrel:"

> Wouldst thou view fair Melrose aright,
> Go visit it by the pale moonlight.

ALHAMBRA'S MOONLIT ENCHANTMENT.

Washington Irving describes the Andalusian moonlight upon the Alhambra ruins as amounting to an enchantment. My text presents you Jerusalem in ruins. The tower down. The gates down. The walls down. Everything down. Nehemiah on horseback by moonlight looking upon the ruins. While he rides, there are some friends on foot going with him, for they do not want the many horses to disturb the suspicions of the people. These people do not know the secret of Nehemiah's heart, but they are going as a sort of body guard. I hear the clicking hoofs of the horse on which Nehemiah rides, as he guides it this way and that, into this gate and out of that, winding through that gate amid the debris of once great Jerusalem. Now the horse comes to a dead halt at the tumbled masonry where he cannot pass. Now he shies off at the charred timbers. Now he comes along where the water under the moonlight flashes from the mouth of the brazen dragon after which the gate was named. Heavy hearted Nehemiha! Riding in and out, now by his old home desolated, now by the defaced temple, now amid the scars of the city that had gone down under battering ram and conflagration. The escorting party knows not what Nehemiah means. Is he getting crazy? Have his own personal sorrows, added to the sorrows of the nation, unbalanced his intellect? Still the midnight exploration goes on. Nehemiah on horseback rides through the fish gate, by the tower of the furnaces, by the king's pool, by the dragon well, in an out, until the midnight ride is completed, and Nehemiah dismounts from his horse, and to the amazed and confounded and incredulous body guard declares the dead secret of his heart when he says, "Come, now, let us build Jerusalem." "What, Nehemiah, have you any money?" "No." "Have you any kindly authority?" "No." "Have you any eloquence?" "No." Yet that midnight, moonlight ride of Nehemiah resulted in the glorious rebuilding of the city of Jerusalem. The people knew not how the thing was to be done, but with great enthusiasm they cried out, "Let us rise up now and build the city." Some people laughed and said it could not be done. Some people were infuriate and offered physical violence, saying the thing should not be done. But the workmen went right on, standing on the wall, trowel in one hand, sword in the other until the work was gloriously completed. At that very time, in Greece, Xenophon was writing a history, and Plato was making philosophy, and Demosthenes was rattling his rhetorical thunder, but all of them together did not do so much for the world as this midnight, moonlight ride of praying, courageous, homesick, close mouthed Nehemiah.

AFFECTION FOR THE CHURCH.

My subject first impresses me with the idea what an intense thing is church affection. Seize the bridle of that horse and stop Nehemiah. Why are you risking your life here in the night? Your horse will stumble over these ruins and fall on you. Stop this useless exposure of your life. No; Nehemiah will not stop. He at last tells us the whole story. He lets us know he was an exile in a distant land, and he was a servant, a cup bearer in the palace of Artaxerxes Longimanus, and one day, while he was handing the cup of wine to the king, the king said to him "What is the matter with you? You are not sick. I know you must have some great trouble. What is the matter with you?" Then he told the king how that beloved Jerusalem was broken down; how that his father's tomb had been desecrated; how that the Temple had been dishonored and defaced; how the walls were scattered and broken. "Well," says King Artaxerxes, "what do you want?" "Well," said the cup bearer Nehemiah, "I want to go home. I want to fix up the grave of my father. I want to restore the beauty of the temple. I want to rebuild the masonry of the city wall. Besides, I want passports so that I shall not be hindered in my journey. And besides that," as you will find in the context, "I want an order on the man who keeps your forest for just so much timber as I may need for the rebuilding of the city." "How long shall you be gone?" said the king. The time of absence is arranged. In hot haste this seeming adventurer comes to Jerusalem, and in my text we find him on horseback, in the midnight, riding around the ruins. It is through the spectacles of this scene that we discover the ardent attachment of Nehemiah for sacred Jerusalem, which in all ages has been the type of the church of God, our Jerusalem, which we love just as much as Nehemiah loved his Jerusalem. The fact is that you love the church of God so much that there is no spot on earth so sacred, unless it is your own fireside. The church has been to you so much comfort and illumination that there is nothing that makes you so irate as to have it talked against. If there have been times when you have been carried into captivity by sickness, you longed for the church, our holy Jerusalem, just as much as Nehemiah longed for his Jerusalem, and the first day you came out you came to the house of the Lord. When the Temple was in ruins as ours was years ago, like Nehemiah, you walked around and looked at it and in the moonlight you stood listening if you could not hear the voice of the dead organ, the psalm of the expired Sabbath. What Jerusalem was to Nehemiah, the church of God is to you.

THE MOONLIGHT RIDER.

Again, my text impresses me with the fact that before reconstruction there must be an exploration of ruins. Why was not Nehemiah asleep under the covers? Why was not his horse stabled in the midnight? Let the police of the city arrest this midnight rider out on some mischief. No. Nehemiah is going to rebuild the city, and he is making the preliminary exploration. In this gate, out that gate, east, west, north, south. All through the ruins. The ruins must be explored before the work of reconstruction can begin. The reason that so many people in this day, apparently converted, do not stay converted is because they did not first explore the ruins of their own heart. The reason that there are so many professed Christians who in this day lie and forge and steal, and commit adultery, and go to the penitentiary, is because they first do not learn the ruin of their own heart. They have not found out that "the heart is deceitful above all things, and desperately wicked." They had an idea that they were almost right, and they built religion as a sort of extension, as an ornamental cupola. There was a superstructure of religion built on a substratum of unrepented sins. The trouble with a good deal of modern theology is that instead of building on the right foundation, it builds on the debris of an unregenerated nature. They attempt to rebuild Jerusalem before, in the midnight of conviction, they have seen the ghastliness of the ruin. They have such a poor foundation for their religion that the first northeast storm of temptation blows them down. I have no faith in a man's conversion if he is not converted in the old fashioned way—John Bunyan's way, John Wesley's way, John Calvin's way, Paul's way, Christ's way, God's way. A dentist once said to me, "Does that hurt?" Said I, "Of course it hurts. It is in your business as in my profession. We have to hurt before we can help." You will never understand redemption until you understand ruin. A man tells me that some one is a member of the church. It makes no impression on my mind at all. I simply want to know whether he was converted in the old fashioned way, or whether he was converted in the new fashioned way. If he was converted in the old fashioned way he will stand. If he was converted in the new fashioned way he will not stand. That is all there is about it. A man comes to me to talk about religion. The first question I ask him is, "Do you feel yourself to be a sinner?" If he say, "Well, I—yes," the hesitancy makes me feel that that man wants a ride on Nehemiah's horse by midnight through the ruins—in by the gate of his affections, out by the gate of his will; and before he has got through with that midnight ride he will drop the reins on the horse's neck, and will take his right hand and smite on his heart and say: "God be merciful to me a sinner;" and before he has stabled his horse he will take his feet out of the stirrups, and he will slide down on the ground, and he will kneel, crying, "Have mercy on me, O God, according to thy loving kindness, according unto the multitude of thy tender mercies; blot out my transgressions, for I acknowledge my transgressions and my sins are ever before thee." Ah, my friends, you see this is not a complimentary gospel. That is what makes some people so mad. It comes to a man of a million dollars and impenitent in his sins and says, "You're a pauper. It comes to a woman of fairest cheek, who has never repented, and says, "You're a sinner." It comes to a man priding himself on his independence and says, "You're bound hand and foot by the devil."

NEHEMIAH WAS NO MOPER.

Again. My subject gives me a specimen of busy and triumphant sadness. If there was any man in the world who had a right to mope and give up everything as lost, it was Nehemiah. You say, "He was a cup bearer in the palace of Shushan, and it was a grand place." So it was. The hall of that palace was two hundred feet square, and the roof hovered over thirty-six marble pillars, each pillar sixty feet high; and the intense blue of the sky, and the deep green of the forest foliage, and the white of the driven snow, all hung trembling in the upholstery. But, my friends, you know very well that fine architecture will not put down homesickness. Yet Nehemiah did not give up. Then when you see him going among these desolated streets, and by these dismantled towers, and by the torn up grave of his father, you would suppose that he would have been disheartened, and that he would have dismounted from his horse and gone to his room and said; "Woe is me! My father's grave is torn up. The Temple is dishonored. The walls are broken down. I have no money with which to rebuild. I wish I had never been born. I wish I were dead." Not so says Nehemiah. Although he had a grief so intense that it excited the commentary of his king, yet that penniless, expatriated Nehemiah rouses himself up to rebuild the city. He gets his permission of absence. He gets his passports. He hastens away to Jerusalem. By night on horseback he rides through the ruins. He overcomes the most ferocious opposition. He arouses the piety and patriotism of the people, and in less than two months, namely, in fifty-two days, Jerusalem was rebuilt. That's what I call busy and triumphant sadness.

I knew a mother who buried her baby on Friday and on Sabbath appeared in the house of God and said: "Give me a class; give me a Sabbath school class. I have no child now left me, and I would like to have a class of little children. Give me real poor children. Give me a class off the back street." That, I say, is beautiful. This is triumphant sadness. At 3 o'clock this afternoon, in a beautiful parlor in Philadelphia—a parlor pictured and statuetted—there will be from ten to twenty destitute children of the street. It has been so every Sabbath afternoon at 3 o'clock for many years. These destitute children receive religious instruction, concluding with cakes and sandwiches. How do I know that that has been going on for many years? I knew it in this way.

GREED CURED BY CHRISTIAN WORK.

That was the first home in Philadelphia where I was called to comfort great sorrow. They had a splendid boy and he been drowned at Long Branch. The father and mother almost idolized the boy, and the sob and shriek of that father and mother as they hung over the coffin resound in my ears today. There seemed to be no use of praying, for when I knelt down to pray, the outcry in the room drowned out all the pray. But the Lord comforted that sorrow. They did not forget their trouble. If you should go on the snowiest winter afternoon into Laurel Hill you would find a monument with the word "Walter" inscribed upon it, and a wreath of fresh flowers around the name. I think there has not been an hour all these years, winter or summer, when there was not a wreath of fresh flowers around Walter's name. But the Christian mother who sends those flowers there, having no child left, Sabbath afternoons mothers ten or twenty of the lost ones of the street. That is beautiful. That is what I call busy and triumphant sadness. Here is a man who has lost his property. He does not go to hard drinking. He does not destroy his own life. He comes and says: "Harness me for Christian work. My money's gone. I have no treasures on earth. I want treasures in heaven. I have a voice and a heart to serve God." You say that that man has failed. He has not failed—he has triumphed. Oh, I wish I could persuade all the people who have any kind of trouble never to give up. I wish they would look at the midnight rider of the text, and that the four hoofs of that beast on which Nehemiah rode might cut to pieces all your discouragements and hardships and trials. Give up! Who is going to give up, when on the bosom of God he can have all his troubles hushed? Give up! Never think of giving up. Are you borne down with poverty? A little child was found holding her dead mother's hand in the darkness of a tenement house, and some one coming in, the little girl looked up, while holding her dead mother's hand, and said, "Oh, I do wish that God had made more light for poor folks." My dear, God will be your light, God will be your shelter, God will be your home. Are you borne down with the bereavements of life? Is the house lonely now that the child is gone? Do not give up. Think of what the old sexton said when the minister asked him why he put so much care on the little graves in the cemetery—so much more care than on the larger graves, and the old sexton said, "Sir, you know that 'of such is the kingdom of heaven,' and I think the Saviour is pleased when he sees so much white clover growing around these little graves." But when the minister pressed the old sexton for a more satisfactory answer, the old sexton said, "Sir, about these larger graves, I don't know who are the Lord's saints and who are not; but you know, sir, it is clean different with the bairns." Oh, if you have had that keen, tender, indescribable sorrow that comes from the loss of a child, do not give up. The old sexton was all well with the bairns. Or, if you have sinned grievously—sinned until you have been cast out by the church, sinned until you have been cast out by society, do not give up. Perhaps there may be in this house one that could truthfully utter the lamentation of another:

THE POEM OF A FALL.

> Once I was pure as the snow, but I fell—
> Fell like a snowflake from heaven to hell—
> Fell, to be trampled as filth in the street—
> Fell, to be scoffed at, spit on and beat;
> Praying, cursing, wishing to die,
> Selling my soul to whoever would buy,
> Dealing in shame for a morsel of bread,
> Hating the living and fearing the dead.

Do not give up. One like unto the Son of God comes to you to-day saying, "Go and sin no more." while he cries out to your assailants, "Let him that is without sin cast the first stone at her." Oh! there is no reason why any one in this house, by reason of any trouble or sin, should give up. Are you a foreigner, and in a strange land? Nehemiah was an exile. Are you penniless? Nehemiah was poor. Are you homesick? Nehemiah was homesick. Are you broken-hearted? Nehemiah was broken-hearted. But just see him in the text, riding along the sacrileged grave of his father, and by the dragon well, and through the fish gate, and king's pool, in and out, in and out, the moonlight falling on the broken masonry, which throws a long shadow at which the horse shies, and at the same time that moonlight kindling up the features of this man till you see not only the mark of sad reminiscence, but the courage, the hope, the enthusiasm of a man who knows that Jerusalem will be rebuilded. I pick you up to-day out of your sins and out of your sorrow, and I put you against the warm heart of Christ. "The eternal God is thy refuge, and underneath are the everlasting arms."

Another St. George Victim.

WOODSTOCK, March 22.—Scarcely had our town recovered from the shock which it received by the death of three of its municipal representatives when it was again startled to-day by the intelligence of the death of Mr. Jonathan Martin, another of the victims of the St. George railway disaster. He died at 9.30 this morning. It was at first thought that Mr. Martin's injuries were slight, but he never recovered sufficiently to be removed to his home here. He remained at the house of Dr. Kitchen at St. George.

Mr. Martin was 56 years of age, an Englishman by birth, has been a resident of this town for 34 years, and for many years has carried on a large mercantile business, and was in easy circumstances. He has served many years and at various times in our town and county council. Arrangements are being made for a public funeral next Monday at 3.30 p.m.

How Kahle Supported His Mother.

FREEPORT, March 22.—Walter H. Kahle was arrested here to-day charged with extensive robbery of the mails. He has been employed in the baggage room of the Northwestern depot and it was his duty to transfer the north bound mail from the Northwestern to the Illinois Central trains. Tuesday night inspectors hid themselves in the baggage room and caught Kahle robbing one of the pouches. He said he committed the crime because he supported a mother. No idea can be formed as to the amount of his peculations. His room was found full of mail matter.

A Philadelphia Defaulter.

PHILADELPHIA, March 22.—Robt. Craven, secretary and treasurer of the Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Railroad Company, was yesterday found to be an embezzler to the extent of $10,000. This amount was not stolen from the Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore directly, but from two branch roads. Craven confessed and was discharged from the company's service. His bondsmen will make the shortage good.

A Cincinnati Husband's Crime.

CINCINNATI, March 22.—Patrick Trainor, formerly a prosperous contractor, but who became dissipated and lost his business, quarreled with his wife to-day because she had nothing to eat in the house. Trainor thrust a red-hot poker through his wife's cheek, breaking her jaw. She will probably die. Trainor was arrested. The pair have six children.

Don't Do It.

If a lady says "Do not"
Don't do it.
Cease contending on the spot,
Or you'll rue it.
Ever since she was his maw,
Woman's whim has been man's law;
Never try to pick a flaw—
Don't you do it.

If your sweetheart says "Now quit,"
Don't you do it,
Make th' advances warmer yet,
Or you'll rue it.
Pouting lips were made to press;
Whispered "no" ofttimes means "yes;"
Don't refuse them their caress,
Don't you do it.

Show yourself a man of tact,
Always do it.
Prompt to think and quick to act;
You'll ne'er rue it.
Love's own language all mean's "yes,"
Frowns that kill and smiles that bless,
Meet them each with a caress;
Always do it.

If she holds to you her arms,
Better do it.
Earth life holds no sweeter charms;
You'll ne'er rue it.
Ever act the manly part;
Check love's tears before they start;
Hoard your blessing in your heart;
Always do it.

—E. F. W.

TRAINING FOR THE QUEEN.

GIRLS GETTING READY FOR THE ROYAL DRAWING ROOM.

How to Stand, Walk, Bend and Deport Yourself When Calling on Her Most Gracious Majesty, Victoria.

Country girls have been known to faint at the idea of the ordeal they have to pass through when they go before the row of royalties in Buckingham palace. Deportment, in fact, forms the most important feature at a drawing-room, the regulation dress being put out of the question. Of course, a debutant must be dressed properly or there is no entrance for her. But she may be weak or strong upon deportment. Some foolhardy women do not take any lessons at all as to the manner in which they shall advance and retreat before the Queen. A Pall Mall representative thought it would be a humane action to emphasize the unwisdom of this course, and waited upon a lady, who trains the girlish idea how to shine in these stately ceremonies, to have a lesson. The representative writes:

A trim maid opened the door when I knocked and rang at the portals of the mistress of deportment. I was shown into a drawing-room rather luxuriously furnished. Presently Mrs. R— entered. She was a pleasant-faced lady, full of the subject on which I had called. She took me to another room, with a polished floor and pier glasses round the walls.

"MUCH BETTER MY DEAR," SAID THE EARL OF A—— TO MY LADY.

"I am afraid I shall want a lot of coaching before I am graceful enough to suit your ideas. The only thing I know about deportment is that Mr. Turveydrop once practiced it with great profit and honor."

"Don't be afraid. You will learn as quickly as many country girls I have taught. Of course I can't say how many lessons you will want until I see your style. Some ladies need only two or three. Others are obliged to have half a dozen."

"Are all your pupils girls?" I asked Mrs. R——.

"Oh, no. I have married ladies here occasionally. The sister of the Earl of A—— took presentation lessons a little while ago, and her husband said they enabled her to carry herself much more gracefully when walking out."

"Aren't the girls very nervous when they first go to Court?"

"Yes; those whose ignorance forbodes failure," answered Mdme. R——. She had full faith in her own powers of training, however, for she said, "Several of my pupils have told me they were more at home with the Queen than with me. The Queen likes all young girls and debutantes to look at her well in the face. You must look at her thoroughly without flinching."

"Is she particular about deportment?"

"Keenly particular. She notices movement and nothing annoys her so terribly as a careless, negligent carriage. Her own deportment has always been irreproachable. Don't you admire her as a young Queen in her pictures? She notices in a moment if you have prepared for the drawing-room, and if she sees you have she smiles benignly."

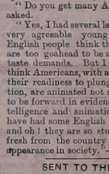
Next to the Queen as a model of court-carriage stands the Duchess of Teck. Mrs. R—— told me all this in a soft, motherly way. Then she suddenly turned practical, and fixed her eyes keenly and critically and said: "But come, take your hat off and we will have a lesson. Place this on your head." She handed me a disc of wood about the size of a tea-plate. "There, put that on your head. This ribbon prevents its falling off. Now walk up to me!" said Madame. "Keep your head up. Don't walk," she cried. "You mustn't venture to walk. Your feet must slide over the floor. Hold your shoulders up. Keep your chin high. Now, try again!"

I TRY A SALUTATION.

I wouldn't be a maiden of the sunny South. We are told that the cause of their erect bearing is long practice with a water pitcher on their heads. A platter of wood convinced me that the maidens of the sunny South deserve all the erect carriage they can get. Have you ever tried to walk with your head up with a bit of wood balancing on the top of your skull? I tried again. "You must not lift your toes," warningly said Madame. "Now walk with me." I did so, and balanced the piece of wood with ease.

"Now, I will be the Queen pro tem. Glide up to me." She retired to the end of the room. "You must regulate your steps, and count two between each step forward. Take another step forward. Take another step, and then curtsey."

I obeyed. It was a very unsteady one. "Try again, and go down very slowly. Slower, slower, slower," she said, stretching out her hand, which I kissed. "You mustn't try to grab the Queen's hand. You must sweep your hand round so"—and she made a graceful curve in the air—"and be careful your nose doesn't touch the Queen's hand. Any time can be given to the curtsey to the Queen. Then you must curtsey to each member of the Royal Family. The Empress Frederick may be next the Queen. Make a deep curtsey to her, and a shorter one to each of the others according to their distance from the Queen. The regulation number of curtseys is six. That is what I train my pupils for. Having finished saluting each member of the Royal Family you back out swiftly—still with a gliding motion to allow the others ladies to come up. This backing out is really a succession of curtseys with first the right foot and then the left foot forward. You kick your skirts away all the time.



GETTING VERY NEAR ROYALTY.

"I see all my pupils in their full dress," said Madame, "to give them the finishing directions. Lessons are almost required if you go to the State ball. Debutantes are often invited. The only formality to be remembered in the drawing-room is the mode of carrying your ticket. This must be carried in the left hand with your right-hand glove between the fourth and little finger. Ladies are also permitted to carry handkerchiefs, but it is not advisable. You give up your ticket, as the Lord Chamberlain announces your name, and then you advance up the room to the Queen."

"Do you get many American pupils?" I asked.

"Yes, I had several last year. They were very agreeable young ladies too. Some English people think that American women are too goahead to be as decorous as good taste demands. But I cannot say that. I think Americans, with all their curiosity and their readiness to plunge into any conversation, are animated not so much by a desire to be forward in evidence as by a livelier intelligence and animation than English. I have had some English heiresses to teach and oh! they are so stupid when they come fresh from the country to make their first appearance in society."—Pall Mall Budget.

SENT TO THE MERCER.

A Girl Who Prefers the Reformatory to Freedom in Hamilton.

HAMILTON, March 22.—Two or three weeks ago a girl named Edith Johnston was arrested on complaint of Mrs. Susan Johnston, her mother, on a charge of vagrancy. She was kept in custody for about a week, but finally let go on promising, though very reluctantly, to reform. She had been going to low dances since the beginning of the year and had, according to her own statement, got well on in the downward path. Yesterday her mother had her arrested again and this morning she appeared before the Police Magistrate. She walked into the dock with a swagger and smiled upon a lot of toughs who had assembled in the auditorium to have a look at her. She pleaded guilty of having no visible means of support and being a common vagrant. She said the "reformity" would not do her any good, but she would rather go there than stay at home. She could not get work in the city, because no one would have her when they heard her name. She looked as bold as possible when the Magistrate spoke to her and played with a little black-and-tan dog while her mother was giving evidence, occasionally getting in a back shot at Mrs. Johnston. The Magistrate sent her to the Mercer Reformatory for 23 months, and as the girl went back to the cells she remarked, "That won't hurt me. I'll have some of my old chums there."

THAT JEWELRY CASE.

Preliminary Examination Into the Larceny Charge Against Andy Maloney.

MONTREAL, March 22.—A select gathering was at the Police Court this afternoon, when Andy Maloney was again brought up for preliminary investigation into the charge of constructive larceny. Thomas Morrison, a carter, testified that on or about Feb. 1 he was called upon by Andy Maloney to take two trunks from his place in Craig-street to No. 3 Argyle-avenue. Andy Maloney went with the trunks. The two trunks in court looked like the ones he took to Argyle-avenue.

Mr. C. Ellis of the firm of P. W. Ellis & Co., Toronto, deposed that the jewelry found, with the exception of four items, was the property of P. W. Ellis & Co., and was in possession of George Van Reinholtz, a traveler for the firm. He recognized the trunks as the property of the firm. Van Reinholtz had no right to sell any of these goods without submitting details to the firm.

Maloney was admitted to bail in $4000, himself in $2000 and two sureties of $1000 each. The case was adjourned to Wednesday next.

A deposition has been made by Detective Howie against Van Reinholtz, in which he is charged with appropriating to his own use $14,000 worth of jewelry entrusted to his care as agent of the firm of P. W. Ellis & Co.

Mr. Ellis has also taken a saisie revindica tion against the Chief of Police.

Woodstock Jottings.

WOODSTOCK, March 22.—The municipal elections here to-day to fill the vacancies in the council were conducted quietly. In St. George's Ward Mr. Cole is elected by 100 majority over Messrs. Rippon and Oliver; in St. John's Ward Mr. West defeated Mr. Allan by a fair majority.

The death to-day of Mr. Martin, a victim of the St. George accident, will necessitate an election for the third deputy reeveship.

Six boys answering the description of those who escaped from the Mimico Industrial School arrived here on a Canadian Pacific Railway freight train early this morning, but their whereabouts is at present unknown.

Fire at Woodstock.

WOODSTOCK, March 22.—A fire with what might have been a serious loss to life and property occurred here early this morning. A large frame tenement building in Dundas-street west, in which dwelt about twenty persons, was seen by a neighbor to be in a blaze. On examination he found the whole of the inside to be on fire. He immediately gave the alarm, and the inmates, mostly women, barely escaped with their lives.

It Made Mother Strong

"My mother has been using PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND for nervous prostration, accompanied by melancholia, etc., and it has done her a world of good. It is the only medicine that strengthens the nerves.'
G. H. BEERS, Orbisonia, Pa.

"I am in my 64th year. Have been afflicted in several ways—could not sleep, had no appetite, no courage, low spirits. I commenced using Paine's Celery Compound, and felt relief from the third day after using it. I now have a good appetite and can sleep well. My spirits and courage are almost like those of a young man."
S. C. KINKAID, D. D., Gonzales, La.

Paine's Celery Compound

Strengthens and builds up the old, and cures their infirmities. Rheumatism, indigestion and nervousness yield quickly to the curative power of Paine's Celery Compound.

A Perfect Tonic and Invigorator, It GIVES NEW LIFE.

"I am now 69 years old and have tried several remedies, but none had any effect until I used Paine's Celery Compound. I feel entirely different for the short time I have used it. I can walk nearly straight, sleep sound and well, and feel as though there was new life and energy coming into my whole system."
H. MYLIUS, Cleveland, Tenn.

Paine's Celery Compound is of unequaled value to women. It strengthens the nerves, regulates the kidneys, and has wonderful power in curing the painful diseases with which women so often silently suffer.

$1 per bottle. Six for $5. At Druggists.
WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO MONTREAL.

DIAMOND DYES *True to Name and Color. Nothing can Equal Them.*

YOUR BABY *will be rosy, plump and merry if given LACTATED FOOD.*

Daily Intelligencer.

THE DAILY INTELLIGENCER is published every evening except Sunday, and delivered by careful carriers in all parts of the city for Five Dollars a year, or Fifty Cents a month.

THE WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER is published every Thursday morning, and sent, postpaid, to any address in Canada, the United States or Great Britain for One Dollar a year.

ADVERTISEMENTS, first insertion, 10 cents per nonpareil line; each subsequent consecutive insertion, 5 cents per line; when not inserted every day, 10 cents per line each insertion.

READING MATTER NOTICES, 15 cents per line each insertion.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS, 50 cents each insertion. With notice of funeral added the charge for death notices is $1.

CONTRACTS made for business advertisements for one month or longer at reduced rates.

Remittances, Drafts, Cheques, and Post-Office Orders should be made payable to the order of
INTELLIGENCER PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO'Y (LIMITED),
Belleville, Ont.

Largest Daily Circulation in Belleville.

BELLEVILLE, SATURDAY, MAR. 23

NOW AND THEN.

NOW.	THEN.
Ontario, March 21st, 1889.	*Ontario, June 30, 1885.*
"Mr. Burdett does not intend to run for West Hastings, but he has interests in Belleville as well as in East Hastings, and fortunately for us has the capacity to look after both."	"When Mr. Mowat was in Belleville, the general opinion is that S. B. did not make a favorable impression on the Premier, although he loudly proclaimed his ability to 'skin a skunk with any man.'"

DOES NOT APPLY.

The Ameliasburg correspondent of the Picton *Gazette* writes:

The annual meeting of the Ferry Co. was held at Rednerville last evening. The receipts this year are $3,800 and the expenses are over $4,000. This should encourage the Bridge Co.

"Vell, and vot of it?" The receipts of the bridge will be very much more than $3,800 and the expenditure very much less than $4,000 per annum. Why oppose the project, Messrs. ferry-men, if you are losing money? Why not let others have a chance to succeed where you have failed?

WORTHY OF CONSIDERATION.

The statement made by Mr. Wills at the meeting on Tuesday night last, namely that permanent water power can be secured by the erection of two dams, at a cost of from $4,000 to $5,000, is worthy of the most attentive consideration of the gentlemen who are considering the manufacturing interests of the city. Although water power is not now of such importance as a motive power for manufactories as it was a few years ago, there can be no doubt that the possession by Belleville of a permanent supply of water for manufacturers' use would be a great inducement to the proprietors of small industries to locate here. Small industries are, for many reason, more desirable than large manufactories, provided that employment is afforded to an equal number of workmen. There ought not, in our opinion, to be any difficulty in obtaining the amount of capital named by Mr. Wills as sufficient to procure a permanent supply of water in the Moira for manufacturing purposes.

CAN THE DIFFICULTY BE MET?

As Mr. Ritchie pointedly stated in his opening remarks at Tuesday night's meeting, one of Belleville's most pressing wants is a first class hotel—that we have good hotel-keepers, who are capable of conducting a first class house, but that we lack a building that is up to the requirements of modern taste and luxury in architectural design and dimensions.

It was stated that Mr. Corby, M. P., who is one of the syndicate who own the site of the burned Dafoe House, had said that if the gentlemen interested could be assured that the present rate of assessment on their property, namely $4,000, would not be increased for ten years—if they would not, as Mr. W. N. Ponton pointedly put it, be fined heavily for putting up a structure which is very greatly needed and would be of much benefit to the city—they would build a hotel to cost not less than $30,000.

It was thereupon objected by the Mayor that similar treatment would have to be accorded to all the hotels in the city, which objection was regarded as conclusive by nearly all of those present.

There is, however, a more potent objection than that stated by the Mayor on the spur of the moment. That could be got over without much difficulty. But the Municipal Act does not confer power on municipalities to bonus or exempt from taxation anything but manufacturing industries. Annual remission of the taxes might be made, in whole or in part; but such an arrangement might not stand the test of the law, and besides, it could not satisfy the syndicate, as it would mot be of a permanent character.

Belleville wants the hotel; the people are willing to make the arrangement proposed, which would be highly advantageous, because they could secure a great advantage without paying for it; but the law seemingly prevents the conclusion of a bargain. Is there no way out of the difficult?

THE HULL-LESS OATS SWINDLE.

The *Empire* says: "The Hull-less oats scheme has been worked of late in the Bay of Quinte district with much success. The Belleville INTELLIGENCER says that Saturday was a lively day in that city amongst farmers who were trying to recover their notes from the two Yankees who were running the swindle, and some of them succeeded in their efforts. Amongst the ways adopted of furthering the oat scheme was the circulation of a fly sheet, with the names of respectable farmers attached, stating that 'to our fellow farmers who wish to engage in the business we cheerfully recommend said company.' Cupidity and gullibility would appear to prevail a good deal in the rural sections when respectable farmers lend their influence to the Hull-less oats and other similar schemes, and when many are readily induced to sign notes in the hope of making inordinate gains from the business."

The Napanee *Beaver* says: "The latest plausible suggestion of these parties is to make a deposit with the Government. It is safe to say the Government will in no way recognize such a palpable fraud, and the only way that the dupes can right themselves is by demanding their notes and backing up the demand with the necessary amount of vim and determination. Go for them!"

A Home Library—2000 Famous Authors.

It seems almost incredible to say that a library fairly representing approximately two thousand of the most eminent authors of the world, of all lands and all times, can really be placed within the reach of ordinary homes. Yet this is what is accomplished by Alden's Cyclopedia of Universal Literature, volume VIII. of which is now on our table. The work, completed, is to comprise from fifteen to twenty volumes, which are in large type, and really beautiful and excellent in all mechanical qualities, and yet sold at the phenomenally low price of 50 cents per volume for cloth, or 60 cents for half Morocco bindings; even from these prices large reductions are made to early purchasers, and to clubs. Volume VIII. includes such notable names as Ferreira, the Portuguese poet; Feuillet, the French novelist; Johann Gottlieb Fichte, German Philosopher; Henry M. Field, American journalist and author; Henry Fielding, English novelist; James T. Fields, American publisher and author; Louis Figuier, French scientist; Firdusi, Persian Poet; Geo. P. Fisher and Wilbur Fisk, American theological writers; John Fiske, American scientist; Flammarion, French author of "The Wonders of the Heavens;" Flaubert, French author; Mary Halleck Foote, American artist and author; John Forster, English biographer; Charles Fourier, French socialist and economist; Charles James Fox, English statesman; Charles Foxe, of "The Book of Martyrs" fame; Dr. J. W. Francis, American author, and Sir Philip Francis (the famous Junius); Benjamin Franklin, American Statesman, philosopher, and philanthropist; E. A. Freeman, historian; John C. Fremont, general and "might-have-been" President—all of these in letter *F*, besides a small host in letter *G*. The publisher will send a specimen volume to any one on receipt of the price, allowing the privilege of return if not wanted. All lovers of good books should at least see the work. The publisher's catalogue is sent free to any applicant. JOHN B. ALDEN, Publisher, 393 Pearl St., New York, or 216 Clark St., Chicago.

Outing for April.

Outing for April is a very strong sporting number. We note the following principal articles: Clumber Spaniels, by "Clumber," with pen-and-ink sketches of champion dogs, by Marie Guise; Evolution of Form in College, Rowing, II., the Harvard Stroke, by E. M. Garnett; Big Game Hunting in the Wild West (The American Elk or Wapiti), by the late Brig. Gen. R. B. Marcy; and The Larchmont Yacht Club, by F. S. Pinckney, with illustrations from photographs of the club house and representative yachts. Fishermen will be interested in Trout Fishing in the Gros Bois of Canada. Amateur photographers will read with interest and profit Ellerslie Wallace's Amateur Photography. The editorials are bright and attractive and the records give a faithful resume of the achievements of the athletes.

Stop that Cough.

Many people neglect what they call a simple cold, which, if not checked in time, may lead to Lung trouble. *Scott's Emulsion of Pure Cod Liver Oil, with Hypophosphites*, will not only stop the cough but heal the lungs. Endorsed by thousands of physicians. Palatable as milk. Try it. Sold by all Druggists at 50c. and $1.00.

—Typhoid fever has broken out in the Mercer Reformatory.

—The Amherst (N. S.) *Gazette* now does its printing by electric power, the first printing house in Canada to adopt the dynamo.

AN INACTIVE or Torpid Liver must be aroused and all bad bile removed. Burdock Pills are best for old or young.

—The traffic returns of the Grand Trunk Railway for the week ending March 16, 1889, show an increase of $76,265 over the corresponding period of 1888.

—One Dr. Tere, in England, is advocating the sting of bees as a remedy for rheumatism. He declares that he has treated with success 173 cases, and has given in all 39,000 stings.

—New Brunswick's crown lands is the most prolific contributor to the revenue of the Province, the receipts last year on this account being $134,604, or an increase of $13,904 over 1887.

WILL YOU SUFFER with Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint? Shiloh's Vitalizer is guaranteed to cure you. Sold by D. M. Waters.

—Ore assaying $7,000 a ton has been struck in the West End Silver Mountain mine at Port Arthur, Ont., and this richness in the pay streak makes the use of drills superfluous, and the ore is taken out with picks.

—President Harrison's mail shows no signs of decreasing. Since the 4th of Mar. it has averaged six or seven hundred letters a day, and on some days running as high as 1000. President Cleveland's letters rarely exceeded 300 a day.

—Russian officials have tested and reported favorably upon a Russian invention for applying the revolver of the present to the barrel of the Berdan rifles. By this arrangement a machine gun is obtained which will fire 480 shots a minute.

MINISTERS, LAWYERS, TEACHERS, and others whose occupation give but little exercise, should use Carter's Little Liver Pills for torpid liver and biliousness. One is a dose. Try them.

—London, Eng., and Montreal capitalists, forming two companies with $1,000,000 combined capital, purpose this spring developing the phosphate deposits of Templeton Township, Que. The mines are situated eight miles north of Gatineau Point.

—A solid bed of salt 100 feet thick is said to underlie Petrolia, Ont., and only water is needed to develop the industry and compete with the Goderich producers. Fuel is cheap, and it is a matter of surprise that a salt block has not yet been established there. Thus the *Advertiser*.

TO CUT DOWN EXPENSES.

THE ECONOMY COMMITTEE APPOINTED BY THE COMMONS.

Col O'Brien Loses an Opportunity to Call Up the Jesuits Bill Question—Other Topics From the Capital.

OTTAWA March 22.—A few days ago the Senate passed a resolution appointing a committee to meet one from the House of Commons, for the purpose of inquiring into the possibility of reducing the expenses connected with the two Houses. In the Commons this afternoon a resolution appointing Sir Hector Langevin, Hon. Mr. Bowell, Hon. Mr. Foster, Mr. Charlton and Mr. Peter White as the Commons side of the joint committee was proposed by Sir Hector Langevin in the absence of the Premier.

Hon. David Mills raised the constitutional point that the proposition should have originated in the Commons, and Mr. Kirkpatrick coincided with him in that view. Other members joined in the discussion. Sir John Macdonald entered while it was in progress, and having explained how a reduction in the expenses might be brought about under a joint management, said he thought the objection was merely "one of those constitutional fads that the member for Bothwell always takes up." He thought no serious consequences could result to the constitution.

"I think the constitution is so strong that it can resist assaults, great or small," remarked Mr. Laurier.

Hon. Edward Blake has been very quiet all session, having scarcely uttered a word, but he too joined in. Sir John had said that it was only fitting that the Senate should have brought up the question, because their expenditure was much greater proportionately than that of the Commons. "Then they might better take the beam out of their own eye rather than the mote out of ours," said Mr. Blake, to whom the Premier's attention was immediately directed.

"I am very glad to see," he said, "a beam in my honorable friend's eye. I am glad to see it glitters so."

After this exchange of civilities it was expected that the resolution would pass, but the third party had yet to be heard from. Mr. Mitchell objected that there were four Government supporters and only one member of the Opposition on the committee named. He proceeded to overhaul the four in a lively manner, and took particular exception to Mr. Bowell. "I have no confidence in that gentleman," he was commencing, when Sir John interrupted to ask that Mr. Bowell's name be struck off and Mr. Mitchell's substituted. This being done the third party could say no more and the economy resolution was adopted.

Sir John Thompson having moved the House into committee on his bill respecting bills of exchange and promissory notes, Hon. Mr. Laurier again objected that it would take three or four days more to finish with the bill and that prorogation at Easter could not be expected if it was proceeded with.

Mr. Foster crossed over and consulted a moment with Sir Richard Cartwright and Mr. Laurier and returning to his seat moved the House into committee of supply. Nobody objected, and in a moment the House was in committee. Had Col. O'Brien been in the House this would have been his opportunity to move his disallowance amendment but the Colonel was away. Anyhow the whole thing was done so hurriedly that the members in the back benches scarce knew what was up until the Speaker had left the chair.

The vote considered in supply was that for militia pensions and discussion immediately turned on the oft-argued case of Valiquette and Ryan, two Montreal militiamen who died in the Northwest service. Valiquette's relations get upwards of $300 a year, Ryan's less than $100. The amounts were fixed in the ordinary way, it is claimed, each case being decided purely on its merits, but the Opposition, led in this instance by Hon. A. G. Jones, have persistently claimed that there is an unjust disparity in the amounts awarded.

Col. O'Brien had come in during the discussion, and rose to say that he too thought this "a very gross case of favoritism."

After recess the bill to incorporate the Supreme Court of the Independent Order of Foresters and also the bill incorporating the Union Railway Company were read a third time and passed.

In committee of supply the militia estimates were taken up. Col. Denison expressed pleasure at voting a proposed reduction of the expenditure on the permanent corps and the schools. Concerning these schools he thought it would be in the interest of the Dominion if we returned to the system of twenty years ago and permitted the entry of cadets to the schools. There were many young men who did not at present hold commissions but would be glad to be able to attend the schools and qualify. This they were not allowed to do unless they put on a private's uniform and lived the life of a private soldier in barracks. For reasons not necessary to dwell upon here neither the young men themselves nor their parents were willing that they should enter as private soldiers.

Col. Kirkpatrick said there was a great deal in this. There was much difficulty in getting qualified officers and he thought the school system was somewhat to blame. They did not fulfil their duty. He would like to see them made more accessible and the expense to those officers attending reduced. He believed that if the officers were allowed to board outside the schools and not compelled to join the mess, where for self-respect they had to wear the expensive mess dress, it would be better than continuing the present plan.

Sir Adolphe Caron said he thought it would be not at all practicable to carry out the idea, not only because there were not enough schools to take in other than members of the militia, but also on account of the difficulty there would be in maintaining discipline.

Col. Denison said he had attended the military schools twenty years ago when cadets were admitted as proposed, and the discipline then was just as good as it is to-day.

Mr. Barron said his experience had been similar. He desired to inquire from the minister if any step had been taken to carry out the wishes and recommendations of the Major-General who was brought from England mainly for the advice that he was able to give.

Sir Adolphe Caron said these recommendations had been carried out as far as practicable.

The public works appropriations were next taken up and discussed until 12.35 when the House adjourned.

From The Gazette.

OTTAWA, March 22.—The Canada Gazette to-morrow will contain an order-in-council providing that the special rate of two cents per ton in force last year for the passage of certain cereals—wheat, Indian corn, peas, barley and rye—through the Welland and St. Lawrence Canals shall be continued for the coming season of navigation.

The total value of goods entered for consumption in the Dominion, exclusive of British Columbia, during February, was $7,385,421; the value of dutiable goods was $5,606,574 and the duty collected $1,737,088. For the eight months of the fiscal year an increase of $4,500,000 in imports is shown, with an increase of $750,000 in duty collected.

The total value of exports during February was $3,038,852, all the produce of Canada with the exception of $108,285. In the past eight months the exports were $60,451,751, or $4,000,000 less than last year.

The postoffice savings bank statement for February shows that at the end of that month the total amount at depositors' credit was $22,430,187, an increase of $56,260 in the month. The deposits were $581,245, the interest allowed $6024 and the withdrawals $531,009.

Arrested on Another Capias.

OTTAWA, March 22.—Mr. W. E. Brown arrived in the city last evening on the train from Brockville which came in a little before 6 o'clock. Detective Montgomery was anxiously waiting for him, and under orders from him Constable McEdward followed up Mr. Brown and arrested him on Wellington-street. In this instance Mr. Brown is arrested on a warrant issued at the instigation of James Leggatt, Montreal, boot and shoe dealer, who claims that Brown is his debtor for $8300. He was bailed to-day in $5000.

A Victory For the C. P. R.

OTTAWA, March 22.—The Canadian Pacific Railway Company secured a victory in the Railway Committee to-day, putting their bill through with a couple of minor amendments despite the strenuous opposition by the Maritime Province members, who were full of amendments all designed to compel the Canadian Pacific Railway to complete the projected lines in those provinces. The bill consolidates the entire debenture stock, including all the branch lines, and allows the issue of increased stock at the rate of $2500 per mile to the extent of $12,500,000, the rate of interest being 4 per cent. as at present. The proposed changes cannot become law until the consent of two-thirds of the shareholders is obtained.

PRICES AND PROSPECTS.

MODERATE GAINS IN THE MOVEMENT OF MERCHANDISE.

No Improvement in the General Industrial Situation—The Reaction in the Breadstuffs Market—The Week's Failures.

NEW YORK, March 22.—The moderate gains in the movement of general merchandise throughout the country reported in special telegrams to Bradstreet's last week still continue. All through the west pleasant weather is having an effect upon trade. Groceries, boots and shoes and hardware are relatively in most active request throughout the country.

The subsidence of unfavorable foreign influences led to covering of shorts and strengthens the New York stock market. Money at New York is easy on call, but in banking circles the impression is that a firmer market will be seen about April 1. Call loans are 2 to 2½ per cent.; on time 4 to 4½ per cent. are demanded for all dates.

No general improvement has set in in the iron trade. Cuts in anthracite coal have followed the formal reduction in price. Petroleum is fractionally higher.

There is no improvement in the general industrial situation, except that the strike at Fall River does not promise to last long.

Dry goods are more active at Boston but less so at New York. Woolen goods are quiet. Prices of print cloths are nearly 1-16c. higher. Raw wool is in hand-to-mouth demand at last week's prices. Raw cotton is ⅛c. lower.

There has been a reaction in the breadstuffs markets, the lowest prices being made Tuesday. Wheat went down to 91⅛c., a loss of over 6c. per bushel within a fortnight, but prices were speedily pushed up again, closing 1⅞ above Tuesday's level. Flour has declined 15 to 25c. per barrel.

A free and confident movement in raw sugars, in face of relatively light stocks, advanced prices 3-16 to ¼c. Refined advanced on Friday ⅛c on scarcity of raw. At San Francisco refined has advanced ⅜c to 7⅛c. At New Orleans raw has advanced ⅛c. Coffee has receded about ¼c on depressing influences.

The Week's Failures.

NEW YORK, March 22.—The business failures occurring throughout the country during the last seven days number for the United States 220 and for Canada 29, a total of 249, as compared with a total of 261 last week and 281 the week previous to the last. For the corresponding week of last year the figures were 243, made up of 212 in the United States and 31 in the Dominion of Canada.

A MARE CLAUSUM.

President Harrison Issues His First Proclamation

WASHINGTON, March 22.—The following was issued this afternoon:

By the President of the United States of America.

A PROCLAMATION.

The following provisions of the laws of the Unted States are hereby published for the information of all concerned: Section 1956, Revised Statues, Chapter 3, title 23, enacts that: "No person shall kill any otter, mink, martin, sable or fur seal or any other fur bearing animal within the limits of Alaska territory or in the waters thereof, and every person guilty thereof shall for each offence be fined not less than $200 nor more than $1000, or imprisoned not more than six months or both, and all vessels, their tackle, apparel, furniture and cargo found engaged in violation of this section shall be forfeited, but the Secretary of the Treasury shall have power to authorise the killing of any such mink, marten, sable or other fur bearing animal except fur seals under such regulations as he may prescribe, and it shall be the duty of the secretary to prevent the killing of any fur seal and to provide for the execution of the provisions of this section until it is otherwise provided by law, nor shall he grant any special privileges under this section.

Section 3 of the act entitled "An act to provide for the protection of the salmon fisheries of Alaska, approved March 2, 1888, provides that: Section 3—That section 1956 of the Revised Statutes of the United States is hereby declared to include and apply to all the dominion of the United States in the waters of Behring Sea, and it shall be the duty of the President at a timely season in each year to issue his proclamation and cause the same to be published for one month at least in one newspaper (if any such there be) published, at each United States port of entry on the Pacific Coast warning all persons against entering such waters for the purpose of violating the provisions of said section, and he shall also cause one or more vessels of the United States to diligently cruise said waters and arrest all persons and seize all vessels found to be or to have been engaged in any violation of the laws of the United States therein.

Now therefore, I, Benjamin Harrison, President of the United States, pursuant to the above recited statutes hereby warn all persons against entering the waters of Behring Sea within the dominion of the United States for the purpose of violating the provisions of said section 1956 Revised Statutes, and I hereby proclaim that all persons found to be or to have been engaged in any violation of the laws of the United States in said waters will be arrested and punished as above provided, and that all vessels so employed, their tackle, apparel, furniture and cargoes will be seized and forfeited.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed. Done at the City of Washington this twenty-first day of March, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine, and of the Independence of the United States the one hundred and thirteenth.

BENJAMIN HARRISON.

By the President,
JAMES G. BLAINE, Secretary of State.

The Electric Postal Railroad.

BALTIMORE, March 22.—Three hundred miles an hour is the proposed speed for the electric postal railroad of the future. An experimental line has been erected at Laurel, twenty miles from this city. A compromise between the pneumatic tube and the ordinary railroad carries a miniature train of two cars solely for mails and light parcels, without any attendants. The road has three rails, one above the car for carrying the current, and two below which carry the cars. The cars are built of sheet-iron and are two feet square and twenty-one feet long. Speed will be regulated and power or brakes applied by electricity solely. If the experiment at Laurel succeeds it is stated that similar roads will be laid between Baltimore and Washington and elsewhere.

A Victim of the Faith Cure.

PORT HURON, Mich., March 23.—Mrs. Amelia Bartlett, an old resident of this city, died yesterday morning a victim of the faith cure craze. A few days ago she was taken with pneumonia and persistently refused to allow a physician to attend her.

Manitoba's Immigration Boom.

WINNIPEG, March 22.—About 1000 immigrants arrived to-day, making over 2500 during the past eleven days. The price of farming lands has increased in consequence of the great demand.

The Capital's Big Methodist Church.

OTTAWA, March 22.—The pastorate of the Dominion Methodist Church has been accepted by Rev. Dr. Ryckman of London, Ont., and provided the consent of the conference of this district be received he will be Rev. Mr. Carson's successor.

Dr. Ryckman has filled two terms of three years each in London. He is a very prominent member of the Methodist body. He is secretary of the General Conference of Canada and Newfoundland, a member of the special committee of the General Conference, a member of the Board of Regents of Victoria University, a member of the Board of Governors of the Wesleyan Theological College of Montreal, and a member of the Board of Management of Alma College, St. Thomas. He is about 50 years old. His eldest son recently graduated from Victoria University.

—There are at present 71 members of the Society of Jesus in Canada.

—The Ontario Legislature was prorogued this afternoon by his Honor the Lieutenant-Governor.

—The Barrett boys were hanged yesterday at Minneapolis for the murder of a car driver some time ago.

—Benjamin Moore, a young colored man, was killed by hail stones in a storm in Hanover county, N. C., on Tuesday.

—Yesterday was a very exciting day for the brokers in the Chicago wheat pit. The May option sold at 99c. shortly after the opening, but the bears getting afraid they went in and bought, which had the effect of advancing the price to $1.05½; it finally closed at $1.03⅞.

CROUP, WHOOPING COUGH and Bronchitis immediately relieved by Shiloh's Cure. For sale by D. M. Waters.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Only One Cent! Only One Cent!

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

FOR SALE.—Twenty shares in the capital stock of the G. & J. Brown Manufacturing Co. of Belleville. Business is in a flourishing condition, paying a dividend of 9 per cent. last year. Ill health the cause of sale. Address T. ROWLANDS, Kyle House. 272dtf

APARTMENTS TO LET.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

BOARD AND ROOMS.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

HOUSES TO LET.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

FOR SALE or TO LET, the House formerly occupied by J. H. Simpson, Commercial Street Possession given immediately. Apply to P. R. PALMER 263d3m

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

HOUSE FOR SALE, OR TO LET.—No. 221 William Street, north of Hotel Street. A comfortable, well built, brick residence, in thorough repair. Eleven rooms, drive house, hard and soft water. Apply to FRANCIS S. WALLBRIDGE, Barrister, office corner of Front and Bridge Streets. 273d6t

HOUSE FOR SALE on William St., two doors south of Bridge St., next the residence of Mrs. T. C. Wallbridge, best locality in the city, house new, comfortable, and commodious, hard and soft water. closets in all the rooms. Enquire of R. PURDY, Bridge St. 272d2w

TO LET.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

TO LET.—Two Stores and some room on Front Street, next door to C. F. Smith. JOHN FORIN. 272d2w

WANTED.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

WANTED to rent, about 1st of May, an eight-roomed House in central locality. Address Box 845, Post Office. 274d3t

SALESMEN—We wish a few men to sell our goods by sample to the wholesale and retail trade. Large manufacturers in our line. Enclose 2-cent stamp. Wages $3 per day. Permanent position. No postals answered. Money advanced for wages, advertising, etc. CENTENNIAL MAN'F'G CO, CINCINNATI, OHIO 245d30teod

MUSIC STORE.

W. B. RIGGS intends opening a general Music Store about the second week in April in the premises formerly occupied by Miss Hudgins. He goes to Toronto next week, where he will remain several days, and will in person carefully select a fine stock of instruments. He will also carry in stock "The Royal St. John Sewing Machine"—undeniably the best machine ever invented.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the Matter of the Estate of Henry Rudd, of the City of Belleville, in the County of Hastings, deceased.

PURSUANT to the Revised Statutes of Ontario, chapter 110 notice is hereby given, that all persons having claims or demands against the said Henry Rudd, deceased, are to send to the undersigned Jane Rudd, Belleville, Administratrix, on or before the fifteenth day of April, A.D. 1889, their christian names, surnames, addresses and descriptions, with full particulars and proof of their claims, statements of accounts, and nature of the securities (if any) held by them. And further take notice, that after the said fifteenth day of April, 1889, the Administratrix will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased among the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to such claims of which notice has then been given; and the Administratrix will not be liable for the assets or any part thereof so distributed, to any person of whose claim notice shall not have been received at the time of the said distribution

Dated at Belleville, 21st March, 1889.
WOOD & WEBSTER, Brockville,
Solicitors for said Administratrix.
JANE RUDD, Administratrix,
Belleville. d.mar23,30,apr.6,13

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.

THE undersigned, Administratrix of the Estate of Henry Rudd, late of the City of Belleville, will offer for sale by Public Auction, on MONDAY, the 15th day of APRIL, 1889, at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon, at the residence of the said the late Henry Rudd, in the said city of Belleville (corner of College and Grier Streets), all and singular those certain tracts or parcels of land and premises, situate, lying and being in the city of Belleville, and being composed of all that part of Glebe Reserve Lot lettered "B" on farm lot number four in the first concession of the Township of Thurlow, now in the city of Belleville aforesaid and known as lots numbers twenty-two and twenty-three, on the west side of Grier Street in said city, as laid down on the registered plan of John J. Haslett, P.L.S.

The sale will be subject to a reserved bid, which has been fixed.

The purchaser will be required to pay down at time of sale, a deposit of ten per cent. of the purchase money to the Vendor or her Solicitors, and the balance within thirty days thereafter, without interest. The said balance to be paid into the Canadian Bank of Commerce, to the joint credit of the Administratrix and the Official Guardian.

There will also be offered for sale at the same time and place, a quantity of personal property of said deceased, consisting of household furniture, buggy, waggon, cutter, etc.

Terms, cash at time of sale.

Dated at Belleville, March 21st, 1889
JANE RUDD, Belleville,
Administratrix of real and personal estate of Henry Rudd, deceased.
WOOD & WEBSTER, Brockville,
Solicitors for Administratrix.
d.mar.23,30,apr.6,13

FIRE! FIRE!!

I AM offering for sale at the Central Wood Yard, near the Foot Bridge, a large quantity of hard and mixed wood, cut and uncut. Also a quantity of dry pine wood, cut and uncut, which I will sell cheap and deliver to any part of the city free of charge.
EDWARD NEWMAN.

Sun Life Assurance Company
—OF CANADA.—

I have great pleasure in announcing to the Policy-holders and friends of the Company that the Applications for New Life Assurances received during the year 1888 were $3,396,483 00, Life, and $2,820,900,00, Accident, or a total of $6,217,383.56. The total income was $525,273 and the total disbursements $288,859, thus giving a surplus of $236,414. The total assets of the company are $1,974,316, and there is a cash surplus to policy holders of $172,537—an exceedingly satisfactory showing.

W. T. McINTYRE,
S. PARLIAMENT, Special Agent. General Agent, Belleville.

MILLINERY OPENING
—AT—
A. N. Reid & Co's
THURSDAY & FRIDAY,
MARCH 21st and 22nd.

When we will show all the latest novelties in Paris and American Pattern Hats and Bonnets, Silks, Dress Materials, Trimmings and Mantles.
All are cordially invited.
A. N. REID & CO.

--SPRING OPENING--
—AT—
GEORGE RITCHIE & CO'S.
On Friday, the 22nd of March,

the Show Rooms will be opened for the exhibition of Pattern Millinery and Mantles, with other seasonable and fashionable goods.

MISS IRWIN has now charge of the Show Rooms, and extends a cordial invitation to all.

Beautiful and rich goods will be shown, at very moderate prices.
GEO. RITCHIE & CO.

---Millinery .˙. Opening---
—AT—
BRIGNALL & THOMPSON'S.
Wednesday, March the 20th.

When we shall be prepared to exhibit, as usual, a magnificent stock of Imported Millinery, Mantles, Silks and Dress Materials.
BRIGNALL & THOMPSON.

--50 MORE--
NEW HANGING LAMPS put in. Prices very much below anything we ever had.
W. J. REID & CO.

CLEARING--SALE
OF ALL
BOOTS AND SHOES
Damaged by Fire and Water. Over $5,000 worth at less than half regular price.
A. W. VERMILYEA & SON.

==FANS==
Suitable for WEDDINGS and BALLS. A splendid assortment at
J. C. OVERELL'S
FANCY EMPORIUM, BELLEVILLE.

New . . Carpets!

Received yesterday, a very large shipment of

CROSSLEY'S CELEBRATED CARPETS!

—CONSISTING OF—

BRUSSELS CARPETS,
VELVET CARPETS,
TAPESTRY CARPETS,
and the
NEW MOSAICS.

These are the Finest Carpets in the Market, and are in SINGLE and DOUBLE WIDTHS—with

BORDERS and—
—STAIR CARPETS

TO MATCH. Some of these lines are a SPECIAL BARGAIN.

JAS. W. DUNNET.
GLASGOW WAREHOUSE
Belleville, March 20, 1889.

Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, SATURDAY, MAR. 23

REFORMED CHURCH OF ENGLAND.
METROPOLITAN BLOCK, - - - CAMPBELL STREET
GROUND FLOOR.
Sunday services at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m.
Services by Rev. Arthur H. Walley.
Strangers welcome. All seats free.

CHRIST CHURCH.
REV. S. DAW, - - - - RECTOR.
Sunday services at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m.
Strangers are welcome.

MERE MENTION.

THE blackbirds have arrived.

BEECHAM'S PILLS cure bilious and nervous ills.

ROBINS are numerous in the city and suburbs.

A LOT of purses at reduced prices at Geen's Drug Store.

FOUR tramps were the sole occupants of the cells last night.

EVERETT street, near Henry street, is inundated for some distance.

A reward of $1,000 is now offered for the capture of the murderer Albert Wilson.

SPECIAL services will be held each evening next week in the Bridge St. church.

A PARTY of young people from Trenton drove down to the city yesterday afternoon.

THE leading milliners of Trenton attended the spring openings held in the city yesterday.

THE Canadian wing of the Salvation Army will open fire in the village of Madoc this evening.

IF you have a cough or cold go at once to Geen's Drug Store and buy a bottle of Holden's Expectorant.

A NUMBER of school bags were found hanging outside ot a store last night and taken care of by the police.

LADIES' spring jackets made to order in the finest style of the art by Prof. Minor (tailor made).—Jas. Hennessy.

THE ferry steamer "Mary Ethel" is being prepared for business. The indications are that the boat will soon be needed.

A NUMBER of horses will be sent from Kingston to the North-West to be sold. Amongst them are some very fine animals.

REMEMBER the Lecture in the Opera House by Rev'd Charles Chiniquy, on the evening of Thursday, March 28th. Plan open at Holden's. dtd

THE second quarter of the night school in connection with the City Mission will close next week. The school will be re-opened again next fall.

MR. Riggs announces to-day that he will open a new music store in the premises formerly occupied by Miss Hudgins, about the second week in April.

NEXT Friday evening the elecution class at Albert College will offer an evening of mirth and pathos from Dickens, to conclude with Mrs. Jarley's wax work show.

THE concert on Tuesday, 26th March, under the management of J. F. Brooker, will give the public an opportunity of seeing that Belleville is not wanting for talent.

A FINE pair of mules have been purchased by Mr. Newman for the purpose of hauling wood. The animals were formerly the property of Mr. Wallbridge, of Ameliasburg.

ALL DISORDERS CAUSED by a bilious state of the system can be can be cured by using Carter's Little Liver Pills. No pain, griping or discomfort attending their use. Try them.

SPRING is coming, and with it comes the necessity of a good spring medicine. Try East India Tonic Bitters, a good blood purifier and tonic. For sale by A. L. Geen and F. Charles Clarke.

THE title of Mr. Thomas Ritchie's paper to be read before the Y. P. A. of the John St. church on Monday night is "The Unequal Distribution of Wealth," not "money," as given in our yesterday's issue.

COLD wet weather is very hard on sufferers from Neuralgia troubles, and to those Dyer's Quinine and Iron Wine is strongly recommended, it is palatable, easily assimilated, and can be safely taken by the weakest invalid. W. A. Dyer & Co., Montreal.

THE announcement that the Rev. Dr. Wild intended to retire from the lecturing stage takes many of his friends by surprise, especially in this vicinity, where he is known so well. But when it is considered that the Dr. has an annual income of $5000 and a free manse, it may safely be asserted that his last lecture in Belleville will be the one to be delivered here on Monday, the 22nd April next.

DR. AUSTIN FLINT, late professor in Bellevue Hospital Medical College, fellow of New York Academy of Medicine, member of the state medical societies of New York, Virginia, Rhode Island, Massachusetts, etc. says in speaking of Bright's disease or advanced kidney disease "The minor effects are head-ache, loss of vision, impaired hearing, involuntary muscular twitching, cramps, drowsiness, vomiting and diarrhœa." These are but some of the common symptoms of this malady, which accounts for Warner's Safe Cure curing so many diseases (so-called) which are not diseases but are symptoms of advanced kidney disorders.

PROBABILITIES.

TORONTO, March 23.—Light to moderate winds; fine weather; stationary or a little higher temperatures.

Scott Act.

Rev. A. Browning went to Peterborough to-day, where he preaches to-morrow. He will, also, before he returns, deliver an address in favor of the Scott Act in that town, the voting upon which takes place on the 4th of April.

Church Parade.

The Ancient Order of Foresters will have a church parade on Sunday afternoon, April 7th. The place of worship will be the Tabernacle and Rev. T. W. Bowen will deliver the discourse.

TEMPERATURE,

As Registered by Dr. Bell's Self-Registering Thermometer.

SATURDAY, March 23.
Maximum 50; minimum 32.
Barometer 30.30.

Church Notes.

Rev. H. Lee will occupy the pulpit of the Bleecker St. Church to-morrow morning, and Mr. Whale will preach in the evening.

West Belleville, Sabbath services, Rev. M. E. Wilson, of Bridgewater, will preach in the morning and A. W. Vermilyea in the evening.

Agreement Terminated.

The Lieutenant Governor in Council has been pleased to ratify the resolution of the Council of Hastings terminating the existing agreement between the County of Hastings and the town of Trenton, respecting the expenses of the administration of justice, use of gaol, courthouse &c. Termination to reckon from Dec. 31st, 1888.

Amusement Business.

It is reported that the managers of provincial theatres in Canada have made arrangements with Manager Sheppard, of Toronto, whereby he will book attractions for a wide circuit of cities and towns outside of Toronto, and thus assure for those outside places performances as good, or nearly as good, as those which delight the patrons of his own house.

Another Generous and Practical Offer.

BELLEVILLE, Ont., March, 1889.

The Chairman Board of Trade and Civic Committee, Belleville.

I offer you a free deed of gift of lots 28, 29, 30, 31 and 32, on the east side of Coleman street (Gordon Block Plan), Belleville, as a *site* for manufacturing purposes. This offer open for six months.

(Sgd.) WM. DAFOE.

Chancery Sittings.

BARLOW vs. GREEN—Two cases reported wrongly day before yesterday. Cases went over to the Assizes, on the defendant's motion.—Mr. Skinner for pl'ff; Mr. Clute for deft.

BRYSON vs. HOPE.—Plaintiff was suing for $3,337.23, not $2,500, as stated yesterday. Settled at $2,400, each party to pay their own costs. The costs were very heavy, a commission having been issued to Los Angeles, California, for the purpose of obtaining evidence.

Forgery.

The High Court of Justice of the High School sat in solemn conclave Thursday at high noon, Chief Justice the Marquis of Lorne and Marsh presiding. The most important case tried was that against Charles Spicer Craig for forgery, he having, the indictment reads, "with villany in his heart and of malice aforethought written a *billet doux* to Olga Claudine Ernestina Treader, proposing the blest estate of matrimony to her, and having signed the name of Henricus Ladislaus Tomsing to the document, the same being a forgery, and contrary to all 'Wright' laws." The officers of the court were Augustus Adolphus Dry-Den, Clerk, and Jeames Sawaway Johnsing, Crier. The various witnesses were examined by the Chief Justice and crossly examined by the prisoner. The jury of three unanimously brought in a verdict of guilty and the Chief Justice sentenced the prisoner "to be led by the Clerk and the Crier from the place where he then stood to that place of torment, the head master's room, thence to the foot of the stairs on the girls' side of the building, there to be securely fastened to the rail (with none of his wearing apparel removed, owing to the state of his health) and to receive ten High School bumps, and then, if not too much exhausted, to be removed to the chemistry room there to endure for two hours the smell of that delectable place."

Personal.

Mr. Henry Pretty is improving slowly in health.

Mr. W. Bensley, of this city, slack wire performer, has a tempting offer from a New York concern to go on a professional trip to Mexico. He is considering the offer.

Mr. H. Corby, M. P., is in the city.

Rev. M. E. Wilson and wife, of Bridgewater, are in the city.

The Methodist church is building a large French Institute in Montreal, and at a meeting of the Board of Managers held recently the following resolution in reference to a former and much esteemed pastor of Bridge St. church and his wife was carried: "We recommend that the Rev. Wm. Hall, A. M., be appointed principal, a gentleman whom we regard as eminently fitted for this position by his culture, education, knowledge of French and superior business abilities, as well as by the valuable assistance which would be rendered to him by his accomplished and devoted wife." We understand that Mr. Hall has accepted the position, and will enter upon his duties in June next.

Mr. Wm. Adams was on Front street to-day for the first time since the unfortunate accident by which he broke his leg.

Miss Bessie Kelso is in Deseronto, the guest of Miss Rathbun.

Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Rathbun, Master Harold and Miss Bonella Rathbun left Deseronto last Saturday for New York. Thence they sailed for Savannah, Georgia. They will visit Mr. H. B. Rathbun at Thomasville, Georgia, and will probably make a trip to other points south. They expected to be absent two or three weeks. Mr. H. B. Rathbun, we are glad to state, is regaining his health.

Mr. S. B. Burdett, M. P., is in the city. He will return to Ottawa on Tuesday next.

John Bright is worse again.

Cardinal Gibbons says there is no likelihood of the Pope leaving Rome.

Justice Stanley Matthews, of the United States Supreme Court, died yesterday morning.

THE Brompton Hospital for Consumptives, London, England, published a statement that 52 per cent. of the patients in that institution had unsuspected kidney disease. Every dop of blood in the system passes thousands of times through the lungs in each 24 hours. The same blood passes through the kidneys for purification. If the kidneys are not in a healthy condition or able to expel the poisonous or waste matter the acids return to the delicate tissues of the lungs and produce irritation, which results in the symptoms of what is known as consumption. This explains why 52 per cent. of the consumptive patients have unsuspected kidney disorder, Warner's Safe Cure puts the kidneys in a healthy condition by taking the acids from the blood which vitiate the lungs and cause consumption.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

District Intelligence.

On Wednesday, last, Judge Jellett sentenced two debtors to 20 days in gaol for contempt, and disposed of seven defended cases in 14 minutes! This breaks the record.—*Picton Gazette.*

While on his way to Belleville on Tuesday, Mr. Wm. McGowan, blacksmith, of Madoc village, had an attack of bleeding at the lungs, which necessitated his removal from the train. His condition is quite serious.

A few days ago word was received here of the suicide of Mrs. Ada Horton, at Riverside, California, and since then we have been shown a copy of a Los Angeles paper giving a full account of the sad affair. Mrs. Horton was well known here as the youngest daughter of Mr. Henry Utman, and went to California with her husband over a year ago. Her husband came back on the death of his father last summer, and, we believe did not return to California again. It is stated that she had been very unhappy for some time past, and so ended her troubles by hanging herself in her brother-in-law's barn.—*Stirling News Argus.*

On the 18th inst., Mr. and Mrs. J. Powell, of Stockdale, were preparing to go to Frankford. Mr. P. drove to the door and waited some time for his wife. Mrs. P. not coming out, the husband entered the house and found his wife dead.

The farmers' syndicate in Prince Edward county has lost thousands of dollars by holding for higher prices. It would not sell when barley commanded 78c. per bushel. The management said the price would go to $1, and sales have been made at 54c. —*Picton Gazette.*

Capt. Munson has been in town this week making arrangements to have his dredge and fleet overhauled for the season's business. He will be again employed digging out Belleville harbor in order to expedite logging and rafting operations for the Rathbun Company and the Messrs. Gilmour.—*Deseronto Tribune.*

Mr. Thos. Carroll, who resides at North Fredericksburg, on Tuesday last had his eyes severely burned with lime, while engaged at whitewashing the flour mill in that place.

The Deseronto Car Works have completed 106 flat cars for the Canada Atlantic Railway. This is about one half of the number contracted for by that line.

The old house on Jacob Moses' farm just west of the town of Deseronto, was discovered on fire Friday night, and was burned to the ground. Incendiarism was the cause, as no one occupied it.

A spark from a passing engine ignited the roof of the Rathbun flour mill at Deseronto on Monday last, but the blaze was discovered and extinguished before much damage was done.

Vessel Notes.

The indications are that there will be a very early opening of navigation this season and vessel men are everywhere busy making active preparations for the spring trade. Mr. Evans, superintendent of the Deseronto shipyard, has nearly completed his task of fitting out the fleet of the Deseronto Navigation Company's vessels. The stmr. Ella Ross has been generally fitted up after her immersion in the bay; she will be commanded during the coming season by Capt. Angus Stanton. The Quinte, which has been up on the marine railway, has been overhauled and will receive a coat of paint. She will go on her old route with Capt. Christie, Commander. The Resolute has undergone the ordinary wear-and-tear repairs and is also receiving a coat of paint. Capt. John Gowan will again command this fine vessel. The Reliance has received a new pair of shafts and stern bearings and has been overhauled generally. Capt. Bartley will again pace her quarter deck. The Armenia has undergone many alterations, which will greatly increase her capacity for carrying freight. The veteran Capt. Anderson will again direct her movements during the season. The Deseronto has received several repairs and under Capt. Skillen will carry her Majesty's mails. The tug Rescue has been completely overhauled and painted and we observe the familiar face of Michael McFaul, the engineer, already aboard. The Rescue will again be under the charge of the old reliable Capt. John Rowe. The Ripple has been on the dry dock and will receive several repairs before she will be placed in commission for Maloney's rambles. Capt. Thomas Hull will pace the quarter deck with Tom Hull as engineer. The Nile has undergone considerable repairs. Capt. Daly will be again in charge of this barge and her consort the Isis. The stmr. Geneva has been sold to parties in Rochester, N. Y. In addition to these steamers the schr. W. Y. Emery has been fitted up for Capt. Savage. She has received new frames and ceilings aft, new pall post and general repairs. She will be engaged in the tie business on Lake Huron. The schr. Bullock, owned by Capt. Alf. Eccles, has also received several repairs. The Puritan is ready for her route and will be under control of Capt. M'Namara. The Messrs. Byington's yacht, of Albany, N. Y., has been planked anew. It will be seen that this department has not been at all idle during the winter.—*Deseronto Tribune.*

Albert College.

The regular open meeting of the Polymnian Society will take place this evening. The ladies always have something good for us on such occasions. All are invited.

A public meeting of the Young Men's Missionary Society will be held in the College Chapel to morrow at 4 p. m. All are cordially invited.

The usual meeting of the Albert College Philomathian Society, was held on Friday evening. After the usual opening ceremony and business being transacted, the debate, as announced, was taken up.

Subject, "Resolved, that annexation to the United States would be beneficial to Canada."

Those for the affirmative brought out a number of points claiming that the commercial prosperity of Canada would be greatly improved, that union would be a source of strength, the government would be conducted more economically. That greater power commands more respect, and that the standard of political, intellectual and moral excellence would be raised.

Those on the negative maintained that annexation meant political and national suicide; the moral tone of the people would be lowered; trade in the British market would be checked; while property and life would be more unsafe, and discord and sedition would forever exist. The debate was ably conducted on both sides, showing a marked improvement in the debating powers of the students, over former occasions. It continued upwards of two hours, with interest and enthusiasm. Mr. Doyle and the Glee Club furnished music at intervals, which was well received.

The judges then gave their decision in favor of the negative. The score stood in the ratio of 18 for, and 23. against annexation. The loyal Canadians then sang "God Save the Queen," after which the society adjourned.

A Popular Instrument.

A new scale Upright Pianoforte recently completed by Messrs. Newcombe & Co., Toronto, is affording much satisfaction. It fills the requirements of a reliable instrument by a first class maker at a figure within the reach of all. Write them for particulars.

SHILOH'S COUGH and Consumption Cure is sold by us on a guarantee. It cures consumption. Sold by D. M. Waters.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

A PUBLIC BENEFACTOR.

"Who is H. H. Warner, of Rochester, N.Y., whose Safe Remedies, especially Warner's Safe Cure, have attained such success and celebrity at home and abroad?"

Hon. H. H. Warner, then, is a leading and honored resident of Rochester, not only, but a prominent and influential citizen of the United States. On several occasions chosen by his party as a National delegate to nominate a President of the Republic, he has been a member of the Republican State Committee and of its Executive Committee. He is a member of the American Institution for the Advancement of Science; President of the Rochester Chamber of Commerce; a successful and upright business man. He has given away fortunes in charities. The celebrated and costly Warner Observatory of Rochester was conceived, endowed, and is maintained by him. His munificient prizes for the discovery of comets have been at once the wonder and delight of the scientific world.

The yellow fever scourge in the South, the Ohio floods, the fire disasters of Rochester and other cities awakened his profoundest sympathies and in each instance his check for from $500 to $5,000 swelled the several relief funds. Where other wealthy men give tens and hundreds, he gives hundreds and thousands.

The world has need of more such men.

An incident led him into the manufacture of medicine. Seized some twelve years ago with what the ablest physicians termed fatal kidney disease, he was miraculously restored to health by what is now known as Warner's Safe Cure. At once he resolved to make known the merits of so potent a remedy, and the consequence is that to-day he has immense laboratories and warehouses in the United States, Canada, England, Germany, Austria, Australia and Burmah. Sales of his Safe Remedies are enormous, and their power over disease simply marvellous.

The merit of a production is in exact keeping with the character of its producer. An honest and reliable man himself, Mr. Warner makes honest and reliable medicines—a fact abundantly attested by their phenomenal efficacy and popularity.

THREE OFFENCES.

Joseph Douglas charged with Assault, Larceny, and Bigamy.

When Joseph Douglas was brought before the Police Magistrate this morning, three serious charges were preferred against him. The first charge was that of

ASSAULTING

Isabella Babcock, to which he pleaded guilty, but his counsel, Mr. Redick, remarked that his client was acting in self defence when the assault was committed. The case was laid over until Monday.

LARCENY.

The second charge was as follows: "That the said Joseph Douglas did take and carry away one brass kettle and a portion of a set of harness belonging to Samuel Curry." To this charge he pleaded not guilty, and asked to have the case enlarged for the purpose of procuring witnesses. The kettle, he said, came from the United States, and the harness he bought from a man in the city. The case was enlarged until Monday.

BIGAMY.

The third charge and the most serious one was that of bigamy, and read as follows: Joseph Douglas, of the city of Belleville, did, during the month of October, in the year of our Lord 1884, being then married, feloniously marry Rachael Babcock, during the life time of the other wife of the said Joseph Douglas." To this charge he pleaded not guilty, and elected to be tried by the Magistrate. The only evidence taken in this charge was that of the Chief, which was as follows:

Douglas was arrested on a warrant charging him with assault. As is customary, he (the Chief) asked him the usual questions after he had been arrested. Asked him if he was married and he replied in the affirmative. Asked him if he had ever been married before and, after a few minutes' hesitation, he replied that about eight years ago he was married to one Annie Scriber, daughter of John Scriber, of the village of Brighton, by, he thought, a Methodist minister. He left her, he asserted, because she was a loose character. Four years ago last October he was married to Rachael Babcock, daughter of Catharine Babcock, of this city. He never obtained a divorce from his first wife nor had legal separation. He was married to Babcock by the Rev. Mr. Bird of this city.

Mr. L. H. Henderson, the prosecuting attorney, asked to have the case enlarged for the purpose of procuring the necessary witnesses, and it was accordingly laid over until Thursday next.

It is said that these two women are not the only ones to whom he has been married.

SLEEPLESS NIGHTS, made miserable by that terrible cough. Shiloh's Cure is the Remedy for you. Sold by D. M. Waters.

TWEED.

(From our own Correspondent.)

Yesterday, March 22d, a serious accident curred on the N. T. & Q. Railroad, which is now in course of construction. One of the men, Lawrence Rogers, was engaged in removing a stone from under an embankment in Gartland's cut, in the 6th con. of Hungerford, when a large quantity of earth fell upon the man's head, crushing him down upon some stones beneath. His forehead seems to have come in contact with a sharp stone, which severed the scalp from one temple to the other and peeled it backwards almost to the top of the head, leaving the skull glistening and bare. The wound was dressed, but what the result will be it is hard to determine. Dr. Mather, of Tweed, dressed the wound, and considers the case a dangerous one, although not necessarily fatal. He put in about two dozen stitches.

The Globe's Governor to the Fore.

The miserable *Globe!* It had stated in the short space of six weeks:

1. That the Jesuit Act was constitutional.
2. That the Liberals could not disallow it if in power.
3. That Disallowance would involve Annexation.
4. That therefore Sir John ought not to be pressed to disallow it.
5. That it would not take advantage of Sir John if he refused to disallow it.
6. That it would have nothing to do with any Liberal who favored Disallowance.
7. That the Act was unconstitutional.
8. That the Act was a perfect outrage.
9. That the Liberals *could* disallow it if in power.
10. That Sir John *ought* to be compelled to disallow it.
11. That every Liberal who voted against Disallowance was unworthy of confidence.
12. And that everybody who differs from the *Globe* is a "froth-mouthed lunatic," a "crazy zealot" and "a mercenary and disgusting hound."—*World.*

MARRIED.

On the 20th inst, at the residence of William Sills, Esq, 8th con. of Thurlow, in the presence of about 90 guests, by Rev. T. Brown, his adopted daughter, JENNIE E., to Mr. ISAAC B. GAY, of Foxboro.

DIED.

In Tyendinaga, on the 18th inst, HANNAH, wife of Smith Sprague, aged 74 years and 5 mos.

FOR NETTLE RASH, Summer Heat and general toilet purposes, use Low's Sulphur Soap

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

THE ATTACK ON WEBSTER.

DEFEAT OF THE MOTION TO REDUCE HIS SALARY.

Labouchere Seeking to Lead the Liberals Out of "Respectability" and Aiming for the Party Leadership.

LONDON, March 22.—In the House of Commons to-day Sir William Vernon Harcourt, resuming the discussion regarding the Parnell Commission, declared that Attorney-General Webster's identification with the Commission had destroyed the impression that the Government would be impartial and added weight to The Times' charges. If the Attorney-General had not advised the Government Parliament should not vote a salary for services he had not performed. He condemned the Attorney-General's apology for the Pigott forgeries as mean, contemptible and disgraceful and expressed the hope that he would make a better apology.

Attorney-General Webster replied that but for the duty he owed those who trusted him he would not have noticed the charges made by Sir William. If he were capable of the conduct imputed to him he would be a disgrace to the English bar. He was private counsel for The Times. It was immaterial whether he had been right or wrong in assuming that position, although it was doubtful whether he had been prudent.

Mr. Redmond's motion to reduce the Attorney-General's salary was rejected, 286 to 28.

In response to a further question Attorney-General Webster defended his course at great length. Mr. Parnell also addressed the House. Some epithets were bandied across the floor, and the chair was repeatedly forced to call members to order.

Labby May Be Leader.

NEW YORK, March 22.—Mr. Smalley cables The Tribune from London: The microscopic investigation into the alleged relations between the ministry and The Times, Pigott, LeCaron and the rest is pursued daily in the House of Commons by the Gladstonians and Parnellites with ever-increasing zest. There are, however, several more important matters pending. Not the least important is the question whether Labouchere is to lead the Liberal party. He leads already, perhaps, the entire Radical left wing of the party, and he and his colleagues are impatient with the more respectable Gladstonians. "It is respectability which ruins us," he is reported to have said recently. It was not his own respectability to which he referred. His speech on Tuesday was an attempt to get rid of respectability and to take the lead into his own hands. "I will not," said Labouchere in the House of Commons, "give the Government an opportunity of getting a single sixpence; so long as they refuse to consult the country we will put every obstacle we can in the way of the transaction of public business." He has been as good or as bad as his word. With a view, as he said cynically, of giving practical effect to his policy, he the same night put down twenty notices of motion.

Labouchere's chief allies or agents seem to be Healy and Sir William Harcourt. Gladstone is absent from the House on account of his brother's death, and Sir William succeeds to his authority during his absence, which is expected to last at least a week, Gladstone having gone to Scotland to attend the funeral. Before he comes back the Liberal party may be irretrievably committed to a policy which presages nothing but disaster. That policy is something more than obstruction. If the threats mean anything, they mean that the minority will not allow the Government to be carried on. No money will be voted if they can prevent it, and no business will be done. It is a policy of paralysis. Should it be supported by the minority as a whole what Prince Albert once said will have come true. Parliamentary government will be on its trial. What Labouchere and Sir William Harcourt threaten is nothing less than a negation of the parliamentary system. That the country will never stand.

The Missing Actress Found.

LONDON, March 22.—Mabel Love, the young Gaiety Theatre actress who disappeared a few days ago, and was supposed to have eloped with a prominent young nobleman, was found to-day by detectives in Dublin. She was alone and declares that she ran away from home on account of a tiff which she had had with her mother. She will return to London to-night in charge of a detective, who will restore the young woman to her parents.

A White Book on Samoan Affairs.

BERLIN, March 22.—The Government has issued a white book on Samoan affairs. It shows that on March 9 Prince Bismarck wrote to Herr Steubel, the newly appointed consul of Germany to Samoa, describing the conduct of Dr. Knappe, his predecessor in the office, as lacking in calmness and coolness and as contrary to the lines of Emperor William's policy, with which Dr. Knappe had been well acquainted. Knappe, Prince Bismarck wrote, apparently lost his head owing to a letter from Herr Branders, Tamasese's Prime Minister, which was published in the last white book and the presence of three men-of-war at Samoa.

Referring to Knappe's subsequent proposal to annex Samoa, Prince Bismarck reiterates his view that to seek to effect a change in the political situation in Samoa without the consent of England and America would not accord with treaty arrangements. Knappe's action reverting to the question of annexation is incomprehensible because his experience and instructions ought to have shown him that his desire to annex Samoa was opposed to the policy conducted by the Chancellor in conformity with the Emperor's intentions.

The Pesth Riots.

PESTH, March 22.—In the Lower House of the Diet to-day Herr Orlean denounced the police for interfereing with the students' demonstrations. Premier von Tisza replying referred to his efforts to consolidate Hungary. He deprecated appeals to the mob and said he would never admit that the majority should submit to the tyranny of the minority. The police had only done their duty.

TORONTO TOPICS.

A New York Forger Run To Earth—The New Party Convention.

TORONTO, March 23.—Through the efforts of the Toronto detectives a New York forger has been run to earth at Halifax. The man's name is Henry Hardie alias Edward W. Wilson, and it is alleged that on March 10, he, as confidential clerk for J. G. Fitzpatrick, corset maker, New York, succeeded in passing through his employer's bank a forged check for $3600, with the proceeds of which he skipped to Canada. He spent a few days in Toronto with John McDonald, the Paisley man arrested on Thursday night on suspicion of being a boodler. He bought a ticket for Liverpool, via Halifax, and had arrived in that city on Wednesday when he was arrested by the City Marshal in obedience to a despatch from Inspector Stark. Some $2500 in gold was found on him when arrested. The New York people have sent an officer after him, but he has intimated that he will fight extradition to the last extremity.

McDonald, his Toronto chum, was arraigned at the Police Court yesterday and discharged, the Paisley authorities refusing to go to the trouble of fetching him across the water.

Detectives Davis and Slemin last night raided an old dugout about a mile back in the bush from Stanley's grove, recovering a large quantity of stolen property, and arrested five young men found in the place on suspicion of being the thieves. They were taken to Dundas-street station, giving their names as Verral, Black, Regan, Smith and Haynes. The place was furnished with a stove, table and chairs and bedstead.

At the New Party convention yesterday a number of reports of committees were received and adopted. The Committee on Organization recommended that the executive employ suitable persons as organizers as soon as possible; that all members who are able and willing to work for the party shall send in their names at as early a date as possible; that we mould public opinion by holding public meetings in every constituency and the circulation of our literature as largely as possible. It was further recommended that a candidate be placed in the field in every constituency, Dominion or Provincial, and vigorous efforts made to secure his election. The finance committee reported that there had been received: cash contributions $183, cash subscriptions $588. The motto of the party is to be "For God and home and country" instead of "For God and country" as at present. Dr. Sutherland was elected chairman of the executive committee and president of the General Council.

Yesterday a local jewelry house received from Paris a parcel of diamonds valued at $50,000.

Death on the Track.

NEWBURY, March 23.—Yesterday afternoon about 3.35, shortly after No. 5 G.T.R. express had left Glencoe, a man was seen by the engineer walking on the track ahead of the train. The engineer whistled but he paid no attention and before the train could be stopped it struck him, throwing him off to one side, killing him instantly. The body was picked up by the train men and brought to Newbury. On making enquiry it was found that he was a stone dresser by trade and his name was John Partridge. Nothing but an old knife was found on his person. He appeared to be about 40 years of age. His aged mother lives in Chatham.

So Runs the World Away.

HAMILTON, March 22.—Mrs. Ann Fraser, widow of the late John Fraser, died of paralysis occasioned by a stroke of apoplexy at an early hour this morning. Deceased was 63 years of age and the mother of eight children, six of whom survive her.

Mr. Noble Sharpe, formerly of this city, died at his residence in Ingersoll to-day.

Soap Works at Goderich Burnt.

GODERICH, March 22.—Shortly after 11 o'clock last night fire was discovered in the large building on the Huron road occupied by the Huron Soap Company. The flames had made considerable headway before the alarm was given and the building was almost completely destroyed before the arrival of the fire brigade. Treble & Tarr, the proprietors of the works, had no insurance. There was a small insurance on the building. Cause of fire unknown.

Lost a Foot.

BARRIE, March 23.—Frank Hand, a Grand Trunk brakeman, on a freight train in the vicinity of Elmvale fell between two lumber cars and his left foot passed under the wheels. He was quickly conveyed to Barrie where the foot was amputated near the ankle. He is unmarried and his parents reside at Grimsby, Ont.

Petrolia's New Mayor.

PETROLIA, March 23.—Mr. John Fraser was elected Mayor of this town by acclamation last night in the place of Dr. Mearns who resigned some two weeks ago.

Corn Sowing

Is a process conducted by the agency of tight boots all the year around. Corn reaping is best conducted through the agency of Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor, the only safe and sure-pop corn cure. Putnam's Extractor is now widely imitated. Beware of all poisonous and sore producing substitutes.

SOME SYMPTOMS OF WORMS are:—Fever, colic, variable appetite, restlessness, weakness and convulsions. The unfailing remedy is Dr. Low's Worm Syrup.

A WISE CONCLUSION.

Years ago we decided that we would handle only such goods as we could recommend to our customers as good value for the money. The result is we have established a reputation for selling the best wearing Boots and Shoes in the locality, and our trade has increased while others have decreased. Our new Spring Stock has again been selected with the same care.

HAINES & LOCKETT.

EMBROIDERIES!----

We have by far the largest stock of Embroideries in this city. We show them at prices ranging from 2c. to $5.50 per yard. 240 patterns to choose from.

J. HENNESSY.

☞ No such goods shown by any other store in town.

Foot-Bridge Warerooms

(In rear of J. Crothers' Lunch Rooms and Confectionery Store.)

Headquarters of Waterous Engine Company's Agent.

Miller & Sons' Disk Harrows, George Gillies Company's Spring Tooth and Steel Harrows, Gilbert Jones, Agent.

Watson M'f'g Company's Steel Binder, Ensilage Cutter and other implements, Alex Sills, Agent.

Wilkinson Plows, Chatham Fanning Mills with Baggers, Gordon Seed Drills, Corn Cultivators and lots of other things.

W. H. VANTASSEL,
Manager.

TORONTO, March 15, 1889.

Messrs. The Lansdowne Piano Mfg. Co.,
86 York St., Toronto:

GENTLEMEN,—It affords me much pleasure to testify to the excellent qualities of your Pianos. Before I purchased a piano from you several years ago, I carefully examined many instruments by different makers in order to secure the best. I am glad to assure you that I have not been disappointed in my selection.

Your Pianos will favorably compare with any STEINWAY or CHICKERING I have yet seen, and I have no hesitation in saying that they surpass all other Canadian Pianos in breadth and richness of tone, lightness of touch, beauty of style, and especially in the bell-like quality of the treble notes.

Concluding, I wish to congratulate you upon the great success and the results you have obtained, and I am sure your Pianos will always sustain the wide reputation they have hitherto enjoyed. I remain,

Respectfully yours,
THEODORE H. A. MARTENS,
Graduate of the Leipzig University of Music.

T. DONNELLY,
Agent, Belleville

EYE, EAR & THROAT
DR. RYERSON.

L. R. C. P., L. R. C. S. E., Lecturer on the Eye, Ear and Throat, Trinity Medical College, Toronto, and Surgeon to the Mercer Eye and Ear Infirmary.
60 College Avenue, Toronto.

☞ Dr. Ryerson will be at the Queen's Hotel, Belleville, on Saturday, April 20th.

FOR SALE, CHEAP,

THE BRIDGEWATER HOTEL, in Bridgewater, comprising a large frame building and adjoining stables and outhouses and 4 lots. Title perfect and without any restriction as to the right to sell liquors.

For terms apply to
GEO. J. SHERRY, Barrister,
Belleville, Ont.

Feb'y 2, 1889. w&d sat 6

OFFICE TO LET.

FIRST CLASS Office and Shop Room to let for a term of years. Apply at this office.

THE BELLEVILLE WATER WORKS CO.

NEW COLLARS

—AT—

--FISH'S.--

ROYAL TOP,
TOP ROYAL,
THE HARRISON,
THURMAN COLLARS

are the newest out. New Neckwear, elegant patterns. See our new Shirts.

A. E. FISH & CO.,
The noted Shirt Makers and Gents' Furnishers, 260 Front St.

TENDERS WANTED!

TENDERS addressed to D. B. Robertson, Esq., City Clerk and endorsed "Tenders for Stone," will be received until 6 o'clock p. m.

Thursday, March 28th, inst.,

—FOR—

ONE THOUSAND CORDS OF HARD-HEAD STONE,

broken suitable for streets, delivered in such place or places within the city limits as may be designated by the Public Works department.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

THOMAS HANLEY,
Chairman Public Works Com.

Belleville, March 21, '89 274td

MORTGAGE SALE.

UNDER and by virtue of a certain mortgage made by John N. Lazer and wife and assigned to the vendor, default in payment having been made, there will be offered for sale at the Court House, in the City of Belleville, on

TUESDAY, THE 9TH DAY OF APRIL, 1889,

at noon, that valuable property situate on the north side of Alexander Street, in Belleville, and being Lot No. 11, Meyers' hill, on a plan of Michael Teal; also all that part of Lot number 28 as laid down on a plan of lots by John J. Haslett and more fully appearing in the mortgage.

This is a very fine residential property, at present in possession and residence of Mr. Lazier.

For terms and further particulars, apply to
GEO. A. SKINNER,
Vendor's Solicitor.

Belleville, March, 1889.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S

English - Fruit - Jams,

Made from fresh ENGLISH FRUITS and REFINED SUGAR only.

RASPBERRY, STRAWBERRY, PLUM, DAMSON, GOOSEBERRY, CHERRY, BLACK CURRANT, RED CURRANT and GREENGAGE,

In pound pots, full weight.

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE,
Grocers and Wine Merchants.
33 & 37 Bridge Street.

Also Front Street, Opp. Ritchie's.

REFINED CAMPHOR

Fresh from the Manufacturers, just received by

L. W. YEOMANS & CO.

$4.00 PER MONTH will rent a comfortable house in a good situation.

$7.00 PER MONTH will rent a good brick house.

$10.00 PER MONTH will rent a large brick house with a good stable, and within two minutes' walk of Front Street.

FOR SALE.—A comfortable residence, with a good garden, and a quiet street.

For further particulars apply to
J. L. BIGGAR.

Lake Winnipeg White Fish
Salmon Trout,
Salt Water Salmon,
Finnan Haddies,
Boneless Codfish,
Roll Butter,
Fresh Eggs,
Sugar Syrups,

A. KNOX.

To Let for a Term of Years, or For Sale.

PARTS of 9 and 10, 2nd Con. of Thurlow, containing about 1 0 acres of cleared land, adjacent to the Grand Trunk Station. Apply to

HON. ROB'T READ,
Belleville.

March 19, '89 d&wtf

DISEASED ∴ BLOOD

SCROFULOUS, INHERITED AND CONTAGIOUS HUMORS CURED BY CUTICURA.

Through the medium of one of your books received through Mr. Frank T. Wray, Druggist, Apollo, Pa., I became acquainted with your CUTICURA REMEDIES, and take this opportunity to testify to you that their use has permanently cured me of one of the worst cases of blood poisoning, in connection with erysipelas, that I have ever seen, and this after having been pronounced incurable by some of the best physicians in our country. I take great pleasure in forwarding to you this testimonial, unsolicited as it is by you, in order that others suffering from similar maladies may be encouraged to give your CUTICURA REMEDIES a trial.

P. S. WHITLINGER, Leechburg, Pa.
Reference: F. T. WRAY, Druggist, Apollo, Pa.

SCROFULOUS ULCERS.

James E. Richardson, Custom House, New Orleans, on oath says: "In 1870 Scrofulous Ulcers broke out on my body until I was a mass of corruption. Everything known to the medical faculty was tried in vain. I became a mere wreck. At times could not lift my hands to my head, could not turn in bed; was in constant pain, and looked upon life as a curse. No relief or cure in ten years. In 1880 I heard of the CUTICURA REMEDIES, used them, and was perfectly cured."

Sworn to before U. S. Com. J. D. CRAWFORD.

ONE OF THE WORST CASES.

We have been selling your CUTICURA REMEDIES for years, and have the first complaint yet to receive from a purchaser. One of the worst cases of Scrofula I ever saw was cured by the use of five bottles of CUTICURA RESOLVENT, CUTICURA, and CUTICURA SOAP. The Soap takes the "cake" here as a medicinal soap.

TAYLOR & TAYLOR, Druggists,
Frankfort, Kan.

SCROFULOUS, INHERITED,

And Contagious Humors, with Loss of Hair, and Eruptions of the Skin, are positively cured by CUTICURA and CUTICURA SOAP externally, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT internally, when all other medicines fail.

Sold everywhere. Price, CUTICURA 75c; SOAP 35c.; RESOLVENT, $1.50. Prepared by the POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO., Boston, Mass.

☞Send for "How to Cure Skin Diseases," 64 pages, 50 illustrations, and 100 testimonials.

PIMPLES, black-heads, chapped and oily skin prevented by CUTICURA MEDICATED SOAP.

UTERINE PAINS

And Weakness instantly relieved by the CUTICURA ANTI-PAIN PLASTER a Perfect Antidote to Pain, Inflammation and Weakness. A new, instantaneous and infallible pain-killing plaster. 30 cents.

Burdock Blood Bitters

WILL CURE OR RELIEVE

BILIOUSNESS, DIZZINESS,
DYSPEPSIA, DROPSY,
INDIGESTION, FLUTTERING OF THE HEART,
JAUNDICE, ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH,
ERYSIPELAS, DRYNESS OF THE SKIN,
SALT RHEUM,
HEARTBURN,
HEADACHE,

And every species of diseases arising from disordered LIVER, KIDNEYS, STOMACH, BOWELS OR BLOOD.

T. MILBURN & CO., Proprietors, Toronto

TORONTO COLLEGE OF MUSIC

Orchestral and Organ School.

THOROUGH instruction in every branch of music, vocal, instrumental and theoretical, by the most competent teachers. Large three manual pipe organ in college hall for lessons and practice. Instrumental and vocal students take part in an orchestra of 60 and a chorus of 250 performers. Diplomas and certificates for "course" pupils. Lectures, concerts and organ recitals, etc., free. Students' scholarships to successful competitors in the various branches. Terms, from $5 to $30.

F. H. TORRINGTON, Director,
12 and 14 Pembroke Street.
Feb'y 2, 1889. d sat 1y

ARMBRECHT'S

TONIC COCA WINE

COCA WINE
COCA

FOR FATIGUE OF MIND AND BODY AND SLEEPLESSNESS.

"Experience and scientific analysis reveal to us in Coca the most tonic plant in the Vegetable Kingdom."—*Manuel Fuentes.*

"It (Coca) is, in a word, the most powerful restorer of the vital forces."—*Dr. Schwalk.*

ARMBRECHT'S COCA WINE, though more tonic in its properties than Iron or Quinine,

NEVER CONSTIPATES.

See Medical Reviews. For sale by leading druggists throughout the world.

ARMBRECHT, NELSON & CO.
2 Duke St., Grosvenor Sq.,
LONDON.

Pond - Lily - Cream.

A delightful Toilet article. Not a face paint or powder; does not cover over but cures. Used in connection with Pond Lily Liver Pellets and Pond Lily Soap most effectually and positively removes Pimples, Freckles, Tan, Black Specks, Blotches, allays all irritation after shaving, or any itchiness of the skin from whatever cause and all roughness from the face, hands, neck and arms, leaving them beautifully white and velvety. Sold by wholesale dealers and druggists everywhere. Pond Lily Cream, 25 cents; Pond Lily Liver Pellets, 25 cents; Pond Lily Skin Soap, 15 cents. S. PERRIN, Chemist, Manufacturer and Proprietor for Canada.

VETERINARY.

T. PURVIS, Veterinary Surgeon, Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College, Toronto, Member of Ontario Vet. Society. Office, rooms formerly occupied by Dr. Douglas, Front St. References—J. P. Wiser & Son, and Ed. Rooney, Prescott. 263d&wtf

Wood! Wood!

I AM now selling at the West Belleville Central Wood Yard all kinds of Hard and mixed wood, cut and uncut, which I will deliver to any part of the city. Remember the place, the West Belleville Central Wood Yard, just a few steps from the Foot Bridge.

EDWARD NEWMAN,

THE PUZZLER

No. 360.—A Problem of Numbers.

Old General Host
A battle lost,
And reckoned on a hissing,
When he saw plain
What men were slain,
And prisoners and missing.

To his dismay
He learned next day
What havoc war had wrought;
He had, at most,
But half his host
Plus ten times three, six, ought.

One-eighth were lain
On beds of pain,
With hundreds six beside;
One-fifth were dead,
Captives, or fled,
Lost in grim warfare's tide.

Now, if you can,
Tell me, my man,
What troops the general numbered,
When on that night
Before the fight
The deadly cannon slumber'd?

No. 361.—Double Central Acrostic.

All of the words described contain the same number of letters; when these words are rightly guessed, and placed one below another in the order here given, one row, reading downward, will spell typography and another row will spell devised.

Cross words: 1. To murmur. 2. A large strong wasp. 3. To quake. 4. Dogmas. 5. A common plant somewhat like mint. 6. The shop of a smith. 7. Upright. 8. A city, famous in ancient times, founded by Almanzor.

No. 362.—Noted Women.

(a) She whose shadow the soldiers kiss.

(b) She who first realized her beauty was fading when the street sweepers no longer turned to look at her.

(c) The beautiful empress who was an example of woman's devotion.

(d) The distinguished lady who would gladly have exchanged her talents for beauty.

(e) She who wept to wear a crown.

(f) The captive queen of the City of the Desert.

(g) The Scandinavian songstress.

(h) The originator of the massacre of St. Bartholomew.

(i) She who lighted the fires of Smithfield.

(j) The queen who won a greater victory by her charms than by her armies.

(k) The queen whose wisdom was seen in her counselors.

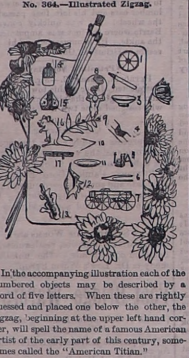
(l) She whose children were her jewels.—Good Housekeeping.

No. 363.—Diamonds.

(a) A consonant; a verb; a fruit; an adverb; a consonant. Whole spells the name of a fruit.

(b) A letter; a luminary; tasteful; a planet; a medicine; three-fourths of deep; a letter. Whole spells the name of the largest planet.

No. 364.—Illustrated Zigzag.



In the accompanying illustration each of the numbered objects may be described by a word of five letters. When these are rightly guessed and placed one below the other, the zigzag, beginning at the upper left hand corner, will spell the name of a famous American artist of the early part of this century, sometimes called the "American Titian."

No. 365.—A Mathematical Nut.

Four things there are, all of a height,
One of them crooked, the rest upright;
Take away three and you will find
Exactly ten remains behind.
But if you cut the four in twain,
You find one-half doth eight retain.

No. 366.—An Enigmatical Insect.

My first is to ramble; my next to retreat;
My whole oft enrages in summer's fierce heat.

Professional Advice.

"Where would you advise me to go, doctor? I suffer so from insomnia."

"You'd better go to sleep."

Key to the Puzzler.

No. 352.—Cross Word Enigma: Lawn tennis.

No. 353.—A Zigzag: Battle of Bull Run. Cross Words: (a) Bar. (b) fAn. (c) beT. (d) aTe. (e) Lag. (f) dEn. (g) leO. (h) oFt. (i) Beg. (j) pUt. (k) elL. (l) eLk. (m) Rug. (n) hUm. (o) fiN.

No. 354.—American Pi:

Tell me not in mournful numbers
Life is but an empty dream,
For the soul is dead that slumbers,
And things are not what they seem.

No. 355.—An Old Saying: A crooked stick casts no straight shadow. (A crooked—stick—casts—nose T R 8 shadow).

No. 356.—A Double Diagonal Square:

```
F U R L O N G
G L I T T E R
E C O N O M Y
G H E R K I N
B E G U I L E
L I Z A R D S
A U R E L I A
```

No. 357.—A Defective Proverb: That load becomes light that is cheerfully borne.

No. 358.—A Charade: Glow-worm.

No. 359.—Riddles: (a) When it comes to an engagement. (b) A ditch. (c) The letter L. (d) When it rides at anchor. (e) Because you put your foot in it.

A Long, Weary Day.

Little Dick (on a rainy day)—"Did it rain forty days and forty nights when the ark was made, and did it rain so hard that people had to stay in their houses until the flood came up and drowned them?" Mamma—"Y-yes, I believe so." Little Dick (gloomily, gazing out of the window)—"Well, I guess they were glad of anything for a change."—Time.

Precautionary.

Little Peter Frayedback—"Say, boss, that's my mother over there, buying slippers." Shoe Dealer—"Yes?" Little Peter—"You tell her that the ones made of worsted with padded soles is th' most stylish, an' you gets a free ticket to our next Injun show."—Judge.

Divorces are scarcely ever known to occur in modern Greece.

Daily Intelligencer.

THE GIRL OF THE PERIOD.

Mrs. Frank Leslie Sketches Some of our Modern Girls.

Who, What, and Where is She?—Different Types of Girls—A Safe Kind of Girl to Marry—The Young Woman of Theoretical Mind—The Fashionable Girl of To-day—As She is in School and as a Debutante—Some Words of Wisdom to our Young Butterflies of Fashion—The Advanced Girl—Pen Portraits which Many will Recognize.

Ever since the London "Saturday Review" set the fashion, some years ago, we have all been talking and writing about the Girl of the Period, sometimes carrying on the bitter and cynical tone of the Review, sometimes rising up in angry denial of such a verdict, and substituting our own lenient and loving judgment. Probably, as in most questions, the truth lies midway, and the Girl is neither as black as she has been painted, nor as blameless as some of us would fain have her.

And again, we may very properly inquire, Which Girl of the Period do you mean? For the "good old plan" of lumping women or girls in one comprehensive *dictum* is going out of fashion, and men do not say quite as often as they used, "All women are shallow," "All women are unreliable," "All women chatter, and no woman can keep a secret." It never was any more true, you know, than it would be to say, "Men are cross," "Men are brutal," "Men are stupid."

No doubt, some men are all this; and so are some women. No doubt, some women are those other things; and again, so are some men. No doubt, some Girls of the Period are vain and heartless, and selfish, and scheming; and most certainly some are quite the reverse. Who, then, is She, and which of Her shall stand as the type of the rest?

To begin with, is she to be found in the city, or the country, in the North, South, East, or West? For just now we are speaking chiefly of American Girls of our own Period.

Of course, I myself see more of the city girl, the New York girl, than any other; but I have been in most parts of the United States, and I have spent months, now and again, in rural districts, and being fond of girls as a class, I have observed and perhaps analyzed them, whenever and wherever I have met them, more than most observers do. No doubt there are great differences in type, as one passes over the thousands of miles separating New Orleans and Portland, San Francisco and Boston; but, after all, there are certain modes of thought, styles of dress, ambitions and hopes, common to them all, and I think, without too much deference to our own City—the Metropolis, as we like to call it—we may trace back a great deal of at least the modes of social life to New York, who, by her fashion papers, her patterns, and her constant edicts to correspondents, lays down the law in matters of dress and etiquette, to the remotest frontier town.

To this direct and authoritative teaching we must add the more complex but not less important influence exerted upon the country girl's mind by the literature of the day—the stories, poems, and novels read by her nearly as soon as her city cousin, and holding up to her dazzled vision pictures of life which she immediately tries to reproduce in her own sphere, and not always with success. The American Girl of the Period, then, is of many varieties, but may be principally classed under four generic heads:

1. The Domestic Girl.
2. The Learned Girl.
3. The Fashionable Girl.
4. The Advanced Girl.

The first is, perhaps, the smallest division now, although at a period not long since it was the largest; but still, scattered through the land, not only in country homes which they make lovely, but here in the midst of our great Babylon, there are hundreds of dear, sweet, domestic girls who take the housekeeping off the tired mother's shoulders, are good to the younger children, are the trusted *confidante* of the elder brother's sorrows, and the comforter of the beauty sister when she gets into scrapes or disappointments. This is the girl whom a young man may safely marry before he has made his fortune, for she will help instead of hinder his making it, and she will form and keep such a home for him that he will be really able to rest in it. Such is the Domestic Girl, of whom I know a few, and wish I knew many more.

Then there is the Learned Girl, the girl who wishes to be fitted for College just as her brother is, who devours Greek roots as other girls do candied ginger, who has Views, and only waits to be her own mistress before she promulgates them. She is the legislator, the statesman, the *generalissimo* of the future; she studies Political Economy with intention, and she crams her mind with theories and schemes. But although slightly Impossible, the Learned Girl is but a girl after all, and the day may come when Love's problems will interest her more than Euclid's, and the simple conjugation of *amo* absorb her as Greek and Sanscrit never did.

Then we have the Fashionable Girl, and perhaps I know her best because I see her most. The trouble with the thoroughly Fashionable Girl is, that she is unreal. She has been trained from infancy into artificiality. She was dressed and brought down to the drawing-room to see mamma's visitors before her recollection, and the late hours, the *bon bons*, the flattery and teasing left their traces upon her mind at the stage when the fresh tablet receives the most easily, impressions never to be effaced. She went to a fashionable school, and she and her companions rivaled each other in details of society gossip picked up at home; and although fashion forbids grand toilets to school-girls, they make up the enforced simplicity of to-day by planning the luxury of the day when they should join their elder sisters in society. The curriculum at a fashionable school is not very severe, and the pupil does not generally absorb more of it than she can help, her time and mind out of school being otherwise engaged.

She leaves school and at once forgets it, in the discussion of the first ball-dress, and the hopes of the coming season. Once set afloat, the Fashionable Girl is in danger of losing what individuality she may still have retained; for, as we all know, fashionable society is a Dragon, devouring and assimilating his victims, and allowing no independence of thought or action to any one of his votaries. This is the girl whom the "Saturday Review" selected among English girls as the Girl of the Period, to be held up to scorn and derision; nor would the satire have bitten so deeply, had it not been compounded with truth. *That* girl was shown to be heartless, indolent, unfilial, vain, and utterly selfish; calculating coldly upon her chances of marrying a rich man, and scheming to that end with all the little mental power she possesses, finally, perhaps, selling herself with open eyes to a man she neither loves nor respects, for money and position.

Everybody said the Review was scandalous and cynical in its delineations; and so far as I know English girls, I believe that it was, and that a few dark spots were magnified to blur the whole picture. And if I believe this of English girls, how much more heartily would I fain believe it of my own dear country-women, the girls whom I daily meet and some of whom I dearly love. Fashion may and does wither the early bloom, and destroy the freshness which the Domestic Girl, or even the Learned Girl, may preserve into maturity; but surely it need not harden, and warp, and degrade the soul until it becomes a mere automaton, and impair the moral intellect until it cannot distinguish right from wrong, and only asks, What is the Fashion? The Fashionable Girl is the mother of the future; let her so guard her better self from the withering influences of her life, that she may become a worthy one, and such as a sensible man, whether he be rich or only meaning to become so, will find a safe and trustworthy wife.

There only remains to consider, the Advanced Girl of the Period; and she is perhaps the least satisfactory of all, for she has not the sweet home virtues of the Domestic Girl, the intellectual aspirations of the Learned Girl, the respect for propriety and the self-restraint of the Fashionable Girl. She is simply a young girl full of the audacity, the fun, the craving for amusement natural to all young creatures, and she is resolved to overleap or cut down all obstacles to her own pleasure. She has *Advanced* beyond the park paling that properly incloses the deers, and tosses her head and frisks her heels in untrammelled freedom. She likes the amusement of men better than those of women, and she frankly pursues them, choosing to sit on the box and assume the reins, if she does not prefer to play guard and wind the horn. She smokes, she takes her "tot" of brandy, she uses all the latest slang, and sometimes a phrase even worse than slang. She wears horsey buttons, and studs, and charms. She dresses as mannishly as she possibly can. If she has been riding, she brings in her whip and slashes her skirts with it as she talks in a loud voice of the "jolly old spin" she has just had; or if she has been driving, she tells of how she "took it out of Tom's cattle as she tooled 'em up the hill." This is the girl whom men speak of as a "good fellow" and laugh as they mention her name, yet not in a really cynical spirit, for the Fast Girl is usually a perfect dragon of virtue and "stands no nonsense" from her male comrades. She is usually generous and truthful, and, after her fashion, kindly to others—in fact, she has the qualities of her defects, and one may very reasonably hope that the present condition is only the fermentation of a generous liquor not yet settled upon its lees, and that life and time and the sorrows that come to all may ripen the Advanced Girl into a whole souled, noble woman.

So here is the Girl of the Period. Do you again ask which? I reply all, for the four classes combined are, after all, but one class of the community—our Girl, the American Girl of the Period.

MRS. FRANK LESLIE.

A Life of Ease.

Miss Lizzie Ratcliff, writing from Falkirk, Ont., says: "I had such a cough I could not sleep and was fast going into consumption; I tried everything I could hear of without relief, but when I got Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam I soon got ease. It is the best medicine I ever tried." Lizzie Ratcliff, Falkirk, Ont.

Important to Workingmen.

Artizans, mechanics and laboring men are liable to sudden accidents and injuries, as well as painful cords, stiff joints and lameness. To all thus troubled we would recommend Hagyard's Yellow Oil, the handy and reliable pain cure for outward or internal use.

A Feeble Failure.

Many persons become feeble and fail in health and disease of the blood, liver, kidneys and stomach when prompt use of Burdock Blood Bitters, the grand purifying and regulating tonic, would quickly regulate every bodily function and restore to perfect health.

Try to Benefit Others.

"I had a very bad pain in my side, of which one bottle of Hagyard's Yellow Oil made a complete cure. I hope that this may be of some benefit to those who read it." A. R. T. Walker, 44½ High St. City. Hagyard's Yellow Oil is a specific for all inflammatory pain.

DYSPEPSIA IN ITS WORST FORMS will yield to the use of Carter's Little Nerve Pills, aided by Carter's Little Liver Pills. They not only relieve present distress but strengthen the stomach and digestive apparatus.

There are a number of varieties of corns. Holloway's Corn Cure will remove any of them Call on your druggist and get a bottle at once.

Orin Catlin, 49 Pearl Street Buffalo, N. Y., says: I tried various remedies for the piles but found no relief until I used Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, which entirely cured me after a few applications.

Do not delay in getting relief for the little folks. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is a pleasant and sure cure. If you love your child why do you let it suffer when a remedy is so near at hand?

The cheapest medicine in use is Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, because so very little of it is required to effect a cure. For croup, diphtheria, and diseases of the lungs and throat, whether used for bathing the chest or throat, for taking internally or inhaling, it is a matchless compound.

Mr. Thomas Ballard, Syracuse, N. Y., writes: 'I have been afflicted for nearly a year with that most-to-be dreaded disease Dyspepsia, and at times worn out with pain and want of sleep, and after trying almost everything recommended I tried one box of Parmelee's Valuable Pills. I am now nearly well, and believe they will cure me. I would not be without them for any money."

PARMELEE'S PILLS possess the power of acting specifically upon the diseased organs, stimulating to action the dormant energies of the system, thereby removing disease. In fact, so great is the power of this medicine to cleanse and purify, that diseases of almost every name and nature are driven from the body.' Mr. D. Carswell, Carswell P. O., Ont., writes: "I have tried Parmelee's Pills and find them an excellent medicine, and one that will sell well."

ADVICE TO MOTHERS. — MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP should always be used when children are cutting teeth. It relieves the little sufferer at once; it produces natural, quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakens as "bright as a button." It is very pleasant to taste. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for diarrhœa, whether arising from teeth ing or other causes. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP," and take no other kind. 3d&w1y

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, *Station* *New York City.*

Try FROSTILLA.

It softens the roughest skin and keeps it in good condition.

It contains nothing greasy or sticky, is nicely perfumed, a lady's toilet not complete without it.

An elegant face dressing for gentlemen after shaving.

For sale at the PHARMACY.

D. M. WATERS,

CANADA'S EARLY COURTS.

HOW JUSTICE FLOURISHED IN OTHER DAYS.

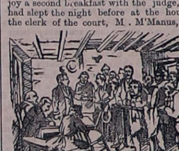
The Jury Deliberating in an Orchard—An Administration in Which Apples Played a Prominent Part.

We give several interesting sketches, reproduced from a copy of the Illustrated London News, of the year 1855. The sketches are accompanied by the following letter-press, which cannot fail to be of interest to the people of Ontario, old or young:

The Division or County Courts were established some few years ago, for the trial of civil causes in which the amounts at issue do not exceed the sum of £25. They are presided over by a barrister, who is also chairman of the Quarter Sessions, and generally termed Judge; and who makes the circuit of the different townships, in which the courts are held, about once in every two months. These courts have been found very successful in preventing the ill effects of litigation among the poorer settlers, as the cases are decided in a manner purely patriarchal; the judge hears the evidence on both sides of the question, and gives his judgment accordingly; and as this decision is guided more by justice than by the strict letter of the law, and the cost is very trifling the parties generally return to their homes perfectly satisfied.

EXTERIOR OF COURT HOUSE.

A short time ago I accompanied a young barrister, who was about to plead a cause before one of these courts, in one of the remotest parts of the county of Simcoe. We set off one fine afternoon in a one-horse vehicle, technically termed a "buggy," and reached that evening a small hotel in the flourishing village of Keenansville, about five-and-twenty miles from the shores of Lake Simcoe, which said village consisted of a saw-mill, two log houses, a tavern and a store. Our host, a comical Irishman, who prided himself on being the founder of the village, after supplying us with a capital supper, provided us with beds, evidently intended for short people, causing us to coil up in a manner by no means agreeable. Next morning we set off, through a beautiful and tolerably well cleared country, for the court—a distance of about nine miles, over a road quite rough enough to sharpen our appetites sufficiently to enable us to enjoy a second breakfast with the judge, who had slept the night before at the house of the clerk of the court, M. M'Manus, who



THE TRIAL.

rejoices in the possession of a capital farm and a portly and most hospitable wife. He had shortly before moved from the log shanty (shown in the sketch) in which the court was held, and in which he had lived since he first located himself in the woods with his axe some five-and-twenty years ago, to a substantial brick house, the pride of Mrs. M'Manus' heart. After breakfast we adjourned to the court-house, which was already filled with a crowd of plaintiffs, defendants, witnesses, and spectators. The apartment in which the court was held had been the principal room in the old house, and had been divided along one side by a strong wooden bar to keep the crowd at a respectful distance from the judge and the bar. After several small cases had been satisfactorily disposed of, the one in which my learned friend had been retained came on, and, as the amount at stake was considerable, the judge availed himself of the power which he possesses of summoning a jury of five to take the responsibility of the decision off his shoulders.

THE JURY DELIBERATING.

The jury having stowed themselves in a corner of the room, the plaintiff, an artful fellow, commenced pleading his own cause; and after cross-examination of witnesses and a little perjury, my friend replied in a most powerful speech, demolishing his adversary in a manner which established his fame in that region, as lawyer and orator. When the case was closed, a difficulty presented itself in the fact of there being no room to which the jury could retire to consult upon their verdict. The judge, however, soon arranged this by telling the jury to betake themselves to some quiet spot out of doors, and charging them on their honor not to speak to any one until their return. The jury accordingly went out; and, after looking about them, they with one consent and wonderful foresight and sagacity betook themselves to the orchard, and squatted down under an apple tree to combine mastication with argument. In about the time required to eat half a dozen apples a-piece, and to cram their pockets, they returned, and, as was fully expected, gave a verdict for the defendant; the crest-fallen plaintiff applying for a new trial, and vowing the next time he would not be beaten for the want of a lawyer.

THAT HACKING COUGH can be so quickly cured by Shiloh's Cure. We guarantee it. For sale by D. M. Waters.

AS A PICK-ME-UP after excessive exertion or exposure, Milburn's Beef, Iron and Wine is grateful and comforting.

CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES

—AT THE—

City Book Store.

New Stock just received, in all the latest styles of leading American and Canadian manufacturers.

Largest assortment in the city to select from. No old goods carried over. All Carriages this year's make.

Prices extremely low.

☞Study your best interests by examining our stock.

C. B. SCANTLEBURY

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

CALLAWAY'S

Popular ∴ Excursions

—TO—

VANCOUVER,
VICTORIA,
and all points in
WASHINGTON TERRITORY,
and CALIFORNIA

LEAVE ∴ TORONTO

On FRIDAY, MARCH 22nd
12th APRIL 26th
10th MAY 24th

In the CELEBRATED TOURIST SLEEPERS. Each party is accompanied to destination by special courier.

Full particulars from any agent of the Company.

S. BURROWS,
Agent C. P. R., Belleville.
Office—Front St., one door north of Dominion Bank.

DUNN'S BAKING POWDER
THE COOK'S BEST FRIEND

EXHAUSTED VITALITY.

THE SCIENCE OF LIFE, the great Medical Work of the age on Manhood, Nervous and Physical Debility, Premature Decline, Errors of Youth, and the untold miseries consequent thereon, 360 pages 8 vo., 125 prescriptions for all diseases. Cloth, full gilt, only $1, by mail, sealed. Illustrative sample free to all young and middle aged men. Send now. The Gold and Jewelled Medal awarded to the author by the National Medical Association. Address P. O. Box 1895, Boston, Mass., or Dr. W. H. PARKER, graduate of Harvard Medical College, 25 years' practice in Boston, who may be consulted confidentially. Specialty, Diseases of Men. Office, No. 4, Bulfinch Street,

Feather Dusters

A full assortment of American Split Turkey Feather Dusters.

-F. CHARLES CLARKE,-
CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST.
Telephone 138. Front Street.

NEWCOMBE PIANOFORTES

AWARDED FIRST SILVER MEDAL

WORLD'S EXPOSITION, NEW ORLEANS, U.S.A., 1884-5, in competition with the pianofortes of Europe and America. The only U.S. International Medal ever awarded to a Canadian pianoforte; also Medal and Diploma at the Colonial and Indian Exhibition, London, Eng., 1886, with the supreme honor of supplying Her Majesty the Queen with a Newcombe Grand, selected by Sir Arthur Sullivan. For Illustrated Catalogue, prices and terms,

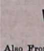
Address Octavius Newcombe & Co.,
MANUFACTURERS
WAREROOMS, 107-109 CHURCH ST., TORONTO
FACTORY, 89 TO 97 BELLWOODS AVENUE

KEILLER'S
NEW
MARMALADE

JUST RECEIVED.

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE
Grocers and wine merchants,
35 & 37 Bridge Street.
Also Front Street, Opp. Ritchie's.

The Great English Prescription.



A successful Medicine used over 30 years in thousands of cases. Cures *Spermatorrhea, Nervous Weakness, Emissions, Impotency* and all diseases caused by abuse. [BEFORE] indiscretion, or over-exertion. [AFTER] Six packages *Guaranteed to Cure when all others Fail.* Ask your Druggist for The Great English Prescription, take no substitute. One package $1. Six $5, by mail. Write for Pamphlet. Address Eureka Chemical Co., Detroit, Mich.

FOR SALE BY D. M. WATERS.

$72 a week. $12 a day at home easily made. Costly outfit free. Address True & Co., Augusta, Maine.

CALIFORNIA
EVAPORATED
FRUITS

NECTARINES,
APRICOTS,
PEACHES,
PLUMS.

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE
Grocers & Wine Merchants,
33 & 37 Bridge Street.
Also Front St., opp. Ritchie's

RUPTURE

The last 25 years I have adjusted more Trusses than any man in America. Valuable Patents, my own invention, in Trusses, Spinal and Club Feet Instruments.

Rupture—I will guarantee to hold largest Rupture without touching your hip, no straps whatsoever, waterproof. Largest stock of general Trusses, also the great Cluthe Spiral Trusses in stock. Reliable system for ORDERING BY MAIL.

Spinal Instruments half the weight of other makes and more effective.

CLUB FEET I claim the only mechanical system to straighten born Club Feet (Patented.) I will prove to anybody that operation never did nor can straighten Club Feet. Send 6 cent stamps for Book.

CHAS. CLUTHE, 118 King St. W., Toronto.

S. W. BRADSHAW

Wishes to inform the citizens of Belleville that he has BOUGHT OUT THE

GROCERY
(lately occupied by Mr. Arch. Wallace,)
CORNER OF HOTEL AND ANN STREETS,

where he intends to keep a full supply of the best of Groceries always fresh, and his stock of Provisions, such as Meats and Vegetables, will be especially fresh and in great variety and delivered with despatch. All orders by telephone (No. 53) will be promptly delivered to any part of the city.

N. B.—Please remember Telephone No. 53.

NEW
Wall Paper!
—AT—
-S. A. LAZIER'S-
ROBERTSON'S BLOCK
October 16th

HAGYARD'S
YELLOW OIL
CURES RHEUMATISM

FREEMAN'S WORM POWDERS

Are pleasant to take. Contain their own Purgative. Is a safe, sure and effectual destroyer of worms in Children or Adults.

CAIRN'S---
---HOME MADE---
---MARMALADE

As supplied to the Queen. This season's make.

JUST RECEIVED.

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE,
Grocers & Wine Merchants,
35 & 37, Bridge Street
Also Front St., opp. Ritchie's.

Gents' ∴ Furnishings!

A FULL LINE of Gentlemen's Goods for the Fall and Winter.

Shirts made to order and a good fit guaranteed.

C. J. PANTER.

DRUNKENNESS

Or the Liquor Habit, Positively Cured by Administering Dr. Haines' Golden Specific.

It can be given in a cup of coffee or tea without the knowledge of the person taking it; is absolutely harmless, and will effect a permanent and speedy cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. It has been given in thousands of cases, and in every instance a perfect cure has followed. *It never fails.* The system once impregnated with the Specific, it becomes an utter impossibility for the liquor appetite to exist. For circular and full particulars address GOLDEN SPECIFIC CO., 185 Race St., Cincinnati, O.

THE MAGOG TEXTILE & PRINT CO.

Will offer for Spring Trade the LARGEST, CHEAPEST and MOST VARIED range of Prints ever shown, including

SPRING NOVELTIES
—OF—
LATEST PARIS DESIGNS!

Merchants will do well to see their samples before buying elsewhere. Early advice will be given when Travellers will call.

St Peter Street, · Montreal.

PENNYROYAL WAFERS.

Prescription of a physician who has had a life long experience in treating female diseases. Is used monthly with perfect success by over 10,000 ladies. Pleasant, safe, effectual. Ladies ask your druggist for Pennyroyal Wafers and take no substitute, or inclose postage for sealed particulars. Sold by all druggists, $1 per box. Address THE EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., DETROIT, MICH.

FOR SALE BY D. M. WATERS.

INTELLIGENCER PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY LIMITED.

J. O. JAMIESON, President. | J. W. LONDON, Secretary

THE Treasurer is the only person authorised to receive moneys for the Company, or to grant receipts for the same.

All Bills, Notes, Cheques, and other documents binding on the Company, will require the signature of the President, in addition to that of the Treasurer.

THE INTELLIGENCER is printed and published for the INTELLIGENCER Printing and Publishing Company (Limited) by JAMES O. JAMIESON, resident in Belleville, at their Office, Front St., south of Hotel St.

The Daily Intelligencer.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

BELLEVILLE ONTARIO, MONDAY MARCH 25, 1889.

VOL. 22. NO. 277

THE RATHBUN COMPANY,

Having transferred me to their Brockville branch, I beg to thank my friends and customers for the liberal patronage and kindness extended to me during my residence in Belleville, and also to bespeak the same treatment to Mr. R. C. Calhoun, my successor.

P. J. SHANNON.

THE RATHBUN CO.

Having appointed me Agent for their Belleville branch, I take this opportunity of soliciting a continuance of the patronage which they have hitherto enjoyed through the popular management of Mr. Shannon. It will be my desire and aim to maintain and add to this patronage, which fair dealing and a thorough knowledge of the requirements of the trade leads me to hope for.—R. C. CALHOUN.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

G. DENMARK,

BARRISTER, Solicitor, etc. Office, Front Street.

W. B. NORTHRUP, M. A.,

BARRISTER, Solicitor, &c. Offices: North Bridge St., between Front St. and Lower Bridge.

Money to loan—private and company funds.

J. C. CONNELL, M. A., M. D., C. M.

DISEASES of the Eye, Ear, Throat and Nose. Surgeon to Kingston General Hospital. Office—No. 279, King Street, Kingston. Dr. Connell will be at the Queen's Hotel, Belleville, on the first Tuesday of each month. Sept. 5 d&wly

E. GUSS PORTER,

BARRISTER, Solicitor, Notary Public, &c. office in the Robertson Block, east side of Front Street.

Private Money to Loan. 371d&wl,

DR. ELIZABETH EMBURY,

GRADUATE of Queen's University, Licentiate of the College of Physicians and Surgeons, Ontario.

Office and residence—Harrison's Block, Front Street, across the hall from rooms formerly occupied by Dr. Farley, over Holland's jewellery store. Diseases of women and children a specialty. d&wtf

HENRY CARRE, C. E.,

M. C. Soc. C. E.,

DOM, and Prov'l Land Surveyor, late of the firm of Macleod & Carre, P. L. S. References: John Bell, Esq., Solicitor G. T. R., W. H. Ponton, Esq., Registrar of the County. Office—McAnnany Block, opposite Skinner & Redick's. Belleville, Ont., P. O. Box 203. 20d&w

J. F. WILLS,

BARRISTER, Solicitor, Notary Public, &c. Office, corner Front and Campbell Streets, Belleville, Ont. Money to loan, Company and private funds. 24d&w

J. WALTER ROSS, M. D., C. M.

GRADUATE of the University of Trinity College, Toronto. Physician, surgeon, accoucheur. Office and residence West Front Street, one door north of entrance to Foot Bridge. d&wly

JOHN J. FARLEY, M. D., C. M., M. R. C. S., England.

OFFICE and Residence—corner of Bridge and George Streets—three streets east of the Post Office.

ROBERT BOGLE,

LOAN and real estate agent. MONEY TO LOAN at lowest rates. Office, opposite Roy's Brewry, Front St., Belleville.

GEO. CLINTON, M. D., C. M

OFFICE and residence Bridge St., between William and George Sts, third block east of Bridge Street Methodist Church. Telephone No. 44. d&w

GEO. J. SHERRY,

BARRISTER, &c. Office. Metropolitan Block, next door north of Dominion Bank, Front St. Branch Office, Stirling. 116

EDGAR M. COOK, M. D.,

HOMOEOPATHIC Physician and Surgeon. Office and residence, West Front Street, in the late Dr. Abbott's premises, over Brignall & Thompson's store. TELEPHONE. 175dtf

GEO. D. DICKSON, Q. C.,

BARRISTER, &c., Post Office Block Bridge Street Belleville.

WILLIAM N. PONTON,

BARRISTER, Solicitor Notary Public, Conveyancer. Office, over Express and Telegraph Office, Thompson Block, Bridge St., Belleville. Money to loan—private funds. Agent or the Trust and Loan Company of Canada.

DR. BURDETT

IS pleased to inform his friends that he is again able to render his professional services as before. 176 6m

DRUNKENNESS

Or the Liquor Habit, Positively Cured by Administering Dr. Haines' Golden Specific.

It can be given in a cup of coffee or tea without the knowledge of the person taking it; is absolutely harmless, and will effect a permanent and speedy cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. It has been given in thousands of cases, and in every instance a perfect cure has followed. It never fails. The system once impregnated with the Specific, it becomes an utter impossibility for the liquor appetite to exist. For circular and full particulars address GOLDEN SPECIFIC CO., 185 Race St., Cincinnati, O.

BANKING OFFICE

—OF—

U. E. THOMPSON

BRIDGE STREET, BELLEVILLE, ON

American Currency and Drafts Bought and Sold.

Deposits received, subject to withdrawn without notice and interest allowed.

EYE, EAR & THROAT

DR. RYERSON.

L. R. C. P., L. R. C. S. E., Lecturer on the Eye, Ear and Throat, Trinity Medical College, Toronto, and Surgeon to the Mercer Eye and Ear Infirmary.

60 College Avenue, Toronto.

Dr. Ryerson will be at the Queen's Hotel, Belleville, on Saturday, April 20th.

RAYMOND C. ROLPH

SIGN PAINTER.

LETTERING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

Corner of Front and Campbell Streets.
80dly

M. C. ROBLIN

ISSUER OF

MARRIAGE LICENCES

and agent of the Lancashire Insurance Company. Office over Hooey & Sons, Front Street Belleville. 138d 1y

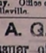
A. G. NORTHRUP,

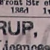
Issuer of Marriage Licences,

OFFICE—SHIRE HALL. BELLEVILLE

November 10.

The Great English Prescription.





A successful Medicine used over 30 years in thousands of cases. Cures *Spermatorrhea, Nervous Weakness, Emissions, Impotency* and all diseases caused by abuse. [BEFORE] indiscretion, or over-exertion. [AFTER] Six packages *Guaranteed to Cure when all others Fail.* Ask your Druggist for The Great English Prescription, take no substitute. One package $1. Six $5, by mail. Write for Pamphlet. Address Eureka Chemical Co., Detroit, Mich.

FOR SALE BY D. M. WATERS.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R. Templeton.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

KEILLER'S—
—NEW—
—MARMALADE

JUST RECEIVED.

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE

Grocers and wine merchants,
35 & 37 Bridge Street.

Also Front Street, Opp. Ritchie's.

CAIRN'S---
---HOME MADE---
---MARMALADE

As supplied to the Queen. This season's make.

JUST RECEIVED.

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE,

Grocers & Wine Merchants,
35 & 37, Bridge Street

Also Front St., opp. Ritchie's.

NEWCOMBE

PIANOFORTES

AWARDED FIRST SILVER MEDAL

WORLD'S EXPOSITION, NEW ORLEANS, U.S.A., 1884-5, in competition with the pianofortes of Europe and America. The only U.S. International Medal ever awarded to a Canadian pianoforte; also Medal and Diploma at the Colonial and Indian Exhibition, London, Eng., 1886, with the supreme honor of supplying Her Majesty the Queen with a Newcombe Grand, selected by Sir Arthur Sullivan. For Illustrated Catalogue, prices and terms,

Address Octavius Newcombe & Co.,
MANUFACTURERS

WAREROOMS, 107-109 CHURCH ST., TORONTO
FACTORY, 89 TO 97 BELLWOODS AVENUE

Gents' : Furnishings!

A FULL LINE of Gentlemen's Goods for the Fall and Winter.

Shirts made to order and a good fit guaranteed.

C. J. PANTER.

Feather Dusters

A full assortment of American Split Turkey Feather Dusters.

-F. CHARLES CLARKE,-

CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST.

Telephone 138. Front Street.

DR. LOW'S WORM SYRUP

DESTROYS AND REMOVES WORMS OF ALL KINDS IN CHILDREN OR ADULTS SWEET AS SYRUP AND CANNOT HARM THE MOST DELICATE CHILD

OFFICE TO LET.

FIRST CLASS Office and Shop Room to let for a term of years. Apply at this office.

THE BELLEVILLE WATER WORKS CO.

Daily Intelligencer.

THE ASSEMBLY CLOSED.

ONTARIO'S LAWMAKERS RETURN TO THEIR HOMES.

Sir Alexander Approves of the Bills Passed at This Session and Reads the Customary Speech.

TORONTO, March 25.—At 3 o'clock on Saturday afternoon His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor appeared at the Parliament Building attended by "C" Company Infantry School. Sir Alexander gave assent in Her Majesty's name to the bills passed during the session and read this speech:

Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen of the Legislative Assembly:

In bringing to a close another session of the Legislative Assembly, I desire to recognize the earnestness and zeal with which you have devoted yourselves to the work of legislation.

The measure which you have adopted for developing the unsettled portions of the Province by means of Colonization Railways meets with my hearty approval. I am glad to believe that the revenues accruing from the opening up of the mineral and other lands through which the projected railways will pass, and the profits to be derived from the sale of certain classes of timber not at present marketable, will alone reimburse to the Provincial Treasury the expenditure to be incurred in carrying into effect the policy which has received your sanction.

I am glad to give my assent to the bill for creating the new electoral district of Nipissing. The large territory embraced in that district, and the new settlements springing up within its borders, entitle the district to a voice in the Legislative Assembly, the effect will doubtless be to direct public attention more fully than before to this important section of the Province.

The measure which you have passed for affording an expeditious and simple remedy for determining the claims of settlers in the new districts for damages to their lands by flooding will, I trust, materially aid in accomplishing the object desired.

By the Voters' Lists Act and the Franchise Assessment Act you have afforded increased facilities for enabling every qualified elector to have his name placed upon the assessment roll and voters' list.

The important amendments made to the Shops Regulation Act, the Factory Act and the Workmen's Injuries Act will, I feel assured, be appreciated by all those who are concerned in the beneficial operation of these laws.

I am much gratified with the measures you have adopted for the improvement of the Pharmacy Act; the act respecting the study of anatomy and the Free Libraries Act. Each of these acts deals with important educational interests, and the amendments you have made cannot fail to exercise a salutary effect upon the special departments to which they respectively relate.

I have assented with pleasure to the bills you have submitted to me for the further improvement of our Municipal and Assessment Laws.

I thank you for the liberal appropriations which you have made for the public service. The supplies which you voted will be expended with prudence and in the public interest.

The Provincial Secretary stepped up to the Throne and said: It is His Honor's will and pleasure that this Legislative Assembly be prorogued; and this Legislative Assembly is accordingly prorogued.

Then the band outside played once more, the few interested spectators departed and the Chamber closed for 1889.

COUNT BISMARCK'S VISIT.

His Visit to London Gives Rise to Much Political Speculation.

BERLIN, March 24.—Count Herbert Bismarck's visit to England following so closely upon that of Sir Edward Malet, the British Ambassador, has given rise to all kinds of political speculations. The rumors that England is about to join the triple alliance may however be dismissed summarily, as may also the statement of the official press that the Count is merely making a holiday visit. The fact is that the visit has a double object, the most important part of which is the arrangement of details for the Emperor's visit to England during the coming summer and to ascertain the wishes of Queen Victoria as to whether the visit shall be merely of a domestic nature or shall partake of a state character. If it is to be the latter Prince Bismarck is anxious to arrange imposing accompaniments. It is even stated in some quarters that the Chancellor himself will attend the Emperor, but this is doubtful. During the past week Count Herbert has had a series of long interviews with the Emperor at which the matter of his Majesty's visit was fully discussed.

In the second place Count Herbert will take the opportunity to discuss with Lord Salisbury colonial matters affecting the two nations. It is not improbable that some kind of an agreement will be arrived at embodying the principles of a future colonial policy where British and German interests come in contact. The Boersen Zeitung says that Count Herbert Bismarck will endeavor to bring the differing colonial views of England and Germany into harmony. It instances the South Sea Islands, where difficulty has arisen through British annexation of the Herveys, which there is reason to believe Germany regards as contrary to treaty, and adds: "Count Herbert will endeavor to arrive at an understanding on the Samoan question, to which Lord Salisbury has shown himself disposed, and will aim to conclude an agreement in respect to East and West Africa. It is believed in some quarters that England's dispute with Morocco will also come under discussion."

The Post announces that the Samoan conference will be postponed probably until the beginning of May. This may be regarded as indicating a desire to await the outcome of Bismarck's mission. Prince Bismarck's reprimand of Dr. Knappe is much commented on. The Freisinnige Zeitung points out that Dr. Knappe was really driven into a state of furor consularis by Herbert Bismarck's dispatch of Jan. 8, instructing him to effect the necessary reprisals against the rebels, who he said by attacking had brought about a state of war.

The seizure by the police authorities of The Volks Zeitung has created a great sensation, and a legal decision upon the right of the police to suppress the paper is awaited with interest. Even the National Liberal press have not a word to say in defence of what is generally rated as a rash and imprudent proceeding on the part of the police, while the feelings of the Liberal papers are shown by a paragraph in The Freisinnige Zeitung entitled, "Fearless and Enduring," and advising steadfastness under threatened reactionary measures of the Government which look like a return to the times of King Frederick William. The editor of The Volks Zeitung has addressed a letter to the papers denying any relations with the Socialists. An article in The North German Gazette hinting at increased strictness of the press laws is little relished by Liberal journals. Several of last night's papers state that the Prussian Government has already submitted to the Landtag a proposal for amending the provisions of the penal code and press laws.

A Strasburg letter to The Cologne Gazette states that the Government has resolved upon a stricter measure for the Germanization of the provinces—the dismissing of schoolmasters and tutors unable to teach the German language and replacing them partly by Alsatians and partly by Germans.

A scandal has been caused by the bringing of serious charges against Dr. Webz, a member of the West Prussian Diet, and formerly president of the permanent committee of that body. Dr. Webz is officially charged with the fraudulent appropriation of 104,000 marks which had been voted by the committee for certain works. He will probably be compelled to resign.

The inauguration of the Bismarck-Moltke monument has been fixed for March 31.

Marie Van Zandt is having great success in Italian opera at Kroll's Theatre.

Prince Hohenlohe's Theory.

BERLIN, March 24.—A meeting of the Colonial Society was held here yesterday. Prince Hohenlohe made an address in which he attributed the rebellion in East Africa to the unlimited importation of arms and ammunition. He urged that the powers combine to prevent the real source of the trouble which was affecting all allies.

CANADA'S WOOD-WEALTH.

HON. H. G. JOLY'S ADVICE TO CANADIANS.

The Preservation of the Old and the Creation of New Forests Among the Things Canada Requires.

A subject of national and urgent importance and a man most highly qualified to deal with it—the combination is rare enough. The Hon. H. G. Joly de Lotbiniere's Sommerville lecture on "The Forestry of Canada" should be read with more than passing interest, and should be taken to heart by every Canadian.

Forestry, Mr. Joly said, was one of those subjects which did not awaken the interest it deserved in Canada. This was regarded in Europe as the land of forests, and we should feel proud of the natural advantages which Providence has bestowed upon us in this respect. Two hundred years ago, under the old French regime, the attention of the Governors was called to the fast disappearance of wood in the neighborhood of Quebec. He pointed to the comparative absence of trees in the North-West of Canada, and strongly advocated the systematic cultivation of new ones by Government aid. The white pine, the treasure of our forests, was fast disappearing and deteriorating in quality, while each year they had to go farther than ever to find it. He laid down as an admitted fact that the presence or absence of forest land influences very largely the water-courses.

There was a very unreasoning prejudice against forestry, Mr. Joly went on to say, even among lumbermen, who supposed that it meant the stoppage of the entire timber trade of the country. Whereas, just the contrary was the case. He held the true meaning of forestry to be the cutting down of trees on a judicious and systematic scale at a proper season, so as to promote the growth of their fellows, by which means they could continue to enjoy forever the advantages to be derived from forests, instead of precipitately exhausting their sources of supply. The forests of Quebec belong to the Crown, under an ancient deed of conveyance, and he felt that they must look to the Government to be careful in their preservation and maintenance of this responsible trust. They were certainly far from doing all that they ought to do; but, at the same time, there were some good and hopeful features about their administration.

He warmly approved the amended Dominion Act of 1883, by which the Governor-General was entrusted with large powers of maintenance of the forest slopes of the Rocky Mountains, and urged the more general application of the spirit and intention of this law to all the disafforested lands of Canada. He quoted the opinions of our neighbors across the border, who admitted that though our methods in this respect were crude and undisciplined they strongly upheld the fact of the title of ownership being wholly vested in the Crown instead of being sold outright to the purchasers of timber limits. This, he urged, should teach them that there was still time to profit by the hard-earned experience of the past.

Giving a number of practical suggestions for the guidance of those having authority over the forest lands of Canada, Mr. Joly strongly urged that there should first of all be a rigid classification of lands, or arable lands, showing the difference between agricultural and non agricultural lands, or arable lands and those only fit for the growth of lumber, and declared it to be a most refined species of cruelty to force the poor unfortunate settlers to take up land which was wholly unfit for agriculture. Next, he held it to be wrong to force the timber limits on the market, saying he never saw advertised the sale of these limits—over thousands and thousands of miles of country—without feeling sorry; then he urged the regulation of the size of timber, the discontinuance of the manufacture of square timber, and resistance to the strong effort being made to remove the export duty on logs. His final point was the preservation of our forests from fires, and he was glad that the Governments both of Quebec and Ontario were disposed to enforce this latter by calling on the limit-holders to contribute one half the cost of ensuring a thoroughly efficient means of protection. In Canada they, unfortunately, possessed no school of forestry, and he knew not when they would get one; but it was a healthy sign of the times that the era was now past when the settler regarded the lumber on his holding as his worst enemy. He was no longer obliged to sacrifice it to the flames; but now that the railway system carried the iron road to some of the remotest corners of the Dominion he was able to dispose of his incumbrance to more pecuniary advantage.

As to the creation of new forests, it was principally in the North-West that we wanted them. Throwing out some valuable hints as to the means to be taken to re-afforest the country, Mr. Joly urged the cultivation of such trees as the ash-leaf maple which gave almost as large a percentage of sugar as sap-maple itself, and the black walnut, which was even more valuable than mahogany. This latter required a better quality of ground than ordinary timbers, but there were vast tracts of virgin soil, never broken by the plough, which could be utilized for this purpose. The Government, he urged, should make the most liberal experiments with the view of securing the very best results for the different localities of Canada and said this could be done at very little expense. The whole machinery was practically at hand, as the Government had stations of mounted police at various points along the prairie which could be made into depots. If only now in the Province of Quebec, after all its neglect and spoilation, the vast areas of former forest land were to be properly kept from the ravages of the cattle, it would do much towards reafforestation. In conclusion, he spoke strongly in favor of the advantages already derivable from the institution of Arbor Day; and above all urged the duty of instituting a thorough system of education on this subject in all the schools of Canada in order that the young and rising generation might be drilled in a course of moral and mental gymnastics, teaching them all that was to be taught in connection with tree planting, and giving them practical lessons upon it, besides inculcating the great moral truth contained in the lesson of not living selfishly for themselves alone, but for the benefit of the generations that were to follow.

Engaged on the Spot.

Dry Goods Merchant—"You have called in response to our advertisement for a floorwalker! Well, sir, what are your qualifications for the position?" Applicant—"I am the father of three pairs of twins."—Boston Courier.

Logical.

"How ole is Missy Annie? Why, chile, she mus' be a-goin' on fifty. When I was six, she was twelve. Dat's twice 's old as me. I'm twenty-foah now. Yaas, Missy Annie's fohty-eight years ole."—Harper's Bazar.

True to Life.

Popinjay—"I declare, Blobson, that picture of your wife is a speaking likeness. Blobson (gloomily)—"It wouldn't be my wife if it wasn't."

The Girl I Love.

A song for the girl I love—
God love her!
A song for the eyes of tender shine,
And the fragrant mouth that melts on mine
The shimmering tresses uncontrolled
That clasp her neck with tendril gold;
The blossom mouth and the dainty chin,
And the little dimples out and in—
The girl I love—
God love her!

A song for the girl I love—
God love her!
A song for the eyes of faded light,
And the cheek whose red rose waned to white;
The quiet brow with its shadow and gleam,
And the dark hair dropped in a long deep dream;
And small hands crossed for their churchyard rest,
And the lilies dead on her sweet dead breast,
The girl I loved—
God love her.

—Frederick Langbridge.

NEW RULES FOR HOTELS.

Bill Nye Draws up a Brand New Set of Rules and Regulations.

While waiting for the procession to pass by the other day I wrote out a new set of rules to be used in hotels. When I go to a hotel I register, get a room if I can, go to it, or repair to it rather, and if there are no rules I go to another hotel. Hotel rules have been a great boon to me. When not reading the "Stranger's Guide to the City," or the hours for meals, or the bell-boy code, I love to read the rules. These are to be added, of course, to those now in use. What the country really needs is more rules and less food. Give me rules enough and you may take the fodder.

Hotel joint resolutions for use of hotel joint:

No. 1. Washing done in hotel room will be charged for at regular laundry prices. This is not done so much for the purpose of encouraging the infant industry of washing in rooms, as it is to foster and encourage the laundry at the hotel.

No. 2. People in reduced circumstances are requested not to die in the house.

No. 3. People who unavoidably die in the house are requested not to do so as the result of a contagious disease.

No. 4. Guests who carry away key of room on going to Siberia or elsewhere will be charged with rent of room until they return.

No. 5. Guests are requested to leave the towels on going away, as we can use them later on.

No. 6. Guests are requested to unlock the door before committing suicide.

No. 7. We will not be responsible for injury to baggage which may fall from back window of guest's room during the night.

No. 8. Guests contemplating suicide will please leave word at office.

No. 9. Guests who do laundry work in their rooms are requested not take in washing from other guests, as it paralyzes our own laundry.

No. 10. Young husbands who contemplate shooting their wives at this house, will do well to inflict a fatal wound in themselves first.

No. 11. Horses and carriages provided at office for use of guests, but not allowed in room.

No. 12. Guests will find a safe at office, provided expressly for their use, for the safe keeping of valuables. They are cordially invited to come and store them there, and the valuables will be returned if not available to us.

No. 13. Dogs will be charged table board and the owners will be required to pay double fare besides. Dogs will not be allowed in rooms, under beds or under any circumstances whatever.

No. 14. Guests are requested not to allow the bath-tubs to overflow just to see how the rugs will look floating about the room.

No. 15. Children are provided with a separate dining-room, where they may fill their ears full of jam and put mayonnaise dressing in their hair if they are in the habit of doing so at home.

No. 16. Persons who fall down the elevator shaft are requested to avoid pulling off the plastering with their front teeth.

No. 16. The fire-escapes of this hotel are intended for the use of guests only. Other outside people, in case of fire, seeking to use these fire-escapes, will be pushed back into the building again till they are done.

E. FITZWILLIAM NYE.

N. B.—This house has been newly fitted up and furnished throughout and has been thoroughly fireproof so far.—New York World.

LORD WOLSELEY'S LUCK.

How Sir John Macdonald's Illness Made Wolseley Great.

Every Saturday evening is signalized by a little dinner party at Ernscliffe, where the Premier meets his more intimate friends. There are never more than a dozen present on these evenings, when Sir John lays down the cares of state for a few hours. Last Saturday evening apropos of the visit to Ottawa of War Correspondent Villiers, of the London Graphic the talk turned on Lord Wolseley and on those tides in the affairs of men, which taken at the flood lead on to fortune. Sir John said that he always held Wolseley to have been born under a supremely lucky star. "I remember I was at the Albany Club, in Toronto," the Premier said, "in 1882, when the news of Tel-el-Kiber came. It was just after the general election, and I recollected at the time a little incident here in Ottawa, during the Red River Expedition, which shows well how great results often hinge on forgotten trivialities and small mischances. "Lord Wolseley was Colonel Wolseley then," began Sir John, the company waiting expectant for the narrative. "While he was in the North-West with the troops, Mrs. Wolseley remained here in the capital. One evening at Rideau Hall—Lord Lisgar was Governor at the time, as you know—I took her in to dinner. She asked me to grant her a request, and when I sought to know what the request was, it was that I should make her husband Lieut.-Governor of Manitoba and the North-West Territories. Well, that was what I had almost resolved on, and I made the promise to Mrs. Wolseley. Her husband was in command of the forces, and had shown exactly that ability at organization which was needed in those days, just after Confederation. As it happened, however, I was taken suddenly ill on the following day—so suddenly that I had only time to call out to my secretary, Bernard, who ran in to find me on the floor, I was prostrated for several weeks, during which Sir George Cartier acted as First Minister. When I recovered, I found that Sir Adam Archibald had been appointed Lieutenant-Governor. If it were not for my illness at that time, I have no doubt Sir Garnet Wolseley would still be one of us here in Canada. He certainly would not be at the head of the British army, and England's most distinguished general."—Ottawa Correspondence. Toronto Telegram.

A Simple Remedy.

"Darling," she said, weeping, "when we were married, five years ago, I never expected to see you coming home at 1 o'clock in the morning!" "Well, you wouldn't now, m' dear," he replied, "if you'd only go to sleep earlier."—Life.

"CLUTCH" DONOHUE DYING

HE WILL BE PERMITTED TO END HIS DAYS A FREE MAN.

A Warrant for His Release from Kingston Penitentiary Signed by the Minister of Justice on Saturday.

OTTAWA, March 23.—John Donohue, better known throughout the Niagara district as "Clutch Donohue," who for a number of years conducted the Queen's Hotel in Fort Erie, Ont., and whose trial at the suit of the United States Express Company and connection with shady doings in conjunction with a Buffalo newsdealer is still fresh in memory, is dying of consumption. His wife went from Fort Erie to the Kingston Penitentiary, where he has been serving a six years' sentence, a few weeks ago, and has remained by his bedside ever since.

His pitiable condition induced the Warden of Kingston Penitentiary and the medical officials to make representations to the Government in his behalf, and the Minister of Justice to-day signed a warrant for Donohue's release from prison. It is represented that he has but a few days—perhaps but hours—and his wife and the sick man both pleaded earnestly that he be permitted to die a free man, outside of the prison walls. His request was granted and he will be at once removed to comfortable quarters outside, where he may at least have the satisfaction of knowing that death, though certain, cannot visit him a felon.

WHAT'S IN A NAME?

Murderer Jacobs' Case Before the Supreme Court—The Quebec List Finished.

OTTAWA, March 24.—A case argued before the Supreme Court yesterday brings before Their Lordships the time-honored question, "What's in a name?" A Caughnawaga Indian named Jacobs is at present confined in the Montreal Jail awaiting the carrying out of sentence of execution for the murder of his wife. That he did murder the woman is undisputable, but it is claimed that the name was incorrectly stated in the indictment and that therefore the verdict against Jacobs should be voided. Mr. Cornellier, Q.C., appeared for appellant and Mr. Trenholme for the Crown. Their Lordships have reserved judgment.

Having heard the Quebec list of appeals the court has adjourned until Thursday next, when the Ontario list will be taken up.

Who Bids for This Big Railway?

CHICAGO, March 24.—The great Wabash case came to an end at 1 o'clock yesterday in the United States Circuit Court by the entry of a decree offering the railway plant for sale in this city. Judge Gresham said: "We think, inasmuch as the Wabash property is in the custody of the court and the parties all before the court, that the court has the authority to prescribe an upset bid in the decree of sale. We therefore determine to enter a decree of that kind making the bid for the four main lines the amount of the principal and interest of the indebtedness." It was decided that the sale will be four weeks from yesterday, if in ten days the manager does not appear in court and pay the amount of the debt. A deposit of $100,000 will be sufficient to secure a bid.

The Australian Wheat Crops.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 23.—Advices from Sydney announce that the Australian wheat crop has fallen short of the estimated product for the season and that stocks are being firmly held, owing to the probability of the imposition of a protective tariff by the Colonial Government at Melbourne. The total yield amounts to 6,200,000 bushels from an area of 2,000,000 acres, more than one-fifth of which is not worth reaping. The total surplus for exporting will be less than 2,000,000 bushels, compared with 10,000,000 bushels last season. The wheat shipments from the Pacific Coast ports alone this season to the Australian colonies promise to exceed those of any previous year.

The Letter that Came

From Mr. J. Hayden, 139 Chatham St. Montreal, says: "I was troubled for years with biliousness and liver complaint, and I never found any medicine to help me like Burdock Blood Bitters, in fact one bottle made a complete cure."

Dangerous Counterfeits.

Counterfeits are always dangerous, more so that they always closely IMITATE THE ORIGINAL IN APPEARANCE AND NAME. The remarkable success achieved by Nasal Balm as a positive cure for Catarrh and Cold in the Head has induced unprincipled parties to imitate it. The public are cautioned not to be deceived by nostrums imitating Nasal Balm in name and appearance, bearing such names as Nasal Cream, Nasal Balsam, etc. Ask for Nasal Balm and do not take any imitation dealers may urge upon you. For sale by all druggists or sent post-paid on receipt of price (50c. and $1,) by addressing Fulford & Co., Brockville, Ont.

Eighty Per Cent.

Of the human race, according to a high authority, suffer from one or other form of blood taint. Never allow this latent evil to develop into serious disease while the blood can be kept pure and the system clean by the proper precautions, such as using Burdock Blood Bitters, whenever any scrofulous symptoms appear. No medicine equals B.B.B. as a blood cleanser.

There are a number of varieties of corns. Holloway's Corn Cure will remove any of them Call on your druggist and get a bottle at once.

Orin Catlin, 49 Pearl Street Buffalo, N. Y., says: I tried various remedies for the piles but found no relief until I used Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, which entirely cured me after a few applications.

Do not delay in getting relief for the little folks. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is a pleasant and sure cure. If you love your child why do you let it suffer when a remedy is so near at hand?

The cheapest medicine in use is Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, because so very little of it is required to effect a cure. For croup, diphtheria, and diseases of the lungs and throat, whether used for bathing the chest or throat, for taking internally or inhaling, it is a matchless compound.

Mr. Thomas Ballard, Syracuse, N. Y., writes: 'I have been afflicted for nearly a year with that most-to-be dreaded disease Dyspepsia, and at times worn out with pain and want of sleep, and after trying almost everything recommended I tried one box of Parmelee's Valuable Pills I am now nearly well, and believe they will cure me. I would not be without them for any money."

PARMELEE'S PILLS possess the power of acting specifically upon the diseased organs, stimulating to action the dormant energies of the system, thereby removing disease. In fact, so great is the power of this medicine to cleanse and purify, that diseases of almost every name and nature are driven from the body.' Mr. D. Carswell, Carswell P. O., Ont., writes: "I have tried Parmelee's Pills and find them an excellent medicine, and one that will sell well."

ADVICE TO MOTHERS. — MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP should always be used when children are cutting teeth. It relieves the little sufferer at once; it produces natural, quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakens as "bright as a button." It is very pleasant to taste. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for diarrhœa, whether arising from teeth ing or other causes. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP," and take no other kind. 3d&wly

SLEEPLESS NIGHTS, made miserable by that terrible cough. Shiloh's Cure is the Remedy for you Sold by D. M. Waters.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall-st., N. Y.

NATIONAL COLONIZATION

LOTTERY

Under the patronage of the Rev. Father Labelle

Established in 1884, under the Act of Quebec 32 Vict., Chapt. 36, for the benefit of the Diocesan Societies of Colonization of the Province of Quebec.

Class D.—The 22nd Monthly Drawing will take place Wednesday, April the 17th, at 2 p. m.

Prizes value $50,000 00
Capital Prize: One real estate worth $5,000 00

1	Real Estate worth	$5,000	5,000
1	do	2 000	2,000
1	do	1,000	1,000
4	do	500	2,000
10	Real Estates	300	3.000
30	Furniture Sets	200	6,000
60	do	100	6,000
200	Gold Watches	50	10,000
1,000	Silver Watches	10	10,000
1,000	Toilet Sets	5	5,000

2,307 Prizes worth..........$50,000 00

TICKETS - - $1.00

Offers are made to all winners to pay their prizes cash, less a commission of 10 p. c.

Winners' names not published unless specially authorized

Drawings on the Third Wednesday of every Month.

S. E. LEFEBVRE. Secretary,
Offices, 19 St. James street, Montreal, Can.
192dly

CARSLAKE'S

GRAND DERBY SWEEP

$25,000.00.

1st horse (in duplicate)	$3,000 each=	$6,000
2nd " " "	$2 000 " "	$4,000
3rd " " "	$1 000 " "	$2 000
Other starters (divided equally)		$4,000
Non-starters " "		$9,000

5000 Tickets at $5 Each.

171 Entries (in duplicate 342 horses)

Drawing June 3rd. Race June 5th, 1889.

Result of each Drawing sent to all subscribers.

Ten per cent deducted from all prizes.

Address, GEORGE CARSLAKE, Prop., Mansion House, 522 St. James St., Montreal. 269d6m

J. M. FORTIER,

Wholesale : Cigar : Manufacturer,

145 151 ST. MAURICE STREET,

MONTREAL.

P. S.—Private Brands for the Jobbing Trade a specialty.

CANADIAN—
—PACIFIC
RAILWAY.

Tuesday, March 12th,

AND EVERY TUESDAY THEREAFTER

—DURING—

MARCH AND APRIL

—WILL RUN—

SETTLERS'---TRAINS

Trough without change to

MANITOBA,
North-West Territories,
and British Columbia,

Leaving Toronto Union Depot at 9:00 p. m.
No Customs. No Transfers No Delays.
Full particulars from any agent of the company.

S. BURROWS,
Agent C. P. R., Belleville.
Office—Front St., one door north of Dominion Bank.

It Made Mother Strong

"My mother has been using PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND for nervous prostration accompanied by melancholia, etc., and it has done her a world of good. It is the only medicine that strengthens the nerves.'
G. H. BEERS, Orbisonia, Pa.

"I am in my 64th year. Have been afflicted in several ways—could not sleep, had no appetite, no courage, low spirits. I commenced using Paine's Celery Compound, and felt relief from the third day after using it. I now have a good appetite and can sleep well. My spirits and courage are almost like those of a young man."
S. C. KINKAID, D. D., Gonzales, La.

Paine's Celery Compound

Strengthens and builds up the old, and cures their infirmities. Rheumatism, indigestion and nervousness yield quickly to the curative power of Paine's Celery Compound.

A Perfect Tonic and Invigorator, it GIVES NEW LIFE.

"I am now 69 years old and have tried several remedies, but none had any effect until I used Paine's Celery Compound. I feel entirely different for the short time I have used it. I can walk nearly straight, sleep sound and well, and feel as though there was new life and energy coming into my whole system."
H. MYLIUS, Cleveland, Tenn.

Paine's Celery Compound is of unequaled value to women. It strengthens the nerves, regulates the kidneys, and has wonderful power in curing the painful diseases with which women so often silently suffer.

$1 per bottle. Six for $5. At Druggists.
WELLS, RICHARDSON & Co MONTREAL.

DIAMOND DYES *True to Name and Color. Nothing can Equal Them.*

YOUR BABY *will be rosy, plump and merry if given LACTATED FOOD.*

Daily Intelligencer.

THE DAILY INTELLIGENCER is published every evening except Sunday, and delivered by careful carriers in all parts of the city for Five Dollars a year, or Fifty Cents a month.

THE WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER is published every Thursday morning, and sent, postpaid, to any address in Canada, the United States or Great Britain for One Dollar a year.

ADVERTISEMENTS, first insertion, 10 cents per nonpareil line; each subsequent consecutive insertion, 5 cents per line; when not inserted every day, 10 cents per line each insertion.

READING MATTER NOTICES, 15 cents per line each insertion.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS, 50 cents each insertion. With notice of funeral added the charge for death notices is $1.

CONTRACTS made for business advertisements for one month or longer at reduced rates.

Remittances, Drafts, Cheques, and Post-Office Orders should be made payable to the order of
INTELLIGENCER PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO'Y (LIMITED),
Belleville, Ont.

Largest Daily Circulation in Belleville.

BELLEVILLE, MONDAY, MAR 25

IT CAN'T BE DONE.

The Toronto *News* remarks, in reference to the speech delivered by the Hon. L. H. Davies before the Young Liberals of Toronto: "Hon. L. H. Davies is an able speaker and a forcible debater, but when he undertakes to demonstrate that a country which exports annually millions of bushels of grain is only waiting for the removal of the tariff barriers to buy up all the surplus product of Canadian farmers, he has on hand the largest size of a contract. Should he and his friends succeed in convincing the agricultural community of this, they will have given proof of the possession of persuasive talents which would make their fortunes in the seed wheat business or the hay-fork industry."

COULDN'T SEE IT.

In a letter to the *Globe* Mr. John G. Frost says:

> I have been pained in observing the harsh, hasty and, from my point of view, wholly unjustifiable comments appearing in some Liberal papers regarding your position in re the Jesuits Bill question. I have followed your articles closely, and failed utterly in discerning any grounds for the charges of inconsistency so inconsiderately thrown at you and your conclusions on that much debated subject.
>
> Permit me to assure you of my firm belief in the wisdom and fairness of your attitude throughout; and I doubt not that many who are now ignorantly condemning your course will be found, sooner or later, by the logic of events, compelled to acknowledge the reasonableness, as well as the correctness, of your position thereon.

The opacity of Mr. Frost's mental vision is of the same character as was Nelson's eye sight at the battle of Copenhagen, when he applied the spy-glass to his blind eye and declared that he could not see the signal of recall which he was informed had been hoisted by the commander-in-chief, Sir Hyde Parker.

"There are none so blind as those who will not see," says the old proverb, and in order that the reader may be enabled to judge of the clearness of Mr. Frost's powers of discernment we give the following extracts from the *Globe* on the subject in question:

On the 12th of February the *Globe* said:

> "If Ontarians wish to perpetuate the confederation they will quietly accept Sir John's allowance of the Jesuits' ill. If they can't stomach that allowance they may as well face the truth like honest men and acknowledge that they really do not think the confederation worth preserving. The end can be nothing else than the destruction of the confederation."

Just a week later it declared that—

> "No man who is not fully prepared to go even to the smashing of confederation can logically call for federal opposition to Quebec's will in this matter.
>
> "We say that any man who calls for a Protestant alliance on the strength of an assertion that a serious, persistent attempt of the other provinces to force their opinion on Quebec by the Federal veto in this matter could end except in complete victory for Quebec, or in the disruption of confederation. We say that man is foolish if honest, and a most dangerous knave if insincere."

Then, on the seventh of March, only a few days ago, it said:

> "Liberals, whether they regard the bill as good, bad or indifferent, are bound by their invariable contentions as to the constitutional limits of the veto power to hold that the bill cannot be allowed if it be within the "exclusive powers" given by the B. N. A. act to the provincial legislatures." A Liberal government, were one in power, could not consistently disallow the act."

And finally, on March 15th, it remarked:

> We have to repeat with the utmost emphasis what we have alleged somewhat tentatively, that *the Jesuit Estates Act should be disallowed.*

Further comment is unnecessary.

AN INACTIVE or Torpid Liver must be aroused and all bad bile removed. Burdock Pills are best for old or young.

Trade of the Dominion.

SPEECH BY HON. ROBERT READ IN THE SENATE.

(Continued.)

Hon. Mr. Read—A comparison was drawn here the other day, rather against us, by the hon. leader of the Opposition, between our imports and exports and Great Britain's imports and exports. He stated that while we imported and exported in round numbers $40 *per capita* Great Britain exports $80 *per capita*. But let us compare our trade with that of our neighbors across the line. The imports of the United States in 1887 were $692,319,766, or about $11.53 *per capita*. The imports of Canada in 1887 were $112,862,235, or about $22.40 *per capita*. This shows that we import nearly double *per capita* more than they do.

Hon. Mr. Power—Is this good or bad for us?

Hon. Mr. Read—I do not propose to discuss that question now, I am merely stating the facts as they are; the hon. gentleman may draw his own deductions. I have heard an hon. gentleman say that the wealth of a country is its imports and exports. I do not think so. The export trade of the United States in 1888 was $683,862,104, or $11.38 *per capita*. The exports of Canada the same year were $90,203,000, or $18 *per capita*. If there is anything in the comparison, certainly our position is far ahead of theirs. I think it is too, and I am prepared to say that, man for man in this country, we are more prosperous than our neighbors. If there is anything at all in figures this proves it. Why did the hon. gentleman try to belittle his own country and draw the comparison between the trade of Canada and that of England? Why do the Liberal party all the time try to run down their own country? It may be their policy, but it is not a policy that should be defended. They can say nothing in our favor; their policy seems to be to under rate what we are doing. If they get into power in that way I am mistaken. It must be satisfactory to everybody that our imports and exports bear such a favorable comparison with those of our neighbors. As to commercial union, it is a subject that I think can hardly be discussed or should hardly be thought of. I should be ashamed to think that we are such cravens here, that we should be continually knocking at the door of our neighbors and begging them to trade with us. I think we should keep constantly in view the folly of one nation looking for favors from another—that it must pay with a portion of its independence whatever it may accept in that character. If we accept it we may place ourselves in the position of having given a substantial equivalent for nominal favors, and being reproached for not giving more. It is an illusion which experience must cure, which a just pride ought to discard. I think I have said enough about commercial union and about our trade relations with our neighbors. Now, I will try and say a few words on the subject of this motion.

I think the hon. gentleman asked us if we are doing what others are doing to promote immigration. It may be as well to look and see what the Argentine Republic is doing to promote immigration. I see in this report that they give to each family 250 acres of land free, and a settler can purchase up to 1,500 acres at 75 cents per acre. Each settler can get 1,500 acres free after 5 years by cultivating 200 acres to grain, and planting 24 acres to timber. Free transportation is given for settlers and their families to Buenos Ayres and other places, and for ten years they have exemption from taxation.

These are some of the conditions on which immigrants are encouraged to go to Buenos Ayres. I think they are very liberal ones. Then we are asked what we are doing to encourage trade in that country. The Argentine Republic entered into a contract on the 21st November, 1887, guaranteeing interest at 6 per cent. on £1,250,000 to build ten steamers and four steam launches. The steamers are to carry 3,000 carcasses of mutton, or its equivalent to ports in Europe. There are some other provisions in the contract that there shall be a division of profits after a certain amount of profit is made. They are, at all events, trying to encourage trade with other countries, and they go further than that: I see from an article by the editor of *Harper's Magazine*, who appears to have been travelling through that country last year, that they have made a standing offer of $100,000 a year of a bonus for a line of steamers to the United States, upon the condition that the United States give $100,000 also, which has not been accepted. He says nearly all the steamships which enter the mouth of that river receive subsidies from the nations under whose flag they sail—France, England, Germany, Spain, Italy, the Netherlands, Austria—all encourage their ship owners to furnish transportation facilities to the River Plata. The trade of that country is enormous. In the year 1886, 309 steamers entered the port of Montevideo alone from England, and not one from the United States; and only 2 per cent of the sailing vessels entered there were from the United States. Another account says that fifty-seven steamers arrived in Montevideo and Buenos Ayres each month last year. I see from this report of Mr. Simeon Jones that there were 1,200 sail of the line in Buenos Ayres when he was there. I thought it could not be so, and I looked into the Year Book and found that 8,000 foreign vessels entered that port last year. The question is, can we take anything from that Republic, for there is no use in going to sell to them if we do not buy. The question is, can we buy what they want to sell? This report says that there were about fifty vessels loaded in the St. Lawrence last year for the Republic. Now, what have they to sell? Animal oil, bones and bone ash, cattle hides, cattle horns, furriers' waste, goat skins, greasy wool, horse hair, horse hides, kid skins, ostrich feathers, otter skins, sheep skins, tallow, various skins, barley, bran, canary seed, flour, hay, Indian corn, meat, linseed, live cattle, manure, pea nuts, stamped gold, stamped silver, wheat. Those are the things they export, as well as other articles not specified in Mr. Jones' report. Another report states that the export of wheat from that Republic has been increasing enormously in the last four or five years.

Stop that Cough.

Many people neglect what they call a simple cold, which, if not checked in time, may lead to Lung trouble. *Scott's Emulsion of Pure Cod Liver Oil, with Hypophosphites*, will not only stop the cough but heal the lungs. Endorsed by thousands of physicians. Palatable as milk. Try it. Sold by all Druggists at 50c. and $1.00.

—It is stated that 74 bears were killed in British Columbia during the first six weeks of this year.

—A Vienna engineer proposes to condense by electricity the carbon of coal smoke and return it to the furnace.

WILL YOU SUFFER with Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint? Shiloh's Vitalizer is guaranteed to cure you. Sold by D. M. Waters.

—Mr. O'Mahoney, editor of the Tipperary *Nationalist*, has been sentenced to two months' imprisonment for intimidation.

MINISTERS, LAWYERS, TEACHERS, and others whose occupation give but little exercise, should use Carter's Little Liver Pills for torpid liver and biliousness. One is a dose. Try them.

THE ATTY.-GEN.'S SPEECH.

SIR RICHARD WEBSTER'S MEMORABLE DEFENCE

His Honor Vindicated but Criticism Not Silenced—Mr. Chamberlain's Organ Makes an Important Announcement.

NEW YORK, March 24.—Mr. Smalley cables The Tribune from London: The Attorney-General of England has been on the whole for some little time past the best abused man in England. The charges against him may be summarized: The Attorney-General sinned in acting as private counsel for The Times while the chief law officer of the Crown; sinned in his general conduct of the case before the Commission; sinned particularly in putting Pigott into the box as a witness, knowing him to be unworthy of belief; sinned in vouching for the genuineness of the letters, and in advising the appointment of the Commission on the strength of that belief. The Attorney-General has dealt with these and other matters in a speech which will long be memorable. He showed that he had, as every Attorney-General has always had and has often exercised, the right to appear as private counsel in any case in which he thought fit to accept a brief. He denied absolutely having ever vouched for the genuineness of the letters. There was not, he said, the shadow of a foundation for the suggestion that the Government had acted on his opinion or advice in proposing or constituting the Commission. He was charged with having adopted in court tactics of surprise, with concealing the names of witnesses. "I acted," replied Sir Richard, "under the direction of the Bench and with their full knowledge and approval; and this charge is a charge against the court, not against me."

He was charged with putting Pigott into the box, knowing him to be unworthy of credit, and Pigott's letter was referred to as proof. There was nothing, he replied, in the letter to suggest that Pigott did not believe the letters to be genuine.

Lastly comes The Times' withdrawal of the letters and its apology. "I framed it," said Sir Richard. "If I were to do it again I should phrase it as nearly as possible in the same terms. I went to the extreme verge of my duty. If I erred I erred in saying too much, not too little." I doubt whether on this point Sir Richard carried the House or will carry the public with him. But he has, I imagine, professional opinion on his side. He acted purely and entirely as a lawyer with reference to the conduct of a case in court, not to public opinion outside. Whatever may be thought on this one point, there can be no doubt as to the speech as a whole. It was worthy of the great days of the Bar, and, as an argumentative and oratorical effort, was worthy of the House where it was delivered. Sir Richard Webster has done nothing in public equal to this. There was no lack of fervor or of dramatic effect. It does not silence all criticism on Sir Richard's handling of the case before the Commission, nor was it meant to. But this speech is a vindication on all these points which touched his honor, whether professional or personal.

An Amazing Misstatement.

LONDON, March 24.—Mr. Lewis, solicitor for the Parnellites, writes to call attention to an amazing and important misstatement with reference to Pigott which was made by Attorney-General Webster in the House of Commons Friday. He says the letter referred to by Mr. Webster as having been placed in Sir Charles Russell's hands five days before Pigott's appearance in the witness box was a letter from Mr. Soames, solicitor for The Times, to Pigott and two other letters from Pigott to Mr. Soames, in which Pigott admitted that he feared to undergo a cross-examination, were withheld by The Times' lawyer. Mr. Lewis says it is a fact that neither counsel nor the solicitor for the Parnellites had notice of the existence of these two letters until Pigott had decamped.

Proposed Irish Legislation.

LONDON, March 24.—The Birmingham Post, the organ of Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, announces upon authority that the Government has decided to deal with the Irish land question early in the parliamentary session of 1890, the lines of the measure to be so laid down that they will admit of no modification as the result of obstruction or factious opposition. The bill will be followed at the opening of the session of 1891 by a measure of reform of Irish local government, the details of which are practically the same as those published in The Post last year. This move is believed to be the result of an agreement between the Tories and the Unionists, on the basis of the Tories passing Mr. Chamberlain's scheme in return for unflinching Unionist support to such other measures as the Tories may meanwhile formulate. The only thing the Conservative leaders have to fear in carrying out the provisions of a deal of this kind is defection in their own ranks. The recent developments of the Parnell Commission have had the effect to shake the faith of a good many Tories in the wisdom of the Government's policy, and the further proceedings of that body may scarcely be relied upon to reassure the doubters.

The Gorton Election.

LONDON, March 23.—The election in the Gorton division of Lancashire, to fill the vacancy in the House of Commons caused by the death of Richard Peacock (Gladstonian), resulted in the return of Wm. Mather (Gladstonian), who received 5155 votes against 4309 for Ernest Hatch (Conservative and Liberal Unionist). At the last election Peacock received 4592 votes and Lord De Welton (Conservative) 4135.

Mr. Bright Suffers a Serious Relapse.

LONDON, March 24.—John Bright has had a serious relapse. He was attacked to-day with a shivering fit. A doctor is in constant attendance.

Mr. Gladstone Goes to Scotland.

LONDON, March 24.—Mr. Gladstone left London for Scotland to-night.

Butterfield's Claim Against Denmark.

COPENHAGEN, March 24.—A committee of the Lower House of the Rigsdag has advised the ratification of the convention between Denmark and the United States providing for the arbitration of the claim of Mr. Butterfield for a number of vessels lost near St. Thomas many years ago. It is doubted however whether the reference of the claim to a court of arbitration will be necessary.

ASKING FOR DISALLOWANCE.

Text of the Petition Circulated Among the Protestants of Montreal.

MONTREAL, March 24.—Copies of the following petition were furnished at the Protestant churches to-day for signature:

To His Excellency the Governor-General-in-Council:

The appeal and petition of the undersigned loyal subjects of Her Majesty residing in the Province of Quebec, made pursuant to section 93 of the British North America Act, humbly showeth, that the appellants, your petitioners, are ratepayers and electors residing in said province and form part of the Protestant minority of the population of said province.

That at the date of Confederation there were certain estates and property of the late order of Jesuits which under the provisions of the Act 19-20 Vic., cap. 54 (chapter 15 of the Consolidated Statutes of Lower Canada) formed the Lower Canada Superior Education Investment Fund, of which fund the Protestant minority of the province were entitled to a share and portion.

That the Act of the registration of the Province of Quebec, 51-52 Vic., cap. 13, intituled: 'An Act respecting the settlement of the Jesuits Estates," has abolished said Lower Canada Superior Education Investment Fund and provided that the said estates and property may be applied to purposes other than those to which said fund was appropriated by said Act 19-20 Vic., cap. 54 (chapter 15 of the Consolidated Statutes of Lower Canada).

That the said act of the Legislature of the Province of Quebec, 51-52 Vic., cap. 13, has thus injuriously affected the rights of the Protestant minority by abolishing said fund.

That the Society of Jesus or order of Jesuits had not and have not any right, title or claim whatever to receive from the said Province of Quebec the sum of $400,000 granted to them by the said Act 51 and 52 Vic., cap. 13, and said act granting them that sum and also the Laprairie Common and granting $60,000 to the Protestant Committee of the Council of Public Instruction is prejudicial to the rights and interests of the Protestant minority of said Province.

That the submission of the said alleged settlement of the Jesuits Estates to the Pope of Rome, as set forth in the preamble of said Act 51 and 52 Vic., cap. 13, is unconstitutional as being contrary to the provisions of an act passed in the first year of the reign of Queen Elizabeth and declared by the Imperial Act, 14 George III., cap. 83, to have force and effect in this Province, and said unconstitutional act is prejudicial to the interests of the Protestant minority of this province.

Whereupon your petitioners hereby humbly appeal to Your Excellency-in-Council against said act of the Legislature of the Province of Quebec, 51-52 Vic., cap. 13, and pray that Your Excellency-in-Council will be pleased to disallow said act and annul and set aside the same, and your petitioners as in duty bound will ever pray.

Father Drummond's Defence.

OTTAWA, March 24.—Father Drummond, the noted Jesuit priest from Montreal, who has been conducting a Lenten retreat at the Basilica during the past week, this evening inaugurated a week's mission at St. Patrick's. Incidentally referring to the anti-Jesuit agitation he took occasion to deny that it was a precept of the order that the end justified the means or that any unlawful means, even a lie, was countenanced for the achievement of any end. He announced that he would to-morrow evening answer fully an attack made upon the Jesuit order and upon him personally by Rev. J. J. Roy, an Anglican clergyman of Winnipeg, in a pamphlet just issued.

DESPERATE BURGLARS.

A Hamiltonian Shot at by Midnight Prowlers—Suicide of Wm. Cook.

HAMILTON, March 24.—About 2:30 o'clock yesterday morning there was considerable excitement in Oxford-street, the residents in that quiet part of the city being startled and roused from their slumbers by a woman's cries for help. The cause of the commotion was a desperate attempt at burglary, which was made at the residence of Samuel G. Catchpole, 40 Oxford-street. About 2.30 o'clock Mrs. Catchpole was awakened by hearing steps coming up the stairs towards her bedroom. Seeing a light she called her husband, who got up in time to close the door in the faces of two masked men. The men tried to force Catchpole back and succeeded in getting the door partly open. The intruders fought desperately to get in, but Catchpole was equally determined and kept them out. They became angered at being baffled, and one of the men pulled a revolver and fired a shot through the panel of the door. The bullet grazed Catchpole's head and entered the wall on the other side of the room. In the meantime Mrs. Catchpole had lifted the window and called for help. Her screams scared the burglars away. The crooks first broke into Catchpole's shop and took out a brace and bit. Then they bored nine holes in the kitchen door and took out a piece large enough to put a hand through and unlock the door. Not being able to find anything downstairs they made their effort to get into the bedroom. The men were of medium height and were both masked. Nothing was stolen out of the house.

Wm. Cook, who for many years has been caretaker of the James-street market and who lived at 126 Hunter-street west, cut his throat with a penknife at noon yesterday and died twenty minutes afterwards. Mr. Cook was about 60 years old.

A writ has been issued against Thomas O'Callaghan, a wealthy London gentleman, claiming $25,000 damages for breach of promise on behalf of Miss Myra Hurrell of Gore-street, Hamilton. The plaintiff is a pretty young type-writer and formerly lived in Guelph. She came to this city to live with her uncle some years ago, and since that Mr. O'Callaghan has been paying attention to her, and, she claims, promised to marry her. R. W. Witherspoon of this city is acting for Miss Hurrell.

FIRE IN THE CITADEL.

The Royal Artillery Barracks at Halifax Burnt.

HALIFAX, March 24.—The Royal Artillery barracks inside the citadel fort were destroyed by fire last night and a large part of the city had a narrow escape from destruction owing to the close proximity of two large powder magazines. The barracks consisted of an immense three-story wooden structure, which was reduced to ruins in three hours. The conflagration is at present said to have been started by the upsetting of a stove on the second story, but nothing definite is to be learned on this point. The barracks afforded accommodation for between 200 and 300 artillerymen. Very little was got out of the building. The loss will amount to several thousand dollars.

The Oshawa S. S. Controversy.

OSHAWA, March 24.—The Catholic Church here was crowded with Catholics and Protestants to-day to hear Vicar-General Rooney of Toronto preach. During his sermon he referred to the Oshawa Separate School trouble and hoped it would be immediately settled in a friendly way. At the conclusion of his sermon he announced that the women could go home while the men were to remain, but what took place then is not known, although some were heard to say that they were not to support the Separate School. The contending parties have called a meeting for to-morrow night which in all probability will be a strong one.

Count Montercole Will Travel.

NEW YORK, March 24.—"Count" Montercole, whose marriage to Miss Knox of Pittsburg created so much comment, sailed yesterday on the steamer Rotterdam under the name of Ernesto De Meyers. He engaged his passage only an hour before the steamer sailed. Before embarking he confided to an acquaintance the information that he intended to spend the next three years in travel abroad. His "little misunderstanding" with his wife, he said, had been satisfactorily settled by the intercession of his mother-in-law and brother-in-law.

The Dervishes Defeated by Emin.

CAIRO, March 24.—Mahommed Beraivi, who has arrived here from Omdurman, reports that Sheikh Senoussi's forces occupied Darfour and Kordofan and expelled the dervishes. In July last Mahomed Beraivi accompanied an expedition of 6000 Mahdists which proceeded in steamers and barges against Emin Pasha. He states that Emin defeated the dervishes near Bor, killing most of them, and capturing their steamers and much ammunition.

Mahomed Beraivi says it was reported that Emin was in good health, and that all his people and some European travelers were with him in Bahr-el-Gazel.

A Brace of Duels.

PARIS, March 24.—M. de Lonlay and Gerault Richard fought a duel to-day. The former was slightly wounded in three places. M. Richard had attacked M. de Lonlay in a newspaper article charging him with plagiarizing a work of M. Duquel.

ROME, March 24.—In a duel with swords to-day Deputy Cavalotte slightly wounded Signor Corveto, Under Secretary of the War Department. The trouble grew out of a personal dispute.

Foreign Lotteries Barred Out.

VIENNA, March 24.—The lower house of the Reichsrath yesterday adopted a bill prohibiting the sale of foreign lottery tickets in Austria, the Finance Minister declaring that the fears that such action would give offence to Greece were unfounded.

The New Inman Liner.

LIVERPOOL, March 24.—The new steamer, City of Paris, built by Thomson of Clydebank for the Inman Steamship Company, arrived here yesterday. She ran at an average speed of 21 knots per hour in the face of a strong wind and an adverse tide.

Murder in Pittsburg.

PITTSBURG, Pa., March 24.—Buddy Lee, a colored puddler, was shot in the mouth and killed early this morning by Charles Allen, also colored. The murder occurred in Yellow Row, a disreputable house, and was unprovoked. Allen was intoxicated and imagined Lee had insulted his wife.

Disastrous Floods in Peru.

LIMA, Peru, March 24.—Owing to tremendous floods the Verrugas bridge, the most famous on the Oroya Railway, 108 feet high and which originally cost $300,000, has been swept away. This renders almost impossible transportation from that part of the country, thus ruining many miners.

After the U. S. Consulate at Toronto.

WASHINGTON, March 24.—William Henry Harrison Webster of Buffalo was presented to Mr. Blaine yesterday by Congressman Farquhar, who filed his papers for the consulate at Toronto.

C. E. Chomley of Niagara Falls arrived last night. He wants to consul at Clifton, Ont.

A Gold Find in Montana.

HELENA, Mont., March 24.—Placer gold is said to have been discovered in the bluffs on the Missouri River opposite Townsend. Nearly everybody in Townsend has staked off a claim.

Firebugs in a Connecticut City.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., March 24.—There were four incendiary fires here last night. The loss in each case was small.

Burglary at Oshawa.

OSHAWA, March 24.—A few barrels of cider were stolen from the cellar of Dickie & Babcock last night.

—Two fishing boats were swamped in a gale off Stornoway, Scotland, Thursday, and the twelve occupants were drowned.

—An association for the insurance of churches in case of fire is about to be organized in Rochester, N.Y. by Methodist ministers and churchmen.

CATARRH CURED, health and sweet breath secured, by Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. Price 50 cents. Nasal Injector free. For sale by D. M. Waters.

—The Canadian Government have given permission to a number of United States capitalists to pipe natural gas from the Canadian side across to Detroit.

AS A PICK ME UP after excessive exertion or exposure, Milburn's Beef, Iron and Wine is grateful and comforting.

—It was generally conceded at one time that the cut of logs in the Ottawa and Gatineau districts would be considerably under the average this winter owing to the scarcity of snow in the woods. The Chaudiere lumbermen, however, now claim that such will not be the case. They say that so far the season has been most favorable for operations in the woods, and in all probability the cut will be a little larger this year than last.

CROUP, WHOOPING COUGH and Bronchitis immediately relieved by Shiloh's Cure. For sale by D. M. Waters.

—A German has intoduced the use of rubber as a material for covering streets. He used it first in the summer of 1887, for paving the Goethe bridge. The Berlin corporation has had a large area paved with India-rubber as an experiment; and the magistracy of Hamburg is likewise trying the pavement. It is asserted that the new pavement combines the elasticity of India-rubber with the resistance of granite. It is said to be perfectly noiseless, and unaffected either by heat or cold. It is not slippery as asphalt, and is more durable.

Only One Cent! Only One Cent!

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

FOR SALE—Twenty shares in the capital stock of the G. & J. Brown Manufacturing Co. of Belleville. Business is in a flourishing condition, paying a dividend of 9 per cent. last year. Ill health the cause of sale. Address T ROWLANDS, Kyle House. 272dtf

APARTMENTS TO LET.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

BOARD AND ROOMS.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

HOUSES TO LET.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

FOR SALE or TO LET, the House formerly occupied by J. H. Simpson, Commercial Street Possession given immediately. Apply to P. R. PALMER 263d3m

LOST AND FOUND.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

LIVE STOCK.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

HOUSE FOR SALE—For sale, a first class brick dwelling on North Bridge St., opposite Clark & Vermilyea's grocery. Terms moderate. Apply to JAMES O'BRIEN, at Brignall & Thompson's. 277d6t.

HOUSE FOR SALE, OR TO LET.—No. 211 William Street, north of Hotel Street. A comfortable, well built, brick residence, in thorough repair. Eleven rooms, drive house, hard and soft water. Apply to FRANCIS S. WALLBRIDGE, Barrister, office corner of Front and Bridge Streets. 273d6t

HOUSE FOR SALE on William St., two doors south of Bridge St., next the residence of Mrs. T. C. Wallbridge, best locality in the city, house new, comfortable, and commodious, hard and soft water, closets in all the rooms. Enquire of R. PURDY, Bridge St. 272d2w

TO LET.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

TO LET.—Two Stores and some room on Front Street, next door to C. F. Smith. JOHN FORIN. 272d2w

WANTED.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

SALESMEN—We wish a few men to sell our goods by sample to the wholesale and retail trade. Large manufacturers in our line. Enclose 2-cent stamp. Wages $3 per day. Permanent position. No postals answered. Money advanced for wages, advertising, etc. CENTENNIAL MAN'F'G CO., CINCINNATI, OHIO 245d30teod

DOMESTICS WANTED.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

MECHANICS WANTED.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion,

Section of Railway Between Annapolis and Digby.

TENDERS FOR THE WORKS OF CONSTRUCTION

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Section of Railway between Annapolis and Digby," will be received at this office up to noon on Monday, the 8th day of April, 1889, for certain works of construction.

Plans and profiles will be open for inspection at the office of the Chief Engineer of Government Railways at Ottawa, on and after the 28th day of March, 1889, when the general specification and form of tender may be obtained upon application.

No tender will be entertained unless on one of the printed forms and all the conditions are complied with.

A. P. BRADLEY,
Secretary.

Department of Railways and Canals,
Ottawa, 9th March, 1889.

277d2t oaw

NOTICE.

MEN wishing to join No. 3 Company, 15th Battalion, will apply to Capt. Merrill, Lieut. A. E. Overell or at the Drill Shed on Wednesday night. 277d1t.

MAPLE SYRUP,
CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S MARMALADE.
CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S PICKLES.
CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S JAMS.
MILD CURED HAMS.
PURE LARD.
GARDEN SEEDS.
FINE BLACK TEA.

A. KNOX.

PAINLESS **BEECHAM'S** EFFECTUAL
THE GREAT ENGLISH MEDICINE **PILLS** WORTH A GUINEA A BOX

For Bilious and Nervous Disorders, such as Wind and Pain in the Stomach, Sick Headache, Giddiness, Fulness, and Swelling after Meals, Dizziness and Drowsiness, Cold Chills, Flushings of Heat, Loss of Appetite, Shortness of Breath, Costiveness, Scurvy, Blotches on the Skin, Disturbed Sleep, Frightful Dreams, and all Nervous and Trembling Sensations, &c. THE FIRST DOSE WILL GIVE RELIEF IN TWENTY MINUTES. This is no fiction. Every sufferer is earnestly invited to try one Box of these Pills, and *they will be acknowledged to be a Wonderful Medicine.*—"Worth a guinea a box."—BEECHAM'S PILLS, taken as directed, will quickly *restore females* to complete health. For a

WEAK STOMACH; IMPAIRED DIGESTION; DISORDERED LIVER;

they ACT LIKE MAGIC:—*a few doses* will work wonders upon the Vital Organs; Strengthening the muscular System; restoring long-lost Complexion; bringing back the keen edge of appetite, and arousing with the ROSEBUD OF HEALTH the *whole physical energy* of the human frame. These are "facts" admitted by thousands, in all classes of society, and one of the best guarantees to the Nervous and Debilitated is that BEECHAM'S PILLS HAVE THE LARGEST SALE OF ANY PATENT MEDICINE IN THE WORLD. Full directions with each Box.

Prepared only by THOS. BEECHAM, St. Helens, Lancashire, England.
Sold by Druggists generally.
EVANS & SONS, [LIMITED], Montreal,
Sole Agents for the Dominion of Canada.

Special :. Importations!

GENTLEMEN:—We have just received and put in stock FOUR CASES of new spring Suitings, Pantings and Overcoatings. These goods are the finest ever imported by us, and at prices that cannot fail to please all.

Our cutter is giving splendid satisfaction, and we specially invite all who want first-class goods, best of trimmings, and perfect fit to call and select their Spring Clothing.

See our goods before buying. All are cordially invited to look through our beautiful assortment whether they wish to purchase or not.

Every garment made in our establishment guaranteed. Tweeds by the yard very cheap.

A. N. REID & CO.

--SPRING OPENING--

—AT—

GEORGE RITCHIE & CO'S.

On Friday, the 22nd of March,

the Show Rooms will be opened for the exhibition of Pattern Millinery and Mantles, with other seasonable and fashionable goods.

MISS IRWIN has now charge of the Show Rooms, and extends a cordial invitation to all.

Beautiful and rich goods will be shown, at very moderate prices.

GEO. RITCHIE & CO.

---Millinery .: Opening---

—AT—

BRIGNALL & THOMPSON'S.

Wednesday, March the 20th.

When we shall be prepared to exhibit, as usual, a magnificent stock of Imported Millinery, Mantles, Silks and Dress Materials.

BRIGNALL & THOMPSON.

--50 MORE--

NEW HANGING LAMPS put in. Prices very much below anything we ever had.

W. J. REID & CO.

FANS

Suitable for WEDDINGS and BALLS. A splendid assortment at

J. C. OVERELL'S

FANCY EMPORIUM, BELLEVILLE.

RUBBER STAMPS! Send your name and address, with 30 cents, to the ONTARIO CARD CO.,' Belleville, Ont., and get a Pearl Pen and Pencil Stamp, complete.

New :. Carpets!

Received yesterday, a very large shipment of

CROSSLEY'S CELEBRATED CARPETS!

—CONSISTING OF—

BRUSSELS CARPETS,
VELVET CARPETS,
TAPESTRY CARPETS,
and the
NEW MOSAICS.

These are the Finest Carpets in the Market, and are in SINGLE and DOUBLE WIDTHS —with

BORDERS and—
—STAIR CARPETS

TO MATCH. Some of these lines are a SPECIAL BARGAIN.

JAS. W. DUNNET.
GLASGOW WAREHOUSE
Belleville, March 20, 1889.

Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, MONDAY, MAR. 25

MERE MENTION.

ONE tramp was sheltered by the police last night.

A LOT of purses at reduced prices at Geen's Drug Store.

Two drunks were arrested last night on Front street.

ONE prisoner, a drunk, and one tramp were protected by the police on Saturday night.

SPECIAL services will be conducted during the present week in the Bridge Street Church.

IF you have a cough or cold go at once to Geen's Drug Store and buy a bottle of Holden's Expectorant.

MRS. Rose Thompson complained to the police that a number of boys have of late been annoying her.

THE joint meeting of the Board of Trade and the committee of the City Council will be held to-morrow evening.

GEO. H. Chandler, of Madoc, will be tried before County Judge Lazier to-morrow for obtaining money under false pretences.

CAPTAIN Howard received a cold bath this morning by falling off the tug Bonar into the water. He was rescued without difficulty.

REMEMBER the Lecture in the Opera House by Rev'd Charles Chiniquy, on the evening of Thursday, March 28th. Plan open at Holden's. dtd

REV. M. E. Wilson, of Bridgewater, occupied the pulpit of the Halloway street church yesterday morning, and delivered an excellent discourse.

MR. Brooker, instructor of the Fife and Drum band, presented the lady artists with each a pink satin programme for the variety concert on Tuesday 26th.

ALL DISORDERS CAUSED by a bilious state of the system can be can be cured by using Carter's Little Liver Pills. No pain, griping or discomfort attending their use. Try them.

As a tonic and relief to sufferers from Neuralgia, Dyspepsia, loss of appetite and general debility, Dyer's Quinine and Iron Wine is highly recommended. W. A. Dyer & Co., Montreal.

SPRING is coming, and with it comes the necessity of a good spring medicine. Try East India Tonic Bitters, a good blood purifier and tonic. For sale by A. L. Geen and F. Charles Clarke.

DON'T forget the concert at the opera house, Tuesday evening 26th inst., under the management of Mr. J. F. Brooker, for the benefit of the Belleville Fife and Drum band; Miss Maud Burdette will sing one of her favorite numbers. Prof. Riggs' orchestra will also take part. Tickets 25 and 35 cents, plan open at Holden's ticket office. d2t

DR. R. A. GUNN, M.D., Dean and Professor of Surgery of the United States Medical College, Editor of "Medical Tribune," Author of "Gunn's New Improved Handbook of Hygiene and Domestic Medicine," says: "Belonging as I do to a branch of the profession which believes that no School of Medicine knows all the truth regarding disease, and being independent enough to use any remedy that will help my patients, without reference to the source from which it comes, I am willing to acknowledge and commend thus frankly the value of Warner's Safe Cure."

PROBABILITIES.

TORONTO, March 25.—North and northwest winds; fair, and a little lower temperatures.

The Heathen Chinee

and all Christian people are fast finding out that the only reliable is the Imperial Cream Tartar Baking Powder, made by E. W. Gillett, Toronto, maker of the famous Royal Yeast Cakes.

TEMPERATURE.

As Registered by Dr. Bell's Self-Registering Thermometer.

SUNDAY, March 24.
Maximum 50; minimum 34.
Barometer 29.90.

MONDAY, March 25.
Maximum 46; minimum 26.
Barometer 30.00.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Another Wife.

A woman named Wemp Carr, supposed to be living with one Geo. Tripp, who resides in the township of Cramahe, Northumberland County, is said to have been married to Joseph Douglas, who is awaiting trial here on the charge of bigamy.

University Church.

Special services have been conducted with success in this place of worship for the past two weeks, being conducted by the Rev. G. H. Copeland. Last evening the services were conducted by Mr. W. A. Snider, who gave an earnest and practical address.

Cigars Stolen.

Between midnight on Saturday and an early hour on Sunday morning, some parties gained admission into the office of the Henderson House and stole about 100 fine cigars from the case which is situated in that room. There is no clue as to the perpetrator of the act.

More Stolen Articles.

Another search was made of Douglas' house on Saturday afternoon, with the result that some articles were found which were no doubt stolen. They consist of two spools of silk, two knitted children's under shirts and two pieces of dress goods. The police would like to find an owner for these articles.

First of the Season.

The first base ball match of the season in this vicinity (and, we doubt not, in the country) was played at Corbyville on Saturday between the Corbyville I X. L. nine and the Canifton Hustlers. After a tedious game the former club came off victorious. The score, which was a large one, was not preserved.

The Effect in Peterborough.

In an account of the Crossley and Hunter meetings the Peterborough *Review* says: "The whole town seems to be one great enquiry meeting, for in the post office, barber shops, stores, streets and rooms the talk is about the meetings and Christianity. Every person not a Christian seems ready to talk upon the subject."

An Action Threatened.

We are informed that a short time since an old gentleman named Wickett, who resides in Ivanhoe, in Huntingdon township, had occasion to travel west on the C. P. R., and purchased a return ticket to Ivanhoe station. On his return home the train did not stop at Ivanhoe and he was let off at a place called the Diamond and compelled to walk home, a distance of some 9 miles, after dark, the result being that he is now lying ill at his residence. An action is threatened against the railway in consequence.

The Moira's "Spring Opening."

Contemporaneously with the "spring openings" in the millinery and dry goods establishments, the river Moira has been holding one of the most successful spring openings on record. The ice has gone from the river without a particle of damage having been done by the liberation of the pent-up waters, and the strong current has cut its way into the bay far beyond the outer end of the railway pier. The next spring opening will be that of the ferry route, and within two weeks the last event of that character will be signalized by the arrival of a steamer from the bay ports.

Missionary Meeting.

A missionary meeting was held in the Albert College yesterday afternoon under the auspices of the society of that institution. Mr. Morrison, president of the society, occupied the chair. Mr. W. S. Boyce gave an essay on "The people, their customs and occupation" in British Columbia. Mr. R. J. Walker gave an essay on the progress of Christianity in British Columbia. Mr. H. Baylis read a biographical sketch of Wm. Martin, a missionary of the eastern countries. These were interspersed with two suitable quartettes rendered by Messrs. Baylis, McBain, Floyd and Morrison.

District Intelligence.

A mad dog was killed in Peterborough on Saturday morning. The animal, foaming at the mouth, created quite a sensation by rushing into the China Hall store and running among the crockery, smashing a number of pieces. He was finally despatched after 18 shots had been fired at him.

A boy named Long, of Ashburnham, had two fingers taken off in the cog wheels of a straw cutter on Saturday.

John Cheere and Geo. Keys, two Italians, were on Saturday at Peterborough charged with selling goods on Saturday the 17th inst. Keys was discharged but Cheere was fined $10 and costs.

Cheese Meeting.

A meeting of the cheese producers in this section of the county was held in the police court room on Saturday, for the purpose of ascertaining the best means of disposing of the cheese to be produced the coming season. A large number were present, among whom were Messrs. P. R. Daly, J. McLaren, Jas. Haggerty, F. Branton, S. T. Wilmot, H. Ashley, D. Vandewaters, F. Brintnell, J. M. Bird and others. Mr. Bird, president of the Cheese Board, occupied the chair, and stated what the object for which the meeting was called. A number of gentlemen spoke and Mr. Stark, representing The Mathews Co., of Toronto, was also present and spoke of the company which he represented, and said that his company might open a produce office in this place for the purpose of dealing in cheese. The majority of those who followed Mr. Stark were opposed to combines handling this produce, and thought that if a company was going to handle it they should form a company among themselves. After some further talk the meeting adjourned without any definite action being taken.

Personal

Ald. E. Guss Porter returned home last night from an extended visit to Dakota and Montana.

Justice Gray of the United States Supreme court, who has been considered one of the most confirmed bachelors in Washington, surprised his associates a few days ago by announcing his engagement to Miss Jennie Matthews, the second daughter of Justice Matthews, since deceased. Justice Gray is about fifty four years of age and is a man of massive physique, black eyes and hair and clean-shaven face, with the exception of small side whiskers. Miss Matthews is a young lady of rare accomplishments and is very popular in Washington society.

W. H. Vanderbilt's estate pays $170,000 in taxes every year. The Astors pay $305,000.

King Alexander I. of Servia, although but 13 years old, speaks German, French and Russian languages fluently.

The Emperor of Austria has given orders that his son's name shall never again be spoken in his hearing.

Sir Richard Webster, the British Attorney-General, is noted for the beauty of his singing voice, and is in great request at all social entertainments.

Mrs. Geo. Sherry is, we regret to learn, much worse to-day.

Mr. A. H. Coleman, who is attending McGill College, Montreal, is in the city on a visit to his friends.

SHILOH'S COUGH and Consumption Cure is sold by us on a guarantee. It cures consumption. Sold by D. M. Waters.

Hull-less Oats.

FARMERS LOOKING AFTER THEIR NOTES—NEW DEVELOPMENTS.

Lawyers were kept busy on Saturday answering questions from farmers who are beginning to realize that they have given their notes beyond recall. Enquiry was diligently made for Mr. Hess, but he was

NO WHERE TO BE FOUND.

Thus he probably saved himself a disagreeable experience, as several farmers had expressed their determination to push their demands for their notes. It appears that at this stage of the proceedings, when Hess cannot be found, Emrick, who was supposed to be one of the principals, now claims to be only a book-keeper, and when Mr. Martin, of Thurlow, accompanied by Constable Johnston, demanded his note, with authority from the County Crown Attorney, Emrick became scared and

DEPOSITED THE MONEY,

($120) in a second party's hands, to be given over to Martin in case Hess does not return by the 30th.

Now that Hess has disappeared and his return is said to be doubtful, it is asked, Why has not the Police Magistrate long since taken action to suppress this swindle? The County Crown Attorney being questioned on the subject, says that he told Mr. Flint by telephone that parties were in his office anxious to lay a complaint, to which

MR. FLINT REPLIED

that he could not see how he could do anything in the matter. As a result, we understand that the Crown Attorney has been compelled to have an information laid before Magistrate McCready, of Thurlow.

Parties who have been persuaded into giving their notes, can only

SAVE THEMSELVES IN THE ABSENCE OF HESS BY ENTERING AN ACTION

against the parties who recommended the scheme, and in nine cases out of ten they will find that their notes are in possession of, or passed through the hands of, these *disinterested* friends who have acted so readily the part of gamblers' agents.

Police Court.

MONDAY, March 25th.

LARCENY AND ASSAULT.

Joseph Douglas, charged with these offences, was further remanded until Thursday next, when these cases will be disposed of. He will also then be placed on trial on the charge of bigamy.

DRUNK.

Two young men were arrested at a late hour on Sunday night while intoxicated. The magistrate fined them both $5 or 15 days.

Miles Knight, drunk and disorderly, was fined $5 or 15 days.

PERJURY.

Mr. Cornelius W. Young, of the Township of Sidney, was charged by Frank Jones of Sidney, with perjury. The case arose at a suit brought against Jones by Young for the recovery of a will belonging to Mr. C. W. Young. Mr. Jones now alleges that Mr. Young swore at the trial that he was in the bedroom with his (Young's) wife, whereas it was false, and hence this action. Mr. L. H. Henderson conducted the prosecution, and Mr. Diamond appeared on behalf of the defendant.

Mr. Frank Jones, being sworn, said he was the plaintiff in this case; that the defendant, Young, had sworn at the trial on the 12th of January, that he was in the bedroom with his (Young's) wife. This he said was false. He was not in the bed room at all that night. The door of the sitting room was locked, and when Mr. Young broke it open he was there, and Mrs. Young and her daughter were there also. He was not in the house more than eight or ten minutes. He left at a few minutes to nine o'clock. He went there for the purpose of getting some clothing which belonged to him.

Cross examined by Mr. Diamond. My brother George came with me and he was not asked inside the house, he remained outside until he (the witness) came out. He could not say whether he could see what was going on or not. It was in December but not very cold.

The case has been laid over until Thursday next.

GRADUAL failure of strength, extreme pallor of face, puffiness under the eyes, persistent swelling of the joints, abdomen and legs, unaccountable sharp pain in the heart, shortness of breath followed by the lungs filling with water, which the kidneys fail to pass off—any one of the foregoing are symptoms of advanced kidney or Bright's Disease. The late Dr. Dio Lewis said, over his own signature, "If I found myself the victim of a serious kidney trouble, I should use your preparation." Professor Wm. H. Thompson, M.D., of the University of the City of New York, says: "More adults are carried off in this country by chronic kidney disease than by any other malady, except consumption."

Ministerial Association.

Resolutions Regarding the Jesuit Bill.

At the meeting of the Ministerial Association this morning the Rev. Dr. George presented resolutions regarding the Jesuit Bill, prepared by the Rev. Mr. Browning and himself, as requested by the Association at their last meeting. After a long discussion the following, copy of which has been furnished by the Rev. G. J. Dingman, Secretary, was adopted:

Resolved, That we the members of the Ministerial Association deplore and condemn the incorporation of the Society of Jesus by the Quebec Legislature, as from its past history we consider its members enemies of the commonwealth, and opponents of civil and religious liberty.

2. We also declare our solemn and determined protest against the Jesuit Estate Act passed by the Quebec Legislature, and the interference of a foreign power by placing at the disposal of the Pope of Rome public moneys, to be used at his discretion for the purposes of his church, and among them the subsidizing of the Jesuit order.

3. We firmly declare our conviction that the Jesuit Incorporation Act should be annulled, and that the Jesuit Estate Act be disallowed.

The Hotel Question.

Mr. Corby, M.P., desires us to state that he did not, as was alleged by Mr. Wm. N. Ponton at the Committee meeting on Tuesday night last, say that the syndicate who own the Dafoe House lot would build a large hotel if their assessment were kept at the present figure. Mr. Corby says he sees no reason why any hotel should be exempted from its share of taxation.

A Popular Instrument.

A new scale Upright Pianoforte recently completed by Messrs. Newcombe & Co., Toronto, is affording much satisfaction. It fills the requirements of a reliable instrument by a first class maker at a figure within the reach of all. Write them for particulars.

DYSPEPSIA IN ITS WORST FORMS will yield to the use of Carter's Little Nerve Pills, aided by Carter's Little Liver Pills. They not only relieve present distress but strengthen the stomach and digestive apparatus.

LOST IN THE STORM.

One of our local editors clipped from a leading magazine extracts from a vivid description of a western blizzard which we take the liberty to publish and suggest to H. H. Warner & Co., the proprietors of the celebrated Warner's Safe Cure, the feasibility of an extract for the introduction of one of their telling advertisements. The following is the description:

"At the close of a dark day in January a solitary horseman wends his way across the open prairie in one of our western territories. He passes at long intervals the lone cabin of the hardy frontiersman. Two or three old settlers, of whom he has inquired the way, have warned him that a storm is approaching, and with true western hospitality, urge him to accept shelter for the night. But he declines the proffered kindness and urges his tired horse forward * * * The sky grows suddenly dark. * * * The storm increases in its fury. * * * The rider dismounts to warm his fast chilling limbs. * * * Can scarcely breathe. Blindness comes on. Drowsiness steals over him. The end is near. * * * He is lost in the blizzard.

The terror which seizes the bewildered traveller is similar to that which overcomes one when he learns that he is suffering from an advanced Kidney Disease, and is informed that he is in the last stages of Bright's disease. At first he is informed that he has a slight kidney affection. Later he begins to feel tired. Slight headache. Fickle appetite. Failure of the eye-sight. Cramp in the calf of the legs. Wakefulness. Distressing nervousness. Rheumatic and neuralgic pains. Occasionally pain in the back. Scanty, dark colored fluids, with scalding sensation. Gradual failure of strength.

Any of the above symptoms signify Kidney Affection. His physician treats him for symptoms and calls it a disease, when in reality it is but a symptom of Kidney trouble. He may be treated for Rheumatic or Neuralgic pains, heart affection or any other disease which he is susceptible to. Finally the patient has puffing under the eyes, slight bloating of the ankles and legs. His physician informs him that it is but the accumulation of blood in his ankle for want of proper execise.

The bloat continues and reaches his body. Then he is informed he has dropsical troubles, and is tapped one or twice. He notices it is difficult to breathe owing to irregular action of the heart, and finally informed that he has a slight attack of Bright's disease.

At last the patient suffocates—is smothered—and dies from dropsical trouble. Or perhaps the disease may not take the form of a dropsical tendency, and the patient dies from apoplexy, paralysis, pneumonia or heart trouble. Or it may take the form of blood poisoning. In each form the end is the same. And yet he and his friends were warned by the proprietors of the celebrated remedy known as Warner's Safe Cure, of the lurking dangers of a slight Kidney affection.

He did not heed the warning that a storm was approaching. He declined the proffered hospitality, and recklessly went forward into danger. He struggled manfully for a time, but his strength failed, he grew gradually weaker and he was lost to the world. Not in a blizzard, but from the terrible malady which is occurring in every community, and which is doctored as a symptom instead of what it is,—a mortal disease unless properly treated.

WOMAN SUFFRAGE.

Interesting Scenes at the Registration Places in Detroit.

DETROIT, March 23.—Registration of women by women and for women, the first ever held in Detroit, began at 10 o'clock yesterday morning. Early in the day E. C. Skinner received the following from T. W. Palmer, the new Minister to Spain: "I send you congratulations. Let every women register and vote. It means greater consideration for the affluent, better wages for the struggling, better times, better officers and a better State. The morning light is breaking, the darkness disappears."

Mrs. Mary T. Morley was the first woman in Detroit to offer herself for qualification as a voter. To the questions: "Are you a married woman? Is your husband a voter?" she answered in the affirmative, and her name was registered in red ink. Jane A. Patterson registered in the Second Precinct of the Fourth Ward in the morning. When her husband went to the place of registration about noon, and discovered that his better half had registered, he declared that if his wife intended to vote he would keep the proper balance by remaining at home to mind the children. In the Twelfth Ward the ladies exhibited a portrait of Mrs. Gross, the ladies' candidate, and one of David Ferguson, her Democratic opponent, who is a member of the registration board, and who has yet to be complimented for his beauty. The comparison was expected to work wonders for the woman candidate.

It was curious to see the effect of a woman's presence in the saloons, where many of them were compelled to register. All of the saloon-keepers made some pretense of cleaning up. Some of the saloons were decorated, and none made any attempt to sell liquor while women were present. One dealer was unable to stand the sight of a woman in his saloon, and moved the office of registration next door. In the home circles last evening the one topic of conversation was the new experience of women. Many a man who abhors woman suffrage and supposed his wife did, was astonished to see her name in the newspaper lists of the registered ones.

The Statist's View of the Paris Crisis.

LONDON, March 24.—On the Stock Exchange the past week prices were firm and business was restricted. The small effect which the Paris collapse had on quotations here shows a great undercurrent of strength. In view, however, of impending failures in connection with metal in London and Paris great caution is exercised. American railroad securities were dull.

On the Berlin, Frankfort and Vienna Boerses prices closed firm yesterday.

The Statist considers that the Paris crisis has crippled the producing and consuming power of France. It says that large numbers of workmen will be thrown out of employment who will generate discontent, throwing discredit on the Government and increasing Boulanger's chances which the new repressive policy is not likely to counteract. The effect abroad will also be great. With the lending powers of France crippled Russia will be less friendly to France and the aggressive policy of Russia will be checked. Russia, Austria and Italy will find greater difficulty in borrowing and the prospects of peace will be thereby increased. The inevitable crippling of trade in France will injure trade in all Europe and disturb Eastern and South American commerce.

The Paris Bourse Recovering its Tone.

PARIS, March 24.—The Bourse yesterday was firm throughout on the recovery of prices of credit shares and in sympathy with higher prices abroad.

—China and Corea are reported to have arrived at an amicable understanding.

FOR NETTLE RASH, Summer Heat and general toilet purposes, use Low's Sulphur Soap.

—A French torpedo boat, her captain and fourteen of her crew have been lost off Cherbourg.

—The Government will issue licenses under the *modus vivendi* during the coming fishing season.

—Oarsman Teemer has issued a challenge to row any one a series of three races at different distances for $500 a race.

—Pork and lard were more active than usual on the Chicago Board Saturday. The former rose 15c. to 20c. and the latter 10c. to 12½c.

—The excitement in Chicago wheat was intense on Saturday. The fluctuations were wide and very rapid. At one time May sold at $1.07¾ and July at 90⅞c. These options, however, closed weak at $1.04¾ and 88⅜c. respectively.

For lame back, side or chest, use Shiloh's Porous Plaster. Price 25 cents. Sold by D. M. Waters.

Hardy, the New York Forger.

HIS DISCHARGE FROM CUSTODY THIS MORNING AT HALIFAX.

Is Re-arrested Charged with Forgery, and Lodged in Gaol.

Hardy Enters Suit for Illegal Detention of Himself and Baggage—A Fat Job for Lawyers.

(Special to the Intelligencer.)

HALIFAX, March 25, 1889.

Henry Hardy, the New York forger, was discharged from custody this morning by Judge Townshend, of the Supreme Court. He no sooner got outside the court door than he was hustled into a hack by detective Power, being re arrested under a warrant drawn out before a Justice of the Peace, charging him with forgery. He was driven to the police station, where his counsel demanded his release and the officers refused to give him up. Both sides are now worked up over the case, and the proceedings are becoming decidedly interesting. The second arrest was made in the face of the fact that City Marshal Colter had already been served with papers in a suit brought by Hardie for illegal detention of his money and baggage.

M'GARIGLE IN TORONTO.

The Noted Chicago Boodler Leaves Banff and Comes Down East.

TORONTO, March 25.—In a fine bold hand there was written on the register of the Rossin House on Saturday this name and address:

WM. J. MCGARIGLE, BANFF.

McGarigle is an uncommon name and it did not take long for the casual observer to conclude that this was the sign-manual of the famous Chicago boodler, who finds Canada is a much more congenial climate than that below the border line.

The only and greatest McGarigle has a wide reputation and his second advent in Toronto created no small amount of interest. In palmy days he was the warden of Cook County Hospital, an immense public charity in Chicago at that time charges of boodling were rife and it came to pass that McGarigle and another hospital officer were arrested, tried and convicted on the charge of having connived with contractors, whereby they muchly enriched themselves. Both were sentenced to two years at Joliet, the State Prison, and McGarigle's pal went there. McGarigle was placed in charge of Sheriff Matson, who allowed him to call at his house before going to Joliet. At the house the ex-warden asked to be allowed to go to the bathroom, and the permission was granted. By the assistance of his wife he escaped through the window and left the sheriff in the soup. This was in November, 1887.

McGarigle's friends were assisting him and he was put aboard the Canadian schooner "Edward Blake," which sailed down the lakes through the fierce winter gales. When it was too late the authorities got onto the game and followed in a steamer, but McGarigle was beyond the power of the United States law. At Port Huron the Edward Blake was boarded, but the game, which throughout the whole voyage had kept secluded, his identity being unknown even to the captain, was gone. He had quietly got into a row boat and was rowed to the Canadian shore. He located for some time near St. Catharines, where he had friends, afterwards visited Montreal and then went to Banff, that delightful Northwest resort, where he has spent many pleasant months.

Mr. McGarigle left Banff a week ago and Winnipeg three days ago. The C.P.R. train from North Bay that reached the Union Station early on Saturday morning had Mr. McGarigle for one of its passengers. He drove to the residence of some friends in Berkeley-street and later came down town and registered at the Rossin House, being assigned to room No. 161. He was in fine health and good spirits and cordially greeted the few friends he met. While not caring to say much to outsiders about his Chicago affairs he admitted that he would like to have matters settled so that he might go back to Chicago. Asked about the bill which Dr. Weldon, M.P., has before the Dominion Parliament to authorize the mutual exchange of Canadian and American boodlers he said he had no fear as regards himself. While it was proposed that the measure should be retroactive he believed that this clause will be struck out. He will probably visit Ottawa this week.

Mr. McGarigle was in the Rossin House but for a few hours yesterday. He slept there Saturday night and dined there, but the rest of the day was spent with friends outside. He did not return to the Rossin till 1.30 this morning.

PLAYING COWBOY.

Serious Shooting Accident in a Winnipeg Hotel—Poison in the Tea Pot.

WINNIPEG, March 24.—W. H. Evans was accidentally shot in a bedroom of the new Douglas House this afternoon by his companion Harker. The bullet entered Evans' cheek bone below the eye and lodged near the ear, making a dangerous and perhaps fatal wound. Both young men recently arrived from England. Evans is a son of a prominent surveyor of Liverpool and Harker is a son of a minister of Bolton, Eng. Harker was playing cowboy when the accident occurred.

Meredith, a tea merchant, and his wife and child were poisoned by acid from solder in a tea pot. All are in a fair way of recovery.

A Petticoat Bank Robbed.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., March 24.—John Morris refused to put the saving of a life time $1255, in a bank, as he thought it would not be safe, and he and his wife sewed the money in her petticoat. Saturday night three masked men entered his wife's room, gagged her, stole the petticoat from under her pillow and escaped. Wm. Standish has been arrested and Mrs. Morris identified him as one of the thieves.

A Train Captured by Tramps.

PITTSBURG, Pa., March 24.—A large party of tramps boarded a freight train on the Pittsburg and Lake Erie Railroad near Alliquippa last night, and for five hours held the train, refusing to allow the crew to move it unless permitted to ride on it. A telegram was sent to Pittsburg for assistance and a special train with officers was sent to the rescue. Twelve tramps were arrested but a large number escaped.

The Northern Pacific's Acquisition.

PHILADELPHIA, March 24.—The Inquirer states that a well known railroad man said to-day that the Northern Pacific Railway has secured control of the Wisconsin Central, and through it an entrance to Chicago. The directors will meet in New York Wednesday to formally approve the lease, but the company is already in practical control of the Wisconsin Central.

Killed on the Railway Track.

RIDGETOWN, March 23.—Mr. Duncan Gillies, an old resident of this county, was struck by an east bound Michigan Central freight train here last night and instantly killed. He has a son traveling for a Toronto wholesale house. The cause of the accident is not definitely known.

A Mystery Cleared Up.

CUMBERLAND, Md., March 24.—In a cave on the western side of Bear's Mountain, Daniel Schram yesterday found a human skeleton. It proved to be the remains of John Hodel, an inventor of this city, who seven years ago left home while despondent and had not since been heard from. A bottle found in the cave had contained hydrochloric acid.

Corn Sowing

Is a process conducted by the agency of tight boots all the year around. Corn reaping is best conducted through the agency of Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor, the only safe and sure-pop corn cure. Putnam's Extractor is now widely imitated. Beware of all poisonous and sore producing substitutes.

—The American ball players in Europe will sail for home this week.

—Cholera is raging in the Philippine Islands and yellow fever in Cuba.

THAT HACKING COUGH can be so quickly cured by Shiloh's Cure. We guarantee it. For sale by D. M. Waters.

—The town of Finsk, in Russia, has been destroyed by fire. Six persons were burned to death.

A WISE CONCLUSION.

Years ago we decided that we would handle only such goods as we could recommend to our customers as good value for the money. The result is we have established a reputation for selling the best wearing Boots and Shoes in the locality, and our trade has increased while others have decreased. Our new Spring Stock has again been selected with the same care.

HAINES & LOCKETT.

EMBROIDERIES!-----

We have by far the largest stock of Embroideries in this city. We show them at prices ranging from 2c. to $5.50 per yard. 240 patterns to choose from.

J. HENNESSY.

☞ No such goods shown by any other store in town.

Correspondence.

Whilst correspondents will be accorded space for the expression of their ideas on topics of public interest, it must be in all cases understood that the views so expressed are simply those of the correspondents themselves.

To the Editor of the Intelligencer.

MY DEAR MR. EDITOR.—I desire to again address your readers on the future prospects of the city of Belleville. In doing so, I shall be as brief as possible. I am opposed to all municipal bonuses, as being an immoral fraud on the whole people for the aggrandisement of the few. Bonused Institutions are but hot house plants doomed to early decay under reckless and dishonest management, which is to-day, unfortunately, the rule and not the exception.

I regret that Mr. Skinner is not in accord with my views. The jury law would be a farce were there not two sides to a question and Mr. Skinner's occupation would be gone. In the present controversy we have to do with measures, not with men, and therefore, with your permission, Mr. Editor, I shall avail myself of the privilege when I so choose of expressing my views on subjects which engross the public attention. Speakers that are moved more by impulse than by reason, should have proof sheets sent them so that what they might have said would be given to the public. Had Providence, in His infinite wisdom, endowed us with a ubiquitous nature, we might all have attended those interesting meetings, as Mr. Skinner would have us do. But then, Mr. Editor, your occupation would also be gone.

I am more than pleased to know that since I penned my last letter, another business meeting was held to discuss the best means to dispose of some of our surplus funds, which are already becoming a danger to the city. Our American neighbors are in precisely the same fix, an abundance of money lying idle in the treasury. General Harrison, the newly installed President, is equal to the occasion—would to heaven we had his equal—fortifications and ironclads are to be immediately built for the protection of the country. The Germans, in the Pacific ocean, are encoaching on his rights, whilst the French, in the building of the Panama canal, are violating the Monroe doctrine, and the Dominion of Canada, what shall we say of her? A fickle neighbor that may at any moment participate a war.

Cannot the business men of Belleville copy after President Harrison's plan, and build a few fortifications out in the bay, to protect ourselves against the encroachments of those wily Jesuits and intriguing Yankees who threaten their very existence? The Toronto *Globe* and *Mail*, two erratic journals—outcasts from both political parties in the Dominion—can be secured to man the ramparts, aided by an influx of Italian laborers, which would materially conduce to the increase of our population, and a financial gain to resident laborers, whose domiciles are already overburdened with debt and taxation, the result of former bonus schemes.

I admire the offer, by a few prominent citizens, of vacant lands within the city limits—heir looms, some of them in the family for the last half century—would not sell them if they could.

This offer, we are informed, was highly applauded by the meeting. Why, sir, have we forgotten the fact, that twenty thousand dollars worth of property was given away lately within the city limits, to satisfy the claims of the City Collector, at par value, as Mr. Henry Pringle puts it in his great speech and no applause. His firm, he tells you, would not accept a bonus. This reminds one very forcibly of the fable of the fox and the grapes, yet he advocates the bonus system, so far as it will not interfere with his interests.

He reminds the meeting of the collapse of the axe factory and the woollen mills, as if he would make a point out of it, when in fact the history of those industries is in itself evidence against all such false reasoning.

Mr. Lazier, proprietor of the woollen mills, came to this city comparatively speaking a rich man. He spent his thousands freely; through adverse circumstances, over which he had no control, he went out of the business comparatively speaking a poor man, and that without much sympathy from either the City Council or the Board of Trade. Hoping that the taxpayers of the city will keep an eye on those philanthropic gatherings, I have done for the present. PROGRESS.

Belleville, March 25, 1889.

CONSUMPTION CURED.

An old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrah, Asthma and all Throat and Lung Affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Complaints, after havidg tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive and a desire to relieve human suffering, I will send free of charge, to all who desire it, this receipt, in German, French or English, with full directions for preparing and using. Sent by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper. W. A. NOYES, *149 Power Block, Rochester, N. Y.*

The Loss of the Hair

Is a great misfortune and the sight of a bald head should be a warning to you to take the best possible care of your hair. A little of Dr. Dorenwend's "Hair Magic" used occasionally will prevent all chances of its falling out or turning gray, and will remove all traces of dandruff. Every druggist has it in stock. Ask for it.

SOME SYMPTOMS OF WORMS are:—Fever, colic, variable appetite, restlessness, weakness and convulsions. The unfailing remedy is Dr. Low's Worm Syrup.

—England has demanded of Morocco £50,000 indemnity for the massacre and pillage at the MacKenzie factory at Cape Juby in 1888.

IMPERIAL CREAM TARTAR BAKING POWDER

TRADE MARK

PUREST, STRONGEST, BEST,
CONTAINS NO
Alum, Ammonia, Lime, Phosphates,
OR ANY INJURIOUS SUBSTANCE.
E. W. GILLETT, TORONTO, ONT. CHICAGO, ILL.
MANUFACTURER OF
THE CELEBRATED ROYAL YEAST CAKES.

NEW COLLARS

—AT—

--FISH'S.--

ROYAL TOP.
TOP ROYAL.
THE HARRISON,
THURMAN COLLARS

are the newest out. New Neckwear, elegant patterns. See our new Shirts.

A. E. FISH & CO.,
The noted Shirt Makers and Gents' Furnishers, 260 Front St.

CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES

—AT THE—

City Book Store.

New Stock just received, in all the latest styles of leading American and Canadian manufacturers.

Largest assortment in the city to select from. No old goods carried over. All Carriages this year's make.

Prices extremely low.

☞ Study your best interests by examining our stock.

C. B SCANTLEBURY

TENDERS WANTED!

TENDERS addressed to D. B. Robertson, Esq., City Clerk and endorsed "Tenders for Stone," will be received until 6 o'clock p. m.

Thursday, March 28th, inst.,

—FOR—

ONE THOUSAND CORDS OF HARD-HEAD STONE,

broken suitable for streets, delivered in such place or places within the city limits as may be designated by the Public Works department. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

THOMAS HANLEY,
Chairman Public Works Com.
Belleville, March 21, '89 274 1td

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S

English-Fruit-Jams,

Made from fresh ENGLISH FRUITS and REFINED SUGAR only.

RASPBERRY, STRAWBERRY, PLUM, DAMSON, GOOSEBERRY, CHERRY, BLACK CURRANT, RED CURRANT and GREENGAGE,

In pound pots, full weight.

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE,
Grocers and Wine Merchants.
33 & 37 Bridge Street.
Also Front Street, Opp Ritchie's

To Let for a Term of Years, or For Sale.

PARTS of 9 and 10, 2nd Con. of Thurlow, containing about 100 acres of cleared land, adjacent to the Grand Trunk Station. Apply to

HON. ROB'T READ,
March 19, '89 d&wtf Belleville.

VETERINARY.

T. PURVIS, Veterinary Surgeon, Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College, Toronto, Member of Ontario Ve. Society. Office, rooms formerly occupied by Dr. Douglas, Front St. References—J. P. W. & Son, and Ed. Rooney, Prescott. 263d&wtf

FIRE! FIRE!!

I AM offering for sale at the Central Wood Yard, near the Foot Bridge, a large quantity of hard and mixed wood, cut and uncut. Also a quantity of dry pine wood, cut and uncut, which I will sell cheap and deliver to any part of the city free of charge.

EDWARD NEWMAN.

WINTER SERVICE.

---ALLAN LINE----

Steamships	Fr Portland	Fr. Halifax
Polynesian	21 Feb.	23 Feb.
Sardinian	7 Mar.	9 Mar.
Circassian	21 "	23 "
Parisian	4 April	6 April
Polynesian	18 "	20 "
Sardinian	2 May	4 May

Circassian from Quebec May 10th.

The steamers from Portland via Halifax call at Londonderry on their passage to and from Liverpool, to embark and land mails and passengers.

The steamers from Halifax via St. Johns, Nfd., call at Queenstown on their passages to and from Britain.

Steamers leave Portland on arrival of train leaving Belleville Wednesday noon, and Halifax on arrival of train leaving Belleville Thursday noon.

Passengers proceeding by steamers calling at St. Johns, Nfd., will leave Belleville on Friday noon train.

RATES OF OCEAN PASSAGE:

Cabin, $50.00, $65.00 and $75.00 according to accommodation. Intermediate, $30.00. Steerage, $20.00. Return Tickets, Cabin, $100, $125.00, $150.00. Intermediate, $60.00. Steerage $40.00.

Steerage passengers are booked to and from Queenstown, Derry, Belfast, London and Glasgow at same rates as Liverpool.

Intermediate passengers are forwarded to and from Glasgow and Liverpool by rail without extra charge.

CABIN PASSENGERS

are supplied with a very liberal table, and everything necessary except wines and liquors, which can be had on board at moderate prices.

Each passenger is allowed twenty cubic feet of baggage free.

THE INTERMEDIATE.

Superior accommodation is offered in the INTERMEDIATE, which in every respect is equal to what is called Second Cabin in some lines sailing from New York.

The Intermediate Cabins on all our ships are well situated, perfectly ventilated and are entirely distinct from the Steerage. Steward and Stewardesses to each vessel. Passengers in the Intermediate are found with everything.

THE STEERAGES

are large and exceedingly well lighted and ventilated, are fitted up in rooms, each passenger having a separate sleeping berth. A Stewardess is appointed to each steamer.

For tickets and all information apply to

J. E. THOMPSON,
General Ticket Agent,
Bridge St. Belleville.

THE KEY TO HEALTH.

BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS

Unlocks all the clogged avenues of the Bowels, Kidneys and Liver, carrying off gradually without weakening the system, all the impurities and foul humors of the secretions; at the same time Correcting Acidity of the Stomach, curing Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Headaches, Dizziness, Heartburn, Constipation, Dryness of the Skin, Dropsy, Dimness of Vision, Jaundice, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Scrofula, Fluttering of the Heart, Nervousness and General Debility; all these and many other similar Complaints yield to the happy influence of BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS.

Sample Bottles 10c; Regular size $1.

For sale by all dealers.

T. MILBURN & CO., Proprietors, Toronto

Manufacturers Life & Accident INSURANCE COMPANIES.

Combined authorized capital	$3,000,000
Combined subscribed capital	739,700
Combined cash capital	150,760
Combined insurance received (1888)	9,575,525

President Sir John A. Macdonald.
Vice Presidents { Geo. Gooderham, Esq., William Bell, Esq.
Secretary and Treasurer—J. L. Kerr, Esq.
Managers for Eastern Ontario, Peterboro—Wilson & Morrison.

R. CROFT HULME
Agent, Belleville.

Agents wanted.

This Company wrote the largest amount of new business of any company in Canada in 1888. It has the largest capital and the strongest Board of Directors of any company in the Dominion.

ARMBRECHT'S

TONIC COCA WINE

FOR FATIGUE OF MIND AND BODY AND SLEEPLESSNESS.

"Experience and scientific analysis reveal to us in Coca the most tonic plant in the Vegetable Kingdom."—*Manuel Fuentes.*

"It (Coca) is, in a word, the most powerful restorer of the vital forces."—*Dr Schwalk.*

ARMBRECHT'S COCA WINE, though more tonic in its properties than Iron or Quinine,

NEVER CONSTIPATES.

See Medical Reviews. For sale by leading druggists throughout the world.

ARMBRECHT, NELSON & CO.
2 Duke St., Grosvenor Sq., LONDON.

Pond - Lily - Cream.

A delightful Toilet article. Not a face paint or powder; does not cover over but cures. Used in connection with Pond Lily Liver Pellets and Pond Lily Soap most effectually and positively removes Pimples, Freckles, Tan, Black Specks, Blotches, allays all irritation after shaving, or any itchiness of the skin from whatever cause and all roughness from the face, hands, neck and arms, leaving them beautifully white and velvety. Sold by wholesale dealers and druggists everywhere. Pond Lily Cream, 25 cents; Pond Lily Liver Pellets, 25 cents; Pond Lily Skin Soap, 15 cents. S. PERRIN, Chemist, Manufacturer and Proprietor for Canada.

PILES! PILES! PILES!

Dr. William's Indian Pile Ointment is a sure cure for Blind, Bleeding or Itching Piles. No one need suffer. Prepared for Piles only. It never fails to cure. Sold by druggists for $1.00, or mailed on receipt of price. WILLIAMS M'F'G Co., Cleveland, Ohio.

Important to Workingmen.

Artizans, mechanics and laboring men are liable to sudden accidents and injuries, as well as painful cords, stiff joints and lameness. To all thus troubled we would recommend Hagyard's Yellow Oil, the handy and reliable pain cure for outward or internal use.

Give Them a Chance ?

That is to say, your lungs. Also all your breathing machinery. Very wonderful machinery it is. Not only the larger air-passages, but the thousands of little tubes and cavities leading from them.

When these are clogged and choked with matter which ought not to be there, your lungs cannot half do their work. And what they do they cannot do well.

Call it cold, cough, croup, pneumonia, catarrh, consumption or any of the family of throat and nose and lung obstructions, all are bad. All ought to be got rid of. There is just one sure way to get rid of them. That is to take Boschee's German Syrup, which any druggist will sell you at 75 cents a bottle. Even if everything else has failed you, you may depend upon this for certain.

A Feeble Failure.

Many persons become feeble and fail in health and disease of the blood, liver, kidneys and stomach when prompt use of Burdock Blood Bitters, the grand purifying and regulating tonic, would quickly regulate every bodily function and restore to perfect health.

FEVER AND AGUE AND BILIOUS DERANGEMENTS are positively cured by the use of Parmelee's Pills. They not only cleanse the stomach and bowels from all bilious matter, but they open the excretory vessels, causing them to pour copious effusions from the blood into the bowels, after which the corrupted mass is thrown out by the natural passage of the body. They are used as a general family medicine with the best results.

To lessen mortality and stop the inroads of disease, use Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and Dyspeptic Cure. For all diseases arising from Impure Blood, such as Pimples, Blotches, Biliousness, Indigestion, etc., etc., it has no equal. Mrs. Thomas Smith, Elm, writes: "I am using this medicine for Dyspepsia; I have tried many remedies, but this is the only one that has done me any good."

Nothing so suddenly obstructs the perspiration as sudden transitions from heat to cold. Heat rarifies the blood, quickens the circulation and increases the perspiration, but when these are suddenly checked the consequences must be bad. The most common cause of disease is obstructed perspiration, or what commonly goes by the name of catching cold. Coughs, colds, sore throat, etc, if attended to in time are easily subdued, but allowed to run their own course, generally prove the fore-runner of more dangerous diseases. Nine-tenths of the consumptives date their affliction from a neglected cold, and the diseases that are caused by wet feet, damp clothes, or exposure are more numerous than are generally supposed. One of the most efficacious medicines for all diseases of the throat and lungs is Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup. It promotes a free and easy expectoration, which frees the lungs from viscid phlegm by changing the secretions from a diseased to a healthy state.

Rest and Comfort to the Suffering.

"Brown's Household Panacea" has no equal for relieving pain, both internal and external. It cures Pain in the Side, Back or Bowels, Sore Throat, Rheumatism, Toothache, Lumbago and any kind of a Pain or Ache. "It will most surely quicken the Blood and Heal, as its acting power is wonderful." "Brown's Household Panacea," being acknowledged as the great Pain Reliever, and of double the strength of any other Elixir or Liniment in the world, should be in every family handy for use when wanted, "as it really is the best remedy in the world for Cramps in the Stomach, and Pains and Aches of all kinds," and is for sale by all Druggists at 25 cts a bottle.

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, *Station D, New York City.*

DUNN'S BAKING POWDER

THE COOK'S BEST FRIEND

EXHAUSTED VITALITY.

THE SCIENCE OF LIFE, the great Medical Work of the age on Manhood, Nervous and Physical Debility, Premature Decline, Errors of Youth, and the untold miseries consequent thereon, 360 pages 8 vo., 125 prescriptions for all diseases. Cloth, full gilt, only $1, by mail, sealed. Illustrative sample free to all young and middle aged men. Send now. The Gold and Jewelled Medal awarded to the author by the National Medical Association. Address P. O. Box 1895, Boston, Mass., or Dr. W. H. PARKER, graduate of Harvard Medical College, 25 years' practice in Boston, who may be consulted confidentially. Specialty, Diseases of Men. Office, No. 4, Bulfinch Street,

NERVOUS DEBILITY.

NERVOUS DEBILITY, EXHAUSTING, Vital Drains (caused by early indiscretions), effectually cured. Syphilitic affections and all bad blood and skin diseases arising there from thoroughly eradicated. Varicocele cured without operation. Impotence, or premature decline of the manly powers, and all diseases of the genito-urinary organs a specialty. It makes no difference who has failed to cure you. Skill and experience important. A friendly letter or call may save you a great deal of misery and add years to your life. Consultation FREE. Medicines sent to any address. DR. REEVE, 337 Jarvis St., Toronto. 59d&w1y

RUPTURE

The last 25 years I have adjusted more Trusses than any man in America. Valuable Patents, my own invention, in Trusses, Spinal and Club Feet Instruments.

Rupture—I will guarantee to hold largest Rupture without touching your hip, no straps whatsoever, waterproof. Largest stock of general Trusses, also the great Cluthe Spiral Trusses in stock. Reliable system for ORDERING BY MAIL.

Spinal Instruments half the weight of other makes and more effective.

CLUB FEET I claim the only mechanical system to straighten born Club Feet (Patented.) I will prove to anybody that operation never did nor can straighten Club Feet. Send 6 cent stamps for Book.

CHAS. CLUTHE, 118 King St. W., Toronto

CHAS. CLUTHE,

of 118 King St. West, Toronto, Ontario, will be at the QUEEN'S HOTEL, BELLEVILLE, Saturday, JUNE 1st. Call early and avoid disappointment. No FAILURE. Will hold the most OBSTINATE cases of RUPTURE WITH EASE AND COMFORT.

-----NEW-----

Sugar Cured Hams, Breakfast Bacon, Finnan Haddies, Boneless Codfish, New Walnuts, New Filberts, S. S. Almonds, Loose Muscatel Raisins, Black Basket Raisins, London Layer Raisins, Buckwheat Flour, Selfrising Buckwheat Flour, Roll Butter, Fresh Eggs

AT A. WALLACE'S.

Daily Intelligencer.

RIGHTED AT LAST.

A STORY OF NEW ENGLAND LIFE.

> A child of our grandmother Eve, a female;
> Or, for thy more sweet understanding, a woman.
> *Love's Labor Lost.*

—o—

'And the dog left me for her, Cousin Anne. That fact, coupled with the knowledge that she had been running races among the hills with a lad who might have been her familiar, led me to scrutinize her closely. I fancied I had stumbled upon a swith, that had strayed across the line from Connecticut, where they used to flourish—or, at least, a fairy—for, when the lad spoke of her sheep tending, and cow-bringing habits, I remembered there sometime freaks of usefulness, and I thought one of the race might well have a friendly feeling for your cousin. But when I questioned the creature, it answered in plain, prosaic English. It was Miss Annesley's companion, forsooth!'

I was greatly amused at his serious air, as well as Miss Annesley's perplexed look. She caught at his closing sentence, however; it was, probably, the only one she comprehended.

'Yes, indeed,' she said; 'Miss Ray is my companion, my friend, rather, and I have reason to thank Providence every day, for giving me such a one.'

'Ah, but when I suggested *friend*,' returned the gentlemen, somewhat to my annoyance, 'the—well—I suppose I must say person, ignored the relation, and said, expressly, *hired* companion.'

'That's just like Lina. She is as proud, in her own way, as Julia Lloyd is in hers; but she is never presuming.'

'*And* Miss Lloyd is?' He gave me a look that said: 'I shall get my answer, after all.'

'Presuming! Oh, no; Miss Julia is very independent, and that makes her, sometimes, a little forgetful of those around her. It is only natural, petted and admired as she has been, and accustomed to command from her cradle. I have sometimes feared that Lina, not knowing her well, might feel hurt, at times, by her careless way of speaking, but I see she does not, by her manner of answering you. She is right, for no one can, in a strict sense, be called *good*. It's hardly polite for you to press her so hard, Ralph.'

'I have already explained to Miss Ray that I am not what would be called a polite man, cousin, and the young lady has, doubtless, faults enough of her own, to make her merciful to the shortcomings of others.'

He arose and took his newspaper, leaving me to discuss, with my mistress, the best method of preparing brandied peaches.

For several succeeding days, I saw little of him. His arrival was the occasion of numerous calls from the gentlemen of the neighborhood. Then came trouting expeditions to the hills, calls to be returned, and long rides on Don, with only Nep for a companion. Sometimes, he had a word, or a pleasant smile (and his smile could be very pleasant) for me, when I chanced to meet him, but, more frequently, he passed me with a nod, or no sign of recognition at all. I was daily convinced that I had acted wisely in remaining beneath his roof. I wondered if he knew that Alice Ross was so near, and determined to go to the Ridge as soon as possible, to impress upon her the increased necessity of keeping my secret.

But Miss Annesley was deep in the mysteries of black-berry-jam that week, and my presence was indispensable, besides, a severe thunderstorm had changed to a settled rain, which made the hill-paths any thing but safe and comfortable walking.

One day, while I stood by the window, anxiously 'seeking for a sign' of fair weather, I saw Mr. Annesley, who had ridden away the day before, come dashing up the road at full speed. I went up stairs to bring down some drawings which my mistress wished to see, and, when I returned, encountered both him and Nep in the hall, dripping with water and bespattered with mud. He smiled when he saw me, and called out, gayly:

'Don't be frightened, Miss Ray. Nep and I have a fancy for racing sometimes, as well as yourself, and care as little for a soaking as his namesake of old; and we've caught it this time!'

I was not disposed to grieve, for I thought Miss Annesley would have ample time to look over the drawings before he could change his dress and join us. I was mistaken. In what seemed to me an incredibly short space of time, he entered in fresh habiliments, and, lounging into an arm-chair, began talking to my mistress of some affairs in the city, where, it seemed he had spent the night.

Interested in his conversation, she forgot the drawings which I quietly laid aside on the table behind her, and resumed my netting. My movement did not escape him, for presently he said:

'Now, Miss Ray, we will look at those drawings, if you please.'

I did not dare to refuse, though I remembered with dismay that the little sketch of Cedar Pond was among them. But he laid it aside with a passing glance, as he did most of the others, until he came to some three or four in which I had attempted to embody my conceptions of some of the scenes in Shelley's 'Revolt of Islam.' These he examined closely for some time before he remarked:

'You have studied Shelley to some purpose, it seems. Did you understand that poem?'

'Not wholly, but I liked it very much.'

'A woman's answer. I see you liked it, or you never would have executed these. The conception is good, and the execution—passable, for a school-girl. But who can hope to do justice to Shelley? You might as well attempt to seize the tremulous radiance of a star! You have left the combatants' (he had returned to the sketch illustrating the opening of the first canto) 'a speck—a cloud, a shape,' I observed, as the poet first conceived them. Why did you not represent them in their distinct forms—

'An eagle and a serpent wreathed in fight?'

'I did try, but the effort satisfied me still less than this,'

'Very likely,' he returned, with one of his quick, pentrating glances, 'and it's hardly to be regretted. What should you, whose life has been as quiet as a nun's, know of the fierce combats of Good and Evil? To you they are like that cloudy shape. Let them remain so.'

'But, if the battle-ground be within the heart, it may rage as fiercely in the nun's cell as the king's palace—may it not, sir?'

I was thinking of what Mr. Cavendish had once said about temptation.

He gave me another searching look before he replied:

'Therefore, you would say that the 'power of circumstances,' which we make the scape-goat for our false, wasted lives, is but the subterfuge by which the devil juggles us into self-complacency?'

'The inference is yours, sir—not mine.'

'But you believe it. I read it in your eye. Are you as severe as you are sententious, Miss Ray?'

'I don't believe that Circumstance is a god before whom men should sink supinely, but rather an earth-born Titan from whom he may wring a blessing, as Jacob did at Penuel, if he will. As for myself, I have, as you were pleased to observe the other night, faults enough of my own to make me humble.'

(*To be continued*).

Try to Benefit Others.

"I had a very bad pain in my side, of which one bottle of Hagyard's Yellow Oil made a complete cure. I hope that this may be of some benefit to those who read it." A. R. T. Walker, 44½ High St. City. Hagyard's Yellow Oil is a specific for all inflammatory pain.

The Loss of the Hair

Is a great misfortune and the sight of a bald head should be a warning to you to take the best possible care of your hair. A little of Dr. Dorenwend's "Hair Magic" used occasionally will prevent all chances of its falling out or turning gray, and will remove all traces of dandruff. Every druggist has it in stock. Ask for it.

A Life of Ease.

Miss Lizzie Ratcliff, writing from Falkirk, Ont., says: "I had such a cough I could not sleep and was fast going into consumption; I tried everything I could hear of without relief, but when I got Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam I soon got ease. It is the best medicine I ever tried." Lizzie Ratcliff, Falkirk, Ont.

TORONTO, March 15, 1889

Messrs. The Lansdowne Piano Mfg. Co.,
86 York St., Toronto:

GENTLEMEN,—It affords me much pleasure to testify to the excellent qualities of your Pianos. Before I purchased a piano from you several years ago, I carefully examined many instruments by different makers in order to secure the best. I am glad to assure you that I have not been disappointed in my selection.

Your Pianos will favorably compare with any STEINWAY or CHICKERING I have yet seen, and I have no hesitation in saying that they surpass all other Canadian Pianos in breadth and richness of tone, lightness of touch, beauty of style, and especially in the bell-like quality of the treble notes.

Concluding, I wish to congratulate you upon the great success and the results you have obtained, and I am sure your Pianos will always sustain the wide reputation they have hitherto enjoyed. I remain,

Respectfully yours,
THEODORE H. A. MARTENS,
Graduate of the Leipzig University of Music.

T. DONNELLY,
Agent, Belleville

FARMS FOR SALE.

THE undersigned is instructed to sell on EASY TERMS the following FARMS, situated in the County of Hastings:

TOWNSHIP OF TUDOR.

Lots Nos. 27 and 28, South-west side of Hastings Road, 100 acres.

LIMERICK.

Lots Nos. 53 and 54, 2nd con., east Hastings Road, 100 acres.

MONTEAGLE.

Lot No. 30, 16th con., 101 acres.

WICKLOW.

Lot No. 29, 1st con., 101 acres.

CARLOW.

Lots Nos. 24 and 25, 7th con., 200 acres. Lots Nos. 24 and 25, 8th con., 200 acres. Lot No 28, 8th con., 100 acres. Lots Nos. 24 and 25, 15th con., 199 acres.

Titles are perfect. Apply to

JAMES BOOTH,
Real Estate Agent, Belleville.
Office corner Pinnacle and Bridge Sts., up stairs.
Feb. 28, '89. d30tw3m

REFINED CAMPHOR

Fresh from the Manufacturers, just received by

L. W. YEOMANS & CO.

Luxuriant Growths of Hair

are seen on the heads of all who use

DR. DORENWEND'S

Great German Hair Magic.

The equal of this great preparation is yet to be found. It is an unfailing restorer for Gray Hair. It stops and prevents all falling out of the hair. It removes all Dandruff and keeps the scalp clean. On Bald Heads (if there are but the faintest traces of roots) the "Magic" will produce a fine growth. Will you try it? or will you let your hair go and become prematurely old? What do you say?

All druggists, everywhere, have it for sale. Ask for it. Do not let the druggist tell you he has "something just as good." Many have dead stock of other hair tonics on hand and try to shove them off in this way.

See that each bottle bears seal and signature of

A. DORENWEND,
Sole Manufacturer,
Paris Hair Works, 103 & 105 Yonge St.,
Toronto, Ontario.

☞ Bangs, Frontpieces, Waves, Wigs, Switches, Gents' Wigs, Toupees and Hair Goods of all kinds are supplied by A. Dorenwend. Send to above address for circulars and prices.

$4.00 PER MONTH will rent a comfortable house in a good situation.

$7.00 PER MONTH will rent a good brick house.

$10.00 PER MONTH will rent a large brick house with a good stable, and within two minutes' walk of Front Street.

FOR SALE.—A comfortable residence, with a good garden, and a quiet street.

For further particulars apply to

J. L. BIGGAR.

$72 a week, $12 a day at home easily made. Costly outfit free. Address TRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine.

BELLEVILLE POST OFFICE.

MAILS	Close	Due for Delivery.
East per G. T. R., including Maritime Provinces, and Picton	11:45 a. m. 10:00 p. m.	6:00 p. m 7:30 a. m.
West per G. T. R., including Western States, Manitoba and the North-West Territories	5.05 p.m. 10.00 p.m.	1:00 p. m. 7:30 a. m.
East and West, per G. T. R., closes on Sunday at 10 p. m.		
Marysville, Shannonville, per G. T. R	11:45 a. m.	6:00 p. m
Belleville Station, postage one cent	7.30 a. m. 5.05 p. m.	8.30 a. m. 6.00 p. m.
G'd Junction Ry., main line, including Peterboro', Stirling,	10:00 p. m	5:00 p. m.
Madoc, per Grand Junction Ry, including Queensboro, Cooper, Rimington, Bridgewater, and the Flats	11:45 a. m.	5:00 p. m.
Madoc Route, per stage	1:00 p. m.	12:00 noon.
Bancroft, Coe Hill, Marmora and all offices in North Hastings per Trenton and Coe Hill Railway	5 05 p. m. 10:00 p. m.	:30 a. m.
Bridgewater Route per stage, including Stoco daily	1:00 p. m.	12:00 noon.
Moira, Phillipston, Bogart, on Monday, Wednesday and Friday	1:00 p. m.	12:00 noon.
Fuller, on Tuesday and Friday	1:00 p. m.	12:00 noon.
Wallbridge, on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
Ameliasburg Route, per stage, including Mountain View and Crofton	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
Albury on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
Sidney Crossing, Wednesday and Saturday	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
Bay Side, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
British Mails, via New York, Monday and Thursday	11:45 a. m	
" " via Halifax, Canadian line Thursday	11:45 a. m.	

Postage, 5c. per ½ oz. by each route. Registration fee, 5c.

Money Orders granted on all Money Order offices in Canada, the United Kingdom, France and Algeria, the United States, Newfoundland, Jamaica, Victoria (Australia), New South South Wales, Queensland, New Zealand Tasmania, Constantinople (Turkey), Gibraltar, Smyrna, Panama (British agency), Austria, Hungary, Belgium, China (See Hong-Kong), Denmark, including Iceland and the Faroe Islands, Danish West Indies, Dutch, East Indies, Egypt, German empire (which includes 26 States), Holland, (Netherlands), Italy, Japan, Norway, Portugal, including Madiera and the Azores, Romania, Sweden, Switzerland, British India, including Aden, Bagdad, Bandor, Abas, Bushire, Busrah, Guadur, Jask, Linga, Muscat and Zanzibar, Ceylon, Hong Kong, including Amoy, Canton, Foo Chow, Han Kow, Hoi-how, Ningpo, Shanghai and Swatow, North Borneo, Strait Settlements, Bermuda, Falkland Islands, South and West Africa, including Cape Colony, Gambia, Gold Coast, Lagos, Mauritius, Natal, St. Helena, Seychelles Islands, Sierra, Leone, West Indies including Antigua, Bahams, Barbadoes, British Guiana, Dominica, Grenada, Honduras, (British), Montserrat, Nevis, St. Kitts, St. Lucia, St. Vincent, Tobago, Trinidad, Turk's Islands, South Australia, Western Australia, Azores Islands, Madera Islands.

Deposits received, under the regulations of the Post Office Savings' Bank, between the hours of 9 a. m. and [illegible] p. m.

Registered Letters must be posted 15 minutes before the close of each mail.

Street letter boxes emptied at 10 a. m. and 8 p. m.

Office hours, 7:30 a. m. to 6:30 p. m., Sundays excepted.

FOREIGN POSTAGE.

Canada having been admitted into the Postal Union, there is a re-arrangement of Postage rates, as follows:—

For Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Iceland, Egypt, France, Algeria, Germany, Gibraltar, Great Britain and Ireland, Greece, Italy, Luxembourg, Malta, Montenegro, Netherlands, Norway, Persia, Portugal, Azores, Roumania, Russia, St. Pierre, Servia, Spain, the Canary Islands, Sweden, Switzerland and Turkey. And via United States:—Bermuda, Bahamas, Cuba, Danish Colonies of St. Thomas, St. John, St. Croix, Jamaica, Japan and Porto Rico (Newfoundland is now in the Postal Union, but rates remain as before.) Letters, 5 cents per ½ oz. Postal cards, 2 cents each. Newspapers, 2 cents for 4 oz. Registration fee, 5 cents.

For Aden, Argentine Confederation, Brazil, British Guinea, Ceylon, Greenland, French Colonies in Asia, Africa, Oceanica and America, except St. Pierre and Miquelon, Persia, Persian Gulf, Portuguese Colonies in Asia, Africa and Oceanica, Trinidad, Spanish Colonies Africa, Oceanica and America, except Cuba and Porto Rico, Straits settlements in Singapor Penany and Malacca:—Letters, 10 cents per ½ oz. Post cards, 4 cents each. Newspapers, cents for 4 oz. Books, &c., 4 cents for 4 oz. Other Registration fees, 10 cents.

West India Islands, via Halifax, same rate as formerly. Prepayment by stamp in all cases.

J. H. MEACHAM
Postmaster

CLEARING--SALE

—OF ALL—

BOOTS AND SHOES

Damaged by Fire and Water. Over $5,000 worth at less than half regular price.

A. W. VERMILYEA & SON.

NEW SEASON'S TEAS,
FRESH GROUND COFFEES,
Handsome Presents Given Away

—AT—

STROUD BROS.,

Front Street, Belleville,

and at Montreal, Ottawa, Kingston and Toronto.

California Evaporated Fruits !

NECTARINES.	PEACHES,
APRICOTS,	CHERRIES,
PRUNELLES, PLUMS,	CRYSTALIZED FIGS.

CONGER BROS.

Sun Life Assurance Company

—OF CANADA—

I have great pleasure in announcing to the Policy-holders and friends of the Company that the Applications for New Life Assurances received during the year 1888 were $3,396,483.00, Life, and $2,820,900,00, Accident, or a total of $6,217,383.56. The total income was $525,273 and the total disbursements $288,859, thus giving a surplus of $236,414. The total assets of the company are $1,974,316, and there is a cash surplus to policy-holders of $172,537—an exceedingly satisfactory showing.

W. T. MCINTYRE,
General Agent, Belleville.

S. PARLIAMENT, Special Agent.

BURDOCK PILLS

SUGAR COATED

A SURE CURE

FOR BILIOUSNESS, CONSTIPATION, INDIGESTION, DIZZINESS, SICK HEADACHE, AND DISEASES OF THE STOMACH, LIVER AND BOWELS. THEY ARE MILD, THOROUGH AND PROMPT IN ACTION, AND FORM A VALUABLE AID TO BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS IN THE TREATMENT AND CURE OF CHRONIC AND OBSTINATE DISEASES.

NEW

Wall Paper !

—AT—

--S. A. LAZIER'S--

ROBERTSON'S BLOCK

October 16th

Try FROSTILLA.

It softens the roughest skin and keeps it in good condition.

It contains nothing greasy or sticky, is nicely perfumed, a lady's toilet not complete without it.

An elegant face dressing for gentlemen after shaving.

For sale at the PHARMACY.

D. M. WATERS,

Economy, Equity, Stability.

—o—

Ontario Mutual Life Assurance Co.

(ESTABLISHED 1870.)

DOMINION DEPOSIT - $100,000.

Assurances in force, Jan. 1st, 1889	$12,041,914
New Assurances written in 1888	2,518,650
Cash Income for 1888	393,074
Assets, Dec. 31st, 1888	1,313,853
Liabilities, as per Gov't Valuation	1,223,516

SURPLUS, - - $90,337.00.

The New Business for January and February of this year is MUCH GREATER than was ever before written by the Company during the same months, while, with over $12,000,000 on our books, the death losses have been very moderate.

S. BURROWS,
General Agent Ontario Mutual Life Co'y.

S. ROUGHTON, W. E. HOLTON, } Special Agents.

Office, Front Street, next door to Dominion Bank, Belleville.

NEW LINES

—IN—

CAKES and PASTRY.

Angel Cake, Coffee Cake, Queen Victoria, Adelaide, and a great many other varieties.

Florida Oranges, Almeria Grapes and New Figs, just received at

DICKENS.

P. S.—We would respectfully ask all retailers to drop in and see us and the large line of Candies we are offering at wholesale.

DICKENS & SON.

CALIFORNIA
EVAPORATED
FRUITS

NECTARINES,
APRICOTS,
PEACHES,
PLUMS.

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE

Grocers & Wine Merchants,
33 & 37 Bridge Street.
Also Front St., opp. Ritchie's.

FOR MEN ONLY!

A POSITIVE CURE For LOST or FAILING MANHOOD; General and NERVOUS DEBILITY; Weakness of Body and Mind: Effects of Errors or Excesses in Old or Young. Robust, Noble MANHOOD fully Restored. How to Enlarge and Strengthen WEAK, UNDEVELOPED ORGANS & PARTS of BODY. Absolutely unfailing HOME TREATMENT—Benefits in a day. Men testify from 47 States, Territories, and Foreign Countries. You can write them. Book, full explanation, and proofs mailed (sealed) free. Address ERIE MEDICAL CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

BEFORE BUYING STOVES

Be sure to see our stock. We have in Coal Stoves the

Imperial Jewel,
Fancy Countess,
Art Favorite,
Fire King and others.

Also a great variety of RANGES and COOK STOVES, which we are selling at right prices.

C. F. SMITH & CO.
388, FRONT STREET.

S. W. BRADSHAW

Wishes to inform the citizens of Belleville that he has BOUGHT OUT THE

GROCERY

(lately occupied by Mr. Arch. Wallace,)

CORNER OF HOTEL AND ANN STREETS

where he intends to keep a full supply of the best of Groceries always fresh, and his stock of Provisions, such as Meats and Vegetables, will be especially fresh and in great variety and delivered with despatch. All orders by telephone No. 53) will be promptly delivered to any part of the city.

N. B.—Please remember Telephone No. 53.

HASTINGS LOAN AND INVESTMENT SOCIETY

BELLEVILLE, ONT.

CAPITAL $250,000

MONEY TO LOAN on Farm or City property, at lowest current rates.

Payments can be made to fall due at any season of the year to suit borrowers. No delay in taining the money beyond the time necessary employed in the investigation of titles.

MORTGAGES PURCHASED.

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT.

FOUR PER CENT interest allowed on Deposit. No notice required of withdrawal.

OFFICE—Robertson's Block, east side of Front Street.

Straight loans at 7 per cent. No fines. No commissions.

J. P. C. PHILLIPS,
Manager.

21&w1yr

J. H. MILLS,

--Merchant Tailor,--

OPPOSITE GEO. RITCHIE & CO'S

THE MAGOG TEXTILE & PRINT CO.

Will offer for Spring Trade the LARGEST, CHEAPEST and MOST VARIED range of Prints ever shown, including

SPRING NOVELTIES

—OF—

LATEST PARIS DESIGNS!

Merchants will do well to see their samples before buying elsewhere. Early advice will be given when Travellers will call.

St Peter Street, - Montreal.

PARMELEE'S Asphaltic ROOF PAINT.

It will entirely stop the rusting of tin and iron roofs.

It will entirely stop the wearing away and decay of the exposed wood of shingle roofs.

It has been accepted by the City, the County, and the chief Real Estate Owners of the City.

I will be glad to give estimates of cost at any time and anywhere.

H. S. PARMELEE,
Belleville.

432,000 FIRE CRACKERS

—AT THE—

—CITY BAKERY—

Wholesale and Retail.

JAS. WALLACE.

PENNYROYAL WAFERS.

Prescription of a physician who has had a life long experience in treating female diseases. Is used monthly with perfect success by over 10,000 ladies. Pleasant, safe, effectual. Ladies ask your druggist for Pennyroyal Wafers and take no substitute, or inclose postage for sealed particulars. Sold by all druggists, $1 per box. Address THE EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., DETROIT, MICH.

FOR SALE BY D. M. WATERS.

INTELLIGENCER PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY LIMITED.

J. C. JAMIESON, President. | J. W. LONDON, Secretary

THE Treasurer is the only person authorised to receive moneys for the Company, or to grant receipts for the same.

All Bills, Notes, Cheques, and other documents binding on the Company, will require the signature of the President, in addition to that of the Treasurer.

THE INTELLIGENCER is printed and published for the INTELLIGENCER Printing and Publishing Company (Limited) by JAMES C. JAMIESON, resident in Belleville, at their Office, Front St., south of Hotel St.

THE RATHBUN COMPANY,

Having transferred me to their Brockville branch, I beg to thank my friends and customers for the liberal patronage and kindness extended to me during my residence in Belleville, and also to bespeak the same treatment to Mr. R. C. Calhoun, my successor.

P. J. SHANNON.

The Daily Intelligencer.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL. 22. BELLEVILLE ONTARIO, TUESDAY MARCH 26, 1889. NO. 278

THE RATHBUN CO.

Having appointed me Agent for their Belleville branch, I take this opportunity of soliciting a continuance of the patronage which they have hitherto enjoyed through the popular management of Mr. Shannon. It will be my desire and aim to maintain and add to this patronage, which fair dealing and a thorough knowledge of the requirements of the trade leads me to hope for.—R. C. CALHOUN.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

G. DENMAR,

BARRISTER, Solicitor, etc. Office, Front Street.

W. B. NORTHRUP, M. A.,

BARRISTER, Solicitor, &c. Offices: North Bridge St., between Front St. and Lower Bridge.
Money to loan—private and company funds.

J. C. CONNELL, M.A., M.D., C.M.

DISEASES of the Eye, Ear, Throat and Nose. Surgeon to Kingston General Hospital. Office—No. 279, King Street, Kingston. Dr. Connell will be at the Queen's Hotel, Belleville, on the first Tuesday of each month. Sept. 5 d&wly

E. GUSS PORTER,

BARRISTER, Solicitor, Notary Public, &c. office in the Robertson Block, east side of Front Street.
☞Private Money to Loan. 371d&w1,

DR. ELIZABETH EMBURY,

GRADUATE of Queen's University, Licentiate of the College of Physicians and Surgeons, Ontario.
Office and residence—Harrison's Block, Front Street, across the hall from rooms formerly occupied by Dr. Farley, over Holland's jewellery store. Diseases of women and children a specialty. d&wtf

HENRY CARRE, C. E.,
M. C. Soc. C. E.,

DOM, and Prov'l Land Surveyor, late of the firm of Macleod & Carre, P. L. S. References: John Bell, Esq., Solicitor G. T. R., W. H. Ponton, Esq., Registrar of the County. Office—McAnnany Block, opposite Skinner & Redick's. Belleville, Ont., P. O. Box 203. 20d&w

J. F. WILLS,

BARRISTER, Solicitor, Notary Public, &c. Office, corner Front and Campbell Streets, Belleville, Ont. Money to loan, Company and private funds. 24d&w

J. WALTER ROSS, M. D., C. M.

GRADUATE of the University of Trinity College, Toronto. Physician, surgeon, accoucheur. Office and residence West Front Street, one door north of entrance to Foot Bridge. d&wly

JOHN J. FARLEY, M. D., C. M., M. R. C. S., England.

OFFICE and Residence—corner of Bridge and George Streets—three streets east of the Post Office.

ROBERT BOGLE,

LOAN and real estate agent. MONEY TO LOAN at lowest rates. Office, opposite Roy's Brewry, Front St., Belleville.

GEO. CLINTON, M. D., C. M

OFFICE and residence Bridge St., between William and George Sts, third block eas of Bridge Street Methodist Church. Telephone No. 44. d&w

GEO. J. SHERRY,

BARRISTER, &c. Office. Metropolitan Block, next door north of Dominion Bank, Front St. Branch Office, Stirling. 116

EDGAR M. COOK, M. D.,

HOMOEOPATHIC Physician and Surgeon. Office and residence, West Front Street, in the late Dr. Abbott's premises, over Brignall & Thompson's store. TELEPHONE. 175dtf

GEO. D. DICKSON, Q. C.,

BARRISTER, &c., Post Office [illegible] .ock Bridge Street Belleville.

WILLIAM N. PONTON,

BARRISTER, Solicitor Notary Public, Conveyancer. Office, over Express and Telegraph Office, Thompson Block, Bridge St., Belleville. Money to loan—private funds. Agent or the Trust and Loan Company of Canada.

DR. BURDETT

IS pleased to inform his friends that he is again able to render his professional services as before. 176 6m

DRUNKENNESS
Or the Liquor Habit, Positively Cured by Administering Dr. Haines' Golden Specific.

It can be given in a cup of coffee or tea without the knowledge of the person taking it; is absolutely harmless, and will effect a permanent and speedy cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. It has been given in thousands of cases, and in every instance a perfect cure has followed. It never fails. The system once impregnated with the Specific, it becomes an utter impossibility for the liquor appetite to exist. For circular and full particulars address GOLDEN SPECIFIC CO., 185 Race St., Cincinnati, O.

BANKING OFFICE
—OF—
U. E. THOMPSON
BRIDGE STREET, BELLEVILLE, ON
American Currency and Drafts Bought and Sold.

Deposits received, subject to withdrawn with out notice and interest allowed.

EYE, EAR & THROAT
DR. RYERSON.

L. R. C. P., L. R. C S. E., Lecturer on the Eye, Ear and Throat, Trinity Medical College, Toronto, and Surgeon to the Mercer Eye and Ear Infirmary.
60 College Avenue, Toronto.
☞Dr. Ryerson will be at the Queen's Hotel, Belleville, on Saturday, April 20th.

RAYMOND C. ROLPH
SIGN PAINTER.

LETTERING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.
Corner of Front and Campbell Streets.
80dly

M. C. ROBLIN
ISSUER OF
MARRIAGE LICENCES

nd agent of the Lancashire Insurance C m any. Office over Hooey & Sons, Front Str et elleville. 186d 1y

A. G. NORTHRUP,
Issuer of Marriage Licences,
OFFICE—SHIRE HALL, BELLEVILLE
November 10

The Great English Prescription.
A successful Medicine used over 30 years in thousands of cases. Cures *Spermatorrhea, Nervous Weakness, Emissions, Impotency* and all diseases caused by abuse. [BEFORE] indiscretion, or over-exertion. [AFTER] Six packages *Guaranteed to Cure when all others Fail.* Ask your Druggist for The Great English Prescription, take no substitute. One package $1. Six $5, by mail. Write for Pamphlet. Address Eureka Chemical Co., Detroit, Mich.
FOR SALE BY D. M. WATERS.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.
he Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin ruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R. Temp on.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

KEILLER'S
NEW
MARMALADE
JUST RECEIVED.
WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE
Grocers and wine merchants,
35 & 37 Bridge Street.
Also Front Street, Opp. Ritchie's.

CAIRN'S
HOME MADE
MARMALADE
As supplied to the Queen. This season's make.
JUST RECEIVED.
WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE,
Grocers & Wine Merchants,
35 & 37, Bridge Street
Also Front St., opp. Ritchie's.

NEWCOMBE
PIANOFORTES
AWARDED FIRST SILVER MEDAL

WORLD'S EXPOSITION, NEW ORLEANS, U.S.A., 1884-5, in competition with the pianofortes of Europe and America. The only U.S. International Medal ever awarded to a Canadian pianoforte; also Medal and Diploma at the Colonial and Indian Exhibition, London, Eng., 1886, with the supreme honor of supplying Her Majesty the Queen with a Newcombe Grand, selected by Sir Arthur Sullivan. For Illustrated Catalogue, prices and terms,

Address Octavius Newcombe & Co.,
MANUFACTURERS
WAREROOMS, 107-109 CHURCH ST., TORONTO
FACTORY, 89 TO 97 BELLWOODS AVENUE

Gents' : Furnishings!

A FULL LINE of Gentlemen's Goods for the Fall and Winter.
Shirts made to order and a good fit guaranteed.
C. J. PANTER.

Feather Dusters
A full assortment of American Split Turkey Feather Dusters.
F. CHARLES CLARKE,
CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST.
Telephone 138. Front Street.

DR. LOW'S WORM SYRUP
DESTROYS AND REMOVES WORMS OF ALL KINDS IN CHILDREN OR ADULTS SWEET AS SYRUP AND CANNOT HARM THE MOST DELICATE CHILD

OFFICE TO LET.
FIRST-CLASS Office and Shop Room to let for a term of years. Apply at this office.
THE BELLEVILLE WATER WORKS CO.

Daily Intelligencer.

ATTACKING MR. WEBSTER.

SIR CHARLES RUSSELL RENEWS THE BATTLE.

Provisions of the New German Penal Code—Projected Negotiations Touching the Newfoundland Fisheries.

LONDON, March 25.—In the House of Commons this afternoon Sir Charles Russell, who upon rising was loudly cheered, said he desired to make a statement regarding the speech by Attorney-General Webster, Friday. He read a letter he had written to Sir Richard Webster in which he said he did not believe the latter had been correctly reported. It was absolutely incorrect to say that before Pigott's examination, or before Pigott fled, he (Russell) had received information, direct or indirect, to the effect that Pigott discredited the value of his own testimony. It was absolutely incorrect to say that he had either called for or referred to letters conveying such information. Attorney-General Webster in reply to the speaker's letter had written that he believed he had handed such letters to him, but he would have to refer to his shorthand notes for confirmation. The Attorney-General was mistaken in supposing that he had given him five days before Pigott testified letters discrediting Pigott's evidence. The letters in which Pigott confessed his fear of cross-examination had come upon the speaker and his colleagues as a complete surprise. After Pigott's flight they had repeatedly made open complaint in court regarding the manner in which the Attorney-General had conducted the case. He did not impute dishonorable motives to the Attorney-General, but he thought he had been led away by the political character of the case into a course of conduct which on reflection and in less exciting circumstances he would not have pursued. [Cheers.] Sir Charles said that even when Pigott had testified he did not get the letters to which reference had been made, although Sir Richard Webster offered to produce the letter of Nov. 5. He asked the Attorney-General either to admit that he was mistaken or to point out in the official report any reference to the letter of Nov. 15.

Sir Richard Webster admitted that relying upon memory he had erred when he wrote to Sir Charles. He argued that in any case the matter was unimportant.

The Attorney-General persisted that if Sir Charles had consented to have the letter from Mr. Soames to Pigott read in court he (Russell) would have been in a position to demand the correspondence to which it referred.

Mr. Asquith, of the Parnellite counsel, followed. He asserted most positively that neither he nor Sir Charles had the ghost or glimmering of a notion that a letter of Pigott's existed in which he announced that his testimony would be discredited.

Sir Wm. Vernon-Harcourt contended that no answer had been given to his charge that Mr. Webster, knowing Pigott to be a doubtful witness, had allowed The Times for two months to repeat its odious charges and further had sat silent while Houston affirmed that he had complete trust in Pigott, which statement Mr. Webster knew to be false.

Mr. Webster: "I have protested that I had no means of knowing that Houston's statement was untrue."

Sir William said an attorney might weave the cobwebs of miserable professional etiquette about the matter but the common sense of the nation would revolt against the keeping alive to the last moment charges known to be false, as an act of professional cruelty and injustice.

Sir Edward Clarke, Solicitor-General, defended Mr. Webster.

Mr. Lablanche said Mr. Houston, Mr. Soames and Mr. Webster had all avoided asking questions concerning Pigott. He attacked the Gladstonian lawyers who abstained from voting when the division was taken Friday.

Mr. Morley said he had not a word to withdraw from what he had said in Friday's debate.

The subject was then dropped.

The Newfoundland Fisheries.

PARIS, March 25.—A deputation has urged Premier Tirard and M. Spuller, Minister of Foreign Affairs, to deal with the question of the neutralization of the banks of Newfoundland during the fishing season. The deputation suggested that the matter be considered jointly with the regulations for the prevention of collisions at sea in regard to which the United States Government in 1888 proposed to enter an international conference.

M. Spuller promised that he would communicate with the countries interested.

The New German Penal Code.

BERLIN, March 25.—The new penal code provides that persons found guilty of inciting one class against another or of publicly attacking the basis of public and social order, especially religion, the monarchy, marriage or property, shall be imprisoned for a term not exceeding three years. Persons convicted of a second offence may be forbidden to reside in certain places. Newspapers which have been twice convicted of any of the offences mentioned in the code shall be suppressed. Socialists who have been expelled from the country shall not be allowed to return within five years after the adoption of the code unless by special permission of the police authorities.

Offensive Partisans.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—The Postmaster-General has refused to say anything for publication regarding offensive partisanship as cause for removal of postmasters but The Star says: "On Saturday Mr. Wannamaker made the positive announcement to an unnamed member of Congress, who had a very offensive postmaster he was working to have removed, that the charge of offensive partisanship would not be regarded as a sufficient cause for removal. Some other good reason would have to be given and it did not matter whether or not that charge was attached."

Insanity of a Noted Author.

NEW YORK, March 26.—A Hartford (Conn.) dispatch states that Mrs. Harriet Beecher Stowe's mind is almost completely gone, although she is in as good health as she has ever been of late years. The father of Mrs. Stowe, Rev. Lyman Beecher, passed the closing years of his life with a cloud resting over his mind. His symptoms were greatly similar to those which now afflict Mrs. Stowe.

Her Last Sail.

SARATOGA SPRINGS, N.Y., March 26.—Rev. Mr. Brown of North River took a sail yesterday on the upper Hudson River at that place with his wife and her mother, a Mrs. MacClellan. Losing control of the boat it was whirled through the rapids and capsized. Mr. and Mrs. Brown saved themselves but Mrs. MacClellan was drowned.

Another Tragedy from a Kentucky Feud.

PINEVILLE, Ky., March 25.—Another tragedy was enacted this morning as a result of the Sowders-Turner feud. Alvis Turner and Jeff King were going toward Cumberland Gap and James Bird was coming to town. On meeting Alvis Turner at once fired at Bird, the ball striking his gun. Bird returned the fire killing Turner and then King fired on Bird, killing him, and beat a hasty retreat up Clear Creek.

Seizure of Oleomargarine.

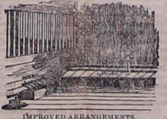
NEW HAVEN, Ct., March 26.—Internal Revenue Collector Troupe yesterday seized 11,000 pounds of oleomargarine at the factory of N. J. Nathan & Co. of this city. The seizure was made by order of the Washington authorities and neither the collector nor the firm understood the nature of the charges.

FARM, FIELD AND GARDEN.

FRESH FACTS FOR THE BENEFIT OF AGRICULTURISTS.

Conveniences for the Poultry House—A Novel Feeding Coop for Young Chicks—Notes.

Looking after a flock of poultry requires a good many steps, and it is well to plan the houses and yards so as to save all the strength and time possible. The soil in the houses must be renewed every year. Instead of having the fences which separate one yard from the other all put up permanently, a large gate can be made close to each house so that the team which removes the old soil and brings new can go close to the front windows, through which the earth can be thrown, saving the handling of it two or three times. Some convenient internal arrangements of the poultry house are shown in the accompanying illustration. Ground oyster shell is now considered a necessity in every house and is kept by the fowls all the time. Instead of throwing it on the ground, have a box or an old fruit can nailed to the partition to keep it in. For water dishes nothing is better than an old paint-keg cut down half way with one stave left for a handle. The old paint still sticking to the inside of the keg may be cleaned off by filling the keg with wood ashes well saturated with water, which after being allowed to soak awhile may be cleaned out, when the paint will come with it. This water dish is set on a low platform or box to prevent the hens scratching the sand into it and yet low enough to allow them to drink conveniently. The feed box for the morning feeding of warm dough ought not to be simply a pan or board placed on the ground in the middle of the house. It is made, as shown in the engraving, by fastening a board from six to eight inches wide like a shelf to the side of the pen about six inches from the ground, provided with a slatted cover to prevent the fowls from getting their feet into the food. This cover may be hung on hinges or leather straps and held up, while the dough is being put in, by a strap on the partition above. Both dishes and shelf can be on one side, and much room saved. A platform is provided under the roost and under this the nests are placed, with access for the hens on the back side so that they will be dark. A drop is provided on the front to be raised in order to get the eggs.



IMPROVED ARRANGEMENTS.

Feeding Coop for Chicks.

A device which is designed to give little chicks a chance to take their food without being harassed and robbed by the older fowls consists of a slatted box, four feet long, twenty inches wide, and a foot high. The lower parts of the sides are covered with boards and the remainder of the coop with laths. The bottom is left open, the box resting on the ground. At each end next to the ground is an opening three inches wide and a little more in height, to admit the chicks. The food is scattered inside on the ground through the slatted top. A coop of the dimensions named will be sufficient for thirty chicks until they are four weeks old. It should be removed to fresh ground every two or three days. These changes will help to keep the chicks clean and therefore healthy. Attention to little matters of this kind often makes the difference between success and failure in poultry culture. There is no sort of use in trying to raise poultry for profit where the little chicks are neglected as they are on too many farms; and those who have not sufficient patience to "bother" with such matters had better leave them to some one else who has.

Notes.

It costs something like $40 a year to maintain a cow, and the profit lies in what she yields above the cost and maintenance.

Poultry will eat broken glass with benefit where sharp, gritty material is scarce. They need something of the kind, and it should not be withheld.

As a remedy for lice nothing is better or cheaper than dry dirt. All kinds of stock will use it, and it should be stored up every summer for winter use.

There are two ways of artificially manuring the soil; one by the direct use of chemical fertilizers; the other by feeding farm animals the foods that are rich in fertilizing elements, such as nitrogen, phosphoric acid and potash.

Be very particular, says an exchange, about disinfecting the kitchen sink. Washing soda, two tablespoonfuls to a gallon of boiling water, makes an excellent wash to pour hot into the sink at night, after the work of the day is over.

A complete change of the soil in flower-pots is sometimes necessary, and will enable a plant to secure more food and grow better. If the same soil is used too long it may become unfit for the health of the plants, as well as harbor worms and parasitic insects.

An acre in fruit, especially of strawberries, will sometimes pay better than five acres of grain. It should pay the farmer to have a sufficiency of fruit for his own use alone. A large quantity can be canned for winter use, and it affords an agreeable change without much cost.

Every farm, however small, should, if possible, have its wood lot. Besides the supply of summer fuel, it is very convenient if one needs a post or a few rails for repairs to go there and select them. In cutting out trees reference should be had to the welfare of those that are left. It is well to go to the lot with a cart and pick up the chips and take them to the wood shed.

It is unwise to grow hay to be sold off the farm. Stock raising and grass growing are joint occupations. A higher price can be obtained for hay by converting it into beef, while the manure remains behind to add to the fertility of the soil. When the hay is sold off the farm will sooner or later be impoverished, and the prices obtained will be less than if stock is kept to consume the hay.

The old Marquis of Donegal, who died the other day in his ninetieth year, was a typical Irish nobleman such as Lever depicts in his novels. He was rich and spent his money in his own country, where he lived the greater part of his life. His son, Lord Belfast, who succeeds him, sympathizes with home rule.

Milan, Paris and London lead the world in all that pertains to a thoroughly artistic knowledge of dancing. The Royal Academy "de la dance" at Paris, founded by Louis XIV, and which is presided over at the present time by M. de Soria, is the most finished school of dancing in the world, and approached by none save that of La Scala, in Milan.

Precepts.

Rev. Alban Cope—"Well, my little man, what are you going to give up as a Lenten sacrifice?" Bobby—"I don't think I'll give up anything, sir. Papa told me once [illegible] it wasn't manly to give up."—Puck.

Particular About the Preposition.

"Don't you want a man of mind when you marry?" asked a K street girl of a friend. "Not particularly," was the reply. "I want a man to mind though, and if he doesn't—well he'll hear from me pretty quick."—Washington Critic.

A PITCHED BATTLE

Between a Tiger and a Boar Which a Hunter Saw From His Hiding Hole.

Among the many stories of adventure which Mr. Inglis tells in his "Tent Life in Tiger Land," one of the most interesting is that in which he describes a pitched battle between a tiger and a boar, which he watched from a hiding hole near a pool, where the wild beasts came to water. When the boar saw the tiger the latter roared. But, says Mr. Inglis, the old boar did not seem to mind the roar so very much as might have been anticipated. He actually repeated his "hoo! hoo!" only in a, if possible, more aggressive, insulting, and defiant manner. Nay more, such was his temerity that he actually advanced with a short, sharp rush in the direction of the striped intruder. Intently peering through the indistinct light, we eagerly watched the development of this strange rencontre. The tiger was now crouching low, crawling stealthily round and round the boar, who changed front with every movement of his lithe and sinewy adversary, keeping his determined head and sharp, deadly tusks ever facing his stealthy and treacherous foe. The bristles of the boar's back were up at a right angle from the strong spine. The wedged-shaped head poised on the strong neck and thick rampart of muscular shoulder was bent low, and the whole attitude of the body betokened full alertness and angry resoluteness. In their circlings the two brutes were now nearer to each other and nearer to us, and thus we could mark every movement with greater precision. The tiger was now growling and showing his teeth; and all this, that takes such a time to tell, was but the work of a few short minutes. Crouching now still lower till he seemed almost flat on the ground, and gathering his sinewy limbs beneath his lithe, lean body, he suddenly startled the stillness with a loud roar, and quick as lightning sprang upon the boar. For a brief minute the struggle was thrilling in its intense excitement. With one swift, dexterous sweep of the strong, ready paw, the tiger fetched the boar a terrific slap right across the jaw, which made the strong beast reel; but with a hoarse grunt of resolute defiance, with two or three short, sharp digs of the strong head and neck, and swift cutting blows of the cruel, gashing tusks, he seemed to make a hole or two in the tiger's coat, marking it with more stripes than nature had ever painted there; and presently both combatants were streaming with gore. The tremendous buffet of the sharp claws had torn flesh and skin away from off the boar's cheek and forehead, leaving a great ugly flap hanging over his face and half blinding him. The pig was now on his mettle. With another hoarse grunt, he made straight for the tiger, who very dexterously eluded the charge, and, lithe and quick as a cat after a mouse, doubled almost on itself, and alighted clean on the boar's back, inserting his teeth above the shoulders, tearing with his claws and biting out great mouthfuls of flesh from the quivering carcass of his maddened antagonist. He seemed now to be having all the best of it. So much so that the boar discreetly stumbled and fell forward, whether by accident or design I know not, but the effect was to bring the tiger clean over his head, sprawling clumsily on the ground. I almost shouted, "Aha, now you have him!" for the tables were turned. Getting his fore feet on the tiger's prostrate carcass, the boar now gave two or three short, ripping gashes with the strong, white tusks, almost disemboweling his foe, and then, exhausted seemingly by the effort, apparently giddy and sick, he staggered aside and lay down panting and champing his tusks, but still defiant, with his head to the foe. But the tiger, too, was sick—yea, sick unto death. The blood-letting had been too much for him. And now thinking that it was time for the interference of a third party, I let the two mutually disabled combatants have the contents of both my barrels, and we had the satisfaction presently of seeing the struggling limbs grow still, and knew that both were ours.

Anti-Tax Exemptionists.

OTTAWA, March 25.—The City Council to-night passed a resolution authorizing the Mayor to call a convention of municipal representatives to discuss desired amendments to the Municipal Act. The move is promoted by the anti-tax exemptionists, but many other proposed amendments will likely be discussed by the convention. It was stated that the convention idea was strongly favored by the Ontario Government who would prefer to act upon the recommendations of such a body rather than upon those of single municipalities.

A Clergyman's Mishap.

ST. GEORGE, March 26.—Rev. Jos. Odery, Methodist minister here, had a narrow escape from being killed by a vicious horse last evening. He had gone into the stall to feed and care for it when it attacked him, knocking him down, kicking and tramping upon him. His collar bone was broken and he is very severely bruised. Luckily some one entered the stable and rescued him from his perilous position.

Seizure of a Still.

BRECHIN, March 25.—Two constables passed through here to-day about noon and returned in about two hours. They succeeded in seizing a still and arresting Duncan Calder as the still was found in his barn. It is not known whether Calder had made or sold any liquor.

INTERESTING ITEMS BY WIRE.

Prince Moritz of Hanau is dead.

Dr. McCosh of Princeton has returned from his western trip in bad health.

Mrs. Margaret E. Sangster has accepted the position of editor of Harper's Bazar.

It has been decided to establish an arts department in connection with McMaster University.

The Board of License Commissioners of Toronto will not renew liquor licenses to grocery stores.

President and Mme. Carnot have accepted an invitation to dine at the German embassy, April 20.

The labor movement is spreading throughout Germany. Many strikes are reported in the provinces.

Judgment has been given that Indians on Reserves cannot vote on petitions for the repeal of the Scott Act.

Despatches from St. Petersburg say that a large number of foreign Jews have recently been expelled from Kieff.

It is stated that the French Cabinet will soon be remodelled in order to avert a threatened ministerial crisis.

Lord Hartington dined with Lord Salisbury last evening and afterwards had a conference with the Prime Minister.

Rev. Dr. Castle has resigned the principalship of Toronto Baptist College, owing to ill-health, and has been succeeded by Rev. Prof. D. A. McGregor.

The Liberal members of Parliament are to give a banquet at Her Majesty's Theatre in honor of Mr. Parnell. It is hoped that Mr. Gladstone will preside.

ALL SORTS.

Twenty-seven years ago an acorn lodged somehow in the mortar or between the stones of an Ohio Court House spire, took root and sent out an oak shoot. To-day a miniature oak grows on the spire, eighty feet from the ground.

Illumination by electricity is making but slow progress in London. It is so expensive that only the rich can adopt it in their dwellings. It is soon to be introduced in the Strand and Oxford street for lighting those great thoroughfares.

In Southern Russia and the Caucasus the women smoke almost as universally as the men. A newspaper correspondent writes "I have had, two or three times, nicely dressed ladies step up to me in a railroad station or on the platform and beg of me a light."

A French lady who has taken her full medical diploma has turned her attention to veterinary surgery and is devoting her skill now entirely to alleviating the sufferings of animals. She is probably the first woman who has adopted this department of the medical profession.

When a young English lord, heir to an Earldom, was taken seriously ill with typhoid fever, at Victoria, B.C., his physician consulted Sir Andrew Clarke in London at a distance of 6000 miles, by telegram and cablegram. The two physicians thus talked over the case for three hours.

The British Jack Tar has become a very thrifty person. The Naval Savings Bank shows every year an increased number of deposits, and largely increased average value. One ship of the Royal Navy, lately paid off from China, had over £10,000 due to the crew.

John Tod, a Scotchman who has just published in Edinburgh a book entitled "Bits About America," says that American women have great power of expressing what they mean. There are a few married men in this country who will thoroughly agree with Mr. Tod.

How Kentucky Looks at Canada.

If we are to annex Canada we had better start the ball rolling right now or it will be too late. At her present rate of progress Canada will soon be a country proud of herself, and disposed to think of independence rather than annexation. Since the confederation and the adoption of a protective policy, Canada has been advancing with great strides. There are "booms" there, and great chances for land and railroad speculation that are attracting English Capital. The maritime provinces increased in population rather more than our New England states in the decade covered by the last census; Ontario increased as much as our states adjacent to that province, and Manitoba and British Columbia rival in rapidity of development our Northwestern Territories. Montreal has grown as rapidly as any of our great cities, and Toronto faster than Chicago or St. Paul, while in Manitoba and British Columbia there are towns which have sprung into cities as rapidly as any of our "boom" places.

The Canadian Pacific furnishes a shorter transcontinental line than any of our Pacific roads: a splendid subsidized line of steamers is about to connect its western end with Japan and China; Quebec is nearer Liverpool by water than New York, and England can reach China some days sooner via the Canadian route than by ours.

British America divided into jealous disconnected provinces, was very different from Canada united under a federal government, compacted by a comprehensive system of railroads and water communications, and fast developing a national spirit.—Louisville Journal.

The Letter that Came

From Mr. J. Hayden, 139 Chatham St. Montreal, says: "I was troubled for years with biliousness and liver complaint, and I never found any medicine to help me like Burdock Blood Bitters, in fact one bottle made a complete cure."

Dangerous Counterfeits.

Counterfeits are always dan[illegible] ore so that they always closely IMI[illegible] THE ORIGINAL IN APPEARANCE AND NAME. The remarkable success achieved by Nasal Balm as a positive cure for Catarrh and Cold in the Head has induced unprincipled parties to imitate it. The public are cautioned not to be deceived by nostrums imitating Nasal Balm in name and appearance, bearing such names as Nasal Cream, Nasal Balsam, etc. Ask for Nasal Balm and do not take any imitation dealers may urge upon you. For sale by all druggists or sent post-paid on receipt of price (50c. and $1,) by addressing Fulford & Co., Brockville, Ont.

Eighty Per Cent.

Of the human race, according to a high authority, suffer from one or other form of blood taint. Never allow this latent evil to develop into serious disease while the blood can be kept pure and the system clean by the proper precautions, such as using Burdock Blood Bitters, whenever any scrofulous symptoms appear. No medicine equals B.B.B. as a blood cleanser.

There are a number of varieties of corns. Holloway's Corn Cure will remove any of them. Call on your druggist and get a bottle at once.

Orin Catlin, 49 Pearl Street Buffalo, N. Y., says: I tried various remedies for the piles but found no relief until I used Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, which entirely cured me after a few applications.

Do not delay in getting relief for the little folks. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is a pleasant and sure cure. If you love your child why do you let it suffer when a remedy is so near at hand?

The cheapest medicine in use is Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, because so very little of it is required to effect a cure. For croup, diphtheria, and diseases of the lungs and throat, whether used for bathing the chest or throat, for taking internally or inhaling, it is a matchless compound.

Mr. Thomas Ballard, Syracuse, N. Y., writes: "I have been afflicted for nearly a year with that most-to-be dreaded disease Dyspepsia, and at times worn out with pain and want of sleep, and after trying almost everything recommended I tried one box of Parmelee's Valuable Pills. I am now nearly well, and believe they will cure me. I would not be without them for any money."

PARMELEE'S PILLS possess the power of acting specifically upon the diseased organs, stimulating to action the dormant energies of the system, thereby removing disease. In fact, so great is the power of this medicine to cleanse and purify, that diseases of almost every name and nature are driven from the body.' Mr. D. Carswell, Carswell P. O., Ont., writes: "I have tried Parmelee's Pills and find them an excellent medicine, and one that will sell well."

ADVICE TO MOTHERS. — MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP should always be used when children are cutting teeth. It relieves the little sufferer at once; it produces natural, quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakens as "bright as a button." It is very pleasant to taste. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP," and take no other kind. 3d&wly

SHILOH'S CATARRH REMEDY—a positive cure for Catarrh, Diptheria and Canker Mouth. For sale by D. M. Waters.

ROYAL
BAKING
POWDER
Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall-st., N. Y.

NATIONAL COLONIZATION
LOTTERY

Under the patronage of the Rev. Father Labelle
Established in 1884, under the Act of Quebec 32 Vict, Chapt. 36, for the benefit of the Diocesan Societies of Colonization of the Province of Quebec.

Class D.—The 22nd Monthly Drawing will take place Wednesday, April the 17th, at 2 p. m.

Prizes value			$50,000 00
Capital Prize: One real estate worth			$5,000 00
1	Real Estate worth	$5,000	5,000
1	do	2 000	2,000
1	do	1,000	1,000
4	do	500	2,000
10	Real Estates	300	3,000
30	Furniture Sets	200	6,000
60	do	100	6,000
200	Gold Watches	50	10,000
1,000	Silver Watches	10	10,000
1,000	Toilet Sets	5	5,000
2,307	Prizes worth		$50,000 00

TICKETS - - $1.00

Offers are made to all winners to pay their prizes cash, less a commission of 10 p. c.
Winners' names not published unless specially authorized
Drawings on the Third Wednesday of every Month.

S. E LEFEBVRE, Secretary,
Offices, 19 St. James street, Montreal, Can.
192d1y

CARSLAKE'S
GRAND DERBY SWEEP
$25,000.00.

1st horse (in duplicate)	$3,000 each =	$6,000
2nd " " "	$2 000 " "	$4,000
3rd " " "	$1 000 " "	$2 000
Other starters (divided equally)		$4,000
Non-starters " "		$9,000

5000 Tickets at $5 Each.
171 Entries (in duplicate 342 horses)
Drawing June 3rd. Race June 5th, 1889.
Result of each Drawing sent to all subscribers.
Ten per cent deducted from all prizes.
Address, GEORGE CARSLAKE, Prop.,
Mansion House, 522 St. James St., Montreal.
269d6m

J. M. FORTIER,
Wholesale : Cigar : Manufacturer,
145 151 ST. MAURICE STREET,
MONTREAL
P. S.—Private Brands for the Jobbing Trade a specialty.

CANADIAN
PACIFIC
RAILWAY.
CALLAWAY'S
Popular : Excursions
—TO—
VANCOUVER,
VICTORIA,
and all points in
WASHINGTON
TERRITORY,
and CALIFORNIA
LEAVE : TORONTO
On FRIDAY, MARCH 22nd
12th APRIL 26th
10th MAY 24th

In the CELEBRATED TOURIST SLEEPERS. Each party is accompanied to destination by special courier.
Full particulars from any agent of the Company.

S. BURROWS,
Agent C. P. R., Belleville.
Office—Front St., one door north of Dominion Bank.

FOR SALE.
NO USE TO
OWNER.

Rheumatism and Neuralgia

These twin diseases cause untold suffering. Doctors admit that they are difficult to cure—so do their patients. Paine's Celery Compound has permanently cured the worst cases of rheumatism and neuralgia—so say those who have used it.

"Having been troubled with rheumatism at the knee and foot for five years, I was almost unable to get around, and was very often confined to my bed for weeks at a time. I used only one bottle of Paine's Celery Compound, and was perfectly cured. I can now jump around, and feel as lively as a boy." FRANK CAROLL, Eureka, Nevada.

After suffering with chronic rheumatism for several years, I was induced to try Paine's Celery Compound, and after using two bottles found myself greatly improved. In fact, after using three bottles, have not felt any rheumatism. Can conscientiously recommend it. Yours very truly,
MRS. P. COWAN, COWANSVILLE, P.Q.

Paine's Celery Compound

"I have been greatly afflicted with acute rheumatism, and could find no relief until I used Paine's Celery Compound. After using six bottles of this medicine I am now cured of rheumatic troubles."
SAMUEL HUTCHINSON, So. Cornish, N. H.

Effects Lasting Cures.

Paine's Celery Compound has performed many other cures as marvelous as these,—copies of letters sent to any address. Pleasant to take, does not disturb, but aids digestion, and entirely vegetable; a child can take it. What's the use of suffering longer with rheumatism or neuralgia?

$1.00. Six for $5.00. Druggists.
Mammoth testimonial paper free.
WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO., Props. MONTREAL.

DIAMOND DYES *Give Faster and Brighter Colors than any other Dyes.*

BABIES *Living upon Lactated Food are Healthy, Happy, Hearty. It is Unequaled.*

Daily Intelligencer.

THE DAILY INTELLIGENCER is published every evening except Sunday, and delivered by careful carriers in all parts of the city for Five Dollars a year, or Fifty Cents a month.

THE WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER is published every Thursday morning, and sent, postpaid, to any address in Canada, the United States or Great Britain for One Dollar a year.

ADVERTISEMENTS, first insertion, 10 cents per nonpareil line; each subsequent consecutive insertion, 5 cents per line; when not inserted every day, 10 cents per line each insertion.

READING MATTER NOTICES, 15 cents per line each insertion.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS, 50 cents each insertion. With notice of funeral added the charge for death notices is $1.

CONTRACTS made for business advertisements for one month or longer at reduced rates.

Remittances, Drafts, Cheques, and Post-Office Orders should be made payable to the order of
INTELLIGENCER PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO'Y (LIMITED),
Belleville, Ont.

Largest Daily Circulation in Belleville.

BELLEVILLE, TUESDAY, MAR. 26

THE NEW PARTY.

A new, or what is termed a third, party has been ushered into existence. The birth took place in Toronto on the night of Thursday, March 21st, 1889. The *accoucheur* was the Rev. Dr. Sutherland, ably assisted by ex Gov. St. John, of somewhere out west, known as a Yankee lecturer, and Bengough, of *Grip*, who illustrated the bantling by displaying his ability as a caricaturist, thereby combining business and politics.

The *Globe* declares the principal platform of the new party to be "RUM AND ROMANISM"; though the title is a plagiarism (nothing unusual for the *Globe*,) it is not correct. The resolutions passed at the first meeting indicate that the battle to be fought is "ANTI-RUM AND NO POPERY." Here they are:

"Rev. D. R. Brethour and Rev. Mr. Smyth declared that the Dominion Government, by persisting in its encouragement of the Jesuit bill, has forfeited the confidence of all loyal citizens.

"The Rev D. V. Lucas and Rev. J. S. Huff declared in their resolution that in the event of the Government still neglecting or refusing to disallow the bill, that its constitutionality should be tested before the courts.

"On motion of Rev. Geo. Webber, seconded by Rev. Dr. Prittie, it was resolved, that the meeting views with alarm the attitude of the Ontario Government in regard to the use of the French language and Roman Catholic text-books in the common schools of Eastern Ontario, and demanding that for this Province there shall be one uniform system of common school education and text-books, and that public funds shall not be diverted to sectarian purposes, educational or otherwise."

It will be seen that the three resolutions were moved and seconded by clergymen, and judging from the language used and sentiments enunciated, we are constrained to utter the prayer that their knowledge of theology is better than their cognition of politics, or the constitution under which they live.

Fancy the absurdity of the Rev. Messrs. Brethour and Smyth, placing upon record a declaration that if Bills passed by the different Local Legislatures in the Dominion are not disallowed, therefore the Dominion Government "endorses them." Is it to be imagined for a moment that the hundreds of Bills passed in the various provinces and allowed to go into force are either approved or endorsed by the Dominion Government? It is difficult to conceive how two educated men could place themselves in so absurd a position. The local parliaments have certain rights to legislate and pass bills without the consent of the Federal ministry, and the Dominion Government has enough sins of its own to answer for without dragging it with all the iniquities of the Mowat, Mercier and Greenway combination. If it would not be considered presumptuous, we would suggest that these two political priests devote a few minutes to the study of the Confederation Act, by which they might be led to understand the first principles of the constitution under which they live. If this is too much trouble, let them inquire of the first newsboy they meet in the streets and they will be relieved in future of "resolving" such nonsense.

The second two Rev. gentlemen, Messrs Lucas and Huff, evidently have more practical common sense than their two brethren before referred to. We are fully in accord with the declaration that, in the event of the Jesuit Bill not being disallowed "its constitutionality should be tested before the courts." This will cost money, however. It will therefore be interesting to see how much in dollars and cents the gentlemen will stake upon their "resolves" in order to obtain a decision from the court on this much vexed question. Though we have seen no argument to convince us of the unconstitutionality of the Jesuit Bill, we are willing to add our mite to a fund for the purpose of testing its legality, yielding to no one in our opposition to that order. It is the only way for the agitators to accomplish the object which they profess to have in view. Supposing the Dominion Government were to disallow the Bill, Mr Mercier would re enact it, and if it were disallowed a second time, he would appeal to the people of Quebec upon the question, and sweep it from one end to the other, not, we venture the assertion, leaving a single Protestant representative in the Province. Then what? We leave the astute Messrs. Brethour and Smyth to answer the question.

The third resolution has much merit in

Our school system should be a Canadian national one, and while we are of the opinion that every child in Canada should have a knowledge of the French language, it should, in Ontario, at least, be secondary and not first. We much mistake the people of the province if they tolerate anything else.

THE MINISTER OF EDUCATION vs. TRUTH.

Our readers are not ignorant of the fact that during the last session of the Ontario Legislature the question of French schools and the teaching of the French language exclusively in them, in certain portions of the province, was discussed on a motion made by the member for East Durham. In making the motion the mover, Mr. Craig, spoke mildly and to the point, showing that in the Eastern counties no English was taught in several of the public schools, and that the Roman Catholic catechism was taught during school hours, though these schools were not what we understand as separate schools, but public schools, supported from the general funds of the Province. As might have been expected, the Hon Geo. W. Ross, Minister of Education, with that boldness which has always characterized him in public life, denied the truth of the statement made by the member for East Durham, declaring that in all the public schools receiving aid under the school law the English language was taught, and that the French was but a branch of the education given to those who desired to learn it.

The Toronto *Telegram*, with commendable enterprise, sent a commissioner into the counties of Russell and Prescott, to investigate and report upon the facts as he found them.

A number of letters have appeared in the *Telegram*, written after the commissioner's visit to the counties referred to, and the statements contained in them prove beyond a doubt that the Minister's statements were not correct; and that he was either ignorant of the state of affairs or that he wilfully misrepresented them. We give below an extract from one of the letters:

"OTTAWA, March 21.—Column after column of this paper might be filled with facts and conversations and incidents, to show how resistless the French invasion has been—like an advancing plague of locusts. Preceding letters in the present series have given some impression of the conditions of life in Prescott and Russell. This has to do only with the schools.

"Plantagenet does not afford a fair illustration. Let us consider Clarence township, in Russell county, some twenty miles west. There are nineteen schools in the township. The school in No. 1 section is English, and taught by a girl. No. 2, at Rockland, is about one-third English; it has two teachers, and a third to teach French, has been engaged. Nos 3 and 4 are mixed. No. 5 is all French; possibly two or three of the most advanced pupils, out of a total of 125, are struggling with the front pages of the English grammar. This school is in Clarence Creek—the largest village of the township,—and is taught by Telesphore Rochon, a strong 'Nationalist" and popular orator. There is a girl helping him. No. 6, at the Brook, is all French, and taught by Joseph Menard, with one assistant No. 7, which is a border school, near the boundary of South Plantagenet, is English; it is small, and taught by one girl. No. 8 is at Cobb's Lake, and is wholly French; a $1,000 school house was recently erected. No. 9 is English, No. 10 is mixed, and from No. 11 to No. 19 the schools are wholly French, except No. 16, where there are a few English children. At this school, about ten months ago, the parish priest had devotions during school hours, the English children waiting outside while this went on.

"At the examinations the priests preside and distribute small devotional pictures and similar articles as smaller prizes. The books used in these schools are from Quebec You will badly find one authorized text book in these French schools.

"Mr. Ross stated, in his place in the House, that on February 23rd of the present year the last six schools in which English was not taught had 'fallen into line."

"The last six schools, Mr. Ross?

"Come down to Russell and Prescott, hon sir. In each of the following townships you will find six or more schools which are wholly French:—Cambridge, Clarence, Russell, Cumberland, North Plantagenet and South Plantagenet, in Russell; and Caledonia, Alfred, Longueuil and East Hawkesbury, in Prescott.

"To be well within the truth, let Russell and Caledonia be set down as possible exceptions; in these townships the English speaking element is so large as to have some force. Clarence, however, will make up in itself for the deficiency."

The *Telegram*, in commenting upon the above facts, says:

"If Hon. G. W. Ross question any of the assertions we have made in these columns as to the state of the Public schools in the eastern counties, let him name any three gentlemen whose political enthusiasm has not wholly conquered their veracity and the *Telegram* will prove its statements or pay the expenses of the enquiry. This is a genuine offer, and if the Minister of Education believe in the truth of his own statements, we by it furnish him with an inexpensive opportunity of clearing his public character from the stains put upon it by the assertions that in the light of our knowledge look more like eloquence than truth."

We venture the prediction that Mr. Ross will decline the offer of the *Telegram*, knowing, as he does, that if he accepts it he will be proved—well, not a truth-teller.

Stop that Cough.

Many people neglect what they call a simple cold, which, if not checked in time, may lead to Lung trouble. *Scott's Emulsion of Pure Cod Liver Oil, with Hypophosphites*, will not only stop the cough but heal the lungs. Endorsed by thousands of physicians. Palatable as milk. Try it. Sold by all Druggists at 50c and $1.00.

The Deadly Level Crossing.

STRATFORD, March 25.—A shocking accident occurred this morning at the crossing of Erie-street and the Sarnia line of the Grand Trunk. Thomas Walsh, 75 years of age, a farmer residing in the Gore of Downie, while crossing the track was struck by the train from London. The horse was cut in two, the buggy smashed to pieces and Walsh's remains were found strewn for several yards along the track. Deceased was partially deaf.

Alleged False Pretenses.

MONTREAL, March 25.—Manuel Rothschild of Mattawa has been arrested at Nipissing and brought to this city on a charge laid by Alfred Eaves of having obtained $7500 worth of watches and jewelry on false pretenses. Rothschild is also charged with obtaining $4000 worth of jewelry from J. H. Jones & Co. and $3000 worth from J. B. Williamson by false pretences. He will be brought before the Police Magistrate to-morrow.

The Smallpox in Southwold.

ST. THOMAS, March 25.—But four cases of smallpox have developed in Southwold the past week, and no deaths have occurred. The record to date is 39 cases, with 13 deaths. The new cases are of a mild type of varioloid, owing to the patients having been vaccinated. There are at present 17 cases of smallpox under treatment in the infected district.

The Guelph Railway Bylaw Carried.

GUELPH, March 25.—The by-law to raise $18,000 to pay the indebtedness incurred in the construction of the Guelph branch of the Canadian Pacific Railway was carried to-day by 4 majority.

MINISTERS, LAWYERS, TEACHERS, and others whose occupation give but little exercise, should use Carter's Little Liver Pills for torpid liver and biliousness. One is a dose. Try them.

A NASAL INJECTOR free with each bottle of Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. Price 50 cents. Sold by D M. Waters.

AN INACTIVE or Torpid Liver must be aroused and all bad bile removed. Burdock Pills are best for old or young.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

TOPICS FROM TORONTO.

DECISION IN THE CARDWELL ELECTION CASE.

Parkdale's Annexation—The Mail's Preparations for Defence in the Jesuits' Libel Case—A Hebrew Sensation.

TORONTO, March 26.—Decision in the Cardwell election case was given yesterday at Osgoode Hall. The judgment of Judge Street allows the original petitioner to withdraw his name as petitioner, and also to withdraw the $1000 deposited by him when filing the petition. Samuel Stubbs, the brother of the defeated candidate, is allowed to intervene. Upon depositing $1000, as required from the original petitioner, within two weeks from yesterday, Stubbs, the intervener, will be allowed the same position as the original petitioner, and may go on and prosecute the petition.

The Lieut.-Governor's assent to bills passed by the Local Legislature brought the annexation of Parkdale to Toronto into effect on Saturday afternoon. Mayor Booth, who will be one of the city aldermen, ordered a flag hoisted on the Town Hall in honor of the event.—Deputy Reeve Gowanlock, who also will be an alderman, but who opposed annexation, came along and tore it down. With the assistance of a big fireman, Booth had the flag hoisted again and it flew for the rest of the day.

It is understood that The Mail Printing Company is making preparations for its libel suit with the Jesuits wholly regardless of expense. The company will send a commission at once to France and Belgium for the purpose of arranging with prominent statesmen there to come over and give evidence touching the operations of the Jesuit Society in these countries. A distinguished Paris advocate will also be engaged to assist The Mail's counsel in Montreal and Toronto in preparing the interrogatories to be put at the trial to the heads of the Jesuit Order here.

The schooner Morning Star, Captain James Blowers, with stone from Port Credit, dropped anchor in the harbor Saturday and the Captain won the hat presented by the harbor master to the first who enters the harbor every year.

At last C. L. Van Wormer breathes the fresh air once more. Yesterday Judge McDougall delivered a judgment which set aside the County Court capias on which Van Wormer was held, and in the afternoon the ex-hotel man was liberated from jail. The Superior Court capiases were set aside some time ago by Mr. Justice Robertson.

The Police Magistrate yesterday committed James Gallagher, the ex-clergyman, as a lunatic. Charles Robinette, charged with the seduction of a girl named Freda Whittaker, was discharged, the Crown not being able to prove that he was 21 years old at the time the offence was committed.

The Ontario Veterinary College examinations began yesterday morning and will continue all this week. About 160 students are writing. The presentation of medals and prizes will take place at 11 o'clock next Friday morning. The annual examinations of the Toronto University Faculty of Medicine began yesterday in Convocation Hall, where they will all be held with the exception of two or three in the School of Science. In medicine 55 candidates are taking the first year examination, 55 the second year, 33 the third year, and 21 the fourth year. Eight students are taking the primary examinations in medicine and 24 the final. They close on Saturday, April 6. The examinations in dentistry also commenced yesterday and will conclude on Monday morning next, the final examination being held in the Royal College of Dental Surgeons, 13 Louisa-street. The arts examinations will be held about the second week in May.

The Hebrew quarter on York and Queen-streets is discussing the domestic troubles of Moses Goldstein, second-hand dealer on the former thoroughfare. Detectives John Cuddy and Davis have also been investigating them, though not with any satisfactory result. According to the officers' account Goldstein has been in the habit of playfully threatening his wife's life. Goldstein came here two years ago from Rochester, where he had "bust up." The proprietor of a neighboring shop said "He's in love with some other woman; there's another girl he wants to get married to. A month ago," continued the dealer, "Mrs. Goldstein said that her husband had put her out of the house with little clothing on. Another time it was said he took a pistol and pointed it at her breast. The story also goes that a short time ago Goldstein strung a rope around his wife's neck, and whether in jest or earnest tried to lynch her."

Mrs. Annie McLatchie, who while walking on Queen-street fell down by reason of several planks being out of place, yesterday recovered a verdict of $750 against the city.

The two well known wholesale grocery firms of Smith & Keighley and Warren Brothers & Boomer are said to be in trouble with the customs authorities over a disagreement in valuation.

A public meeting was held in the Pavilion last night at which resolutions emphatically condemning the Jesuits Estates' Act were passed. Ex-Mayor Howland presided, and among the speakers were Rev. D. J. Macdonnell, Mr. J. J. Maclaren, Rev. Dr. Sutherland, Mr. John T. Small, Principal Caven and Rev. Mr. Courtice.

New Brunswick News.

ST. JOHN, N. B., March 26.—Yesterday G. F. Stickney's jewlery store at St. Andrews was visited by Officers Bonnesx and O'Keefe who after inspection of invoices found that goods to the value of $2000 had been brought in without duties being paid. A deposit sufficient to cover the value of the goods was made by the owner.

The election for mayor and aldermen of both the city and of Portland are according to custom to take place next week. It is expected however in view of the vote taken a few days ago by which the people of St. John and Portland declared themselves as willing to become one city, that a postponement will be made for a month or two, or until such time that a bill may be framed and the elections held under a new charter for the city of St. John.

An old man named Dunn, a resident of Portland, dropped dead in the street yesterday.

The "Gold" Watch Racket.

LONDON, Ont., March 26.—Two men, well dressed and of plausible address, have been playing a sharp trick on the farmers of West Nissouri and Dorchester townships. They represent themselves as agents of various jewelry houses in Toronto and other cities and offer what appear to be genuine gold watches at prices ranging from $10 to $60. If questioned as to the reason of their ability to sell at such a low figure, the reply is that the firm they represented had failed and that the proprietor had allowed them to retain their samples in lieu of back salary. The game worked nicely and among the victims are Miss Phipps of the fifth concession, Joseph Wren of the third concession and many others. A local jeweler placed the value of the watches at $1.50, the cases being of aluminum instead of gold.

Horticulturists report that in Ross County, O., "black knot" is devastating blue plum orchards, and growers of damson and Shropshire plums have already cut down 50,000 dead trees and burned them. Peach and red plum trees are about ready to bloom.

A dispatch from The Hague says: The ministers have prevailed upon the Queen to undertake temporarily the duties of Regent. The Cabinet has decided to convoke a congress of the two chambers for the purpose of declaring the King incapacitated for the duties of a sovereign.

The Sites and Building Committee of the Toronto Public School Board have decided to recommend the expenditure of about $280,000 in providing additional school accommodation by new buildings or enlargement. The sum named will cover a deficit in last year's accounts.

THE FISHERY QUESTIONS.

AN INTERVIEW WITH THE MINISTER OF FINANCE.

Mr. Foster Explains the Government's Reasons for Deciding to Issue Licenses Under the Modus Vivendi.

OTTAWA, March 25.—Regarding the decision of the Dominion Government to resume the issue of fishery licenses under the modus vivendi Hon. Mr. Foster, Minister of Finance, said to-day: "The Government has come to the conclusion to keep the modus vivendi, for another year. Last year closed with President Cleveland's threat of retaliation and we had no intimation as to what would be the course of the incoming President. The modus vivendi was kept in force last year with the co-operation of the Newfoundland Government and all licenses granted under it expired at the end of the year. The fishing season will not begin until the latter part of March and there was no necessity for action regarding the policy of the current year until the fishing season commenced. Negotiations were in progress with the Newfoundland Government and both were desirous of ascertaining the tone of President Harrison's message before a final conclusion was arrived at. That message contained nothing unfriendly and did not intimate any renewal of threatened retaliation. The Government therefore came to the conclusion—acting in concert with the Newfoundland Government—to continue the modus vivendi for the present year with the view of leaving the way open for the resumption of negotiations if any desire is found on the part of the United States."

"What about the closing of Behring's Sea to foreign fishing vessels?"

"It seems to be required by law that the President of the United States shall issue each year a proclamation stating the condition of the laws which regulate fishing in that portion of the Behring Sea under United States control and warning all persons not to violate the law. This was done in preceding years and President Harrison followed the same course this year. The text shows that it covers whatever jurisdiction the United States may have there and leaves untouched the contention of Canada and Great Britain as to the extent of the jurisdiction. What may be the position of the United States we can't tell. They may claim the whole sea to the extreme westerly boundary formerly claimed by Russia. But if so it is a claim which the great maritime powers of the world are not likely to acquiesce in."

The bill to compel the placing underground of all telephone, telegraph and electric light wires, now before Parliament and for which the City Councils of Toronto and Ottawa have petitioned, is to be opposed on the grounds of unconstitutionality as well as inexpediency. James A. Wright, manager of the Federal Telephone Co. of Montreal, has arrived in the city to offer the Government expert testimony against the bill and will likely be asked to appear before the committee, before whom all representatives of various municipalities will be heard.

It is understood that the contract for the construction of the bridge at Grand Narrows on the Cape Breton Island Railway is about to be awarded to Messrs. Isbester & Reid and that the price is in the neighborhood of $500,000. The competition has been keen for this rich plum. The work is one involving considerable engineering difficulty, largely caused by the great depth of water.

Strenuous efforts are being made to defeat in the Senate Dr. Hickey's bill for the incorporation of the Ottawa, Morrisburg and New York Railway Company, acting in the interests of the Ottawa, Waddington and New York, a rival company already incorporated. The City Council to-night memorialized the Senate against the bill, which has already passed the Commons. Last year after it had passed the Commons this same bill was rejected by the Senate.

TRADE AND TRAFFIC.

The Business Outlook—Prices on the Grain and Produce Markets.

TORONTO, March 26.—The past week has developed a state of things in Toronto which business men find it difficult to explain. There has been no perceptible improvement in trade, collections are slow, and yet there have been only two or three little assignments reported. The assignees are surprised. They had confidently expected the week following the 15th would bring along enough business troubles to keep them all going for all they were worth, and now when the assignments made in this city during the week will total only a few thousands of dollars, and when there are no rumors of coming failures, the winders-up of estates cannot understand it. A strong belief is held by many business men that the long season of hard times is about over, that the coming spring will bring a revival of trade, and that, should the farmers be blessed with a good harvest, prosperity will reign in Canada.

ST. LAWRENCE MARKET.

At St. Lawrence Market yesterday, where the usual Monday dulness prevailed, there was little change in quotations: Dressed hogs, $7.25 per cwt.; beef, forequarters, $4, hindquarters, $6.50; geese, per lb. 9c.; turkeys, per lb., 14c.; ducks, per pair, 70c; chickens, per pair, 85c.; butter, rolls, 20c, tubs, 18c.; lard, 13c.; eggs, 14c.; potatoes, per bag, 30c.; apples, per bbl., $1.25.

Receipts of hay were small and the demand poor. It sold at $15. The little straw offered sold at $10.

The sales of grain on the street were 300 bushels of wheat at $1.08 and $1.09 for white, $1.09 and $1.10 for red, $1.09 to $1.13 for spring and 87½ cents for goose; 500 bushels of barley at 44½ to 52 cents; one load of peas at 69 cents, and 200 bushels of oats at 37 and 38 cents.

BEERBOHM'S REPORT.

Beerbohm reports: Floating cargoes—Wheat, firm; corn slow. Cargoes on passage—wheat, firmly held; corn, slow. Mark Lane—Wheat, steady; corn and flour quiet. Good cargoes No. 1 Cal. wheat off coast, 37s 3d and 37s 6d, was 37s. French country markets mostly turn cheaper. English farmers' deliveries of wheat during past week, 54,419 qrs.; average price 30s 5d, was 30s 2d. Liverpool—Spot wheat rather easier; corn, slow. No. 1 Cal., 7s 7d; No. 2 Cal., 7s 4d, both ½d cheaper. Weather in England showery.

LIVERPOOL MARKETS.

Liverpool reports: Wheat, dull; demand poor; holders offer freely. Corn, easy; fair demand. Spring wheat, 8s.; red winter, 7s. 6d.; No. 1 Cal. 7s. 7½d. Corn, 3s. 10½d. Peas 5s. 7d. Pork, 65s. Lard, 36s. 9d. Bacon, short and long cleared, 32s. 6d. and 34s. Tallow, 26s. Cheese, white and colored, 55s. 6d.

Not Satisfied With Ontario Justice.

OTTAWA, March 25.—The Montreal creditors of W. E. Brown, Ottawa's insolvent boot and shoe merchant, are seemingly not satisfied with the course of Ontario justice, but are determined to bring him to Montreal for trial. Detectives Kellert and Carpenter of that city, who have been here for the purpose of shadowing Brown, have a warrant authorizing them to bring him to Montreal for trial. This, it is understood, they have at length succeeded in having backed by an Ottawa magistrate after having met with several refusals, and so soon as Brown is caught he is apt to be transferred to Montreal. Not relishing the prospect, probably, he has escaped their shadow, but is said to be in retirement in this city, quietly awaiting the outcome of the two cases against him now pending before the County Judge.

Drowned in a Cistern.

HOLLAND LANDING, March 26.—A sad accident occurred yesterday afternoon about 3 o'clock on the farm of Mr. Wm. Mortimer. Mr. Mortimer's two children were playing in the barn and the little girl, about 4 years old, fell into a cistern near by, and before assistance came the child was drowned.

Early Closing at the Capital.

OTTAWA, March 25.—The early closing movement tried by the boot and shoe trade here under the local Government Act has received a check by the action of the City Council to-night in ordering the Bylaw Committee to bring in a bylaw repealing the early closing bylaw.

Dropped Dead On His Engine.

ROCHESTER, March 26.—Levi Wise, one of the oldest engineers on the New York Central Railway, dropped dead on his engine near Chili last night.

PRECOCIOUS THIEVES.

Bad Little Boys and Girls in the Ambitious City—Robbed of $115.

HAMILTON, March 25.—Mrs. Hall, 67 Stuart-street west, reported to the police this morning that some time between Saturday night and Sunday morning a cashmere dress was stolen from her place. Though the dress was a valuable one she did not feel so sad over its loss as she did over the fact that in the pocket of the dress was a purse containing $115.

Saturday evening a collision took place in York-street, near Park-street, between rigs belonging to William Barclay and Michael Healey, both of Ancaster. Barclay's wagon was smashed and the front wheel was wrenched off. Both he and his wife were thrown out and badly injured. Mrs. Barclay was cut severely about the face.

Maria Thornton, a 9-year-old girl who has been arrested five times for larceny, is charged with stealing several rolls of butter from the market.

Rev. Dr. Mockridge has been elected rector of Christ Church, Windsor, N.S., by an almost unanimous vote of the parishioners.

At the Police Court this morning John Burrows, aged 9 years, and his brother Charles, aged 7, were charged with having assaulted and robbed William Skelly, a boy of 9 years. Skelly said that the younger of the two boys put his hand into his (Skelly's) pocket and stole his money, 83 cents. The Magistrate found Charles Burrows guilty of the charge, but let him go under deferred sentence. John Burrows was acquitted.

Winnipeg Wire Whispers.

WINNIPEG, March 25.—Although Provincial Treasurer Jones will retire from the Cabinet shortly and take up his residence in Brantford he will not resign his seat in the Legislature.

Evans, the young Englishman who was accidentally shot by his comrade yesterday, is reported to be recovering.

J. Habkirk, who is demented, was found wandering on the prairie last night imagining he was near his former home at Seaforth.

It turns out that the persons supposed to be detectives chasing Tascott on Lake Winnipeg were lumber dealers on a trip to their mills.

The Ottawa Police Station Robbery.

OTTAWA, March 25.—The latest development in the police station robbery case has created a sensation greater even than that caused by the robbery itself, by which it will be remembered the safe in the Police Clerk's room at police headquarters was a few weeks ago relieved of $730. The police have come to a conclusion which to their minds warrants the arrest, if he can be caught, of a well connected young man named John C. Grant who some days ago left town on a west-bound train and is now supposed to be in the States. He is a solicitor by profession and was admitted to practice a little more than a year ago. He is a son of the late Chief of Police who died in 1887. Grant has been drinking heavily for some time.

ARE YOU MADE miserable by Indigestion, Constipation, Dizziness, Loss of Appetite, Yellow Skin Shiloh's Vitalizer is a positive cure. Sold by D. M. Waters.

AS A PICK ME-UP after excessive exertion or exposure, Milburn's Beef, Iron and Wine is grateful and comforting.

Only One Cent!
Only One Cent!

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

FIRST-CLASS four passenger Surrey, Gladstones, Buggies, Phætons, Democrats and Wheelbarrows for sale at Easton's Carriage Works, Belleville. 278d3m

FOR SALE.—Twenty shares in the capital stock of the G. & J. Brown Manufacturing Co. of Belleville. Business is in a flourishing condition, paying a dividend of 9 per cent. last year. Ill health the cause of sale. Address T. ROWLANDS, Kyle House. 272dtf

APARTMENTS TO LET.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

BOARD AND ROOMS.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

HOUSES TO LET.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

FOR SALE or TO LET, the House formerly occupied by J. H. Simpson, Commercial Street Possession given immediately. Apply to P. R. PALMER 263d3m

LOST AND FOUND.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

LOST.—Black and white Spaniel Pup, five months old; legs, face and point of tail white, tail long, white streak on left side. Liberal reward for his return.—W. B. RIGGS, North Albert St. 278d1t

LIVE STOCK.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

HOUSE FOR SALE—For sale, a first class brick dwelling on North Bridge St., opposite Clark & Vermilyea's grocery. Terms moderate. Apply to JAMES O'BRIEN, at Brignall & Thompson's. 277d6t.

HOUSE FOR SALE, OR TO LET.—No. 211 William Street, north of Hotel Street. A comfortable, well built, brick residence, in thorough repair. Eleven rooms, drive house, hard and soft water. Apply to FRANCIS S. WALLBRIDGE, Barrister, office corner of Front and Bridge Streets. 273d6t

HOUSE FOR SALE on William St., two doors south of Bridge St., next the residence of Mrs. T. C. Wallbridge, best locality in the city, house new, comfortable, and commodious, hard and soft water. closets in all the rooms. Enquire of R. PURDY, Bridge St. 272d2w

TO LET.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

TO LET.—Two Stores and some room on Front Street, next door to C. F. Smith. JOHN FORIN. 272d2w

WANTED.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

SALESMEN—We wish a few men to sell our goods by sample to the wholesale and retail trade. Large manufacturers in our line. Enclose 2-cent stamp. Wages $3 per day. Permanent position. No postals answered. Money advanced for wages, advertising, etc. CENTENNIAL MAN'F'G CO, CINCINNATI, OHIO. 245d30teod

DOMESTICS WANTED.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

WANTED—at Albert College, a Servant Girl for Dining Hall. Apply at once. W. P. DYER. 278dtf

SITUATIONS WANTED.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

MECHANICS WANTED.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

FIRE! FIRE!!

I AM offering for sale at the Central Wood Yard, near the Foot Bridge, a large quantity of hard and mixed wood, cut and uncut. Also a quantity of dry pine wood, cut and uncut, which I will sell cheap and deliver to any part of the city free of charge.
EDWARD NEWMAN.

Special .·. Importations!

GENTLEMEN:—We have just received and put in stock FOUR CASES of new spring Suitings, Pantings and Overcoatings. These goods are the finest ever imported by us, and at prices that cannot fail to please all.

Our cutter is giving splendid satisfaction, and we specially invite all who want first-class goods, best of trimmings, and perfect fit to call and select their Spring Clothing.

See our goods before buying. All are cordially invited to look through our beautiful assortment whether they wish to purchase or not.

Every garment made in our establishment guaranteed. Tweeds by the yard very cheap.

A. N. REID & CO.

NEW SEASON'S TEAS,
FRESH GROUND COFFEES,
Handsome Presents Given Away
—AT—
STROUD .·. BROS.,
Front Street, Belleville,
and at Montreal, Ottawa, Kingston and Toronto.

--SPRING OPENING--
—AT—
GEORGE RITCHIE & CO'S.

On Friday, the 22nd of March,

the Show Rooms will be opened for the exhibition of Pattern Millinery and Mantles, with other seasonable and fashionable goods.

MISS IRWIN has now charge of the Show Rooms, and extends a cordial invitation to all.

Beautiful and rich goods will be shown, at very moderate prices.

GEO. RITCHIE & CO.

CLEARING--SALE
—OF ALL—
BOOTS AND SHOES

Damaged by Fire and Water. Over $5,000 worth at less than half regular price.

A. W. VERMILYEA & SON.

---Millinery .·. Opening---
—AT—
BRIGNALL & THOMPSON'S.

Wednesday, March the 20th.

When we shall be prepared to exhibit, as usual, a magnificent stock of Imported Millinery, Mantles, Silks and Dress Materials.

BRIGNALL & THOMPSON.

--50 MORE--

NEW HANGING LAMPS put in. Prices very much below anything we ever had.

W. J. REID & CO.

FANS

Suitable for WEDDINGS and BALLS. A splendid assortment at

J. C. OVERELL'S
FANCY EMPORIUM, BELLEVILLE.

New :. Carpets !

Received yesterday, a very large shipment of

CROSSLEY'S CELEBRATED CARPETS !

—CONSISTING OF—

BRUSSELS CARPETS,
VELVET CARPETS,
TAPESTRY CARPETS,
and the
NEW MOSAICS.

These are the Finest Carpets in the Market, and are in SINGLE and DOUBLE WIDTHS —with

BORDERS and—
—STAIR CARPETS

TO MATCH. Some of these lines are a SPECIAL BARGAIN.

JAS. W. DUNNET.
GLASGOW WAREHOUSE
Belleville, March 20, 1889

Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, TUESDAY, MAR. 26

MERE MENTION.

A lot of purses at reduced prices at Geen's Drug Store.

Beecham's Pills act like magic on a weak stomach.

The front door of a business establishment was found open last night.

Henry Revoy, for being drunk, was discharged at the police court this morning.

One prisoner, a drunk, and four tramps were taken care of by the police last night.

If you have a cough or cold go at once to Geen's Drug Store and buy a bottle of Holden's Expectorant.

A man named Wm. Craig, was brought from Deseronto last night by chief Gunyou, to serve a term of 20 days in the county gaol.

Remember the Lecture in the Opera House by Rev'd Charles Chiniquy, on the evening of Thursday, March 28th. Plan open at Holden's. dtd

England has never produced a writer who has done so much to alleviate the sufferings of the poor as Charles Dickens. See the programme for Friday at Albert College. d1t

All disorders caused by a bilious state of the system can be can be cured by using Carter's Little Liver Pills. No pain, griping or discomfort attending their use. Try them.

As a tonic and relief to sufferers from Neuralgia, Dyspepsia, loss of appetite and general debility, Dyer's Quinine and Iron Wine is highly recommended. W. A. Dyer & Co., Montreal.

Spring is coming, and with it comes the necessity of a good spring medicine. Try East India Tonic Bitters, a good blood purifier and tonic. For sale by A. L. Geen and F. Charles Clarke.

The next drawing of the National Colonization Lottery Co. of Montreal takes place on Wednesday, April 17th. $50,000 given in prizes. See advertisement in another column. Address—S. E. Lefebvre, 19 St. James street, Montreal.

Two loud reports like the discharge of fire-arms proceeded from the armory of the 49th Battalion on the market square this morning. On investigation the caretaker was found, who informed a police officer that he had discharged two blank cartridges.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

PROBABILITIES.

Toronto, March 26.—Moderate to fresh winds; mostly fair weather, with a little higher temperature.

The Heathen Chinee

and all Christian people are fast finding out that the only reliable is the Imperial Cream Tartar Baking Powder, made by E. W. Gillett, Toronto, maker of the famous Royal Yeast Cakes.

TEMPERATURE,

As Registered by Dr. Bell's Self-Registering Thermometer.

Tuesday, March 26.
Maximum 42; minimum 22.
Barometer 30.15.

Personal

Mr. George Easterbrook, of Tweed, was in the city to-day.

Mr. A. W. Carscallen, ex-Reeve of Marmora, spent the day in the city.

Mr. Wm. Colvin, of this city, left this morning for Watertown, Dakota.

Mr. W. R. Aylsworth, Reeve of Deseronto, was in the city to-day.

Corn Sowing

Is a process conducted by the agency of tight boots all the year around. Corn reaping is best conducted through the agency of Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor, the only safe and sure-pop corn cure. Putnam's Extractor is now widely imitated. Beware of all poisonous and sore producing substitutes.

WHY WILL YOU cough when Shiloh's Cure will give immediate relief? Price 10 cts., 50 cts., and $1. Sold by D. M. Waters.

THE REV. GEO H. THAYER, of Bourbon, Ind., says: "Both myself and wife owe our lives to SHILOH'S CONSUMPTION CURE." For sale by D. M. Waters.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Look out for Them.

Counterfeit five cent pieces have been put in circulation here. They are made of pewter and are poor imitations. In one church last Sunday three of them were found in the offertory.

Do not Forget

That the next drawing of the National Colonization Lottery Co. takes place on Wednesday, April 17th. See advertisement in another column. Address—S. E. Lefebvre, 19 St. James street, Montreal.

Oddfellows' Anniversary.

At the meeting of Mizpah Lodge No. 127 I. O. O. F last night, it was decided to unite with Belleville Lodge No. 81 in celebrating the anniversary of the order. The celebration will be on a large scale, invitations having been extended to all the lodges, encampments and cantons in the district.

Coming Events.

A grand concert will take place this evening in the opera house. A first class programme will be presented.

Rev. Father Chiniquy will deliver a lecture in the opera house on Thursday evening. A large house will greet the rev. gentleman.

A Popular Instrument.

A new scale Upright Pianoforte recently completed by Messrs. Newcombe & Co., Toronto, is affording much satisfaction. It fills the requirements of a reliable instrument by a first class maker at a figure within the reach of all. Write them for particulars.

District Intelligence.

Mr. Daniel Houlehan, an old resident of Peterborough, was found dead in his bed on Sunday morning. Deceased was 65 years of age. The cause assigned for his sudden demise was heart disease.

Rev. Father Conway, of Norwood, who, a short time since was seized with an epileptic fit, is recovering.

An Evangelistic Meeting.

The Young People's Association of Bridge St. Methodist church held an evangelistic meeting last night. Mr. W. F. Jones was the leader of the meeting and addresses were given by Rev. M. E. Wilson, of Bridgewater, and Rev. John Learoyd. The attendance was large. The meetings are to be continued each night this week.

Scott Act.

A public meeting was held in Peterboro' on Saturday evening, in the interest of the Scott Act, which will shortly be voted upon in that town. Among the speakers was the Rev. A. Browning, of this city, who in the course of his remarks said that in Port Hope the figures showed that under the Scott Act drunkenness was on the decrease, for in the last year of the license law there were 109 arrests for drunkenness, while under the Scott Act there had only been 14 in a year.

Band of Hope.

A meeting of the Band of Hope of the W. C. T. U. was held in the Hall, Campbell St., on Saturday afternoon. A large number of children attended. The meeting was addressed in very appropriate terms by Rev. Mr. Wilson of Bridgewater. Several recitations were given and some good choruses, in which the children heartily joined. At the close of the meeting, Mrs. Lewis, Secretary of the W. C. T. U., distributed the handsome pledge cards of the Union. The next meeting will be held April 6th, in the same place and at the same time, 3:30.

Serious Accident.

Mr. Wm. Casey, of Thurlow, Falls into a Horse-power and receives Serious Injury.

Yesterday evening, about half-past six o'clock, a son of Wm. Casey, residing east of Canifton, in the 3rd con. of Thurlow, while in the act of climbing on a horse-power to which were attached two horses, fell in between the wheels, resulting in the left leg being torn and lacerated very badly between the knee and hip. Large pieces of skin and muscle were torn out. Drs. Willson and Murphy were called, and dressed the wounds. His case is considered by the physicians very critical, if not fatal.

Gone to Samoa.

The Rev. H. G. Parker on a Pleasant Mission.

It was announced some time ago that Rev. H. G. Parker, who has been in Australia for some time, would return to Canada this spring. A letter received by his father, Mr. Jos. Parker, of this city, a few days ago, stated that he had gone to Samoa as a special correspondent of the Sidney (Australia) *Morning Herald*. His instructions are to inquire into and report the pending difficulties between Germany and the United States, and his ability and experience ensure the success of his mission. Mr. Parker has developed a special talent for this kind of newspaper work, and we are glad to hear that his efforts are so highly appreciated in the antipodes.

Deserved Advancement.

A notice in the advertising columns of the *Mail*, signed by R. Macaulay, Managing Director of the Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada, informs policy holders that "Mr. Geo. E. Reid, hitherto accountant of the Toronto office, has been appointed cashier, and that hereafter premiums will be payable to him."

The many friends in this city of Mr. Reid will learn with pleasure of his promotion to a position of higher trust and responsibility in the service of the Company, and more especially as it no doubt carries with it an increase in his salary. Mr. Reid's ability and faithfulness to duty, as demonstrated during his long connection with the Intelligencer as Secretary-Treasurer and book-keeper, demonstrated his fitness for a position of such importance, and it is pleasing to learn that these qualities have received the appreciation which they merit.

On Trial.

Geo. H. Candler, of Madoc, was brought before County Judge Lazier this morning, charged with obtaining money under false pretences. The accused was for a time bar tender in the Continental Hotel in that village, and obtained some money from Fred Simmons, whose father is proprietor of the hotel, and in payment thereof presented to him two cheques on the Dominion Bank, payable at Toronto, one for $7 and the other for $15, which proved to be no good. He had a preliminary examination at that village and was committed for trial. Mr. Geo. E. Henderson, Q. C., was the crown prosecutor, and the accused was defended by Mr. A. A. Macdonald of Madoc and Mr. Geo. D. Dickson, Q. C., of this city.

The evidence in the case was concluded, but the judge reserved his decision until Thursday.

Dyspepsia in its worst forms will yield to the use of Carter's Little Nerve Pills, aided by Carter's Little Liver Pills. They not only relieve present distress but strengthen the stomach and digestive apparatus.

SHILOH'S CURE will immediately relieve Croup, Whooping Cough and Bronchitis. Sold by D. M. Waters.

FOR DYSPEPSIA and Liver Complaint you have a printed guarantee on every bottle of Shiloh's Vitalizer. It never fails to cure. Sold by D. M. Waters.

Some Symptoms of Worms are:—Fever, colic, variable appetite, restlessness, weakness and convulsions. The unfailing remedy is Dr. Low's Worm Syrup.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

A STRANGE STORY.

BROTHER AND SISTER DESERT HUSBAND AND WIFE.

Both Leave Young Children.

THE WOMAN SELLS HER HUSBAND'S EFFECTS.

The Parties Off for Detroit.

It will be in the remembrance of our readers that William Vandewaters, a young man, who had formerly been a switchman on the Grand Trunk, but who had been discharged from that position; had gone west; stayed a year and returned to Belleville about a month ago, was arrested for neglecting to support his wife, who is a daughter of Mr. Samuel Belch, of this city. On promising to perform his duty he was liberated and went to live at his father-in-law's, where he has since remained, with the exception of a few days, when he was working at Trenton. Like many other idlers,

VANDEWATERS DRANK HEAVILY,

and was a frequent visitor of his sister, the wife of Mr. Albert Vancott, who lives on Albert street. Yesterday Mrs. Vancott sold to Sandy Wardhaugh, the keeper of a second hand store, all Vancott's furniture and effects. The brother was present, and the woman having been paid cash for Vancott's belongings, prepared for departure.

THE HUSBAND'S CURIOUS CONDUCT.

Vancott, who had been working in the country and was not expected to come back until this evening, returned before noon and found the house stripped. His wife was still there and told him she was going away with her brother, and he

WENT TO THE STATION AND SAW THEM OFF.

Afterwards Vancott went to Belch's and told Mrs. Vandewaters of her husband's departure with his sister. It was subsequently learned that Mrs. Vancott had, about 8 a. m., or four hours before her departure,

LEFT HER ELEVEN MONTHS OLD INFANT

at the home of her grandmother, Mrs. Vandewaters, on Foster Avenue. The reason which she alleged for so doing will be found in our report of an interview with Mrs. Vandewaters. Vandewaters, it may be added, leaves behind him

HIS WIFE AND A CHILD 13 MONTHS OLD.

Vandewaters and his sister, who, as above stated, took the mid-day express for the east (to Shannonville, it is supposed)

DOUBLED ON THEIR TRACKS

and went west by the evening express, their destination being Detroit. Vandewaters, it has been stated, was seen on the evening train, and, showing a good roll of bills, said he was going to Detroit.

Such is the extraordinary story narrated to the Intelligencer by respectable persons, who profess to have knowledge of the facts.

WHAT WARDHAUGH SAYS.

Mr. Wardhaugh, who was seen with reference to the matter, said that on Saturday morning Mrs. Vancott called at his shop, told him she was going to sell out, as she was about leaving town, and arranged with him to call at her home on Monday morning at 10 o'clock to see if a bargain could be struck. He kept the appointment and, after a good deal of bargaining, paid $80 in cash for the effects. But two rooms, he says, were furnished, and the furniture was of a common character. He had the furniture removed at once, and was not present when Vancott arrived.

A MAN WAS PRESENT,

when the bargain and sale took place, but who the man was he did not know, nor did he inquire. To a request for a look at the furniture, he said it was re-sold.

MRS. VANDEWATERS' STATEMENT.

Mrs. Joseph Vandewaters, who is the grandmother of Mrs. Vancott, and resides on Foster Avenue, was visited by a representative of the Intelligencer in reference to the affair. She said that Mr. Vancott and also the child, which is about

ONE YEAR OLD,

were at her place. Mrs. Vancott's brother having just come of age had succeeded to some property which was situated in Watertown, N. Y., and he desired to go there and see about it, and Mrs. Vandewaters said she believed that Mrs. Vancott

HAD ACCOMPANIED HIM

thither. They had departed for that place yesterday.

In answer to the question as to the couple eloping, Mrs. Vanderwaters was very loth to speak. She, however, said there was

SOMETHING WRONG,

and that stories were afloat to that effect, but whether there was any foundation for the report, she was not in a position to say.

VANCOTT REFUSES TO SPEAK.

Albert Vancott was seen by a representative of the Intelligencer, but refused to speak in reference to the matter. He said he would speak the day after to-morrow.

NEIGHBORHOOD TALK.

From persons who live in the neighborhood of Vancott's, it was learned that Vancott arrived when the furniture was being removed from his house, and asked one of the persons on the waggon what had been paid for it, but was answered that it was none of his business. He looked into the house and, seeing it emptied of its contents, ran up the street like a person distracted.

VANDEWATERS TOLD TWO STORIES,

according to a neighbor, one that he was going to Watertown to visit an uncle, and the other that he was going to Detroit to work and that he would send for his wife.

THE HOUSE AND FURNITURE.

Our representative took a look into the house, in which, evidently, five rooms had been furnished. The furniture, it was stated, belonged to Vancott, with the exception of the parlor set, which he gave to his wife, and which, it is alleged, he will try to recover.

WHAT MRS. VANCOTT TOLD HER GRANDMOTHER.

Mrs. Vandewaters, who was seen a second time this afternoon, said Mrs. Vancott told her, when leaving the baby in her care, that she was going to the station to see her brother start on his journey. The old lady also stated that poverty was the cause of Mrs. Vancott's desertion of her husband, as her grand daughter had been in comfortable circumstances and her husband, who had represented himself as possessed of a good deal of property, was poor and getting poorer every day.

AN INTERESTING DETAIL.

Mrs. Vancott is the same person who figured prominently with the bigamist Silas E. Shaver, *alias* Seymour, having been married to him on Saturday, Jan'y 18th, 1886, by the Rev'd J. B. Clarkson. The parties were, shortly after their marriage, traced by Chief McKinnon to the residence of Mr. Redford Weese, of the township of Sidney, were brought to the city, and the husband placed behind the bars. He acknowledged his guilt, and was sentenced to three years in the penitentiary. Shaver has since been sentenced to another term for a similar offence, of which he was convicted at Cornwall.

A SUCCESSFUL CAREER.

One of the most striking examples of what real native American grit and intelligence can accomplish in the face of apparently insurmountable difficulties, is presented in the career of the famous Dr. R. V. Pierce, head of the World's Dispensary Medical Association and the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, of Buffalo, N. Y., and who, through the medium of his curatives, is known and honored throughout all christendom.

Born in a little New York village, and reared in a small Pennsylvania town, his early youth was a struggle between disadvantages and ardent desire in the strife for education.

The public school and every other possible medium of instruction was eagerly utilized by the active-brained boy, until, at eighteen years of age, he felt and knew his ability to cope successfully with a course of professional study. After five years of arduous and continuous effort, he reaped the honors of a signally successful graduation in medicine. His early professional labors were confined to a rural district of Pennsylvania until 1867, when a desire and determination to achieve success and win a name, brought him to the city of Buffalo, in his native State, where the field was broader and opportunities more plentiful.

Goaded onward by an active brain and tremendous energy, we next find him, located in a small room on an obscure street, preparing and putting on the market, carefully prepared remedies and specifics, for the relief of the multitude beyond the range of a narrow circuit of daily calls.

Another change, and we find him in a large building on Main St., and the recipient of the first fruits of growing public confidence.

Dr. Pierce, like every other brainy man of the age, was and is a firm believer in the liberal use of printer's ink, and from his Main St. establishment he dispatched the message of his healing power throughout the entire country. The Doctor knew, as now the whole world knows, the merits of his skilfully-devised and prepared remedies, and was only eager for their public test. A few more years and the largest and handsomest structures in the City of Buffalo towered towards the sky in monumental acknowledgement of the vital energy and gifted learning of this our representative American Doctor. The Palace Hotel, for Invalids, as this noble institution was called, fell an early victim to the flames, but, like a Phœnix, from the ashes of this conflagration sprang up the present mammoth dual structure, furnishing alike a luxurious resort of Health, Rest, and Invigoration, and also the standard specifics which are going out in a never-ending flow to all the countries of the earth. It is a positive fact that will astound you who doubt the power of Energy to conquer, that Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is as well-known in *India* to-day, as in New York City, and is yet only on the threshold of its destined usefulness.

The World's Dispensary and the Invalid's Hotel and Surgical Institute is a combination of luxurious accommodation and every conceivable comfort and possible curative appliance known to science. It is a haven where chronic diseases and physical afflictions yield to the potent influences of skilful treatment.

In conclusion we can only say that it ranks in public confidence just where it deserves to stand—foremost amongst the reliable curative establishments of the world.

THE ST. GEORGE VICTIMS.

Eleven of the Suffering Survivors Not Yet Well Enough to be Moved.

St. George, March 25.—Of the 33 passengers who were hurt in the terrible accident here 11 are still at St. George. Thomas N. Doutney, the temperance lecturer, is doing nicely at Dr. Kitchen's and will be around again shortly. His wife is here with him. Miss Andrews of Belleville is not mending very quickly. A couple of days ago she developed paralysis of the arm, and her case is more serious than that of any of the other patients. George Margetts, who was badly scalded, is doing well and will be moved this week. Mrs. and Miss Jennings of Paris will be moved on Tuesday. Dr. LeQuesne of Cleveland is progressing favorably, but will be here for some time. Mr. Benedict of Michigan, who was burned and had his wrist badly injured, was very poorly until a couple of days ago, when he commenced to improve. It will probably be some time before he will recover. Mr. Marshall and his wife, one of the newly married couples who were on the ill-fated train and had their honeymoon suddenly eclipsed, will go home in a few days. Mrs. Marshall has been around for some time, but her husband is still confined to his bed. Mr. Hyslop of Goderich is almost well and will be sent home on Tuesday. Miss McLeod of Ingersoll, who sustained an ugly scalp wound and had her collar-bone fractured, is gradually getting better. She will likely be sufficiently recovered to be moved in ten days. Mr. McKinley of Detroit, who had his collar-bone broken, is doing nicely. He will be here for a couple of weeks longer.

Funeral of Jonathan Martin.

Woodstock, March 25.—The remains of the late Jonathan Martin were laid to rest this afternoon. In accordance with a proclamation issued by Acting Mayor Revell all places of business and all the schools were closed from 1 to 4 o'clock. The funeral has been equaled in the history of our town for size and impressiveness only by that of Mr. Martin's deceased comrades.

The condition of Mayor Karn is causing considerable anxiety in town. On Saturday he had an attack of malarial fever, but it is now stated that he is gaining again. It is the frequency with which these reverses occur that causes anxiety.

Kingston Items.

Kingston, March 26.—While working on a scaffold at the rear of Switzer's Hotel, John Leadbeater fell to the ground and was seriously injured.

Mrs. Kelly of Glenburnie was badly injured at Shanahan's Hotel, Princess-street. In leaving the building she opened a door leading to the cellar and thinking she was going out stepped forward and fell to the bottom.

A car of cotton, 150 bales, will leave here for china to-day.

The members of the Ancient Order of United Workmen intend erecting a hall.

About twenty-five people, mostly farmers, will leave for the Northwest to-day.

A Dwelling at St. Lambert Burnt.

St. Lambert, Que., March 25.—The frame dwelling in Victoria-street owned by Mr. Hicks and occupied by Mr. C. A. Stevens, wire chief of the Great Northwestern Telegraph Company at Montreal, was completely destroyed by fire about 8 o'clock this evening. The fire originated from a lamp which fell from the hands of Mrs. Stevens while in the act of removing some clothing from a closet. The building was valued at about $2000 and is said to be fully insured, but there was no insurance on the furniture, most of which, however, was saved.

Woodstock Jottings.

Woodstock, March 25.—J. W. Marsden, H. VanAllan and Robert Smith of Ingersoll have been convicted of violating the Scott Act and fined $50 each.

Alex. Sutherland, an old citizen, retired to rest apparently in good health Saturday night and was found dead in bed Sunday morning.

At the regular service of the Dundas-street Methodist Church last evening it was finally decided that a new church is to be built. Subscriptions amounting to $4000 were obtained and plans adopted.

Suicide at London.

London, March 25.—Geo. W. McCadden, formerly a clerk in D. S. Perrin & Co.'s establishment and aged about 20, committed suicide by taking Rough on Rats at his home in William-street north, Saturday night. He had been ill for a year and at one time had an operation performed on him on account of an Abscess in his stomach. His health did not improve, however, and on Saturday in a fit of despondency he decided to end his troubles at once and forever.

Correspondence.

Whilst correspondents will be accorded space for the expression of their ideas on topics of public interest, it must be in all cases understood that the views so expressed are simply those of the correspondents themselves.

To the Editor of the Intelligencer.

Dear Sir,—Noticing your remarks in yesterday's paper regarding the hull less oats business, you say, "Why has not the Police Magistrate long since taken some action to suppress this swindle?" If any of the innocent dupes of these schemers offers to lay an information and complaint it is generally believed he would summon the offender. It is not likely he, any more than the respectable farmers who (innocently—poor fellows) signed the recommendation, would buy up unmatured notes of deceived neighbors at a quarter, and even half, face value, as some note shavers have done, with the view, as innocent holders, without notice of vice in the origin of the note, making $150 on a $200, by paying only $50. It is known that many unmatured notes of $200 and $300 of struggling, hard-working farmers have been sold for $50 and $75. No man would part with a note of $200 for $50 or a note for $300 for $75, made by a person able to pay, unless he knew in his heart that he obtained dishonestly, and no honest man, be he infidel or christian, would buy such note on such terms, and seek to hide his greedy propensity by an excuse of purchase of the note before it became due and without notice of the sin of its orgin.

One thing is quite certain, the law is able to deal with men engaged in such work. By 49 Vic., ch. 164, S. 78 it is ingeniously—aye—and wisely enacted.

"That every one who, with intent to defraud or injure any *other* person by false pretence, fraudulently causes or *induces* any other person to write his or her name upon any paper, so that the paper may be *afterwards* made, or converted into, or *used*, or *dealt* with as a valuable security, is guilty of a misdemeanor, and liable to three years' imprisonment."

Schemers know if they get a person to sign his name to a note payable in the future—however great and sinful the fraud may be in obtaining the note—by transferring the note before it becomes due for a consideration, however small that consideration may be, for such transfer to another person who is ignorant of the vice in the transaction, such other person is excused from inquiring into or guessing at the origin of the note, and can legally collect it, be the transaction or basis of the note ever so fraudulent in the first instance.

This is the reason the country every now and then is invaded by scheming Yankees. They know how gullible innocent good people are, as a general rule. That they will pass by an experienced, lawfully qualified doctor's office, or lawyer's office, who would not lower his dignity or profession by trying to get business by artful means, and go right into the office of the quack doctor or lawyer, and so they get up circulars and get nice people of the same class they intend to deceive to sign them. It is high time these invaders were caught.

If Mr. Flint prefers not to act, there are other magistrates who will act fearlessly. I envy not the elasticity of the conscience of the man who is so greedy as to buy up his neighbor's note for $200 for $50 or even $150, without any enquiry whatever about its origin, and then go into the witness-box and swear it was transferred to him before it became due.

Lex.

Hull-less Oats.

To the Editor of the Intelligencer,

My Dear Sir,—A remark in your paper of yesterday seems to necessitate reply.

A judge of criminal matters cannot be both informant and judge. Before a man can be arrested or summoned on a criminal charge an information under oath requires to be laid before the magistrate. This information constitutes the authority of the magistrate to issue process. Without such an information a magistrate has no more authority to cause a man to be arrested or summoned for fraud than a private individual. I cannot swear to a criminal information, charging fraud, and then *try the question whether the man is guilty of that fraud* sworn by myself to have been committed by him. I am not to decide a question of fraud because a section, whether large or small, of the public *believe* that certain transactions are fraudulent. My plain duty is to try the case upon the law and evidence when it properly comes before me.

The opinion of the learned County Attorney has been cited in your columns as to the criminality of the people connected with this oat business. For that opinion I have profound respect, yet it not unfrequently happens in cases tried by me, that leading counsel differ strongly from the views of the learned County Attorney, and occasionally I have been obliged to decide cases in direct opposition to Mr. Henderson's views, and yet I may have been wrong and the County Attorney right.

In the present matter, whether the men are guilty of fraud under our law will depend upon the evidence and the construction of a statute. Opinions will probably differ as to the construction of that statute, application of evidence, etc. If I decide a case my opinion and judgment is entitled to be considered law, until reversed by a higher tribunal. When cases are dismissed from the Court of Appeal, because the judges are equally divided in opinion as to a material point, when the same thing occurs in the Supreme Court, even the best and soundest lawyers may err in expounding the law.

For months your paper has informed the farmers that this oats matter was a fraud. During this time, any aggrieved individual could have had the matter ventilated in a court, where he would have had the assistance and counsel of the County Attorney; and yet up to the present time, not one individual has applied to me for process.

A few weeks ago a person named Shea came to me, and said he had given his note and received a bond, but the oats had not been delivered; he naturally wanted his note or oats. I instituted inquiries, and was told the oats were not delivered because the man's note was discovered to be worthless. Upon delivery of the bond he received his note, and departed satisfied. A garbled statement of a private conversation between the County Attorney and myself has been published I will give the conversation as it occurred: A few days ago Mr. Henderson telephoned me that some man (not giving name) was in his office, and desired to lay an information as to this matter—that he had given his note, and received a bond.

I replied that I understood the bonds issued contained a statement on their face that the transaction was of a purely speculative character, and not based upon the true value of the grain. I said if such is the case, upon what statute would you prosecute? Mr. Henderson replied that the bond the man had did not contain such statements. I replied that alters the case. Mr. Henderson said, I will send the man to your office with his papers. I said, do so. I was in my office during almost the entire day, and I neither saw the man nor his papers.

Up to this hour, as above stated, no application whatever has been made to me for information against these parties or any of them.

A statement, therefore, that any one has been compelled to go to outside magistrates is unequivocally false.

I express no opinion whatever with regard to these oat transactions, for the reason that I may at any time be called upon to exercise the functions of a judge with respect to them.

I am yours,
John J. B. Flint.

A WISE CONCLUSION.

Years ago we decided that we would handle only such goods as we could recommend to our customers as good value for the money. The result is we have established a reputation for selling the best wearing Boots and Shoes in the locality, and our trade has increased while others have decreased. Our new Spring Stock has again been selected with the same care.

HAINES & LOCKETT.

EMBROIDERIES !-----

We have by far the largest stock of Embroideries in this city. We show them at prices ranging from 2c. to $5.50 per yard. 240 patterns to choose from.

J. HENNESSY.

☞ No such goods shown by any other store in town.

Trade of the Dominion.

SPEECH BY HON. ROBERT READ IN THE SENATE.

(*Continued.*)

Now, what have they imported? Live stock, blood cattle, building stone and coal. Montevideo imported 250,000 tons of coal four years ago; last year the importation was over 500,000 tons, and all this coal came from England. One would suppose that we ought to export coal to that country—but can we? I do not know; it is a question for the merchants to decide. In looking over the list of their exports from the River Plata I find they are very much the same as our own. Can we establish a trade with them if we have no return cargoes? We do send them lumber. Last year we sent forty odd vessel loads from Montreal, and twelve more from other ports on the river St. Lawrence.

Hon. Mr. Kaulbach—What quantity did those vessels carry?

Hon. Mr. Read—From Montreal 25,879,327, and from the other ports 7,719,000 feet, a total shipment of 33,500,000 feet. As to the West India Islands, I do not know very much about them. No doubt a large and profitable trade could and should be carried on with them, and I dare say is carried on; but the United States have more products to sell than we, and must find a market for them. We have had a good deal of talk about commercial union—that the United States must be our market. Have we not the same market to go to that they have? They sell more than two-thirds of all their exports to Great Britain and her dependencies. There are a few things, I admit, that we can sell to them. I am speaking now of the products of the farm. We can sell them barley and horses, and a few other things Mr. Wiman's great theme to the farmers was the unprotected hen. He is a plausible speaker, and he made a good deal of fun about the export of eggs from this country to the United States, and the high price paid for broilers at New York. I suppose he meant Delmonico's, and he made the farmers' eyes glisten when he spoke of them. I saw the other day that a large quantity of eggs had been brought back from Boston to Toronto and put into a commission house to be sold, because they could not be disposed of at Boston. It is the same with other things. Now, let us see what we have accomplished in this country. The claim is made by some that we are not going fast enough, but I have a distinct recollection of the changes that have occurred here for many years, and I think our progress has been wonderful. There is a gentleman in my hearing now who has assisted in rafting wheat from Ontario to Montreal for sale. Now see how we ship wheat.

Hon. Mr. Reesor—All through the National Policy?

Hon. Mr. Read—No; but that has helped our progress. I have a distinct recollection of my wedding journey from Montreal. I was married there on the 2nd July, and we had to change three stages and three steamers the first day, and we journeyed in four stages and four steamers before we could get home. Fancy the change—and I am a young man yet! I happened to be at the great Detroit convention, where 600 leading merchants of the two countries met, 400 from the United States and 200 from British North America. They were the finest body of men that I ever saw. The Canadians sat in two rows and the Americans in four rows, and I could not help thinking, as I looked at them, that the occupants of the two rows were more than a match for the occupants of the other four. It was quite evident to me then that they would not give us reciprocal trade, that what they wanted was a political union. If the people are prepared for that I hope it will not be in my time. I am not prepared, for the sake of a little profit, if you call it profit (which I doubt) to sell my allegiance for a mess of pottage.

For Nettle Rash, Summer Heat and general toilet purposes, use Low's Sulphur Soap

SHILOH'S CATARRH REMEDY—a positive cure for Catarrh, Diphtheria, and Canker Mouth For sale by D. M. Waters.

IMPERIAL CREAM TARTAR BAKING POWDER
TRADE MARK
PURTEST, STRONGEST, BEST,
CONTAINS NO
Alum, Ammonia, Lime, Phosphates,
OR ANY INJURIOUS SUBSTANCE.
E. W. GILLETT, TORONTO, ONT. CHICAGO, ILL.
MANUFACTURER OF
THE CELEBRATED ROYAL YEAST CAKES.

MAPLE SYRUP,
CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S MARMALADE,
CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S PICKLES.
CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S JAMS.
MILD CURED HAMS.
PURE LARD.
GARDEN SEEDS.
FINE BLACK TEA.
A. KNOX.

NEW COLLARS
—AT—
--FISH'S.--
ROYAL TOP,
TOP ROYAL,
THE HARRISON,
THURMAN Collars
are the newest out. New Neckwear, elegant patterns. See our new Shirts.
A. E. FISH & CO.,
The noted Shirt Makers and Gents' Furnishers, 260 Front St.

CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES
—AT THE—
City Book Store.

New Stock just received, in all the latest styles of leading American and Canadian manufacturers.

Largest assortment in the city to select from. No old goods carried over. All Carriages this year's make.

Prices extremely low.

☞ Study your best interests by examining our stock.

C. B. SCANTLEBURY

TENDERS WANTED !

TENDERS addressed to D. B. Robertson, Esq., City Clerk and endorsed "Tenders for Stone," will be received until 6 o'clock p. m.

Thursday, March 28th, inst.,

—FOR—

ONE THOUSAND CORDS OF HARD-HEAD STONE,

broken suitable for streets, delivered in such place or places within the city limits as may be designated by the Public Works department. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

THOMAS HANLEY,
Chairman Public Works Com.
Belleville, March 21, '89 274-1td

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S
English - Fruit - Jams,

Made from fresh English Fruits and Refined Sugar only.

RASPBERRY, STRAWBERRY, PLUM, DAMSON, GOOSEBERRY, CHERRY, BLACK CURRANT, RED CURRANT and GREENGAGE,

In pound pots, full weight.

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE,
Grocers and Wine Merchants.
33 & 37 Bridge Street.
Also Front Street, Opp. Ritchie's.

To Let for a Term of Years, or For Sale.

PARTS of 9 and 10, 2nd Con. of Thurlow, containing about 100 acres of cleared land, adjacent to the Grand Trunk Station. Apply to

HON. ROB'T READ,
March 19, '89 d&wtf Belleville.

VETERINARY.

T. PURVIS, Veterinary Surgeon, Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College, Toronto, Member of Ontario Vet. Society. Office, rooms formerly occupied by Dr. Douglas, Front St. References—J. P. W & Son, and Ed. Rooney, Prescott. 263d&wtf

Perkins' Indian Medicines.

Yeoman Gibson, Whitby, Ont., writes and says that Perkins' Cramp and Pain Alleviator was the only remedy that would cure him. He spent hundreds of dollars with the doctors; only relief he could get was using morphine. Now he has not felt it for the past 6 years. Dr. Wilson's British Cough Balsam is known and extolled as the great English remedy for curing Bronchitis and Lung disease. Perkins' Indian Herb Ointment will positively cure erysipelas, salt rheum, and fever sores; and for burns and scalds, it is the boss of the world, as it cures without leaving any marks. The above remedies are manufactured by D. H. Perkins, St. John, N.B.

ALBERT L. GREEN, Agent for Belleville,
Wholesale and Retail Druggist.
Feb'y 19, 1889. 1taw3m

SPENCERIAN STEEL PENS
Are the Best,
IN THE ESSENTIAL QUALITIES OF
Durability, Evenness of Point, and Workmanship.
Works: Birmingham, England.
Sold by the leading Stationers.

WINTER SERVICE.

---ALLAN LINE----

Steamships	Fr Portland	Fr. Halifax
Polynesian	21 Feb	23 Feb.
Sardinian	7 Mar.	9 Mar.
Circassian	21 "	23 "
Parisian	4 April	6 April
Polynesian	18 "	20 "
Sardinian	2 May	4 May

Circassian from Quebec May 10th.

The steamers from Portland via Halifax call at Londonderry on their passage to and from Liverpool, to embark and land mails and passengers.

The steamers from Halifax via St. Johns, Nfd., call at Queenstown on their passages to and from Britain.

Steamers leave Portland on arrival of train leaving Belleville Wednesday noon, and Halifax on arrival of train leaving Belleville Thursday noon.

Passengers proceeding by steamers calling at St. Johns, Nfd., will leave Belleville on Friday noon train.

RATES OF OCEAN PASSAGE:

Cabin, $50.00, $65.00 and $75.00 according to accommodation. Intermediate, $30.00. Steerage, $20.00. Return Tickets, Cabin, $100, $125.00, $150.00. Intermediate, $60.00. Steerage $40.00.

Steerage passangers are booked to and from Queenstown, Derry, Belfast, London and Glasgow at same rates as Liverpool.

Intermediate passangers are forwarded to and from Glasgow and Liverpool by rail without extra charge.

CABIN PASSENGERS

are supplied with a very liberal table, and everything necessary except wines and liquors, which can be had on board at moderate prices.

Each passanger is allowed twenty cubic feet of baggage free.

THE INTERMEDIATE.

Superior accommodation is offered in the INTERMEDIATE, which in every respect is equal to what is called Second Cabin in some lines sailing from New York.

The Intermediate Cabins on all our ships are well situated, perfectly ventilated and are entirely distinct from the Steerage. Steward and Stewardesses to each vessel. Passangers in the Intermediate are found with everything.

THE STEERAGES

are large and exceedingly well lighted and ventilated, are fitted up in rooms, each passanger having a seperate sleeping berth. A Stewardess is appointed to each steamer.

For tickets and all information apply to

J. E. THOMPSON,
General Ticket Agent,
Bridge St. Belleville.

THE KEY TO HEALTH.

BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS

Unlocks all the clogged avenues of the Bowels, Kidneys and Liver, carrying off gradually without weakening the system, all the impurities and foul humors of the secretions; at the same time Correcting Acidity of the Stomach, curing Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Headaches, Dizziness, Heartburn, Constipation, Dryness of the Skin, Dropsy, Dimness of Vision, Jaundice, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Scrofula, Fluttering of the Heart, Nervousness and General Debility; all these and many other similar Complaints yield to the happy influence of BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS.

Sample Bottles 10c; Regular size $1.

For sale by all dealers.

T. MILBURN & CO., Proprietors, Toronto

Manufacturers Life & Accident
INSURANCE COMPANIES.

Combined authorized capital	$3,000,000
Combined subscribed capital	739,700
Combined cash capital	150,760
Combined insurance received (1888)	9,575,525

President - Sir John A. Macdonald.
Vice-Presidents { Geo. Gooderham, Esq., William Bell, Esq.
Secretary and Treasurer—J. L. Kerr, Esq.
Managers for Eastern Ontario, Peterboro—Wilson & Morrison.

R. CROFT HULME
Agent, Belleville.

☞ Agents wanted.

This Company wrote the largest amount of new business of any company in Canada in 1888. It has the largest capital and the strongest Board of Directors of any company in the Dominion.

ARMBRECHT'S

TONIC COCA WINE

FOR
FATIGUE
OF MIND AND BODY
AND SLEEPLESSNESS.

"Experience and scientific analysis reveal to us in Coca the most tonic plant in the Vegetable Kingdom."—*Manuel Fuentes.*

"It (Coca) is, in a word, the most powerful restorer of the vital forces."—*Dr Schmalk.*

ARMBRECHT'S COCA WINE, though more tonic in its properties than Iron or Quinine,

NEVER CONSTIPATES.

See Medical Reviews. For sale by leading druggists throughout the world.

ARMBRECHT, NELSON & CO.
2 Duke St., Grosvenor Sq.,
LONDON.

Pond - Lily - Cream.

A delightful Toilet article. Not a face paint or powder; does not cover over but cures. Used in connection with Pond Lily Liver Pellets and Pond Lily Soap most effectually and positively removes Pimples, Freckles, Tan, Black Specks, Blotches, allays all irritation after shaving, or any itchiness of the skin from whatever cause and all roughness from the face, hands, neck and arms, leaving them beautifully white and velvety. Sold by wholesale dealers and druggists everywhere. Pond Lily Cream, 25 cents; Pond Lily Liver Pellets, 25 cents; Pond Lily Skin Soap, 15 cents. S. PERRIN, Chemist, Manufacturer and Proprietor for Canada.

PILES! PILES! PILES!

Dr. William's Indian Pile Ointment is a sure cure for Blind, Bleeding or Itching Piles. No one need suffer. Prepared for Piles only. It never fails to cure. Sold by druggists for $1.00, or mailed on receipt of price. WILLIAMS MF'G Co., Cleveland, Ohio.

Important to Workingmen.

Artizans, mechanics and laboring men are liable to sudden accidents and injuries, as well as painful cords, stiff joints and lameness. To all thus troubled we would recommend Hagyard's Yellow Oil, the handy and reliable pain cure for outward or internal use.

Give Them a Chance ?

That is to say, your lungs. Also all your breathing machinery. Very wonderful machinery it is. Not only the larger air-passages, but the thousands of little tubes and cavities leading from them.

When these are clogged and choked with matter which ought not to be there, your lungs cannot half do their work. And what they do they cannot do well.

Call it cold, cough, croup, pneumonia, catarrh, consumption or any of the family of throat and nose and lung obstructions, all are bad. All ought to be got rid of. There is just one sure way to get rid of them. That is to take Boschee's German Syrup, which any druggist will sell you at 75 cents a bottle. Even if everything else has failed you, you may depend upon this for certain.

A Feeble Failure.

Many persons become feeble and fail in health and disease of the blood, liver, kidneys and stomach when prompt use of Burdock Blood Bitters, the grand purifying and regulating tonic, would quickly regulate every bodily function and restore to perfect health.

FEVER AND AGUE AND BILIOUS DERANGEMENTS are positively cured by the use of Parmelee's Pills. They not only cleanse the stomach and bowels from all bilious matter, but they open the excretory vessels, causing them to pour copious effusions from the blood into the bowels, after which the corrupted mass is thrown out by the natural passage of the body. They are used as a general family medicine with the best results.

To lessen mortality and stop the inroads of disease, use Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and Dyspeptic Cure. For all diseases arising from Impure Blood, such as Pimples, Blotches, Biliousness, Indigestion, etc., etc., it has no equal. Mrs. Thomas Smith, Elm, writes: "I am using this medicine for Dyspepsia; I have tried many remedies, but this is the only one that has done me any good."

Nothing so suddenly obstructs the perspiration as suddent transitions from heat to cold. Heat rarifies the blood, quickens the circulation and increases the perspiration, but when these are suddenly checked the consequences must be bad. The most common cause of disease is obstructed perspiration, or what commonly goes by the name of catching cold. Coughs, colds, sore throat, etc, if attended to in time are easily subdued, but allowed to run their own course, generally prove the fore-runner of more dangerous diseases. Nine-tenths of the consumptives date their affliction from a neglected cold, and the diseases that are caused by wet feet, damp clothes, or exposure are more numerous than are generally supposed. One of the most efficacious medicines for all diseases of the throat and lungs is Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup. It promotes a free and easy expectoration, which frees the lungs from viscid phlegm by changing the secretions from a diseased to a healthy state.

Rest and Comfort to the Suffering.

"Brown's Household Panacea" has no equal for relieving pain, both internal and external. It cures Pain in the Side, Back or Bowels, Sore Throat, Rheumatism, Toothache, Lumbago and any kind of a Pain or Ache. "It will most surely quicken the Blood and Heal, as its acting power is wonderful." "Brown's Household Panacea," being acknowledged as the great Pain Reliever, and of double the strength of any other Elixir or Liniment in the world, should be in every family handy for use when wanted, "as it really is the best remedy in the world for Cramps in the Stomach, and Pains and Aches of all kinds," and is for sale by all Druggists at 25 cts a bottle.

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, *Station D, New York City.*

DUNN'S
BAKING
POWDER
THE COOK'S BEST FRIEND

EXHAUSTED VITALITY.

THE SCIENCE OF LIFE, the great Medical Work of the age on Manhood, Nervous and Physical Debility, Premature Decline, Errors of Youth, and the untold miseries consequent thereon, 360 pages 8 vo., 125 prescriptions for all diseases. Cloth, full gilt, only $1, by mail, sealed. Illustrative sample free to all young and middle aged men. Send now. The Gold and Jewelled Medal awarded to the author by the National Medical Association. Address P. O. Box 1895, Boston, Mass., or Dr. W. H. PARKER, graduate of Harvard Medical College, 25 years' practice in Boston, who may be consulted confidentially. Specialty, Diseases of Men. Office, No. 4, Bulfinch Street.

NERVOUS DEBILITY.

NERVOUS DEBILITY, EXHAUSTING, Vital Drains (caused by early indiscretions), effectually cured. Syphilitic affections and all bad blood and skin diseases arising there from thoroughly eradicated. Varicocele cured without operation. Impotence, or premature decline of the manly powers, and all diseases of the genito-urinary organs a specialty. It makes no difference who has failed to cure you. Skill and experience important. A friendly letter or call may save you a great deal of misery and add years to your life. Consultation FREE. Medicines sent to any address. DR. REEVE, 337 Jarvis St., Toronto. 59d&wly

RUPTURE

The last 25 years I have adjusted more Trusses than any man in America. Valuable Patents, my own invention, in Trusses, Spinal and Club Feet Instruments. Rupture—I will guarantee to hold largest Rupture without touching your hip, no straps whatsoever, waterproof. Largest stock of general Trusses, also the great Cluthe Spiral Trusses in stock. Reliable system for ORDERING BY MAIL. Spinal Instruments half the weight of other makes and more effective. CLUB FEET I claim the only mechanical system to straighten born Club Feet (Patented.) I will prove to anybody that operation never did nor can straighten Club Feet. Send 6 cent stamps for Book. CHAS. CLUTHE, 118 King St. W., Toronto

CHAS. CLUTHE,

of 118 King St. West, Toronto, Ontario, will be at the QUEEN'S HOTEL, BELLEVILLE, Saturday, JUNE 1st. Call early and avoid disappointment. No FAILURE. Will hold the most OBSTINATE cases of RUPTURE WITH EASE AND COMFORT.

----NEW----

Sugar Cured Hams, Breakfast Bacon, Finnan Haddies, Boneless Codfish, New Walnuts, New Filberts, S. S. Almonds, Loose Muscatel Raisins, Black Basket Raisins, London Layer Raisins, Buckwheat Flour, Selfraising Buckwheat Flour, Roll Butter, Fresh Eggs

AT A. WALLACE'S.

Daily Intelligencer.

RIGHTED AT LAST.

A STORY OF NEW ENGLAND LIFE.

> A child of our grandmother Eve, a female;
> Or, for thy more sweet understanding, a woman.
> *Love's Labor Lost.*

He smiled. 'You have a good memory, it seems, and, what is more rare, can hear truth without losing your temper; a rare thing in a woman—ay, let us be just—or, a man either.'

'Show Mr. Annesley this, dear,' said Miss Annesley, handing over a sketch she had been examining. 'I think he will be pleased with it.'

'Ah, the Ridge and the old poplars! That reminds me, cousin, of another thing I heard to day. Spencer says that Alice Ross, Rothsay Cavendish's old housekeeper, is living with Widow Joyce. Have you heard or seen anything of her?'

'No, but I wonder I have not. I remember her well.—Lina, you were at the Ridge a few days since; did you see or hear of such a person?'

'I did.'

'And I have been here a fortnight without seeing her!' exclaimed Mr. Annesley, impatiently. 'I wonder Spencer didn't mention it at Saratoga!'

'Saratoga! Have you been to Saratoga, Cousin Ralph?' Miss Annesley opened wide her fine blue eyes.

'Yes; on my arrival in New York, I found Spencer had gone to the springs. I followed, *instanter*, and, if it had not been for the illness of his wife, we should have gone West, and thus spared you the infliction of my presence here. But I have that to add,' he continued, with a quizzical smile, 'which will reconcile you to a much greater evil. I met Mrs. and Miss Lloyd, who are so disgusted with the pomps and vanities of Saratoga, and so full of yearnings for rural seclusion and pastoral sweets, as they contrived to make me feel, during my brief interview with them, that I could not do otherwise than second the invitation to Highcliff, which I found you had given them, and, unluckily, forgot all about it, until I saw Spencer yesterday. They will be here in the beginning of the month.'

'Now, that was so like you, Saville Annesley, to come home and go to quizzing me and Lina about Julia, just as if you had never seen her! But isn't she beautiful?'

'Superb! I suppose; but, really, I was too much occupied with business to think about her.'

'But you will be at leisure, now. How fortunate!'

'Not for me, Cousin Anne, for I hope to be on my way West before that time. I must see Alice Ross. Is the road to the Ridge passable—for anything Christian, I mean?' he inquired, turning abruptly to me.

'For your horse, sir, although he may not come within that catalogue.'

'Beware of the vice of slander, Miss Ray! Don has more right there than many men, judging him by the Scriptural text, the use of the gifts given him. But how did you get there? Did you walk or did you take the ancient mode of conveyance peculiar to your people!'

'I walked, sir—as I shall again to-morrow morning,' I mentally added, with a glance at the breaking clouds.

'Speaking of Alice,' said Miss Annesley, 'reminds me of something little Grace Lloyd told to us, before we left the city, about Rothsay Cavendish's property. She said he gave it, by will, to some relatives; and some person, a teacher, I think, in the family of their relatives, claimed it as the daughter of his brother Philip. There was a great deal of trouble about it, in consequence, and the person ran away, I think Grace said.—Didn't she, dear?' turning to me.

'She did.'

'A pretty sure proof of the justice of her claim,' observed the gentleman. 'I have heard this story before, for I am one of the executors of the will; and the strangest thing is, that Spencer seems inclined to credit her story. He is not the man to be humbugged by a pretty face; besides, he says the girl is plain. I don't understand it. I met the brother of the legatees, this morning, in Spencer's office.'

'What sort of a person is he, sir?'

I could not resist the temtation to know his thoughts of James Sancroft, though I was conscious that my voice sound harsh and unnatural.

He turned suddenly. 'Come away from that window. You are taking cold.'

I obeyed, and put Miss Annesley between me and his keen eyes, while he went on:

'One of the 'rising men' of whom we hear so much in these days. Do you know the species, Miss Ray?'

I shook my head.

'Well, they are usually made up of brains, *minus* heart and conscience. This fellow's manner has a velvety softness, significant to cats' claws. I distrust him, and, if his family are like him, there must be some truth in his assertion that Rothsay Cavendish was easily deceived. Another strange feature of the case is, the girl's refusal to take the property.'

'What do you intend to do?' asked my mistress.

'Find her, if she is above ground!' he replied, starting from a fit of musing, 'and find out who she is. Let her deceive me if she can! I think I should know Philip's child! Poor Phil!'

CHAPTER XXV.

THE SHIP FEVER.

I arose very early next morning for my walk to the Ridge, but found that Mr. Annesley had the start of me. When I went into the garden to gather my flowers for the breakfast-table, I heard him giving some order about the horses to one of the men. I did not hear what he said, but supposed that he was, probably, going to ride to the Ridge, and I almost wished for that power of locomotion which he had ascribed to me the evening before, for, by the shortest foot-path, I could not hope to forestall Don's speed, even if I dared risk meeting him in Alice Ross's presence.

I had now seen enough of him to know what old Hannah Smith meant when she said, 'if Mr. Ralph said a thing wasn't proper, she should like to know who would say it was,' and I felt sure that he would draw my secret from Alice, in spite of herself.

'And why not?' I said, pausing from my work, and facing the rising sun. 'Because he thinks me an impostor—because, when he gets hold of me, he will compel me to prove who I am. Before two years expire I will do it, if possible, but not now.'

I took up my basket to go in, and found him leaning over the garden gate.

'Good-morning, Miss Ray. You are early among your flowers. Were they cropped by magic moonlight?'

'No, sir. I have just gathered them.'

'They are harmless, then,' he said, taking my basket. 'Here are carnations, gilly-flower, phlox, marigolds—

> 'These are flowers
> Of middle summer, and I think are given
> To men of middle age.''

He selected several, and returned the basket, but without the slightest intention to let me pass.

'What a glorious morning, Miss Lina! See how the sunbeams light up the face of the old cliff up yonder. The whole country looks bright and fresh as a boy's dream of life—and will fade as soon.'

(*To be continued*).

Try to Benefit Others.

"I had a very bad pain in my side, of which one bottle of Hagyard's Yellow Oil made a complete cure. I hope that this may be of some benefit to those who read it." A. R. T. Walker, 44½ High St. City. Hagyard's Yellow Oil is a specific for all inflammatory pain.

The Loss of the Hair

Is a great misfortune and the sight of a bald head should be a warning to you to take the best possible care of your hair. A little of Dr. Dorenwend's "Hair Magic" used occasionally will prevent all chances of its falling out or turning gray, and will remove all traces of dandruff. Every druggist has it in stock. Ask for it.

A Life of Ease.

Miss Lizzie Ratcliff, writing from Falkirk, Ont., says: "I had such a cough I could not sleep and was fast going into consumption; I tried everything I could hear of without relief, but when I got Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam I soon got ease. It is the best medicine I ever tried." Lizzie Ratcliff, Falkirk, Ont.

TORONTO, March 15, 1889.

Messrs. The Lansdowne Piano Mfg. Co.,
86 York St., Toronto:

GENTLEMEN,—It affords me much pleasure to testify to the excellent qualities of your Pianos. Before I purchased a piano from you several years ago, I carefully examined many instruments by different makers in order to secure the best. I am glad to assure you that I have not been disappointed in my selection.

Your Pianos will favorably compare with any STEINWAY or CHICKERING I have yet seen, and I have no hesitation in saying that they surpass all other Canadian Pianos in breadth and richness of tone, lightness of touch, beauty of style, and especially in the bell-like quality of the treble notes.

Concluding, I wish to congratulate you upon the great success and the results you have obtained, and I am sure your Pianos will always sustain the wide reputation they have hitherto enjoyed. I remain,

Respectfully yours,
THEODORE H. A. MARTENS,
Graduate of the Leipzig University of Music.

T. DONNELLY,
Agent, Belleville

FARMS FOR SALE.

THE undersigned is instructed to sell on EASY TERMS the following FARMS, situated in the County of Hastings:

TOWNSHIP OF TUDOR.

Lots Nos. 27 and 28, South-west side of Hastings Road, 100 acres.

LIMERICK.

Lots Nos. 53 and 54, 2nd con., east Hastings Road, 100 acres.

MONTEAGLE.

Lot No. 30, 16th con., 101 acres.

WICKLOW.

Lot No. 29, 1st con., 101 acres.

CARLOW.

Lots Nos. 24 and 25, 7th con., 200 acres. Lots Nos. 24 and 25, 8th con., 200 acres. Lot No 28, 8th con., 100 acres. Lots Nos. 24 and 25, 15th con., 199 acres.

Titles are perfect. Apply to

JAMES BOOTH,
Real Estate Agent, Belleville.
Office corner Pinnacle and Bridge Sts., up stairs.
Feb. 28, '89. d30tw3m

REFINED
CAMPHOR

Fresh from the Manufacturers, just received by

L. W. YEOMANS & CO.

Luxuriant Growths of Hair

are seen on the heads of all who use

DR. DORENWEND'S

Great German Hair Magic.

The equal of this great preparation is yet to be found. It is an unfailing restorer for Gray Hair. It stops and prevents all falling out of the hair. It removes all Dandruff and keeps the scalp clean. On Bald Heads (if there are but the faintest traces of roots) the "Magic" will produce a fine growth. Will you try it? or will you let your hair go and become prematurely old? What do you say?

All druggists, everywhere, have it for sale. Ask for it. Do not let the druggist tell you he has "something just as good." Many have dead stock of other hair tonics on hand and try to shove them off in this way.

See that each bottle bears seal and signature of

A. DORENWEND,
Sole Manufacturer,
Paris Hair Works, 103 & 105 Younge St.,
Toronto, Ontario.

☞ Bangs, Frontpieces, Waves, Wigs, Switches, Gents' Wigs, Toupees and Hair Goods of all kinds are supplied by A. Dorenwend. Send to above address for circulars and prices.

$4.00 PER MONTH will rent a comfortable house in a good situation.

$7.00 PER MONTH will rent a good brick house.

$10.00 PER MONTH will rent a large brick house with a good stable, and within two minutes' walk of Front Street.

FOR SALE.—A comfortable residence, with a good garden, and a quiet street.

For further particulars apply to

J. L. BIGGAR.

$72 a week. $12 a day at home easily made. Costly outfit free. Address True & Co., Augusta, Maine.

BELLEVILLE POST OFFICE.

MAILS	Close	Due for Delivery.
East per G. T. R., including Maritime Provinces, and Picton	11:45 a. m. 10:00 p. m.	6:00 p. m 7:30 a. m.
West per G. T. R., including Western States, Manitoba and the North-West Territories	5.05 p.m. 10.00 p.m.	1:00 p. m. 7:30 a. m.
East and West, per G. T. R., closes on Sunday at 10 p. m.		
Marysville, Shannonville, per G. T. R	11:45 a. m.	6:00 p. m
Belleville Station, postage one cent	7.30 a. m. 5.05 p. m.	8.30 a. m. 6.00 p. m.
G'd Junction Ry., main line, including Peterboro', Stirling,	10:00 p. m	5:00 p. m.
Madoc, per Grand Junction Ry, including Queensboro, Cooper, Rimington, Bridgewater, and the Flats	11:45 a. m.	5:00 p. m.
Madoc Route, per stage	1:00 p. m.	12:00 noon.
Bancroft, Coe Hill, Marmora and all offices in North Hastings per Trenton and Coe Hill Railway	5 05 p. m. 10:00 p. m.	:30 a. m.
Bridgewater Route per stage, including Stoco daily	1:00 p. m.	12:00 noon.
Moira, Phillipston, Bogart, on Monday, Wednesday and Friday	1:00 p. m.	12:00 noon.
Fuller, on Tuesday and Friday	1:00 p. m.	12:00 noon.
Wallbridge, on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
Ameliasburg Route, per stage, including Mountain View and Crofton	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
Albury on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
Sidney Crossing, Wednesday and Saturday	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
Bay Side, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
British Mails, via New York, Monday and Thursday	11:45 a. m	
" " via Halifax, Canadian line Thursday	11:45 a. m.	

Postage, 5c. per ½ oz. by each route. Registration fee, 5c.

Money Orders granted on all Money Order offices in Canada, the United Kidgdom, France and Algeria, the United States, Newfoundland, Jamaica, Victoria (Australia), New South South Wales, Queensland, New Zealand Tasinania, Constantinople (Turkey), Gibraltar, Smyrna, Panama (British agency), Austria, Hungary, Belgium, China (See Hong-Kong), Denmark, including Iceland and the Faroe Islands, Danish West Indies, Dutch, East Indies, Egypt, German empire (which includes 26 States), Holland, (Netherlands), Italy, Japan, Norway, Portugal, including Madiera and the Azores, Romania, Sweden, Switzerland, British India, including Aden, Bagdad, Bandor, Abas, Bushire, Busrah, Guadur, Jask, Linga, Muscat and Zanzibar, Ceylon, Hong Kong, including Amoy, Canton, Foo Chow, Han Kow Hoi-how, Ningpo Shanghai and Swatow, North Borneo, Strait Settlements, Bermuda, Falkland Islands, South and West Africa, [illegible] (Cape Colony, Gambia, Gold Coast, Lagos, Mauritius Natal, St. Helena, Seychelles Islands, Sierra, Leone, West Indies including Antigua, Bahams, Barbadoes, British Guiana, Dominica, Grenada, Honduras, (British), Montserrat, Nevis, St. Kitts, St. Lucia, St. Vincent, Tobago, Trinidad, Turk's Islands, South Australia, Western Australia, Azores Islands, Madera Islands.

Deposits received, under the regulations of the Post Office Savings' Bank, between the hours of 9 a. m. and [illegible] p. m.

Registered Letters must be posted 15 minutes before the close of each mail.

Street letter boxes emptied at 10 a. m. and 8 p. m.

Office hours, 7:30 a. m. to 6:30 p. m., Sundays excepted.

FOREIGN POSTAGE.

Canada having been admitted into the Postal Union, there is a re-arrangement of Postage rates, as follows:—

For Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Iceland, Egypt, France, Algeria, Germany, Gibraltar, Great Britain and Ireland, Greece, Italy, Luxembourg, Malta, Montenegro, Netherlands, Norway, Persia, Portugal, Azores, Roumania, Russia, St. Pierre, Servia, Spain, the Canary Islands, Sweden, Switzerland and Turkey. And via United States:—Bermuda, Bahamas, Cuba, Danish Colonies of St. Thomas, St. John, St. Croix, Jamaica, Japan and Porto Rico (Newfoundland is now in the Postal Union, but rates remain as before.) Letters, 5 cents per ½ oz. Postal cards, 2 cents each. Newspapers, 2 cents for 4 oz. Registration fee, 5 cents.

For Aden, Argentine Confederation, Brazil, British Guinea, Ceylon, Greenland, French Colonies in Asia, Africa, Oceanica and America, except St. Pierre and Miquelon, Persia, Persian Gulf, Portuguese Colonies in Asia, Africa and Oceanica, Trinidad, Spanish Colonies Africa, Oceanica and America, except Cuba and Porto Rico, Straits settlements in Singapore Penany and Malacca:—Letters, 10 cents per ½ oz. Post cards, 4 cents each. Newspapers, cents for 4 oz. Books, &c., 4 cents for 4 oz. Other Registration fees, 10 cents.

West India Islands, via Halifax, same rate as formerly. Prepayment by stamp in all cases.

J. H. MEACHAM
Postmaster

THE PILLS

Are at all seasons of the year a reliable remedy for correcting any Disorder of the Digestive Organs, and for restoring a healthy action to the STOMACH and BOWELS. They act on the Liver and Kidneys with marvellous effect, and by giving strength and tone to these important organs create a circulation of pure and healthy blood. Females of all ages find these Pills invaluable.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS & OINTMENT

THE OINTMENT

Heals all recent Wounds, Cuts, Bruises, and Sprains, and is a certain cure for BAD LEGS, SORES, ULCERS, and OLD WOUNDS. It has no equal for the cure of Bronchitis, Sore Throat, Coughs, Colds, Rheumatism, Gout, Glandular Swellings, and all Skin Diseases.

Manufactured only by Thomas Holloway, 78, New Oxford St., late 533, Oxford St., London.

☞ Purchasers should look to the Label on the Boxes and Pots. If the address is not 533, OXFORD STREET, LONDON, they are spurious.

California Evaporated Fruits!

NECTARINES,
APRICOTS,
PRUNELLES, PLUMS,

PEACHES,
CHERRIES,
CRYSTALIZED FIGS.

CONGER BROS.

Sun Life Assurance Company
—OF CANADA.—

I have great pleasure in announcing to the Policy-holders and friends of the Company that the Applications for New Life Assurances received during the year 1888 were $3,396,483.00, Life, and $2,820,900,00, Accident, or a total of $6,217,383.56. The total income was $525,273 and the total disbursements $288,859, thus giving a surplus of $236,414. The total assets of the company are $1,974,316, and there is a cash surplus to policy-holders of $172,537—an exceedingly satisfactory showing.

W. T. MCINTYRE,
General Agent, Belleville.

S. PARLIAMENT, Special Agent.

BURDOCK PILLS
SUGAR COATED

A SURE CURE FOR BILIOUSNESS, CONSTIPATION, INDIGESTION, DIZZINESS, SICK HEADACHE, AND DISEASES OF THE STOMACH, LIVER AND BOWELS. THEY ARE MILD, THOROUGH AND PROMPT IN ACTION, AND FORM A VALUABLE AID TO BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS IN THE TREATMENT AND CURE OF CHRONIC AND OBSTINATE DISEASES.

NEW
Wall Paper!
—AT—
-S. A. LAZIER'S-
ROBERTSON'S BLOCK

October 16th

Try FROSTILLA.

It softens the roughest skin and keeps it in good condition.

It contains nothing greasy or sticky, is nicely perfumed, a lady's toilet not complete without it.

An elegant face dressing for gentlemen after shaving.

For sale at the PHARMACY.

D. M. WATERS,

Economy, Equity, Stability.

Ontario Mutual
Life Assurance Co.
(ESTABLISHED 1870.)
DOMINION DEPOSIT - $100,000.

Assurances in force, Jan. 1st, 1889	$12,041,914
New Assurances written in 1888	2,518,650
Cash Income for 1888	393,074
Assets, Dec. 31st, 1888	1,313,853
Liabilities, as per Gov't Valuation	1,223,516

SURPLUS, - - $90,337.00.

The New Business for January and February of this year is MUCH GREATER than was ever before written by the Company during the same months, while, with over $12,000,000 on our books, the death losses have been very moderate.

S. BURROWS,
General Agent Ontario Mutual Life Co'y.

S. ROUGHTON, W. E. HOLTON, } Special Agents.

Office, Front Street, next door to Dominion Bank, Belleville.

NEW LINES
—IN—
CAKES and PASTRY.

Angel Cake, Coffee Cake, Queen Victoria, Adelaide, and a great many other varieties. Florida Oranges, Almeria Grapes and New Figs, just received at

DICKENS.

P. S.—We would respectfully ask all retailers to drop in and see us and the large line of Candies we are offering at wholesale.

DICKENS & SON.

CALIFORNIA
EVAPORATED
FRUITS

NECTARINES,
APRICOTS,
PEACHES,
PLUMS.

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE
Grocers & Wine Merchants,
33 & 37 Bridge Street.
Also Front St., opp. Ritchie's.

FOR MEN ONLY!

A POSITIVE CURE For LOST or FAILING MANHOOD; General and NERVOUS DEBILITY; Weakness of Body and Mind; Effects of Errors or Excesses in Old or Young. Robust, Noble MANHOOD fully Restored. How to Enlarge and Strengthen WEAK, UNDEVELOPED ORGANS & PARTS of BODY. Absolutely unfailing HOME TREATMENT—Benefits in a day. Men testify from 47 States, Territories, and Foreign Countries. You can write them. Book, full explanation, and proofs mailed (sealed) free. Address ERIE MEDICAL CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

BEFORE BUYING STOVES

Be sure to see our stock. We have in Coal Stoves the

Imperial Jewel,
Fancy Countess,
Art Favorite,
Fire King and others.

Also a great variety of RANGES and COOK STOVES, which we are selling at right prices.

C. F. SMITH & CO.
388, FRONT STREET.

S. W. BRADSHAW

Wishes to inform the citizens of Belleville that he has BOUGHT OUT THE

GROCERY

(lately occupied by Mr. Arch. Wallace,)

CORNER OF HOTEL AND ANN STREETS

where he intends to keep a full supply of the best of Groceries always fresh, and his stock of Provisions, such as Meats and Vegetables, will be especially fresh and in great variety and delivered with despatch. All orders by telephone No. 53) will be promptly delivered to any part of the city.

N. B.—Please remember Telephone No. 53.

HASTINGS
LOAN AND INVESTMENT SOCIETY
BELLEVILLE, ONT.

CAPITAL $250,000

MONEY TO LOAN on Farm or City property, at lowest current rates.

Payments can be made to fall due at any season of the year to suit borrowers. No delay in obtaining the money beyond the time necessarily employed in the investigation of titles.

MORTGAGES PURCHASED.

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT.

FOUR PER CENT interest allowed on Deposits. No notice required of withdrawal

OFFICE—Robertson's Block, east side of Front Street.

Straight loans at 7 per cent. No fines. No commissions.

J. P. C. PHILLIPS,
Manager

21&wly

J. H. MILLS,
--Merchant : Tailor,--
OPPOSITE GEO. RITCHIE & CO'S

THE MAGOG TEXTILE & PRINT CO.

Will offer for Spring Trade the LARGEST, CHEAPEST and MOST VARIED range of Prints ever shown, including

SPRING NOVELTIES
—OF—
LATEST PARIS DESIGNS!

Merchants will do well to see their samples before buying elsewhere. Early advice will be given when Travellers will call.

St Peter Street, - Montreal.

PARMELEE'S
Asphaltic ROOF PAINT.

It will entirely stop the rusting of tin and iron roofs.

It will entirely stop the wearing away and decay of the exposed wood of shingle roofs.

It has been accepted by the City, the County, and the chief Real Estate Owners of the City.

I will be glad to give estimates of cost at any time and anywhere.

H. S. PARMELEE,
Belleville.

432,000
FIRE CRACKERS
—AT THE—
—CITY BAKERY—
Wholesale and Retail.
JAS. WALLACE.

PENNYROYAL WAFERS.

Prescription of a physician who has had a life long experience in treating female diseases. Is used monthly with perfect success by over 10,000 ladies. Pleasant, safe, effectual. Ladies ask your druggist for Pennyroyal Wafers and take no substitute, or inclose postage for sealed particulars. Sold by all druggists, $1 per box. Address THE EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., DETROIT, MICH.

FOR SALE BY D. M. WATERS.

INTELLIGENCER PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY LIMITED.

J. C. JAMIESON, President. | J. W. LONDON, Secretary

THE Treasurer is the only person authorised to receive moneys for the Company, or to grant receipts for the same.

All Bills, Notes, Cheques, and other documents binding on the Company, will require the signature of the President, in addition to that of the Treasurer.

THE INTELLIGENCER is printed and published for the INTELLIGENCER Printing and Publishing Company (Limited) by JAMES C. JAMIESON, resident in Belleville, at their Office, Front St., south of Hotel St.

THE RATHBUN COMPANY,

Having transferred me to their Brockville branch, I beg to thank my friends and customers for the liberal patronage and kindness extended to me during my residence in Belleville, a-d also to bespeak the same treatment to Mr. R. C. Calhoun, my successor.

P. J. SHANNON.

The Daily Intelligencer.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL. 22. BELLEVILLE ONTARIO, WEDNESDAY MARCH 27, 1889. NO. 279

THE RATHBUN CO.

Having appointed me Agent for their Belleville branch, I take this opportunity of soliciting a continuance of the patronage which they have hitherto enjoyed through the popular management of Mr. Shannon. It will be my desire and aim to maintain and add to this patronage, which fair dealing and a thorough knowledge of the requirements of the trade leads me to hope for.—R. C. CALHOUN.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

G. DENMARK,

BARRISTER, Solicitor, etc. Office, Front Street.

W. B. NORTHRUP, M. A.,

BARRISTER, Solicitor, &c. Offices: North Bridge St., between Front St. and Lower Bridge.
Money to loan—private and company funds.

J. C. CONNELL, M.A., M.D., C.M.

DISEASES of the Eye, Ear, Throat and Nose. Surgeon to Kingston General Hospital. Office—No. 279, King Street, Kingston. Dr. Connell will be at the Queen's Hotel, Belleville, on the first Tuesday of each month. Sept. 5 d&wly

E. GUSS PORTER,

BARRISTER, Solicitor, Notary Public, &c. office in the Robertson Block, east side of Front Street.
Private Money to Loan. 371d&wl,

DR. ELIZABETH EMBURY,

GRADUATE of Queen's University, Licentiate of the College of Physicians and Surgeons, Ontario.
Office and residence—Harrison's Block, Front Street, across the hall from rooms formerly occupied by Dr. Farley, over Holland's jewellery store. Diseases of women and children a specialty. d&wtf

HENRY CARRE, C. E.,
M. C. Soc. C. E.,

DOM. and Prov'l Land Surveyor, late of the firm of Macleod & Carre, P. L. S. References: John Bell, Esq., Solicitor G. T. R., W. H. Ponton, Esq., Registrar of the County. Office—McAnnany Block, opposite Skinner & Redick's. Belleville, Ont., P. O. Box 203. 20d&w

J. F. WILLS,

BARRISTER, Solicitor, Notary Public, &c. Office, corner Front and Campbell Streets, Belleville, Ont. Money to loan, Company and private funds. 24d&w

J WALTER ROSS, M. D., C. M.

GRADUATE of the University of Trinity College, Toronto. Physician, surgeon, accoucheur. Office and residence West Front Street, one door north of entrance to Foot Bridge. d&wly

JOHN J. FARLEY, M. D., C. M., M. R. C. S., England.

OFFICE and Residence—corner of Bridge and George Streets—three streets east of the Post Office.

ROBERT BOGLE,

LOAN and real estate agent. MONEY TO LOAN at lowest rates. Office, opposite Roy's Brewry, Front St., Belleville.

GEO. CLINTON, M. D., C. M

OFFICE and residence Bridge St., between William and George Sts, third block eas of Bridge Street Methodist Church. Telephone No. 44. d&w

GEO. J. SHERRY,

BARRISTER, &c. Office. Metropolitan Block, next door north of Dominion Bank, Front St. Branch Office, Stirling. 116

EDGAR M. COOK, M. D.,

HOMOEOPATHIC Physician and Surgeon. Office and residence, West Front Street, in the late Dr. Abbott's premises, over Brignall & Thompson's store. TELEPHONE. 175dtf

GEO. D. DICKSON, Q. C.,

BARRISTER, &c., Post Office .ock Bridge Street Belleville.

WILLIAM N. PONTON,

BARRISTER, Solicitor Notary Public, Conveyancer. Office, over Express and Telegraph Office, Thompson Block, Bridge St., Belleville. Money to loan—private funds. Agent or the Trust and Loan Company of Canada.

DR. BURDETT

IS pleased to inform his friends that he is again able to render his professional services as before. 176 6m

DRUNKENNESS

Or the Liquor Habit, Positively Cured by Administering Dr. Haines' Golden Specific.

It can be given in a cup of coffee or tea without the knowledge of the person taking it; is absolutely harmless, and will effect a permanent and speedy cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. It has been given in thousands of cases, and in every instance a perfect cure has followed. It never fails. The system once impregnated with the Specific, it becomes an utter impossibility for the liquor appetite to exist. For circular and full particulars address GOLDEN SPECIFIC CO., 185 Race St., Cincinnati, O.

BANKING OFFICE
—OF—
U. E. THOMPSON
BRIDGE STREET, BELLEVILLE, ON

American Currency and Drafts Bought and Sold.

Deposits received, subject to withdrawn with out notice and interest allowed

EYE, EAR & THROAT
DR. RYERSON.

L. R. C. P., L. R. C S. E., Lecturer on the Eye, Ear and Throat, Trinity Medical College, Toronto, and Surgeon to the Mercer Eye and Ear Infirmary.
60 College Avenue, Toronto.
Dr. Ryerson will be at the Queen's Hotel, Belleville, on Saturday, April 20th.

RAYMOND C. ROLPH
SIGN PAINTER.

LETTERING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.
Corner of Front and Campbell Streets.
80dly

M. C. ROBLIN
ISSUER OF
MARRIAGE LICENCES

nd agent of the Lancashire Insurance C m any. Office over Hooey & Sons, Front Str et elleville. 1864 1y

A. G. NORTHRUP,
Issuer of Marriage Licences,
OFFICE—SHIRE HALL, BELLEVILLE
November 10

The Great English Prescription.

A successful Medicine used over 30 years in thousands of cases. Cures *Spermatorrhea, Nervous Weakness, Emissions, Impotency* and all diseases caused by abuse. [BEFORE] indiscretion, or over-exertion. [AFTER] Six packages *Guaranteed to Cure when all others Fail.* Ask your Druggist for The Great English Prescription, take no substitute. One package $1. Six $5, by mail. Write for Pamphlet. Address Eureka Chemical Co., Detroit, Mich.
FOR SALE BY D. M. WATERS.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

he Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin ruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R. Temp on.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

KEILLER'S—
—NEW—
—MARMALADE

JUST RECEIVED.

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE
Grocers and wine merchants,
35 & 37 Bridge Street.
Also Front Street, Opp. Ritchie's.

CAIRN'S—
—HOME MADE—
—MARMALADE

As supplied to the Queen. This season's make.

JUST RECEIVED.

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE,
Grocers & Wine Merchants,
35 & 37, Bridge Street
Also Front St., opp. Ritchie's.

NEWCOMBE PIANOFORTES

AWARDED FIRST SILVER MEDAL

WORLD'S EXPOSITION, NEW ORLEANS, U.S.A., 1884-5, in competition with the pianofortes of Europe and America. The only U.S. International Medal ever awarded to a Canadian pianoforte; also Medal and Diploma at the Colonial and Indian Exhibition, London, Eng., 1886, with the supreme honor of supplying Her Majesty the Queen with a Newcombe Grand, selected by Sir Arthur Sullivan. For Illustrated Catalogue, prices and terms,

Address Octavius Newcombe & Co.,
MANUFACTURERS
WAREROOMS, 107-109 CHURCH ST., TORONTO
FACTORY, 89 TO 97 BELLWOODS AVENUE

Gents' : Furnishings!

A FULL LINE of Gentlemen's Goods for the Fall and Winter.
Shirts made to order and a good fit guaranteed.

C. J. PANTER.

Feather Dusters

A full assortment of American Split Turkey Feather Dusters.

-F. CHARLES CLARKE,-
CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST.
Telephone 138. Front Street.

D LOW'S WORM SYRUP
DESTROYS AND REMOVES WORMS OF ALL KINDS IN CHILDREN OR ADULTS SWEET AS SYRUP AND CANNOT HARM THE MOST DELICATE CHILD

OFFICE TO LET.

FIRST CLASS Office and Shop Room to let for a term of years. Apply at this office.

THE BELLEVILLE WATER WORKS CO.

Daily Intelligencer.

IN THE GARB OF A PRIEST.

A Noted English Crook Landed in Limbo.

TORONTO, MARCH 26.—Last night Detective Reburn and Detective McGrath marched a smooth-faced young man into the detectives' rooms at Police Headquarters. They carried with them two valises, which, when opened, revealed six beautiful gold watches, one of which was elaborately ornamented with diamonds. These watches were in the cases of A. McMillan, Ottawa, yesterday, but were transferred therefrom by the deftness of a young man dressed as a Roman Catholic priest, giving his name as "Rev. D. Folley."

Yesterday morning a telegram from Ottawa was received at Police Headquarters to arrest this young man. Sergeant Raburn and Detective McGrath laid themselves out for him, and after an industrious search located their man at the St. James Hotel late in the evening. The reverend gentleman, who was signed on the register as "George Barnett, Ottawa," was out when the officers called, but the latter went to his room and waited, taking the opportunity to search his baggage. They found the watches and other goods. The officers went downstairs, and when his reverence came in and retired to his room they also went up and placed him under arrest.

The prisoner is a noted crook. He is known in both England and the United States. For a number of years he has been carrying on operations in a unique manner. In Liverpool last summer he advertised for £510 in American notes and gold and Canadian notes, stating that he was about to take a number of youths to Canada and that he wanted that sum. A local bullion dealer answered the advertisement and agreed to take the money to "Rev. Father McDonald" at the Roman Catholic Presbytery. The money was handed over and his reverence went out to get the exchange from the rector in charge, but the bullion dealer never saw him after. When the priests of the church were informed of the matter they were surprised, never having seen the man. He has been working similar games in Canada and the United States.

When he came to town at 9.30 yesterday morning he at once set himself to work to do up some Toronto people. He called at St. Michael's College early in the afternoon, arrayed in his priestly garb, and said that he was a clergyman from Ottawa and that he expected a parcel up shortly. He then went down to P. W. Ellis & Co's jewelry establishment in Wellington-street, and said he was a teacher in St. Michael's College and that the priests there were going to send the Pope a chalice and they wished to purchase $1500 worth of diamonds to gem the gift to His Holiness. This was about 3 o'clock, and the diamonds were to be sent up to the college at 4.30. At the appointed time Mr. Ellis went up, but gave an excuse for not bringing the diamonds. It was agreed then that the diamonds were to be delivered at 9.30 this morning. The prisoner gave a check for the $1500 on the Molson's Bank signed "Rev. Father Hanly," but no such person of course was known at the bank. Mr. Ellis' suspicions were aroused by the alleged father stating at the college that they were expecting Archbishop Lynch to arrive shortly, and it is more than likely that he would have looked out for the hard cash before he delivered the diamonds.

The prisoner took his arrest very coolly. He said he knew they couldn't send him to the States, but it was likely he would be sent to England after his time was served here. He wondered what penitentiary he would be sent to. He gave his name as Geo. Powell, and said that his mother lived on St. Urbain-street, Montreal.

Among the goods found in his effects was a silver monstrance, purchased (but not paid for) at D. & J. Sadlier & Co.'s Catholic publishing house, 115 Church-street.

The prisoner was locked up on a charge of larceny.

CANADIAN BANKS FLEECED.

A Sharper From Little Rhody Does Three of them Up for $20,100.

MONTREAL, March 26.—A despatch from Providence, R.I., states that an American hay merchant named Fleming of Providence has successfully fleeced three Canadian banks out of some $20,100. The banks interested are the Merchants' Bank of Canada, the Banque du Peuple and the Bank of St. Johns, which advanced money on bills of lading for hay shipped to the States. Mr. Bousquet, the Montreal manager of the Banque du Peuple, corroborated the above statement and said that the money was paid to a man in St. Johns who for years had borne an enviable reputation as a hay dealer but who it seems was an accomplice of Fleming and has since disappeared. Mr. Hague, general manager of the Merchants' Bank, stated that their loss was comparatively small.

SKIPPED FROM BUFFALO.

John Russell, a Former Torontonian, Does Up His Partner For $500.

BUFFALO, March 26.—John Russell and his wife came to this city from Toronto about a year ago. John was an expert carpenter and joiner and worked throughout the county until a month ago, when he entered into partnership with Geo. L. Rolfe, a wealthy contractor and builder. Last week Rolfe gave Russell a check for $500 to pay some bills and Russell, who had meantime worked a local jeweler for a diamond pin and a watch and ring valued at $200, got the check cashed and skipped out. Russell had a very friendly companion who roomed in Eagle-street. He was known as "Andy" and is now said to be in Toronto. Mrs. Russell is a very pretty little woman and her husband, to whom she has been married about two years, was jealous of her.

The Great Telegraph Suit.

MONTREAL, March 26.—The preliminary proceedings in the great telegraph suit between the Great Northwestern Company and the Montreal Company commenced this morning before Judge Mathieu in the Superior Court. Counsel for defendants took an exception to the form on the ground that the case could not come under the lessor and lessees act, as the agreement entered into between the parties was not a lease in the ordinary meaning of the word. Messrs. Geoffrion and Lacoste supported their contention at great length and were replied to by Messrs. Girouard and Irvine. The case was taken en delibere and judgment will be given to-morrow afternoon.

The G.T.R. Cited by the U.S. Commission.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—The Interstate Commerce Commission to-day issued an order citing the charge that the Grand Trunk Railway, incorporated under the laws of Canada and also of the laws of several states of the Union, is violating the Interstate commerce law by granting rebates and charging less than the published rates on traffic carried by it from points in the United States to points in Canada. The order therefore directs the railway to appear before the Commission April 4 to answer concerning the above charges.

Manitoba Matters.

WINNIPEG, March 26.—Wm. Lauson, a farmer of Carberry, fell from a load of hay to-day and received such serious injuries that death shortly ensued.

Evans who was shot by his comrade Sunday is still in a precarious condition.

There were no criminal or civil jury cases at the Portage Assizes and neither grand nor petit jurors were summoned.

A Baptist college is to be established here shortly.

McGrath's Long Sentence.

MONTREAL, March 6.—In the Court of Queen's Bench to-day Judge Church sentenced Luther Thomas McGrath, the murderer of Wm. Holden, to 14 years in the penitentiary.

Count Bismarck Dines With Salisbury.

LONDON, March 26.—Count Herbert Bismarck dined with Lord Salisbury this evening. Lord Hartington was also present. The three statesmen conversed until midnight.

THE ARIZONA KICKER.

Privileges Enjoyed by a Journal of Civilization.

"EXPLANATORY.—Last week we announced that we were on the trail of J. B. Davis, the Apache avenue grocer, and that this week's issue would contain an expose calculated to startle the community. We had over a column of it in type when Mr. Davis called at The Kicker office and subscribed for the paper and gave us a column ad. for a year.

"Mr. Davis is not only a genial, whole-souled gentlemen, worthy of a place in ou best society, but an enterprising, go-ahead citizen who is a credit to the whole state. When you want the best of goods at the lowest prices call on him."

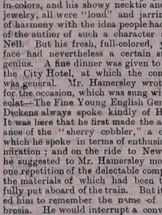
"REFORMING SLOWLY.—When we struck this town the chief of police lay drunk on the sidewalk in front of the postoffice, and the six patrolmen were playing pool or poker. Any one of the crowd could be bought for half a dollar. We have been pegging away for reform with each issue of The Kicker, and we are pleased to note an improvement. The chief hasn't been drunk for the last fortnight, and yesterday we counted four patrolmen on their beats at one time.

"All reforms move slowly, but patience and perseverance will accomplish much. We shall keep at it, and we predict that the day will yet come when we shall have a police force which will not fear a drunken Indian or sell out to a gambler for less that $2 sell."

"NOT THIS YEAR.—Considerable anxiety has been expressed by our many friends and well-wishers over the fact that The Kicker did not get the city printing again this year. In answer to all inquiries we reply that we did not want it. The total income last year was ninety-six cents, while we lent over $15 dollars to the Mayor and aldermen and never expect to get a cent of it back. We can't stand that kind of a racket more than one year."

"SOME OTHER EVE.—We have received several communications from leading citizens asking The Kicker to "go" for Judge of Probate Smith, who has been too befuddled with bad whiskey for the last month to attend to business. There is no doubt that the judge ought to be raked fore and aft, but we can't do it just now. We are his creditor for about $20, and if we opened on him he'd tell us to whistle for our loan. As soon as we get our money back we promise to make the fur fly, not only in the case of the Judge himself, but from the coat of his brother Bill, who is also daily steeped in liquor and rendering himself a public nuisance. Have patience, gentlemen."

A Reminiscence of Dickens.



DICKENS IN 1843.

Dickens, the novelist, on his first visit to America came down to Hartford in a littl steamer in February, 1842. It was an open winter. Dickens appeared, as he landed from the boat and was driven up, followed by crowds, to the City Hotel, like a young Cockney swell rather than the man who had pictured such characters and scenes as he had done in his world-admired novels; a writer who had already struck effectual blows at abuses in society. His hair was long, hanging down over his coat collar; his gaudy plain vest in colors, and his showy necktie and flashy jewelry, all were "loud" and jarringly out of harmony with the idea people had formed of the author of such a character as little Nell. But his fresh, full-colored, youthful face had nevertheless a certain stamp of genius. A fine dinner was given to him at the City Hotel, at which the convivialty was general. Mr. Hamersley wrote a song for the occasion, which was sung with great eclat—The Fine Young English Gentleman. Dickens always spoke kindly of Hartford. It was here that he first made the acquaintance of the "sherry cobbler," a drink of which he spoke in terms of enthusiastic admiration; and on the ride to New Haven, he suggested to Mr. Hamersley more than one repetition of the delectable compound—the materials of which had been thoughtfully put aboard of the train. But it bothered him to remember the name of the ambrosia. He would interrupt a conversation with—"By the way, what did you say was the name of that drink we had?" "Was it sherry cobbler?" said Hamersley. "Oh, yes! Sherry cobbler! Sherry cobbler!" eagerly exclaimed Dickens—"suppose we have another?" And "the other" one was made, every time a call was made for it.

A Queer Family.

There is no more peculiar family than the Glenns, two sisters and a brother, who live in Urbana, Ohio. All are unmarried, and John, the brother, is a study. There were once three boys. The father was odd. He would never go in debt. Once he went to buy the boys a coat each, but his money gave out and he only got two. He told John the circumstances and said he would get him one next time. John got mad, said he need never buy him one, and that he would never wear one as long as his father lived. Going to his room John remained 14 years without a coat, and no one ever saw him out of that room. His meals were sent to him, and he sat there and read and thought.

When the father died John came out, put on a coat and went to the funeral. The Glens are Scotch-Irish. The coat-of-arms ornaments the silver, china and front door. The old man had money and bought largely of land, and the estate is one of the most valuable in Campaign County. After the father died, the children, none of whom ever married, although all had been carefully educated, decided to have the whole house frescoed. For 10 months an artist worked at the house, and the walls and ceilings are covered with grotesque figures, serpents and animals.

The large sitting-room represents a forest, and about the walls climb vines. From holes in the tree-tops peep owls and squirrels, and birds are hid in the branches. Dogs owned by prominent citizens are frescoed about the house. At the head of the broad stairway is a life-size mastiff owned by the family. Besides these queer paintings there are panels inlaid with expensive woods and altogether the decrations are as expensive as possible.

John got mad once about these decorations and shut himself in his room for four years, coming out to attend the funeral of the brother who offended him. Mary, the youngest sister, has charge of the finances now. John is sixty-five years old, and bleached white by his confinment.—Van Wert News.

DIVORCES.

Where They Are Hard to Get and Where Easy.

In Australia divorces have never been sanctioned.

In the olden times the Jews had a discretionary power of divorcing their wives.

Divorces are scarcely allowed in Thibet, unless with the consent of both parties. Remarriage is forbidden.

In Cochin China the persons desiring divorces break a pair of chopsticks in the presence of witnesses, and the thing is done.

Among some tribes of American Indians the pieces of sticks given the witnesses of the marriage are broken as a sign of divorce.

If the wife of a Turkoman asks his permission to go out, and he says "go," without adding "come back again," they are divorced.

Two kinds of divorces are granted in Circassia. By the first the parties can immediately marry again; by the second, not for a year.

In Liberia, if a man is dissatisfied with the most trifling acts of his wife, he tears a cap or veil from her face, and that constitutes a divorce.

In Siam the first wife may be divorced, but not sold, as the others may be. She may claim the first child. The others belong to the husband.

Among the Moors, if the wife does not become the mother of a boy she may be divorced, with the consent of the tribe, and can marry again.

In the Arctic regions a man who wants a divorce leaves home in anger, and does not return for several days. The wife takes the hint and departs.

In China divorces are allowed in all cases of criminality, mutual dislike, jealousy, incompatibility of temperament or too much loquacity on the part of the wife.

Among the Tartars, if the wife is ill-treated, she complains to the magistrate, who, attended by the principal people, accompanies her to the house and pronounces a divorce.

JAMES C. FLOOD.

California's Millionaire Banker who Recently Died at Heidelberg.

James C. Flood, the Californian millionaire who recently died at Heidelberg, was attracted to the Pacific slope in 1849 by the accounts of the discovery of gold in California. He was then 23 years old. His fortune fluctuated until in 1867 a co-partnership was formed between himself and Wm. S. O'Brien, John N. Mackay and James G. Fair and thus the now famous bonanza quartet of Flood, O'Brien, Mackay and Fair was organized.

JAMES C. FLOOD.

The firm succeeded in getting control of that section of the Comstock ledge now occupied by the Consolidation California and Virginia mine, and out of this ground the Consolidated Virginia and California mining companies took over $150,000,000 in gold and silver, most of the profits of which went into the coffers of the bonanza firm. They organized milling, water, timber and other supply monopolies, which vastly increased their wealth. William S. O'Brien died May 2, 1878, leaving an estate valued at about $12,000,000, from which a fair idea of the wealth of his partners at that time may be gleaned. Intimate friends of the old partners say that at that time their wealth was about as follows: Mackay, $23,000,000; Fair, about $18,000,000; Flood, about $15,000,000; and O'Brien about $12,000,000. The firm thus had an aggregate wealth of nearly $70,000,000, and was the most powerful business firm in America, so far as coin was concerned. With varying fortune Mr. Flood was in business up to the time of his death, the property he left being valued at fully $10,000,000. He was noted for his charities, giving, amongst other things, $5,000 every Christmas time to the orphan asylums of San Francisco and vicinity.

Queer Torch-bearers.

In some parts of Northern Africa, says Mr. C. F. Holder, it was the custom years ago to employ large baboons to hold torches at balls and other entertainments given at night. On one occasion the owner of half a dozen of these curious creatures gave a ball, and had the entire force seated upon a bench, each holding a torch or flambeau. Everything proceeded smoothly, until finally one of the baboons probably dropped asleep and allowed its torch to strike its neighbor. Instantly there arose a dreadful shriek, and a horrible odor of burnt hair.

The victim, intent on retaliation, struck the sleeper violently with its torch, thus burning another, and soon all the torch-bearers were engaged in a sanguinary encounter. The howls of rage and agony completely drowned the music and broke up the entertainment.

Did He Find the Tillamook Treasure?

In the early days of Oregon, when the Hudson bay company controlled the commercial business of the northwest coast, with headquarters at Vancouver and a branch store at Oregon City, Thomas McKay, son of a Hudson bay man by a Red river Indian woman, who subsequently became the wife of the philanthropic Dr. McLoughlin, went over to the Tillamook country on a trapping expedition as a servant of the above named company. In his wanderings up and down the coast range he found an aged Indian woman of the Tillamook tribe, who told him that she witnessed the coming ashore of the Spaniards, whom tradition credits with burying a chest of treasures at the mouth of the Nehalem river. The woman informed McKay minutely as to the place the treasure was buried, and at his importunity went with him and pointed out the place where she had described.

It was a rule of the Hudson bay company that anything captured by a servant of the company became at once the property of the company, and the officials of that then all-powerful corporation, learning that McKay had been prospecting for the said treasure, arrested him and subjected him to a rigid examination to make him disclose what he knew about it. To all their questions and threats McKay returned but one answer: "I did not find any treasure."

McKay afterward settled on French prairie, and some years later built a saw-mill on Butte creek, on the present site of Scott's mills, where he herded a large drove of Spanish cattle. He sold many of his cattle to the immigrants for beef, but he is credited with a big heart, and early settlers say he gave away much more than he sold. Many persons believed that McKay found the Tillamook treasure, as he always had plenty of money and spent it lavishly.—Portland Oregonian.

An employe of a hotel in Denver lately confessed to the larceny of small sums and was sent to jail, but the bills continued to disappear. Subsequently a mouse nest was found and the currency used in its construction, added to that known to have been stolen, balanced the books.

The Letter that Came

From Mr. J. Hayden, 139 Chatham St. Montreal, says: "I was troubled for years with biliousness and liver complaint, and I never found any medicine to help me like Burdock Blood Bitters, in fact one bottle made a complete cure."

Dangerous Counterfeits.

Counterfeits are always dangerous, more so that they always closely IMITATE THE ORIGINAL IN APPEARANCE AND NAME. The remarkable success achieved by Nasal Balm as a positive cure for Catarrh and Cold in the Head has induced unprincipled parties to imitate it. The public are cautioned not to be deceived by nostrums imitating Nasal Balm in name and appearance, bearing such names as Nasal Cream, Nasal Balsam, etc. Ask for Nasal Balm and do not take any imitation dealers may urge upon you. For sale by all druggists or sent post-paid on receipt of price (50c. and $1.) by addressing Fulford & Co., Brockville, Ont.

Eighty Per Cent.

Of the human race, according to a high authority, suffer from one or other form of blood taint. Never allow this latent evil to develop into serious disease while the blood can be kept pure and the system clean by the proper precautions, such as using Burdock Blood Bitters, whenever any scrofulous symptoms appear. No medicine equals B.B.B. as a blood cleanser.

There are a number of varieties of corns. Holloway's Corn Cure will remove any of them. Call on your druggist and get a bottle at once.

Orin Catlin, 49 Pearl Street Buffalo, N. Y., says: I tried various remedies for the piles but found no relief until I used Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, which entirely cured me after a few applications.

Do not delay in getting relief for the little folks. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is a pleasant and sure cure. If you love your child why do you let it suffer when a remedy is so near at hand?

The cheapest medicine in use is Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, because so very little of it is required to effect a cure. For croup, diphtheria, and diseases of the lungs and throat, whether used for bathing the chest or throat, for taking internally or inhaling, it is a matchless compound.

Mr. Thomas Ballard, Syracuse, N. Y., writes: 'I have been afflicted for nearly a year with that most-to-be dreaded disease Dyspepsia, and at times worn out with pain and want of sleep, and after trying almost everything recommended I tried one box of Parmelee's Valuable Pills. I am now nearly well, and believe they will cure me. I would not be without them for any money."

PARMELEE'S PILLS possess the power of acting specifically upon the diseased organs, stimulating to action the dormant energies of the system, thereby removing disease. In fact, so great is the power of this medicine to cleanse and purify, that diseases of almost every name and nature are driven from the body.' Mr. D. Carswell, Carswell P. O., Ont., writes: "I have tried Parmelee's Pills and find them an excellent medicine, and one that will sell well."

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP should always be used when children are cutting teeth. It relieves the little sufferer at once; it produces natural, quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakens as "bright as a button." It is very pleasant to taste. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for diarrhœa, whether arising from teeth ing or other causes. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP," and take no other kind. 3d&wly

SHILOH'S CATARRH REMEDY—a positive cure for Catarrh, Diptheria and Canker Mouth. For sale by D. M. Waters.

DISEASED : BLOOD

SCROFULOUS, INHERITED AND CONTAGIOUS HUMORS CURED BY CUTICURA.

Through the medium of one of your books received through Mr. Frank T. Wray, Druggist, Apollo, Pa., I became acquainted with your CUTICURA REMEDIES, and take this opportunity to testify to you that their use has permanently cured me of one of the worst cases of blood poisoning, in connection with erysipelas, that I have ever seen, and this after having been pronounced incurable by some of the best physicians in our country. I take great pleasure in forwarding to you this testimonial, unsolicited as [illegible] by you, in order that others suffering from similar maladies may be encouraged to give your CUTICURA REMEDIES a trial.

P. S. WHITLINGER, Leechburg, Pa.
Reference: F. T. WRAY, Druggist, Apollo, Pa.

SCROFULOUS ULCERS.

James E. Richardson, Custom House, New Orleans, on oath says: "In 1870 Scrofulous Ulcers broke out on my body until I was a mass of corruption. Everything known to the medical faculty was tried in vain. I became a mere wreck. At times could not lift my hands to my head, could not turn in bed; was in constant pain, and looked upon life as a curse. No relief or cure in ten years. In 1880 I heard of the CUTICURA REMEDIES, used them, and was perfectly cured."

Sworn to before U. S. Com. J.D. CRAWFORD.

ONE OF THE WORST CASES.

We have been selling your CUTICURA REMEDIES for years, and have the first complaint yet to receive from a purchaser. One of the worst cases of Scrofula I ever saw was cured by the use of five bottles of CUTICURA RESOLVENT, CUTICURA, and CUTICURA SOAP. The Soap takes the "cake" here as a medicinal soap.

TAYLOR & TAYLOR, Druggists, Frankfort, Kan.

SCROFULOUS, INHERITED,

And Contagious Humors, with Loss of Hair, and Eruptions of the Skin, are positively cured by CUTICURA and CUTICURA SOAP externally, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT internally, when all other medicines fail.

Sold everywhere. Price, CUTICURA 75c; SOAP 35c.; RESOLVENT, $1.50. Prepared by the POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO., Boston, Mass.
Send for "How to Cure Skin Diseases," 64 pages, 50 illustrations, and 100 testimonials

PIMPLES, black-heads, chapped and oily skin prevented by CUTICURA MEDICATED SOAP.

UTERINE PAINS

And Weakness instantly relieved by the CUTICURA ANTI-PAIN PLASTER, a Perfect Antidote to Pain, Inflammation and Weakness. A new, instantaneous and infallible pain-killing plaster. 30 cents.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S
English - Fruit - Jams,

Made from fresh ENGLISH FRUITS and REFINED SUGAR only.

RASPBERRY, STRAWBERRY, PLUM DAMSON, GOOSEBERRY, CHERRY, BLACK CURRANT, RED CURRANT and GREENGAGE,

In pound pots, full weight.

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE,
Grocers and Wine Merchants
33 & 37 Bridge Street
Also Front Street, Opp. Ritchie's.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall-st., N. Y.

NATIONAL COLONIZATION
LOTTERY

Under the patronage of the Rev. Father Labelle
Established in 1884, under the Act of Quebec 32 Vict, Chapt. 36, for the benefit of the Diocesan Societies of Colonization of the Province of Quebec.
Class D.—The 22nd Monthly Drawing will take place Wednesday, April the 17th, at 2 p. m.
Prizes value $50,000 00
Capital Prize: One real estate worth $5,000 00

1	Real Estate worth........	$5,000	5,000
1	do	2 000	2,000
1	do	1,000	1,000
4	do	500	2,000
10	Real Estates........	300	3.000
30	Furniture Sets........	200	6,000
60	do	100	6,000
200	Gold Watches........	50	10,000
1,000	Silver Watches........	10	10,000
1,000	Toilet Sets........	5	5,000

2,307 Prizes worth........$50,000 00

TICKETS - - $1.00

Offers are made to all winners to pay their prizes cash, less a commission of 10 p. c.
Winners' names not published unless specially authorized
Drawings on the Third Wednesday of every Month.
S. E LEFEBVRE, Secretary,
Offices, 19 St. James street, Montreal, Can.
192dly

CARSLAKE'S
GRAND DERBY SWEEP
$25,000.00.

1st horse (in duplicate)	$3,000 each =	$6,000
2nd " " "	$2 000 " "	$4,000
3rd " " "	$1,000 " "	$2 000
Other starters (divided equally).........		$4,000
Non-starters " "		$9,000

5000 Tickets at $5 Each.
171 Entries (in duplicate 342 horses)
Drawing June 3rd. Race June 5th, 1889.
Result of each Drawing sent to all subscribers.
Ten per cent deducted from all prizes.
Address, GEORGE CARSLAKE, Prop.,
Mansion House, 522 St. James St., Montreal.
269d6m

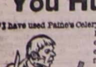
J. M. FORTIER,
Wholesale : Cigar : Manufacturer,
145 151 ST. MAURICE STREET,
MONTREAL.
P. S.—Private Brands for the Jobbing Trade a specialty.

CANADIAN
PACIFIC
RAILWAY.
CALLAWAY'S
Popular : Excursions
—TO—
VANCOUVER,
VICTORIA,
and all points in
WASHINGTON
TERRITORY,
and CALIFORNIA
LEAVE : TORONTO
On FRIDAY, APRIL 12th & 26th
10th MAY 24th

In the CELEBRATED TOURIST SLEEPERS. Each party is accompanied to destination by special courier.
Full particulars from any agent of the Company.

S. BURROWS,
Agent C. P. R., Belleville.
Office—Front St., one door north of Dominion Bank.

It Makes You Hungry



"I have used Paine's Celery Compound and it has had a salutary effect. It invigorated the system and I feel like a new man. It improves the appetite and facilitates digestion." J. T. COPELAND, Primus, S. C.

Spring medicine means more now-a-days than it did ten years ago. The winter of 1888-89 has left the nerves *all fagged out.* The nerves must be strengthened, the blood purified, liver and bowels regulated. Paine's Celery Compound—*the Spring medicine of to-day*—does all this, as nothing else can. *Prescribed by Physicians, Recommended by Druggists, Endorsed by Ministers, Guaranteed by the Manufacturers to be*

The Best Spring Medicine.

"In the spring of 1887 I was all run down. I would get up in the morning with so tired a feeling, and was so weak that I could hardly get around. I bought a bottle of Paine's Celery Compound, and before I had taken it a week I felt very much better. I can cheerfully recommend it to all who need a building up and strengthening medicine." Mrs. B. A. Dow, Burlington, Vt.

Paine's Celery Compound

is a unique tonic and appetizer. Pleasant to the taste, quick in its action, and without any injurious effect, it gives that rugged health which makes everything taste good. It cures dyspepsia and kindred disorders. Physicians prescribe it. $1.00. Six for $5.00. Druggists.

WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO., - MONTREAL.

DIAMOND DYES *Color anything any color. Never Fail! Always sure!*

LACTATED FOOD *Nourishes babies perfectly. The Physicians' favorite.*

Daily Intelligencer.

THE DAILY INTELLIGENCER is published every evening except Sunday, and delivered by careful carriers in all parts of the city for Five Dollars a year, or Fifty Cents a month.

THE WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER is published every Thursday morning, and sent, postpaid, to any address in Canada, the United States or Great Britain for One Dollar a year.

ADVERTISEMENTS, first insertion, 10 cents per nonpareil line; each subsequent consecutive insertion, 5 cents per line; when not inserted every day, 10 cents per line each insertion.

READING MATTER NOTICES, 15 cents per line each insertion.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS, 50 cents each insertion. With notice of funeral added the charge for death notices is $1.

CONTRACTS made for business advertisements for one month or longer at reduced rates.

Remittances, Drafts, Cheques, and Post-Office Orders should be made payable to the order of

INTELLIGENCER PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO'Y (LIMITED),
Belleville, Ont.

Largest Daily Circulation in Belleville.

BELLEVILLE, WEDNESDAY, MAR. 27

To the Editor of the Intelligencer.

SIR,—I notice your item regarding the hotel question in last night's issue, in which you state that Mr. Corby, M. P., desires you to contradict what you say I alleged with regard to the so-called syndicate who own the Dafoe house lot. I decline to be made responsible for your inferences, but am ready to adhere to my statements on all occasions. What actually occurred was in substance as follows: Standing at the door of the Express Office on Bridge street, in conversation with Mr. Corby (and others), I stated that it was proposed if possible not merely to exempt manufactories, but also, if feasible, to try to get the new hotel built by having it exempted absolutely from taxation for ten years. Mr. Corby said to me, on hearing this, that if that were granted he thought it would be built right off, or words to that effect. He did not give utterance to an oracular deliverance, either parliamentary or journalistic; he simply in conversation made the remark. At the Committee I repeated the remark as a remark, but made no mention of syndicate and did not profess to give Mr. Corby's opinion on exemption or non-exemption. I did not even know that until last night.

The proposition of keeping the assessment at its present figure was entirely my own, and expressed so to be. That proposition was never mentioned to Mr. Corby; it was purely tentative to invite discussion, and as a possible way out of the legal difficulty of exemption. In your report of the meeting you make no allusion to what I said or did not say. It is a pity that even on such local matters as hotels, drill sheds, streets and industries one cannot take a public part without some one twisting, contorting and misconstruing; making enemies instead of making progress; and this is why so many have learned in Belleville the lesson that only through inaction or strict attention to one's own personal affairs is there any freedom from suspicion, attack or censure.

With regard to Mr. Corby's request to your journal, I may say that having always had the most friendly respect for, and intercourse with, Mr. Corby, I prefer for the present to retain that respect, and will do so until he admits to me that he asked the insertion of the statement in last night's issue without first asking me for an explanation, or basing his contradiction on facts. I have written to Mr. Corby and he will not deny what I state above. The matter is not of burning import, and would have been of no import at all, had it not been for your aggressive paragraph.

Yours &c.,
W. N. PONTON.

EDITOR'S NOTE.—For a gentleman who professes a horror of "making enemies instead of progress," Mr. Ponton holds strange language toward this journal. He declines to be held responsible for our "inferences," when inferences are not in question. The plain statement was made in our columns, at the request of Mr. Corby, that he did not say what Mr. Ponton had represented him as saying. That statement was Mr. Corby's, not ours; for, as Mr. Ponton truly says, the INTELLIGENCER did not report what he or any other speaker said at the committee meeting with reference to the hotel; nor did we, in editorially referring to the subject, attribute to Mr. Ponton the statement which he is pleased to term our "inference." The *Ontario*, however—with which journal he has amicable relations—did report Mr. Ponton as having made the statement to which Mr. Corby took exception. It attributed to Mr. Ponton the following remarks:

> What he proposed was this—that these gentlemen be given an undertaking that their taxes shall not be increased for ten years. The property was assessed now for $4000. *Mr. Corby informed him this week that the hotel would be built at once if the city would do that.*

The italics are ours. That report we and others who were present believe to have been correct in substance.

Mr. Ponton has saddled the wrong horse this time. We will not anticipate Mr. Corby's answer, to which we hope publicity will be given in our columns, but in the meantime it is not out of place to remark that it is a little curious that Mr. Ponton did not, until it suited his purpose to do so, question the accuracy of the report of his remarks in the newspaper which reported them.

THE GRAND TRUNK WORKSHOPS.

If Ald. J. W. Johnson has been correctly informed, that a spirit of unrest which prevents the erection of new dwellings and other permanent improvements by the employes of the Grand Trunk, has been created by rumors as to the removal of the workshops, it is well that the steps which he suggests be taken in order to set existing doubts at rest. We entertain no such doubt, for reasons previously given in articles on the subject. It is advisable, also, to encourage the Grand Trunk as far as possible. We dissent, however, from Ald. Johnson's opinion as to connection with the C. P. R. by means of an independent line, which project would, we believe, be of very great public benefit. Failing that, the next best thing would be connection with the C.P.R. by means of the Grand Trunk.

EDITORIAL BREVITIES.

The management of the business of the Public Works Committee by Ald Hanley has so far been highly successful, his method of advertising for tenders for various works having been productive of good results. As Mr. Hanley is progressive in his views, we would recommend him to make an experiment with the latest system of block paving, which is said to have been highly approved of elsewhere.

The sneers of our correspondent "Progress" at those public-spirited citizens who have offered portions of their real estate as free sites for manufactories do no injury to the gentlemen in question, but will decrease any possible influence that his writings might have upon the public mind. Vice sneers at Virtue, and the misnamed "Progress" sneers at progressive ideas.

Stop that Cough.

Many people neglect what they call a simple cold, which, if not checked in time, may lead to Lung trouble. *Scott's Emulsion of Pure Cod Liver Oil, with Hypophosphites,* will not only stop the cough but heal the lungs. Endorsed by thousands of physicians. Palatable as milk. Try it. Sold by all Druggists at 50c. and $1.00.

The Dairy Business.

VALUABLE SUGGESTIONS BY INSPECTOR WHITTON.

Improvement in Buildings, Extension of Co-operation, and Speedy Sales Recommended.

To the Editor of the Intelligencer.

WELLMAN'S CORNERS,
March 26th, 1889.

SIR,—Will you kindly allow me space in your valuable paper, as it is now the time of year to begin talking cheese business, and having been at a meeting of the Cheese Board of Trade, held in the City Hall in your city on Saturday the 23rd inst., where factorymen were present to discuss co-operation in connection with sending their cheese forward to the English market direct, doing away with middlemen in the trade on this side altogether. Having had a very large experience in connection with the manufacture and inspection of cheese, in connection with the Dairymen's Association, factorymen would, in my opinion, make more money both at the present time and, I am convinced, in the future, if they will erect more suitable buildings to manufacture and cure cheese in. We, I am glad to say, have won for ourselves great laurels in the world's market for our Canadian cheese; but our American cousins are looking on us with a jealous eye, and I am convinced that we must put forth every effort to maintain the laurels we have acquired. Therefore I would strongly urge on my fellow cheesemen this first important point. I am sorry to say that our Canadian Dairymen are not waking up to this fact as they should. If it is a fact that our barley trade has gone, we must turn our attention more to quality and quantity of our cheese—how we can get the most milk for the least money; also, I would suggest factorymen forming themselves into say Township companies or combinations, having one salesman for say ten to twenty factories. Those factories could afford to pay one man to see after their interests, and save a handsome profit to the patrons of such factories, as well as have their own Inspectors for said factories. One mill on the pound would remunerate any Inspector well. This Inspector's duty would be to inspect all cheese in each combine, and place them on the bulletin board as graded in factory. Thus you would find our own buyers would willingly pay from one-eighth to one quarter of a cent more for your cheese where he can buy ten to twenty factorins in Belleville market and know the quality without having to go and see his cheese.

You will readily see the drift of my argument. There are over thirty factories belonging to the Belleville Board of Trade. Now there are thirty days' work for salesmen of these firms to sell these cheese market days, also $1 for expenses they attend market, and if two or three of the most influential factorymen don't sell the consequence is no sales, which is very annoying, after our buyers cabling for orders and best terms, receive orders largely and cannot fill them; consequently orders cancelled, as was the case to my own knowledge at different times last season. I know for a fact of salesmen refusing a price on this board and buyers going out that same night in other districts and buying to fill orders, and our Belleville men return next week to take less money. Thirty salesmen on an average of $100 for the season, would cost $3,000, and then they are the poorest paid men—well, I might say in the world. One hundred dollars for a man to attend every market day and "eat himself," as Pat would say; besides being responsible for $8,000 to $20,000 worth of business, is no remuneration.

But whether we form combines or not, my advice to factorymen would be to sell as soon as your cheese are properly cured, keep them on the move while fresh and sell when buyers are anxious for your cheese. By so doing your cheese go into consumption while in condition. Do not hold them on your factory shelves until stale, and then make your cheese maker responsible for you holding cheese to speculate on. In my opinion, farmers should not be speculators. I am satisfied those salesmen selling weekly will in five years come out ahead in quality, quantity, price and the reputation of the factory. When I say factory, I feel satisfied that means a reputation for Canadian cheese. Thanking you, Mr. Editor, for the valuable space in your paper, I would like to hear other views on this, our great industry.

JAMES WHITTON,
Cheese Instructor.

SHILOH'S CATARRH REMEDY—a positive cure for Catarrh, Diphtheria, and Canker Mouth. For sale by D. M. Waters.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

THE JESUITS' ESTATES.

COL. O'BRIEN INTRODUCES HIS DISALLOWANCE RESOLUTION.

Six Speeches Yesterday — Mr. McCarthy Moves the Adjournment—The Imperial Government Will Not Interfere.

That an address be presented to the Governor-General setting forth that this House regards the power of disallowing the acts of legislation of the legislative assemblies of the provinces vested in His Excellency-in Council as a prerogative essential to the existence of the Dominion. That this great power, while it should never be wantonly exercised, should be fearlessly used for the protection of the fundamental principles of the constitution and for safe-guarding the general interests of the people.

That in the opinion of this House the passage of the act by the Legislature of the Province of Quebec, entitled "An Act respecting the Settlement of the Jesuits' Estates," is beyond the power of that Legislature.

Firstly, because it endows from public funds a religious organization, thereby violating the unwritten, but undoubted, constitutional principle of the complete separation of church and state, and of the absolute equality of all denominations before the law.

Secondly, because it recognizes the usurpation of a right by a foreign authority, namely, His Holiness the Pope of Rome, declaring his consent necessary to empower the Provincial Legislature to dispose of a portion of the public domain, and also because the act is made to depend on his will and the appropriation of the grant thereby made is subject to the control of the same authority, and

Thirdly, because the society of Jesus is a secret and politico-religious body, the expulsion of which from every Christian community wherein it had had a footing was rendered necessary by its intolerant and mischievous intermeddling with the functions of civil government.

Therefore this House prays that His Excellency will be graciously pleased to disallow the act.

OTTAWA, March 26.—The galleries of the House to-day were crowded with spectators eager to hear the long-threatened debate on the Jesuit Estates Bill. The expectant multitude were not long kept in suspense. The House had not been sitting many minutes when amid intense silence the man from Shanty Bay, Col. William Edward O'Brien, moved the resolution printed above.

Col. O'Brien declared his desire to avoid the religious side of the question and to deal only with the constitutional aspect. He would not have undertaken the responsibility of bringing before the House such a delicate subject were it not that he felt he was expressing the conviction of the people he represented and of the great majority of the people of Ontario. Though elected as a supporter of this Administration he had, speaking in anticipation of just such an event as the present, said that regardless of consequences he would oppose any attempt on the part of any religious body to exercise powers not guaranteed by treaty.

He referred to the first establishment of the Jesuits in Canada and praised the sense of duty which animated them and led to their suffering martyrdom in their efforts to Christianize the Indians. But while we could only speak in terms of admiration of those who were carrying on the work in New France, the condition of affairs in the Old World was different and the society was subsequently suppressed because of the disfavor into which it had fallen. From the time of Elizabeth downwards the Jesuits had been proscribed in the British territories as a menace to the public peace and for their attempts to overthrow the Protestant succession. They had been expelled from nearly every country in Europe.

Considering all these things it was not surprising that the Jesuits had been regarded with disfavor and suspicion by England, and when the opinion of the law officers had been taken and it was found that the title to their estates in Canada had been confiscated, the Government had concluded that this was not a society which should be permitted to carry on their operations in Canada, and that their estates should not be handed back to them as had been done in the case of the other religious bodies. Having taken possession of the property the Crown executed the legal trust attached to the property and conveyed it to the Province of Quebec to be administered for educational purposes. In his correspondence Mr. Mercier admits that the Jesuits had no legal claim but only a moral one, but Mr. O'Brien contended that there was no claim whatever, moral or equitable. The estates had become the property of the Province for educational purposes, and having taken that trust the Province had now no right to dispose of it for any reason whatever.

Concerning the grounds for disallowance the first was that a fundamental principle of the constitution was violated by the endowment of any religious body. That principle was indisputably laid down; by the act for the secularisation of the clergy reserves it was distinctly declared that there should be no semblance of a state-established church in Canada. It was not a proposition to be tolerated that grants to which the Presbyterian Church and the Church of England were entitled should be set aside for a principle and yet that the grant to this suppressed Society of Jesus should be restored to them.

By the British North America Act the Jesuits estates trust was recognised by the whole Dominion as a trust to be administered for educational purposes, and it could not now be claimed that it was a matter only for the Province of Quebec. As if to cover the defect in their title the Jesuits had left the disposition of the grant from the Quebec Legislature to be dealt with by the Pope, and, as shown by the correspondence, the Pope allowed the Quebec Government to dispose of the estates. He denied that the Province of Quebec enjoyed any constitutional liberty to appeal to the Pope, and declared that there were no civil or religious rights accorded by the Quebec Act that were not controlled by the act of supremacy.

It had been said that though this Society of Jesus had once been bad, it had thrown off its evil habits and was now a society worthy of encouragement, but if the weapons it used were different the end sought to be accomplished was the same. The society was as dangerous as in the past, and in this free country it was not proper to encourage a society which inculcates principles dangerous to the public welfare. He realized that the verdict of the House would be against his resolution, but he was willing to appeal from the jury of the House to the jury of the people, who he thought would unmistakably declare that no foreign authority, civil or religious, should be allowed to have any voice in its government.

Mr. Rykert rose to reply. Declaring himself an Orangeman, he ridiculed the threats made in certain newspapers of Ontario against such of the members of that order as should dare to oppose disallowance in this House. It was one of the first principles of the Orange Order that civil and religious liberty should be maintained, but while contending for such liberty he did not feel called upon to join the alliance which had been formed against his Roman Catholic fellow citizens. He thought that a canvass of the people of Ontario would show that a large majority of the people of that province took the same view of the question. He pointed out that the inevitable result of the encouragement of an Ontario crusade against Roman Catholicism would be a crusade in the Province of Quebec against Protestantism, and that every Protestant would be driven from that province.

He dwelt at some length upon what he termed the extraordinary course of The Globe on this question, and characterized The Mail as even more extraordinary in the stand it had taken of late upon every question affecting the interests of the French-Canadian and Roman Catholic people.

Referring to the agitation which had been raised in favor of appealing to the Queen to disallow the act, he declared that this power of Her Majesty applied only to acts passed by the Dominion Parliament, not to those passed by provincial legislatures. He cited authorities to show the inadvisability of Dominion interference in legislation within the competence of the provincial legislatures.

Mr. Rykert, continuing after recess, cited instances to show the impossibility of Imperial interference with provincial legislation, notably in the case of the memorial from New Brunswick in 1875, when Lord Carnarvon replied that though he had laid the petition before the Queen Her Majesty's ministers could not advise her to pass judgment upon an act of a provincial legislature.

He considered that there was no question of Dominion policy involved in this and that it was unwise and unexpected for the House to discuss such a question in the manner in which this had been presented.

Mr. Barron expressed regret that on this measure he had to vote against the party with which he had worked so harmoniously since his entry into the House and to vote against his political leader and combat his opinion. He was in taking this step imbued with no hatred of the Jesuits or of the Roman Catholics, among whom he had many warm friends. He had no sympathy with the clamor which had been raised outside the House with respect to the question, clamor which might be right or wrong but did not meet with his approval. He objected, however, that in this act the Pope was made the end of this legislation, that this foreign potentate had been given the right to veto a British act of parliament. We were taught that the right of assenting or dissenting to legislation was so peculiar a prerogative of the crown that the sovereign herself could not delegate it.

He held that the statute of Elizabeth had distinctly disavowed the jurisdiction of the Pope in Canada, that the treaty of Paris had not repealed the statute of Elizabeth, and that this was recognized in the Quebec Act of 1774, which granted the right to exercise the Catholic religion subject to the King's supremacy as provided by the act passed in the reign of Elizabeth.

The statute went on to talk about restitution, but it was impossible to restore anything except to some person who had previous possession of it. He claimed that the present Jesuit Society had nothing whatever to do with the society from whom the estates had been taken. That society had been dissolved by Parliament and by the Pope. The act incorporating them in 1887 made no reference whatever to their right to this particular property. This was not taken from the Jesuits at the time of the conquest as the statute said, and this Government should not have allowed the act to become law without having it amended in this particular.

He denied that the provinces had the right to make money grants to denominational institutions. He quoted Sir John Macdonald's contention in support of the disallowance of the Rivers and Streams bill, that all bills should be disallowed which injuriously affected the interests of the general community, and asked if anything more than religion affected the general interest.

Mr. Clarke Wallace took exception to the statement of Mr. Rykert that the organs of the Orange Order had threatened those members who might vote against disallowance. He declared that the order had but one organ and that one had shown a moderation in this discussion which might well be copied outside the order and by the occupants of several pulpits. He thought Mr. Rykert must have had in his mind The Toronto Globe threatening those members of the Liberal party who were not of its opinion.

Article 32 of the Treaty of Paris made provisions for granting religious liberties to the French-Canadians, but to the Jesuits, the Recollets and the House of Ste. Sulpice Lord Amherst withheld consent until the wish of the King in the matter should be known. The orders to the Governor in 1775 were that the Society of the Jesuits be suppressed and that their property shall be vested in the Crown, but that they might enjoy their property during their natural lives. In 1773 a brief from the Pope of Rome provided that the Society of the Jesuits should be suppressed and abolished. He thought no stronger evidence could be given of the character of that Society than that which had been given by Pope Clementine.

But they were told that the society was restored. In Canada they were restored but in no other country. In other countries they were not only not allowed to hold property but the society was abolished. In 1887 they find here an act incorporating the society, and in 1888 they found that there was an act passed by the Quebec Legislature not only allowing the sale of their property but allowing the disposal of the money in any manner they thought best. He had looked carefully over the Act of Confederation and he was unable to find any provision under which any legislature was empowered to vote money for any religious denomination. It would be a lamentable thing if a law was passed giving any province more power in such a matter than any other province.

Mr. Colby said in the discussion of the question he did not think it was necessary to go into the record of that remarkable body of men, the Jesuits, nor would he go into the fine legal points which had been raised. The proposition now before the House was an implied censure of the Government for not having disallowed an act of the Quebec Legislature, and an instruction to disallow it. This veto power should be exercised with the greatest consideration and only when it appeared that there was a positive necessity. It was a serious matter to interfere with the vote of a local legislature, especially in a case like this where the most sensitive feelings of the people of the Province were touched.

Though once suppressed this order of the Jesuits had a legal status in Quebec at present, so that an attack upon that order was an attack upon the entire body of the Roman Catholic Church. We must recognize the fact that it was the church we were asked to attack and not an obnoxious body of that church. So with all such legislation as proposed we must make up our mind to deliberately attack the religious sentiments of the majority in Quebec. We must consider, in view of the effect upon the harmony and prosperity of the country, the effect of creating a religious hostility in the country which would loose the paper bond which now binds the Confederation.

There was a grave and serious doubt as to our right to disallow. There was the grave and serious opinion of the Minister of Justice; we had the opinion of men eminent in this House and country differing from the Government on almost every point, but agreeing with them that there was a doubt about the right to disallow such an act. There being the doubt should suffice to make us pause.

He believed it was the duty of Parliament to avoid every cause of offence to the Provinces. The constitution had already stood several severe strains, but where religious strife was involved we must act very, very carefully lest we precipitate a crisis the consequences of which can but faintly be imagined.

He had no doubt that the very zealous Protestants in some sections felt that the Protestants of Quebec had been very apathetic in the matter of the passage of this Jesuits Bill. He did not believe the Protestants of that Province were disloyal to Protestant ideas, but they had for many years been associated closely with their Roman Catholic fellow-citizens and any religious animosities had been worn away by contact. If they differed they differed quietly, not making themselves obnoxious to each other. That was a happy condition of affairs which the Protestants of Quebec did not desire to see disturbed. There never was a minority more generously treated than had been the minority of Quebec. They had been permitted the entire management of their own affairs. They had not been conscious that they were a minority. The Liberal party for many years adopted a Protestant for their leader, the Treasurer of the Province had for long years been a Protestant—Mr. Robertson. The Protestant minority had nothing to complain of and they did not wish to provoke an issue which would disturb those pleasant relations.

Hon. Peter Mitchell said for once he intended to vote on the side of the Government. He told how the Protestant minority in the Province of Quebec had allowed the act to be passed without taking a division upon it, and this being the case he thought there was no justification for the clamor which had been raised in another province, ostensibly on behalf of the rights of the Quebec minority. It would ever be his wish to promote harmony and peace between Protestants and Roman Catholics. He was glad to say the Government had justified the course they had pursued.

Mr. McCarthy moved the adjournment of the debate and the House adjourned at 11.20.

Entirely a Matter for Canada.

LONDON, March 26.—A memorial from the Protestant Alliance was presented to-day to Lord Knutsford, Secretary of State for the Colonies, asking the Government to disallow the Quebec Jesuits Estates Act. Lord Knutsford said the matter rested entirely with the Canadian Government, to which the memorial would be forwarded.

The Breath of Suspicion.

Mrs. Lushe (to her hubby, who has just returned from a little trip between the acts)—"Er—did you see the man?"

Mr. L.—"Y-yes, I saw him."

Mrs. L.—"Was he a nice person?"

Mr. L.—"Course he was. Why do you ask?"

Mrs. L.—"Well (sniffing daintily), I had an idea that you must have been talking to a heavy drinker."—Grip.

She Had Business There.

Policeman—"Come here, young woman, you must not loiter here after the audience has dispersed."

Young woman—"Please, sir, I have business here."

Policeman—"Well, what is it?"

Young woman (blushing)—"I am the—the young lady that's engaged to the automaton chess player, and I'm waiting for him to take me home."—America.

To Settle It.

Is marriage a failure? Some point to divorce
And others, indignant, deny it;
But to all men and women (unmarried, of course)
Grip's advice (which is gratis) is—"Try it."
—Grip.

Tit for Tat.

Young wife: "Before we were married, George, you never smoked in my presence."
Young husband: "I know it, my dear, and you never wore curl-papers in mine."

A Simple Remedy.

"Darling," she said, weeping, "when we were married, five years ago, I never expected to see you coming home at 1 o'clock in the morning!" "Well, you wouldn't now, m' dear," he replied, "if you'd only go to sleep earlier."—Life.

Hops.

The hop market continues in a state of inactivity, although there is a slightly better feeling, yet 18c. is about the top offered for a good article. There have been no transactions in this market except shipments, but indications point to more life. Many growers in Lewis and Madison counties hold their entire '88 crop, unable to get rid of them or unwilling to do so, at a shade off from the market price. There is already some speculation as to whether 1889 will not prove a short crop, from causes that as yet exist only in the imagination of the speculators.

From late transactions we should quote fine quality at 18@20c.; average 16 to 18c.; good '85s and '86s at 2@3c.—*Utica Herald.*

—The Sultan of Morocco has given satisfactory assurances regarding all the demands of the English Government.

Only One Cent! Only One Cent!

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

FIRST-CLASS four passenger Surrey, Gladstones, Buggies, Phætons, Democrats and Wheelbarrows for sale at Easton's Carriage Works, Belleville. 278d3m

FOR SALE —Twenty shares in the capital stock of the G. & J. Brown Manufacturing Co. of Belleville. Business is in a flourishing condition, paying a dividend of 9 per cent. last year. Ill health the cause of sale. Address T. ROWLANDS, Kyle House. 272dtf

APARTMENTS TO LET.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

BOARD AND ROOMS.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

HOUSES TO LET.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

FOR SALE or TO LET, the House formerly occupied by J. H. Simpson, Commercial Street Possession given immediately. Apply to P. R. PALMER 263d3m

LOST AND FOUND.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

LIVE STOCK.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

HOUSE FOR SALE—For sale, a first class brick dwelling on North Bridge St., opposite Clark & Vermilyea's grocery. Terms moderate. Apply to JAMES O'BRIEN, at Brignall & Thompson's. 277d6t.

HOUSE FOR SALE on William St., two doors south of Bridge St., next the residence of Mrs. T. C Wallbridge, best locality in the city, house new, comfortable, and commodious, hard and soft water. closets in all the rooms. Enquire of R. PURDY, Bridge St. 272d2w

TO LET.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

TO LET.—Two Stores and some room on Front Street, next door to C. F. Smith. JOHN FORIN. 272d2w

WANTED.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

WANTED. —A Stable Boy, accustomed to the care of horses. Apply between 2 and 4 o'clock to DR FARLEY. 279dtf

SALESMEN—We wish a few men to sell our goods by sample to the wholesale and retail trade. Large manufacturers in our line, Enclose 2-cent stamp. Wages $3 per day. Permanent position. No postals answered. Money advanced for wages, advertising, etc. CENTENNIAL MAN'F'G CO, CINCINNATI, OHIO. 245d30teod

DOMESTICS WANTED.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

WANTED - at Albert College, a Servant Girl for Dining Hall. Apply at once. W. P. DYER. 278dtf

SITUATIONS WANTED.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

MECHANICS WANTED.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion,

REQUISITION!

PUBLIC MEETING.

BELLEVILLE, March 27th, 1889.

To His Worship the Mayor.

WE the undersigned petitioners respectfully request you to call a public meeting for

Friday Evening, 29th Inst.,

at the hour of 8 o'clock in the

CITY HALL,

for the purpose of considering the report of the Committee recommending the granting of aid to and inducing the establishing of manufacturing industries in the City of Belleville.

Geo. D. Dickson,
Allan T. Petrie,
C. F. Smith,
S. S. Lazier,
Jas. Brown,
A. N. Pringle,
A. Robinson,
Jas. Cummins,
Jos. McCormack,
John Fenn,
Thos. Ritchie,
W. N. Ponton,
G. S. Tickell,
J. W. Johnson,
L. W. Yeomans,
Jas. Macoun,
Jas. St. Charles,
D. Collins,
John Brenton,
S. B. Smith,
Walter Alford, and others

In compliance with the request of the above citizens I, W. Jeffers Diamond, Mayor of the City of Belleville hereby call a PUBLIC MEETING of the citizens to be held in the City Hall on Friday evening, March 29th inst, at 8 o'clock, for the purpose above set out.
Dated March 27th 1889.

FIRE! FIRE!!

I AM offering for sale at the Central Wood Yard, near the Foot Bridge, a large quantity of hard and mixed wood, cut and uncut. Also a quantity of dry pine wood, cut and uncut, which I will sell cheap and deliver to any part of the city free of charge.
EDWARD NEWMAN.

Special :. Importations!

GENTLEMEN:—We have just received and put in stock FOUR CASES of new spring Suitings, Pantings and Overcoatings. These goods are the finest ever imported by us, and at prices that cannot fail to please all.

Our cutter is giving splendid satisfaction, and we specially invite all who want first-class goods, best of trimmings, and perfect fit to call and select their Spring Clothing.

See our goods before buying. All are cordially invited to look through our beautiful assortment whether they wish to purchase or not.

Every garment made in our establishment guaranteed. Tweeds by the yard very cheap.

A. N. REID & CO.

NEW SEASON'S TEAS,
FRESH GROUND COFFEES,
Handsome Presents Given Away
—AT—
STROUD :. BROS.,
Front Street, Belleville,
and at Montreal, Ottawa, Kingston and Toronto.

--SPRING OPENING--

—AT—

GEORGE RITCHIE & CO'S.

On Friday, the 22nd of March,

the Show Rooms will be opened for the exhibition of Pattern Millinery and Mantles, with other seasonable and fashionable goods.

MISS IRWIN has now charge of the Show Rooms, and extends a cordial invitation to all.

Beautiful and rich goods will be shown, at very moderate prices.

GEO. RITCHIE & CO.

CLEARING--SALE

—OF ALL—

BOOTS AND SHOES

Damaged by Fire and Water. Over $5,000 worth at less than half regular price.

A. W. VERMILYEA & SON.

---Millinery :. Opening---

—AT—

BRIGNALL & THOMPSON'S.

Wednesday, March the 20th.

When we shall be prepared to exhibit, as usual, a magnificent stock of Imported Millinery, Mantles, Silks and Dress Materials.

BRIGNALL & THOMPSON.

--50 MORE--

NEW HANGING LAMPS put in. Prices very much below anything we ever had.

W. J. REID & CO.

FANS

Suitable for WEDDINGS and BALLS. A splendid assortment at

J. C. OVERELL'S

FANCY EMPORIUM, BELLEVILLE.

THE RATHBUN COMPANY,

Having transferred me to their Brockville branch, I beg to thank my friends and customers for the liberal patronage and kindness extended to me during my residence in Belleville, and also to bespeak the same treatment to Mr. R. C. Calhoun, my successor.

P. J. SHANNON.

The Daily Intelligencer.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL. 22. BELLEVILLE ONTARIO, THURSDAY MARCH 28, 1889. NO. 280

THE RATHBUN Co.

Having appointed me Agent for their Belleville branch, I take this opportunity of soliciting a continuance of the patronage which they have hitherto enjoyed through the popular management of Mr. Shannon. It will be my desire and aim to maintain and add to this patronage, which fair dealing and a thorough knowledge of the requirements of the trade leads me to hope for.—R. C. CALHOUN.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

G. DENMAR

BARRISTER, Solicitor, etc. Office, Front Street.

W. B. NORTHRUP, M. A.,

BARRISTER, Solicitor, &c. Offices: North Bridge St., between Front St. and Lower Bridge.

Money to loan—private and company funds.

J. C. CONNELL, M.A., M.D., C.M.

DISEASES of the Eye, Ear, Throat and Nose. Surgeon to Kingston General Hospital. Office—No. 279, King Street, Kingston. Dr. Connell will be at the Queen's Hotel, Belleville, on the first Tuesday of each month Sept. 5 d&wly

E. GUSS PORTER,

BARRISTER, Solicitor, Notary Public, &c. office in the Robertson Block, east side of Front Street.

☞Private Money to Loan. 271d&wl,

DR. ELIZABETH EMBURY,

GRADUATE of Queen's University, Licentiate of the College of Physicians and Surgeons, Ontario.

Office and residence—Harrison's Block, Front Street, across the hall from rooms formerly occupied by Dr. Farley, over Holland's jewellery store. Diseases of women and children a specialty. d&wtf

HENRY CARRE, C. E.,
M. C. Soc. C. E.,

DOM, and Prov'l Land Surveyor, late of the firm of Macleod & Carre, P. L. S. References: John Bell, Esq., Solicitor G. T. R., W. H. Ponton, Esq., Registrar of the County. Office—McAnnany Block, opposite Skinner & Redick's. Belleville, Ont., P. O. Box 203. 20d&w

J. F. WILLS,

BARRISTER, Solicitor, Notary Public, &c. Office, corner Front and Campbell Streets, Belleville, Ont. Money to loan, Company and private funds. 24d&w

J WALTER ROSS, M. D., C. M.

GRADUATE of the University of Trinity College, Toronto. Physician, surgeon, accoucheur. Office and residence West Front Street, one door north of entrance to Foot Bridge. d&wly

JOHN J. FARLEY, M. D., C. M., M. R. C. S., England.

OFFICE and Residence—corner of Bridge and George Streets—three streets east of the Post Office.

ROBERT BOGLE,

LOAN and real estate agent. MONEY TO LOAN at lowest rates. Office, opposite Roy's Brewry, Front St., Belleville.

GEO. CLINTON, M. D., C. M

OFFICE and residence Bridge St., between William and George Sts , third block eas of Bridge Street Methodist Church. Telephone No. 44. d&w

GEO. J. SHERRY,

BARRISTER, &c. Office. Metropolitan Block, next door north of Dominion Bank, Front St. Branch Office, Stirling. 116

EDGAR M. COOK, M. D.,

HOMOEOPATHIC Physician and Surgeon. Office and residence, West Front Street, in the late Dr. Abbott's premises, over Brignall & Thompson's store. TELEPHONE. 175dtf

GEO. D. DICKSON, Q. C.,

BARRISTER, &c., Post Office Block Bridge Street Belleville.

WILLIAM N. PONTON,

BARRISTER, Solicitor Notary Public, Conveyancer. Office, over Express and Telegraph Office, Thompson Block, Bridge St., Belleville. Money to loan—private funds. Agent or the Trust and Loan Company of Canada.

DR. BURDETT

IS pleased to inform his friends that he is again able to render his professional services as before. 176 6m

DRUNKENNESS

Or the Liquor Habit, Positively Cured by Administering Dr. Haines' Golden Specific.

It can be given in a cup of coffee or tea without the knowledge of the person taking it; is absolutely harmless, and will effect a permanent and speedy cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. It has been given in thousands of cases, and in every instance a perfect cure has followed. It never fails. The system once impregnated with the Specific, it becomes an utter impossibility for the liquor appetite to exist. For circular and full particulars address GOLDEN SPECIFIC CO., 185 Race St., Cincinnati, O.

BANKING OFFICE
—OF—
U. E. THOMPSON
BRIDGE STREET, BELLEVILLE, ON

American Currency and Drafts Bought and Sold.

Deposits received, subject to withdrawa with out notice and interest allowed

EYE, EAR & THROAT
DR. RYERSON.

L. R. C. P., L. R. C. S. E., Lecturer on the Eye, Ear and Throat, Trinity Medical College, Toronto, and Surgeon to the Mercer Eye and Ear Infirmary.

60 College Avenue, Toronto.

☞Dr. Ryerson will be at the Queen's Hotel, Belleville, on Saturday, April 20th.

RAYMOND C. ROLPH
SIGN PAINTER.

LETTERING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

Corner of Front and Campbell Streets. 80dly

M. C. ROBLIN
ISSUER OF
MARRIAGE LICENCES

nd agent of the Lancashire Insurance Company. Office over Hooey & Sons, Front Street Belleville. 136d 1y

A. G. NORTHRUP,
Issuer of Marriage Licences,
OFFICE—SHIRE HALL, BELLEVILLE

November 10

The Great English Prescription.

A successful Medicine used over 30 years in thousands of cases. Cures *Spermatorrhea, Nervous Weakness, Emissions, Impotency* and all diseases caused by abuse. [BEFORE] indiscretion, or over-exertion. [AFTER] Six packages *Guaranteed to Cure when all others Fail.* Ask your Druggist for The Great English Prescription, take no substitute. One package $1. Six $5, by mail. Write for Pamphlet. Address Eureka Chemical Co., Detroit, Mich.

FOR SALE BY D. M. WATERS.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R. Templeton.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

KEILLER'S—
—NEW—
—MARMALADE
JUST RECEIVED.
WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE
Grocers and wine merchants,
35 & 37 Bridge Street.
Also Front Street, Opp. Ritchie's.

CAIRN'S---
---HOME MADE---
--MARMALADE

As supplied to the Queen. This season's make.

JUST RECEIVED.
WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE,
Grocers & Wine Merchants,
35 & 37, Bridge Street
Also Front St., opp. Ritchie's.

NEWCOMBE PIANOFORTES
AWARDED FIRST SILVER MEDAL

WORLD'S EXPOSITION, NEW ORLEANS, U.S.A., 1884-5, in competition with the pianofortes of Europe and America. The only U.S. International Medal ever awarded to a Canadian pianoforte; also Medal and Diploma at the Colonial and Indian Exhibition, London, Eng., 1886, with the supreme honor of supplying Her Majesty the Queen with a Newcombe Grand, selected by Sir Arthur Sullivan. For Illustrated Catalogue, prices and terms,

Address Octavius Newcombe & Co.,
MANUFACTURERS
WAREROOMS, 107-109 CHURCH ST., TORONTO
FACTORY, 89 TO 97 BELLWOODS AVENUE

Gents' : Furnishings!

A FULL LINE of Gentlemen's Goods for the Fall and Winter.

Shirts made to order and a good fit guaranteed.

C. J. PANTER.

Feather Dusters

A full assortment of American Split Turkey Feather Dusters.

-F. CHARLES CLARKE,-
CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST.
Telephone 138. Front Street.

DR LOW'S WORM SYRUP
DESTROYS AND REMOVES WORMS OF ALL KINDS IN CHILDREN OR ADULTS SWEET AS SYRUP AND CANNOT HARM THE MOST DELICATE CHILD

OFFICE TO LET.

FIRST-CLASS Office and Shop Room to let for a term of years. Apply at this office.

THE BELLEVILLE WATER WORKS CO.

Daily Intelligencer.

A NOBLE LIFE ENDED.

Death of John Bright—Brief Sketch of His Career.

LONDON, March 27.—John Bright died at 8.30 this morning. Mr. Bright's end was peaceful and painless. He had lain in a comatose condition since yesterday. All of his family were present at his deathbed.

Mr. Bright's funeral will take place Saturday. The interment will be in the Friends' burying ground at Rochdale. The ceremonies will be as private as possible.

The sculptor Bruce Joy has taken a cast of Mr. Bright's face. Political deputations will follow the funeral. Only personal friends will be admitted to the meeting in the house.

At political meetings throughout the country this evening sympathetic references were made to Mr. Bright. Sir William Vernon Harcourt, speaking at Bradford, said no greater or purer man ever adorned political life in England. Lords Harris and Spencer, addressing a popular meeting at Stafford, paid high tributes to Mr. Bright.

The United Ireland says of Mr. Bright: "Ireland will forget all the grievances against him at the open grave and will remember only the priceless services of his old days when his heart was warm, his mind bright and his eloquence irresistible. The real Bright died three years ago."

[John Bright was born at Greenbank near Rochdale, Lancashire, Nov. 16, 1811. He was a member of the Society of Friends, at whose school at York he was educated. Although he early gave promise of the distinction which he afterwards received he applied himself to commercial pursuits. For many years he was the head of a firm of cotton-spinners and manufacturers in Rochdale. When the Anti-Corn Law Association was formed in 1838 Mr. Bright entered heartily into its plans, co-operating with Mr. Cobden, and the two became the leading spirits of the league. In 1843 he was elected M. P. for the city of Durham, took an active part in the measures for Free Trade, and had much to do with the bill of 1846 for the immediate modification of the corn laws and their total repeal at the end of three years. In 1847 and again in 1852 he was returned to Parliament for Manchester. In 1854 he sanctioned the sending a deputation of Friends to dissuade the Czar from entering on hostilities with Turkey, and he also deprecated England taking part in the war. In 1857 his opposition to the war with China rendered him unpopular with his constituents and he was defeated in Manchester by a large majority. He was, however, returned for Birmingham and vigorously urged the passing of a vote of censure on the Palmerston Administration for introducing the Foreign Conspiracy Bill, in consequence of which the Ministry resigned, Feb. 20, 1858. Shortly afterwards Mr. Bright made a speech in favor of the reduction of the British military establishment and condemning the policy of Asiatic conquest. He also took a leading part in bringing about the commercial treaty with France. After 1857 Mr. Bright's name was mainly identified with a scheme for the reform of the electoral representation by a wide extension of the suffrage and a more equal distribution of seats. Mr. Bright was an uncompromising advocate of the North during the Civil War in America, and with the close of the struggle he renewed the agitation for Reform. He visited Ireland and was entertained at a banquet in Dublin, 1866, on the invitation of twenty Liberal Irish M.P.'s. In 1868 he was presented with the freedom of the city of Edinburgh, and in the same year he accepted office under Mr. Gladstone as President of the Board of Trade. Through ill-health he retired from office in December, 1870. In 1873 he was appointed to the Chancellorship of the Duchy of Lancaster, and he held that post till the Liberals went out of office in 1874. When that party returned to office in 1880, Mr. Bright was re-appointed Chancellor. In July, 1882, he announced in the House of Commons that he had resigned his office and retired from the Cabinet because he differed from his colleagues on their policy in Egypt, which led to the bombardment of Alexandria. On the question of Home Rule for Ireland Mr. Bright supported the Unionist opposition to Mr. Gladstone's bill, and his denunciations of the measure went far to secure its rejection and the subsequent return of the Unionist majority to Parliament. Since the general election Mr. Bright's public appearances have not been very important.]

WHAT MR. LYON SAYS.

He Treated Harvey Well and Gave Him a Chance to Get on His Feet Again.

GUELPH, March 26.—Mr. J. W. Lyon was seen by a reporter to-day. He said: Mr. Harvey was sent to my place by Mr. E. R. C. Clarkson, Toronto, a year ago last July. He was recommended as a first-class man. After being six or seven weeks with me I thought a great deal of him and engaged him permanently as bookkeeper and cashier. On one occasion I sent him to Wisconsin on some business, and before he returned I had gone to Australia. I met him in Chicago and gave him charge of my business in my absence of four or five months.

Last February I suspected that he was somewhat short in his cash, and on being asked about it he said he had put the cash in the bank. I took the explanation and resumed confidence in him. The April balance showed me to owe him $24. He seemed to be a very good accountant and methodical in business. I had such confidence in him that I readily accepted his excuses as to the state of the books from time to time.

Some two weeks ago I noticed that the books had not been balanced for four months and I told him that I wished him to have them balanced by Saturday night so that I might see them on Monday morning. I finally received the cash-book from him on Thursday last and discovered a false addition in the month of April, 1888, amounting to $200. The original figure was blotted out and a spurious one inserted. Every month since that time shows a false balance. In June, 1888, there appears $110 in false additions and in January last $75—this in the face of the fact that I gave him a check for $50 as a Christmas present. So far as the examination has gone about $1000 has been embezzled.

When the defalcations were known to me my wife urged me not to make them public and I intended to spare Mr. Harvey. I showed him the false entries and he acknowledged that he had embezzled, but said it was to pay his debts. I then asked him to make up a statement of the amount embezzled. He said it was only about $1000 and stated that he would make up the amount. He did not do this as promised, and when I asked him for it would not make me a satisfactory answer. He appeared to not be at all penitent. I then decided to have him arrested. The arrest took place on Monday night. He came into my office on Tuesday morning, that being the first I knew of his having got bail. I asked him to sit down but he would not do so. He said he came in to see why I changed my mind. I told him that I had not made any promise to him. He said, "Certainly, I know you did not." He then asked why I did this, and I told him it was because I did not think he was penitent. He then went out.

When Mr. Bond came into my office in the forenoon I told him that the revolver was purchased by Mr. Harvey, that I would not pay for it and further that evil would result from it. I then sent a letter to the chief of police stating the facts and demanding protection. Mr. Harvey got $25 a week salary."

Dr. Lett, medical superintendent of the Homewood Retreat situated outside this city, says that Mr. Harvey telephoned for him on Monday night from Mr. Lyon's office. When he went to the office Mr. Harvey asked him to go bail, which he readily did. Mr. Harvey was downhearted about his arrest. He said it was a scheme of Lyon's to crush him

A Greenbank Farmer's Fatal Fall.

PORT PERRY, March 27.—A fatal accident occurred to-day near Greenbank, a small village about five miles from here. A fire broke out in the residence of Mr. James Ironside, occasioned by a defective chimney, and whilst in the act of putting it out from inside the house Mr. Ironside slipped and fell headlong down the stairs breaking his neck. Deceased is a much respected farmer.

A Missing Heir.

CHICAGO, March 27.—Arthur Kruschaurkl, aged 14 and heir to $80,000, has disappeared. His father believes he has been abducted for the purpose of extorting a ransom.

DANCED DOWN THE AGES.

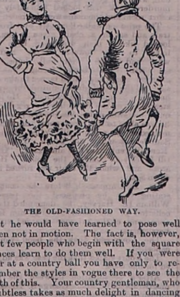
THE WALTZ STILL THE MOST POPULAR OF DANCES.

How to Waltz Gracefully and Well—A Professor Tells of His Observations and Experience.

"What is the most popular dance this season?" repeated the Professor, raising his eyebrows in mild but polite surprise. "Why, the waltz, to be sure. There is never anything most popular but the waltz. It has held a pre-eminent position in social entertainment almost from the time it was first introduced. There are other dances which the accomplished gentleman or lady must know, but the waltz comes first in order of learning and first in order of importance."

ABOUT TO BEGIN.

"The waltz," he said "originated, as perhaps you know, in Bohemia, and it is frequently styled the German national dance. Just when it arose it is difficult of course to say, but it was some time in the later part of the eighteenth century. It was discovered by the French and English early in this century, and made instant progress into popularity all over the civilized world. We begin with that in teaching our students for two reasons: First, perhaps, because it is the one thing the student is most ambitious to learn, and as a rule, you know society people are not much inclined to go through a long season of dry and routine exercises, as piano students have to, before they reach the practice of the thing they ultimately wish to master. The second reason, which is the better one from the point of view of the terpsichorean artist, is that a good waltz step cultivates the grace of movement and command of the limbs which is essential to good dancing of any variety. I can imagine that one may begin with the contra dances, such as the Virginia reel and the quadrilles, and go through the evolutions required by them in perfect form. Yet, if this were the case, when he came to take up the waltz he would be just as badly off as if he were a novice, with the single exception that he would have learned to pose well when not in motion. The fact is, however, that few people who begin with the square dances learn to do them well. If you were ever at a country ball you have only to remember the styles in vogue there to see the truth of this. Your country gentleman, who doubtless takes as much delight in dancing as the most cultivated member of the Four Hundred, is full of life and energy, and is all action, regardless of grace. In a crude way his movements are rhythmical, but there is no uniformity in the steps he takes, and a dozen different steps may be in use during the same dance by as many different people. Such a man, accustomed to holding his hands behind his back and keeping up a light shuffle at every bar of the music, or even cavorting about the room more violently, would cut a rather sorry figure in the society waltz, even granting that he knew something about the movements. So, as I say, it is the best thing to begin with the waltz, because there we cultivate that grace which is necessary to all society behavior. The man who has learned to waltz well will find all other dances and all other behavior easy matters to acquire."



THE OLD-FASHIONED WAY.

"What is the first thing taught?"

"We begin with a gentlemanly or ladylike pose, and show the pupil how to stand correctly while waiting for that bar of the music to sound which will be his cue for beginning to dance. The initial pose is, of course, very natural and easy to learn, though it is frequently a somewhat difficult matter to impress upon the pupil that he or she must not crook the elbow or raise the hands above that point where they naturally lie when clasped. Your awkward waltzer takes the lady's hand in a firm grip and raises it to about the level of his face, and with his other arm he either grasps her tight about the waist or seizes hold of her elbow and starts out on a dance as if he were a fish, with fins on each side fully extended. All this is wretched. The lady's hands should rest lightly upon his arm just below the shoulder and his hand should just touch the back of her waist. When we have impressed this rule upon the pupil, the next thing is to learn the step. This is to be taught by imitation, of course, and the only general point that I can give about it without giving a lesson outright is that in making the step the toe should not be turned in. It is the mistake made by all dancers who are careless, or who have been poorly taught."

"What happens if the toe is turned in in making the step?"

"Merely that you step upon your partner's foot. See here,"—and with this the professor went to a wardrobe and took out a pair of low dancing shoes of expensive pattern. "These," he said, "are what I wear when I am teaching beginners, and I call your attention to the way in which they have been bruised."

The shoes looked as if somebody had set them upon the floor and stamped upon them and kicked them, so as to put a scratch or bruise upon every part of their surface.

"All these wounds," continued the professor, "were made by the clumsy dancers, who would insist upon turning the toe in as they took the steps. You may imagine that I have had some severe knocks, but I manage to stand it as long as the shoes do. If the dancer simply steps straight forward he will never stumble or injure his partner's foot. Another thing that never happens with good waltzers is, the collision of the knees. By the necessities of the dance your knees are almost touching those of you partner; yet if you understand how to take the steps she will never be conscious that either you or herself has anything like a knee. This excellent feature of a perfect waltz can never be acquired if the dancer persists in bending his knees during either the initial pose or any portion of the dance. So many men seem to think that it adds a certain springiness to their motions if they bend the legs more or less during the dance. The fact is the spring of the waltz should come entirely from the muscles of the lower leg, and the bend of the knees only adds awkwardness to the movements."

"Are good dancers able to avoid actual collision with other couples during a ball?"

"Not always. It depends very largely upon the number of couples dancing, and somewhat upon the watchfulness of the gentleman. But in a crowded ballroom, be the parties ever so careful, it is almost impossible to avoid some collisions. No serious results may follow, however, such as a complete upsetting of one or other of the parties, unless one or both are exceedingly careless and awkward."

MISMANAGED.

"Are there any new forms of the waltz in vogue this season?"

"None that can be described. As new pieces of music are composed, each academy or professor may invent some little variation to suit himself, but as a rule it may be said that the waltz proper remains the same from one season to another. It is not like the square dances, where there are certain evolutions to go through, but it may be danced continuously or left off at the will of the performer."—Toronto Saturday Night.

THE OYSTER BEDS OF ACADIA.

Some Interesting Information on the Economic Mollusca of Canada.

At a recent meeting of the Natural History Society of Halifax. An interesting paper, prepared by W. F. Ganong of Harvard University, was read.

The molluscs useful to man which occur in Acadian waters, Mr. Ganong said, may be divided into seven groups, according as thy are, have been, or can be used for, (1) food, (2) bait in the fisheries, (3) fertilizers, (4) ornaments, including pearls, (5) money, (6) dyes, (7) minor uses. Of the first the most conspicuous is the oyster; next comes the soft clam, hard clam, (or quahog), periwinkles, scallops, mussels, whelks, razor-fish, etc. In the second, the most important is the squid, then comes the clam, then the mussels, whelks, etc. Of the third group are the oyster, the immense deposits of dried shells of which are so valuable to Prince Edward Island, the mussel, the squid, etc. Under the fourth, comes the hard clam or quahog, the purple part of the shell of which was used in making wampum. The latter was used also as money. Mr. Ganong quoted from Lescarbot and Denys, showing how highly it was valued by the Indians of Acadia, but that they probably obtained it by trade from southern Indians and did not manufacture it themselves. These influences are of considerable importance and seem to have escaped the notice of all writers on the subject.

Of Molluscs which yield a dye, the most important is the purple-shell (Purpura capillus), which is exceedingly abundant everywhere upon the Acadian coast. It yields a rich crimson unchangeable dye, not affected by acids nor alkalis. Of shells useful for minor purposes, such as dishes and the like, there are several, the hen-clam (Mactra solidissima) and the scallops being the most important.

Among the Molluscs injurious to man, the most important is the terede or ship-worm, of which there are several species in our waters. These are treated at length in the second part of the paper.

The history of mullusc culture in Acadia was then traced, showing that a rude form of culture was practiced at St. Croix Island in 1604, but that nothing had been done since except a few attempts on a very small scale in Nova Scotia and Prince Edward Island to cultivate the oyster. The necessity for government interference in and regulation of the oyster fishery was very emphatically set forth. The peculiar adaptability of the North Shore for oyster culture was pointed out and a zoological condition not generally taken into account, which would be very greatly in favor of the culture was indicated. This is the entire absence from the gulf of some of the many natural enemies of the oyster, and the great scarcity of others. The "drill," which does such great damage in the United States, is quite rare, while the starfishes, which do as much damage annually to the oyster beds of the latter country as the whole Canadian oyster fishery is worth, are not common and nearly harmless.

The World's Greatest Lumber Region.

A lumber pile made of boards, each 100 feet long and 6 feet in width, would be an unprecedented sight in the East, but a gentleman recently returned from a visit to the coast of the North Pacific Ocean says that piles of lumber, such as that are common at the mills on Puget Sound. "Boards 100 feet long and 6 feet wide, without a knot in them," he says, "are common cuts from the gigantic fir trees of the Puget Sound forests. These trees grow to the enormous height of 250 feet, and the forests are so vast that although the saw-mills have been ripping 500,000,000 feet of lumber out of them every year for ten years, the spaces made by these tremendous inroads seem no more than garden patches Puget Sound has 1,800 miles of shore line, and all along this line, and extending thence on both sides, miles and miles further than the eye can see, is one vast and almost unbroken forest of these enormous trees. There is nothing like it anywhere on the Pacific coast. An official estimate places the amount of standing timber in that area at 500,000,000,000 feet, or a thousand years' supply, even at the enormous rate the timber is now being felled and sawed. The timber belt covers 300,000,000 acres of Washington Territory, an area equal to the States of Vermont, Massachusetts, Connecticut and New Hampshire. The markets for the Puget Sound lumber are entirely foregin, being South America, Australia, Central America and the Pacific Ocean islands."—Philadelphia Press.

Six passenger coaches, mostly filled with English immigrants, arrived in Winnipeg on Saturday.

A Mean Insinuation.

Rector's Wife (hysterically)—"Here's a note come from those Wagshaws! They ask me to play and sing during the evening, because they say that they 'want the young and attractive women to assist as waitresses.'"—Punch.

An Old Ballad.

I ran across a song to-day.
A time tried, worked out ballad,
That lived its trill of life in days
When music wasn't valid.

A sigh in lachrymose it was,
A sob that went a sailing
On tender waves of minor chord
Upon a sea of wailing.

A world worn bit of old time life,
So quaint and yet so tender,
That made me face the far, far time,
When I was I—and slender.

And as the keys sobbed out the notes
I saw the sweet-faced poem—
The little girl who sang it once
When all of life was proem.

The song was not a master's song,
Nor diva's burst—but hang it!
It seemed so sweet to me because
I kissed the lips that sang it.

—Omaha Republican.

THE SPEED OF THOUGHT.

How Long It Takes for an Idea to Reach the Brain.

Some of the readers have no doubt frequently made use of the expression "quick as thought," but have any of them ever stopped to consider how quick thought is? A writer in the Nineteenth Century has made some interesting calculations regarding the comparative length of time it takes to call to mind various every-day facts.

It takes about two-fifths of a second to call to mind the country in which a well-known town is situated, or the language in which a familiar author wrote. We can think of the name of next month in half the time we need to think of the name of last month. It takes on the average one-third of a second to add numbers consisting of one digit, and half a second to multiply them. Such experiments give us considerable insight into the mind.

Those used to reckoning can add two to three in less time than others; those familiar with literature can remember more quickly than others that Shakespeare wrote "Hamlet." It takes longer to mention a month when a season has been given than to say to what month a season belongs.

The time taken up in choosing a motion, the "will time," can be measured as well as the time taken up in perceiving. If I do not know which of two colored lights is to be presented, and must lift my right hand if it be red and my left if it be blue, I need about one-thirteenth of a second to initiate the correct motion. I have also been able to register the sound waves made in the air by speaking, and thus have determined that in order to call up the name belonging to a printed word I need about one ninth of a second, to a letter one-sixth of a second, to a picture one-quarter of a second and to a color one-third of a second.

A letter can be seen more quickly than a word, but we are so used to reading aloud that the process has become quite automatic, and a word can be read with greater ease and in less time than a letter can be named. The same experiments made on other persons give times differing but little from my own. Mental processes, however, take place more slowly in children, in the aged and in the uneducated.

True to Life.

Popinjay—"I declare, Blobson, that picture of your wife is a speaking likeness. Blobson (gloomily)—"It wouldn't be my wife if it wasn't."

The Letter that Came

From Mr. J. Hayden, 139 Chatham St. Montreal, says: "I was troubled for years with biliousness and liver complaint, and I never found any medicine to help me like Burdock Blood Bitters, in fact one bottle made a complete cure."

Dangerous Counterfeits.

Counterfeits are always dangerous, more so that they always closely IMITATE THE ORIGINAL IN APPEARANCE AND NAME. The remarkable success achieved by Nasal Balm as a positive cure for Catarrh and Cold in the Head has induced unprincipled parties to imitate it. The public are cautioned not to be deceived by nostrums imitating Nasal Balm in name and appearance, bearing such names as Nasal Cream, Nasal Balsam, etc. Ask for Nasal Balm and do not take any imitation dealers may urge upon you. For sale by all druggists or sent post-paid on receipt of price (50c. and $1,) by addressing Fulford & Co., Brockville, Ont.

Eighty Per Cent.

Of the human race, according to a high authority, suffer from one or other form of blood taint. Never allow this latent evil to develop into serious disease while the blood can be kept pure and the system clean by the proper precautions, such as using Burdock Blood Bitters, whenever any scrofulous symptoms appear. No medicine equals B.B.B. as a blood cleanser.

There are a number of varieties of corns. Holloway's Corn Cure will remove any of them Call on your druggist and get a bottle at once.

Orin Catlin, 49 Pearl Street Buffalo, N. Y., says: I tried various remedies for the piles but found no relief until I used Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, which entirely cured me after a few applications.

Do not delay in getting relief for the little folks. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is a pleasant and sure cure. If you love your child why do you let it suffer when a remedy is so near at hand?

The cheapest medicine in use is Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, because so very little of it is required to effect a cure. For croup, diphtheria, and diseases of the lungs and throat, whether used for bathing the chest or throat, for taking internally or inhaling, it is a matchless compound.

Mr Thomas Ballard, Syracuse, N. Y., writes: 'I have been afflicted for nearly a year with that most-to be dreaded disease Dyspepsia, and at times worn out with pain and want of sleep, and after trying almost everything recommended I tried one box of Parmelee's Valuable Pills I am now nearly well, and believe they will cure me. I would not be without them for any money."

PARMELEE'S PILLS possess the power of acting specifically upon the diseased organs, stimulating to action the dormant energies of the system, thereby removing disease. In fact, so great is the power of this medicine to cleanse and purify, that diseases of almost every name and nature are driven from the body.' Mr. D. Carswell, Carswell P. O., Ont, writes: "I have tried Parmelee's Pills and find them an excellent medicine, and one that will sell well."

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP should always be used when children are cutting teeth. It relieves the little sufferer at once; it produces natural, quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakens as "bright as a button." It is very pleasant to taste. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for diarrhœa, whether arising from teeth ing or other causes. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." and take no other kind. 3dAw1y

ARE YOU MADE miserable by Indigestion, Constipation, Dizziness, Loss of Appetite, Yellow Skin Shiloh's Vitalizer is a positive cure, Sold by D. M. Waters.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co., 106 Wall-st., N. Y.

NATIONAL COLONIZATION
LOTTERY

Under the patronage of the Rev. Father Labelle

Established in 1884, under the Act of Quebec 32 Vict., Chapt. 36, for the benefit of the Diocesan Societies of Colonization of the Province of Quebec.

Class D.—The 22nd Monthly Drawing will take place Wednesday, April the 17th, at 2 p. m.

Prizes value		$50,000 00
Capital Prize: One real estate worth		$5,000 00
1 Real Estate worth	$5 000	5,000
1 do	2 000	2,000
1 do	1,000	1,000
4 do	500	2,000
10 Real Estates	300	3 000
30 Furniture Sets	200	6,000
60 do	100	6,000
200 Gold Watches	50	10,000
1,000 Silver Watches	10	10,000
1,000 Toilet Sets	5	5,000
2,307 Prizes worth		$50,000 00

TICKETS - - $1.00

Offers are made to all winners to pay their prizes cash, less a commission of 10 p. c.

Winners' names not published unless specially authorized

Drawings on the Third Wednesday of every Month.

S. E. LEFEBVRE Secretary,
Offices, 19 St. James street, Montreal, Can.
192dly

CARSLAKE'S
GRAND DERBY SWEEP
$25,000.00.

1st horse (in duplicate)	$3,000 each=	$6.000
2nd " " "	$2 000 " "	$4,000
3rd " " "	$1 000 " "	$2 000
Other starters (divided equally)		$4,000
Non-starters " "		$9,000

5000 Tickets at $5 Each.

171 Entries (in duplicate 342 horses)

Drawing June 3rd. Race June 5th, 1889.

Result of each Drawing sent to all subscribers.

Ten per cent deducted from all prizes.

Address, GEORGE CARSLAKE, Prop., Mansion House, 522 St. James St., Montreal, 269d6m

J. M. FORTIER,
Wholesale : Cigar : Manufacturer,
145 151 ST. MAURICE STREET,
MONTREAL
P. S.—Private Brands for the Jobbing Trade a specialty.

CANADIAN—
---PACIFIC
RAILWAY.

Tuesday, April 2nd,
Tuesday, April the 9th,
Tuesday, April the 16th,
Tuesday, April the 23rd,
Tuesday, April the 30th,

—WILL RUN—

SETTLERS'---TRAINS

Through without change to

MANITOBA,
North-West Territories,
and British Columbia,

Leaving Toronto Union Depot at 9:00 p. m. No Customs. No Transfers. No Delays. Full particulars from any agent of the company.

S. BURROWS,
Agent C. P. R., Belleville.
Office—Front St., one door north of Dominion Bank.

It Made Mother Strong

"My mother has been using PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND for nervous prostration, [illegible] by melancholia, etc., and it has done her a world of good. It is the only medicine that strengthens the nerves.'
G. H. BEERS,
Orbisonia, Pa.

"I am in my 64th year. Have been afflicted in several ways—could not sleep, had no appetite, no courage, low spirits. I commenced using Paine's Celery Compound, and felt relief from the third day after using it. I now have a good appetite and can sleep well. My spirits and courage are almost like those of a young man."
S. C. KINKAID, D. D., Gonzales, La.

Paine's Celery Compound

Strengthens and builds up the old, and cures their infirmities. Rheumatism, indigestion and nervousness yield quickly to the curative power of Paine's Celery Compound.

A Perfect Tonic and Invigorator, It GIVES NEW LIFE.

"I am now 69 years old and have tried several remedies, but none had any effect until I used Paine's Celery Compound. I feel entirely different for the short time I have used it. I can walk nearly straight, sleep sound and well, and feel as though there was new life and energy coming into my whole system."
H. MYLIUS, Cleveland, Tenn.

Paine's Celery Compound is of unequaled value to women. It strengthens the nerves, regulates the kidneys, and has wonderful power in curing the painful diseases with which women so often silently suffer.

$1 per bottle. Six for $5. At Druggists.
WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO MONTREAL.

DIAMOND DYES True to Name and Color. Nothing can Equal Them.

YOUR BABY will be rosy, plump and merry if given LACTATED FOOD.

Daily Intelligencer.

THE DAILY INTELLIGENCER is published every evening except Sunday, and delivered by careful carriers in all parts of the city for Five Dollars a year, or Fifty Cents a month.

THE WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER is published every Thursday morning, and sent, postpaid, to any address in Canada, the United States or Great Britain for One Dollar a year.

ADVERTISEMENTS, first insertion, 10 cents per nonpareil line; each subsequent consecutive insertion, 5 cents per line; when not inserted every day, 10 cents per line each insertion.

READING MATTER NOTICES, 15 cents per line each insertion.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS, 50 cents each insertion. With notice of funeral added the charge for death notices is $1.

CONTRACTS made for business advertisements for one month or longer at reduced rates.

Remittances, Drafts, Cheques, and Post-Office Orders should be made payable to the order of
INTELLIGENCER PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO'Y (LIMITED),
Belleville, Ont.

Largest Daily Circulation in Belleville.

BELLEVILLE, THURSDAY MAR. 28

THE JESUITS.

Ontario has worked itself into a state of excitement over the Jesuit Estates Act unprecedented in so short a time; and that, too, on behalf of the Protestants of the Province of Quebec, who do not seem to have gone wild over the great interest taken in their welfare by their compatriots in this Province. In short, nothing was heard of the monstrous outrage, as it is termed, until an opportunity offered to make an onslaught upon the Dominion Government, because the bill was not disallowed by them. Then the iniquity of Mercier's act began to dawn upon the minds of certain Protestant clergy, who thereupon poured forth their vials of wrath, not upon the perpetrators of the deed, but upon those who did not think it their duty to wrench the constitution, and thereby involve the country in turmoil and a politico religious war.

Goldwin Smith and the *Mail* saw their opportunity, seized it, and are now revelling in delight over the storm they have raised. The former, in order to excite the honest prejudice of a large body of electors in Ontario, dishonestly says: The Orange Society was denied incorporation, and the Jesuits were given it. To read his vaporings those who knew no better would be led to the conclusion that it was the same legislative body who denied a privilege to a Protestant society and gave it to Roman Catholics. It is true the Roman Catholic representatives in the Dominion Parliament succeeded, with the aid of the Protestant Grits from Ontario, in defeating a bill for the incorporation of the Orange Society; and it is equally true that it was the Roman Catholics, with the aid of the Protestants in the Quebec Legislature, who gave the Act of Incorporation to the Jesuits, and then appropriated a large sum of money from the public funds of the Province to endow them.

Let us in justice draw a contrast. Not many years ago the New Brunswick Legislature passed a bill incorporating the Orange Society in that Province; it received the assent of the Governor and was forwarded to Ottawa with other bills, passed at the same session. No objection that we ever heard of was taken by the Roman Catholic members of the Cabinet, or of Quebec, or of Ontario, or elsewhere, to its going into full operation. No excitement was created in Quebec over the matter. "Ah!" we hear some say, "the Orange Society is British and loyal, whilst the Jesuits are neither." That point we do not propose to argue just now; but one thing is certain, namely, that Orangeism is to Roman Catholics, however much mistaken in their views they may be of its true character, what Jesuitism is to Protestants. Would any one allege that because the Roman Catholics of the Dominion Government did not insist upon that Bill being allowed, that they therefore "endorsed," to use Messrs. Brethour and Smyth's word, the Orange Order and approved its principles? Certainly not. Neither did the Protestants approve of Jesuitism, because they did not interfere with the action of a Provincial Legislature.

Look at the beginning of this Jesuit affair, and it will be seen that the Protestants of Quebec, for whom Ontario is just now so solicitous, actually assisted in the work "In May, 1887, 'The Society of Jesus was incorporated by the Provincial Legislature of Quebec, the petitioners being 'Rev. Fathers Henri Hudon, Adrien Turgeon, Leonard Lemire, George Kenny, Arthur Jones and all persons who now or may hereafter form part of the said society.' The bill was for a time opposed by the Cardinal Archbishop of Quebec, in the interests of Laval, but his objections were ultimately withdrawn. No opposition was manifested by Protestant members, in fact the Hon. W. Lynch, representing the Protestant element, and formerly Crown Lands Commissioner, said:—

'Notwithstanding what may be thought in some quarters, there is nothing in the bill alarming in its character. We are living in an age where wisdom prevails, living in an age in which freedom is supposed to exist the world over, and nowhere in the dominions of Her Majesty does liberty prevail more than in the Province of Quebec .... Is it possible that the intelligent public opinion of the Province of Quebec should deny those Jesuit Fathers the civil rights we have granted to every one else?"

"There was no discussion upon the subject in the Legislative Council, the bill passing unanimously."

So much for the Incorporation. Now for the vote of $400,000 to the Roman Catholic schools, and $60,000 to the Protestants for a like purpose.

In July 1888, Mr. Mercier, the Liberal Premier of Quebec, introduced into the Quebec Legislature "An Act respecting the Jesuits' Estates," providing for the payment to that body of $400,000 in consideration of a claim they had been urging for years, as a compensation for property taken from them when the Order was suppressed in 1773; and as a solace for the Protestants, $60,000 for school purposes, being a sum in proportion to their population. How was this received by our Protestant fellow subjects in Quebec? The answer is found in the fact that no division took place in the popular branch of the Legislature, Messrs. Owens and Hall alone taking exception to the interference of the Holy See, and after an explanation made by the Premier, the bill was unanimously assented to. When it went to the Legislative Council, a debate arising, leading Protestant representatives gave their reasons for supporting the enactment. We quote from Rouleau's report, 1888:

'Hon. Mr. Gilman: "As a representative of the minority in this House, I must congratulate the Government for having settled that question in a manner satisfactory both to Protestants and Catholics, and rejoice to hear that the Protestant Committee of Public Instruction has been entrusted with the distributing of the $60,000 which the Government has granted the Protestants in settling that question."

"Hon. Mr Starnes: "I approve of the bill as it is, for that question should have been settled long ago. Protestants and Catholics ought to be satisfied with the manner in which the question is now settled."

"Hon D. A. Ross: "Some newspapers have shown me up as a friend of the Jesuits and as a bad Protestant, because I lent my assistance to the settlement of this question. I will answer it by saying that I am neither a friend nor an enemy of the Jesuits. We had to deal with a question of justice, and I gave it my support. The Protestants themselves entertain the belief that the Jesuits deserve some compensation for the estates taken away from them. Moreover, the Protestants whom I represent in the Cabinet, are well satisfied with the settlement of this question, as you have heard the hon. councillor for Wellington express it, and with the indemnity which falls to their lot."

This is the status of the Jesuit affair, so far as the Protestants of Quebec are concerned. If, as we have stated, the Act of Mr. Mercier is unconstitutional, let it be taken to the courts for adjudication, and not embroil the country in an agitation which will end in no good.

The position of the Government to-day is the same as it was some years ago, when a demand was made upon it to disallow the New Brunswick School Bill, which withheld from the Roman Catholics of that Province rights to which they contended they were entitled. The ministry of that day refused to interfere, upon the grounds that the people of New Brunswick were within their rights, under the constitution, in refusing the Roman Catholics the privileges they sought, and that it was not within the province of the Dominion Cabinet to interfere. In this the Government were sustained by the Imperial authorities. Much as we dislike Jesuitism and abhor its teachings, we are convinced the Dominion Government have taken the only course open to them, that is, not to interfere in such matters, but let the Provinces dispose of their money as they please, so long as it is not used against the state. Any other course would soon rend this confederation asunder

THE BAY BRIDGE.

The bill which empowers the Bay of Quinte Bridge Company to receive stock subscriptions from municipalities has passed its third reading in the Senate and now only awaits the Royal assent in order to become law.

As this bill has no bearing on the power of municipalities to subscribe for stock in the Company, and as the Ontario Legislature has granted the necessary powers, we trust that no time will be lost in re-submitting the by-laws in Belleville and Ameliasburg. The season is fast advancing, and we trust that no time will be wasted, as it is desirable to have the work commenced as soon as possible.

Stop that Cough.

Many people neglect what they call a simple cold, which, if not checked in time, may lead to Lung trouble. *Scott's Emulsion of Pure Cod Liver Oil, with Hypophosphites*, will not only stop the cough but heal the lungs. Endorsed by thousands of physicians. Palatable as milk. Try it. Sold by all Druggists at 50c. and $1.00.

—The English language is most used in Samoa.

—It is Venice, the city of canals, that has the largest floating population.

SHILOH'S CATARRH REMEDY—a positive cure for Catarrh, Diphtheria, and Canker Mouth. For sale by D. M. Waters.

—If a detective wants to catch a cold he can get a clue by sitting in the draft.

—The professional sprinter no doubt keeps a running account with his backer.

—St. Louis boasts of a dwarf barber less than four feet high. He must be a little shaver.

AN INACTIVE or Torpid Liver must be roused and all bad bile removed. Burdock Pills are best for old or young.

—An irate widow threatens a newspaper editor with legal proceedings, because in an obituary notice of her departed husband he said he had been removed to a happier home!

A NASAL INJECTOR free with each bottle of Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. Price 50 cents. Sold by D. M. Waters.

THE GUELPH TRAGEDY.

HARVEY TAKEN FROM TORONTO TO THE ROYAL CITY.

A Day of Excitement in Wellington's Capital—Coroner Herod Opens an Inquest—How the Murderer Escaped From Town.

GUELPH, March 27.—The sward in front of William H. Harvey's home, in Woolwich-street, was trampled and trodden by a motley crowd throughout to-day, who, as they gazed at the scene of Tuesday's tragedy, wondered what fatality seized on the man inciting him to lay murderous hands on his wife and daughters. The entrances to the house were guarded by officers, and only those who were immediately interested were admitted. Everything in the house was exactly as it was when the murderer walked forth after having committed his terrible deed. In the parlor the piano stood open, with a sheet of music on the rack; in the dining room the clock ticked on the mantel, and the coal fire burned cheerily; in the chambers of death lay the victims of Harvey's murderous revolver, stiff and pallid. The fact that this triple murder was committed in broad noontide; that it was committed in a house close to others on each side and on a leading street in the city, coupled with that of its not being heard of for hours after the firing of the fatal shots, is one of the peculiar features of the tragedy. It is natural to suppose that the neighbors would have heard either the screams of the victims or the firing of the shots. This explanation accounts for the silence with which the deeds were done! He sent his elder daughter across the street to Mrs. Heyward's private school to borrow a piece of music. This must have been an excuse to get her out of the way for a few minutes. While she was away he shot his wife, and when she returned he committed the second murder. He then went across to the school and asked if Mrs. Heyward would kindly excuse little Geraldine for a few minutes, and bringing her over killed his loving little daughter. The expression on the faces of all victims shows no traces of fright. The little girl's face wears its accustomed serenity and sweetness. They must have been approached one by one from behind and the shots fired before they were aware of the designs upon their lives.

THE MURDERER.

MRS. HARVEY.

GERALDINE HARVEY.

Why did Harvey murder his wife and children? The relations between husband and wife and father and children were the most happy. They were a family content in each other's affections. Harvey was well known to be proud of his wife and daughters and very fond of them. The little girl Geraldine was his especial favorite. She regularly went to meet him on his way home from the office and danced with childish glee as she led her smiling father along the street.

There are two theories. One is that he committed the deed in insanity, and the other that he killed his family to spare them the shame that was certain to fall on them as a result of his embezzlement. The latter is more likely to be the true cause. Harvey was kind hearted and fond of his family, but a glance at the prisoner is sufficient to convince anyone that a proud man with an unbending will has been brought low. He is just the kind of man that would shield those who were dear to him from disgrace at any cost, even at the expense of their lives and his.

Willie Harvey was at the residence of Mrs. Heyward, across the street from his own house, all day. He was completely overcome by the terrible fate of his mother, sisters, and the terrible situation of his father.

Murderer Harvey, ever since his arrival in this city, has persistently refused food and will neither eat nor drink.

The way Harvey spent the afternoon and how he reached Toronto was a mystery last night. It now appears that he either walked from Guelph to Hespeler, a distance of 8 miles, or that he got a freight train to that point. At Hespeler he hired a rig at Ross's livery stable and drove to Galt. He there left the rig at McCruden & Glady's livery-stable, and stating that he would call for it again went away. He then went to Robinson's livery-stable and engaged a team to take him to Harrisburg, 14 miles away. He started out with a driver a little before 4 o'clock. When passing Galt station Harvey said: "I guess there's the train I thought I missed." The driver told him he could catch it now, but Harvey replied: "Never mind, go on to Harrisburg." He lit a cigar, gave one to the driver, and drove out of Galt. At Harrisburg Harvey gave the driver $1 extra for himself and bade him good-bye. The St. Louis express, due in Toronto at 8.20, came in 20 minutes after Harvey's arrival at Harrisburg. Harvey boarded this train and coming to Toronto was captured. This was the murderer's route from the Royal City to the Queen City. He could not have been in Toronto much more than ¾ of an hour before he was arrested.

AT TORONTO.

A Night of Remorse at Police Headquarters—The Departure for Guelph.

TORONTO, March 28.—From 9.30 p.m. Tuesday till 10.45 a.m. yesterday Harvey was confined in a small cell at Police Headquarters. Lest he should do harm to himself he was constantly watched by an officer, who never took his eyes off him. All night long he paced up and down the cell, never uttering a sound. Shame, remorse and despair were depicted in his face and he kept his terrible grief to himself. For hours he sat on a bench with his head in his hands and the tears freely flowed down his face, seeming to fully realize the enormity of the crime he had committed. In the morning Inspector Stephen visited him and asked if he would not have some breakfast. He looked at the inspector, but instead of replying by word of mouth he simply shook his head.

Great was the crowd of curious people who thronged the Police Court building yesterday morning. The morbidly curious always turn out strongly on such an occasion, but the authorities are always ready for them as they were yesterday. Many were turned away, and as it was the court room was crowded when Magistrate Denison ascended the bench. For three-quarters of an hour His Worship was occupied in disposing of some petty cases while the crowd grew impatient in their anxiety to see the murderer.

"William H. Hervey!" called the Magistrate at 10.45, and the name was repeated by several officers in attendance. All eyes were centred on the dock. Slowly the prisoner climbed the steep, narrow stairway that leads directly from the cage to the dock. He was assisted by a policeman and as he reached the dock he sat down, his eyes cast downwards and never once meeting those of a soul in the room. Being told to stand up he did so; but still kept his eyes to the floor while leaning on the railing. He said not a word but appeared as one dazed, his face expressing sullen despair.

Chief of Police Randall of Guelph, a short, spare man with red whiskers, stepped into the witness box and handed his Worship a warrant. The magistrate said: "Prisoner, there has been proven to me a warrant for your arrest on the charge of embezzlement, issued by the magistrate in Guelph. I have endorsed it and you will be taken back to that city." Harvey said not a word, not even by look did he show that he knew what was said. Slowly he was helped down-stairs.

From Mr. John Livingston, who knew Harvey well, because of twice having been his employer, a reporter yesterday gleaned much information about the murderer's history and learned fully about his upright character and his extreme personal pride. In November, 1875, Mr. Livingston, who was then manager of the Dominion Paper Company and the Dominion Bolt Company in Montreal, advertised for an assistant accountant for the latter business. Among the many applicants was Harvey. Mr. Livingston recognised in him a man of much ability and told him that the salary was only $400 and he thought he was worth a better position. Harvey, however, said that he was badly in need of money and would gladly accept the position, which was given him. He was found to be a man of superior ability and with a great knowledge of the iron business, and his salary was raised to $500, then to $700, and so on till in May of 1881 he was receiving $1400. At this time Mr. Livingston removed his business to Toronto and Harvey was left in Montreal.

In the summer of 1882 Harvey called on Mr. Livingston in Toronto and said he was destitute. He asked for a loan of $150, which was freely given, and later said he desired to secure work. Mr. Livingston was then running the bolt works at the foot of Sherbourne-street and gave Harvey a position in the office at $1000 a year. This continued till the summer of '83, when the bolt works were removed to near the Humber but Harvey did not go as one of the staff, his connection with Mr. Livingston then ending.

"As to his antecedents before I first met him in Montreal I know nothing personally," said Mr. Livingston, "but what I do know comes from good authority. He was most reticent about his affairs, and so I learned nothing from him. I understand that his father and his wife's father were the proprietors of a large iron business in England and that Harvey was connected with the business. But the firm came to grief, and Harvey early in the seventies came to America, and either in Montreal or Ottawa engaged in the publication of Zell's Cyclopædia, in which he invested all the money and lost it. Then in Montreal he opened out as an advertising agent, but was in this business only a short time. Quitting this he edited and managed Chisholm's Railway Guide for two years, till 1875, when I first engaged him."

This is what Mr. Livingston has to say about Harvey's character: "In my opinion his integrity was above question and I do not believe a word of the charge of embezzlement in Guelph. His was a strange disposition, always methodical, exact, honest and close-mouthed. I found him highly educated, of good address, and of great ability. I don't think that there was in Canada a better accountant than he. But he was overwhelmed with pride, and I have no hesitation in saying that 'death before dishonor' was the motive that prompted him to the crime. He was proud and fond of his family and was always happy in his domestic relations. He never drank."

THE ARRIVAL AT GUELPH.

Thousands Crowd the Station and Intense Excitement Prevails—The Inquest.

GUELPH, March 27.—The news that the murderer was to be brought to Guelph by the 3 o'clock train quickly spread over the city during the afternoon, and half an hour before the train was due an immense throng awaited its appearance. The platform was jammed, the yards filled and the station and neighboring fences covered with people eager to get a glance of their former respected citizen. Sheriff McKim, Mayor Gowdy and Officers Keikley, Dooley and Hammond were on the platform keeping an entrance clear. It was thought by everybody that the train would stop at the depot. In this the assembled multitude were disappointed. The train hove in sight, bowled along down the bend and with a whiz switched past the station and going up the track a quarter of a mile stopped opposite the Police Station. The effect on the throng was like the sudden stoppage of a mountain current. One minute the crowd stood on tiptoe in expectation and the next thousands of people were precipitated into a mad race for the Police Station. Men, women and children fell over each other in the dust in their inordinate desire to see the prisoner.

Before any of the sprinting thousands reached the Police Court building Chief Randall, who had gone to Toronto to bring the murderer back, had lodged him safely in the court room and the doors were barred.

The prisoner walked quietly over from the train and sat in a chair given to him. He looked like a man who had been humiliated to the lowest degree and one who had given over all hope. He sat with his back facing the magisterial chair, his head bowed to the right side and the tail of his mackintosh thrown over his hands to conceal the handcuffs. He looked steadfastly on the floor, but the regular and quick nictation of his eyes showed plainly that he was alive to what was going on. He remained in this posture till Police Magistrate Saunders ascended the bench. Then Chief Randall went up to him and said: "Get up till I face your chair to the court." Harvey arose and when the chair was turned he sat down again.

Dr. Lett appeared before the court and stating that he produced the person of William H. Harvey, he demanded the cancellation of the bond given by him for the appearance of the prisoner charged with embezzlement.

The Court said that the bond would be cancelled.

The Court stated that the case was adjourned for one week.

After a consultation between the police magistrate and Coroner George S. Herod this information was sworn out:

The information and complaint of Frederick William Randall of the City of Guelph, of the County of Wellington, Province of Ontario, and chief constable:

Whereupon the 27th day of March, in the year of Our Lord 1889, before the undersigned, George S. Herod, one of Her Majesty's coroners, of the city of Guelph, who saith that he hath just cause to suspect and believe and doth suspect and believe that William Harvey of the city of Guelph on the 26th day of March, 1889, did feloniously, wilfully, and with malice aforethought, kill and murder one Matilda Harvey, Lilian Mary Harvey and Geraldine E. M. Harvey, contrary to the form of the statute in such case made and provided.

THE CORONER OPENS AN INQUEST.

Chief of Police Randall and Rev. Mr. Harvey Give Some Evidence.

GUELPH, March 27.—Coroner Herod opened an inquest on the bodies of the three murdered persons in the Council Chamber at 3.30 this afternoon. The chamber was crowded, but thousands who thronged around the City Hall could not get near the room in which the jury sat.

The coroner offered the usual explanations, and the jury walked up to the desolated house in Woolwich-street to view the bodies, which they did with a great deal of awe depicted on their faces.

The jury returned to the Council Chamber at 5 o'clock, when the inquest was resumed. Chief Randall and Rev. G. A. Harvey were examined but nothing was elicited beyond the facts already published.

The inquest was adjourned till to-morrow morning at 9 o'clock.

THE GREAT TELEGRAPH CASE.

First Blood for the Great Northwestern—The Demurrer Overruled.

MONTREAL, March 27.—Judge Mathieu gave judgment this afternoon in the exception a la forme made by defendants in the great telegraph suit of the Great Northwestern Telegraph Company v. the Montreal Telegraph Company, rejecting the demurrer. The decision is an important one for the Great Northwestern, as it enables it to proceed with the case without delay.

The Andy Maloney case was this afternoon postponed till Tuesday next.

Ambitious City Notes.

HAMILTON, March 27.—Wm. Steves of Ancaster was arrested last night on a charge of stealing three Snider-rifles from the armory in that village on Dec. 3. He was found hiding under a bed. At the Police Court to-day Steves was remanded until Saturday.

Ald. W. J. McDonald was thrown from his wagon yesterday sustaining a serious injury to the spine near the neck.

The rate of taxation this year will be 23 mills.

Woodstock Jottings.

WOODSTOCK, March 27.—Col. G. T. Denison and Mr. J. Castell Hopkins of Toronto are to address a meeting on Imperial Federation in the Town Hall here on Friday evening under the auspices of the Woodstock branch of the league.

George Gordon of Embro was to-day convicted of a second offence against the Scott Act and fined $100.

Plowing in Ontario County.

OSHAWA, March 27.—Considerable plowing has been done in Whitby during the past two days and some peas sown.

—At Rio Janeiro the inhabitants are dying at the rate of 2,000 a month from yellow fever.

—A lady refers to the time she spends in front of her looking-glass as "moments of reflection"

FOR DYSPEPSIA and Liver Complaint you have a printed guarantee on every bottle of Shiloh's Vitalizer. It never fails to cure. Sold by D M Waters.

—Since 1872 the net loss in the postal telegraph system in England has been over $16,500,000.

—Ethan Allan, the once famous trotting horse, still lives at the age of 32 at Bayfield Parish, Mass.

THE REV GEO H THAYER, of Bourbon, Ind., says: 'Both myself and wife owe our lives to SHILOH'S CONSUMPTION CURE.' For sale by D. M. Waters.

—A project is being considered by the English army authorities for enlisting young boys and letting them grow up into soldiers.

MINISTERS, LAWYERS, TEACHERS, and others whose occupation give but little exercise, should use Carter's Little Liver Pills for torpid liver and biliousness. One is a dose. Try them.

—An English officer lost his leg at the battle of Vittoria, and, after suffering amputation with the greatest courage, thus addressed his servant, who was crying, or pretending to cry, in one corner of the room—"None of your hypocritical tears, you idle dog; you know you are very glad, for now you will only have one boot to clean instead of two."

—The presence of red deer as far east as Bellechasse, Quebec, has been established by the seizure and confiscation this week of a number of carcases and skins of the animals, as well as one live specimen, in the hands of a habitant in one of the rear parishes of that county. The Crown Lands Commissioner has presented the live deer, a fine young doe, to Judge Dugas, Montreal.

SHILOH'S CURE will immediately relieve Croup, Whooping Cough and Bronchitis. Sold by D. M. Waters.

—Ten powerful locomotives, with cylinders of 20 to 22 inches, and boilers of 84 inches in diameter, are being built at the C. P. R. work shops, in Montreal. They are to stand 180 lbs. pressure, and weigh about 100 tons. A trial of speed with one of these engines between Montreal and Smith's Falls has given most satisfactory results. The Grand Trunk are building six shunting engines and twenty standard Moguls.

SHILOH'S CATARRH REMEDY—a positive cure for Catarrh, Diptheria and Canker Mouth. For sale by D. M. Waters.

—Husband—(to wife, as they start out)—"But aren't you going to wear anything on your head?" Wife (provoked)—"Why, you horrid thing, I've got on my Easter bonnet!" Husband—"You'd better wrap the bill about it, so as not to catch cold."

Only One Cent! Only One Cent!

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

FIRST-CLASS four passenger Surrey, Gladstones, Buggies, Phætons, Democrats and Wheelbarrows for sale at Easton's Carriage Works, Belleville. 278d3m

FOR SALE.—Twenty shares in the capital stock of the G. & J. Brown Manufacturing Co. of Belleville. Business is in a flourishing condition, paying a dividend of 9 per cent. last year. Ill health the cause of sale. Address T. ROWLANDS, Kyle House. 272dtf

APARTMENTS TO LET.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

BOARD AND ROOMS.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

HOUSES TO LET.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

FOR SALE or TO LET, the House formerly occupied by J. H. Simpson, Commercial Street Possession given immediately. Apply to P. R. PALMER. 263d3m

LOST AND FOUND.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

LIVE STOCK.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

HOUSE FOR SALE—For sale, a first class brick dwelling on North Bridge St., opposite Clark & Vermilyea's grocery. Terms moderate. Apply to JAMES O'BRIEN, at Brignall & Thompson's. 277d6t.

HOUSE FOR SALE on William St., two doors south of Bridge St., next the residence of Mrs. T. C. Wallbridge, best locality in the city, house new, comfortable, and commodious, hard and soft water, closets in all the rooms. Enquire of R. PURDY, Bridge St. 272d2w

TO LET.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

TO LET.—Two Stores and some room on Front Street, next door to C. F. Smith. JOHN FORIN. 272d2w

WANTED.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

WANTED.—A Stable Boy, accustomed to the care of horses. Apply between 2 and 4 o'clock to DR. FARLEY. 279dtf

SALESMEN—We wish a few men to sell our goods by sample to the wholesale and retail trade. Large manufacturers in our line. Enclose 2-cent stamp. Wages $3 per day. Permanent position. No postals answered. Money advanced for wages, advertising, etc. CENTENNIAL MAN'F'G CO, CINCINNATI, OHIO. 245d30teod

DOMESTICS WANTED.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

WANTED at Albert College, a Servant Girl for Dining Hall. Apply at once. W. P. DYER. 278dtf

SITUATIONS WANTED.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

MECHANICS WANTED.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

To Let for a Term of Years, or For Sale.

PARTS of 9 and 10, 2nd Con. of Thurlow, containing about 100 acres of cleared land, adjacent to the Grand Trunk Station. Apply to
HON. ROBT READ,
March 19, '89 d&wtf Belleville.

FIRE! FIRE!!

I AM offering for sale at the Central Wood Yard, near the Foot Bridge, a large quantity of hard and mixed wood, cut and uncut. Also a quantity of dry pine wood, cut and uncut, which I will sell cheap and deliver to any part of the city free of charge.
EDWARD NEWMAN

PAINLESS EFFECTUAL

BEECHAM'S PILLS

THE GREAT ENGLISH MEDICINE WORTH A GUINEA A BOX

For Bilious and Nervous Disorders, such as Wind and Pain in the Stomach, Sick Headache, Giddiness, Fulness, and Swelling after Meals, Dizziness and Drowsiness, Cold Chills, Flushings of Heat, Loss of Appetite, Shortness of Breath, Costiveness, Scurvy, Blotches on the Skin, Disturbed Sleep, Frightful Dreams, and all Nervous and Trembling Sensations, &c. THE FIRST DOSE WILL GIVE RELIEF IN TWENTY MINUTES. This is no fiction. Every sufferer is earnestly invited to try one Box of these Pills, and *they will be acknowledged to be a Wonderful Medicine*.—"Worth a guinea a box."—BEECHAM'S PILLS, taken as directed, will quickly *restore females* to complete health. For a

WEAK STOMACH; IMPAIRED DIGESTION; DISORDERED LIVER;

they ACT LIKE MAGIC:—*a few doses* will work wonders upon the Vital Organs; Strengthening the muscular System; restoring long-lost Complexion; bringing back the keen edge of appetite, and arousing with the ROSEBUD OF HEALTH the *whole physical energy* of the human frame. These are "facts" admitted by thousands, in all classes of society, and one of the best guarantees to the Nervous and Debilitated is that BEECHAM'S PILLS HAVE THE LARGEST SALE OF ANY PATENT MEDICINE IN THE WORLD. Full directions with each Box.

Prepared only by THOS. BEECHAM, St. Helens, Lancashire, England.
Sold by Druggists generally.
EVANS & SONS, [LIMITED], Montreal,
Sole Agents for the Dominion of Canada.

Special :. Importations!

GENTLEMEN:—We have just received and put in stock FOUR CASES of new spring Suitings, Pantings and Overcoatings. These goods are the finest ever imported by us, and at prices that cannot fail to please all.

Our cutter is giving splendid satisfaction, and we specially invite all who want first-class goods, best of trimmings, and perfect fit to call and select their Spring Clothing.

See our goods before buying. All are cordially invited to look through our beautiful assortment whether they wish to purchase or not.

Every garment made in our establishment guaranteed. Tweeds by the yard very cheap.

A. N. REID & CO.

CLEARING--SALE

OF ALL

BOOTS AND SHOES

Damaged by Fire and Water. Over $5,000 worth at less than half regular price.

A. W. VERMILYEA & SON.

--SPRING OPENING--

AT

GEORGE RITCHIE & CO'S.

On Friday, the 22nd of March,

the Show Rooms will be opened for the exhibition of Pattern Millinery and Mantles, with other seasonable and fashionable goods.

MISS IRWIN has now charge of the Show Rooms, and extends a cordial invitation to all.

Beautiful and rich goods will be shown, at very moderate prices.

GEO. RITCHIE & CO.

NEW SEASON'S TEAS,
FRESH GROUND COFFEES,
Handsome Presents Given Away

AT

STROUD :. BROS.,

Front Street, Belleville,
and at Montreal, Ottawa, Kingston and Toronto.

---Millinery :. Opening---

AT

BRIGNALL & THOMPSON'S.

Wednesday, March the 20th.

When we shall be prepared to exhibit, as usual, a magnificent stock of Imported Millinery, Mantles, Silks and Dress Materials.

BRIGNALL & THOMPSON.

GREAT OPENING

—OF—

CARPETS.

This week we have received and opened up 14 ADDITIONAL BALES of Carpets, and are now ready to show one of the largest assortments of patterns that we have yet had. Please call and see our

---Special 75c. Line---

of Tapestry and Mosaic Carpets. They are worth $1.00 per yard, but we offer them at 75 cents.

We have also opened up a case of Curtains and Curtain Materials of the latest designs—and 4 cases of Curtain Poles and Fixtures.

JAS. W. DUNNET.
GLASGOW WAREHOUSE
Belleville, March 27, 1889.

Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, THURSDAY, MAR. 28

MERE MENTION.

THE market was fairly attended to-day.

A LOT of purses at reduced prices at Geen's Drug Store.

BEECHAM'S PILLS act like magic on a weak stomach.

AN evening recital from Dickens at Albert College to-morrow. See programme.

IF you have a cough or cold go at once to Geen's Drug Store and buy a bottle of Holden's Expectorant.

A VICIOUS dog fight occurred on the market square this morning, in which three canines were engaged.

FOUR tramps sought shelter at the police station last night, one being an old man 65 years of age, whilst the youngest was but 18.

REMEMBER the Lecture in the Opera House by Rev'd Charles Chiniquy, on the evening of Thursday, March 28th. Plan open at Holden's. dtd

ALL DISORDERS CAUSED by a bilious state of the system can be cured by using Carter's Little Liver Pills. No pain, griping or discomfort attending their use. Try them.

As a tonic and relief to sufferers from Neuralgia, Dyspepsia, loss of appetite and general debility, Dyer's Quinine and Iron Wine is highly recommended. W. A. Dyer & Co., Montreal.

SPRING is coming, and with it comes the necessity of a good spring medicine. Try East India Tonic Bitters, a good blood purifier and tonic. For sale by A. L. Geen and F. Charles Clarke.

A PARCEL containing a number of gentleman's collars was received by Mr. Christie yesterday from Vancouver, B. C. The owner wished them laundred in the finest possible manner, hence their arrival at this place.

PROBABILITIES.

TORONTO, March 28.—Westerly wind, fair, cool weather.

Going out of Business.

Don't forget Lazier & Co.'s closing sale. Fine ordered clothing at ready-made prices.

District Intelligence.

George Comstock, an employe at the Central Bridge works at Peterborough, was yesterday struck in the eye with a rivet and received an ugly wound, but no serious results are feared.

The Heathen Chinee

and all Christian people are fast finding out that the only reliable is the Imperial Cream Tartar Baking Powder, made by E. W. Gillett, Toronto, maker of the famous Royal Yeast Cakes.

TEMPERATURE.

As Registered by Dr. Bell's Self-Registering Thermometer.

THURSDAY, March 28.
Maximum 50; minimum 28.
Barometer 29.91.

Acquitted.

Judge Lazier gave judgment to-day in the case of George H. Candler, of Madoc, charged with obtaining money by fraudulent means. His Honor's verdict was that the prisoner was not proved guilty of the offence as charged.

A Popular Instrument.

A new scale Upright Pianoforte recently completed by Messrs. Newcombe & Co., Toronto, is affording much satisfaction. It fills the requirements of a reliable instrument by a first class maker at a figure within the reach of all. Write them for particulars.

Who is Lieut.-Col. Wm. E. O'Brien?

"Campeau's guide to the Senate and House of Commons" gives this brief biographical sketch of the gentleman who moved the resolution on the Jesuit bill question in the House of Commons: "Muskoka—Lieut.-Col. Wm. Edward O'Brien, LL. B., barrister, farmer, Elmwoods, Shanty Bay, County of Simcoe; born 10th March, 1832, in Thornhill, County of York. Educated at Upper Canada College and Toronto University. First elected 20th June, 1882. A Conservative and a Protestant."

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Another Liberal Offer.

FREE SITES FOR MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES PROFFERED BY MR. FALKINER AND BY THE MURNEY ESTATE.

Belleville, March 27, 1889.

The Chairman, Board of Trade and Civic Committee:

SIR,—I offer you a free deed and gift of the following lots for sites for manufacturing industries employing not less than 25 men: Lot 34, Commercial Bank plan, west Commercial St., Murney Ward, being one acre of land; Lots A, 13 and 14, west Albion Street, on the line of the G.T.R., containing about one-and-a-half acres of land, Bleecker Ward.

And on behalf of the Murney Estate I offer Lots 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, East Maria St., Foster Ward, with right to deep water, for the same purpose.

These offers open for 6 months.

N. B. FALKINER.

World's Sunday School Convention.

This great convention is to be held at London, England, July 2, 3, 4 and 5. The basis is one delegate to every hundred thousand of population. Hence, the Province of Ontario may send about *Twenty-five Delegates*, with a similar number of alternates. These are to be selected by the Provincial Executive Committee. They must be known Sunday School workers, and will be expected to attend the Sessions of the Convention during the four days mentioned. County, city, or any local association, are earnestly requested to forward to J. J. Woodhouse, Corresponding Secretary, P. O. box 525, Toronto, the names of suitable persons who, if appointed, will be willing to accept such appointment. Where no local association exists, or where more convenient, applications for appointment may be sent directly to the Corresponding Secretary. From the lists so received appointments will be made and certificates issued. Special rates of fare will be given by the steamship "Parisian," which will sail from Montreal about June 19th.

Improving the Grand Junction.

The Peterborough *Review* says that the Grand Trunk authorities have decided to make another improvement in the Grand Junction line by diverting the line through the village of Campbellford to the south of the village. At present the track runs to the north, and besides being longer than necessary, there are a couple of dangerous crossings and not enough yard room at the station. The new line will leave the present track a little this side of the station, at the gravel pit, and will cross the river near the cricket field, by the island in the river. It will follow a gap through the hill on the east side and connect with the present line again over the hill. A new bridge 300 feet long will be built across the Trent. The new line will be a mile long and it will save one third of a mile in distance. Work on this change will be begun as soon as the necessary plans are completed. A new station building will be erected on the west side of the river, and a siding will be laid to the paper mills. The paper mill siding will relieve much of the congestion at the station and there will be more available space on the new station grounds. Mr. Somerville, of the Engineer's office, went to Campbellford yesterday to complete the plans.

Merle and Iolanthe.

Messrs. Dugald McMurchy and George Michie, of Toronto, have purchased the yacht Merle of Oswego, and the *Mail* goes into raptures over this notable addition to the R. C. Y. C. fleet. It even interviewed Mr. McMurchy, who said: "So far, the Merle has had phenomenal success, having only been beaten on two occasions, once by the Cyprus and once by the Iolanthe, of Belleville, on both occasions in very light and shifting winds, and has won more than twenty other starts." Mr. McMurchy's information is not quite accurate. Merle and Iolanthe have met five times and the record stands, 3 wins for Merle and 2 for Iolanthe. Of these races 2 were won fairly by Merle; her third win was here last year, when Iolanthe, leading her by 15 minutes, got becalmed, lost half an hour, and picked up 7 minutes in sailing about 5 miles. Iolanthe's first win from Merle was at Kingston in 1887, when, in a nice steady topsail breeze, the Belleville boat won by 21 minutes. The second was at Rochester, last year in a whole sail breeze, Iolanthe winning by a few seconds after having been disabled to an extent which lost her more than a quarter of an hour. There is neither occasion nor excuse for inaccuracy in this matter.

Personal

Col. Lazier has recovered from his late illness.

Mr. Johnson, Deputy Attorney-General, has been appointed to succeed the Hon. Sidney Smith as inspector of registry offices, and he is in turn succeeded by Mr. J. R. Cartwright, late law clerk to the Legislative Assembly. Mr. A. M. Dymond takes his place as law clerk.

Ira D. Sankey, the famous singing evangelist, is as bright and as active as of yore, and has changed but little in personal appearance. He will soon be associated with Moody in a series of meetings to be held in Chicago.

Capt. Joe. Ludgate and his wife (Capt. Nellie) have severed their connection with the Salvation army, owing to the despotism practised by the Booths.

The richest man in Boston is Fred L. Ames, whose fortune is reckoned at about twenty millon dollars. His grandfather, Oliver Ames, used to peddle shovels of his own handiwork.

E. P. Williams, of Picton, while crossing the ice from Wolfe island on Tuesday, broke through and in his struggles to get out he lost about $60 out of his overcoat pocket. He was on his way from the Cape.

Worth, the famous Parisian dressmaker, is the son of an English farmer, hailing from Lincolnshire. Most of the British aristocracy who go to Paris to be turned out by him fully believe they are being dressed by a Frenchman.

Mr. Fred Wilkins is home from college on account of ill health.

Hon. Mr. Chapleau, whose health is completely restored, will sail for Canada on April 12th or 15th.

Rev. Chas. Taggart, of Brighton, was in the city to-day.

The Duke of Buckingham and Chandos, who was born in 1823 and held the portfolio of Secretary of State for the Colonies from 1867 to 1868, died yesterday.

Darwin's Theory.

Darwin's theory of the "survival of the fittest" is simply that the weakly die, while the robust and hardy thrive and live. How true this is of all seed growth, and how necessary to sow only that which is suited by nature to live and develope.

D. M. Ferry & Co., the great Seed Growers and Seed Dealers, of Detroit, Michigan, and Windsor, Ontario, supply only the best and purest, raising their own seeds by the most improved methods and with the greatest care, bringing to their business the invaluable aid of more than thirty years' experience. Their Seed Annual for 1889 is a real help to the gardener, and should be in the hands of all who desire to purchase pure and true seeds. Send your name to the Firm's address at Windsor, Ontario, and they will forward you a copy.

WHY WILL YOU cough when Shiloh's Cure will give immediate relief? Price 10 cts., 50 cts., and $1. Sold by D. M. Waters.

Police Court.

A Field Day—Persons on Trial for Perjury, Bigamy, Larceny and Other Offences.

THURSDAY, March 28th.

The police court room was crowded to its utmost capacity this morning, the attraction being the charge of assault larceny and bigamy against Joseph Douglas and the charge of perjury against Mr. C. W. Young. A number of the legal fraternity of the city were present. The first case called was that of a number of boys charged with

DISORDERLY CONDUCT.

Walter Kellar, Robert Bird, Joseph Wells, Wm. Penny, jr., and Edward Green were charged with disorderly conduct on Sunday evening last on the corner of Church and Dundas streets. They were discharged with a warning.

SELLING LIQUOR ON SUNDAY.

Three hotel keepers pleaded guilty to selling liquor on Sunday and were each fined $20 and costs.

PERJURY.

The charge of perjury preferred against Mr. C. W. Young was next taken up.

Mr. S. S. Wallbridge was sworn and said that he was acting for Mr. Jones in the case of Young vs. Jones, which was tried on January 16th last. Mr. Young at that trial swore that he found Jones in the bed-room with his wife.

Miss Emma Young, sworn, said she was a daughter of Mr. C. W. Young. She remembered Mr. Jones being at her father's house. Father was in kitchen and mother was in the sitting room and Mr. Jones was also there. She was out of the room for a short time. This was about 8 o'clock. Mr. Jones was not in the house a great while. She did not see Mr. Jones with her mother in the bed room. She (the witness) was in the sitting room when her father broke open the door.

Cross-examined.—She was playing on the piano when Mr. Jones came. Her mother went to the door and asked him to come into the house, and he immediately came in. He came for the purpose of getting some clothes which belonged to him. His brother George was also with him, he was standing out in the road. She was in the bed room with her mother when she was looking for the clothes belonging to Mr. Jones. They were both coming out of the bed room when her father broke open the door.

Willie Young was called for the defence and being sworn said: He was the son of Mr. C. W. Young. He was living home in December and January last. He knew Frank Jones. He was home on the evening that the door was broken open. His father went to bed about 7.30 Wellington went to bed with his father that night. It was a clear moon light evening. The door leading to the kitchen was usually kept locked. He went to go into the sitting room and found the door locked. He went to his father and told him some one was holding the door. He did not get up then. He then went to his father's bed-room. His father then got up and went to the barn, and he (the witness) was out in the yard. He was outside about three quarters of an hour, and he then went into the house. His father had broken open the door, and he (the witness) saw Frank Jones standing near the bed room door, but could not see his mother. This was about half past nine o'clock. He saw Frank Jones, his mother, and his sister Emma go to Mr. Jones' place, and they came back and stood in front of his father's place. This was about 11 o'clock.

Cross examined.—He called his father twice before he got up and he did not go into the house but went out to the barn to attend to a sick horse He was out there about 20 minutes. He broke open the door after he came in. When he saw Frank Jones he was standing near his mother's bed room, he could not see his mother. After this, Frank Jones, his mother and sister Emma went out and proceeded up towards Jones' place. They came back after an absence of about three quarters of an hour. Emma was out of my sight all the time except when she came out in the kitchen for some things.

After argument by the crown prosecutor Mr. L H. Henderson, Mr. J. W. Diamond contended that sufficient evidence had not been produced to prove the charge of perjury. The magistrate held this view and dismissed the case.

BIGAMY.

Joseph Douglas upon being arraigned, charged with bigamy, pleaded guilty to the charge.

He was also convicted of the charge of larceny, the charge of assault not being pressed against him.

The Magistrate remanded the prisoner until Monday next, when he will be brought up for sentence.

SELLING LIQUOR WITHOUT LICENSE.

Mr. Hugh Collins, of Foxboro, was chared by Inspector Lally, of East Hastings, with selling liquor without license. The case was enlarged for a week, when judgment will be given.

DYSPEPSIA IN ITS WORST FORMS will yield to the use of Carter's Little Nerve Pills, aided by Carter's Little Liver Pills. They not only relieve present distress but strengthen the stomach and digestive apparatus.

—The Fall River weavers return to work at the old rates to-day.

—The Oklahoma lands are to be opened for settlement on April 22nd.

—Voting on the Scott Act repeal will take place in Leeds and Grenville on April 25th.

—Manitoba farmers have this spring bought over $200,000 worth of seeding implements.

—At present there are fully 20,000 families receiving charitable assistance in New York city.

—A disastrous collision is reported on the Taku and Tientsin railway, in China, resulting in many deaths.

—An absolute divorce has been granted to Mrs. Helen G. Bishop against Washington Irving Bishop, the mind reader.

—Dannie Needham defeated Harry Gilmore near Minneapolis on Tuesday night, knocking him out in the 24th round.

—John Lee West, a defaulting clerk from New Orleans, was arrested in Toronto yesterday with $1,432 in his possession.

—There was another advance in Chicago pork yesterday and the highest quotations for some time are reported. May sold at $12 80 and July at $12.90.

SOME SYMPTOMS OF WORMS are:—Fever, colic, variable appetite, restlessness, weakness and convulsions. The unfailing remedy is Dr. Low's Worm Syrup.

—Arrangements for army transportation in the event of war have been completed in Russia. The country is divided into specific districts under the control of officers.

—Gen. Torres, Governor of Lower California, has sent to the papers a statement to the effect that the alleged richness of the Santa Clara district is largely a myth.

—The Rev. Dr. Potts states that he has now the amount of money necessary to start building Victoria College, and operations will be commenced without delay.

NEVER ALLOW the bowels to remain constipated lest serious evil ensue. National Pills are unsurpassed as a remedy for constipation.

Fire at Campbellford.

H. WILLIAMS' PLANING MILLS BURNED.

Loss $1,300—Insurance $700.

(By Telegraph.)

CAMPBELLFORD, Ont., March 28.—This morning about nine o'clock the planing mills belonging to H. Williams were burned. Loss $1,300. Insured in the Mercantile for $700, divided as follows: On building $250; on machinery and tools $400; on material $50. Cause unknown, as no fire had been in the building for weeks.

Gossip of the Schools

The High School pupils are agitating for the "five hour system," viz.: School to open at eight a. m. and close at 1 p. m. The question is being vigorously discussed among the pupils.

Mr. S. A. Gardiner's visit to Toronto has resulted in the adoption of some of the discipline in use in the admirable public schools of that city.

The High School scholars are quite flattered at the words of praise given them by the Committee on Buildings, on the Committee's annual visit to the school some days ago. The Committee told the school that not a wall had been scratched, and not a place in any way defaced during the year, that every room and even the walls of the stairs were as fresh and as clean as when painted last July.

The High School Foot Ball club had the first practice of the season on the Hospital lot Tuesday afternoon. Mr. Crawford was in his glory again, and with his hat off he looked as though he was laying out those "juniors" (!) of Albert College.

Miss Mahaffey, who has taken Miss Creeper's division in the Central School, has captured the youngsters of her division by her methods. Two seven-year olds (boys) were yesterday heard to say, "I tell you she's going to bring us up to manners." "Yes," replied the other, "there hasn't been a boy late since she came. Oh! she's fine, she is."

Mr. Austin, who taught a first book class for a few weeks in the Central School, reports to his intimate friends that he lost two pounds of flesh each week, and that he has had all he wants for some time of "teaching the *youngest* idea how to shoot."

The lady teachers all agree that the requirement of the Board, in their written agreement with the Board, that they must give three months' notice if they wish to resign their position, is worse and gives more prominence to coming events than the almost obsolete practice of "reading the banns" in church. Unless the Board should be merciful, any of them who wants to get married (and which of them does not?) has to let everybody know about it three months before the time, and then the awful uncertainty of some men! They think they ought to have *equal chance with others, and take an offer* "at sight."

Only one chance a year of entering the High School is the fiat that has gone forth from the powers that be—only one examination a year in future—and so the boys and girls in the fourth book classes are now putting in their best endeavors to pass at midsummer, for if they fail then another year will have to be spent regrinding, and that's not congenial work.

If that new school is not built this year for the union of the Grand Trunk and Canifton Road schools, there will be indignation meetings held by men who know how to hold such meetings. The outbuildings of these schools are a disgrace to the city, and the Board of Health ought to interfere.

The April Magazines.

The Gibbs Channing Portrait of Washington by Gilbert Stuart, has been engraved as the frontispiece for this year's centennial issue of *Harper's Magazine*. In further keeping with the spirit and interest of the day, Professor John Bach McMaster opens this April number with a paper on "Washington's Inauguration," a charming compound of history and biography, and Moncure D. Conway, in the course of exploring an old map and many MSS., discovers some reminiscences which will add to our knowledge of the "real" Washington. Bjornstjerne Bjornson contributes his third and last paper on "Norway and its People." Benjamin Constant has prepared 12 drawings of scenes in Tangier and Morocco, and has put into his descriptive article some of what he calls the "light, whiteness, brilliancy" of the East. Andrew H. Smith, M. D., writes upon "The Family Physician;" John R. Coryell, upon birds that are noted for "Flying Under Water;" and Theodore Child, upon "Characteristic Parisian Cafes," illustrated with as characteristic Parisian drawings. Two short stories, the first instalment of a new novel—"A Little Journey in the World"—by Charles Dudley Warner, and the continuation of Constance Fenimore Woolson's "Jupiter Lights" form the fiction of the number. Among the six poems is the translation of a Roumanian Ballad, "Childe Mihu," and a sonnet by William Wordsworth, with drawings by Alfred Parsons. "Gabions of Abbotsford," a hitherto unpublished fragment by Sir. Walter Scott, describes his home and its curiosities. George William Curtis speaks of Washington's Moderation, William Dean Howells encourages several poets, and Charles Dudley Warner dispels a misapprehension about women's dress.

Scribner's has for its leading illustrated article "Climbing Mount St. Elias," by William Williams, who describes the partial ascent, by himself and other members of the Alpine Club, of the highest mountain on this continent. "The Building of an 'Ocean Greyhound,'" by William H. Rideing, describes picturesquely and effectively the marvellous industry of the great Clyde ship yards, where the swiftest trans-Atlantic steamers are made. The illustrations show the "City of New York" and other vessels in various stages of the process of building. The present instalment of Mr. Stevenson's "Master of Ballantrae" contains a great duel scene. John R. Spears writes an exciting and humorous sea story, "A Sailor called the Parson." John E. Curran tells the first part of a story of sentiment, "Jeanne," to be completed in May. The poetry is by A. Lampman, Louise Imogen Guiney, Celia Thaxter, and Elsie Kendall.

Corn Sowing

Is a process conducted by the agency of tight boots all the year around. Corn reaping is best conducted through the agency of Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor, the only safe and sure-pop corn cure. Putnam's Extractor is now widely imitated. Beware of all poisonous and sore producing substitutes.

FOR NETTLE RASH, Summer Heat and general toilet purposes, use Low's Sulphur Soap

—Three of the boys who escaped from Mimico Industrial school were captured at St. Mary's on Tuesday. During the night two of them, Graham and Churchill, escaped from the lock up and are still at large.

AS A PICK-ME-UP after excessive exertion or exposure, Milburn's Beef, Iron and Wine is grateful and comforting.

—M. Geisendorf, son of the Swiss consul at Cannes, has been found murdered near the railroad track at Monte Carlo. His valise, which was lying near by, had been rifled. He had recently won large sums at the gaming tables.

LEARNED LAWYERS' LORE

A FIELD DAY IN THE DISALLOWANCE DEBATE.

Dalton McCarthy Speaks in Favor of Col. O'Brien's Amendment and the Minister of Justice Replies.

OTTAWA, March 27.—This was a field day in the debate on the Jesuits Estates Act. Though the subject is one which necessitates delving into the details of history and the elucidation of legal principles, yet in the hands of two such profound and able lawyers as the member for North Simcoe and the Minister of Justice, the discussion commanded the unflagging attention of the House, as it will excite the interest of the country.

The Minister of Justice was repeatedly applauded, the applause being as liberal from the Opposition as from the Government side of the House.

At the conclusion of his address he was very warmly complimented, amongst the first to tender congratulations being Hon. Edward Blake, who crossed the house for the purpose.

Resuming the debate this afternoon Mr. Dalton McCarthy said that, considering the nature of the motion before the House, it would not have been unreasonable for some member of the Government to state to the House upon what grounds they had allowed the bill, before the discussion had proceeded so far, and he would not have moved the adjournment of the debate had it not appeared that the debate was in danger of terminating for want of speakers. It was due to those who had already condemned the action of the Administration that some defence should have been made from the treasury benches. He did not think the defence made by the member for Lincoln (Rykert) required consideration, but the remarks of the member for Stanstead (Colby) he would deal with at some length.

The question had to be considered in a two-fold aspect: as to its constitutionality in the narrower sense of the term and as to its constitutionality in the wider sense of the term. Whether ultra vires or intra vires of the Provincial Legislature the act should have been disallowed. It would not do to ignore the past or, as Mr. Colby had said, avoid fine-spun legal arguments. The first question which the Minister of Justice had to report upon was whether the act was beyond the power of the province before the next question came up—whether it ought to be disallowed on the ground of public policy. He would give some of the salient features of this extraordinary piece of legislation.

It commenced with a letter from Premier Mercier asking the Pope if he had any serious objection to the Quebec Government selling the property providing the settlement of the Jesuits' estates claims was held in abeyance. You might search the records of any British Parliament in vain without finding a parallel for this humiliating passage. It had not excited surprise, however, in the quarter from which permission is asked, for the answer came graciously granting the permission desired to dispose of property which for more than a century had been recognized as a part of the public domain; but the money was to be retained as a special deposit to be disposed of only with the sanction of the Holy See.

Then negotiations were entered upon with the result that the estates were to be left intact and a money compensation granted. Two millions were asked. But as half this property belonged to the Dominion he supposed that the Government of Canada would yet be asked to give recompense for this half. But to come back to the Quebec bargain—it was only to be valid when ratified by His Holiness the Pope, upon whose act the province is thus made dependent. This act in effect sneaks away from the purposes for which the Jesuits' estates had been appropriated.

He could only be astonished at the indifference which it had excited amongst the minority in the Province of Quebec. The school funds of the province were misappropriated from their original purpose without serious protest from this minority. These estates were originally given to the Jesuit body for their own purposes. It was not an uncommon thing for the Jesuit Fathers to accumulate both lands and goods. Notwithstanding the vow of poverty avarice was commonly charged against them. It was sometimes forgotten in the Province of Quebec that this was a British country and that effect must be given to the laws to which the country became subject at the conquest.

He thought that the Minister of Justice should have made some report upon this measure when he asked the Governor-General to allow it. In answer to the appeal of the Evangelical Alliance the Minister of Justice had termed it a mere fiscal matter. He claimed this designation was an erroneous one. He hoped that His Excellency would yet be pleased to disallow this act, and wipe from the statute book this blot on our legislation

He held that this act was virtually an attempt to establish a state church amongst us—to interfere with the liberty of religion guaranteed to the people of Canada. He had never regretted the secularization of the clergy reserves. The act providing for this had prescribed the free exercise and enjoyment of all reforms of religion not in contravention of the law of the land. This act of the Quebec Legislature granting a sum of money to a particular church renewed the connection between church and state swept away by the Clergy Reserves Act. He thought no man of common sense could say that this grant was not a recognition of connection between church and state. He had heard it said that this grant was made for the purpose of education. But while the $60,000 granted the minority was tied up for purposes of education within the Province of Quebec, the rest of the grant was not so restricted.

It was no argument to say that because a certain piece of legislation was within the power of local legislation it should not be disturbed. The legislatures were not to be allowed to run in different directions. Different provincial legislatures should not be allowed to make grants of money to this or that religious body. If this were allowed they would find the bonds of Confederation in danger. If they were to say the law that has been passed is within the legislative province of the provincial legislature they would soon see that the provinces would get more and more apart. Was it possible to imagine that the establishment of such an order as he had showed it to be was not a matter of concern to the people of Ontario? The same persons who were incorporated did visit the Province of Ontario.

He could not do better than close with the language of Principal Caven. He adopted all that gentleman had said on the question. That gentleman had said that occasions did arise when it was the duty of the Dominion Government to revise provincial legislation and he believed that the Jesuits Estates Act should be revised by the Central Government.

After recess Sir John Thompson spoke. He said that in giving the reasons which justified the Government in assenting to the bill now under discussion he would have to dwell at considerable length upon details already presented. He was in the peculiar position on this occasion that to one great portion of the community nothing that he could say would be satisfactory and to another great portion nothing that he could say would be necessary. He thought it was no discourtesy to the House that no member of the ministry had hitherto risen to speak on the question. He thought that when the debate closed last evening no argument remained unanswered which called for answer from the Treasury benches. All were aware that the many grounds for disallowance would be stated by the member for Muskoka. He (Sir John Thompson) was the minister responsible for the advice upon which the Government had acted and it was only an act of fairness that he should hear the accusations before he made his defence. He did not think that courtesy to the member for Simcoe (Mr. McCarthy) demanded that before hearing his arraignment of the Government he should by making his explanations forfeit his right to answer that arraignment. A powerful reason why this House ought not to advise His Excellency to disallow the act was that Mr. McCarthy, a master of legal argument, addressed the House for three hours without removing the doubt which existed about the question.

He wished to show in what position these estates stood for the purpose, not of defending the Jesuits, but of showing that the Provinces were competent to deal with these questions except in so far as the rights of the Dominion were involved. As a reward for their services to this one of the great colonies of France, the Jesuit order had been endowed with these estates by the King of France and by private donors to be used for the purposes of education in Canada. At the capitulation the conquering power took only what the power conquered had held, but by the law of nations he was powerless to take the property moveable or immoveable of the people of the province. It had been said that by the terms of capitulation the Jesuits were put at the mercy of the conqueror, but he quoted from art. 34 of the terms of capitulation of Montreal, whereby all religious communities were allowed to preserve all their estates. The conquering arms of England were arrayed against the arms of France, but not against private Frenchmen or Frenchwomen.

By the terms of the definitive treaty made at the close of the war His Britannic Majesty agreed to grant the freedom to exercise the rights of the Romish Church so far as the laws of Great Britain permit. We had been told that this last clause introduced the Supremacy Act. Now the very essence of this act is that no person outside of the realm of England shall have or exercise within the Queen's dominions any spiritual authority. Under this there would be for the Province of Quebec no bishop or priest, no sacrament for the dying, and every altar would be cast down. Obviously the treaty meant no such thing but that there should be perfect freedom of religion, subject only to the legislation which might be made from time to time. At that time in England it was treason to exercise the Catholic religion. The obvious meaning of the treaty stipulation was in so far as the laws of Great Britain permit to give the freedom of religion in her colonies.

To show how far passion had swayed some of those who had addressed the House on the question he asked an examination of the Elizabeth act to which reference had been made. There was no such ambiguity in this as in the treaty stipulation, because this completely relieved Quebec from the necessity of abjuring foreign jurisdiction in matters spiritual. Thus they were relieved from the most arduous provision of the Supremacy Act.

We were told that all the common law of England had been introduced into Canada, but this he denied most emphatically. The King of England could not introduce the common law by his proclamation contrary to the terms of the treaty of 1763 and the terms of the Treaty of Paris. In the year 1800 the last Jesuit died, and by the law of England, applicable at that time perhaps, the property in Canada escheated to the Crown. The matter was complicated by the fact that in the meantime the Pope had suppressed the Society of Jesus and it was held that the properties passed to the ordinaries of the diocese. He did not say that this was so—he cited it as one of the points raised—but granting that the property had become escheated to the Crown the Crown was always considerate enough to consider the uses to which it had been intended to put the property which reverted to it. The very brief by which these properties were taken possession of does not assert the right of escheat at all, but the right of conquest, a right repudiated by the law of nations.

There were various claimants to this property in Quebec. There were the bishops, who claimed to have inherited the moral claim of the former holders of the property. The Jesuits set up a counter claim. How was the title to be cleared? Not by compensating first one claimant and then the other; clearly by reference to some person who had authority over both. It happened that the hierarchy of Quebec and the other contesting parties were both members of the same church and as such recognized the authority of the head of their church to settle their dispute, even against their will. By their choice he had a right to say to one or the other: This is a fair settlement between you and as your supreme arbiter I have a right to so settle the dispute between you. It was only by a reference such as this that a solution could be reached involving a payment once and once only.

He would be content to rest the case here were it not that we had been taken back to the legislation of 300 years ago and were asked to apply to this measure the Supremacy Act, and had we not been told that the Dominion was to apply to one of its provinces the coercive legislation which used to exist 300 years ago? In 1765 the law officers of the Crown reported that the Roman Catholic subjects in the colonies were not subject to the same incapacities that the Roman Catholics in Great Britain were.

In dealing with this question of supremacy we should not be more restrictive on the people of this country than the sovereigns of Great Britain had been to themselves. In 1774 the Attorney-General had reported the Quebec clergy entitled to collect tithes. In 1817 the Roman Catholic Bishop of Quebec received a mandamus calling him as such to be one of the Legislative Council of the province. In 1839 Governor Colborne incorporated the Bishop of Quebec and all his successors. In 1838 a Roman Catholic college was incorporated in Prince Edward Island and the law officers of the Crown advised that this was no derogation of the Act of Supremacy, if the act could be held to apply to that province. Since then the provinces of British North America have received free institutions and legislative powers and, except in those matters of imperial concern, we are made self governing. And yet we are told that we are under the restrictive legislation of 300 years ago.

Mr. McNeill followed in favor of disallowance. Hon. David Mills moved the adjournment of the debate and the House adjourned at 11.50.

The [illegible] is becoming very fashionable in England.

REQUISITION!

PUBLIC MEETING.

BELLEVILLE, March 27th, 1889.

To His Worship the Mayor.

WE the undersigned petitioners respectfully request you to call a public meeting for

Friday Evening, 29th Inst.,

at the hour of 8 o'clock in the

CITY HALL,

for the purpose of considering the report of the Committee recommending the granting of aid to and inducing the establishing of manufacturing industries in the City of Belleville.

Geo. D. Dickson,
Allan T. Petrie,
C. F. Smith,
S. S. Lazier,
Jas. Brown,
A. N. Pringle,
A. Robinson,
Jas. Cummins,
Jos. McCormack,
John Fenn,
Thos Ritchie,
W. N. Ponton,
G. S. Tickell,
J. W. Johnson,
L. W. Yeomans,
Jas. Macoun,
Jas. St. Charles,
D. Collins,
John Brenton,
S. B. Smith,
Walter Alford, and others

In compliance with the request of the above citizens I, W. Jeffers Diamond, Mayor of the City of Belleville hereby call a PUBLIC MEETING of the citizens to be held in the City Hall on Friday evening, March 29th inst. at 8 o'clock, for the purpose above set out.

Dated March 27th 1889.

NO MORE TROUBLE.

Tender Feet, or Troublesome Corns, need no longer bother you when you can get a comfortable Boot or Shoe for so reasonable a price at the noted One Price Boot and Shoe establishment of

HAINES & LOCKETT.

☞ Large assortment of TRUNKS and VALISES always in stock.
☞ Branch Houses at Kingston and Trenton.

--MADE TO MEASURE!--

Ladies' Tailor-made Jackets! A fine assortment of Cloths, and made in the finest style of the art, far superior to Imported Jackets and much lower in price.

J W. MINOR, TAILOR.

J. HENNESSY'S
MERCHANT TAILORING HOUSE.

IMPERIAL
CREAM TARTAR
TRADE MARK
BAKING POWDER
PUREST, STRONGEST, BEST,
CONTAINS NO
Alum, Ammonia, Lime, Phosphates,
OR ANY INJURIOUS SUBSTANCE.
E. W. GILLETT, TORONTO, ONT. CHICAGO, ILL.
MANUFACTURER OF
THE CELEBRATED ROYAL YEAST CAKES.

NEW COLLARS

—AT—

--FISH'S.--

ROYAL TOP,
TOP ROYAL,
THE HARRISON,
THURMAN COLLARS

are the newest out. New Neckwear, elegant patterns. See our new Shirts.

A. E. FISH & CO.,
The noted Shirt Makers and Gents' Furnishers, 260 Front St.

CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES

—AT THE—

City Book Store.

New Stock just received, in all the latest styles of leading American and Canadian manufacturers.

Largest assortment in the city to select from. No old goods carried over. All Carriages this year's make.

Prices extremely low.

☞ Study your best interests by examining our stock.

C. B. SCANTLEBURY

TENDERS WANTED!

TENDERS addressed to D B. Robertson, Esq., City Clerk and endorsed "Tenders for Stone," will be received until 6 o'clock p. m.

Thursday, March 28th, inst.,

—FOR—

ONE THOUSAND CORDS OF HARD-HEAD STONE,

broken suitable for streets, delivered in such place or places within the city limits as may be designated by the Public Works department.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

THOMAS HANLEY,
Chairman Public Works Com.

Belleville, March 21, '89 274 1td

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S

English-Fruit-Jams,

Made from fresh ENGLISH FRUITS and REFINED SUGAR only.

RASPBERRY, STRAWBERRY, PLUM, DAMSON, GOOSEBERRY, CHERRY, BLACK CURRANT, RED CURRANT and GREENGAGE,

In pound pots, full weight.

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE,
Grocers and Wine Merchants.
33 & 37 Bridge Street.

Also Front Street, Opp. Ritchie's }

VETERINARY.

T. PURVIS, Veterinary Surgeon, Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College, Toronto, Member of Ontario Vet. Society. Office, rooms formerly occupied by Dr. Douglas, Front St. References—J P W & Son, and Ed. Rooney, Prescott. 263d&wtf

MAPLE SYRUP,
CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S MARMALADE,
CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S PICKLES.
CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S JAMS.
MILD CURED HAMS.
PURE LARD.
GARDEN SEEDS.
FINE BLACK TEA.

A. KNOX.

A Wrong Opinion.

Many a dollar is paid for prescriptions for some disease that never trouble the patient, and when the sole difficulty was worms, which a few of Freeman's Worm Powders would remove. These Powders are pleasant, safe, and sure, contain their own cathartic, and are adapted for children or adults.

WINTER SERVICE.

---ALLAN LINE----

Steamships	Fr Portland	Fr. Halifax
Polynesian	21 Feb	23 Feb.
Sardinian	7 Mar.	9 Mar.
Circassian	21 "	23 "
Parisian	4 April	6 April
Polynesian	18 "	20 "
Sardinian	2 May	4 May

Circassian from Quebec May 10th.

The steamers from Portland via Halifax call at Londonderry on their passage to and from Liverpool, to embark and land mails and passengers.

The steamers from Halifax via St. Johns, Nfd., call at Queenstown on their passages to and from Britain.

Steamers leave Portland on arrival of train leaving Belleville Wednesday noon, and Halifax on arrival of train leaving Belleville Thursday noon.

Passengers proceeding by steamers calling at St. Johns, Nfd., will leave Belleville on Friday noon train.

RATES OF OCEAN PASSAGE:

Cabin, $50.00, $65.00 and $75.00 according to accommodation. Intermediate, $30.00. Steerage, $20.00. Return Tickets, Cabin, $100, $125.00, $150.00. Intermediate, $60.00. Steerage $40.00.

Steerage passengers are booked to and from Queenstown, Derry, Belfast, London and Glasgow at same rates as Liverpool.

Intermediate passengers are forwarded to and from Glasgow and Liverpool by rail without extra charge.

CABIN PASSENGERS

are supplied with a very liberal table, and everything necessary except wines and liquors, which can be had on board at moderate prices.

Each passenger is allowed twenty cubic feet of baggage free.

THE INTERMEDIATE.

Superior accommodation is offered in the INTERMEDIATE, which in every respect is equal to what is called Second Cabin in some lines sailing from New York.

The Intermediate Cabins on all our ships are well situated, perfectly ventilated and are entirely distinct from the Steerage. Steward and Stewardesses to each vessel. Passengers in the Intermediate are found with everything.

THE STEERAGES

are large and exceedingly well lighted and ventilated, are fitted up in rooms, each passenger having a separate sleeping berth. A Stewardess is appointed to each steamer.

For tickets and all information apply to

U. E. THOMPSON,
General Ticket Agent,
Bridge St. Belleville.

THE KEY TO HEALTH.

BURDOCK BLOOD
BITTERS

Unlocks all the clogged avenues of the Bowels, Kidneys and Liver, carrying off gradually without weakening the system, all the impurities and foul humors of the secretions; at the same time **Correcting Acidity** of the Stomach, curing Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Headaches, Dizziness, Heartburn, Constipation, Dryness of the Skin, Dropsy, Dimness of Vision, Jaundice, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Scrofula, Fluttering of the Heart, Nervousness and General Debility; all these and many other similar Complaints yield to the happy influence of BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS.

Sample Bottles 10c ; Regular size $1.

For sale by all dealers.

T. MILBURN & CO., Proprietors, Toronto

Manufacturers Life & Accident
INSURANCE COMPANIES.

Combined authorized capital	$3,000,000
Combined subscribed capital	739,700
Combined cash capital	150,760
Combined insurance received (1888)	9,575,525

President—Sir John A. Macdonald.
Vice-Presidents { Geo. Gooderham, Esq., William Bell, Esq.
Secretary and Treasurer—J. L. Kerr, Esq.
Managers for Eastern Ontario, Peterboro—Wilson & Morrison.

R. CROFT HULME
Agent, Belleville.

Agents wanted.

This Company wrote the largest amount of new business of any company in Canada in 1888. It has the largest capital and the strongest Board of Directors of any company in the Dominion.

ARMBRECHT'S

TONIC COCA WINE

COCA WINE
COCA

FOR
FATIGUE
OF MIND AND BODY
AND SLEEPLESSNESS.

"Experience and scientific analysis reveal to us in Coca the most tonic plant in the Vegetable Kingdom."—*Manuel Fuentes.*

"It (Coca) is, in a word, the most powerful restorer of the vital forces."—*Dr Schwalk.*

ARMBRECHT'S COCA WINE, though more tonic in its properties than Iron or Quinine,

NEVER CONSTIPATES.

See Medical Reviews. For sale by leading druggists throughout the world.

ARMBRECHT, NELSON & CO.
2 Duke St., Grosvenor Sq.,
LONDON.

Pond-Lily-Cream.

A delightful Toilet article. Not a face paint or powder; does not cover over but cures. Used in connection with Pond Lily Liver Pellets and Pond Lily Soap most effectually and positively removes Pimples, Freckles, Tan, Black Specks, Blotches, allays all irritation after shaving, or any itchiness of the skin from whatever cause and all roughness from the face, hands, neck and arms, leaving them beautifully white and velvety. Sold by wholesale dealers and druggists everywhere. Pond Lily Cream, 25 cents; Pond Lily Liver Pellets, 25 cents; Pond Lily Skin Soap, 15 cents. S. PERRIN, Chemist, Manufacturer and Proprietor for Canada.

PILES! PILES! PILES!

Dr. William's Indian Pile Ointment is a sure cure for Blind, Bleeding or Itching Piles. No one need suffer. Prepared for Piles only. It never fails to cure. Sold by druggists for $1.00, or mailed on receipt of price. WILLIAMS MF'G CO., Cleveland, Ohio.

Important to Workingmen.

Artizans, mechanics and laboring men are liable to sudden accidents and injuries, as well as painful cords, stiff joints and lameness. To all thus troubled we would recommend Hagyard's Yellow Oil, the handy and reliable pain cure for outward or internal use.

Give Them a Chance?

That is to say, your lungs. Also all your breathing machinery. Very wonderful machinery it is. Not only the larger air-passages, but the thousands of little tubes and cavities leading from them.

When these are clogged and choked with matter which ought not to be there, your lungs cannot half do their work. And what they do they cannot do well.

Call it cold, cough, croup, pneumonia, catarrh, consumption or any of the family of throat and nose and lung obstructions, all are bad. All ought to be got rid of. There is just one sure way to get rid of them. That is to take Boschee's German Syrup, which any druggist will sell you at 75 cents a bottle. Even if everything else has failed you, you may depend upon this for certain.

A Feeble Failure.

Many persons become feeble and fail in health and disease of the blood, liver, kidneys and stomach when prompt use of Burdock Blood Bitters, the grand purifying and regulating tonic, would quickly regulate every bodily function and restore to perfect health.

FEVER AND AGUE AND BILIOUS DERANGEMENTS are positively cured by the use of Parmelee's Pills. They not only cleanse the stomach and bowels from all bilious matter, but they open the excretory vessels, causing them to pour copious effusions from the blood into the bowels, after which the corrupted mass is thrown out by the natural passage of the body. They are used as a general family medicine with the best results.

To lessen mortality and stop the inroads of disease, use Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and Dyspeptic Cure. For all diseases arising from Impure Blood, such as Pimples, Blotches, Biliousness, Indigestion, etc., etc., it has no equal. Mrs. Thomas Smith, Elm, writes: "I am using this medicine for Dyspepsia; I have tried many remedies, but this is the only one that has done me any good."

Nothing so suddenly obstructs the perspiration as sudden transitions from heat to cold. Heat rarifies the blood, quickens the circulation and increases the perspiration, but when these are suddenly checked the consequences must be bad. The most common cause of disease is obstructed perspiration, or what commonly goes by the name of catching cold. Coughs, colds, sore throat, etc, if attended to in time are easily subdued, but allowed to run their own course, generally prove [illegible] ore-runner of more dangerous diseases. Nine-tenths of the consumptives date their affliction from a neglected cold, and the diseases that are caused by wet feet, damp clothes, or exposure are more numerous than are generally supposed. One of the most efficacious medicines for all diseases of the throat and lungs is Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup. It promotes a free and easy expectoration, which frees the lungs from viscid phlegm by changing the secretions from a diseased to a healthy stat

Rest and Comfort to the Suffering.

"Brown's Household Panacea" has no equal for relieving pain, both internal and external. It cures Pain in the Side, Back or Bowels, Sore Throat, Rheumatism, Toothache, Lumbago and any kind of a Pain or Ache. "It will most surely quicken the Blood and Heal, as its acting power is wonderful." "Brown's Household Panacea," being acknowledged as the great Pain Reliever, and of double the strength of any other Elixir or Liniment in the world, should be in every family handy for use when wanted, "as it really is the best remedy in the world for Cramps in the Stomach, and Pains and Aches of all kinds," and is for sale by all Druggists at 25 cts a bottle.

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, *Station D, New York City.*

DUNN'S BAKING POWDER
THE COOK'S BEST FRIEND

EXHAUSTED VITALITY.

THE SCIENCE OF LIFE, the great Medical Work of the age on Manhood, Nervous and Physical Debility, Premature Decline, Errors of Youth, and the untold miseries consequent thereon, 360 pages 8 vo., 125 prescriptions for all diseases. Cloth, full gilt, only $1, by mail, sealed. Illustrative sample free to all young and middle aged men. Send now. The Gold and Jewelled Medal awarded to the author by the National Medical Association. Address P. O. Box 1895, Boston, Mass., or Dr. W. H. PARKER, graduate of Harvard Medical College, 25 years' practice in Boston, who may be consulted confidentially. Specialty, Diseases of Men. Office, No. 4, Bulfinch Street.

NERVOUS DEBILITY.

NERVOUS DEBILITY, EXHAUSTING, Vital Drains (caused by early indiscretions), effectually cured. Syphilitic affections and all bad blood and skin diseases arising there from thoroughly eradicated. Varicocele cured without operation. Impotence, or premature decline of the manly powers, and all diseases of the genito-urinary organs a specialty. It makes no difference who has failed to cure you. Skill and experience important. A friendly letter or call may save you a great deal of misery and add years to your life. Consultation FREE. Medicines sent to any address. DR. REEVE, 337 Jarvis St., Toronto. 59d&wly

RUPTURE

The last 25 years I have adjusted more Trusses than any man in America. Valuable Patents, my own invention, in Trusses, Spinal and Club Feet Instruments. **Rupture**—I will guarantee to hold largest Rupture without touching your hip, no straps whatsoever, waterproof. Largest stock of general Trusses, also the great Cluthe Spiral Trusses in stock. Reliable system for ORDERING BY MAIL. **Spinal Instruments** half the weight of other makes and more effective. **CLUB FEET** I claim the only mechanical system to straighten born Club Feet (Patented.) I will prove to anybody that operation never did nor can straighten Club Feet. Send 6 cent stamps for Book. **CHAS. CLUTHE,** 118 King St. W., Toronto.

CHAS CLUTHE,

of 118 King St. West, Toronto, Ontario, will be at the QUEEN'S HOTEL, BELLEVILLE, Saturday, JUNE 1st. Call early and avoid disappointment. NO FAILURE. Will hold the most OBSTINATE cases of RUPTURE WITH EASE AND COMFORT.

----NEW----

Sugar Cured Hams, Breakfast Bacon, Finnan Haddies, Boneless Codfish, New Walnuts, New Filberts, S. S. Almonds, Loose Muscatel Raisins, Black Basket Raisins, London Layer Raisins, Buckwheat Flour, Selfraising Buckwheat Flour, Roll Butter, Fresh Eggs

AT A WALLACE'S.

Daily Intelligencer.

RIGHTED AT LAST.

A STORY OF NEW ENGLAND LIFE.

> A child of our grandmother Eve, a female;
> Or, for thy more sweet understanding, a woman.
> *Love's Labor Lost.*

He dropped my hand, and again commenced his walk.

'Doctor,' I said, seeing him not inclined to speak, 'in case your fears are realized, will you have the goodness to look after me to—the end? I have sufficient means in Miss Annesley's hands to repay you.'

He came to me again. He was a tall man, with gray hair and whiskers, reminding me of Mr. Cavendish, and said, earnestly:

'That I will, if I have to nurse you myself! But you must promise me to put yourself under my care from this moment, and implicitly obey my directions as to diet and exercise.'

I promised, and we went within, where I wrote a few lines with a pencil, briefly stating my reasons for not returning, or such as I might state, for I could not speak of my desire to be near old Alice; then the doctor departed, leaving me to my task.

It was well for me that I knew nothing of the disease. To me, it was like any other fever, to be avoided if possible; if not, to be met with a brave face and trust in God; therefore, I could not share the doctor's apprehensions. Besides I was young and strong, with a nervous system in perfect health, and, to such, death always seems anomaly—an accident, rather than an inevitable fate. But I had little time to think of myself—my patients claimed all my time, and it was near sunset before I could go out for a breath of fresh air, as I had promised the doctor. I wandered over the hill, and sat down on a rock, to watch the sun set, but was soon roused by the measured tread of a horse's feet upon the other side of the hill. It is Mr. Annesley.' I said and hurried back in time to meet him just as he sprung from the saddle, beneath the poplars.

'Well met, Miss Ray!' he said. 'So the lad's talk was true; you have not joined your own folk, 'the good people o' the greenwood,' but are caring for my old friend Alice Ross, like a veritable sister of mercy as you are. I thought to meet you on the road. I hope her illness is not serious, that you stay so late?'

He spoke pleasantly, almost gayly, and I thought I had never seen his face wear such a bright, genial look before.

'She is very ill,' I replied, purposely leaning upon the little gate that gave entrance to the yard, 'and I sent Miss Annesley a note by Dr. Clark, to say that I should not return to-night. I hope it would reach her before this.'

'I don't think it had; she only spoke of your message brought by the boy. I am sorry to hear bad news about Alice Ross,' he added with a look of concern. 'She is a very old friend, and it's kind of you to stay by her. I wanted to speak with her very much, but, if she is so ill, I'll only look in upon her, and postpone my talk to another time.'

I made no reply, but was trying to devise some excuse to prevent him from entering the house, as I felt he would, if he knew of the danger.

Noting my silence, he said, with a significant smile; 'Do you bear malice, Miss Ray, for my impudence this morning, that you thus keep me waiting for admittance. It is growing late, and Don and I may chance to find ourselves at the bottom of one of these gullies, unless we wait for the moon.'

'You cannot see Alice to-night, Mr. Annesley; indeed, you must not enter the house at all,' I said, hastily, for his hand is already on the gate.

'Must not! What is to prevent me?' he replied, impatiently. 'Let me pass, Miss Ray?'

'No; Alice and the little boy are dying of ship fever, and she will not recognize you. You must not peril your life, and the lives of others, unnecessarily.'

'Ship fever!—and you here! My God! were you mad, girl, that you must come here?'

His voice was deep, almost stern, and I spoke at once to the point where I thought, as I supposed, tended.

'I was not coming back to Highcliff, sir. I would not bring danger there for the world. I explained to Miss Annesley in my note. Indeed, sir—' But, stung by the misapprehensions which his words implied, I found it impossible to go on. He did not seem to heed my silence, but broke in eagerly:

'Worse and worse. It's not that, but that you should be here at all! Not going back to Highcliff? You will go, and with me, to-night.'

He put out his hand to remove me from the gate.

'No, sir: I shall not return,' I said, without heeding the movement. 'I came here in ignorance, but, had I known the the nature of the disease, I hope I should have had the courage to come; otherwise, these people must suffer from lack of care. I shall take every precaution against infection, for life is all I possess, and I am not ready to give it up yet; but at the worst, there is no one to whom my death would bring more than a passing regret. With you, sir, it is different. You must not go in. You can do Alice no possible good, only expose your own valuable life to danger.'

'My valuable life! Much you know of it. Who taught you to estimate lives? Am I to understand that you will not go home with me?'

'Yes, sir.'

'Then, stand aside.' But he gave me no time to deliberate, for, with one hand he put me gently aside, and, passing through, strode into the house.

He hung long over the bed of old Alice, who was in one of the fits of stupor that usually followed her raving delirium. He did not speak, but his face grew very sad, as he laid his hand on her forehead, and turned away. He walked to the bedside of the boy, looked at him a moment; then, with a kind word to Mrs. Joyce, asked me to walk with him to the gate.

'You are right,' he said, as we went slowly down the yard, 'Alice Ross is dying; I am too late. You have been with her all day, Miss Ray; has she had her reason at all?'

'No, sir. She has been delirious, or stupid, as you see her now.'

'What does she talk about in her delirium? Does she mention the Cavendish family, with whom she lived so many years?'

'Yes.'

'I wish, then—but you will have enough to do, and, after all, she could tell me only what I know already. Now, what is needed for your comfort and theirs? They must want many things.'

'I presume so, for Mrs. Joyce has but recently recovered from a long illness, and there are no prophets in these days to fill the widow's purse.'

'No, but money is still potent, and I will see that they want for nothing.'

We were at the gate; he lingered, looked at me seriously a moment, pityingly, as I thought, before he added:

'Miss Ray, I do not often ask favors, but I beg you to return to Highcliff, and let me get one or a half dozen nurses from the city to care for these people. I will go down or them to-night.'

I shook my head. 'You forget, sir. I have the safety of others to consult.'

He turned abruptly away, I feared in anger, but, immediately retracing his steps, took my hand, and said, in a tone that made my heart glow:

'God bless you! You are a brave little girl.'

The next moment he had sprung upon his horse, and was urging him down the hill at his usual break-neck pace.

(*To be continued*).

Try to Benefit Others.

"I had a very bad pain in my side, of which one bottle of Hagyard's Yellow Oil made a complete cure. I hope that this may be of some benefit to those who read it." A. R. T. Walker, 44½ High St. City. Hagyard's Yellow Oil is a specific for all inflammatory pain.

The Loss of the Hair

Is a great misfortune and the sight of a bald head should be a warning to you to take the best possible care of your hair. A little of Dr. Dorenwend's "Hair Magic" used occasionally will prevent all chances of its falling out or turning gray, and will remove all traces of dandruff. Every druggist has it in stock. Ask for it.

A Life of Ease.

Miss Lizzie Ratcliff, writing from Falkirk, Ont., says: "I had such a cough I could not sleep and was fast going into consumption; I tried everything I could hear of without relief, but when I got Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam I soon got ease. It is the best medicine I ever tried." Lizzie Ratcliff, Falkirk, Ont.

TORONTO, March 15, 1889.

Messrs. The Lansdowne Piano Mfg. Co.,
86 York St., Toronto:

GENTLEMEN,—It affords me much pleasure to testify to the excellent qualities of your Pianos. Before I purchased a piano from you several years ago, I carefully examined many instruments by different makers in order to secure the best. I am glad to assure you that I have not been disappointed in my selection.

Your Pianos will favorably compare with any STEINWAY or CHICKERING I have yet seen, and I have no hesitation in saying that they surpass all other Canadian Pianos in breadth and richness of tone, lightness of touch, beauty of style, and especially in the bell-like quality of the treble notes.

Concluding, I wish to congratulate you upon the great success and the results you have obtained, and I am sure your Pianos will always sustain the wide reputation they have hitherto enjoyed. I remain,

Respectfully yours,
THEODORE H. A. MARTENS,
Graduate of the Leipzig University of Music.

T. DONNELLY,
Agent, Belleville

FARMS FOR SALE.

THE undersigned is instructed to sell on EASY TERMS the following FARMS, situated in the County of Hastings:

TOWNSHIP OF TUDOR.

Lots Nos. 27 and 28, South-west side of Hastings Road, 100 acres.

LIMERICK.

Lots Nos. 53 and 54, 2nd con., east Hastings Road, 100 acres.

MONTEAGLE.

Lot No. 30, 16th con., 101 acres.

WICKLOW.

Lot No. 29, 1st con., 101 acres.

CARLOW.

Lots Nos. 24 and 25, 7th con., 200 acres. Lots Nos 24 and 25, 8th con., 200 acres. Lot No 28, 8th con., 100 acres. Lots Nos. 24 and 25, 15th con., 199 acres.

Titles are perfect. Apply to

JAMES BOOTH,
Real Estate Agent, Belleville.
Office corner Pinnacle and Bridge Sts., up stairs.
Feb. 28, '89. d30tw3m

REFINED CAMPHOR

Fresh from the Manufacturers, just received by

L. W. YEOMANS & CO.

Luxuriant Growths of Hair

are seen on the heads of all who use

DR. DORENWEND'S

Great German Hair Magic.

The equal of this great preparation is yet to be found. It is an unfailing restorer for Gray Hair. It stops and prevents all falling out of the hair. It removes all Dandruff and keeps the scalp clean. On Bald Heads (if there are but the faintest traces of roots) the "Magic" will produce a fine growth. Will you try it? or will you let your hair go and become prematurely old? What do you say?

All druggists, everywhere, have it for sale. Ask for it. Do not let the druggist tell you he has "something just as good." Many have dead stock of other hair tonics on hand and try to shove them off in this way.

See that each bottle bears seal and signature of

A. DORENWEND,
Sole Manufacturer,
Paris Hair Works, 103 & 105 Yonge St.,
Toronto, Ontario.

Bangs, Frontpieces, Waves, Wigs, Switches, Gents' Wigs, Toupees and Hair Goods of all kinds are supplied by A. Dorenwend. Send to above address for circulars and prices.

$4.00 PER MONTH will rent a comfortable house in a good situation.

$7.00 PER MONTH will rent a good brick house.

$10.00 PER MONTH will rent a large brick house with a good stable, and within two minutes' walk of Front Street.

FOR SALE.—A comfortable residence, with a good garden, and a quiet street.
For further particulars apply to

J. L. BIGGAR.

BELLEVILLE POST OFFICE.

MAILS	Close	Due for Delivery.
East per G. T. R., including Maritime Provinces, and Picton	11:45 a. m. 10:00 p. m.	6:00 p. m 7:30 a. m.
West per G. T. R., including Western States, Manitoba and the North-West Territories	5.05 p.m. 10.00 p.m.	1:00 p. m. 7:30 a. m.
East and West, per G. T. R., closes on Sunday at 10 p. m.		
Marysville, Shannonville, per G. T. R.	11:45 a. m.	6:00 p. m
Belleville Station, postage one cent	7.30 a. m. 5.05 p. m.	8.30 a. m. 6.00 p. m.
G'd Junction Ry., main line, including Peterboro', Stirling,	10:00 p. m	5:00 p. m.
Madoc, per Grand Junction Ry, including Queensboro, Cooper, Rimington, Bridgewater, and the Flats	11:45 a. m.	5:00 p. m.
Madoc Route, per stage	1:00 p. m.	12:00 noon.
Bancroft, Coe Hill, Marmora and all offices in North Hastings per Trenton and Coe Hill Railway	5 05 p. m. 10:00 p. m.	:30 a. m.
Bridgewater Route per stage, including Stoco daily	1:00 p. m.	12:00 noon.
Moira, Phillipston, Bogart, on Monday, Wednesday and Friday	1:00 p. m.	12:00 noon.
Fuller, on Tuesday and Friday	1:00 p. m.	12:00 noon.
Wallbridge, on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
Ameliasburg Route, per stage, including Mountain View and Crofton	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
Albury on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
Sidney Crossing, Wednesday and Saturday	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
Bay Side, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
British Mails, via New York, Monday and Thursday	11:45 a. m	
" " via Halifax, Canadian line Thursday	11:45 a. m.	

Postage, 5c. per ½ oz. by each route. Registration fee, 5c.

Money Orders granted on all Money Order offices in Canada, the United Kidgdom, France and Algeria, the United States, Newfoundland, Jamaica, Victoria (Australia), New South South Wales, Queensland, New Zealand Tasinania, Constantinople (Turkey), Gibraltar, Smyrna, Panama (British agency), Austria, Hungary, Belgium, China (See Hong-Kong), Denmark, including Iceland and the Faroe Islands, Danish West Indies, Dutch, East Indies, Egypt, Germam empire (which includes 26 States), Holland, (Netherlands), Italy, Japan, Norway, Portugal, including Madiera and the Azores, Romania, Sweden, Switzerland, British India, including Aden, Bagdad, Bandor, Abas, Bushire, Busrah, Guadur, Jask, Linga, Muscat and Zanzibar, Ceylon, Hong Kong, including Amoy, Canton, Foo Chow, Han Kow Hoi-how, Ningpo Shanghai and Swatow, North Borneo, Strait Settlements, Bermuda, Falkland Islands, South and West Africa, [illegible] Cape Colony, Gambia, Gold Coast, Lagos, Mauritius Natal, St. Helena, Seychelles Islands, Sierra, Leone, West Indies including Antignu, Bahams, Barbadoes, British Guiana, Dominica, Grenada, Honduras, (British), Montserrat, Nevis, St. Kitts, St. Lucia, St. Vincent, [illegible], Trinidad, Turk's Islands, South Australia, Western Australia, Azores Islands, Madera Islands.

Deposits received, under the regulations of the Post Office Savings' Bank, between the hours of 9 a. m. and [illegible] p. m.

Registered Letters must be posted 15 minutes before the close of each mail.

Street letter boxes emptied at 10 a. m. and 8 p. m.

Office hours, 7:30 a. m. to 6:30 p. m., Sundays excepted.

FOREIGN POSTAGE.

Canada having been admitted into the Postal Union, there is a re-arrangement of Postage rates, as follows:—

For Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Iceland, Egypt, France, Algeria, Germany, Gibraltar, Great Britain and Ireland, Greece, Italy, Luxembourg, Malta, Montenegro, Netherlands, Norway, Persia, Portugal, Azores, Roumania, Russia, St. Pierre, Servia, Spain, the Canary Islands, Sweden, Switzerland and Turkey. And via United States:—Bermuda, Bahamas, Cuba, Danish Colonies of St. Thomas, St. John, St. Croix, Jamaica, Japan and Porto Rico (Newfoundland is now in the Postal Union, but rates remain as before.) Letters, 5 cents per ½ oz. Postal cards, 2 cents each. Newspapers, 2 cents for 4 oz. Registration fee, 5 cents.

For Aden, Argentine Confederation, Brazil, British Guinea, Ceylon, Greenland, French Colonies in Asia, Africa, Oceanica and America, except St. Pierre and Miquelon, Persia, Persian Gulf, Portuguese Colonies in Asia, Africa and Oceanica, Trinidad, Spanish Colonies Africa, Oceanica and America, except Cuba and Porto Rico, Straits settlements in Singapor Penany and Malacca:—Letters, 10 cents per ½ oz. Post cards, 4 cents each. Newspapers, cents for 4 oz. Books, &c., 4 cents for 4 oz. Other Registration fees, 10 cents.

West India Islands, via Halifax, same rate as formerly. Prepayment by stamp in all cases.

J. H. MEACHAM
Postmaster

--50 MORE--

NEW HANGING LAMPS put in. Prices very much below anything we ever had.

W. J. REID & CO.

FANS

Suitable for WEDDINGS and BALLS. A splendid assortment at

J. C. OVERELL'S
FANCY EMPORIUM, BELLEVILLE.

California Evaporated Fruits!

NECTARINES, APRICOTS, PRUNELLES, PLUMS,	PEACHES, CHERRIES, CRYSTALIZED FIGS.

CONGER BROS.

Sun Life Assurance Company
OF CANADA.

I have great pleasure in announcing to the Policy-holders and friends of the Company that the Applications for New Life Assurances received during the year 1888 were $3,396,483.00, Life, and $2,820,900,00, Accident, or a total of $6,217,383.56. The total income was $525,273 and the total disbursements $288,859, thus giving a surplus of $236,414. The total assets of the company are $1,974,316, and there is a cash surplus to policy-holders of $172,537—an exceedingly satisfactory showing.

S. PARLIAMENT, Special Agent.

W. T. MCINTYRE,
General Agent, Belleville.

BURDOCK PILLS
SUGAR COATED.

A SURE CURE FOR BILIOUSNESS, CONSTIPATION, INDIGESTION, DIZZINESS, SICK HEADACHE, AND DISEASES OF THE STOMACH, LIVER AND BOWELS. THEY ARE MILD, THOROUGH AND PROMPT IN ACTION, AND FORM A VALUABLE AID TO BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS IN THE TREATMENT AND CURE OF CHRONIC AND OBSTINATE DISEASES.

NEW Wall Paper!

—AT—

--S. A. LAZIER'S--
ROBERTSON'S BLOCK

October 16th

Try FROSTILLA.

It softens the roughest skin and keeps it in good condition.

It contains nothing greasy or sticky, is nicely perfumed, a lady's toilet not complete without it.

An elegant face dressing for gentlemen after shaving.

For sale at the PHARMACY.

D. M. WATERS,

Economy, Equity, Stability.

Ontario Mutual Life Assurance Co.

(ESTABLISHED 1870.)

DOMINION DEPOSIT - $100,000.

Assurances in force, Jan. 1st, 1889	$12,041,914
New Assurances written in 1888	2,518,650
Cash Income for 1888	393,074
Assets, Dec. 31st, 1888	1,313,853
Liabilities, as per Gov't Valuation	1,223,516

SURPLUS, - - $90,337.00.

The New Business for January and February of this year is MUCH GREATER than was ever before written by the Company during the same months, while, with over $12,000,000 on our books, the death losses have been very moderate.

S. BURROWS,
General Agent Ontario Mutual Life Co'y.

S. ROUGHTON, } Special Agents.
W. E. HOLTON, }

Office, Front Street, next door to Dominion Bank, Belleville.

NEW LINES
—IN—
CAKES and PASTRY.

Angel Cake, Coffee Cake, Queen Victoria, Adelaide, and a great many other varieties.

Florida Oranges, Almeria Grapes and New Figs, just received at

DICKENS.

P. S.—We would respectfully ask all retailers to drop in and see us and the large line of Candies we are offering at wholesale.

DICKENS & SON,

CALIFORNIA EVAPORATED FRUITS

NECTARINES,
APRICOTS,
PEACHES,
PLUMS.

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE
Grocers & Wine Merchants,
33 & 37 Bridge Street.
Also Front St., opp. Ritchie's

FOR MEN ONLY!

A POSITIVE CURE For LOST or FAILING MANHOOD; General and NERVOUS DEBILITY; Weakness of Body and Mind; Effects of Errors or Excesses in Old or Young. Robust, Noble MANHOOD fully Restored. How to Enlarge and Strengthen WEAK, UNDEVELOPED ORGANS & PARTS of BODY. Absolutely unfailing HOME TREATMENT—Benefits in a day. Men testify from 47 States, Territories, and Foreign Countries. You can write them. Book, full explanation, and proofs mailed (sealed) free. Address ERIE MEDICAL CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

BEFORE BUYING STOVES

Be sure to see our stock. We have in Coal Stoves the

Imperial Jewel,
Fancy Countess,
Art Favorite,
Fire King and others.

Also a great variety of RANGES and COOK STOVES, which we are selling at right prices.

C. F. SMITH & CO.
388, FRONT STREET.

S. W. BRADSHAW

Wishes to inform the citizens of Belleville that he has BOUGHT OUT THE

GROCERY

(lately occupied by Mr. Arch. Wallace,)

CORNER OF HOTEL AND ANN STREETS,

where he intends to keep a full supply of the best of Groceries always fresh, and his stock of Provisions, such as Meats and Vegetables, will be especially fresh and in great variety and delivered with despatch. All orders by telephone No. 53) will be promptly delivered to any part of the city.

N. B.—Please remember Telephone No. 53.

HASTINGS LOAN AND INVESTMENT SOCIETY
BELLEVILLE, ONT.

CAPITAL $250,000

MONEY TO LOAN on Farm or City property, at lowest current rates.

Payments can be made to fall due at any season of the year to suit borrowers. No delay in obtaining the money beyond the time necessarily employed in the investigation of titles.

MORTGAGES PURCHASED.

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT.

FOUR PER CENT interest allowed on Deposits. No notice required of withdrawal.

OFFICE—Robertson's Block, east side of Front Street.

Straight loans at 7 per cent. No fines. No commissions.

J. P. C. PHILLIPS,
21&wly Manage

J. H. MILLS,
--Merchant . . Tailor,--
OPPOSITE GEO. RITCHIE & CO'S

THE MAGOG TEXTILE & PRINT CO.

Will offer for Spring Trade the LARGEST, CHEAPEST and MOST VARIED range of Prints ever shown, including

SPRING NOVELTIES
—OF—
LATEST PARIS DESIGNS!

Merchants will do well to see their samples before buying elsewhere. Early advice will be given when Travellers will call.

St Peter Street, - Montreal.

PARMELEE'S Asphaltic ROOF PAINT.

It will entirely stop the rusting of tin and iron roofs.

It will entirely stop the wearing away and decay of the exposed wood of shingle roofs.

It has been accepted by the City, the County, and the chief Real Estate Owners of the City.

I will be glad to give estimates of cost at any time and anywhere.

H. S. PARMELEE,
Belleville.

432,000 FIRE CRACKERS
—AT THE—
—CITY BAKERY—
Wholesale and Retail.

JAS. WALLACE.

PENNYROYAL WAFERS.

Prescription of a physician who has had a life long experience in treating female diseases. Is used monthly with perfect success by over 10,000 ladies. Pleasant, safe, effectual. Ladies ask your druggist for Pennyroyal Wafers and take no substitute, or inclose postage for sealed particulars. Sold by all druggists, $1 per box. Address THE EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., DETROIT, MICH.

FOR SALE BY D. M. WATERS.

INTELLIGENCER PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY LIMITED.

J. C. JAMIESON, President. | J. W. LONDON, Secretary

THE Treasurer is the only person authorised to receive moneys for the Company, or to grant receipts for the same.

All Bills, Notes, Cheques, and other documents binding on the Company, will require the signature of the President, in addition to that of the Treasurer.

THE INTELLIGENCER is printed and published for the INTELLIGENCER Printing and Publishing Company (Limited) by JAMES C. JAMIESON, resident in Belleville, at their Office, Front St., south of Hotel St.

THE RATHBUN COMPANY,

Having transferred me to their Brockville branch, I beg to thank my friends and customers for the liberal patronage and kindness extended to me during my residence in Belleville, and will also bespeak the same treatment to Mr. R. C. Calhoun, my successor.

P. J. SHANNON.

The Daily Intelligencer.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL. 22. BELLEVILLE ONTARIO, FRIDAY MARCH 29, 1889. NO. 281

THE RATHBUN CO.

Having appointed me Agent for their Belleville branch, I take this opportunity of soliciting a continuance of the patronage which they have hitherto enjoyed through the popular management of Mr. Shannon. It will be my desire and aim to maintain and add to this patronage, which fair dealing and a thorough knowledge of the requirements of the trade leads me to hope for.—R. C. CALHOUN.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

G. DENMARK,

BARRISTER, Solicitor, etc. Office, Front Street.

W. B. NORTHRUP, M. A.,

BARRISTER, Solicitor, &c. Offices: North Bridge St., between Front St. and Lower Bridge.

Money to loan—private and company funds.

J. C. CONNELL, M. A., M. D., C.M.

DISEASES of the Eye, Ear, Throat and Nose. Surgeon to Kingston General Hospital. Office—No. 279, King Street, Kingston. Dr. Connell will be at the Queen's Hotel, Belleville, on the first Tuesday of each month Sept. 5 d&wly

E. GUSS PORTER,

BARRISTER, Solicitor, Notary Public, &c. office in the Robertson Block, east side of Front Street.

☞Private Money to Loan. 371d&wl,

DR. ELIZABETH EMBURY,

GRADUATE of Queen's University, Licentiate of the College of Physicians and Surgeons, Ontario.

Office and residence—Harrison's Block, Front Street, across the hall from rooms formerly occupied by Dr. Farley, over Holland's jewellery store. Diseases of women and children a specialty. d&wtf

HENRY CARRE, C. E., M. C. Soc. C. E.,

DOM. and Prov'l Land Surveyor, late of the firm of Macleod & Carre, P. L. S. References: John Bell, Esq., Solicitor G. T. R., W. H. Ponton, Esq., Registrar of the County. Office—McAnnany Block, opposite Skinner & Redick's. Belleville, Ont., P. O. Box 203. 20d&w

J. F. WILLS,

BARRISTER, Solicitor, Notary Public, &c. Office, corner Front and Campbell Streets, Belleville, Ont. Money to loan, Company and private funds. 24d&w

J WALTER ROSS, M. D., C. M.

GRADUATE of the University of Trinity College, Toronto. Physician, surgeon, accoucheur. Office and residence West Front Street, one door north of entrance to Foot Bridge. d&wly

JOHN J. FARLEY, M. D., C. M., M. R. C. S., England.

OFFICE and Residence—corner of Bridge and George Streets—three streets east of the Post Office.

ROBERT BOGLE,

LOAN and real estate agent. MONEY TO LOAN at lowest rates. Office, opposite Roy's Brewry, Front St., Belleville.

GEO. CLINTON, M. D., C. M

OFFICE and residence Bridge St., between William and George Sts., third block east of Bridge Street Methodist Church. Telephone No. 44. d&w

GEO. J. SHERRY,

BARRISTER, &c. Office. Metropolitan Block, next door north of Dominion Bank, Front St. Branch Office, Stirling. 116

EDGAR M. COOK, M. D.,

HOMOEOPATHIC Physician and Surgeon. Office and residence, West Front Street, in the late Dr. Abbott's premises, over Brignall & Thompson's store. TELEPHONE. 175dtf

GEO. D. DICKSON, Q. C.,

BARRISTER, &c., Post Office Block Bridge Street Belleville.

WILLIAM N. PONTON,

BARRISTER, Solicitor Notary Public, Conveyancer. Office, over Express and Telegraph Office, Thompson Block, Bridge St., Belleville. Money to loan—private funds. Agent or the Trust and Loan Company of Canada.

DR. BURDETT

IS pleased to inform his friends that he is again able to render his professional services as before. 176 6m

DRUNKENNESS

Or the Liquor Habit, Positively Cured by Administering Dr. Haines' Golden Specific.

It can be given in a cup of coffee or tea without the knowledge of the person taking it; is absolutely harmless, and will effect a permanent and speedy cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. It has been given in thousands of cases, and in every instance a perfect cure has followed. It never fails. The system once impregnated with the Specific, it becomes an utter impossibility for the liquor appetite to exist. For circular and full particulars address GOLDEN SPECIFIC CO., 185 Race St., Cincinnati, O.

BANKING OFFICE —OF—

U. E. THOMPSON

BRIDGE STREET, BELLEVILLE, ON

American Currency and Drafts Bought and Sold.

Deposits received, subject to withdrawn with and notice and interest allowed

EYE, EAR & THROAT DR. RYERSON.

L. R. C. P., L. R. C. S. E., Lecturer on the Eye, Ear and Throat, Trinity Medical College, Toronto, and Surgeon to the Mercer Eye and Ear Infirmary.

60 College Avenue, Toronto.

☞Dr. Ryerson will be at the Queen's Hotel, Belleville, on Saturday, April 20th.

RAYMOND C. ROLPH SIGN PAINTER.

LETTERING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

Corner of Front and Campbell Streets. 80dly

M. C. ROBLIN ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENCES

and agent of the Lancashire Insurance Company, Office over Hooey & Sons, Front Street, Belleville. 186d 1y

A. G. NORTHRUP, Issuer of Marriage Licences, OFFICE—SHIRE HALL, BELLEVILLE

November 10

The Great English Prescription.

A successful Medicine used over 30 years in thousands of cases. Cures *Spermatorrhea, Nervous Weakness, Emissions, Impotency* and all diseases caused by abuse. [BEFORE] indiscretion, or over-exertion. [AFTER] Six packages *Guaranteed to Cure when all others Fail.* Ask your Druggist for The Great English Prescription, take no substitute. One package $1. Six $5, by mail. Write for Pamphlet. Address Eureka Chemical Co., Detroit, Mich.

FOR SALE BY D. M. WATERS.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R. Temp on.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

KEILLER'S NEW MARMALADE

JUST RECEIVED,

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE

Grocers and wine merchants, 35 & 37 Bridge Street.

Also Front Street, Opp. Ritchie's.

CAIRN'S---
---HOME MADE---
---MARMALADE

As supplied to the Queen. This season's make.

JUST RECEIVED.

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE,

Grocers & Wine Merchants, 35 & 37, Bridge Street

Also Front St., opp. Ritchie's.

NEWCOMBE PIANOFORTES

AWARDED FIRST SILVER MEDAL

WORLD'S EXPOSITION, NEW ORLEANS, U.S.A., 1884-5, in competition with the pianofortes of Europe and America. The only U.S. International Medal ever awarded to a Canadian pianoforte; also Medal and Diploma at the Colonial and Indian Exhibition, London, Eng., 1886, with the supreme honor of supplying Her Majesty the Queen with a Newcombe Grand, selected by Sir Arthur Sullivan. For Illustrated Catalogue, prices and terms,

Address Octavius Newcombe & Co., MANUFACTURERS

WAREROOMS, 107-109 CHURCH ST., TORONTO
FACTORY, 89 TO 97 BELLWOODS AVENUE

Gents' : Furnishings!

A FULL LINE of Gentlemen's Goods for the Fall and Winter.

Shirts made to order and a good fit guaranteed.

C. J. PANTER.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S English - Fruit - Jams,

Made from fresh ENGLISH FRUITS and REFINED SUGAR only.

RASPBERRY, STRAWBERRY, PLUM, DAMSON, GOOSEBERRY, CHERRY, BLACK CURRANT, RED CURRANT and GREENGAGE,

In pound pots, full weight.

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE,

Grocers and Wine Merchants. 33 & 37 Bridge Street

Also Front Street, Opp. Ritchie's.

DR. LOW'S WORM SYRUP

DESTROYS AND REMOVES WORMS OF ALL KINDS IN CHILDREN OR ADULTS SWEET AS SYRUP AND CANNOT HARM THE MOST DELICATE CHILD

OFFICE TO LET.

FIRST CLASS Office and Shop Room to let for a term of years. Apply at this office.

THE BELLEVILLE WATER WORKS CO.

Daily Intelligencer.

BALM FOR MISS KIRBY.

A BREACH OF PROMISE CASE AT TORONTO.

The Jury Endeavor to Console the Fair Plaintiff With a Verdict for $7000—Other Toronto Topics.

TORONTO, March 29.—George Powell, alias Jack Clarke, and a half a dozen other aliases, the bogus "Jesuit priest," came up for sentence yesterday morning. Mr. Alexander McMillan, jeweler of Ottawa, identified the half-dozen valuable gold watches which the prisoner obtained from him on Monday by pretences similar to those under which he endeavored to swindle P. W. Ellis & Co. of this city out of a lot of diamonds valued at $1500. Powell pleaded guilty to the McMillan fraud. Sergent Reburn handed His Worship the circular from Liverpool, Eng., describing the prisoner's tricks in that city, and Powell acknowledged having served a term of three years in an eastern penitentiary. "It seems to me," said Col. Denison, addressing the prisoner, "that you make a living by crime. I will send you to the Penitentiary for five years." "That will give him plenty of time to make a confession," remarked Father Egan of Thornhill, who had dropped into court in company with Father Lynch to look at the notorious scoundrel.

John Lee West, the New Orleans boodler, wants none of the quality of Canadian justice meted out to offenders, so he prefers to stand his chances in his native place, having expressed his desire to return to the Crescent City for trial. A constable is now on his way here to get him. He will arrive on Saturday or Sunday. The magistrate remanded West till Monday, but if the officer from New Orleans arrives in the meantime he will be brought into court.

Harry Shine, a bootblack with several convictions for larceny and shop-breaking against him, was observed in the fancy goods store of Atkinson Bros., No. 40 York-street, by a bell-boy at the Walker House. To evade arrest Shine jumped through the plate-glass window, but the bell-boy was too quick for the thief and collared him. Yesterday morning Shine was remanded till next Thursday.

The Building Committee of the Board of Trade have decided to call for tenders for the contract for the new building. It will cost $230,000, and the land will cost $69,500.

Spicy were the details and racy the evidence elicited before Mr. Justice Rose and a jury in the Kirby v Watson case yesterday. The audience was large and appreciative. The defendant, John Archibald Watson, was accused of breach of promise of marriage and seduction. He is a school teacher and was employed in that capacity in the village of Marle. The plaintiff, Alice Kirby, is a young woman of goodly appearance and about 23 years of age. Her father is a farmer in the Township of Vaughan. The plaintiff and defendant were long acquainted. Six years ago Watson began to pay attentions to Alice and to keep company with her. He became in fact a frequent visitor at her father's house, and while she was attending school correspondence passed between them. Four years ago it was agreed that they should marry, but Watson afterwards refused to live up to the contract. This was after he had seduced her, and she has since become a mother.

Alice Kirby's testimony was substantially the same as is given above. She admitted that she was a consenting party to her own despoilment. After the defendant left her last May she kept company for some time with Thomas McDonald, for whom she seemed to have a high regard. A couple of letters were read in court, in one of which she asked the defendant to return her correspondence. Evidence was taken showing that the plaintiff and defendant were in the habit of occupying a lounge together until a late hour and until the other members of her family had retired. On these occasions it was that the impropriety occurred.

Nellie and Amelia Kirby, sisters of the plaintiff, swore that the existence of the engagement of marriage was well known. The last note which Alice wrote to her lover was as follows: "John Archie: please come out immediately, I want to see you. You will know what is the matter. I wish I were dead. ALICE KIRBY."

The jury retired for about 1½ hours and returned a verdict giving $7000 to the plaintiff. This Mr. Justice Rose pointed out was too large a sum, as only $5000 had been claimed. The verdict accordingly was reduced to $5000.

MILITIA CLOTHING.

The Public Accounts Committee Again Takes Up Mr. Mulock's Charges.

OTTAWA, March 28.—The question of militia clothing was again brought before the Public Accounts Committee to-day. Capt. Bennett, of the Queen's Own Rifles, Toronto, was examined by Mr. Mulock in respect to the dissatisfaction which exists with the quality of clothing supplied by the Militia Department.

Sir Adolphe Caron raised an objection to the committee investigating the cause of dissatisfaction in the militia force on the ground that it was outside its jurisdiction. This objection was sustained by Mr. D'Alton McCarty. Mr. Mulock said he charged the Government with having granted to political favorites contracts for manufacturing clothing at extraordinarily high prices without tender, and that the Department of Militia had not exercised proper supervision over the quality of clothing supplied the troops. He proposed to show this by the witness before them.

The chairman decided that it was not within the province of the committee, and if Mr. Mulock was prepared to make these charges he should do so in the House and secure the appointment of a special committee with power to take evidence. However, it was finally decided to take the evidence. During the examination Mr. McCarthy was interrupting Mr. Mulock, when the latter retorted: "Hold on! Do you think you are a mind reader? I will have to send for the Minister of Justice to attend to you." [Laughter.]

The witness offered to send in letters from his brother officers to show that, in addition to his own evidence, he could satisfy the committee that the complaint was a general one, but this was ruled out.

Mr. Clarke Wallace said that it was not necessary to bring all the regiments in the country before the committee to give evidence about the Militia Department, but if their evidence was taken he thought their opinion would be greatly against the Minister.

The witness, on examination, stated he was a Conservative, prompted by no political motives. The evidence given by witness and others was to show that the clothing was in every way unsatisfactory to the force, and inferior in the fit, quality and everything else when compared with the English goods. The meeting will be continued to-morrow.

Mr. Lincoln May Decline.

CHICAGO, March 28.—Robert T. Lincoln received telegrams from all parts of the country to-day congratulating him on his nomination to the Court of St. James. He says he has not yet made up his mind as to whether he will accept the nomination. A friend of Mr. Lincoln's thinks he will decline it for the reason chiefly that his wife is a confirmed invalid.

AN HOUR WITH OLD PROBS

OBSERVING A WEATHER OBSERVER AT WORK.

The Methods Used in the Manufacture of Weather Probabilities—The Peculiarities of Storm Centres.

The average citizen, when he reads the weather probabilities in his daily paper, runs away with the belief that the predictions are made by a Government salaried descendant of Ananias with an abnormally developed faculty for guessing. He reads the predictions of a storm for the following day and lays out his storm coat and umbrella, but if his pet corn fails to disturb his rest he will ignore the warning with a renewed confidence in his own weather indicator and a strengthened conviction that weather prognostications are snares and delusions. It is difficult to convince him that with the present facilities for obtaining information concerning the causes, presence and progress of storms, the work of predicting the condition of the weather from 24 to 48 hours in advance is reduced to an absolute science. Yet such is the case, as an examination of the work done daily at the Meteorological Observatory will give ample evidence. The Toronto Observatory is one of the best equipped in the world, and its workings far above the average in point of accuracy. The basis for the weather predictions is furnished from daily weather bulletins from ninety-seven signal stations at various points in the United States and Canada, extending from Key West, Florida, to Bird Rocks, from Calgary to Halifax, New York to San Francisco, and covering particularly the regions which are the home of storm centres. These reports which are received at 8 a. m. and 10 p. m., give the record of the barometer reduced to sea level, the temperature, the dew point, kind of weather, direction and velocity of wind, kind, direction and amount of upper and lower clouds, rainfall, if any, and whether or not there is probability of a storm at the station sending the report. The result of these reports is entered upon a weather map which shows the location of the different signal stations and the regions affected by the reports therefrom. Lines are then drawn connecting all stations at which the borometer readings may be the same, or nearly so, some of these lines drawn as described form close curves. Some enclose locations at which the barometer is higher than at points outside the circle or curve, and vice versa. The air has a tendency to force itself from places where the barometer is high to places where it is low. The rotation of the earth however has a tendency to deflect the wind from a right angle in blowing toward these lines, so that it blows across them, in the interior of the continent at an average angle of 45 degrees while at sea the deflection is considerably less. Owing to the rotation of the wind, those areas in which the barometer reading is lower inside the close curve are called cyclones or storm centres. Where the barometer reading is higher within the close curve than out the winds blow outward and are again deflected to the right so that the circulation is opposite to that of the cyclones. These areas are called anticyclones. The storm centres then are in the areas where the barometer reading is low, surrounded by places where the reading is higher. Given a storm centre, with the reading of the barometer and thermometer, the velocity and direction of the wind, and the work of predicting the weather in advance is in a measure easy. It would be easy were it not for the fact that the most unforeseen and apparently improbable circumstances may arise and deflect a storm from its natural course or destroy its power entirely. This moves the element of certainty from predictions and calls for the exercise of judgment based upon experience, close calculation of the chances of such changes and a general judgment possessed by successful observers. The velocity of the wind depends upon the position of the close curves mentioned already. The closer the curves are together the greater is the force with which the air is pressed from the higher to the lower areas, and greater accordingly is the velocity of the wind. The character of the weather too is governed by the distribution of pressure. In anti-cyclone areas the weather is mostly fair. The direction of a storm, leaving a storm centre, is indicated by increased cloudiness, and the passage of the storm is again followed by clearing weather. If the changes in the distribution of pressure could be judged the observers could tell with precision the character of the weather in advance. As this pressure is subject to change from various causes the judgment of the observer must supply the link that science has lost and this substitutes probability for what would otherwise be absolute certainty. Conditions that effect changes in predictions vary with the seasons and thus make another demand upon the observers judgment. In May and June for instance there are frequent important areas in the west that give promise of a storm that will take an easterly course. Curious to observe however, these storms seldom advance further east than Lake Michigan and then recede although having all of the indications that would warrant the observer in Toronto in other seasons of the year to hoist his storm flag very high. A knowledge of these eccentricities of storm centres in certain seasons is indispensable to the observer's success. The machinery and appliances used in recording the barometer and thermometer reading, in the Toronto observatory are marvels of mechanical skill, and enable the observers to be absolutely correct in their work.

A GREAT MAN WANTED.

The Rare Opportunity Meaford Offers to a Smart Man.

The town of Meaford recently passed a by-law for the appointment of an official the assignment of those duties is the most wonderful on record. The ordnance making the appointment legal provided:

That the person appointed be known as chief constable of the town of Meaford.

That the term shall mean caretaker of town hall, caretaker of council chamber, fire engine and hall, health and nuisance inspector, chief of fire company, collector of taxes, measurer of all wood, lumber, etc., for corporation purposes, and corporation workman.

That he shall, at all times, preserve the the peace of the town and devote his time and services to the duties of his office.

That he shall perform such work as the chairmen of the different standing committees may direct.

That he shall, for the performance of any manual labor, supply the necessary tools at his own expense.

That on refusing or neglecting to perform any of the duties imposed upon him by bylaw the mayor or chairmen of committees shall suspend him and the matter reported to the council; and if the offence justify his dismissal he shall be dismissed, and not be entitled to any remuneration during the time of suspension.

Nothing short of a phenomenon in the form of a man—a giant mentally and physically—can presume to exercise the functions of chief constable in Meaford, and he must be a phenomenon of a phenomenal sort. Practically the town wants to find a man who can do anything, everything, and it cannot find him. Many there are who will essay the contract, but the most willing to do great things are sometimes the most incapable. Perhaps it is well, however, that the acting as well as the designing of the farce could be made complete, that the folly of the council may be fully established, and that wisdom may prevail. A more extraordinary appointment than that undertaken by the Meaford municipal legislators we have certainly never heard of.—Kingston Whig.

"Aristocrats" and "Blue Blood."

The terms "aristocrat" and "blue-blood" are used by a great many people who, perhaps, are ignorant of its meaning. The Spaniards were the first to place any significance on its possession, and to-day, when want of it is not made socially prominent, they do not call all their grandees blue-blooded. All races decidedly white, and unmixed with Indian, Mongolian and African, are blue-blooded. In the veins the blood is dark-blue, and unless the skin is white the blue tint will not be seen. Some women have faces so fair as to show clearly the blue veins traced beautifully on their arms and brow. Spaniards would call all such blue-blooded without regard to title, because their blood is unmixed with dark races. In persons of mixed blood the veins show a dark and not a blue tinge. The purest national blue-bloods are those of one white race who do not intermarry with any other race, whether white or dark. A while ago the American papers were trying to trace the descent of President Harrison to the blue blood of Pocahontas. What nonsence. The Indian princess could exhibit no blue blood through her red skin. Might as well trace one's descent to a dusky cannibal queen. There are too many nowadays trying to trace their lineage to some titled name. Evidently they think a family is blue-blooded because they have a title. The democratic spirit of the age rebels against recognizing any ancestry except that of real true worth. Very few of the English nobility or those in Canada who point to themselves in society as being "select" or "blue-blooded", in the sense meant in all Spanish lands. What society wants today, instead of the so-called aristocratic blue-blood, whose claim, perhaps, is that their father occupied some position of prominence, and their ability to maintain social distinction at so much a "distinct," is the educated, sensible men and women of the land, whose influence will be to mediate the social abuses of the day, instead of building up walls and fostering prejudices between the different castes in society. A large majority of our people believe, with the poet Burns—

> "The rank is but the guinea's stamp,
> The man's the gowd for a' that."

HON. GEORGE E. FOSTER.

Some Facts About Canada's Minister of Finance.

A writer in the St. John N.B. Progress is very enthusiastic over the career of Hon. George E. Foster, the Minister of Finance.

His career, says Progress, has been the result of no lucky accident or happy chance. Fortune has not come to him while he idly waited. He has been the shaper of his own destiny, and the secret of his success has been long continued and honest work.

Minister Foster is yet a young man. He was born in Carleton county, New Brunswick, in 1847, of the good old Loyalist stock. He faced the world as a boy with little but his hands, his will and an ambition to succeed. He applied himself with more zeal than is usual with boys to his studies. Those were not the days of free schools, but there were good educational facilities for boys who were in earnest, and young Foster was fully fitted for college in the academies of his native county. He entered the University of New Brunswick, in 1865, at the head of the class, and despite the efforts of able competitors, won a scholarship. This was the Kings County scholarship, and it was destined that in the future he should have his name linked to all time with the history of that county. The coming events cast their shadows before.

Graduating in 1868 he became a school teacher, subsequently becoming professor of classics and history in the University of New Brunswick. This position he resigned in 1879, and three years later made his first appearance as a political candidate. Since his victory in King's county N.B., in 1879 he has been prominent in public affairs and his record is one of steady advancement. Apart from politics he has lead a busy life. He is a leader in the total abstinence movement, an active supporter of the Y.M.C.A. and is one of the leading lights of the Baptist Church.

FASTED FORTY DAYS AND NIGHTS.

Mrs. King Had a Vision in Which She Was Commanded to Go Without Eating.

On June 25 Mrs. Paulina King, a colored woman, reported that she had had a vision in which she was commanded by the Lord to fast for forty days and forty nights. She entered upon what seemed to her a plain duty with perfect faith that she would pass through the ordeal safely. There seems to be little doubt that the order was carried out. For the first seven days she drank no water even. Then the Lord appeared to her again and commanded her to drink. From that time she took water until Feb. 27, but since then she has drank nothing until yesterday, when her long fast ended. The event was made the occasion of a feast and merry-making, which attracted a great crowd to the Court House, where the feast was held. The negroes brought in food in considerable abundance, and Mrs. King made a good square meal of oysters, cold turkeys, ham, and other substantials.

During the feast hymns were sung, speeches were made, and two or three women went into trances. When Mrs. King entered upon her fast she weighed about 113 pounds. A day or two ago she "tipped the balance" at 89. She is much emaciated, but declares that she did not suffer a particle during her fast and had no desire for food. Her strength remained with her, and she did her washing and ironing and performed her usual household duties without inconvenience. She proposes now to become an evangelist. She is 32 years of age, and has a husband and two children. She commenced to have visions about three years ago. She is illiterate, but quotes Scripture freely.

Mrs. Howe Liberated.

BOSTON, March 28.—Mrs. Sarah E. Howe of the Women's Bank notoriety, who has been in jail since Dec. 8 last on a charge of obtaining money by false pretences, was arraigned in court to-day. She still insisted that she was not guilty. As the Government had no evidence to sustain the allegations Mrs. Howe was allowed to go on her own recognizance.

An Unknown Wreck.

LEWES, Del., March 28.—The British brig Sunshine, from Parahaiba, reports that March 19, 150 miles northeast of Cape Hatteras, she passed a large vessel about 200 feet long, a ship or steamer, bottom up, copper painted, evidently a recent wreck. A smashed boat waterlogged and oars were near. The weather was too rough to examine.

Death of a Centenarian.

HOLLIDAYSBURG, Pa., March 28.—Thomas Keegan of Juniata township, who was buried to-day was 108 years old. He carried a pike in the Irish rebellion of 1798 and came to this country 75 years ago. His first vote was for Andrew Jackson and his last for Cleveland.

Cornell Alumni Dinner.

NEW YORK, March 28.—The ninth annual dinner of the New York Association of Cornell University Alumni took place to-night. Prof. Goldwin Smith and others responded to toasts.

TRIBUTES TO JOHN BRIGHT

MEN OF ALL SHADES OF OPINION JOIN IN HIS PRAISE.

Gladstone to Second the Condolence Motion in the House—Mr. Lincoln's Nomination a Pleasant Surprise to Lord Salisbury.

LONDON, March 28.—In accordance with Mr. Bright's own wish the funeral will be of the simplest description. Yesterday was the anniversary of the death of Mr. Bright's brother Samuel.

Mr. Chamberlain writes: "By Mr. Bright's death we have lost the most unique figure among English statesmen and popular leaders of the present generation. The consistency and completeness of his career and the massive simplicity of his character mark him out from all others. Now, having fought his last fight, his death is a universal loss to both party and country."

The Standard says: "Mr. Bright was not, and did not profess to be, a great statesman, but he was one of the most disinterested social reformers, powerful orators and honest politicians that the country has ever produced."

Mr. Bright has left four sons and three daughters.

It is expected that Mr. Gladstone will make the speech seconding the motion of condolence, and probable adjournment of the House, moved by the leader of the Government in the Commons to-morrow.

It is believed Mr. Bright will eventually be buried in Westminster Abbey, though at first his remains will be deposited in the family burial-place near Rochdale. This would be very appropriate, as emphasising the view that "peace hath her victories no less renowned than those of war." Mr. John Morley was seen this morning. He says it would be a glory to the Abbey. The last great funeral there was the burial of Darwin. Mr. Morley says that Whittier was Mr. Bright's favorite poet.

All the blinds of the Reform Club, the dead Liberal's favorite haunt, were immediately drawn on receipt of the news of his death.

In the House of Lords this afternoon the Marquis of Salisbury, speaking of Mr. Bright, said: "He had special qualities for which he will be admired and noted in history. He was the greatest master of English oratory in the present generation, the eloquence of his style giving fitting expression to his burning noble thoughts. He possessed a singular rectitude of character. He was inspired by pure patriotism from the beginning of his career to its close."

The Alaskan Seizures.

LONDON, March 28.—Sir Geo. S. Baden-Powell asked in the House of Commons this afternoon whether the case of the three sealing ships arrested in Behring's Sea in 1887 and condemned by the Alaskan Court had been admitted to appeal by the supreme court.

Sir James Ferguson, Under Foreign Secretary, replied that the time allowed for appeals had lapsed.

Salisbury Agreeably Surprised.

LONDON, March 28.—A despatch announcing that President Harrison had nominated Robert T. Lincoln as Minister to England was read at a dinner given last evening by Earl Cowper. Viscount Cranborn, son of Lord Salisbury, was a guest. He immediately hurried to Arlington-street and informed his father. The Prime Minister said the nomination was a pleasant surprise.

To Challenge the Opinion of the House.

PARIS, March 28.—It is semi-officially stated that the Cabinet will not raise a formal question of confidence in the Chamber of Deputies but will challenge the opinion of the House during the debate on the Budget.

French Legislation.

PARIS, March 28.—The Chamber of Deputies to-day passed a bill doubling the import duties on rye and adding 5 francs per hundredweight to the duty on rye meal.

The Chamber agreed to grant a credit of 20,000,000 francs for the erection of a memorial of the revolution.

The Letter that Came

From Mr. J. Hayden, 139 Chatham St. Montreal, says: "I was troubled for years with biliousness and liver complaint, and I never found any medicine to help me like Burdock Blood Bitters, in fact one bottle made a complete cure."

Dangerous Counterfeits

Counterfeits are always dangerous, more so that they always closely IMITATE THE ORIGINAL IN APPEARANCE AND NAME. The remarkable success achieved by Nasal Balm as a positive cure for Catarrh and Cold in the Head has induced unprincipled parties to imitate it. The public are cautioned not to be deceived by nostrums imitating Nasal Balm in name and appearance, bearing such names as Nasal Cream, Nasal Balsam, etc. Ask for Nasal Balm and do not take any imitation dealers may urge upon you. For sale by all druggists or sent post-paid on receipt of price (50c. and $1,) by addressing Fulford & Co., Brockville, Ont.

Eighty Per Cent.

Of the human race, according to a high authority, suffer from one or other form of blood taint. Never allow this latent evil to develop into serious disease while the blood can be kept pure and the system clean by the proper precautions, such as using Burdock Blood Bitters, whenever any scrofulous symptoms appear. No medicine equals B.B.B. as a blood cleanser.

There are a number of varieties of corns. Holloway's Corn Cure will remove any of them Call on your druggist and get a bottle at once.

Orin Catlin, 49 Pearl Street Buffalo, N. Y., says: I tried various remedies for the piles but found no relief until I used Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, which entirely cured me after a few applications.

Do not delay in getting relief for the little folks. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is a pleasant and sure cure. If you love your child why do you let it suffer when a remedy is so near at hand?

The cheapest medicine in use is Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, because so very little of it is required to effect a cure. For croup, diphtheria, and diseases of the lungs and throat, whether used for bathing the chest or throat, for taking internally or inhaling, it is a matchless compound.

Mr. Thomas Ballard, Syracuse, N. Y., writes: 'I have been afflicted for nearly a year with that most-to-be dreaded disease Dyspepsia, and at times worn out with pain and want of sleep, and after trying almost everything recommended I tried one box of Parmelee's Valuable Pills. I am now nearly well, and believe they will cure me. I would not be without them for any money."

PARMELEE'S PILLS possess the power of acting specifically upon the diseased organs, stimulating to action the dormant energies of the system, thereby removing disease. In fact, so great is the power of this medicine to cleanse and purify, that diseases of almost every name and nature are driven from the body. Mr. D. Carswell, Carswell P. O., Ont., writes: "I have tried Parmelee's Pills and find them an excellent medicine, and one that will sell well."

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP should always be used when children are cutting teeth. It relieves the little sufferer at once; it produces natural, quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakens as "bright as a button." It is very pleasant to taste. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for diarrhoea, whether arising from teeth ing or other causes. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP," and take no other kind. 8d&wly

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co., 106 Wall-st., N.Y

NATIONAL COLONIZATION LOTTERY

Under the patronage of the Rev. Father Labelle

Established in 1884, under the Act of Quebec 32 Vict., Chapt. 36, for the benefit of the Diocesan Societies of Colonization of the Province of Quebec.

Class D.—The 22nd Monthly Drawing will take place Wednesday, April the 17th, at 2 p. m.

Prizes value		$50,000 00
Capital Prize: One real estate worth		$5,000 00
1 Real Estate worth	$5,000	5,000
1 do	2 000	2,000
1 do	1,000	1,000
4 do	500	2,000
10 Real Estates	300	3.000
30 Furniture Sets	200	6,000
60 do	100	6,000
200 Gold Watches	50	10,000
1,000 Silver Watches	10	10,000
1,000 Toilet Sets	5	5,000
2,307 Prizes worth		$50,000 00

TICKETS - - $1.00

Offers are made to all winners to pay their prizes cash, less a commission of 10 p. c.

Winners' names not published unless specially authorized

Drawings on the Third Wednesday of every Month.

S. E. LEFEBVRE, Secretary, Offices, 19 St. James street, Montreal, Can. 192dly

CARSLAKE'S GRAND DERBY SWEEP $25,000.00.

1st horse (in duplicate) $3,000 each=	$6,000
2nd " " " $2 000 " "	$4,000
3rd " " " $1.000 " "	$2 000
Other starters (divided equally)	$4,000
Non-starters " "	$9,000

5000 Tickets at $5 Each.

171 Entries (in duplicate 342 horses)

Drawing June 3rd. Race June 5th, 1889.

Result of each Drawing sent to all subscribers.

Ten per cent deducted from all prizes.

Address GEORGE CARSLAKE, Prop., Mansion House, 522 St. James St., Montreal. 269d6m

J. M. FORTIER, Wholesale : Cigar : Manufacturer, 145 151 ST. MAURICE STREET, MONTREAL

P. S.—Private Brands for the Jobbing Trade a specialty.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

CALLAWAY'S Popular : Excursions —TO—

VANCOUVER, VICTORIA, and all points in WASHINGTON TERRITORY, and CALIFORNIA

LEAVE : TORONTO

On FRIDAY, APRIL 12th & 26th 10th MAY 24th

In the CELEBRATED TOURIST SLEEPERS. Each party is accompanied to destination by special courier.

Full particulars from any agent of the Company.

S. BURROWS, Agent C. P. R., Belleville.

Office—Front St., one door north of Dominion Bank.

Cleanse the System

DO IT NOW

With that most reliable medicine—Paine's Celery Compound. It purifies the blood, cures Constipation, and regulates the liver and kidneys, effectually cleansing the system of all waste and dead matter.

Paine's Celery Compound

combines true nerve tonic and strengthening qualities, reviving the energies and spirits.

"I have been troubled for some years with a complication of difficulties. After trying various remedies, and not finding relief, I tried Paine's Celery Compound. Before taking one full bottle the long troublesome symptoms began to subside, and I can truly say now, that I feel like a new man. Digestion has improved, and I have gained ten pounds in weight since I have commenced taking the Compound."
HONESTUS STEARNS, Felchville, Vt.

$1.00. Six for $5.00. At Druggists.
WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO., MONTREAL.

ANY ONE CAN DYE

DIAMOND DYES

A Dress, or a Coat, Ribbons, Feathers, Yarns, Rags, etc. } *Any Color* FOR TEN CENTS

and in many other ways SAVE Money, and make things look like NEW, by using DIAMOND DYES. The work is easy, simple, quick; the colors the BEST and FASTEST known. Ask for DIAMOND DYES and take no other.

For Gilding or Bronzing Fancy Articles USE
DIAMOND PAINTS.
Gold, Silver, Bronze, Copper. Only 10 Cents.

A COOK BOOK FREE

By mail to any lady sending us her post office address.
Wells, Richardson & Co., Montreal.

Daily Intelligencer.

THE DAILY INTELLIGENCER is published every evening except Sunday, and delivered by careful carriers in all parts of the city for Five Dollars a year, or Fifty Cents a month.

THE WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER is published every Thursday morning, and sent, postpaid, to any address in Canada, the United States or Great Britain for One Dollar a year.

ADVERTISEMENTS, first insertion, 10 cents per nonpareil line; each subsequent consecutive insertion, 5 cents per line; when not inserted every day, 10 cents per line each insertion.

READING MATTER NOTICES, 15 cents per line each insertion.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS, 50 cents each insertion. With notice of funeral added the charge for death notices is $1.

CONTRACTS made for business advertisements for one month or longer at reduced rates.

Remittances, Drafts, Cheques, and Post-Office Orders should be made payable to the order of
INTELLIGENCER PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO'Y (LIMITED),
Belleville, Ont.

Largest Daily Circulation in Belleville.

BELLEVILLE, FRIDAY, MAR 29

"A FAMILY AFFAIR."

The little (Grit) birds in their nest are having a falling out just now that is somewhat interesting to those outside the pale of the Grit boodle gang. As every one knows, the liquor interest in the hands of the Grit party is not only made to swell the votes of the "party of purity," but is, as well, made a dumping place for the Grit political hacks; so, when a second License Inspector was appointed for West Hastings we were not surprised at that portion of the Grit policy.

The appointment of Mr. W. H. Garratt, of Trenton, was the best that could be made under the circumstances; but lately Mr. Garratt has been treading on the toes of the senior Inspector, Mr. Grainger. The large liquor interest of the *Ontario* requires that no one must meddle with Mr. Grainger with impunity; so, with characteristic vulgarity, the saloon organ throws mud at Mr. Garratt, whom it styles a "loud-mouthed partizan," and demands his removal at the hands of the Ontario Government.

AN UNDESERVING POLITICIAN.

As our readers are aware, the Winnipeg *Free Press*, which is a Grit journal, has no love or respect for Mr. John Greenway, the Grit Premier of that province. The *Free Press* made charges of "boodling" against Mr. Greenway in connection with the railway affairs of that province—charges so serious that, if their author were unable to substantiate them, they would have led to his imprisonment for a long term; but no effective steps were ever taken by Mr. Greenway to bring the matter to an issue. The *Free Press* has, since an abortive attempt which was made to whitewash the accused, repeated the accusations in the most circumstantial manner, and in consequence the effect upon the public mind has been highly unfavorable to Mr. Greenway.

Commenting, in a recent issue, on a prospective change in the Provincial Administration, the *Free Press* pays its respects to the Provincial Premier as follows:

> But whatever changes, the people will agree with the *Free Press* that there can be no rehabilitation of the Manitoba Cabinet as long as Mr. Greenway remains at the head of it. The most spotless material in the Province may be dragged in, and the only effect will be to pollute it without in the least purifying the whole. It will be the same old Government, led by a man of the most dissolute political character. Whosoever consents to take office under him shoulders all his sins and reduces himself to the same low level. Such a person would deserve the fate that would inevitably overtake him.

Mr. Greenway is a political adventurer. He was several years ago a Conservative and represented one of the divisions of Huron in the Commons. He removed to Manitoba, became a rabid Grit, and secured the leadership of that party in Manitoba. As grapes do not grow upon thorns, and thistles do not produce figs, it would be idle to expect honesty in political turn coats and adventurers, of whom it may truly be said the louder their professions the worse will be their practices.

A MODERATE VIEW.

The Hamilton *Times*, although one of the most pronounced in its views of the Grit journals of Ontario, has refused to join in the agitation concerning the Jesuit bill. The *Times* holds—and as an upholder of the previous contentions of the Grit party it would not consistently hold otherwise—that, the bill being *intra vires* of the Quebec Legislature, the Dominion Government would not have been justified in disallowing it. Our contemporary also expresses the following moderate view of the situation:

> The Protestants of Quebec did not oppose the incorporation of the Jesuits nor the passage of the Act to settle the Estates question. They seem to live amicably with their Catholic neighbors, who rescue the rights of the minority, and why should the Protestants in Ontario excite an enmity which the Protestants of Quebec appear desirous to avoid? In fact, why should there be bitterness between the members of the two religious bodies, who must live and labor side by side? The conduct of Ontario Protestants does not seem likely to make the position of Quebec Protestants any more comfortable. Oppression and intolerance are an invitation to retaliation.

As we have said in previous issues, the question is one of law, and the agitation which has been carried on systematically—urged on by those who hope to make political profit from it—cannot fail to be mischievous. The opinion of Parliament is strongly adverse to that of those who have been agitating for the disallowance of the bill. Therefore let those who have interested themselves in the matter take the only course which is open to them, now that they have failed in attempting to attach responsibility to the Dominion Government, which could not veto it, and attack the legislation of the Quebec Legislature before an authority that can deal with it, namely the courts, where the constitutionality of the measures in respects to the Jesuits, including that under which they were incorporated, can be dealt with. In such action they will have the undivided support of the Protestants of Canada and that of a large number of Roman Catholics as well.

Stop that Cough.

Many people neglect what they call a simple cold, which, if not checked in time, may lead to Lung trouble. *Scott's Emulsion of Pure Cod Liver Oil, with Hypophosphites*, will not only stop the cough but heal the lungs. Endorsed by thousands of physicians. Palatable as milk. Try it. Sold by all Druggists at 50c. and $1.00.

Correspondence.

Whilst correspondents will be accorded space for the expression of their ideas on topics of public interest, it must be in all cases understood that the views so expressed are simply those of the correspondents themselves.

To the Editor of the Intelligencer.

SIR,—Although Mr. Pringle's scheme of aiding industries was adopted by a large majority at Tuesday night's meeting, I did not vote in favor of giving proprietors who are already located here money bonuses on the same terms as those who would come from outside the city. My reasons for not doing so were and are as follows: I claim that we should place any money we give as bonuses to manufacturers where it will do the city the most good; in other words, I contend that in giving bonuses we should give them to those from whom we will receive the greatest returns. Now it appears to me, that if we can induce manufacturers located in other sections of this or any other country to locate their factories here, we shall receive more for our money than if we gave it on the same conditions to those already on the ground. How so? Because manufacturers coming from other parts would have to erect buildings,—"tall chimneys," and put in machinery, all of which would give our masons, bricklayers, carpenters, and painters much needed employment, and much money would be brought and expended here by this means that would not, if bonuses were given to those here who have factories already erected, even should they increase their capacity to some extent. And this is not all the benefit there is to be derived from inducing *outsiders* to locate their factories here, for by getting these new buildings, etc., we get additional revenue in the shape of taxes after the exemption from taxes on these buildings ceases, and in this way, in course of time, the city will receive back all the money given in bonuses. Besides all this, proprietors coming from other places will want *good* dwellings to reside in, which would be an additional benefit to the city, that would not be derived by giving to men already living here. Under these circumstances I claimed, in the committee, and do now, that we should discriminate in favor of manufacturers coming from a distance to locate here. In the committee I said, on the spur of the moment, that there should be a discrimination of at least 10% in favor of those coming from outside of the city, but I now claim, after mature consideration, that 25 or 30 per cent. less bonus should be given proprietors already located here, than to those coming from other places. For by securing the latter, as I have shown, we will get new blood, new buildings, additional capital and eventually a large increase of revenue that we would not receive otherwise; of all of which this city is sorely in need. A word to the wise was sufficient.

Some members of the committee argued that the stove foundry should receive just as large a percentage of bonus, in proportion to the number of men employed, as a factory coming from another locality here, because that the present owners have lost money in the foundry in the past. Well, while I am very anxious to see the foundry in operation again, and also sympathize with those who lost money in it, I am at the same time more anxious that our money should be expended in the most advantageous manner possible, especially as I believe most of those who now own the foundry are in very good circumstances financially. So I believe the foundry, as well as any other industry already located here, should be discriminated against to the extent of at least 25 per cent. in comparison with new industries.

I trust the policy set forth herein will be duly considered at the meeting in the City Hall this evening, and by our City Council when they discuss the subject.

A. ROBINSON.

WHY WILL YOU cough when Shiloh's Cure will give immediate relief? Price 10 cts., 50 cts., and $1. Sold by D. M. Waters.

—In Chicago, wheat was well sustained yesterday. The May option sold as high as $1.02½, but it finally closed at $1.01⅛.

—The San Francisco *Examiner's* correspondent at Santa Clara gives further evidence against the gold fields of that district.

SHILOH'S CATARRH REMEDY—a positive cure for Catarrh, Diphtheria, and Canker Mouth. For sale by D. M. Waters.

—Mrs. Jennings and her daughter, who were so badly injured in the St. George railway disaster, have been removed to their home in Paris.

—In the House of Commons yesterday, Sir James Fergusson said that the time for appeal in the case of sealing vessels seized in Behring Sea had elapsed.

FOR DYSPEPSIA and Liver Complaint you have a printed guarantee on every bottle of Shiloh's Vitalizer. It never fails to cure. Sold by D. M. Waters.

—Lord Mandeville, heir to the Duke of Manchester, has been formally pronounced a bankrupt, and will be proceeded against for making false statements in affidavits.

MINISTERS, LAWYERS, TEACHERS, and others whose occupation give but little exercise, should use Carter's Little Liver Pills for torpid liver and biliousness. One is a dose. Try them.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

A BAKER'S DOZEN.

VOTE FOR COL. O'BRIEN'S DISALLOWANCE AMENDMENT.

The House Divides After a Day and Night of Talk—The Resolution Lost by 175 Majority.

OTTAWA, March 28.—All afternoon and far into the night the debate on Col. O'Brien's disallowance resolution occupied the attention of the House. Until Sir John rose to reply to the leader of the Opposition the speakers were all from the Liberal benches.

The House divided amid great excitement, and when the vote was taken it was found that only thirteen members supported Col. O'Brien's amendment.

It was one of the most memorable sights ever witnessed in the Canadian House of Commons.

Hon. David Mills, in resuming the debate, said he never remembered any occasion in Parliament so well calculated to exhibit the tactical skill of the First Minister, who, that he might satisfactorily meet the dangerous agitation which had arisen, had divided his forces into two wings, each under a trusty lieutenant. The one wing was commanded by the Minister of Justice, the other was under the member from North Simcoe (Mr. McCarthy). He could not believe that the latter would have so ardently supported the amendment of the member for Muskoka had he not known that his action did not meet with the disapproval of the Government. As to the member for West York (Mr. Wallace), he was said to be not very serious in his opposition to the course of the Government, as he too aspired to a position on the Treasury benches; in fact it was even said that a round robin on his behalf was now in circulation around the back benches. The Government had in fact presented a two-sided shield to the House and no matter which of the lieutenants was to be followed the end was the same, the Government was to be supported.

There was, he thought, nothing more dangerous than to pass opinions on the religious belief of a portion of the community, in a popular assembly. He was not afraid that the rights of Protestants would suffer in this country. How could fair play be expected from the Catholics unless the Protestants exhibited a spirit of tolerance? He was unwilling to concede to any Roman Catholic institution in this country anything that would not be granted to a Protestant institution. If their clergymen were sincere and would preach religion not politics he thought Protestantism would be perfectly safe in Canada. While as anxious as any one to oppose encroachments by any denomination he would rather be the victim of wrongful judgment by others than be the instrument in the hands of anybody to wrong his fellow countrymen.

After recess Mr. Charlton spoke in support of the disallowance resolution. Though his convictions, which forbid his voting with the majority on the subject, would perhaps result in his being retired to private life at the close of this Parliament, he thought any encroachment upon the civil and religious liberty of the people should be jealously guarded against, and was glad to notice the rising of tens of thousands of men in Canada during the last few months to protest against the endowment of this order.

He thought the whole trouble arose out of the incorporation of the Jesuits. It seemed to him a great injustice that a loyal body like the Orange order should be denied incorporation while that privilege was granted to the Jesuits. He had at the time been opposed to the incorporation of the Orange order as not in the best interests of the community, and he thought the same principles should have governed in this instance. He held it was the bounden duty of this Parliament to inquire into the history of this organization to see if it had been guilty of all the wrong-doing ascribed to it. He considered that their establishment in Canada was detrimental to the political interests of this country. He reviewed the history of the order and held that it had been properly suppressed and should not again have been incorporated. He considered that their incorporation in British North America was unconstitutional, and as every act based upon such incorporation was unconstitutional the act under discussion should have been disallowed on that ground. Even were the measure constitutional he held that as a question of public policy it should be disallowed. The history of the order had been one of turmoil, intrigue and attempt to pull down the interests of the country wherever they have been placed.

Mr. Charlton concluded by reading a protest passed this morning by the Protestant Ministerial Association of Montreal against Mr. Colby's claim to voice the sentiments of the Protestant minority in Quebec in condemning the disallowance agitation, and he took exception to the advice of Hon. David Mills this afternoon that Protestant ministers should preach religion and not politics, and held that that minister would be but a dumb dog who did not raise his voice to proclaim the right and combat the wrong of all description.

Mr. Mulock regretted that a section of the House were willing in supporting Col. O'Brien's resolution to adopt a course which would destroy the union of the provinces. He was amazed that when there was such a simple solution to this question as an appeal to the courts anyone should have taken such a dangerous course as to bring the dispute before Parliament. Such a course he considered not statesmanlike or patriotic. He deplored that the member for Muskoka had forgotten that he was living in the nineteenth century and had thought that he was still living in old Ireland where a minority wielded the power and exercised its sway. Were the Government defeated on this question and an appeal to the country demanded who was prepared to take the consequences of placing before the country an issue such as that presented here and the war of creeds that would ensue?

Mr. Sutherland regretted the manner in which this matter had come before the House. He would vote for the disallowance of the act, not because it made a grant to the Roman Catholic Church or to the Jesuits but because he considered it unconstitutional to make a grant to any body of men for sectarian purposes.

Mr. McMillan thought the weight of argument proved the constitutionality of the act and he would therefore vote against the O'Brien resolution unless he could be satisfied before the close of the debate that it would settle the whole difficulty. [Laughter.]

Hon. Wilfrid Laurier said the day of retribution it appeared had now come upon the Government. The two chief provinces of the Dominion were differently constituted — one French and Catholic, the other English and Protestant. He charged it against the Conservative party that ever since 1854 they had maintained power by pandering to the religious prejudices of the parties. This game had for a long time succeeded. But it would not be successful much longer. The Government to-day were only reaping what they had been sowing. They had allowed a large section of the party to look upon them as champions of Protestantism and they had asked to be backed up in their policy of disallowance, now they were in turn asked to put this policy into effect in the interests of Protestantism.

The Premier had maintained again and again that he had the right to review local legislation and to say whether it was wrong or right. Thus he had disallowed the Streams Bill. The Minister of Justice had in the Jesuits Estates matter declined to interfere because the matter was one of provincial concern only—sound Liberal doctrine; but it had taken a long time for this principle to penetrate the minds of the Government.

He could not ignore the agitation that was now going on in the Province of Ontario, nor view otherwise than with deep concern the attitude of a large portion of the Province of Ontario towards this Jesuits Estates Act. He hoped the attempt to arouse the feelings of the province would fail. The cause of the agitation and the legislation which had created so much turmoil was found in the hatred which France and England brought over with them when they came to Canada. All this was changed in the Old World now.

It was easy for the editor in his easy chair or the clergyman in his cabinet to settle a question on principle, but it was not so easy for the administrator in practical life. There had been only one way yet invented to govern men satisfactorily and that was to govern them according to public opinion. This question then had been settled in accordance with the public opinion of the Province of Quebec and if this opinion were overridden there would be, in place of the harmony which now existed, discord, the consequences of which he feared to contemplate.

He repudiated the charge made by the member for North Simcoe that the French-Canadian citizens of the Province of Quebec forgot that they were residents of a British Province. He declared that he was a Canadian before everything, and if to-morrow an opportunity offered to decide between allegiance to France or to England, he would unhesitatingly declare for a continuance of his allegiance to England, and if a poll was taken in Quebec he did not think that a single vote would be cast for a return to allegiance to France. If they were of French origin they were most likely to forget it. Day after day The Mail had been calling on the French Liberals to vote against the act. If they were Liberals they were not Liberals of the old French school. They were told they should not allow this act because the principles of the order of the Jesuits were inimical to liberty. He would not be surprised to hear such a statement from a Liberal of the old French school. Was not liberty to give people liberty?

Sir John Macdonald took exception to Mr. Laurier's statement that the Conservative party had since 1854 maintained themselves in power by appeals to national prejudice. He pointed out for the greater part of the time, between 1854 and 1866, he had been in a minority in his own province because of his unflinching advocacy of the rights of his Roman Catholic fellow-citizens of the Province of Quebec. In answer to the criticism made that the Government ought sooner to have declared the ground upon which they had acted in this case, he said that no defence was required for having allowed any act of a provincial legislature.

He might say here that in coming to the conclusion that this bill was one which might properly be allowed, lawyers and laymen in the Cabinet had been unanimous, and if there had any doubt remained in their minds he thought it must have disappeared upon hearing the speech of the member for Bothwell this afternoon. The act was not without precedent, for there was on the statute book the act passed thirty-seven years ago incorporating the St. Mary's College, the Jesuit College at Montreal, and the act of 1871 incorporating the Congregation de Notre Dame de Societe de Jesus.

The doctrines of the Jesuits must be such as are approved of by the head of their church, or they would soon be informed of it in a peremptory manner. We had been told about the expulsion of the Jesuits, the Act of Supremacy and a number of acts of long ago, but these acts had long been obsolete though not removed from the statute books. In England to-day the Jesuits flourished and their institution at Stoneyhurst was one of the most noted educational institutions. In England the people were not afraid; why should we be?

This after all was a mere matter of money and the present agitation went to show how easily the public were agitated. He regretted that the member for Muskoka had introduced this resolution. He hoped that the agitation over the matter would die away peacefully. There were in the whole Dominion of Canada 71 Jesuit priests. They were armed with a string of beads, a sash around their waists and a massbook or missal, and we were told that with these weapons there was a danger of their conquering Canada. The idea was absurd. He had told his staunch Protestant friend, Dr. Potts of Toronto, that he would match him bodily or spiritually against any one of these seventy-one Jesuit priests—[laughter]—and he thought he could similarly match the other seventy. The Jesuits were a teaching body exclusively in Canada now. The Jesuit share of this grant was $160,000 and over this all the row had been raised.

It reminded him of the anecdote told of a Jew who, going into an eating-house, was seduced into eating a slice of ham. As he came out there was a crash of thunder, and the poor Jew astonished, exclaimed: "Good Heavens! What a row about a little bit of pork!" As the Jew escaped the thunderbolt so he thought the effect of the agitation now heard in this country would not be so serious.

If this bill had been disallowed Mr. Mercier would have achieved a great triumph. He would have been the champion of the church, his Legislature would have been called together and the measure re-enacted. Then what would have happened? No Government could be found that would take the responsibility of again disallowing it and alarming national disturbances would ensue.

Sir Richard Cartwright followed the Premier, speaking against the amendment.

The following is the division on Col. O'Brien's amendment, the Liberals being in *italics* and the Conservatives in Roman. The amendment was lost by a vote of 13 to 188. Two hundred and one of the 215 members voted. Mr. Chapleau is out of the country and Mr. Pope is sick at home:

YEAS.

Barron, Bell, *Charlton*, Cockburn, Denison, *McDonald* (Huron), McCarthy, McNeill, O'Brien, *Scriver*, *Sutherland*, Wallace, Tyrwhitt—13.

NAYS.

Amyot, *Armstrong*, Audet, Bain (Soulanges), *Bain* (Went.), Barnard, *Beausoleil*, *Bechard*, Bergeron, Bergin, *Bernier*, *Blake*, *Borden*, *Bourassa*, Bowell, *Bowman*, Boyle, *Brien*, Brown, Bryson, *Burdett*, Burns, Cameron, *Campbell*, Cargill, Carling, Carpenter, Caron, *Cartwright*, Casey, *Casgrain*, Chisholm, *Choquette*, *Chouinard*, Cimon, Cochrane, Colby, *Colter*, *Cook*, Corby, Coughlin, Coulombe, *Couture*, Curran, Daly, Daoust, *Davies*, Davin, Davis, Dawson, Desaulniers, Desjardens, *Dessaint*, Dewdney, Dickey, Dickinson, *Doyon*, Dupont, *Edgar*, *Edwards*, *Eisenhauer*, *Ellis*, Ferguson (L. & G.), Ferguson (Ren.), Ferguson (Wel.), *Fiset*, *Fisher*, *Flynn*, Foster, Freeman, *Gauthier*, Gigault, *Gillmor*, Girouard, *Godbout*, Gordon, Grandbois, *Guay*, Gullett, Haggart, *Hale*, Hall, Hesson, Hickey, *Holton*, Hudspeth, *Innes*, Ives, Joncas, Jones (Digby), *Jones* (Halifax), Kenny, *Kirk*, Kirkpatrick, Labelle, Labrosse, *Landerkin*, Landry, *Lang*, *Langelier* (Quebec), Langevin (Sir Hector), La Riviere, *Laurier*, Lepine, *Livingston*, *Lovitt*, McDonald, (Sir John), McDowall, *Mackenzie*, McCulla, McDonald (Victoria), McDougald (Pictou), McDougall (Cape Breton), McGreevy, *McIntyre*, McKay, McKeen, *McMillan* (Huron), McMillan (Vaudreuil), *McMullen*, Madill, Mara, Marshall, Masson, *Meigs*, Mills, (Annapolis), *Mills* (Bothwell), *Mitchell*, Moffat, Moncrieff, Montplaiser, *Mulock*, *Neveux*, *Paterson* (Brant), Patterson (Essex), Perley, *Perry*, *Platt*, Porter, *Prefontaine*, Prior, *Purcell*, Putnam, *Rinfret*, Riopel, *Robertson*, Robillard, Roome, Ross, *Rowand*, Rykert, *Ste Marie*, Scarth, *Semple*, Shanly, Skinner, Small, Smith (Sir Donald), Smith (Ontario), *Somerville*, Sproule, Stevenson, Taylor, Temple, Therin, Thompson (Sir John), Tisdale, *Trow*, Tupper, *Turcot*, Vanasse, *Waldie*, Ward, *Watson*, Weldon (Albert), *Weldon* (St. John), *Welsh*, White (Card.), White (Ren.), Wilmot, Wilson (Argent.), *Wilson* (Elgin), Wilson (Len.), Wood (Brock.), Wood (West.), Wright, *Yeo*—188.

The members absent when the vote was taken were Sir Adams Archibald, Baird, Baker, Chapleau, Costigan, *De St. Georges*, *Geoffrion*, Jamieson, *Langelier*, (Mont.), Laurie, *Lavergne*, *Lister*, Pope—in all 13.

Hon. Alex. Mackenzie was present for the first time this session at a night sitting and he was cheered from both sides as he signified his vote.

Hon. Edward Blake voted for the first time this session.

By arrangement between Catholic members none of them had taken any part in the debate with the exception of the Minister of Justice and the leader of Opposition.

Sabbath Observance.

HAMILTON, March 28.—A joint meeting of Sabbath observance committees, appointed by the church courts of Western Ontarion was held in St. Paul's schoolroom to-day at 9 a.m. Rev. W. J. Maxwell was appointed chairman and Rev. J. Mordy secretary. After earnest consideration of the objects of the meeting it was moved by Rev. Dr. Laidlaw, seconded by Rev. Dr. Brethour, and resolved that a convention be held at Hamilton on the last Thursday of June next for the purpose of forming a permanent Sabbath observance alliance.

A Blaze at Guelph.

GUELPH, March 28.—Fire broke out to-night at 8.30 in the two-story stone houses in Arthur-street, owned by D. Allan and occupied by James Cherbonneau. It is supposed to have originated from a lamp which was left on the stairway exploding, as the family was absent from home, and the flames made considerable headway before it was discovered. The damage to the contents will amount to about $1000, insured in the Mercantile for $800. The loss on the building is estimated at $600, insurance unknown.

Murdered in Church.

PARIS, Ky., March 28.—Ben Kellis was shot and killed at the meeting of the colored M. E. conference last evening as he was escorting Mrs. Georgia Wheeler, a handsome quadroon, to a seat. John Page was the murderer. Jealousy was the cause. Bishop Andrews of Washington was presiding at the meeting and the room was crowded. A panic followed the shooting but no one was hurt.

The Dutch Throne.

THE HAGUE, March 28.—Parliament will assemble April 2 for the purpose of receiving a communication from the ministry in which formal announcement will be made of the King's incapacity for governing.

Entertained the Kaiser.

BERLIN, March 28.—Sir Edward B. Malet, the British ambassador, entertained the Emperor and Empress at dinner this evening. Thirty-six guests were pres

Corn Sowing

Is a process conducted by the agency of tight boots all the year around. Corn reaping is best conducted through the agency of Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor, the only safe and sure-pop corn cure. Putnam's Extractor is now widely imitated. Beware of all poisonous and sore producing substitutes.

FOR NETTLE RASH, Summer Heat and general toilet purposes, use Low's Sulphur Soap

ARE YOU MADE miserable by Indigestion, Constipation, Dizziness, Loss of Appetite, Yellow Skin. Shiloh's Vitalizer is a positive cure. Sold by D. M. Waters

AS A PICK-ME-UP after excessive exertion or exposure, Milburn's Beef, Iron and Wine is grateful and comforting.

DYSPEPSIA IN ITS WORST FORMS will yield to the use of Carter's Little Nerve Pills, aided by Carter's Little Liver Pills. They not only relieve present distress but strengthen the stomach and digestive apparatus.

SOME SYMPTOMS OF WORMS are:—Fever, colic, variable appetite, restlessness, weakness and convulsions. The unfailing remedy is Dr. Low's Worm Syrup.

Only One Cent!

Only One Cent!

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

FOR SALE—A bargain—good piano, small parlor set and some other furniture Apply to A. MINTO at Stroud Bros 281d2t

FIRST-CLASS four passenger Surrey, Gladstones, Buggies, Phætons, Democrats and Wheelbarrows for sale at Easton's Carriage Works, Belleville. 278d3m

FOR SALE—Twenty shares in the capital stock of the G. & J. Brown Manufacturing Co. of Belleville. Business is in a flourishing condition, paying a dividend of 9 per cent. last year. Ill health the cause of sale. Address T. ROWLANDS, Kyle House. 272dtf

APARTMENTS TO LET.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

BOARD AND ROOMS.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

HOUSES TO LET.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

FOR SALE or TO LET, the House formerly occupied by J. H. Simpson, Commercial Street Possession given immediately. Apply to P. R. PALMER 263d3m

LOST AND FOUND.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

LOST—A small black wool shoulder cape. finder will please leave at this office. 281d3t

LIVE STOCK.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

HOUSE FOR SALE—For sale, a first class brick dwelling on North Bridge St., opposite Clark & Vermilyea's grocery. Terms moderate. Apply to JAMES O'BRIEN, at Brignall & Thompson's. 277d6t.

HOUSE FOR SALE on William St., two doors south of Bridge St., next the residence of Mrs. T. C. Wallbridge, best locality in the city, house new, comfortable, and commodious, hard and soft water, closets in all the rooms. Enquire of R. PURDY, Bridge St. 272d2w

TO LET.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

TO LET.—Two Stores and some room on Front Street, next door to C. F. Smith. JOHN FORIN. 272d2w

WANTED.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

WANTED.—A Stable Boy, accustomed to the care of horses. Apply between 2 and 4 o'clock to DR. FARLEY. 279dtf

SALESMEN—We wish a few men to sell our goods by sample to the wholesale and retail trade. Large manufacturers in our line. Enclose 2-cent stamp. Wages $3 per day. Permanent position. No postals answered. Money advanced for wages, advertising, etc. CENTENNIAL MAN'F'G CO, CINCINNATI, OHIO. 245d30teod

DOMESTICS WANTED.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

WANTED—A General Servant. References required. Apply to MRS. J. A. PHIPPEN, Bridge Street.
March 29, 188 . dtf

WANTED at Albert College, a Servant Girl for Dining Hall. Apply at once. W. P. DYER. 278dtf

SITUATIONS WANTED.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

MECHANICS WANTED.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

THE "STAG" BRAND

—OF—

READY-MIXED PAINTS

SUPERIOR TO ANY IN THE MARKET.

—Sold only by—

-F. CHARLES CLARKE,-
CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST.
Telephone 138. Front Street.

SEEDS.

—o—

A Full Stock of
Imported GARDEN,
FIELD and
FLOWER SEEES
AT THE PHARMACY.
D. M. WATERS.

To Let for a Term of Years, or For Sale.

PARTS of 9 and 10, 2nd Con. of Thurlow, containing about 100 acres of cleared land, adjacent to the Grand Trunk Station. Apply to
HON. ROB'T READ,
March 19, '89 d&wtf Belleville.

BANKRUPT STOCK

—OF—

HOSIERY!

We have purchased the stock of Cotton Hosiery, manufactured by the Quinte Knitting Works, at a very low rate on the dollar and will offer the same

TO-MORROW (SATURDAY)

—AT—

HALF THE MANUFACTURERS' PRICE!

All Good Colors and Well-Made Goods.

BRIGNALL & THOMPSON.

HOUSE : FURNISHINGS.

Art Decorations, Art Curtains, Arrasene and Turcoman Curtains, Crete, Mandalay and Lace Curtains.

Window and Cornice Poles of all kinds, Brass Fixtures and Curtain Chains and Loops.

Window Shades, Rugs, Covers, &c., &c.

CARPETS—A Magnificent Stock of New Patterns and Designs, all at the Lowest Cash Prices.

GEORGE RITCHIE & CO.

Special : Importations!

GENTLEMEN:—We have just received and put in stock FOUR CASES of new spring Suitings, Pantings and Overcoatings. These goods are the finest ever imported by us, and at prices that cannot fail to please all.

Our cutter is giving splendid satisfaction, and we specially invite all who want first-class goods, best of trimmings, and perfect fit to call and select their Spring Clothing.

See our goods before buying. All are cordially invited to look through our beautiful assortment whether they wish to purchase or not.

Every garment made in our establishment guaranteed. Tweeds by the yard very cheap.

A. N. REID & CO.

CLEARING - SALE

—OF ALL—

BOOTS AND SHOES

Damaged by Fire and Water. Over $5,000 worth at less than half regular price.

A. W. VERMILYEA & SON.

NEW SEASON'S TEAS,
FRESH GROUND COFFEES,
Handsome Presents Given Away
—AT—

STROUD : BROS.,

Front Street, Belleville,
and at Montreal, Ottawa, Kingston and Toronto.

FANS

Suitable for WEDDINGS and BALLS. A splendid assortment at

J. C. OVERELL'S

FANCY EMPORIUM, BELLEVILLE.

GREAT OPENING
—OF—
CARPETS.

This week we have received and opened up 14 ADDITIONAL BALES of Carpets, and are now ready to show one of the largest assortments of patterns that we have yet had. Please call and see our

---Special 75c. Line---

of Tapestry and Mosaic Carpets. They are worth $1.00 per yard, but we offer them at 75 cents.

We have also opened up a case of Curtains and Curtain Materials of the latest designs—and 4 cases of Curtain Poles and Fixtures.

JAS. W. DUNNET.
GLASGOW WAREHOUSE
Belleville, March 27, 1889

Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE FRIDAY, MAR. 29

MERE MENTION.

Two tramps occupied the cells last night.

A LOT of purses at reduced prices at Geen's Drug Store.

BEECHAM'S PILLS act like magic on a weak stomach.

MR. G. I. Thomas brought in a fine lot of western cattle this morning.

REMEMBER the recital from Dickens, and Jarley's wax-works to night, at Albert College.

REMEMBER the public meeting in the city hall this evening to discuss important matters.

IF you have a cough or cold go at once to Geen's Drug Store and buy a bottle of Holden's Expectorant.

ALL DISORDERS CAUSED by a bilious state of the system can be can be cured by using Carter's Little Liver Pills. No pain, griping or discomfort attending their use. Try them.

As a tonic and relief to sufferers from Neuralgia, Dyspepsia, loss of appetite and general debility, Dyer's Quinine and Iron Wine is highly recommended. W. A. Dyer & Co., Montreal.

SPRING is coming, and with it comes the necessity of a good spring medicine. Try East India Tonic Bitters, a good blood purifier and tonic. For sale by A. L. Geen and F. Charles Clarke.

THE Chief of Police having received numerous complaints about parties riding upon bicycles on the sidewalks, has determined to put a stop to this practice, and if persons are so caught they will be prosecuted.

THE next drawing of the National Colonization Lottery Co. of Montreal takes place on Wednesday, April 17th. $50,000 given in prizes. See advertisement in another column. Address—S. E. LEFEBVRE, 19 St. James street, Montreal.

THE LATE Dr. DIO LEWIS, over his own signature, in speaking of Warner's Safe Cure, said: "I am satisfied the medicine is not injurious, and will frankly add that if I found myself a victim of serious kidney trouble, I would use the preparation."

PROBABILITIES.

TORONTO, March 29.—Fresh to strong west to north winds, fair weather, turning decidedly cooler by night, with snow flurries.

TEMPERATURE.

As Registered by Dr. Bell's Self-Registering Thermometer.

FRIDAY, March 29.
Maximum 34; minimum 28.
Barometer 20 03.

The Heathen Chinee

and all Christian people are fast finding out that the only reliable is the Imperial Cream Tartar Baking Powder, made by E. W. Gillett, Toronto, maker of the famous Royal Yeast Cakes.

A Visit to Trenton.

Mr. Wm. Johnson, Inspector of Weights and Measures, paid an official visit to Trenton to day, for the purpose of examining into a complaint which came from that town of a party who has been using illegal measures.

A Popular Instrument.

A new scale Upright Pianoforte recently completed by Messrs. Newcombe & Co., Toronto, is affording much satisfaction. It fills the requirements of a reliable instrument by a first class maker at a figure within the reach of all. Write them for particulars.

A Trenton Delegation.

Messrs. Corby and Cochrane, M. P.'s, had in charge on Wednesday a Trenton deputation, consisting of G. W. Ostrom, M. P.P., N. Morrison, P. J. O'Rourke, G. S. Dench, R. Gross, Wm. Kelly, David Gilmour, R. Weddell and Peter Miller, who are here interviewing Ministers on several important matters. They ask Sir Hector Langevin for further dredging in the Murray canal and a new clock over the Trenton post-office; and Hon. C. H. Tupper for several lighthouses in the same district.—*Empire's Ottawa Correspondent.*

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

G. T. R. Trespassers.

Two young men, giving their names as William Ernest LaClere, a French Canadian, and Herbert Greenwood, were arrested at the Grand Trunk station this morning, charged with trespass. When brought before the Magistrate they promised to leave the city and were discharged.

Committee Meeting.

A meeting of the Market and City Property committee was held last evening. Ald. Ross, chairman, presiding. A few accounts were passed and Mr. Geo. Irwin was given the contract for watering the market square for the coming season at $17.50, to be watered three times a week, on market days.

His Remains Found.

On Wednesday afternoon the body of Mr. Philip Gleeson was found in the bay at Trenton; he had been missing since last November. His face was unrecognizable, but he was identified by his clothing and jackknife. His wife and two daughters reside in Hamilton. Gleeson lived about Trenton for 30 years. He was a heavy drinker. He had often threatened to drown himself.

Gun and Rifle Club.

The annual meeting of the Belleville Gun and Rifle Club will be held on Thursday evening next at the office of Mr. E. G. Porter, the Secretary Treasurer, Robertson block east. The objects of this association are to secure the enforcement of the game and fishery laws, and to furnish recreation for its members in the form of shooting at artificial targets with the shot gun and target practice at various ranges with sporting rifles.

Mock Parliament.

There was a large attendance at the House last night, to hear the closing speeches on Imperial Federation, Independence, Unrestricted Reciprocity, and Political Union. Owing to the great interest taken in these questions the galleries remained packed until after 11, when a vote was taken, which resulted in a majority for Imperial Federation. The debate was participated in by nearly all the members, and some enthusiastic speeches were made. The House is now prorogued until the first Thursday in October next.

The Society will give their annual dinner some day next week, at the Kyle House.

Sitwell-Vereker.

The marriage of Mr. Francis H. S. Sitwell, 68th Durham Light Infantry, second son of the late Major F. H. M. Sitwell, Bengal Staff Corps, of Barmoor Castle, Northumberland, and Miss Maria C. Vereker, eldest daughter of the Hon. John P. Vereker, 72 Merrion Square, Dublin, was solemnized at Christ church, Leeson Park, Dublin, Ireland, on the 28th February. The five bridesmaids wore dresses of French-grey cloth and pongee silk, made in the Empress style and tied at the side with large watered ribbon sashes; French-grey hats to match, with white doves; each carried bouquets of white flowers. The bride's train was carried by two pages in ruby velvet. The Rev. Maurice Nelligan, Rector of Christ Church, assisted by the Rev. Jonathan Sisson Cooper, Rector of Killean, Enniscorthy, grand-uncle of the bridegroom, officiated.

pBay of Quinte Anglers' Association.

It will be, says the Picton *Gazette*, a source of much satisfaction to those who have so frequently expressed a desire that the fishing in the Bay of Quinte should be protected for anglers, and that seine and net fishing should be prohibited except during certain seasons of the year, that the formation of a society for this purpose has been started. It is proposed that this association shall have three branches—one at Picton, one at Northport, and one at Belleville—and that they shall have jurisdiction over the waters of the Bay of Quinte and the rivers emptying into the same, between Trenton and Glenora. The following provisional officers of this association have been named: R. A. Brooks, Northport, President; Gilbert Badgely and John A. Sprague, M. P. P., Big Island; H. Corby, M. P., and John Taylor, Belleville; I. N. Wait, and Joseph Redmond, Picton, Vice-Presidents; Peter H. Fox, Secretary; S. J. Cotter, Treasurer, Northport; Nehemiah Gilbert, Solicitor, Picton.

District Intelligence.

Mr. A. A. Hudgin, of Picton, has purchased the trotting stallion "Prince Imperial," record 2:30, for $4,000.

Picton's market tolls have been let for the ensuing year. The amount is $188.

The A. B. Cleveland Seed Company, which operates largely in Prince Edward, has been reorganized and is now financially stronger than ever.

The Picton *Gazette* says;—"Mr. R. H. McKenna, V. S., has shown us a sample of the contents of the large bowel of a horse belonging to Mr. Jonathan Talcott, Bloomfield. No less than ten quarts were taken from the animal, nearly all of which was sand. Five or six horses, also owned by Mr. Talcott, are ill from the same cause at the present time, but Mr. McKenna reports them to be out of danger. The cause is attributed to the practice of raking grain-fields when the dew is on the ground, causing the sand and dirt to cling to the straw, which eventually finds its way into the stomachs of the animals. The importance of discontinuing this practice will be obvious to all, in view of the costly experience of Mr. Talcott."

A NEW DANGER IN FOOD.

Physicians have discovered a serious danger to the public health in a new form of baking powder large quantities of which have been put upon the market under different names. Alum baking powders have been so unanimously condemned as unhealthful that careful housekeepers will no longer buy them knowingly. The bitter taste which they leave in the food becoming recognized by consumers the deception practiced in selling them for pure cream of tartar powders would be no longer maintained. To overcome this bitter taste the manufacturers are now using a mixture of alum and phosphatic acid. This still enables the production of a powder at a cost of five or six cents a pound which, sold at from twenty to forty, yields a large profit. Chemical tests, however, show that the phosphate and alum of the baking powder are, by the heat of baking, partially resolved into phosphate of alumina, a salt declared by chemists to be poisonous, and which, being readily soluble in the gastric juices, is dangerous to be taken in food. Great care should be exercised in using new articles of food. In baking powder it is safer to use the "Royal" only, an article that many years' experience has proved most efficient, and which has been officially demonstrated pure and wholesome.

Local Legal.

TORONTO, March 28.

Chancery Division, before Ferguson, J.

Gunn v. Cain.—Judgment in action tried at Belleville. Action to obtain possession of certain premises beneath the surface containing iron ore granted to one Machar by the defendants, and assigned to the plaintiff, and for the declaration of the plaintiff's rights. Judgment for the plaintiff, but only for the declaration of the plaintiff's title to the ore, and no other relief. The plaintiff to pay the defendant's costs. Machar (Kingston) for the plaintiff. Burdett Belleville) and Wallbridge (Belleville) for defendant.

EXTRAORDINARY LICENSE.

"It seems to me," remarked one of our citizens the other day, "that physicians are allowed extraordinary license in the manner in which they juggle with the welfare of their patients."

"Now here is Dr.—— who was attending Mr.—— up to the time of his death, and if he treated him for one thing he treated him for a dozen different disorders. First the doctor said pneumonia was the trouble; then it was consumption. Then the patient was dosed for heart trouble, and so on until just before he died it was ascertained that disease of the kidneys was the real trouble, and that which had been at first treated as pneumonia, consumption, heart disease, etc., were but the symptoms of kidney disease.

"But then it was too late.

"This is only one case in a hundred, and I am beginning to lose faith in the doctors altogether. In fact I haven't had any need for their services since I began to keep Warner's Safe Cure in my house, a little over three years ago. Whenever I feel a little out of sorts I take a few doses of it, confident that the source of all disease is in the kidneys, which I know Warner's Safe Cure will keep in good order, and will eradicate any disease that may be lurking there. Had Mr.—— followed a similar course, I have no doubt that he would be alive today; but of course all people don't think alike.

"One thing is certain, however, and that is the doctors are allowed a little too much freedom in the way they have of pretending to know that which they really know nothing about. If they don't know what is the real trouble with the patient, they should admit it and not go on and experiment at the cost of the patient's life."

The Jesuits.

A Lecture Delivered by the Rev. Father Chiniquy.

A large audience gathered at the Opera House last evening for the purpose of listening to a lecture by the Rev. Father Chiniquy. The rev. gentleman is now nearly 80 years of age, but is still vigorous and healthy and has lost none of his abilities as a lecturer.

Seated on the platform were the Rev. Messrs. Whalley, Dingman and Bowen, and Mr. Wm Johnson, who acted as chairman. Rev. Mr. Whalley opened the proceedings by offering up a prayer.

The chairman then asked the audience which they would prefer the lecturer to speak on, the Jesuit question or the subject which had been published, namely, Nuns and the Nunnery. The audience were unanimous in their wish for the former subject. The chairman briefly introduced the lecturer, with a reference to his well known career.

The Rev'd gentleman was received with cheers. He came, he said, not as a politician, but as a christian man. To-day our country is troubled about the Jesuit question. It is a solemn and difficult question, and one which required much time to discuss. He wished to consider them as teachers, and the nature of their teachings. The Jesuits are considered the best teachers in the church of Rome, and she desires that her children should be taught by them. The Jesuits understood by the word education, that they must go to school for the purpose of paralysing their intelligence and become as idiots, to put as it were fetters on their conscience. It is almost impossible to believe that there is a class of teachers whose object it is to enchain the intelligence and kill it, yet such is the fact. But they are not able to succeed entirely. The church of Rome is the church of the Jesuits. The reason why the Jesuits have been driven out of England, France and other countries is because they degrade humanity. Roman Catholics have been brought to their present position by the teachings of the Jesuits. The Jesuits are not only of Rome, but are more; they are the best men in that church. He came for the purpose of telling the joy which had filled his heart for the past years since he had turned from his ways; to speak of the gift of eternal life. He broke the fetters of Rome and accepted the yoke of Christ. The Protestants, he said, were divided by three sentiments in reference to the Roman Catholic faith, namely, contempt, indifference and hatred. Neither of these should be cherished, but we should have love and charity, not love their idols but their souls. God brought the Protestants to this country because they had the gospel. Romanism is a system of idolatry which is more insulting to God than the worship of idols by the heathens. Who will convert the Roman Catholics? It is the Protestants. One hundred years ago it was said in England that the power which the French held over Canada must be wrenched from them and the braves of England followed the gallant Wolfe at Quebec. A great battle was fought and the two generals fell, but the English conquered. And the voice of Jesus says today let us go and conquer Canada, let us wrench the French people from the grasp of Rome, strike the enemy to the heart, scale the walls, do not be afraid of danger, for Christ will give us the victory. We must not do it with the sword, but with our prayers. Rome is strong because a great many Protestants are indifferent. We should send missionaries to educate the people. He knew many priests who shaken. He had seen 38,000 French Canadians converted from Rome, and 18 young men had been prepared to preach the gospel. He had also received 36 priests who had given up the church of Rome. Strike Rome with the sword of the spirit and the French Canadians will bless you.

The Rev. T. W. Bowen closed the proceedings with the benediction.

IN GUY'S (London) Hospital Reports, vol. 1, page 396, is found the statement: "Simple hypertrophy (enlargement) of the heart, especially of the left ventricle, is found without valvular incompetency. In this numerous class the cardiac is secondary (a symptom) to the renal affection." This explains why Warner's Safe Cure is effectual in cases of heart disease. It removes from the blood the kidney acid which causes the heart disease.

For the America's Cup.

Lord Dunraven has challenged for the "America's" cup. His representative will be a new cutter, the "Valkyrie," which will be 70 ft. long on the water line, 15 ft. 9 in. beam, and 11 ft. 6 in. deep. She has fittings for a centre-board, but it is not probable that the board will be used.

Do not Forget

That the next drawing of the National Colonization Lottery Co. takes place on Wednesday, April 17th. See advertisement in another column. Address—S. E. LEFEBVRE, 19 St. James street, Montreal.

SHILOH'S CURE will immediately relieve Croup, Whooping Cough and Bronchitis. Sold by D. M. Waters.

—The Chicago and All-America baseball clubs sailed on str. Adriatic from Queenstown for New York yesterday.

SHILOH'S CATARRH REMEDY—a positive cure for Catarrh, Diptheria and Canker Mouth. For sale by D. M. Waters.

—The Mimico boys, Graham and Churchill, who escaped from St. Mary's lock up, have been captured at Parkhill and sent back to the Industrial school.

THE REV. GEO H. THAYER, of Bourbon, Ind., says: 'Both myself and wife owe our lives to SHILOH'S CONSUMPTION CURE." For sale by D. M. Waters.

Our Harbor Bill.

FULL TEXT OF THE MEASURE.

An Act Respecting the Harbor of Belleville, in the Province of Ontario.

Whereas it is expedient to make better provision for the improvement and management of the harbor of Belleville, in the Province of Ontario: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:

1. The harbor of Belleville shall, for the purposes of this Act, comprise so much of the waters of the Bay of Quinte as is included in the following boundaries: commencing at a point where the boundary between the townships of Sidney and Thurlow meets the waters of the Bay of Quinte, thence easterly along the Bay of Quinte and the mouth of the Moira River, following high water mark, to the line forming the east limit of lot number seven in the first concession of the township of Thurlow, thence southerly along an imaginary line forming a prolongation of such last mentioned line, to a distance of half a mile from high water mark, thence westerly to a point on an imaginary line forming a prolongation of the said boundary between the townships of Sidney and Thurlow, and half a mile from high water mark, thence northerly along the said imaginary line to the place of beginning.

2. The Mayor of the City of Belleville, for the time being, and two persons appointed from time to time by the Governor in Council, shall be commissioners under this Act to have the superintendence of the harbor and harbor master of the port of Belleville.

3. The harbor commissioners so appointed, or a majority of them, may from time to time appoint a fit and proper person to be harbor master for the said port of Belleville, and such harbor master may be paid out of the harbor dues hereinafter mentioned such salary not exceeding six hundred dollars per annum, as the harbor commissioners, with the approval of the Minister of Marine and Fisheries, direct.

4. The commissioners and harbor master appointed under this Act shall be under the control of the Minister of Marine and Fisheries, to whom they shall respectively furnish a report in writing and on oath, on or as soon as possible after the thirty first day of December in each year, of their doings in office, and of the moneys received and expended by them.

5. The said commissioners may, from time to time, with the consent of the Governor in Council, make, repeal or amend rules and regulations defining the rights, powers and duties of the harbor master of the said port, and the use, management and government of the said harbor; and by such rules and regulations they may impose reasonable penalties, not in any case exceeding one hundred dollars, for any breach of such rules and regulations, with, in the case of continuing breach thereof, a further penalty not exceeding ten dollars, for every twelve hours during which such breach continues, but so that no such rule or regulation shall impose a minimum penalty; and every breach of any such rule or regulation shall be deemed an offence against this Act, and every such penalty shall be held to be a penalty imposed by this Act.

6. The said commissioners shall place and maintain the necessary buoys and beacons in and for the said harbor.

7. The harbor master shall collect the rates and dues hereinafter mentioned, and shall prosecute every person who violates any rule or regulation made under this Act, and the harbor commissioners shall see that such prosecutions are brought and effectively conducted.

8. The harbor commissioners may impose, levy and collect on all goods, wares, merchandise and chattels shipped on board or landed from any vessel or other craft within the limits of the harbor, and upon logs, timber, pine, cedar, and railway ties passing down the River Moira through or into the harbor, or placed in the waters of the harbor in any manner whatsoever, and on all vessels or craft entering the harbor, the rates and dues set forth in the schedule to this Act; and until payment of such rates and dues the harbor commissioners shall have a lien on the goods, wares, merchandise, and chattels, in respect of which such rates and dues are payable and may detain the same, as also the vessel on which they are shipped or from which they are landed, and likewise any vessel or craft liable for the payment of any rates and dues under this Act, until the same are paid in full; and the lien in this section mentioned may be enforced by sale, after reasonable notice, by public auction of the article in respect of which the rates or dues have not been paid, ten days after such rates and dues have become payable:

The harbor commissioners, with the consent of the Governor in Council, may, from time to time, vary or add to the tariff of rates and dues set forth in the schedule to this Act, but no such variation or addition shall have force or effect until it has been published in the *Canada Gazette*.

9. The harbor commissioners shall expend so much of the moneys collected by the harbor master as hereinbefore provided, as remains after the payment of the salary of the harbor master and after making provision in respect of the payment of the principal and interest of any loan effected under the provisions of the next following section and defraying the necessary expenses of the maintenance and repairs of the said harbor, buoys, beacons and other appurtenances, in improving the said harbor and its appurtenances, in such manner and according to such plan as may be suggested by them, and approved by the Minister of Marine and Fisheries.

10. The harbor commissioners from time to time, with the approval of the Governor in Council, may raise money by way of loan from any person to any amount not exceeding in the whole the sum of twenty thousand dollars to be used for the purpose of improving the said harbor and may give their bonds or debentures or other securities therefor, payable at any time not exceeding twenty years, with interest thereon at a rate not exceeding six per centum per annum; which said bonds or debentures or other securities shall be a charge upon and payable out of the revenues of the said harbor after payment of the salary of the harbor master.

11. Nothing in this Act contained shall affect any existing contract or agreement heretofore entered into by the corporation of the city of Belleville, in respect of the use of the said harbor or any booms therein, but the harbor commissioners holding office under this Act shall be substituted for the said corporation as respects the said contracts or agreements.

12. The Act passed in the thirty-third year of Her Majesty's reign, chaptered forty six and intituled "*An Act to authorize the town of Belleville to impose and collect harbor dues, and for other purposes*" and the Act passed in the forty-second year of Her Majesty's reign, chapter fifty one, amend ing the said Act, are hereby repealed.

SCHEDULE.

	Cents.
Flour and oatmeal, per brl	1
Corn meal, per 100 lbs	2
Grain, per bushel	0½
Salt, per brl	2
Plaster and water lime, per brl	4
Beer, brandy, wines, vinegar, coal oil or benzine, per brl	3
Pot and pearl ash, per brl	5
Fish, per brl	2
Fruit (green) per brl	2
Fruits, baskets and boxes, each	2
Potatoes and other roots, per bushel	0½
Lumber, per M	5
Logs, each	0 7-16
Floats, each	1
Railway ties, each	0¼
Jois, each	0¼
Cedar posts, 14 ft. long, each	0¼
do over 14 ft. long, each	0⅜
Square timber, per stick	5
Shingles, per M	3
Staves, per M	10
Bolts, per cord	10
Wood, per cord	5
Laths, per bundle	0½
Brick, per M	5
Cut or dressed stone, per ton	5
Pork and beef, per brl	3
Butter and lard, per firkin or tub	0½
Cheese, per box	0½
Reaping and threshing machines, each	50
Smut machines and fanning mills, each	12½
Wool and sheep skins, per ton	25
Bran, shorts and canaille, per ton	25
Nails, bar, wrought, scrap, hoop, pig and railway iron, steel, castings, tin, Canada boiler plate, crockery, pitch, resin, rags, grindstones, sugar, molasses, syrups, dry fish, coal, salt in bags and all other merchandise not herein mentioned, per ton	10
Furniture, per cart load	10
Buggies, sleighs, waggons, each	25
Fruit and ornamental trees, per bundle	5
do do per box	20
Horses, each	25
Horned cattle, each	12½
Sheep and swine, each	4
Steamers over seventy five tons, each time of calling	50
Schooners and barges, under seventy-five tons, each time of calling	25
Schooners and barges, from seventy-five to one hundred tons, each time of calling	50
Schooners and barges, over one hundred tons, each time of calling	75
Marble and plaster stone, per ton	6

THE VICTIMS BURIED.

Mrs. Harvey and Her Two Daughters Laid at Rest at Guelph

GUELPH, March 28.—There is still great excitement in the city over the triple murder committed by W. H. Harvey on Tuesday. The three unfortunate victims, Mrs. Harvey, Lillian Mary and Geraldine Harvey, were buried this afternoon and this perhaps stirred up excitement and interest in the sad tragedy. The family was held in high esteem by the whole city, and the public schools were closed at noon as a mark of respect to the dead. The funeral was announced to leave the residence on Woolwich-street at 2.30, p.m. Long before that hour hundreds of people lined the thoroughfare between the house and St. George's Church and there must have been upwards of 3000 at the church when the cortege arrived. The crowd was so anxious to get a glimpse of the corpses that it was with dificulty that the police force could keep them back. When the doors of the sacred edifice were thrown open a great rush was made and every pew was soon filled. Hundreds could not gain admittance, and stood around the street until the church services were concluded. The floral tributes were numerous and handsome. On Mrs. Harvey's casket was placed a large wreath from St. James' Cricket Club, Toronto, together with a basket of flowers, calla lilies and other offerings from St. George's Church congregation, Guelph. On Miss Harvey's was a floral pillow, "In loving remembrance from the Communicants' Guild of St. George's church," floral cross from the Bible Association of St. George's church, lilies and cut flowers from friends in the congregation. On Miss Geraldine Harvey's casket lay a floral wreath from "Frances, Helen, Kenny and Frankie," schoolmates, together with numerous cut flowers from her playmates.

The pall bearers were as follows:

For Mrs. Harvey—Wm. Reynolds, Geo. Murton, Geo. Elliott, E. Morris, J. Hallett and J. W. Saunders.

For Lilian—W. M. Stanley, A. E. Lyon, Jas. Davidson and A. Smith.

For Geraldine—H Taylor, G. Taylor, Frank Lace and H. Murton.

The full service of the Church of England was conducted by Ven. Archdeacon Dixon and Rev. Geo. A. Harvey. All the members of the choir were present and the musical portion was particularly impressive and sad.

The Inquest Resumed.

GUELPH, March 28—At 4.30 the inquest was again gone on with to-day. After examining Detective Inspector Stark of Toronto and the telegraph messenger from Toronto, and the livery men from Galt and Hespeler from whom Harvey procured horses to drive to Harrisburg, the hearing was adjourned until Tuesday, April 2, at 7.30 p.m.

Harvey has not yet spoken a word, and has taken only a little soup after threatening to use force and compel him to take it. He is very weak and sat all day with his head bowed low.

DEATH OF "CLUTCH" DONOHUE.

The Old Fort Erie Hotelkeeper and ex-Convict Ends His Days in the Hospital.

KINGSTON, March 28.—John Donohue, better known as "Clutch," died this morning at l'Hotel Dieu. He had been a convict in the penitentiary for some time, but last Friday was pardoned and released as death was imminent from a blood disease that manifested itself in ulcerating sores all over the body. He was sentenced at Welland in 1885 for larceny and receiving stolen money. He was healthy until recently when the disease began gradually to develop and about five weeks ago he was compelled to go to the prison hospital. His wife was sent for and she remained with him until death.

When taken from the penitentiary Donohue brightened up and it was thought that he would recover. Once he made a strong effort to get up on his feet, but the effort was so exhausting that he speedily gave up the attempt. He died quite penitent. His remains will be removed to Fort Erie for burial.

Donohue for years kept a fine hotel at Fort Erie, Ont., still conducted by his wife. He was accused of having committed a robbery in the States and with the proceeds purchased the hotel business. The United States Express Company on three different occasions tried to recover the money or property, but Donohue defeated them each time.

Death of Dean Howard.

MONTREAL, March 28.—Dr. R. P. Howard, Dean of the Medical Faculty of McGill University, and one of the most distinguished medical men on this continent, died this morning. Dr. Howard was born in Montreal in 1823. He was appointed Professor of Clinical Medicine of McGill University in 1856, and on the death of Dr. Holmes in 1860 he succeeded to the chair of medicine, which he has since held.

Death of Col. Streatfeild.

OTTAWA, March 28.—A private telegram received in the city says that Col. Streatfeild, father of Mrs. Colville, wife of Captain the Hon. C. R. Colville, military secretary to the Governor-General, died to-day in London.

The Death of Tommy Smith.

DETROIT, March 28.—Tommy Smith, who 12 years ago was considered one of the best professional baseball players in the country, died to-day at St. Mary's Hospital of consumption.

Smith was an old Guelph boy and in 1876 and 1877 he was shortstop for the Maple Leafs of Guelph. Fred Goldsmith, Pete Hotaling, Phil Powers and Charlie Maddock, who afterwards won fame in the Association and National League, were members of the same team. Afterwards he played with the Tecumsehs of London, Syracuse Stars and several Eastern teams. He fell into dissipated ways and gradually lost his grip. Three years ago he made firm resolve to reform and his old friend Harry Spence of the Indianapolis League team signed him but his bad habits came back to him and he was soon dropped. For two years past he has been tending bar in Detroit. His remains will be taken to London.

A NASAL INJECTOR free with each bottle of Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. Price 50 cents. Sold by D. M. Waters.

It is said the pending action for breach of promise between Miss Phyllis Broughton, the burlesque actress, and Viscount Dargan has been compromised for £50,000.

AN INACTIVE or Torpid Liver, must be aroused and all bile removed. Burdock Pills are best for old or young.

—Mr. Kirkpatrick's reciprocity in wrecking bill has been thrown out by the Senate, which voted the six months' hoist by 34 to 26. Messrs. Flint and Read voted with the majority.

NO MORE TROUBLE.

Tender Feet, or Troublesome Corns, need no longer bother you when you can get a comfortable Boot or Shoe for so reasonable a price at the noted One Price Boot and Shoe establishment of

HAINES & LOCKETT.

☞ Large assortment of TRUNKS and VALISES always in stock.
☞ Branch Houses at Kingston and Trenton.

--MADE TO MEASURE !--

Ladies' Tailor-made Jackets! A fine assortment of Cloths, and made in the finest style of the art, far superior to Imported Jackets and much lower in price.

J. W. MINOR, TAILOR.

J. HENNESSY'S
MERCHANT TAILORING HOUSE.

Halstead Needn't Pack His Grip.

WASHINGTON, March 28.—The Senate in secret session to-day discussed the nomination of Murat Halstead to be Minister to Germany. The nomination was hotly debated, the criticism of M. Halstead coming principally from the Republican side of the Chamber. Senators Ingalls and Teller led the attack upon him. A vote on the nomination resulted in its rejection, the Democrats voting solidly against it. The result of the vote on the nomination surprised Mr. Sherman, the chairman of the committee which reported it favorably. It is said that he demanded an explanation of the votes of Republican senators, threatening that if the nomination was rejected without cause he would oppose the confirmation of every other nomination that came before the Senate. Mr. Sherman moved a reconsideration. A motion to lay on the table Mr. Sherman's motion to reconsider was withdrawn and the debate on the motion to reconsider then ensued. The exact vote is said to have been 26 to 13, a number of Republicans withholding their votes and only enough voting to make the desired quorum.

Legitime Bombarding Gonaives.

NEW YORK, March 28.—A despatch from Hayti reports that Legitime's gunboats are bombarding Gonaives, one of Hyppolite's most important strongholds.

Private despatches received to-day state that Legitime has lately met with great success in the department of Lartibonite. It is reported that the army of the south has pushed north and captured the Province of Trou, directly south of Cape Haytien, where Hippolyte's headquarters are situated. Another communication received here to-day states that Legitime's gunboat Belize had captured the American steamer Delta, but released her when her identity became known. The Delta's officers after the release were paid $3000 by Legitime to carry three of his emissaries to Hippolyte's camp for the purpose of bringing about a settlement of the difficulty.

The Selkirks as a Hunting Ground.

In the paper which the Rev. W. Spotswood Green read before the Royal Geographical Society recently on Explorations in the Glacier Regions of the Selkirk Range, British Columbia, in 1888, the following reference is made to the animal life of this section of Canadian mountainous country:—

Bears of at least three species wander in the valleys of the Selkirks; the black, the cinnamon, and the silver-tip, as the variety of grizzly is called. They are very numerous; almost every day we came upon their tracks; but they are so shy, and the cover is so dense, that we never got a shot at one. Mountain goats in the more unfrequented valleys are numerous, and so little used to man that on one occasion, when we were at breakfast, one of them walked right into our camp and stood inspecting us at five yards' distance; only for the red glow of the sun, rising through smoke of forest fires, I might have had his photograph. Cariboo are to be found in the lower ranges, but we never met any.

The heaps of boulders above the forest region form a refuge for a variety of animals—the hoary marmot, measuring about 3 feet long, being the commonest and most useful from a commissariat point of view. This creature gives a loud shrill whistle; so wierd does it sound in these solitudes, that it returns to one's ears as an inseparable memory of the Selkirk valleys. The swellel is a strange beast; it, too, lives beneath the boulder heaps, and it has the most wonderful fancy for collecting flowers. One day when we were ascending a glacier moraine my cousin said to me, "Some one has been here before," I said, "Impossible!" but was utterly puzzled by finding a bouquet of flowers plucked, with their stems neatly together, just as though some child had laid them down. Soon afterwards we found similar bouquets at the burrows of these animals. What their particular objects in collecting flowers is, it is difficult to understand—making hay for winter use, I have seen suggested. Mountain rats, chipmunks, little chief hares, and other creatures, are also common in these regions, rendering caches of provisions useless tinned meats alone are hidden. My Alpine rope was nibbled up into little bits in one night; and on another occasion some beast gnawed a hole through the tent while we were asleep, and ate the bread which I was using for a pillow. A skin I hung up to dry on the tent-rope had vanished, and the scampering of little feet up and down the outside the tent commenced every night the moment we retired to rest.

Birds are decidedly scarce; grouse of at least three speices are the most frequent, and are an important help to the commissariat. The last animal I shall name is the mosquito. In July it was a "terror;" in August it had vanished from the higher levels.

How to Preserve Pianos.

It is remarkable how very oddly people proceed about taking care of their pianos—from sheer ignorance. It is a popular notion that pianos ought to be kept very dry. Nothing could be more fallacious. Pianos are not nearly affected so much by heat or cold as they are by dryness, but, reversely, also by dampness. It is not generally known that the sounding-board—the life of a piano—is forced into the case, when it is made so tightly that it bulges up in the centre, or has a "belly," as it is called by pianoforte makers, on the same principle as a violin. The wood is supposed to be as dry as possible, but, of course, it contains some moisture, and gathers more on damp days and in handling. Now, when a piano is put into an over-heated, dry room, all this moisture is dried out, and the board loses its "belly," and gets flabby, and cracks. Even if it does not crack, the tone loses its resonance, and grows thin and tinny, the felt cloth and leather used in the action dry up, and the whole machine rattles. Now, how to prevent this. Nothing is easier. Keep a growing plant in your room, and as long as your plant thrives, your piano ought to, or something is wrong with it. It should be noted how much more water will have to be poured into the flower-pot in the room where the piano is than in any other room. In America it is the practice to keep a large vase or urn with a sopping wet sponge in it near or under the piano, and keep it moistened. This is kept up all the time the fires are on. —Iron.

BELLEVILLE, Jan'y 15th, 1889.

H. BULL, ESQ.,

DEAR SIR,—I have tried the Bell Piano of Guelph, Ont., thoroughly and must say without any hesitation whatever, that they are the best instruments in the market. The tone is sonorous and powerful and of that beautiful singing quality so much admired, likewise the mechanism is very perfect and elastic. Take them altogether I have not heard their equal.

JOHN H. PHILLIPS,
Piano tuner, etc.,
Napanee, Ont.

H. BULL, AGENT.

IMPERIAL
CREAM TRADE MARK TARTAR
BAKING
POWDER
PURIEST, STRONGEST, BEST,
CONTAINS NO
Alum, Ammonia, Lime, Phosphates,
OR ANY INJURIOUS SUBSTANCE.
E. W. GILLETT, TORONTO, ONT. CHICAGO, ILL.
MANUFACTURER OF
THE CELEBRATED ROYAL YEAST CAKES.

NEW COLLARS
—AT—
--FISH'S.--

ROYAL TOP,
TOP ROYAL,
THE HARRISON,
THURMAN COLLARS

are the newest out. New Neckwear, elegant patterns. See our new Shirts.

A. E. FISH & CO.,
The noted Shirt Makers and Gents' Furnishers, 260 Front St.

REQUISITION!

PUBLIC MEETING.

BELLEVILLE, March 27th, 1889.

To His Worship the Mayor.

WE the undersigned petitioners respectfully request you to call a public meeting for

Friday Evening, 29th Inst.,

at the hour of 8 o'clock in the

CITY HALL,

for the purpose of considering the report of the Committee recommending the granting of aid to and inducing the establishing of manufacturing industries in the City of Belleville.

Geo. D. Dickson,
Allan T. Petrie,
C. F. Smith,
S. S. Lazier,
Jas. Brown,
A. N. Pringle,
A. Robinson,
Jas. Cummins,
Jos. McCormack,
John Fenn,
Thos. Ritchie,
W. N. Ponton,
G. S. Tickell,
J. W. Johnson,
L. W. Yeomans,
Jas. Macoun,
Jas. St. Charles,
D. Collins,
John Brenton,
S. B. Smith,
Walter Alford, and others

In compliance with the request of the above citizens I, W. Jeffers Diamond, Mayor of the City of Belleville hereby call a PUBLIC MEETING of the citizens to be held in the City Hall on Friday evening, March 29th inst. at 8 o'clock, for the purpose above set out.
Dated March 27th 1889.

VETERINARY.

T. PURVIS, Veterinary Surgeon, Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College, Toronto, Member of Ontario Vet. Society. Office, rooms formerly occupied by Dr. Douglas, Front St. References—J. P. W & Son, and Ed. Rooney, Prescott. 263d&wtf

MAPLE SYRUP,
CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S MARMALADE.
CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S PICKLES.
CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S JAMS.
MILD CURED HAMS,
PURE LARD.
GARDEN SEEDS.
FINE BLACK TEA.

A. KNOX.

FIRE! FIRE!!

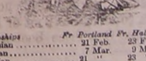
I AM offering for sale at the Central Wood Yard, near the Foot Bridge, a large quantity of hard and mixed wood, cut and uncut. Also a quantity of dry pine wood, cut and uncut, which I will sell cheap and deliver to any part of the city free of charge.

EDWARD NEWMAN

SPENCERIAN STEEL PENS
Are the Best,
IN THE ESSENTIAL QUALITIES OF
Durability, Evenness of Point, and Workmanship.
Works: Birmingham, England.
Sold by the leading Stationers.

WINTER SERVICE.

---ALLAN LINE----



Steamships	Fr Portland	Fr. Halifax
Polynesian	21 Feb.	23 Feb.
Sardinian	7 Mar.	9 Mar.
Circassian	21 "	23 "
Parisian	4 April	6 April
Polynesian	18 "	20 "
Sardinian	2 May	4 May

Circassian from Quebec May 10th.

The steamers from Portland via Halifax call at Londonderry on their passage to and from Liverpool, to embark and land mails and passengers.

The steamers from Halifax via St. Johns, Nfd., call at Queenstown on their passages to and from Britain.

Steamers leave Portland on arrival of train leaving Belleville Wednesday noon, and Halifax on arrival of train leaving Belleville Thursday noon.

Passengers proceeding by steamers calling at St. Johns, Nfd., will leave Belleville on Friday noon train.

RATES OF OCEAN PASSAGE:

Cabin, $50.00, $65.00 and $75.00 according to accommodation. Intermediate, $30.00. Steerage, $20.00. Return Tickets, Cabin, $100, $125.00, $150.00. Intermediate, $60.00. Steerage $40.00.

Steerage passangers are booked to and from Queenstown, Derry, Belfast, London and Glasgow at same rates as Liverpool.

Intermediate passangers are forwarded to and from Glasgow and Liverpool by rail without extra charge.

CABIN PASSENGERS

are supplied with a very liberal table, and everything necessary except wines and liquors, which can be had on board at moderate prices.

Each passanger is allowed twenty cubic feet of baggage free.

THE INTERMEDIATE

Superior accommodation is offered in the INTERMEDIATE, which in every respect is equal to what is called Second Cabin in some lines sailing from New York.

The Intermediate Cabins on all our ships are well situated, perfectly ventilated and are entirely distinct from the Steerage. Steward and Stewardesses to each vessel. Passangers in the Intermediate are found with everything.

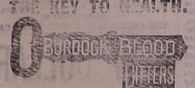
THE STEERAGES

are large and exceedingly well lighted and ventilated, are fitted up in rooms, each passanger having a separate sleeping berth. A Stewardess s appointed to each steamer.

For tickets and all information apply to

U. E. THOMPSON,
General Ticket Agent,
Bridge St. Belleville.

THE KEY TO HEALTH.



Unlocks all the clogged avenues of the Bowels, Kidneys and Liver, carrying off gradually without weakening the system, all the impurities and foul humors of the secretions; at the same time Correcting Acidity of the Stomach, curing Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Headaches, Dizziness, Heartburn, Constipation, Dryness of the Skin, Dropsy, Dimness of Vision, Jaundice, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Scrofula, Fluttering of the Heart, Nervousness and General Debility; all these and many other similar Complaints yield to the happy influence of BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS.

Sample Bottles 10c; Regular size $1.

For sale by all dealers.

T. MILBURN & CO., Proprietors, Toronto

Manufacturers Life & Accident INSURANCE COMPANIES.

Combined authorized capital	$3,000,000
Combined subscribed capital	739,700
Combined cash capital	150,760
Combined insurance received (1888)	9,575,525

President—Sir John A. Macdonald.

Vice Presidents { Geo. Gooderham, Esq., William Bell, Esq.

Secretary and Treasurer—J. L. Kerr, Esq.

Managers for Eastern Ontario, Peterboro—Wilson & Morrison.

R. CROFT HULME
Agent, Belleville.

Agents wanted.

This Company wrote the largest amount of new business of any company in Canada in 1888. It has the largest capital and the strongest Board of Directors of any company in the Dominion.

ARMBRECHT'S

TONIC COCA WINE

FOR FATIGUE OF MIND AND BODY AND SLEEPLESSNESS.

"Experience and scientific analysis reveal to us in Coca the most tonic plant in the Vegetable Kingdom."—*Manuel Fuentes.*

"It (Coca) is, in a word, the most powerful restorer of the vital forces."—*Dr Schmidt.*

ARMBRECHT'S COCA WINE, though more tonic in its properties than Iron or Quinine,

NEVER CONSTIPATES.

See Medical Reviews. For sale by leading druggists throughout the world.

ARMBRECHT, NELSON & CO.
2 Duke St., Grosvenor Sq.,
LONDON.

Pond - Lily - Cream.

A delightful Toilet article. Not a face paint or powder; does not cover over but cures. Used in connection with Pond Lily Liver Pellets and Pond Lily Soap most effectually and positively removes Pimples, Freckles, Tan, Black Specks, Blotches, allays all irritation after shaving, or any itchiness of the skin from whatever cause and all roughness from the face, hands, neck and arms, leaving them beautifully white and velvety. Sold by wholesale dealers and druggists everywhere. Pond Lily Cream, 25 cents; Pond Lily Liver Pellets, 25 cents; Pond Lily Skin Soap, 15 cents S. PERRIN, Chemist, Manufacturer and Proprietor for Canada.

PILES! PILES! PILES!

Dr. William's Indian Pile Ointment is a sure cure for Blind, Bleeding or Itching Piles. No one need suffer. Prepared for Piles only. It never fails to cure. Sold by druggists for $1.00, or mailed on receipt of price. WILLIAMS M'F'G Co., Cleveland, Ohio.

Important to Workingmen.

Artizans, mechanics and laboring men are liable to sudden accidents and injuries, as well as painful cords, stiff joints and lameness. To all thus troubled we would recommend Hagyard's Yellow Oil, the handy and reliable pain cure for outward or internal use.

Give Them a Chance ?

That is to say, your lungs. Also all your breathing machinery. Very wonderful machinery it is. Not only the larger air-passages, but the thousands of little tubes and cavities leading from them.

When these are clogged and choked with matter which ought not to be there, your lungs cannot half do their work. And what they do they cannot do well.

Call it cold, cough, croup, pneumonia, catarrh, consumption or any of the family of throat and nose and lung obstructions, all are bad. All ought to be got rid of. There is just one sure way to get rid of them. That is to take Boschee's German Syrup, which any druggist will sell you at 75 cents a bottle. Even if everything else has failed you, you may depend upon this for certain.

A Feeble Failure.

Many persons become feeble and fail in health and disease of the blood, liver, kidneys and stomach when prompt use of Burdock Blood Bitters, the grand purifying and regulating tonic, would quickly regulate every bodily function and restore to perfect health.

FEVER AND AGUE AND BILIOUS DERANGEMENTS are positively cured by the use of Parmelee's Pills. They not only cleanse the stomach and bowels from all bilious matter, but they open the excretory vessels, causing them to pour copious effusions from the blood into the bowels, after which the corrupted mass is thrown out by the natural passage of the body. They are used as a general family medicine with the best results.

To lessen mortality and stop the inroads of disease, use Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and Dyspeptic Cure. For all diseases arising from Impure Blood, such as Pimples, Blotches, Biliousness, Indigestion, etc., etc., it has no equal. Mrs. Thomas Smith, Elm, writes: "I am using this medicine for Dyspepsia; I have tried many remedies, but this s the only one that has done me any good."

Nothing so suddenly obstructs the perspiration as sudden transitions from heat to cold. Heat rarifies the blood, quickens the circulation and increases the perspiration, but when these are suddenly checked the consequences must be bad. The most common cause of disease is obstructed perspiration, or what commonly goes by the name of catching cold. Coughs, colds, sore throat, etc, if attended to in time are easily subdued, but allowed to run their own course, generally prove the fore-runner of more dangerous diseases. Nine-tenths of the consumptives date their affliction from a neglected cold, and the diseases that are caused by wet feet, damp clothes, or exposure are more numerous than are generally supposed. One of the most efficacious medicines for all diseases of the throat and lungs is Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup. It promotes a free and easy expectoration, which frees the lungs from viscid phlegm by changing he secretions from a diseased to a healthy stat

Rest and Comfort to the Suffering.

"Brown's Household Panacea" has no equa for relieving pain, both internal and externa It cures Pain in the Side, Back or Bowels, Sore Throat, Rheumatism, Toothache, Lumbago and any kind of a Pain or Ache. "It will most surely quicken the Blood and Heal, as its acting power is wonderful." "Brown's Household Panacea," being acknowledged as the great Pain Reliever, and of double the strength of any other Elixir or Liniment in the world, should be in every family handy for use when wanted, "as it really is the best remedy in the world for Cramps in the Stomach, and Pains and Aches of all kinds," and is for sale by all Druggists at 25 cts a bottle.

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, *Station New York City.*

DUNN'S BAKING POWDER

THE COOK'S BEST FRIEND

EXHAUSTED VITALITY.

THE SCIENCE OF LIFE, the great Medical Work of the age on Manhood, Nervous and Physical Debility, Premature Decline, Errors of Youth, and the untold miseries consequent thereon, 360 pages 8 vo., 125 prescriptions for all diseases. Cloth, full gilt, only $1, by mail, sealed. Illustrative sample free to all young and middle aged men. Send now. The Gold and Jewelled Medal awarded to the author by the National Medical Association. Address P. O. Box 1895, Boston, Mass., or Dr. W. H. PARKER, graduate of Harvard Medical College, 25 years' practice in Boston, who may be consulted confidentially. Specialty, Diseases of Men. Office, No. 4, Bulfinch Street,

NERVOUS DEBILITY.

NERVOUS DEBILITY, EXHAUSTING, Vital Drains (caused by early indiscretions), effectually cured. Syphilitic affections and all bad blood and skin diseases arising there from thoroughly eradicated. Varicocele cured without operation. Impotence, or premature decline of the manly powers, and all diseases of the genito-urinary organs a specialty. It makes no difference who has failed to cure you. Skill and experience important. A friendly letter or call may save you a great deal of misery and add years to your life. Consultation FREE. Medicines sent to any address. DR. REEVE, 337 Jarvis St., Toronto. 59d&w1y

RUPTURE

The last 25 years I have adjusted more Trusses than any man in America. Valuable Patents, my own invention, in Trusses, Spinal and Club Feet Instruments.

Rupture—I will guarantee to hold largest Rupture without touching your hip, no straps whatsoever, waterproof. Largest stock of general Trusses, also the great Cluthe Spiral Trusses in stock. Reliable system for ORDERING BY MAIL.

Spinal Instruments half the weight of other makes and more effective.

CLUB FEET I claim the only mechanical system to straighten born Club Feet (Patented.) I will prove to anybody that operation never did nor can straighten Club Feet. Send 6 cent stamps for Book.

CHAS. CLUTHE, 118 King St. W., Toronto.

CHAS CLUTHE,

of 118 King St West, Toronto, Ontario, will be at the QUEEN'S HOTEL, BELLEVILLE, Saturday, JUNE 1st. Call early and avoid disappointment. No FAILURE. Will hold the most OBSTINATE cases of RUPTURE WITH EASE AND COMFORT.

-----NEW-----

Sugar Cured Hams, Breakfast Bacon, Finnan Haddies, Boneless Codfish, New Walnuts, New Filberts, S. S. Almonds, Loose Muscatel Raisins, Black Basket Raisins, London Layer Raisins, Buckwheat Flour, Selfraising Buckwheat Flour, Roll Butter, Fresh Eggs

AT A. WALLACE'S.

Daily Intelligencer.

RIGHTED AT LAST.

A STORY OF NEW ENGLAND LIFE.

> A child of our grandmother Eve, a female;
> Or, for thy more sweet understanding, a woman.
> *Love's Labor Lost.*

---o---

It was a weary task that I had assumed, rendered still more so by the terror and grief of Mrs. Joyce. Little Jenny tried to keep up a brave heart, and Dr. Clark was attentive and kind, but, next to God, my chief help and support was Mr. Annesley. Not content with sending up every thing needful for our comfort, he would persist in coming himself, daily, in spite of my entreates and commands, which I did not fail to urge, though I could not repress a feeling of pleasure at the sight of his face and the grasp of his hand. His manner was frank and cordial, a little imperious at times, when I crossed him, but that did not trouble me, and it was a rare pleasure for me to listen to his conversation. His mind was original, vigorous, and highly cultivated; and I think the conversations, at first begun to amuse and interest me, during my moments of leisure, were often continued as much for his own pleasure as mine; for he possessed the rare faculty of being able to communicate his ideas and present objects clearly and vividly, and he seemed to take pleasure in describing, to one so unsophisticated as myself, the strange countries he had visited, and opening to me glimpses of a world so different from mine. Then, he was so gentle and patient with the sick ones, so careful of their wants, that I often wondered if he was indeed the same person as the impatient, some times exacting, master of Highcliff.

On the morning of the sixth day, old Alice ceased to breathe. I think, for a half hour before she died, she was fully conscious, but unable to speak, happy in the knowledge that her master's child would close her eyes.

'True friend and faithful servant!' said Mr. Annesley, as we stood by her grave that night, after the few men who had assisted at her interment had departed. 'If Philip Cavendish left a child, as she believed, this spot shall be to her sacred ground.'

From that day, the symptoms of the boy seemed more favorable, and the contest between Mr. Annesley's will and my sense of right began again. He would have me go *home* immediately. Had he known the magic power of that word uttered by his lips, he might have spared me the temptation. But I was firm, and he went away annoyed, and even angry. He did not return for two days, and the time passed heavily indeed. I knew, then, how much I had relied on him; but on the third day, he came up with Dr. Clark, and brought me a note from Miss Annesley, saying: 'Read this, and disobey at your peril!'

It was a request for me to come home. If I felt that there was still any danger, I might have the east bedroom, which was quite away from the rooms usually occupied by the family, though Ralph and the doctor assured her that the critical period for me was passed. Jane had offered to take care of me, if I should be ill, and she should feel much less anxious if I were at home, than if I remained with Joyce, where Ralph was sure that I could not feel comfortable.

It was like my kind mistress, but I felt the impetus had been given by another mind, and I suppose my face had expressed something of my thought, for when I looked up from my note, Mr. Annesley was watching me, and said, smiling:

'Ask Clark here, yourself, Miss Lina. Then, if you believe not Moses and the prophets, I shall use my authority as patriarch of the family, and take you by force. These old Jewish laws worked admirably in some cases.'

The doctor laughed, and reaffirmed his opinion as stated by Miss Annesley. He thought the disease would have shown itself before, had I taken it; he had faith in the precaution which I had taken. I had best keep quiet for a day or two, and get rested; he should look in and see me, etc.

Miss Annesley had had the forethought to send me a fesh suit of clothing. My toilet was soon made, and, breaking from the widow and little Jenny, whom Mr. Annesley promised should not be left long alone, I found myself suddenly lifted into the carriage and driven at a rapid pace over what was to me a new and circuitous road to Highcliff. Our drive was a silent one, for my companion seemed occupied with his own thoughts, and I was too busy recalling the ride I had taken with him ten years before, to disturb him, had I dared to do so. The day was rather chilly for the season, or seemed so to me, and once or twice he turned to ask me if I were cold, as the wind swept over the hills, or muttered a curse at his folly in not bringing another shawl.

When we drove up to the house Miss Annesley tossed me a kiss and a bouquet of flowers from her window. We passed round to the side-door that led to my new quarters, which I was glad enough to gain, the rapid motion of the carriage having made me a little sick and dizzy. I did not like to mention it to Mr. Annesley, when he came to the door to ask if I were comfortable, thinking that the cup of tea which Jane had brought, would drive it away. One thing I missed from the room, Ollie's box, and, before I dismissed Jane, I made her bring it. My ride had stirred deeply the memories of those childish days, and I had a strange longing to look at mementos it contained, before I slept. But the pictures in the 'Whale Book' grew dim before my dizzy head and aching eyes, and Mr. Annesley's boyish face in the miniature was blurred and indistinct. I remember getting up in the night for water to quench the burning thirst that consumed me, of attempting to reach the pitcher upon the table, that it slipped from my trembling hands as I grasped it, and—no more!

CHAPTER XXVI.

THE FEVER OF LOVE.

Again God is Merciful; the fever with its wild fantastic visions has left me and I lie 'clothed in my right mind,' but too weak to speak. I hear hushed voices in the room; one is strange to me, but others are those of Dr. Clark and Mr. Annesley, and often I am conscious that he stands beside me, and it is his hand that raises me while some one presses to my lips the cool and refreshing drink.

Then I miss him, for I am able to sit up, and Mary Kane, the nurse, takes the whole care of me. Presently I am able to go out at the door, and every day it is his arm that bears me out to the lounge in the vine-shadowed piazza, his arm that supports me along the garden-walks, when I am strong enough for that effort, his hand that fixes the cushions and shawls in the old arbor, and bring me fruit and flowers—his voice that reads to me, or, in a few felicitous words, brings before me the solemn grandeur of Karnac and Luxor, the wild magnificence of the Indian forests, or the polished grace and fictitious splendor of European life. I shall say little—what need?—Here is the life—the communion of which I had dreamed—a mind acute, vigorous, energetic, noble, recognizing me as its equal, appreciating my qualities, not after the utilitarian standard of Oaklawn, but for themselves, and my whole being expands under its influence, like the resurrection flower at the touch of water. Miss Annesley is at Mr. Elliot's, where he and Dr. Clark had insisted upon her going when I was taken ill, but every day she sends messages in little notes; then, one day, he drives over and brings her home, and the old life begins again. No—not the old life—it can never be the old life to me again. I am conscious of this. I know that in this sunning myself in his presence, a spark from the divine flame has fallen into my heart, which will live and glow through all my solitary life, because it is eternal. Pain it must bring, but shame, by God's help, never!

(*To be continued*).

Try to Benefit Others.

"I had a very bad pain in my side, of which one bottle of Hagyard's Yellow Oil made a complete cure. I hope that this may be of some benefit to those who read it." A. R. T. Walker, 44½ High St. City. Hagyard's Yellow Oil is a specific for all inflammatory pain.

The Loss of the Hair

Is a great misfortune and the sight of a bald head should be a warning to you to take the best possible care of your hair. A little of Dr. Dorenwend's "Hair Magic" used occasionally will prevent all chances of its falling out or turning gray, and will remove all traces of dandruff. Every druggist has it in stock. Ask for it.

A Life of Ease.

Miss Lizzie Ratcliff, writing from Falkirk, Ont., says: "I had such a cough I could not sleep and was fast going into consumption; I tried everything I could hear of without relief, but when I got Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam I soon got ease. It is the best medicine I ever tried." Lizzie Ratcliff, Falkirk, Ont.

TORONTO, March 15, 1889.

Messrs. The Lansdowne Piano Mfg. Co.,
86 York St., Toronto:

GENTLEMEN,—It affords me much pleasure to testify to the excellent qualities of your Pianos. Before I purchased a piano from you several years ago, I carefully examined many instruments by different makers in order to secure the best. I am glad to assure you that I have not been disappointed in my selection.

Your Pianos will favorably compare with any STEINWAY or CHICKERING I have yet seen, and I have no hesitation in saying that they surpass all other Canadian Pianos in breadth and richness of tone, lightness of touch, beauty of style, and especially in the bell-like quality of the treble notes.

Concluding, I wish to congratulate you upon the great success and the results you have obtained, and I am sure your Pianos will always sustain the wide reputation they have hitherto enjoyed. I remain,

Respectfully yours,
THEODORE H. A. MARTENS,
Graduate of the Leipzig University of Music.
T. DONNELLY,
Agent, Belleville

CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES

—AT THE—

City Book Store.

---o---

New Stock just received, in all the latest styles of leading American and Canadian manufacturers.

Largest assortment in the city to select from. No old goods carried over. All Carriages this year's make.

Prices extremely low.

☞Study your best interests by examining our stock.

C. B. SCANTLEBURY

REFINED CAMPHOR

Fresh from the Manufacturers, just received by

L. W. YEOMANS & CO.

Luxuriant Growths of Hair

are seen on the heads of all who use

DR. DORENWEND'S

Great German Hair Magic.

The equal of this great preparation is yet to be found. It is an unfailing restorer for Gray Hair. It stops and prevents all falling out of the hair. It removes all Dandruff and keeps the scalp clean. On Bald Heads (if there are but the faintest traces of roots) the "Magic" will produce a fine growth. Will you try it? or will you let your hair go and become prematurely old? What do you say?

All druggists, everywhere, have it for sale. Ask for it. Do not let the druggist tell you he has "something just as good." Many have dead stock of other hair tonics on hand and try to shove them off in this way.

See that each bottle bears seal and signature

A. DORENWEND,
Sole Manufacturer,
Paris Hair Works, 103 & 105 Yonge St.,
Toronto, Ontario.

☞Bangs, Frontpieces, Waves, Wigs, Switches, Gents' Wigs, Toupees and Hair Goods of all kinds are supplied by A. Dorenwend. Send to above address for circulars and prices.

BELLEVILLE POST OFFICE.

MAILS	Close	Due for Delivery.
East per G. T. R., including Maritime Provinces, and Picton	11:45 a. m. 10:00 p. m.	6:00 p. m 7:30 a. m.
West per G. T. R., including Western States, Manitoba and the North-West Territories	5.05 p.m. 10.00 p.m.	1:00 p. m. 7:30 a. m.
East and West, per G. T. R., closes on Sunday at 10 p. m.		
Marysville, Shannonville, per G. T. R	11:45 a. m.	6:00 p. m
Belleville Station, postage one cent	7.30 a. m. 5.05 p. m.	8.30 a. m. 6.00 p. m.
G'd Junction Ry., main line, including Peterboro', Stirling	10:00 p. m	5:00 p. m.
Madoc, per Grand Junction Ry, including Queensboro, Cooper, Rimington, Bridgewater, and the Flats	11:45 a. m.	5:00 p. m.
Madoc Route, per stage	1:00 p. m.	12:00 noon.
Bancroft, Coe Hill, Marmora and all offices in North Hastings per Trenton and Coe Hill Railway	5 05 p. m. 10:00 p. m.	:30 a. m.
Bridgewater Route per stage, including Stoco daily	1:00 p. m.	12:00 noon.
Moira, Phillipston, Bogart, on Monday, Wednesday and Friday	1:00 p. m.	12:00 noon.
Fuller, on Tuesday and Friday	1:00 p. m.	12:00 noon.
Wallbridge, on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
Ameliasburg Route, per stage, including Mountain View and Crofton	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
Albury on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
Sidney Crossing, Wednesday and Saturday	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
Bay Side, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
British Mails, via New York, Monday and Thursday	11:45 a. m	
" " via Halifax, Canadian line Thursday	11:45 a. m.	

Postage, 5c. per ½ oz. by each route. Registration fee, 5c.

Money Orders granted on all Money Order offices in Canada, the United Kingdom, France and Algeria, the United States, Newfoundland, Jamaica, Victoria (Australia), New South South Wales, Queensland, New Zealand Tasmania, Constantinople (Turkey), Gibraltar, Smyrna, Panama (British agency), Austria, Hungary, Belgium, China (See Hong-Kong), Denmark, including Iceland and the Faroe Islands, Danish West Indies, Dutch, East Indies, Egypt, German empire (which includes 26 States), Holland, (Netherlands), Italy, Japan, Norway, Portugal, including Madiera and the Azores, Romania, Sweden, Switzerland, British India, including Aden, Bagdad, Bandor, Abas, Bushire, Busrah, Guadur, Jask, Linga, Muscat and Zanzibar, Ceylon, Hong Kong, including Amoy, Canton, Foo Chow, Han Kow Hoi-how, Ningpo Shanghai and Swatow, North Borneo, Strait Settlements, Bermuda, Falkland Islands, South and West Africa, including Cape Colony, Gambia, Gold Coast, Lagos, Mauritius Natal, St. Helena, Seychelles Islands, Sierra, Leone, West Indies including Antignu, Bahams, Barbadoes, British Guiana, Dominica, Grenada, Honduras, (British), Montserrat, Nevis, St. Kitts, St. Lucia, St. Vincent, Tobago, Trinidad, Turk's Islands, South Australia, Western Australia, Azores Islands, Madera Islands.

Deposits received, under the regulations of the Post Office Savings' Bank, between the hours of 9 a. m. and p. m.

Registered Letters must be posted 15 minutes before the close of each mail.

Street letter boxes emptied at 10 a. m. and 8 p. m.

Office hours, 7:30 a. m. to 6:30 p. m., Sundays excepted.

FOREIGN POSTAGE.

Canada having been admitted into the Postal Union, there is a re-arrangement of Postage rates, as follows:—

For Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Iceland, Egypt, France, Algeria, Germany, Gibraltar, Great Britain and Ireland, Greece, Italy, Luxembourg, Malta, Montenegro, Netherlands, Norway, Persia, Portugal, Azores, Roumania, Russia, St. Pierre, Servia, Spain, the Canary Islands, Sweden, Switzerland and Turkey. And via United States:—Bermuda, Bahamas, Cuba, Danish Colonies of St. Thomas, St. John, St. Croix, Jamaica, Japan and Porto Rico (Newfoundland is now in the Postal Union, but rates remain as before.) Letters, 5 cents per ½ oz. Postal cards, 2 cents each. Newspapers, 2 cents for 4 oz. Registration fee, 5 cents.

For Aden, Argentine Confederation, Brazil, British Guinea, Ceylon, Greenland, French Colonies in Asia, Africa, Oceanica and America, except St. Pierre and Miquelon, Persia, Persian Gulf, Portuguese Colonies in Asia, Africa and Oceanica, Trinidad, Spanish Colonies Africa, Oceanica and America, except Cuba and Porto Rico, Straits settlements in Singapor Penang and Malacca:—Letters, 10 cents per ½ oz. Post cards, 4 cents each. Newspapers, cents for 4 oz. Books, &c., 4 cents for 4 oz. Other Registration fees, 10 cents.

West India Islands, via Halifax, same rate as formerly. Prepayment by stamp in all cases.

J. H. MEACHAM
Postmaster

---Millinery .·. Opening---

—AT—

BRIGNALL & THOMPSON'S.

Wednesday, March the 20th.

When we shall be prepared to exhibit, as usual, a magnificent stock of Imported Millinery, Mantles, Silks and Dress Materials.

BRIGNALL & THOMPSON.

--50 MORE--

NEW HANGING LAMPS put in. Prices very much below anything we ever had.

W. J. REID & CO.

California Evaporated Fruits!

NECTARINES.	PEACHES,
APRICOTS,	CHERRIES,
PRUNELLES, PLUMS,	CRYSTALIZED FIGS.

CONGER BROS.

BURDOCK ·PILLS·

SUGAR COATED

A SURE CURE

FOR BILIOUSNESS, CONSTIPATION, INDIGESTION, DIZZINESS, SICK HEADACHE, AND DISEASES OF THE STOMACH, LIVER AND BOWELS. THEY ARE MILD, THOROUGH AND PROMPT IN ACTION, AND FORM A VALUABLE AID TO BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS IN THE TREATMENT AND CURE OF CHRONIC AND OBSTINATE DISEASES.

NEW

Wall Paper!

—AT—

-S. A. LAZIER'S-
ROBERTSON'S BLOCK

October 16th

Try FROSTILLA.

---o---

It softens the roughest skin and keeps it in good condition.

It contains nothing greasy or sticky, is nicely perfumed, a lady's toilet not complete without it.

An elegant face dressing for gentlemen after shaving.

For sale at the PHARMACY,

D. M. WATERS,

Economy, Equity, Stability.

---o---

Ontario Mutual Life Assurance Co.

(ESTABLISHED 1870.)

DOMINION DEPOSIT - $100,000.

---o---

Assurances in force, Jan. 1st, 1889	$12,041,914
New Assurances written in 1888	2,518,650
Cash Income for 1888	393,074
Assets, Dec. 31st, 1888	1,313,853
Liabilities, as per Gov't Valuation	1,223,516

SURPLUS, - - $90,337.00.

The New Business for January and February of this year is MUCH GREATER than was ever before written by the Company during the same months, while, with over $12,000,000 on our books, the death losses have been very moderate.

S. BURROWS,
General Agent Ontario Mutual Life Co'y.

S. ROUGHTON, } Special Agents.
W. E. HOLTON, }

Office, Front Street, next door to Dominion Bank, Belleville.

NEW LINES

—IN—

CAKES and PASTRY.

---o---

Angel Cake, Coffee Cake, Queen Victoria, Adelaide, and a great many other varieties.

Florida Oranges, Almeria Grapes and New Figs, just received at

DICKENS.

P. S.—We would respectfully ask all retailers to drop in and see us and the large line of Candies we are offering at wholesale.

DICKENS & SON.

CALIFORNIA EVAPORATED FRUITS

---o---

NECTARINES,
APRICOTS,
PEACHES,
PLUMS.

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE
Grocers & Wine Merchants,
33 & 37 Bridge Street.

Also Front St., opp. Ritchie's

FOR MEN ONLY!

A POSITIVE CURE For LOST or FAILING MANHOOD; General and NERVOUS DEBILITY; Weakness of Body and Mind: Effects of Errors or Excesses in Old or Young. Robust, Noble MANHOOD fully Restored. How to Enlarge and Strengthen WEAK, UNDEVELOPED ORGANS & PARTS of BODY. Absolutely unfailing HOME TREATMENT—Benefits in a day. Men testify from 47 States, Territories, and Foreign Countries. You can write them. Book, full explanation, and proofs mailed (sealed) free. Address ERIE MEDICAL CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

BEFORE BUYING STOVES

Be sure to see our stock. We have in Coal Stoves the

Imperial Jewel,
Fancy Countess,
Art Favorite,
Fire King and others.

Also a great variety of RANGES and COOK STOVES, which we are selling at right prices.

C. F. SMITH & CO.
388, FRONT STREET.

S. W. BRADSHAW

Wishes to inform the citizens of Belleville that he has BOUGHT OUT THE

GROCERY

(lately occupied by Mr. Arch. Wallace,)

CORNER OF HOTEL AND ANN STREETS

where he intends to keep a full supply of the best of Groceries always fresh, and his stock of Provisions, such as Meats and Vegetables, will be especially fresh and in great variety and delivered with despatch. All orders by telephone No. 53) will be promptly delivered to any part f the city.

N. B.—Please remember Telephone No. 53.

HASTINGS LOAN AND INVESTMENT SOCIETY

BELLEVILLE, ONT.

CAPITAL $250,000

MONEY TO LOAN on Farm or City property, at lowest current rates.

Payments can be made to fall due at any season of the year to suit borrowers. No delay in obtaining the money beyond the time necessarily employed in the investigation of titles.

MORTGAGES PURCHASED.

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT.

FOUR PER CENT interest allowed on Deposits. No notice required of withdrawal

OFFICE—Robertson's Block, east side of Front Street.

Straight loans at 7 per cent. No fines. No commissions.

J. P. C. PHILLIPS,
Manager

24d&wly

J. H. MILLS,

--Merchant .·. Tailor,--

OPPOSITE GEO. RITCHIE & CO'S

THE MAGOG TEXTILE & PRINT CO.

Will offer for Spring Trade the LARGEST, CHEAPEST and MOST VARIED range of Prints ever shown, including

SPRING NOVELTIES

—OF—

LATEST PARIS DESIGNS!

Merchants will do well to see their samples before buying elsewhere. Early advice will be given when Travellers will call.

St Peter Street, · Montreal.

PARMELEE'S Asphaltic ROOF PAINT.

---o---

It will entirely stop the rusting of tin and iron roofs.

It will entirely stop the wearing away and decay of the exposed wood of shingle roofs.

It has been accepted by the City, the County, and the chief Real Estate Owners of the City.

I will be glad to give estimates of cost at any time and anywhere.

H. S. PARMELEE,
Belleville.

432,000 FIRE CRACKERS

—AT THE—

——CITY BAKERY——

Wholesale and Retail.

JAS. WALLACE.

PENNYROYAL WAFERS.

Prescription of a physician who has had a life long experience in treating female diseases. Is used monthly with perfect success by over 10,000 ladies. Pleasant, safe, effectual. Ladies ask your druggist for Pennyroyal Wafers and take no substitute, or inclose postage for sealed particulars. Sold by all druggists, $1 per box. Address THE EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., DETROIT, MICH.

FOR SALE BY D. M. WATERS.

INTELLIGENCER PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY LIMITED.

J. C. JAMIESON, President. | J. W. LONDON, Secretary

THE Treasurer is the only person authorised to receive moneys for the Company, or to grant receipts for the same.

All Bills, Notes, Cheques, and other documents binding on the Company, will require the signature of the President, in addition to that of the Treasurer.

THE INTELLIGENCER is printed and published for the INTELLIGENCER Printing and Publishing Company (Limited) by JAMES C. JAMIESON, resident in Belleville, at their Office, Front St., south of Hotel St.

COAL AND WOOD!
All Kinds. - - - Best Qualities.
CHARCOAL, CEMENTS, SALT, PLASTER, BRICK, DRAIN-TILE, TERRA COTTA.
For sale by
THE RATHBUN COMPANY.

The Daily Intelligencer.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL. 22. BELLEVILLE ONTARIO, SATURDAY MARCH 30, 1889. NO. 282

Belleville .'. shall .'. Boom!
THE RATHBUN COMPANY
—OFFER—
LUMBER, LATH, SHINGLES, &c.
SASH FACTORY GOODS
AT MODERATE PRICES.
R. C. CALHOUN, Agent.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.
TRADE MARK.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

NATIONAL COLONIZATION
LOTTERY

Under the patronage of the Rev. Father Labelle

Established in 1884, under the Act of Quebec 32 Vict., Chapt. 36, for the benefit of the Diocesan Societies of Colonization of the Province of Quebec.

Class D.—The 22nd Monthly Drawing will take place Wednesday, April the 17th, at 2 p. m.

Prizes value		$50,000 00
Capital Prize: One real estate worth		$5,000 00
1 Real Estate worth	$5,000	5,000
1 do	2 000	2,000
1 do	1,000	1,000
4 do	500	2,000
10 Real Estates	300	3,000
30 Furniture Sets	200	6,000
60 do	100	6,000
200 Gold Watches	50	10,000
1,000 Silver Watches	10	10,000
1,000 Toilet Sets	5	5,000
2,307 Prizes worth		$50,000 00

TICKETS - - $1.00

Offers are made to all winners to pay their prizes cash, less a commission of 10 p. c.

Winners' names not published unless specially authorized

Drawings on the Third Wednesday of every Month.

S. E. LEFEBVRE, Secretary,
Offices, 19 St. James street, Montreal, Can.
192d1y

CARSLAKE'S
GRAND DERBY SWEEP
$25,000.00.

1st horse (in duplicate) $3,000 each=		$6,000
2nd " " " $2,000 " "		$4,000
3rd " " " $1,000 " "		$2 000
Other starters (divided equally)		$4,000
Non-starters " "		$9,000

5000 Tickets at $5 Each.

171 Entries (in duplicate 342 horses)

Drawing June 3rd. Race June 5th, 1889.

Result of each Drawing sent to all subscribers.

Ten per cent deducted from all prizes.

Address, GEORGE CARSLAKE, Prop.,
Mansion House, 522 St. James St., Montreal.
269d6m

NEWCOMBE
PIANOFORTES
AWARDED FIRST SILVER MEDAL

WORLD'S EXPOSITION, NEW ORLEANS, U.S.A., 1884-5, in competition with the pianofortes of Europe and America. The only U.S. International Medal ever awarded to a Canadian pianoforte; also Medal and Diploma at the Colonial and Indian Exhibition, London, Eng., 1886, with the supreme honor of supplying Her Majesty the Queen with a Newcombe Grand, selected by Sir Arthur Sullivan. For Illustrated Catalogue, prices and terms,

Address Octavius Newcombe & Co.,
MANUFACTURERS
WAREROOMS, 107-109 CHURCH ST., TORONTO
FACTORY, 89 TO 97 BELLWOODS AVENUE

DRUNKENNESS
Or the Liquor Habit, Positively Cured by Administering Dr. Haines' Golden Specific.

It can be given in a cup of coffee or tea without the knowledge of the person taking it; is absolutely harmless, and will effect a permanent and speedy cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. It has been given in thousands of cases, and in every instance a perfect cure has followed. It never fails. The system once impregnated with the Specific, it becomes an utter impossibility for the liquor appetite to exist. For circular and full particulars address GOLDEN SPECIFIC CO., 185 Race St., Cincinnati, O.

EYE, EAR & THROAT
DR. RYERSON.

L. R. C. P., L. R. C S. E., Lecturer on the Eye, Ear and Throat, Trinity Medical College, Toronto, and Surgeon to the Mercer Eye and Ear Infirmary.

60 College Avenue, Toronto.

☞ Dr. Ryerson will be at the Queen's Hotel, Belleville, on Saturday, April 20th.

The Great English Prescription.

A successful Medicine used over 30 years in thousands of cases. Cures Spermatorrhea, Nervous Weakness, Emissions, Impotency and all diseases caused by abuse. [BEFORE] indiscretion, or over-exertion. [AFTER] Six packages Guaranteed to Cure when all others Fail. Ask your Druggist for The Great English Prescription, take no substitute. One package $1. Six $5, by mail. Write for Pamphlet. Address Eureka Chemical Co., Detroit, Mich.

FOR SALE BY D. M. WATERS.

MAPLE SYRUP,
CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S MARMALADE.
CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S PICKLES.
CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S JAMS.
MILD CURED HAMS.
PURE LARD.
GARDEN SEEDS.
FINE BLACK TEA.

A. KNOX.

The Letter that Came

From Mr. J. Hayden, 139 Chatham St. Montreal, says: "I was troubled for years with biliousness and liver complaint, and I never found any medicine to help me like Burdock Blood Bitters, in fact one bottle made a complete cure."

Dangerous Counterfeits.

Counterfeits are always dangerous, the more so that they always closely IMITATE THE ORIGINAL IN APPEARANCE AND NAME. The remarkable success achieved by Nasal Balm as a positive cure for Catarrh and Cold in the Head has induced unprincipled parties to imitate it. The public are cautioned not to be deceived by nostrums imitating Nasal Balm in name and appearance, bearing such names as Nasal Cream, Nasal Balsam, etc. Ask for Nasal Balm and do not take any imitation dealers may urge upon you. For sale by all druggists or sent post-paid on receipt of price (50c. and $1,) by addressing Fulford & Co., Brockville, Ont.

Eighty Per Cent.

Of the human race, according to a high authority, suffer from one or other form of blood taint. Never allow this latent evil to develop into serious disease while the blood can be kept pure and the system clean by the proper precautions, such as using Burdock Blood Bitters, whenever any scrofulous symptoms appear. No medicine equals B.B.B. as a blood cleanser.

There are a number of varieties of corns. Holloway's Corn Cure will remove any of them Call on your druggist and get a bottle at once.

Orin Catlin, 49 Pearl Street Buffalo, N. Y., says: I tried various remedies for the piles but found no relief until I used Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, which entirely cured me after a few applications.

Do not delay in getting relief for the little folks. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is a pleasant and sure cure. If you love your child why do you let it suffer when a remedy is so near at hand?

The cheapest medicine in use is Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, because so very little of it is required to effect a cure. For croup, diphtheria, and diseases of the lungs and throat, whether used for bathing the chest or throat, for taking internally or inhaling, it is a matchless compound.

Mr. Thomas Ballard, Syracuse, N. Y., writes: 'I have been afflicted for nearly a year with that most-to-be dreaded disease Dyspepsia, and at times worn out with pain and want of sleep, and after trying almost everything recommended I tried one box of Parmelee's Valuable Pills. I am now nearly well, and believe they will cure me. I would not be without them for any money."

PARMELEE'S PILLS possess the power of acting specifically upon the diseased organs, stimulating to action the dormant energies of the system, thereby removing disease. In fact, so great is the power of this medicine to cleanse and purify, that diseases of almost every name and nature are driven from the body.' Mr. D. Carswell, Carswell P. O., Ont., writes: "I have tried Parmelee's Pills and find them an excellent medicine, and one that will sell well."

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP should always be used when children are cutting teeth. It relieves the little sufferer at once; it produces natural, quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakens as "bright as a button." It is very pleasant to taste. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for diarrhœa, whether arising from teeth ing or other causes. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP," and take no other kind. 3d&wly

ROYAL

FULL WEIGHT
ROYAL BAKING POWDER
ABSOLUTELY PURE
ROYAL
BAKING POWDER

BAKING
POWDER
Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO.. 106 Wall-st., N. Y.

Gents' : Furnishings!

A FULL LINE of Gentlemen's Goods for the Fall and Winter.

Shirts made to order and a good fit guaranteed.

C. J. PANTER.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S
English - Fruit - Jams,

Made from fresh ENGLISH FRUITS and REFINED SUGAR only.

RASPBERRY, STRAWBERRY, PLUM DAMSON, GOOSEBERRY, CHERRY, BLACK CURRANT, RED CURRANT and GREENGAGE,

In pound pots, full weight.

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE,
Grocers and Wine Merchants.
33 & 37 Bridge Street

Also Front Street, Opp. Ritchie's.

DR LOW'S
WORM SYRUP
DESTROYS AND REMOVES WORMS OF ALL KINDS IN CHILDREN OR ADULTS SWEET AS SYRUP AND CANNOT HARM THE MOST DELICATE CHILD

Daily Intelligencer.

Outside the Fold

Weak and sinful as I am,
One hope I hold;
Jesus will not leave his lamb
Outside the fold;

Though I chance to slip or stray,
As children will,
Jesus' eye, by night or day,
Beholds me still.

He will save me yet from sin
And all its harms,
Holding, folding me within
His loving arms.

Though I blindly lose my way
In night and cold
Jesus will not let me stay
Outside the fold.

—Edward Willett.

HARD TO BE UNDERSTOOD.

SOME OF THE "TOUGH THINGS IN THE BIBLE."

Dr. Talmage's Sunday Morning Sermon—A Common Sense Book—The Creation and the Deluge—The Dark Day.

BROOKLYN, March 24.—At the Tabernacle this morning, after expounding some passages of Scripture in regard to the mysteries, Rev. T. De Witt Talmage, D.D., gave out the hymn beginning:

How firm a foundation, ye saints of the Lord,
Is laid for your faith in his excellent Word.

The subject of his sermon was, "Tough Things in the Bible," and his text II. Peter iii. 16: "In which are some things hard to be understood." Dr. Talmage said:

The Bible is the most common sense book in all the world. But there are many things in it which require explanation. It all depends on the mood in which you come to this grand old book. You may take hold of the handle of the sword or its sharp edge. You may employ on its mysteries the rule of multiplication or subtraction. There are things, as my text suggests, hard to be understood, but I shall solve some of them, hoping to leave upon all honest minded people the impression that if four or five of them can be explained, perhaps they may all be explained.

Hard thing the first: The Bible says the world was created in six days, while geology says it was hundreds of thousands of years in process of building. "In the beginning, God created the heaven and the earth." "In the beginning." There you can roll in ten million years if you want to. There is no particular date given—no contest between science and revelation. Though the world may have been in process of creation for millions of years, suddenly and quickly, and in one week, it may have been fitted up for man's residence. Just as a great mansion may have been many years in building, and yet in one week it may be curtained and chandeliered and cushioned and upholstered for a bride and groom.

You are not compelled to believe that the world was made in our six days. It may not have been a day of twenty-four hours, the day spoken of in the first chapter; it may have been God's day, and a thousand years with him are as one day.

THE CREATION OF LIGHT.

The Bible represents that light was created on Monday, and the sun was not created until Thursday. Just think of it! a book declaring that light was created three days before the sun shone! Why don't you know that heat and electricity emit light independent of the sun? Beside that, when the earth was in process of condensation, it was surrounded by thick vapors and the discharge of many volcanoes in the primary period, and all this obscuration may have hindered the light of the sun from falling on the earth until that Thursday morning. Besides that, David Brewster and Herschel, the astronomer, and all the modern men of their class, agree in the fact that the sun is not light, that it is an opaque mass, that it is only the candlestick that holds the light, a phosphorescent atmosphere floating around it, changing and changing, so it is not to be at all wondered at that not until that Thursday morning its light fell on the earth. Beside that, the rocks in crystallization emit light. There is light from a thousand surfaces, the alkalies, for instance. The metallic bases emit light. There was a time in the history of the world when there were thousands of miles of liquid granite flaming with light. Beside that, it has been found that there are burned out volcanoes in other worlds which, when they were in explosion and activity, must have cast forth an insufferable light, throwing a glare over all our earth. Beside that, there are the Aurora Borealis and the Aurora Anchalis.

THE STORY OF THE FLOOD.

Another hard thing: The story of the deluge and Noah's ark. They say that from the account there it must have rained eight hundred feet of water each day in order that it might be fifteen cubits above the hills. They say that the ark could not have been large enough to contain "two of every sort," for there would have been hundreds of thousands and hundreds of thousands of creatures. They say that these creatures would have come from all lands and all zones. They say there was only one small window in the ark, and that would not have given fresh air to keep the animals inside the ark from suffocation. They say that the ark finally landed on a mountain seventeen thousand feet high. They say they do not believe the story. Neither do I. There is no such story in the Bible. I will tell you what the Bible story is. I must say that I have changed my mind in regard to some matters which once were to me very mysterious. They are no more mysterious. This is the key to the facts. This is the story of an eye-witness, Noah, his story incorporated afterward by Moses in the account. Noah described the scene just as it appeared to him. He saw the flood and he fathomed its depth. As far as eye could reach everything was covered up, from horizon to horizon, or, as its says, "under the whole heaven." He did not refer to the Sierra Nevadas, or to Mount Washington, for America had not been discovered, or, if it had been discovered, he could not have seen so far off. He is giving the testimony of an eye-witness. God speaks after the manner of men when He says everything went under, and Noah speaks after the manner of men when he says everything did go under. An eye-witness. There is no need of thinking that the kangaroo leaped the ocean or that the polar bear came down from the ice.

A MAGNIFICENT SHIP.

Well, then, another thing, in regard to the size of the ark. Instead of being a mud scow, as some of these skeptics would have us understand, it was a magnificent ship, nearly as large as the Great Eastern, three times the size of an ordinary man-of-war.

"But how could you get them into the ark?" ask infidel scientists. "How could they be induced to go into the ark? He would have to pick them out and drive them in, and coax them in." Could not the same God who gave instinct to the animal inspire that instinct to seek for shelter from the storm? However, nothing more than ordinary animal instinct was necessary.

Then infidels say that the ark landed on a mountain seventeen thousand feet high, and that, of course, as soon as the animals came forth they would all be frozen in the ice. That is geographical ignorance! Ararat is not merely the name for a mountain, but for a hilly district, and it may have been a hill one hundred feet high, or five hundred, or a thousand feet high on which the ark alighted. Noah measured the depth of the water above the hill and it is fifteen cubits, or twenty-seven feet.

JOSHUA'S GREAT BATTLE.

Another hard thing to be understood. The story that the sun and moon stood still to allow Joshua to complete his victory. Infidel scientists declare that an impossibility. But if a man have brain and strength enough to make a clock, can he not start it and stop it, and start it again and stop it again? If a machinist have brain and strength enough to make a corn sheller, can he not start it and stop it, and start it again and stop it again? If God have strength and wisdom to make the clock of the universe, the great machinery of the worlds, has He not strength enough and wisdom enough to start it and stop it, and start it again and stop it again? Or stop one wheel, or stop twenty wheels, or stop all the wheels? Is the clock stronger than the clock maker? Does the corn thresher know more than the machinist? Is the universe mightier than its God? But people ask now could the moon have been seen to stop in the daytime? Well, if you have never seen the moon in the daytime, it is because you have not been a very diligent observer of the heavens. Beside that, it was not necessary for the world literally to stop. By unusual refraction of the sun's rays the day might have been prolonged. So that, while the earth continued on its path in the heavens, it figuratively stopped. You must remember that these Bible authorities used the vernacular of their own day, just as you and I say the sun went down. The sun never goes down. We simply describe what appears to the human eye. Besides that, the world, our world, could have literally stopped without throwing the universe out of balance. Our world has two motions—the one around the sun and the other on its own axis. It might have stopped on its own axis, while at the same time it kept on its path through the heavens. So there was no need of stellar confusion because our world slackened its speed or entirely stopped in its revolution on its own axis. That is none of the business of Jupiter, or Mars, or Mercury, or Saturn, or the Dipper. Beside that within the memory of man there have been worlds that were born that died. But infidel scientists say it would have been belittling for other worlds to stop on account of such a battle. Why sirs, what Yorkton was for revolutionary times, and what Gettysburg was in our civil contest, and what Sedan was in the Franco-German war, and what Waterloo was to the Napoleonic destiny—that was this battle of Joshua against the five allied armies of Gibeon. It was that battle that changed the entire course of history. It was a battle to Joshua as important as though a battle now should occur in which England and the United States and France and Germany and Italy and Turkey and Russia should fight for victory or annihilation. However much any other world, solar, lunar or stellar, might be hastened in its errand of light, it would be excusable if it lingered in the heavens for a little while and put down its sheaf of beams and gazed on such an Armageddon.

THE DARK DAY.

In the early part of the century there was what was called the Dark Day. Some of these aged men perhaps may remember it. It is known in history as the "Dark Day." Workmen at noon went to their homes, and courts and legislatures adjourned. No astronomer has ever been able to explain that dark day. Now, if God can advance the night earlier than its time, can he not adjourn the night until after its time? I often used to hear my father describe a night—I think he said it was in 1833—when his neighbors aroused him in great alarm. All the heavenly bodies seemed to be in motion. People thought our earth was coming to its destruction. Ten of thousands of stars shooting. No astronomers have ever been able to explain that star shooting. Now, does not your common sense teach you that if God could start and stop tens of thousands of world or meteors he could start and stop two worlds? If God can engineer a train of ten thousand worlds or meteors, and stop them without accident or collision, cannot he control two carriages of light, and by putting down a golden brake stop the sun, and by putting down a silver brake stop the moon? Under this explanation, instead of being sceptical about this sublime passage of the Bible, you will, when you read it, feel more like going down on your knees before God as you read: "Sun, stand thou still above Gibeon, and thou moon in the valley of Ajalon."

JONAH AND THE WHALE.

Then there is the Bible statement that a whale swallowed Jonah and ejected him upon dry ground in three days. If you will go to the museum at Nantucket, Mass., you will find the skeleton of a whale large enough to swallow a man. I said to the janitor, while I was standing in the museum, "Why it does not seem from the looks of this skeleton that that story in the Book of Jonah is so very improbable, does it?" "Oh, no," he replied, "it does not." There is a cavity in the mouth of the common whale large enough for a man to live in. There have been sharks found again and again with an entire human body in them. Beside that, the Bible says nothing about a whale. It says, "The Lord prepared a great fish"; and there are scientists who tell us that there were monsters in other days that make the modern whale seem very insignificant.'

So all the strange things in the Bible can be explained if you wish to have them explained. And you can build them into a beautiful and healthful fire for your hearth, or you can with them put your immortal interests into conflagration. But you had better decide about the veracity of the Bible very soon. I want this morning to caution you against putting off making up your mind about this book. It is an absorbing question, it is a practical question, it is an overwhelming question to you and to me, the authorship of this Holy Bible—whether the Lord God of heaven and earth or a pack of dupes, scoundrels or impostors. We cannot afford to adjourn that question a week or a day or an hour.

I was glad to read in the papers of the fact that the steamship Edam had come safely into the harbor. A week before the Persian Monarch, plowing its way toward the Narrows, a hundred miles out, saw signals of distress, bore down upon the vessel, and found it was the steamship Edam. She had lost her propeller. She had two hundred passengers on board. The merciful captain of the Persian Monarch endeavored to bring her in, but the tow line broke. He fastened it again, but the sea was rough and the tow line broke again. Then the night came on and the merciful captain of the Persian Monarch "lay to," thinking in the morning he could give rescue to the passengers. The morning came, but during the night the steamship Edam had disappeared. I am glad that afterward another vessel saw her and brought her into safety. But when I saw the story of that steamship Edam, drifting, drifting, drifting, I do not know where, but with no rudder, no lighthouse, no harbor, no help, I said: "That is a skeptic, that is an infidel, drifting, drifting, drifting, not knowing where he drifts." And then, when I thought of the Persian Monarch anchored in harbor, I said: "That is a Christian, that is a man who does all he can on the way, crossing the sea to help others, coming perhaps through a very rough voyage into the harbor, there safe and safe forever." Would God that there might be some one to-day who would go forth and bring in these souls that are drifting. In this assemblage, how many a score shall I say, or a hundred, or a thousand!—not quite certain about the truth of the Bible, not certain about anything. Drifting, drifting, drifting. Oh, how I would like to tow them in. I throw you this cable. Lay hold of that cable of the Gospel. Lay hold of it. I invite you all in. The harbor is wide enough, large enough for all the shipping. Come in, O you wanderers on the deep. Drift no more, drift no more. Come into the harbor. See the glorious lighthouse of the Gospel. "Peace on earth, good will to men." Come into the harbor. God grant that it may be said of all of you who are now drifting in your unbelief as it might have been said of the passengers of the steamship Edam, and as it was said centuries ago of the wrecked corn ship of Alexandria, "It came to pass that they all escaped safe to land."

GOSSIP ABOUT WOMEN.

It is stated that Queen Victoria is studying Hindustani.

A new occupation for a woman is that of superintendent of weddings.

Clara Morris says society actresses have brought discredit upon the stage.

Six American ladies were presented to the Queen at her last drawing room.

The healthy American matron is a loving and loveable creature, says Max O'Rell.

Women may practice medicine in Russia provided they treat women and children.

Lady Arnold, wife of the author of the "Light of Asia," died in London recently.

Patti is said to have formerly adopted as her own child the daughter of Nicolini, who is about 16 years of age.

Ouida asserts that no man or woman can possibly write more than four or five admirable works of fiction.

Mme. Louise von Schiller, who has just died at the age of 85, was the daughter-in-law of the famous poet of that name.

Miss Carter, a California school teacher, took half a day off recently and made $10,000 in a real estate deal before the sun went down.

On her last birthday the Baroness Burdett-Coutts gave a theater party at which there were as many guests as there are years in her age.

Among the curiosities of the Queen's railway journeys are the time tables supplied to her Majesty, these being printed on hand made paper with gilt edges.

The Drexel Industrial College for Women is said to have been endowed by Mr. Drexel with the sum of $1,000,000. It will be in full operation in about eighteen months.

Mrs. Frances Hodgson Burnett says there is so much excitement in the air of New York that she has been compelled to go to Washington to complete her play for the Lyceum Theater.

At the last representation of Adrienne Lecouvreur by Sara Bernhardt in Milan, she was called before the curtain at the end to receive a gold medal from the Dramatic Society of Italy.

The Holloway College for Women at Virginia Water, near Windsor, appears to be nearly as absurd an institution as the Academy of Laputa. It has altogether cost £800,000, and is fitted up for the accommodation of 250 students, but I hear that the number does not actually exceed forty, which is at the rate of £20,000 per student.—London Truth.

The lady students of the St. John Ambulance Association of Birkenhead, England, outnumber the gentlemen. These pupils are not mere students of physiology and hygienic rules, but are practiced in the art of bandaging, removal of injured on stretchers and arrest of bleeding. Most of the lady students have joined the association from choice. Some of them are wealthy and independent, and a few, like the Duchess of Westminster, are titled.

More Corruption Coming.

Political rounder—Mr. Greatman, this talk about womin's suffrage is startin' up agin. Now, you've got to fight that tooth and toe-nail if yer want to save the party. There can't be no influncin' when women do the votin'.

Great statesman—Why can't there?

"Cause they don't drink ner smoke, an' mighty few of 'em thinks of money as long as they've got a dime in their pocket. Now, when a man comes to the polls I just grab him, take him inter the barroom an' have a talk with him; but what kin I do with womin?"

"That's easily fixed. Instead of having the voting places in gin-mills we'll have 'em in ice-cream saloons."

Why She Took Off Her Hat.

Mr. and Mrs. Simpkins at the theater.

Mr. Simpkins—What are you doing?

Mrs. Simpkins—I'm going to take off my bonnet and hold it in my lap.

"I never saw you so considerate of any one's pleasure before."

"Umph! You needn't think it's that. I'm the only woman in the house that hasn't got a new spring bonnet, and you ought to be ashamed of it."—Chicago Herald.

A Model Husband.

Brown—I made my wife a handsome present the other day.

Smith—Did you, indeed? Brown, you are a model husband.

Brown—Well, you see, I am one of those men who regard a woman just as human as a man. She can't do herself full justice unless she has a chance.

Smith—of course not. But what did you give your wife?

Brown—You see, we had been getting our washing done out, but it costs fifty cents a week, so I made her a present of a washtub.—Binghampton Republican.

How to Get Rich.

The late P. Cooper, Esq., who died at the phenomenal age of 92, bequeathing to his "aristocratic relatives" something like $9,000,000, prior to his taking off, said: "I never went to bed without saving half of what my day's profits were. If I made a dollar, half a dollar was put away. I carried that rule into active life when I became a merchant, and never departed from it."

Lenten Sacrifice.

Pastor—Have you given up anything in Lent, Mr. Parish?

Mr. P. (with deep feeling)—Yes, sir. I have given up $27 for an Easter bonnet for my wife.—N. Y. Sun.

Wasted Sympathy.

Ethel—When does your breach of promise suit take place, Clara?

Clara (sobbing)—T—to-morrow.

Ethel (sympathizingly)—I am sorry to see you so overcome, Clara, dear.

Clara—Oh, it's nothing, Ethel; I am simply practising for the jury!—Once a Week.

THIS ROBBER HAD NERVE.

A DENVER BANK DONE OUT OF $21,000 IN BROAD DAYLIGHT.

The Thief Gets the "Drop" on the President and Has a Check Cashed in the Presence of a Score of Clerks.

DENVER, Col., March 29.—The boldest and most successful bank robbery ever reported in the west was perpetrated upon the First National Bank this afternoon. Yesterday morning a well-dressed man with light mustache and complexion and of medium height walked into the bank and asked where he could see Mr. Moffatt, president of the bank. He was told he could see Mr. Moffatt, who is also president of the Denver & Rio Grande Railway, at his office in the Cheesman Block. This morning the stranger entered the railway office and asked to see Mr. Moffatt on important business. He was admitted to his private room and stated that he had discovered a conspiracy whereby the bank was to be robbed of a large sum. Mr. Moffatt being very busy asked the man to meet him at his private office at 1 o'clock. A few minutes after the hour appointed he called at the bank and was shown into the President's office. Remaining standing he inquired if Cashier S. N. Wood was in and was told that he was at lunch. He then asked for a blank check for the purpose of showing how the robbery was to be perpetrated. He laid the check upon the desk in front of Mr. Moffatt and said, "I will have to do this myself," and pulling out a large revolver placed it at Mr. Moffatt's head and in an earnest but unexcited manner said:

"I want $21,000 and am going to have it. I have considered this matter and the chances I am running and the consequences if I fail and am arrested. I am penniless and a desperate man, and have been driven during the past week to that point where I have considered suicide as the only means to escape from the poverty and misery in which I exist. You have millions, I am determined to have what I have asked for. If you make a noise or call a man or ring a bell I will blow your brains out and then blow up the building and myself with this bottle of glycerine," which at that moment he pulled out of another pocket. "Now take your choice."

Mr. Moffatt started to argue with the man but he was stopped with the information that it was useless and that he had but two minutes in which to fill out the check before him for $21,000, if he desired to live. Mr. Moffatt seeing no other alternative filled out the check and was ordered to take it to the paying teller and get it cashed. Mr. Moffatt left his office and with the man behind him with the revolver partially concealed under his overcoat and with the muzzle almost against Mr. Moffatt's back, marched behind the counter up to Paying Teller Keeley with the request that the check be immediately cashed. They then remarched into Moffatt's office without attracting the attention of the fifteen or twenty clerks who were at work within two feet of where they passed.

After they had remained in the private office three or four minutes the robber informed Mr. Moffatt that they were wasting time and that he had better step to the door and motion his teller to come to him, which he did. Mr. Moffatt instructed the teller to bring the money into his office and as the teller turned to go away the robber told him he wanted 20 $1000 bills and $1000 in gold. The money was brought in and handed to the robber, who, waiting until the teller had reached his desk, backed out to the front door making Mr. Moffatt remain standing in his door until he had reached the curb stone. He then raised his hand, walked around the corner and has not yet been heard of. Mr. Moffatt is completely prostrated with the shock. Detectives are out after the man but no trace of him has been found.

Sensible Senator Spooner.

WASHINGTON, March 29.—The Senate was in executive session nearly three hours this afternoon, occupied almost entirely in considering the nomination of Murat Halstead to be minister to Germany. Senator Spooner, in the course of his speech, said that if newspaper men were for all time to be held to account for opinions expressed in the heat of a campaign but few could hope to pass unscathed into the golden realm of office holding. The Senate adjourned until noon to-morrow, leaving the question still pending on the motion to reconsider yesterday's vote of rejection.

A Big Judgment.

NEW YORK, March 29.—Clark Robinson Griggs sued Cornelius K. Garrison for an accounting, claiming that $1,000,000 would be found to be due him from Garrison. To-day judgment for $2,194,131 was given against Griggs in favor of Garrison's executors. The suit related to the construction account of the second and third sections of the Wheeling and Lake Erie Railroad from Wheeling to Toledo under a contract of Sept. 24, 1879.

Allowed a Differential.

BALTIMORE, March 29.—The Chicago Passenger Committee has concluded to allow the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad the differential claimed by it of $1.50 on first-class tickets and $1 on second-class tickets between Chicago and New York and other eastern points. This action averts an impending war of passenger rates between Chicago and the east.

The Longitude Expedition.

LIMA, Peru, March 29.—The American longitude expedition in charge of Lieut. Norris has arrived at San Juan del Sur. Work will probably be finished and the party leave for the United States April 9. All are well.

Bismarck Wants Klein.

WASHINGTON, March 29.—It is reported in well-informed circles that the German Government has requested that Klein, who left Samoa immediately after the killing of the German sailors and came to San Francisco, be arrested and returned to Apia to be tried before the American consul for murderous assault.

FIRES OF A DAY.

Eight New Houses Burnt at Lachine—A Blaze at Cobourg.

MONTREAL, March 29.—About 2.30 this morning fire was discovered in a new terrace of eight houses at Lachine fronting the main road and owned by Mrs. James Howley. No water being obtainable through the appliances of the corporation there, the fire burned away threatening several houses adjoining until the private brigade of Mr. Dawes came on the scene and worked with such effect that a serious fire was averted. The houses are almost totally destroyed. The loss is estimated at $8000, partly covered by a $5000 policy in the Royal.

A Toronto Firm Loses by This Fire.

COBOURG, March 29.—A grain warehouse at the foot of Division-street owned by the commissioners of the town trust and leased by A. H. MacDonald, grain buyer, was destroyed by fire last night. The building contained about 4000 bushels of barley, the property of W. D. Matthews & Co. of Toronto, mostly covered by insurance. There was $800 insurance on the warehouse.

HUNTING AN OUTLAW.

Departure of the Montreal Officers in Search of Donald Morrison.

MONTREAL, March 29.—The absorbing topic in police circles to-day was the expedition to capture Donald Morrison, the Lake Megantic murderer. During the day the constables going on the expedition were practising at the target in the cellars of the City Hall. The carbines were carefully cleaned and oiled.

The expedition assembled at the Windsor-street depot in the afternoon, there being Sergeants Clarke, Leggett and Watson and 12 constables. Each man is armed with a carbine and fifty rounds of ammunition. The party is accompanied by Dr. Trembly of the Police Court clerical staff, who will take the deposition.

The destination of the party is Springfield near Lake Megantic. Detectives Carpenter and Campau and a constable were sent on two days ago to spy out the land. Sub-Chief Lapointe leaves for the scene of the investigation this afternoon, where he will take command of the police detachment. Judge Dugas goes, he says, simply in his magisterial capacity and will hold an enquete with the object of bringing aiders and abettors of Morrison to justice and if possible Morrison himself.

A DEPUTATION FROM TEXAS.

Ventilate Their Troubles in Hamilton's Police Court.

HAMILTON, March 29.—Benjamin Eliason used to belong to Dallas, Texas, but about three months ago he found it convenient to come to Canada. This morning Eliason prosecuted Max Burkenroad, Aaron Schuhl and W. H. Clinton, at the Police Court, on a charge of assault. Eliason said that the defendants, two of whom have also lived in Dallas, went to the house where he stays, yesterday, and walked in without ringing the bell. When they got in Burkenroad struck him and the others used threatening language. Burkenroad swore that he did not strike Eliason. He went to see Eliason about some money which Eliason had got from him under the pretence that he was going to get money from Germany. He said that Eliason had got into him for $13.50. The Justices fined Burkenroad $4 and dismissed the charge as against the other two.

The young man Cook who disappeared from his boarding-house on Wednesday has not been heard of since and the detectives have got no trace of him. Some days before he disappeared he told a companion that the people were all talking about him, and some one was going to have him arrested. He said then that he would drown himself.

The ice disappeared from the bay last night.

WAXING WARM.

The Scott Act Contest in Oxford—Death of Mr. James McKay of Woodstock.

WOODSTOCK, March 29.—McLeod & Co., boot and shoe dealers here, to-day made an assignment to James Piper of London.

Warren Totten is a candidate for the third deputy-reeveship, rendered vacant by the death of the late Mr. Martin.

Mr. James McKay died here to-day. Deceased acted as returning officer in the municipal election here last Friday, and while doing so contracted a severe cold which developed into acute inflammation of the kidneys. He was 61 years of age, a native of Sutherlandshire, and settled in Zorra when quite young, since which time he has been engaged in business here.

George Fielding, the Englishman who was arrested in Toronto on Tuesday, charged with stealing wearing apparel and who has been palming himself off as a street-corner evangelist, was quite recently released from Woodstock jail, where he served a term for stealing money from his employer.

Burglars have this week been committing serious depredations in the neighboring village of Thamesford. Dr. McWilliams' drug store, Cowper Bros.' blacksmith shop and Young & Kestor's general store have been ransacked. There is no clue to the burglars.

The Scott Act contest in this county is waxing very keen. Meetings have been held in almost every schoolhouse and the ladies are on the stump. Both sides are sanguine.

A curious legal quibble growing out of the Scott Act has arisen here. Wm. Lizzard, John Nichol and Henry Karn appeared at the Police Court yesterday charged with stealing a quantity of liquor from a hotelkeeper. The hotelkeeper was fined for having the contraband stuff on his premises, and the query now is, does the law protect him in the possession of the article?

MANY NEW VETS.

The Medal and Prize Winners at the Ontario College.

TORONTO, March 30.—The annual distribution of prizes and honors to graduates of the Ontario Veterinary College took place yesterday morning in Temperance Hall. The President, Dr. Andrew Smith, V.S., was in the chair, and he and others made happy speeches. Diplomas were awarded to the graduating class, which numbered 125. These gentlemen took the medals and prizes:

In Pathology: Silver medal, J. E. Duncan; second, E. Sturge, H. H. Jenkins (equal); third, F. M. Hopkins, J. D. Nighbert (equal).

In Anatomy: Silver medal, E. Sturge; second, H. H. Jenkins; third, J. E. Duncan.

In Entozoa: First, H. H. Jenkins and E. Richardson (equal).

In Dissected Specimens: Gold medal, given by the Toronto Industrial Exhibition Association, F. J. Gallanough, Thornhill, Ont.; second, $30, J. D. G. Warwick; third, $20, D. W. Rose.

In Microscopy: First, J. Manchester; second, H. H. Jenkins and E. Sturge (equal); third, P. Thwaites.

In Physiology: Silver medal, H. H. Jenkins; second, E. Sturge; third, A. C. Lloyd.

In Materia Medica: First, H. H. Jenkins second, E. Sturge; third, C. W. Purcell.

In best general examination: Gold medal, given by the Ontario Veterinary Medical Association, E. Sturge.

THE JUNIOR PRIZE AND HONOR LIST.

In Anatomy: Silver medal, W. Wooton; second, J. H. Ullrich; third, R. E. Cooper, M. H. Devitt, S. Jupp (equal).

In Pathology: First, O. L. Boor, J. H. Ullrich, P.R. Sidebottom (equal); second, A. J. Terry, L. A. Wright (equal); third, G. R. Temple.

In Physiology: First, J. J. Fyle; second, O. L. Boor; third, J. A. Kelly, E. Wilson (equal).

The Uppers May be Kept Down.

ST. PAUL, Minn., March 29.—The Supreme Court of Minnesota has decided that the railroad commissioners cannot compel the Pullman Car Company to raise upper berths in their sleepers in cases where only the lower ones are occupied.

The Week's Failures.

NEW YORK, March 29.—The business failures occurring throughout the country during the last seven days as reported to Dun, Wiman & Co., by telegraph number for the United States 204 and for Canada 36, a total of 240 as compared with 249 last week and 261 the week previous to the last. For the corresponding week of last year the figures were 223, made up of 196 in the United States and 27 in the Dominion of Canada.

The Volunteer Will Not Race.

BOSTON, March 29.—Gen. Paine to-day said he would not put the Volunteer in commission to race the Valkyrie. At present the only yachts capable of defending the cup are the Titania, Shamrock, Katrina and Bedouin [illegible] Puritan and Mayflower.

Rheumatism and Neuralgia

These twin diseases cause untold suffering. Doctors admit that they are difficult to cure—so do their patients. Paine's Celery Compound has permanently cured the worst cases of rheumatism and neuralgia—so say those who have used it.

FOR SALE.
NO USE TO
OWNER.

"Having been troubled with rheumatism at the knee and foot for five years, I was almost unable to get around, and was very often confined to my bed for weeks at a time. I used only one bottle of Paine's Celery Compound, and was perfectly cured. I can now jump around, and feel as lively as a boy." FRANK CAROLL, Eureka, Nevada.

After suffering with chronic rheumatism for several years, I was induced to try Paine's Celery Compound, and after using two bottles found myself greatly improved. In fact, after using three bottles, have not felt any rheumatism. Can conscientiously recommend it. Yours very truly, MRS. P. COWAN, COWANSVILLE, P.Q.

Paine's Celery Compound

"I have been greatly afflicted with acute rheumatism, and could find no relief until I used Paine's Celery Compound. After using six bottles of this medicine I am now cured of rheumatic troubles." SAMUEL HUTCHINSON, So. Cornish, N. H.

Effects Lasting Cures.

Paine's Celery Compound has performed many other cures as marvelous as these,—copies of letters sent to any address. Pleasant to take, does not disturb, but aids digestion, and entirely vegetable; a child can take it. What's the use of suffering longer with rheumatism or neuralgia?

$1.00. Six for $5.00. Druggists. Mammoth testimonial paper free.

WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO., Props. MONTREAL.

DIAMOND DYES *Give Faster and Brighter Colors than any other Dyes.*

BABIES *Living upon Lactated Food are Healthy, Happy, Hearty. It is Unequaled.*

Daily Intelligencer.

THE DAILY INTELLIGENCER is published every evening except Sunday, and delivered by careful carriers in all parts of the city for Five Dollars a year, or Fifty Cents a month.

THE WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER is published every Thursday morning, and sent, postpaid, to any address in Canada, the United States or Great Britain for One Dollar a year.

ADVERTISEMENTS, first insertion, 10 cents per nonpareil line; each subsequent consecutive insertion, 5 cents per line; when not inserted every day, 10 cents per line each insertion.

READING MATTER NOTICES, 15 cents per line each insertion.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS, 50 cents each insertion. With notice of funeral added the charge for death notices is $1.

CONTRACTS made for business advertisements for one month or longer at reduced rates.

Remittances, Drafts, Cheques, and Post-Office Orders should be made payable to the order of INTELLIGENCER PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO'Y (LIMITED), Belleville, Ont.

Largest Daily Circulation in Belleville

BELLEVILLE, SATURDAY, MAR. 30

To the Editor of the Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, March 28, 1889

SIR,—I have to-day received a courteous letter from Mr. Corby, M.P., in which he says (I give his exact words): "I did not write the "article, but informed Mr. Bell to state that I "had never offered to build the hotel if the city "would exempt it from taxation for ten years; "as I do not approve of exempting Hotel property. What I said to you at the Express office was, that I had no doubt that if the City "would exempt the property, that a syndicate "could be got to build the Hotel." This letter of Mr. Corby's (from which the above is an extract) is open for your inspection, should you desire to see it. Every member of the Committee will bear me out in saying that I never stated that Mr. Corby would build or had offered to build the Hotel. Even the Ontario's report does not say so, although of course it is susceptible of hostile interpretation at the hands of those who, to use your own words, have not "amicable relations" with that paper. Now I ask you fairly as a journalist, can you justify or uphold the paragraph written by you, the Editor of the INTELLIGENCER in the INTELLIGENCER office, (at the request of Mr. Corby,) in the face of Mr. Corby's frank communication admitting what I stated? I believe I have only to ask you to read the obnoxious paragraph in question again in the light of cool reason and journalistic decency, to induce you to admit that to say the least of it, the terms in which it was couched were unjustifiable, and the paragraph itself uncalled for.

Yours &c.,

W. N. PONTON.

REPLY.

Mr. Corby's recollection of the words in which his request was made over the telephone, for the publication of the paragraph in question, may possibly be more accurate than that of the writer, who was called away from other pressing business to attend to it. But the statement which was alleged to have been made at the meeting that Mr Corby had said that the hotel would be built if the amount of the assessment was not increased was also referred to in the conversation, and was included in the request for a denial. The *Ontario's* report was referred to, and being found to accord with the writer's recollection of Mr. Ponton's remarks, the paragraph was written. We may add that it was seen by Mr. Corby after its publication and that he expressed his approval of it.

As our recollection of what Mr. Ponton had stated at the meeting was in accordance with the newspaper report of his remarks, and as the accuracy of that report had not—indeed, has not—been questioned it is apparent that we have acted in good faith, therefore the charge of discourtesy in founding upon it the paragraph in question falls to the ground.

Mr. Ponton's assumption as to the understanding of his remarks by the members of the committee is not correct, so far as concerns those of them with whom the writer has conversed on the subject.

THE VOTE IN PARLIAMENT.

That the position of the Government with regard to the Jesuit Estates bill was sound, was evidenced not only by the extraordinary majority recorded against Col. O'Brien's motion, but by the utterances of several of their most distinguished opponents. More significant, however, than the speeches of their former followers were the votes given by Messrs. Mackenzie and Blake. Those gentlemen, although forced by ill health to refrain from speaking, most forcibly demonstrated their opinions. Mr. Blake, who had on the previous day warmly congratulated the Minister of Justice on his great speech, recorded his first vote of the session, whilst Mr. Mackenzie taxed his powers to the uttermost in order that he might cast his vote.

The minority, which consisted of 13 members, was made up of 8 Conservatives and 5 Reformers, and of these 12 were from Ontario and 1 from Quebec.

The majority, consisting of 188 members, included 116 Conservatives and 72 Reformers.

Of the 13 members who were absent 8 are Conservatives and 5 Reformers.

Never has a Canadian Administration been more conclusively proved to be in the right than has that of Sir John A. Macdonald been shown to be in this matter. Their triumph in argument in support of their position was as complete as could have been desired, and their triumph in the vote recorded was in excess of the anticipations of the most sanguine of those who upheld them.

THE "WORLD" APPROVES.

The business men of Belleville have been discussing the prospects of the City of the Bay and have continued to work unitedly for its increasing prosperity. They will take all fair means to turn the natural advantages of their city to account. The World applauds their patriotism. —*Toronto World.*

Thank you, Mr. *World*: and the great world outside also approves.

Stop that Cough.

Many people neglect what they call a simple cold, which, if not checked in time, may lead to Lung trouble. *Scott's Emulsion of Pure Cod Liver Oil, with Hypophosphites*, will not only stop the cough but heal the lungs. Endorsed by thousands of physicians. Palatable as milk. Try it. Sold by all Druggists at 50c. and $1.00.

Correspondence.

Whilst correspondents will be accorded space for the expression of their ideas on topics of public interest, it must be in all cases understood that the views so expressed are simply those of the correspondents themselves.

To the Editor of the Intelligencer.

I see in your issue of the Weekly of the 28th inst. that Mr. Flint, in his endeavor to shield the oat schemers, has unwarrantably brought my name in the question in a way that requires some explanation and is deserving of an apology from him. Like others, I was entrapped into purchasing a quantity of oats, for which I gave my note for $300. As soon as I saw what kind of a scheme I was engaged in, I, through legal advice, demanded my note. When I went to Mr. Flint to ask if I could get legal satisfaction, he replied that he could do nothing, when I answered, Then you must be in the business yourself, or you could tell me what to do. He gave me no satisfaction, but eventually through the advice of a lawyer whom I found, I was able to compel them to give up my note. I would say that my note, for any sum for which I would give it, is as good as Mr. Flint's or any one else's, notwithstanding Mr. Flint's base assertion that it is worthless.

D. F. SHEA.

Tyendinaga, March 29, 1889.

MR. McCARTHY'S TWO LETTERS.

Complimented by Bishop Potter of New York—An Unknown Admirer.

OTTAWA, March 29.—Mr. Dalton McCarthy to-day received a curious epistle from Boston, Mass., elicited no doubt by his speech delivered on Wednesday on the motion for the disallowance of the Jesuits Estates Act. In a large bold mercantile hand, abounding in flourishes and the plainness of which makes the orthographical weaknesses painfully apparent, Mr. McCarthy's unknown correspondent thus relieves himself:

BOSTON, March 28.

MR. DALTON McCARTHY: You mean, contemptible renegade. Traitor to your nationality and your religion. Vile, dirty wretch. Be careful or else —— FROM AN ADMIRER.

This message of hate was written upon the fly leaf of a sheet of letter paper, stamped upon the corner of which was a dove, the manufacturers' trade mark, but singularly inappropriate in the present instance.

Mr. McCarthy has received also a letter at once more noteworthy and pleasant, this being from Bishop Potter, Anglican Bishop of New York, warmly complimenting him upon his speech and endorsing the stand taken in it.

CAPITAL GOSSIP.

Hon. Mr. Pope's Illness—Echoes of the Disallowance Vote.

OTTAWA, March 29.—It is understood that Sir John Macdonald will go to England during the coming summer. The Premier's cottage at River du Loup is being "fixed up," and it is said Lady Macdonald will put in the heated term at that cool resort.

To-morrow morning a number of citizens of Ottawa will assemble at the new Parliamentary Block in Wellington-street to present an address and testimonial to Sir Hector Langevin, Minister of Public Works, in commemoration of the 25th anniversary of his becoming a Minister of the Crown, which was on March 30, 1864.

Five Orangemen voted for the O'Brien resolution out of sixteen Orangemen in the House.

Mr. Kirkpatrick's bill providing for reciprocity in wrecking came to grief in the Senate yesterday. When it came up for second reading Senator McCallum moved the six months' hoist. Senators Scott and Macdonald (Toronto) opposed the amendment, while Senators Flint and Read supported it on the ground that the bill was an attack on the National Policy. The six months' hoist was carried, 34 to 26.

A number of the parliamentary friends of Mr. George Moffat, M.P., met yesterday afternoon in the tower room to present that gentleman, who is about to return home for a period, with a token of their esteem and admiration for him. The subscribers came from both sides of politics. Mr. Temple occupied the chair and Mr. Choquette was called upon to act as secretary. The presentation was made by Mr. Adam Brown, who handed to Mr. Moffat three handsome pipes contained in a morocco case and also a neat gold locket with his name engraved upon it. Mr. Brown made a complimentary speech expressing the kindly sentiments entertained towards Mr. Moffat. Speeches were also made by Messrs. Bergeron and Labelle. Mr. Moffat made a feeling reply.

A meeting of the Public Accounts Committee was held this morning, when Senator Sanford was examined in regard to his militia clothing contracts. He testified that since 1886 his firm got the work without any tender.

It is rumored that Mr. Charles Carroll Colby, M.P. for Stanstead, will succeed Hon. J. A. Chapleau as Secretary of State, Mr. Chapleau becoming Minister of Railways.

The excitement over the fate of the O'Brien resolutions is intense. The Orangemen will hold a mass meeting Monday night to organize a national defense fund to test the validity of the act in the courts.

Dr. Osler, the celebrated physician of Philadelphia, last night held a consultation with Drs. Wright and Powell, of this city, upon the case of Hon. J. H. Pope, Minister of Railways, who is still very low. After a careful diagnosis Dr. Osler expressed the opinion that the case was not hopeless, although serious internal troubles existed. Mr. Pope was considered in a critical condition yesterday, but was much better to-day.

Where Life is Cheap.

ACCOMAC C.H., Va., March 29.—Mrs. Virginia Taylor, charged with poisoning her husband, was to-day convicted of murder in the second degree. Her punishment was fixed at five years in the Penitentiary.

Corn Sowing

is a process conducted by the agency of tight boots all the year around. Corn reaping is best conducted through the agency of Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor, the only safe and sure-pop corn cure. Putnam's Extractor is now widely imitated. Beware of all poisonous and sore producing substitutes.

FOR NETTLE RASH, Summer Heat and general toilet purposes, use Low's Sulphur Soap.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

THE GREAT COMMONER.

ENGLAND'S DEAD STATESMAN FITTINGLY EULOGIZED.

The Old Man Eloquent Pays a Glowing Tribute in the House of Commons to the Memory of John Bright.

LONDON, March 29.—The session of the House of Commons this evening was devoted to eulogies of John Bright. When Mr. W. H. Smith rose to speak all the members doffed their hats. Mr. Smith described Mr. Bright as a man of thorough honesty of purpose and great energy of character. If there was any defect in his character it was the intensity of his advocacy of the principles that he had adopted. If for a time he parted from his old associates under a strong sense of duty there was no trace of anger or of personal animosity left. He would go down to the grave followed by the affection and sorrow of the country.

Mr. Gladstone upon rising was received with cheers. He said: Mr. Bright has been to a very remarkable degree happy in the moment of his removal from among us. He lived to see the triumph of almost every great cause to which he specially devoted his heart and mind. He has established a special claim to the admiration of those from whom he differed through his long political life by marked concurrence with them upon the prominent and dominant question of the hour. [Hear! hear!] But though Mr. Bright came to be separated from the great bulk of the Liberals on the Irish question, on no single occasion has there been any word of disparagement.

I acknowledge that I have not through my whole political life fully embraced the character of Mr. Bright and the value of that character to the country. I was one of those who did not agree with the particular views he and some of his friends took of the Crimean contest, but felt profoundly and never ceased to think what must have been the moral elevation of men who, nurtured all their lives in the temple of popular approval, could at a moment's notice consent to part with the whole of that favor they enjoyed, which opponents might think the very breath of their nostrils. [Hear! Hear!] They accepted undoubted unpopularity, for that war commanded the enormous approval of the people.

Amongst other gifts Mr. Bright was delighted to be one of the chief guardians of the purity of the English tongue. [Hear! hear!] He was enabled as an Englishman profoundly attached to his country, the tongue of the people being to him almost an object of worship, to preserve the purity of the language of Shakespeare and Milton. [Cheers.]

Everybody is aware that office had no attractions for him, but few can be aware what extra efforts were required to induce him to become a servant of the Crown. In the crisis of 1868 when the fate of the Irish church hung in the balance it was my duty to propose to Mr. Bright that he become a minister. I never undertook so difficult a task. From 11 o'clock at night until 1 o'clock in the morning we steadily debated the subject. It was only at the last moment that he found it possible to set aside the repugnance he felt at doing anything that might in the eyes of anyone, even of the more ignorant class of his countrymen, appear to detract in the slightest degree from that lofty independence of character which I have mentioned.

It was his happy lot to unite so many attractive qualities, If I had to dwell upon them alone I should present a dazzling picture to the world. It was a happier lot to teach moral lessons by simplicity, consistency, unfailing courage and constancy of life, thus presenting a combination of qualities that carried us to a higher atmosphere. [Hear! Hear!]

His sympathies were not strong only but active, not sympathies awaiting calls to be made upon them but sympathies of a man seeking objects upon which to bestow the inestimable advantages of eloquence and courage. In Ireland when support of the Irish cause was rare; in India when support of the native cause was rarer still; in America at the time when Mr. Bright, foreseeing the ultimate issue of the great struggle of 1861, stood as the representative of an exceedingly small portion of the educated community of the country, although undoubtedly representing a large part of the national sentiment—[hear! hear!]—in all these cases Mr. Bright went far outside the necessities of his calling. Whatever touched him as a man of the great Anglo-Saxon race, whatever touched him as a subject obtained unasked his sincere, earnest and enthusiastic aid. [Hear, hear!] All causes having his powerful advocacy made a distinct advance in the estimation of the world and distinct progress toward triumphant successes.

Thus it has come about that he is entitled to a higher eulogy than is due to success. Of mere success indeed he was a conspicuous example. In intellect he might claim a most distinguished place. But his character lies deeper than intellect, deeper than eloquence, deeper than anything that can be described or that can be seen upon the surface. The supreme eulogy that is his due is that he elevated political life to the highest point, to a loftier standard than it had ever reached.

His name is indelibly written in the annals of time and on the hearts of the great and overspreading race to which he belonged, whose wide extension he rejoiced to see and whose power and prominence he believed to be full of promise and glory for the best interests of mankind.

HOPEFUL FINANCIERS.

The London Stock Exchange Settlement Passes Without Trouble.

LONDON, March 29.—The Stock Exchange settlement passed without trouble. The feeling was generally far more hopeful, although misgivings continued regarding some of the French financial institutions.

In view of the impending prosecution by the Government of the Comptoir d'Escompte the directors of that bank are reported to be realizing on their private property.

Strong efforts continue to be made in Parliament to induce the Government to legislate against syndicates. Mr. Smith, the Government leader in the House of Commons, has promised that if the proposals of the members are formulated he would consider them. It is stated that the paper syndicate has arranged for the purchase of all the English mills. Newspaper proprietors have consequently negotiated with foreign mills for their supplies. A large consignment of American paper has arrived.

Compromising With the Parnellites.

LONDON, March 29.—The Cabinet has decided to propose at the next session of Parliament a land purchase scheme for Ireland. The measure will be similar to the plan proposed by Mr. Chamberlain. The ministry has also resolved to introduce in 1891 an Irish local government bill. The measure provides for extensive changes in the management of internal affairs in Ireland.

Nassau Invited to a Conference.

LUXEMBURG, March 29.—The Duke of Nassau has been invited by Minister Eyschen to a conference at Frankfort tomorrow.

Uncle Sam's Bogus Butter Industry.

WASHINGTON, March 29.—The production of oleomargarine in this country from July 1, 1888, to Dec. 31, 1888, was 18,497,697 pounds, a decided increase over the preceding six months. Armour & Co. of Chicago make about one-sixth of the oleomargarine produced in this country.

Maud S.'s Birthday.

NEW YORK, March 29.—Yesterday was the birthday of the queen of the trotting turf, Maud S. She is 15 years old, and from what her owner, Mr. Robert Bonner, says never looked better in her life. In a few days she will be taken up, and before the season is over it is very probable that she will be given an opportunity of beating her unrivaled record, 2.08¾.

A DULL DAY IN THE HOUSE

NEARLY THE WHOLE SESSION SPENT IN SUPPLY.

Private Bills Passed—A Ministerial Delegation Seeking to Have the Welland Canal Closed on Sundays.

OTTAWA, March 29.—This was about the slowest day of the session, scarcely any interest being manifested in the proceedings. The whole day was spent in supply save when for an hour after recess private bills were considered.

The appropriations passed related to minor expenditures on public works throughout the Dominion and to the quarantine service. The discussion was participated in mainly by the Maritime Province members, save when the appropriations for the care of public buildings and grounds at Ottawa were being discussed, when the Rideau Hall expenditure came in for the annual criticism, and the promise was elicited that steps would be taken to have it better controlled and if possible curtailed.

These bills were considered in committee and read a third time and passed:

To incorporate the Saskatchewan Railway and Mining Company.—Mr. McCarthy.

To incorporate the Assiniboine Waterpower Company.—Mr. Ross.

Respecting the Wood Mountain and Qu'Appelle Railway Company.—Mr. Macdowall.

To incorporate the Moose Jaw and Edmonton Railway Company.—Mr. Macdowall.

To incorporate the Dominion Mineral Company.—Mr. Kirkpatrick.

To incorporate the Canadian Super-phosphate Company.—Mr. Colby.

The House sat until 11.45.

The Behring Sea Proclamation.

OTTAWA, March 29.—In the Senate today Senator McInnes inquired if any steps had been taken by the Canadian Government with respect to the rights claimed by the United States in Behring Sea. He was informed that the matter was now under the consideration of the Government.

In the Commons yesterday Sir John Macdonald said he found he was misinformed when he stated the other day that the proclamation just issued by President Harrison respecting Behring Sea had been issued last year and the year before. He found that it issued under an act of Congress passed only this year and which required the annual issue of such proclamation.

A MINISTERIAL DEPUTATION.

Sir John Urged to Close the Welland Canal on Sundays.

OTTAWA, March 29.—Sir John Macdonald, who is acting as Minister of Railways and Canals, was in that capacity waited upon to-day by a deputation to urge the closing of the Welland Canal on Sundays. The deputation consisted of Rev. Mr. Burson of St. Catharines, representing the presbytery of Hamilton, and Rev. Drs. Moore and Armstrong of Ottawa. They were accompanied by Senators Vidal and Macdonald, Toronto, and Messrs Charlton, M.P., Brown, M.P., Rykert, M.P., and Ferguson, M.P. for Welland. Mr. Rykert introduced the deputation.

Rev. Mr. Burson represented that the present system under which the canal was kept open until 8 o'clock Sunday morning and opened again at 9 in the evening, had a most injurious effect upon the morals of the locality and practically kept a large number of men away from the churches. He pointed out that the number of vessels now passing through the canal on Sundays was much smaller than when the present system was inaugurated. Owing to the increased tonnage of the vessels the inconvenience caused by closing the canal would not be so great.

Sir John said he would have a report upon the matter made by the proper officer of his department.

MILITIA GENERAL ORDERS.

Appointments, Promotions and Resignations in Ontario Corps.

OTTAWA, March 29.—Militia General Orders No. 6 issued to-day contain several items of interest. Any graduate of the Royal Military College appointed lieutenant in the active militia may hereafter, if not an officer of the active militia corps, be promoted to the rank of captain, provided that within ten years from the date of his graduation he has performed at least five annual drills in a camp of exercise, attached temporarily as an officer to a corps of the active militia in camp. Under the new provision the first promotion is that of Lieut. E. W. Hubbell of Ottawa, now made captain.

Lieut.-Col. S. L. Bedson has been appointed an extra aide-de-camp to the Governor-General.

Captains Freer and Sears having left to join their respective regiments in the Imperial Army, are gazetted out of the Infantry School Corps. Captain R. L. Wadmore is gazetted as detached from C. Co., I.S.C., since March 29, 1888, and attached to D. Co.

Among other appointments, promotions and resignations in Ontario corps these are gazetted:

Durham Field Battery—To be captain, Second Lieut. W. P. Milligan, vice Edward Sanderson absent without leave from annual drill and failing to answer communication addressed to him by his commanding officer. To be second lieut. provisionally, Quartermaster-Sergt. Chas. James Snyder.

Governor-General's Foot Guards—To be lieutenant, T. M. Lambe, R. M. C.

Royal Grenadiers—To be second lieutenants provisionally, Stephen Augustus Heward, Archibald Hays Macdonnell.

Fourteenth Battalion—To be second lieutenants provisionally, William John Albert White, John Marshall.

Twentieth Halton Battalion—To be major, Captain and Brevet-Major John Kaitting from the adjutancy. To be captain of No. 2 Co., John Alexander Tracy, vice Captain W. P. Moore, who becomes captain of No. 3, vice Captain G. S. Goodviller, now made adjutant.

Twenty-second Oxford Rifles—To be lieutenant provisionally, Charles Fox Yates, vice W. H. Bleakny, left the limits.

Thirty-second Bruce Battalion—To be lieutenant provisionally in No. 5 Co. Clarence Fowes Huycke.

Forty-third Battalion, Ottawa—To be majors, Captain Joshua Wright and Captain A. P. Sherwood. To be lieutenants in No. 1 Co., J. W. De C. O'Grady, E. D. Sutherland. To be captain of No. 2, Lieutenant C. M. Wright.

Forty-fifth West Durham Battalion—No. 3 Co., Burtonville, to be lieutenant provisionally, William Nasmith.

Ninety-sixth Algoma Rifles—To be major, Capt. F. H. Elliott from No. 1 Co. Second Lieut. D. T. Ferguson to be lieutenant of No. 3 Co. Lieut. G. A. Koboldaff from No. 3 Co. to be adjutant of the battalion.

Major T. P. Butler is appointed lieutenant-colonel commanding the First Prince of Wales Rifles of Montreal in succession to Lieut.-Col. Frank Bond, who retires retaining rank.

Manitoba's Immigration Boom.

WINNIPEG, March 29.—Two train loads of settlers which left Toronto Tuesday arrived this evening and the third is expected during the night.

This year 4130 immigrants have arrived here.

Residents of Selkirk believe that the escaped lunatic Fletcher has been eaten by wolves.

A lodge of female Orange Young Britons has been organized here.

Pointed Wit.

He—I saw a picture to-day that impressed me very much. It represented a soldier who was charging the enemy and advancing directly upon a bayonet in the hands of one of them.

She—How I should like to have seen it. I like men who come to the point.—*Yankee Blade.*

BETWEEN THE LIGHTS.

A little pause in life, while daylight lingers
  Between the sunset and the pale moonrise
When daily labor slips from weary fingers,
  And soft gray shadows veil the aching eyes.

Old perfumes wander back from fields of clover
  Seen in the light of suns that long have set;
Beloved ones, whose earthly toil is over,
  Draw near, as if they lived among us yet.

Old voices call me through the dusk returning,
  I hear the echoes of departed feet;
And then I ask, with vain and troubled yearning,
  What is the charm that makes old things so sweet?

Must the old joys be evermore withholden?
  Even their memory keeps me pure and true;
And yet, from out Jerusalem the Golden
  God speaketh, saying, "I make all things new."

"Father," I cry, "the old must still be nearer;
  Stifle my love, or give me back the past!
Give me the fair old earth, whose paths are dearer
  Than all the shining streets, and mansions vast."

Peace, peace—the Lord of earth and heaven knoweth
  The human soul in all its heat and strife;
Out of His throne no stream of Lethe floweth,
  But the clear river of eternal life.

He giveth life, ay, life in all its sweetness;
  Old loves, old sunny scenes will He restore;
Only the curse of sin and incompleteness
  Shall taint thine earth and vex thine heart no more.

Serve Him in daily work and earnest living,
  And faith shall lift thee to His sunlit heights;
Then shall a psalm of gladness and thanksgiving
  Fill the calm hour that comes between the lights.

—*Sarah Doudney, in Sunday Magazine*

WHY WILL YOU cough when Shiloh's Cure will give immediate relief? Price 10 cts., 50 cts., and $1. Sold by D. M. Waters.

SHILOH'S CATARRH REMEDY—a positive cure for Catarrh, Diphtheria, and Canker Mouth. For sale by D. M. Waters.

FOR DYSPEPSIA and Liver Complaint you have a printed guarantee on every bottle of Shiloh's Vitalizer. It never fails to cure. Sold by D. M. Waters.

MINISTERS, LAWYERS, TEACHERS, and others whose occupation give but little exercise, should use Carter's Little Liver Pills for torpid liver and biliousness. One is a dose. Try them.

NEVER ALLOW the bowels to remain constipated lest serious evil ensue. National Pills are unsurpassed as a remedy for constipation.

Only One Cent! Only One Cent!

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

FOR SALE—A bargain—good piano, small parlor set and some other furniture. Apply to A. MINTO at Stroud Bros 281d2t

FOR SALE—Twenty shares in the capital stock of the G. & J. Brown Manufacturing Co. of Belleville. Business is in a flourishing condition, paying a dividend of 9 per cent. last year. Ill health the cause of sale. Address T. ROWLANDS, Kyle House. 272dtf

APARTMENTS TO LET.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

BOARD AND ROOMS.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

FOR SALE.—Horse, Buggy and Harness. D. DEACON, Station. 282d3t

HOUSES TO LET.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

FOR SALE or TO LET, the House formerly occupied by J. H. Simpson, Commercial Street Possession given immediately. Apply to P. R. PALMER 263d3m

LOST AND FOUND.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

LOST—A small black wool shoulder cape. finder will please leave at this office. 281d3t

FIRST-CLASS four passenger Surrey, Gladstones, Buggies, Phætons, Democrats and Wheelbarrows for sale at Easton's Carriage Works, Belleville. 278d3m

LIVE STOCK.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

HOUSE FOR SALE—For sale, a first class brick dwelling on North Bridge St., opposite Clark & Vermilyea's grocery. Terms moderate. Apply to JAMES O'BRIEN, at Brignall & Thompson's. 277dbt.

HOUSE FOR SALE on William St., two doors south of Bridge St., next the residence of Mrs. T. C. Wallbridge, best locality in the city, house new, comfortable, and commodious, hard and soft water. closets in all the rooms. Enquire of R. PURDY, Bridge St. 272d2w

TO LET.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

TO LET.—Two Stores and some room on Front Street, next door to C. F. Smith. JOHN FORIN. 272d2w

WANTED.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

WANTED.—A Stable Boy, accustomed to the care of horses. Apply between 2 and 4 o'clock to DR. FARLEY. 279dtf

SALESMEN—We wish a few men to sell our goods by sample to the wholesale and retail trade. Large manufacturers in our line. Enclose 2-cent stamp. Wages $3 per day. Permanent position. No postals answered. Money advanced for wages, advertising, etc. CENTENNIAL MAN'F'G CO, CINCINNATI, OHIO. 245d30teod

DOMESTICS WANTED.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

WANTED—A General Servant. References required. Apply to MRS. J. A. PHIPPEN, Bridge Street. March 29, 188 . dtf

WANTED at Albert College, a Servant Girl for Dining Hall. Apply at once. W. P. DYER. 278dtf

SITUATIONS WANTED.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion.

MECHANICS WANTED.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEAD, ONE cent per word each insertion,

AUCTION SALE!

I WILL sell at the residence of SAMUEL EGGLETON, Esq., Charles Street, south of Bridge, on

TUESDAY, APRIL THE 2ND, '89,

all the Household Effects, without reserve. Also, Buggy, Cutter, Harness, etc. Sale at 10 o'clock.

R. PURDY, Auctioneer.

282d2t

BANKRUPT—STOCK

—OF—

HOSIERY!

We have purchased the stock of Cotton Hosiery, manufactured by the Quinte Knitting Works, at a very low rate on the dollar and will offer the same

TO-MORROW (SATURDAY)

—AT—

HALF THE MANUFACTURERS' PRICE!

All Good Colors and Well-Made Goods.

BRIGNALL & THOMPSON.

HOUSE .·. FURNISHINGS.

Art Decorations, Art Curtains, Arrasene and Turcoman Curtains, Crete, Mandalay and Lace Curtains.

Window and Cornice Poles of all kinds, Brass Fixtures and Curtain Chains and Loops.

Window Shades, Rugs, Covers, &c., &c.

CARPETS—A Magnificent Stock of New Patterns and Designs, all at the Lowest Cash Prices.

GEORGE RITCHIE & CO.

Special .·. Importations!

GENTLEMEN:—We have just received and put in stock FOUR CASES of new spring Suitings, Pantings and Overcoatings. These goods are the finest ever imported by us, and at prices that cannot fail to please all.

Our cutter is giving splendid satisfaction, and we specially invite all who want first-class goods, best of trimmings, and perfect fit to call and select their Spring Clothing.

See our goods before buying. All are cordially invited to look through our beautiful assortment whether they wish to purchase or not.

Every garment made in our establishment guaranteed. Tweeds by the yard very cheap.

A. N. REID & CO.

J. M. FORTIER,

Wholesale .·. Cigar .·. Manufacturer,

145 151 ST. MAURICE STREET,

MONTREAL.

P. S.—Private Brands for the Jobbing Trade a specialty.

NEW SEASON'S TEAS,
FRESH GROUND COFFEES,
Handsome Presents Given Away

—AT—

STROUD .·. BROS.,

Front Street, Belleville,

and at Montreal, Ottawa, Kingston and Toronto.

FANS

Suitable for WEDDINGS and BALLS. A splendid assortment at

J. C. OVERELL'S

FANCY EMPORIUM, BELLEVILLE.